

SOUTH AMERICA COUNTRIES MAY HOLD CONFERENCE

Possibility of Session to Determine on Uniform Neutrality Regulation.

NOTE BY ALLIES BASIS FOR ACTION

Representations Are Not in the Form of Threats, But Vellied Hint is Given That United States Should Aid in Present Tangle.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Secretary Bryan said today he would examine closely the notes recently presented by the British and French ambassadors to determine whether the United States would use its good offices with Ecuador and Colombia to smooth out difficulties which have arisen between those countries and Great Britain and France over alleged violations of neutrality by the South American states.

The secretary remarked to callers that he had not yet decided whether the notes "called for the exercise of good offices" by the American government in preventing friction between the European belligerents and Ecuador and Colombia.

While it is understood the communications do not call directly on the United States to take action, there is an implication in them that the American government might invite the South American countries to follow the example set by this government in the maintenance of neutrality, especially in connection with the wireless and the coaling of ships.

Uniform Regulations. In the South American diplomatic circle it was deemed not altogether unlikely that a movement would be initiated either by a South American country or the United States to adopt a uniform regulation of the wireless. The articles of The Hague convention and the declaration of London, which represents the latest rulings in international law, do not deal specifically with the use of the wireless as it has developed in the present war.

International Conference. The Chilean ambassador delivered to Mr. Bryan a copy of the speech made in the senate at Santiago by Manuel Salinas, foreign minister, regarding the publication of Chile's neutrality to be violated. Sir Edward Grey's satisfaction at the observance of neutrality by Chile is noted in the dispatches by Mr. Salinas in the same speech of a possible international conference among the nations of this hemisphere to regulate the wireless and other new phases of international law and neutrality which the present war has bred.

Are Not Tolerant. Both the British and French ambassadors are reticent as to the strength of the representations which their governments have made to Ecuador and Colombia, but there is every reason to believe that they are not disposed to tolerate violations of neutrality and that this has been set forth significantly at Quito and Bogota.

It developed today that the British and French notes presented to the United States informing the latter of the diplomatic correspondence between the allies and Ecuador and Colombia constituted neither joint representations nor identical phraseology.

CRUISERS DEPART

Pair of German Vessels in Chilean Port Leave Early Today.

Valparaiso, Chile, Nov. 14.—The German cruisers Leipzig and Dresden, which came into this port yesterday, spent the day taking on provisions and sailed this morning at daybreak.

THE WEATHER.

North Dakota: Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Much colder tonight.

The nonadvertiser has a considerable amount of inertia to overcome. It is a scientific fact that it takes far more power to start anything moving than to keep it going.

The extra effort is needed to "overcome inertia." Start advertising and keep advertising.

Audacious, Third Super-Dreadnaught of British Navy, Plunges Under Waves, Victim of Torpedo or Mine, off North Coast of Ireland, On October 27

New York, Nov. 14.—Rumors of the disaster of the British super dreadnaught Audacious, which have persisted since the White Star liner Olympic diverted from her course and arrived at Lough Swilly, October 29, are confirmed in mail advices received by the Associated Press from a point in Canada. After a career of less than two years, the Audacious, of the King George V class, third in tonnage and armament of the British warships, lies at the bottom of the ocean off the north coast of Ireland.

She was hit by a torpedo or disabled by a mine just before 9 o'clock, the morning of October 27. With the possible exception of a few men, the whole crew of 800 officers and men was rescued by small boats from the Olympic.

The rescue was made in a rough sea through the

brilliant and daring seamanship on the part of the White Star liner crew. The battleship's cry for assistance was caught by the wireless operator of the Olympic, which was only ten miles distant. The big liner rushed forward at full speed, while her crew made ready the emergency boats. The crippled battleships was reached a few minutes before 9 o'clock.

After taking off the officers and the crew, the Olympic, aided by the Cruiser Liverpool and several other warships, which came up later, made efforts to save the Audacious. It was soon apparent that this was impossible. Late in the afternoon it was decided to abandon the Audacious. The flotilla of rescue ships continued to stand by, however, until 9 at night, when a terrific explosion occurred aboard. The Audacious plunged stern first, and a moment later disappeared under the waves.

Pair of German Submarines in English Channel Destroyed

London, Nov. 14.—"By the novel means of dredging the channel bottom with chains to which were attached powerful explosives, it is believed the German submarine, which has been attempting daring raids in the vicinity of Dover, has been blown up," says the Dover correspondent of the Daily Telegraph.

"A heavy explosion under water, and the appear-

ance of oil on the surface, seems to bear this out. Naval men believe the raider was obtaining her power by remaining on the channel bottom for lengthy periods. Another German submarine which has been particularly troublesome to this flotilla engaged in the bombardment of the Belgian coast, also is reported to have been shelled and sunk."

GERMAN ASSAULTS LESSEN IN FORCE AND ALLIES BELIEVE WAY TO CHANNEL CLOSED

London, Nov. 14.—Both official and unofficial reports concerning the situation in West Flanders agree that the force of the German assaults on the allies' lines, disputing the way to Dunkirk and Calais, has lessened, and the feeling is growing here that the coveted base for invasion of England will never be gained by the Germans.

The Paris official statement declares that from the sea to the river Lys German action has been less keen; that the allies have assumed the offensive along some parts of the front, are making progress south of Bixchoote, and have retaken a hamlet east of Ypres. Artillery duels continue along the rest of the line.

The British official report gives a vivid idea of the tremendous action which preceded the recent attacks on Ypres by the Germans. From dawn for three hours

the British were under heavy artillery fire, which immediately was succeeded by an infantry onslaught by the Prussian guard, who were hurled back after penetrating the British lines at two points.

Paris, Nov. 14.—The battle lines of the allies, extending 100 miles from the sea to the river Somme, has been subjected night and day during three weeks to continuous onslaughts of unprecedented fury. The attacks reached their highest degree Thursday after the capture of Dixmude two days before, according to witnesses who returned from the front, but have now slackened, whether through lack of ammunition, from fatigue, or discouragement, or pending the arrival of fresh drafts of men from Germany, is not established. The allies' line remains unbroken.

Result of Today's Gridiron Battles

OLD ELI DRUBS TIGER BY 19 TO 14 SCORE

Princeton, Nov. 14.—Determined to wipe out the bitter defeat suffered at the hands of Harvard, the Princeton Tigers grappled with the Yale Bulldogs on the gridiron today. The crowd packed the new Palmer stadium.

First Quarter. Yale won the toss and kicked off. Princeton was unable to gain and punted. An exchange of punts followed, then from Princeton's forty yard line, Yale attempted two lateral passes, but each lost ground. A forward pass gave the ball to Princeton on their own 20-yard line. Punting out of danger, Yale secured the ball in the middle field. Ainsworth's 23-yard run, followed by two short line plunges, put the ball on Princeton's 19-yard line. Unable to penetrate the Tigers line, Legore of Yale tried to drop kick, which failed. Princeton then exchanged punts with Yale, the Tigers scrambling from the middle field. Yale was penalized fifteen yards, and Ames ran another 20 yards, giving Princeton the ball on Yale's 48-yard line. A fake play failed and the Tigers punted. Yale was unable to find openings in the line, punted. Yale scrambling in the middle of the field.

On the next lineup, Wilson made a lateral pass to Legore, who, after running to the right of the Princeton line on the 40-yard line, made a forward pass to Ainsworth, who raced along the side line and across the goal line for the first touchdown. Lateral passes tried by Yale failed.

Second Quarter. The second period opened with Yale's ball on Princeton's 27 yard line. Ainsworth advanced it to the 15 yard line. Yale was penalized twice. A long forward pass gave the ball to Princeton, who immediately punted. Forward and lateral passes and punts became the tactics of both sides.

The play saw-sawed up and down the field, but finally Yale punted 40 yards to Princeton's three yard line. Digs returned the punt to Yale's 45 yard line. Then Yale, in a series of line plunges and end runs, featuring Knowles and Ainsworth, brought the ball within the shadow of the Tigers' goal, but a fumble gave it to Princeton.

HARVARD HELD TO TIE BY BROWN

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 14.—With six regular Harvard players at Princeton watching the Yale-Princeton game, the Brown eleven today upset Coach Percy Haughton's hope and held the crimson to a 0-0 score. When he left Cambridge last night, Haughton announced that he would use a team of subs against the Brown aggregation.

The Brown team was considered easy by Haughton, but the latter's hope was wrong. Instead, the team presented a strong defense which held the Harvard subs at all times. Even when several of the regulars were called in in the last half, they could do nothing against the stone wall defense. Last year Harvard won, 27 to 0.

MINNESOTA ATTACK ON BADGERS IS VIGOROUS

Minnesota won, 14 to 3, scoring touchdowns in each of the third and final quarters.

Minnesota, Nov. 14.—A mass of rosters banked Northrop field when the play started in the Minnesota-Wisconsin game.

First Quarter. Minnesota kicked to Kreuse, who was downed on Wisconsin's 30 yard line. Line plunges failed and the Badgers punted. Wisconsin's line also held firm, Minnesota punting. The same process was repeated.

Then Wisconsin attempted two forward passes, which failed and forced a kick. The ball going to Minnesota's 12 yard line. On the next play Solon gained 20 yards, but Wisconsin tightened. Minnesota kicked. Line plunges by Wisconsin placed the ball on the 20 yard line. Bellows kicked a prettily field goal, making the score Wisconsin 3, Minnesota 0.

Second Quarter. At the opening of the second period, Wisconsin's forward pass failed. Bellows fumbled when set for a drop kick. Solon snatching the ball, Minnesota punted out of danger. The Gopher line repulsed the vicious attacks of the Badgers. An exchange of punts followed and Minnesota's two attempts at forward passes failed. Then Hamilton buried the oval forward for downs, Minnesota lost the ball on the Badgers' 20 yard line.

Wisconsin punted, and then recovered a fumble on the Gopher's 13 yard line. The quarter ended, Wisconsin 3, Minnesota 0.

London, Nov. 13, 4:22 a. m.—Lord Bernard Charles Gordon-Lennox, major in the Grenadier guards and the third son of the Duke of Richmond and Gordon, has been killed in battle, it was announced here today. Lord Gordon-Lennox served in the South African war and afterwards saw service in China.

ILLINOIS PLAYS POOR BALL AGAINST CHICAGO VARSITY

Urbana, Ill., Nov. 14.—In the crucial battle of the conference football season, undefeated Illinois met the Chicago Maroons.

Shortly after kicking off to Chicago, a fumble gave the ball to Illinois on the Maroons' 35 yard line. Macomber missed goal. Desjardien punted over

Pogue, and the ball rolled outside on Illinois' five yard line. Gray left the game after being fiercely tackled. The Maroons fumbled, but Illinois' ragged work kept the ball in the latter's territory.

Bergers' ten yard sprint, followed by Illinois' penalty, brought the ball within striking distance. Gordon going over for the touchdown. Shull kicked goal. Russell sprinted 30 yards from the kickoff, the period ending with Chicago's ball on Illinois' 46 yard line.

(Continued on Page 10.)

SCORES OF THE BIG GRIDIRON BATTLES OF TODAY

Table with columns for team names, scores, and game details. Includes Michigan vs North Dakota, Cornell vs S. D. Aggies, Navy vs Colby, Chicago vs Notre Dame, and Carlisle vs Northwestern.

NEW BOMB SENSATION IN NEW YORK TODAY

FOUR MORE INDICTED AT DEVILS LAKE; JUDGE REFUSES ONE REPORT

Devils Lake, N. D., Nov. 14.—Four more indictments were returned this morning by the district court grand jury against A. D. Tuttle, Aho, Schultz, Henry Enemoto and Peter Schreiner, for violations of the prohibition law. Judge C. W. Buttz refused to accept the return of "no bill" in the case against Ole Erickson, charged with inhuman treatment to dumb animals.

TERRIFIC BLOWS BY THE GERMANS

But French Statement Says Attempts Have Been Failures so Far.

Paris, Nov. 14.—The French official communication this afternoon says the German attack against the bridge at Nieuport resulted in failure, and that various offensive movements of the enemy around Ypres have been checked. The communication follows: "In Belgium a great attack against the head of the brigade at Nieuport resulted in failure, and various efforts of offensive on the part of the enemy in the region to the east and to the southeast of Ypres have been checked. In the environs of Bieschoote we have progressed one kilometer toward the east.

"Between the canal of La Bassée and Arras our troops have made minor progress. "In the region of Lausigny and in the vicinity of the Aisne, as far as Berry-au-Bac the Germans have attacked but without success. In the Argonne the fighting has recommenced with greater spirit. The enemy endeavored, but in vain to recapture Fourdépatis and St. Hubert. Particularly in the vicinity of Verdun several forward offensive movements of the part of the enemy were checked by the fire of our artillery before the attacking movement of the enemy's infantry could be undertaken. In the Woëvre district and in Lorraine, where bad weather prevails, there is nothing to report."

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FRANK MUST HANG

Virginian Refused New Trial for Murder of Girl.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 14.—The Georgia supreme court today refused Leo Frank a new trial for the murder of Mary Phagan. He must hang.

SPUTTERING OF FUSE REVEALS ENGINE OF DEATH

Had Been Secreted Under Bench in Court Rooms of The Tomb.

POLICEMAN FINDS INFERNAL MACHINE

Believed That Same Operators Who Dynamited Bronx Court House are Responsible—Five Pound Oil Can Used in Manufacture of Explosive.

New York, Nov. 14.—A bomb similar to the one that wrecked a part of the Bronx county house last Wednesday night, was found in the Tomba court room, just under the district attorney's office, occupied by Governor-elect Whitman. The room was crowded. The bomb contained gun powder, slugs and bullets. The fuse was partly burned.

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PLACE AMERICANS IN SIBERIA CAMP

Caught in Russian Territory When War Broke Out—4 Cent Meal Allowance.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—A special wireless to the Daily News from London today said: "Information has reached London that the members of the Deutsch-Talmir expedition of 1914, has been captured by the Russians, and interned at Kirensk, with hundreds of other prisoners of war. The expedition was headed by Eden Zeeler, a German American, formerly of Portland, Oregon. He left Germany last spring for Siberia, equipped with many kegs of delicatessen, a moving picture machine, note paper and wagon loads of sundries. The objective was the northern peninsula of Talmir, jutting out from the northern coast of Siberia. In July, having advanced 100 miles on its way north through Irkutsk, the party was reported to have gone broke. Backers of the expedition in Germany failed to respond quickly, and members of the party obtained loans from friends in Siberia. When the war broke out, the Russian government requested the members of the party to define their status. The government then shipped them 1,000 miles north to Kirensk, which is an unpopular place of confinement. The daily allowance of each member of the expedition for food is said to be equivalent to four cents."

LOOK TO TRUCE. Prospect That Factions in Mexico Will Cease the Bloodshed Soon.

Washington, Nov. 14.—While plans for the American evacuation of Vera Cruz on November 23 are being carried forward, hope is great in official circles that further bloodshed between the factions might be avoided by a truce the Carranza and Villa factions are reported to have entered into until November 20.

Carranza's call to General Gonzales, the leading general upon whom he depends, to come to Mexico City, is regarded as evidence that further influences are at work to prevent a new civil war.

Thousands Of American Children Cheer Santa Claus Ship, Bearing 1,200 Tons Of Gifts For Europe's Boys And Girls

New York, Nov. 14.—With more than 1,200 tons of Christmas gifts from the people of America, the Santa Claus ship, the naval collier Jason, sailed for Europe. A message of God speed from President Wilson was received by Lieutenant Commander C. F. Courtney, U. S. N. shortly before sailing time. The docks, as the ship cast loose her lines, was black with thousands of school children. The gifts that the Santa Claus ship carried were gathered from every state of the Union. A Chicago newspaperman is responsible for the shipment of gifts to the children of Europe. It was in the hope of retaining for them some of the pleasure of Christmas that the suggestion was made, and thousands of American people, including children, responded to the call. The Santa Claus ship might be maintained even in the face of such terrible conditions as confront Europe today.