

NEW SUBACTIVITY AND RUSS GAINS FEATURE DAY'S WAR PROGRESS

GERMANS CONCEDE THEY ABANDONED RIGA TERRITORY

Forced to Evacuate Forest Because Rains Have Swamped the Land.

GERMAN CENTER BEING HARD HIT

Czar's Forces Claim Signal Successes There—Little News of Serbia.

Berlin, Nov. 11.—Wireless to Sayville, German troops systematically evacuated the forest district to the west and southwest of Shlok, and west of Riga, because it has been transformed into swamps by the rains, says an official announcement of the German army headquarters today.

London, Nov. 11.—An acute revival of the submarine issue, chiefly in the Mediterranean, is accompanied by general offensive activity by the Russians on the eastern front, makes the war news read today like a repetition of history six months old.

Along the southern extremity of the Russian lines to the west of Chortorysk, where desperate battles have been under way for several weeks, the Russians claim considerable success, which is said to have resulted in the breaking of the Austro-German lines, and to have culminated in a retreat during which numbers of flying soldiers were drowned, in addition to leaving a 400 Austro-German prisoners.

4,000 Serbians Captured By the Invading Bulgars

Berlin, Nov. 11.—(Wireless to Sayville)—Bulgarian troops, commanded by General Boychev, crossed the Morava river in Serbia at several places, according to the official statement today at the German army headquarters. In the mountains southwest of Morava, the statement adds, 4,000 Serbians were made prisoners.

Believe Submarines Fought German Squadron in Baltic

Copenhagen, Nov. 11.—(Via London)—Cannonade of terrific intensity was heard yesterday in the neighborhood of the Fehmarn Bank in the Baltic Sea. It is believed by those who heard it to have been the result of a British submarine attack on a German squadron.

The firing lasted 30 minutes, and was of such violence that doors and windows on Rocky harbor were blown open. Houses vibrated as though in an earthquake. The weather was so thick it was impossible to observe any details of the engagement.

American is Among the Missing in Ancona's List

Naples, via Paris, Nov. 11.—Pasquale Lurine, an American citizen, is among the missing passengers of the steamer Ancona, according to information obtained here today.

French Success Gives Bulgarians New Trouble

London, Nov. 11.—It has been definitely established that the French are now in possession of the Serbian town of Veles. It is unofficially reported that both wings of the Bulgarian army invading Macedonia, are menaced by the Anglo-French advance, while the Serbians are said to have resumed the offensive in the region Nebuna Pass, where they recently won an important success.

Russian Forces Nearing Important Eastern Center

Petrograd, Nov. 11.—According to the latest advices received in Teheran, Persia, says a dispatch from that city, the Russian force is within 45 miles of Teheran, and indications are that German, Austrians and Turks in the city are preparing to leave, the removal of the archives of the German and Austrian legations to the American legation is in progress.

GIVE MILK TO WEAK CHILDREN

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 11.—When the city school department, having found hundreds of pupils suffering from malnutrition, has decided to open twenty milk distributing stations in as many schools. Pasturized milk will be served free to children unable to pay for it, and one cent a glass to those able to pay.

MRS. HUTTON'S WILL FILED FOR PROBATE

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 11.—The will of Mrs. May Arkwright Hutton, who was the first woman delegate to sit in a democratic national convention, was filed for probate yesterday. Mrs. Hutton bequeathed \$5,000 for the completion of a labor temple here. Her estate, the value of which was estimated to be \$400,000, is bequeathed, with the exception of \$100 to each of her half brothers and her half sister, to her husband providing he does not marry again. If he does marry again, the estate is to be given to her relatives.

SAYS POSTOFFICE HELD UP LETTERS

Mail Contained Checks and Coupons Sent from New York for Collection.

Zurich, Switzerland, via Berlin to London, Nov. 11.—According to the Neue Zeitschrift, the French postoffice has been for some weeks confiscating dispatches and registered letters containing checks and coupons sent from New York for collection, especially in cases where the banks to which they were addressed were opposed to the Anglo-French loan. The seizures included American bank notes.

The Swiss National bank is among the sufferers. The French postoffice has sent no intimation to the banks concerning the seizures and the banks only learned of them after they failed to get responses from New York and instituted inquiries in France, according to the newspaper.

"Great indignation prevails in Swiss financial circles," the Neue Zeitschrift continues, "because the action means an embargo on Swiss trade and banking operations with America. The banks have sent circulars to their German connections asking them to discontinue the sending of money documents to the banks for transfer to New York."

WANT MORE ACTION AGAINST OUTRAGES

This is Urged in Message to Wilson and Members of Congress

New York, Nov. 11.—"More effective action against the lawless and hostile acts committed in this country in the interests of foreign governments," is urged in messages sent yesterday to President Wilson and members of congress by the American Society.

The society is described as a federation of citizens, uniting and was recently incorporated in New York state. The membership includes many representative men. The board of directors at their first meeting also adopted a resolution "deprecating hyphenated political organizations of every kind, and the society will urge the adoption by all political parties of a policy of recognition, in nominations or otherwise, of such un-American influences."

CASHIER GONE, BANK IS CLOSED

Washington, Nov. 11.—Comptroller of the Currency Williams announced last night that the Merchants and Farmers bank of Cisco, Tex., had closed its doors upon the disappearance of the cashier, whose loans with the institution were excessive. The bank's capital is \$50,000 and its deposits at the time of the last examination \$90,000.

RUPERT BLUE IS RE-APPOINTED

Washington, Nov. 11.—Reappointment of Surgeon General Rupert Blue of the public health service has been decided upon. Secretary McAdoo will recommend to President Wilson a re-appointment for another term of four years beginning January 1.

CHARGED WITH VIOLATING LAW

Indictments Made Against Several Railroads by Grand Jury.

Freeport, Ill., Nov. 11.—Indictments charging violation of the interstate commerce law were returned here yesterday by a federal grand jury against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago & Northwestern, Illinois Central, Chicago, Milwaukee & Gary, and Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroads.

The complaints on which the indictments were based were made by the Rockford Shippers and Manufacturers' association, and charged that the railroads neglected to post changes in certain tariff rates ordered by the Interstate Commerce commission, which were effective last June.

England's New Committee Making Up War Council is Named; Works During the Absence of Kitchener

London, Nov. 11.—Great Britain's new war committee of the cabinet, during the temporary absence of Field Marshall Earl Kitchener, is officially announced today, will consist of Premier Asquith, Arthur J. Balfour, First Lord of Admiralty, David Lloyd-George, minister of munitions, Andrew Bonar Law, secretary for colonies, and Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer.

FIRE DESTROYS ROPE FACTORY IN TRENTON N. J.

Row of Frame Buildings is Threatened—Total Loss Estimated at \$500,000.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 11.—A fire starting early today burned fiercely for over two hours, completely destroying one of the rope shops of John A. Roebbing Sons company, causing a loss of about \$500,000.

During the progress of the fire, a row of frame buildings on Clark street caught fire, and was in danger of destruction for a time.

Many occupants moved out in their night clothes. Nothing was found to substantiate rumors that the fire was incendiary because the company is handling war orders.

Others Killed in other Cities—Total List Will not Exceed Six Says Report.

Kansas City, Nov. 11.—Two persons were killed and 36 injured in last night's tornado at Great Bend, Kansas, according to a long distance message from Great Bend today. It is the first communication with the scene of the storm. Six injured are in dangerous condition. The property damage is \$500,000.

CONVICT MAY BE FREE OF CRIME

Bigge Reed, Found Guilty of Murder, Cleared by Confession of Pal.

(Herald Special Service.) Bemarck, N. D., Nov. 11.—Bigge Reed of Minneapolis, who is serving life term for murdering Frank Killsek, at Lidgerwood, may be freed by the deathbed confession of Earl Bedell, who died in the prison several days ago.

Reed and Bedell, negroes, were convicted of Killsek's murder. Bedell's testimony to the effect that Reed had fired the fatal bullet, convicting the latter. Reed has maintained all along that he was guiltless. In his deathbed statement, Bedell changed his story of the crime, and assumed all the blame, declaring Reed, while present, had nothing to do with the shooting.

Reed resided in Minneapolis several years before the shooting which occurred last January.

- THE WEATHER. North Dakota: Fair tonight and Friday. Colder in east and central portions. Somewhat warmer Friday. UNIVERSITY READINGS. 7 a. m. 24; maximum 41; minimum 24; barometer 29.55; wind northwest, 14 miles; precipitation .14.

TWO KILLED AND 36 INURED IN GREAT BEND, KAN.

Reports indicate the total death in the storm-swept area will not exceed six. Besides the two dead at Great Bend, one was killed at Zebra, two at Larned and one at Derby. Many of those reported dead last night and today were rescued from the ruins of their homes, alive.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 11.—The application of counsel for Thomas Kelly, government building contractor, for leave to appeal directly to the privy council for a stay of proceedings in the civil suit against Kelly until criminal charges of graft are disposed of, was refused by the Manitoba court of appeals yesterday. The civil suit was brought in an attempt to recover overpayments alleged to have been made to Kelly for work in connection with the construction of government buildings here. A petition for a stay of proceedings was recently rejected by a lower court and Monday its decision was upheld by the court of appeals. Kelly is being held at Chicago pending the outcome of extradition proceedings.

COURT REFUSES KELLEY APPEAL

Kelley Being Held in Chicago Pending Outcome of Proceedings

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 11.—The manager of a large whaling station at Akutan, Alaska, who has just returned from the season's work, reports that his company took 207 whales, yielding 15,400 tons of fresh meat. An effort is being made to place whale meat on the market as a table food, whalers insisting that this flesh is equal to any eaten by man, but not used ashore because of ignorance. At present it is used in the manufacture of fertilizer.

WOULD PUT WHALE MEAT ON MARKET

Geneva, Switzerland, Nov. 11.—Dispatches received from Athens say the Greek general staff decided to put into training all citizens who have not done military service. The effect of this action, said the dispatch, will raise the strength of the Greek army to half a million officers and men.

MAD PANIC ABOARD ANCONA SENT MANY TO DEATH, SAY PASSENGERS OF STEAMER SUNK BY SUBMARINE

IMPROBABLE THAT REVOLUTION BROKE

Kitchener's Reason for leaving England is to Save Great Dependency.

(By J. W. T. Mason.) It is highly improbable that a serious revolution has broken out in India and that Lord Kitchener's real reason for leaving England is to proceed to the far east and save Britain's great dependency from revolutionists.

There is prevalent always more or less revolutionary spirit in India, and unquestionably German agents have been trying to incite the people to the failure of the revolution of the war. But, despite the stringency of the Indian censorship, it would be impossible to keep secret the facts of the failure of revolutionary movements, if such were occurring.

India is in communication by trading ships with the rest of the world, and even if no other methods of obtaining news were available, news in all probability, could be relied upon to reveal seditious activities. There are Hindu revolutionary committees outside India, too, which almost certainly would hear of insurrectionist outbreaks and would joyously circulate the details.

If an outbreak among the natives were really threatened in India, it is practically certain that Great Britain would obtain troops from Japan to put down the rebellion. The transportation of a large body of Japanese soldiers could not be concealed. No reports have been circulated that Japan is sending an army to any part of the globe.

While Mohammedans in India might possibly be stirred to revolt by the failure of the allies' campaign against Constantinople, yet it is probable they are far more impressed by the success of the Anglo-Indian force in Mesopotamia. The impending capture by the British of Bagdad, one of the holiest of Mohammedan spiritual centers, is undoubtedly being circulated in India with great effect. Mesopotamian and Bagdad expeditions is the most successful British military venture of the war. It is being directed by the Indian office, and India officially is responsible for its success. The seditious leaders will have hard work overcoming this fact in the minds of the Indian natives.

GREEKS TO DRILL UNTRAINED MEN

Result will be Raising the Strength of the Army by 500,000 Officers and Men

Helena, Mont., Nov. 11.—When Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern, was in the city, he gave assurances of the building of a 50-mile line from Scobey west to Glentana, in northern Valley county, and a visit he made from Cascade to Adel has given rise to rumors that the Great Northern intends building a branch there.

"You will ride out of Glentana on the Great Northern, and before the snows of another year have fallen," he told Glentana people. Fifty-mile Toam Haul. Thousands of bushels of grain are to be hauled to the railroad from Glentana. Scobey, the terminus of the Great Northern's Bainville branch, is the nearest marketing point, a distance of 52 miles. Many farmers who haul grain to Scobey take back freight for Glentana and in this way the expense of the long trip is partly borne by local concerns.

Even with this handicap, the northern part of Valley county is making rapid advancement and thousands of acres are being broken for crop next spring. The statement of Louis W. Hill will have the effect of greatly increasing that acreage. There is no doubt that the fight between the Great Northern and the Soo will be a merry one, as it was on the Scobey and Whitetail branches of these two roads. The Soo has its road into Whitetail, 70 miles east of Glentana, and had planned on extending to Glentana in 1914, but the war and other unforeseen things prevented.

Mr. Hill and his party made a trip into the Adel country that has caused no little speculation. According to persons who are in a position to know, survey has been made from the town of Cascade to the coal fields about Adel and the surveys were in the employ of the Great Northern. It is reported that a line has been found which will give a favorable grade to the coal fields and those who know of the trip are now wondering if this is another bit of Hill strategy in railroad building and if, without having made known his plans, he is getting ready to construct a line into the Adel country in the spring of 1916.

SESSION OPENS WITH BIG RIOT. Amsterdam, Nov. 11.—(Via London)—Riotous scenes marked the opening session of the Luxembourg chamber of deputies when radical members expressed dissatisfaction with the new cabinet, headed by Dr. Steiner, with the result that the sitting was suspended. A telegram from Luxembourg via Berlin.

AGREE THAT WARNING SHOTS WERE FIRED; SHELLS THROWN CLOSE TO VESSEL AS LIFEBOATS ARE FILLED

London, Nov. 11.—The steamer Ancona was not sunk without warning, according to information obtained from survivors landed at Malta, by the Reuter correspondent, cabled here.

The Austrian submarine which overhauled her after a long chase, gave the commander a brief respite to permit the removal of passengers, but indescribable panic, which began among the immigrants aboard as soon as the underwater craft was sighted, was responsible for the loss of many lives.

In the mad rush for safety, men, women and children overwhelmed the boats, several of which overturned before they could be lowered, and many occupants fell into the sea and drowned.

Passengers agree, the correspondent says, that shots fired around the steamer by the submarine, apparently to hasten the loading of boats, added to the panic.

BRITISH STEAMER CAIRA SENT DOWN CREW PICKED UP

Boat is Owned by Cunard Co.—Left Liverpool Oct. 7 For Naples.

London, Nov. 11.—The British steamship Cairra has been sunk. Members of the crew were saved. The steamer Cairra was owned by the Cunard Steamship company. Her latest available records show she sailed from Liverpool October 7, for Naples. The vessel had a capacity of 3,000 tons gross. She was 318 feet long, with a 45-foot beam, and was 25 feet deep.

NEW BRANCH FOR GREAT NORTHERN

L. W. Hill Says His Road Will Beat the Soo into Glentana, Mont.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 11.—When Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern, was in the city, he gave assurances of the building of a 50-mile line from Scobey west to Glentana, in northern Valley county, and a visit he made from Cascade to Adel has given rise to rumors that the Great Northern intends building a branch there.

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Steamship Company Thinks More will be Found Alive

Washington, Nov. 11.—The state department received a cablegram from American Consul White at Naples today saying that the Societa Italia says 347 passengers and the crew of the Ancona are reported saved out of 496, and that steamship officials believed that more will be reported saved.

The department also received a message from Ambassador Page giving some brief details. Consul White's cablegram dated at Naples last night, was received here today. The following American citizens aboard the steamer Ancona, are reported as saved out of 496. Steamship company confident more will be reported saved.

27 More Passengers and Crew Landed at Naples. Naples, Italy, via Paris, Nov. 11.—Another boat with 27 survivors of the Ancona has reached Cape Bon, Tunis. The names of the occupants of this boat have not yet been received.

Agents are Besieged by Anxious Relatives in U. S. New York, Nov. 11.—Local agents of the liner Ancona today were besieged with inquiries from all over the country concerning persons believed aboard the steamer, and were unable to give satisfactory answers.

The agents sent the following cable to Naples: "Being besieged with inquiries, beg you to cable us names of passengers and passengers saved or perished."

Commander Tells Story of Submarine's Work. London, Nov. 11.—A Stefani News Agency dispatch from Tunis, says: "The commander of the Ancona, who reached here Thursday, declares the submarine gave his vessel no signal to stop. The first sign of the presence of the submarine was shells from a distance of five miles, which grazed the steamer. The Ancona stopped dead."

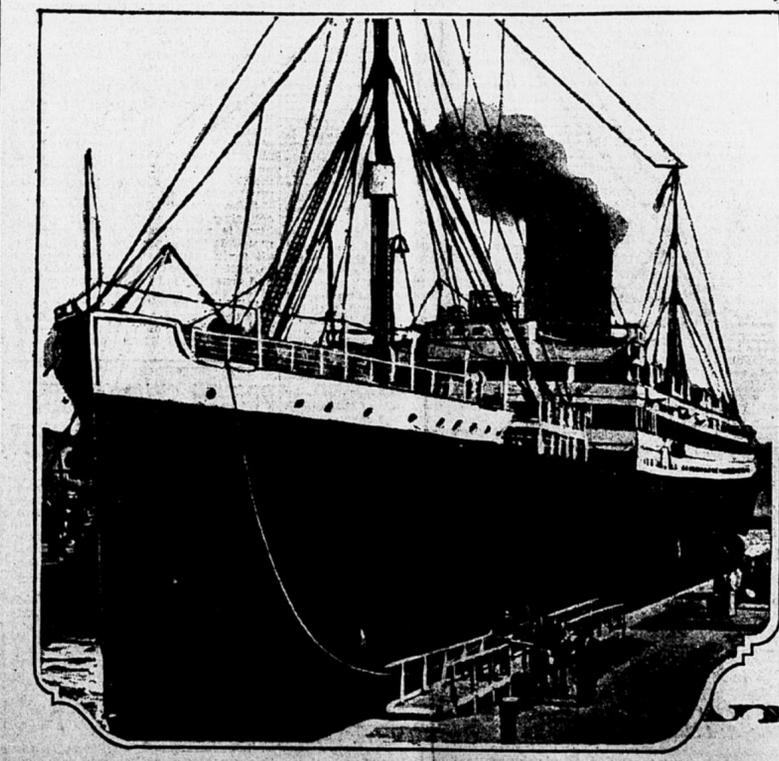
"Subsequently shells hit the boats which were being made ready for launching and many passengers were killed or wounded on deck and in the boats. Some passengers who had been thrown into the water, approached the submarine, but were repelled and derided. Finally shells and torpedoes were fired at the Ancona from a distance of 300 yards."

United States is Making Effort to Get the Facts. Washington, Nov. 11.—Secretary Lansing announced today that the state department is making every effort to gather details of the Ancona disaster. The department is entirely without official advice regarding the circumstances of the sinking.

RE-ORGANIZATION OF ROAD PLANNED

Plans Submitted to Commission—Provide Reduction in Capitalization. Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 11.—Plans for re-organization of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad were submitted to the Missouri public utilities commission here today, providing for a reduction in capitalization of \$75,000,000, or \$21 per cent, and for a reduction in the bond charges of \$125 per cent.

WAS FIRE ON ROCHAMBEAU CAUSED BY BUSY BOMB PLACERS?



French Liner Rochambeau. That the French liner Rochambeau, which caught fire in the middle of the Atlantic was the victim of one of the bomb placers who have been so busy in New York, is the belief of some persons in maritime circles. The liner carried munitions of war, including 2,541 cases of cartridges and 186 bales of cotton. There were sixty Americans on board.