EVENING EDITION

The Grand Forks Daily Herald.

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EVENING EDITION

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State Hist Society

ALLIES SEEK TO DRAW CHINA INTO THEIR FOLD TO AVOID EASTERN ROW

CONVERSATIONS UNDER WAY IN PEKING ALREADY

United States is Being Kept Informed of Progress Made.

CHINA HASN'T HINTED AT PLAN

Near East Developments Today Continue Uncertain as Ever.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Great Britain, France and Russia have united in an effort to add China to the entente alliance in order to prevent possible friction in the future between Japan and China and to preserve peace in the east.

If China agrees to the plan, military participation in the present war is not expected. Negotiations thus far are in the conversational stage at Peking, with no indications as to China's attitude.

Although the United States is being kept informed, its diplomatic representatives in Peking, and European capitals are refraining participation.

This sensational turn in the far eastern affairs, on the eve of the proposed change in China from a republic to a monarchy, has been the subject of confidential exchanges between the allied powers during the last week, but only became known today.

Japan, as far as is known, has not yet been consulted, conversations thus far having been confined to European entente allies, and the Peking government.

Their Only Hope.

London, Nov. 19.—The fate of Monastir is not yet known definitely, but there is little hope in England that it will escape the Bulgarians.

There is a possibility, however, that the invaders will not dare make such extension of their line with the French apparently solidly established on their flank.

Left in the dark as to actual progress of the Anglo-French campaign in the near east, the British public can only hope the entente allies will soon have such strong forces there that they will enable the harassed Serbians to make a successful stand, and preserve the small portion of their country, as the Belgians did along the Yser.

Saloniki, Nov. 19.—Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, the British secretary of war, conferred with General Sarrail, commander in chief of the French army of the Orient, left immediately without debarking.

Capture of 5,000 Serbs Announced

Berlin, Nov. 19.—The capture of 5,000 Serbians is announced by the war office.

Venice Again Bombarded by Austrian Aeroplanes

Vienna, Nov. 19.—Venice again has been bombarded by Austrian aeroplanes. An official announcement is made here that the aerial squadron attacked the military establishments of that city yesterday afternoon.

CAPTURED BANDIT MAKES CONFESSION

Great Falls, Mont., Nov. 19.—Troy Noble, the Texas youth caught with other members of the Wallis gang, when the leader, Richard Wallis, of Independence, was shot to death while resisting arrest, made a clean breast of his knowledge of the gang.

As a result, John McDonald, Harry J. Smith and Noble will be taken to Chinook to face the charge of highway robbery for holding up a resort there, robbing two women of $78 and getting cash and watches from seven men.

Sheriff Buckley of Blaine county came here and heard the confession and will take them back. He says Noble's confession is accurate in detail and the sheriff's description of the men wanted fits the trio alive as well as Wallis, the fourth member and leader.

McDonald was identified positively by another holdup victim in Valley county.

GRANTED DIVORCE.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 19.—Lerner Bachner, Russian pianiste, was granted a decree of divorce by the district court here from Louis J. Bachner, a musical director now in Berlin. They were married in New York city in 1909. The plaintiff alleged failure to provide, desertion, and extreme cruelty. She said that her husband's penuriousness and his tendency to find fault with her whenever there was a necessary expenditure of money was the chief cause of their disagreement. She was restored to her maiden name, Tina Lerner.

THE WEATHER.

North Dakota: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; warmer north and west portions tonight. Colder Saturday and fresh south-west wind.

UNIVERSITY READINGS.

7 a. m. 39; Max. 43; Min. 39; Bar. 29.84; wind, N 34 miles; precipitation, trace.

PALERMO FARMER IS KILLED BY G. N. TRAIN; SNOW OBSCURED VIEW

Palermo, N. D., Nov. 19.—J. P. Nelson, a pioneer of Palermo township, was instantly killed by the Great Northern train No. 3, while walking on the track from his farm to Palermo yesterday afternoon. A blizzard was raging at the time, which evidently accounted for his failure to hear the train. Mr. Nelson leaves a wife, a son, 21 years of age, Nels, and two girls, 18 and 8.

CONSIDER PLANS FOR TWO SHIPS

Big Battleships Will be Larger than Ever Designed Before.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Tentative plans are being considered, Secretary Daniels said yesterday, for two 36,000 ton battleships to be included in the first year's part of the five year building program congress will be asked to approve. There are no warships so large afloat anywhere in the world now. The largest ship ever designed for the American navy is the 32,000 ton craft of the California class, two of which were authorized last year and bids for which have just been received.

Part of the increased displacement in the newest ships will be due to changed hull construction to provide additional torpedo defense bulkheads. While the general characteristics of the ships have not been disclosed, it is probable they will have increased armament and speed.

Use Big Guns.

The navy has developed a 16-inch rifle of which no use has yet been made, and the new ships may carry ten or more of these if developments of the European war indicate the wisdom of mounting them. The largest guns now afloat are the 15-inch weapons of European navies, which the American 14-inch rifle is said to equal for all practical purposes.

Maximum speed of American battleships now built or authorized is less than twenty-one knots, although European first line ships go considerably above that. It is considered probable that a speed of perhaps twenty-five knots will be sought hereafter.

MAN ON BICYCLE RUNS INTO AUTO

Moorhead, Minn., Nov. 19.—As Carl Nelson, who runs the Farmers' Home market was going home on his bicycle, in turning off Front street up Eighth, he collided with an automobile that was turning the corner at the same time. The car was said to be on the wrong side of the street, and was driven by a 15-year-old boy. Nelson's upper jawbone was fractured, and he was badly bruised about the body. He was taken to the Northwestern hospital.

The number of the car was ascertained.

FALLS OFF WAGON, FRACTURES SKULL

Strool, S. D., Nov. 19.—While hauling a load of freight along the road between here and Hettinger, N. D., Erick Johnson of this place fell from the load in some manner, both wheels on one side passing over his body. His skull was fractured and his left arm crushed.

Johnson is survived by a widow and small family.

TO MAKE CALL PUBLIC TODAY

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 19.—Governor Edward F. Dunne's call for a special session of the Illinois legislature made imperative by a recent decision of the Illinois supreme court which held illegal several of the appropriations made at the last session was finished and signed last night. The call will be made public today.

CHANGES MADE IN PROHIBITION LAW

Bills Passed that will Banish from Georgia Breweries and Locker Clubs.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 19.—Revision of Georgia's prohibition laws, one of the purposes for which the legislature is in special session, was completed yesterday when Governor Harris signed the last of a series of bills designed particularly to banish from the state all breweries, locker clubs, and 'near beer saloons.'

All of the bills become effective May 1, 1916. One prohibits the manufacture or sale within the state of any beverage containing more than one-half of one per cent of alcohol. Another forbids the advertisement of intoxicants in newspapers, periodicals, on bill boards or by any other means. A third provides that shipments of liquor into the state for personal use shall be limited to two quarts of whiskey, forty-eight pints of beer and one gallon of wine to any one person within any thirty days period.

Official Investigation Gives Credence to Captain's Story Of The Ancona's Torpedoeing

Naples, Nov. 18—(Delayed in transmission)—Official report of the investigation into the sinking of Italian steamship Ancona by a submarine off Tunisean coast, it is announced, was sent to Thomas Nelson Page, United States ambassador at Rome, tonight.

The investigation reached the conclusion that submarine fired shells against the wireless apparatus on the Ancona without any warning.

The captain brought the vessel immediately to a halt, the submarine having hoisted the Austrian flag. The investigators found the Ancona was about to hoist the Italian ensign, but the flag reached only half way up the mast when the submarine launched a torpedo, which struck the steamer amidships.

The captain of the Ancona, the official account says, ordered lifeboats lowered, but while this was being done, the submarine continued firing against the steamer's boats. Some boats were pierced by shots, obliging the survivors to use their clothes to stop up the holes. In the meanwhile it is alleged those on board the submarine jeered at their victims.

SEVERE REPRISALS BEING THREATENED

Serbia is Warned Not to Injure any Austro-Hungarian Soldiers.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Severe reprisals should Austria-Hungary prisoners of war receive injuries at the hands of Serbia, are threatened in a dispatch received from Vienna yesterday by the Austro-Hungarian embassy from Baron Burian, secretary of foreign affairs. The dispatch follows:

"The Austro-Hungarian government recently has reminded the Serbian government through American and Dutch diplomatic agents and through Athens and Bucharest against injuring Austro-Hungarian prisoners and has threatened reprisals for each injury inflicted upon Austro-Hungarian soldiers.

Discomforting reports regarding the prisoners of war carried with the retreating Serbian army have arrived. If reports are verified the Austro-Hungarian government would be obliged to immediately make the most severe reprisals.

Recent press dispatches to this country contained the information that the Austro-Hungarian government had requested United States consular and diplomatic agents to endeavor to see to it that prisoners of war in the custody of Serbian authorities were not mistreated.

ALLIES DELAY GREEK SHIPPING

This is one of Most Serious Developments in Balkan Situation.

(By J. W. T. Mason.)

Action by Great Britain and France in holding up Greek shipping in their ports is the most serious Balkan development that has occurred since Bulgaria's declaration of war. It is either an application of force by the Allies, to influence Greek public opinion, or it is a preliminary defensive measure, due to a belief that King Constantine intends to enter the war on the side of the Teutons.

The principle the joint embargo of the two western nations is the same as a declaration of war against Greece. It will not be so considered by the Greek government, however, unless Constantine has definitely resolved to throw in his lot with that of his imperial German brother-in-law. But the effect may be to make Constantine more stubborn in his limitations of Greek hospitality to the Allies and to alienate sympathy for the Allies among the wealthy Greek commercial classes, who will suffer because of the new interruption to international trade.

If the embargo is not a stronger policy; it may for these reasons end in serious disadvantage of the Allies. It is probable, however, that Great Britain and France are arranging concerted measures to follow upon injury done to Greek shipping. The visit of the four leading members of the British government to Paris, accompanied by their naval, military and diplomatic advisers, unquestionably has been caused principally by developments in the Balkans.

By what means, however, further pressure can be exerted on Greece by the Paris conference, it is difficult to see. The work before the allied statesmen is to find a substitute influence for that which would be exerted at Athens by a victorious Anglo-French army operating in Serbia and Bulgaria.

Only comparative small bodies of allied troops are in the Balkans. Their operations have been trivial and the future outlook cannot be immediately reassuring, since the Allies are now trying to obtain Constantine's consent to a retreat. Neutral nations, actuated wholly by self-interest, do not frequently put their trust in retreating armies. The work of the Paris conference, therefore, will be particularly difficult.

CARS HELD UP BY SHORTAGE OF BOATS

Chicago, Nov. 19.—The shortage of freight cars now reported from various parts of the country is largely caused by a shortage of vessel capacity as a result of the war in Europe, which has caused congestion of cars at Atlantic and Gulf ports, tying up thousands for which shippers elsewhere are clamoring, according to the Railway Age Gazette. The monthly bulletin of the committee of relations between railroads of the American Railway association showed that on November 1 there was a shortage of 36,625 cars and a surplus of 52,867, the smallest net surplus since the fall of 1913. The surplus was reduced by 35,000 in October last and by 103,248 in September.

"If business conditions during the past two years had not been such that the roads were more worried about the large actual number of surplus cars than about possible shortages of equipment they might have had more money to buy more new cars before they were needed," says the Gazette.

PROMOTERS OF MONARCHY BUSY

President Yuan Shi Kai Adopts Plan for Meeting Criticism.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Delayed somewhat by the opposition of the allied powers in the execution of plans for transformation of the Chinese republic into a monarchy, the promoters of this movement, nevertheless, are moving steadily towards their object. According to advices reaching here yesterday, President Yuan Shi Kai has adopted a plan for meeting adverse criticism that might follow assumption to the throne by an official who, like himself, had occupied the position of the closest confidence with the old Manchu dynasty, and at the same time securing the active support of the powerful party of conservatives surrounding the little Manchu emperor. It is expected that Yuan will undertake, if he ascends the throne, to guarantee an annual allowance of $4,000,000 to the little emperor as long as he lives; to recognize him as a Chinese prince and to provide proper places in the government and emoluments for the principal members of his family and his immediate adherents.

Will Not Change Now.

In return, it is proposed that the emperor issue an address to the Manchus explaining the conditions which have made it necessary for Yuan Shi Kai to assume the throne for the benefit of the Chinese people, and urging them to render him loyal support. The results of the voting by the various provincial conventions last Monday upon the proposals to re-establish the monarchy and to revise the constitution have not yet been promulgated. The delay, it is believed here, is due to the decision of the government to regard the results of these primaries as conclusive and final, requiring no other formalities. It is understood, however, that, in conformity with the pledges given to the foreign representatives in Peking, no effort will be made to bring about the change in the existing form of government during the present calendar year at least.

TASKER H. BLISS TO BE PROMOTED

Will Become Major-General and John F. Morrison will be Brigadier General.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss, assistant chief of staff of the army, became major-general upon the retirement of Major General William H. Carter.

Colonel John F. Morrison, of the Fifteenth infantry now at Tien Tsin, China, will be promoted to brigadier general, taking the place in General Bliss in line.

General Bliss will continue as assistant chief of the staff, with the probability of succeeding Major General Scott as chief of the staff upon the latter's retirement in 1917.

FALL OF GUN IS FATAL TO HUNTER

Beaudette, Minn., Nov. 19.—John W. Perry, who has a claim near Clementson, southeast of this place, was accidentally killed when he fell on his loaded gun while hunting, receiving the discharge in the stomach.

Dr. Osburne was called and reached him just as he died. Before coming north Perry resided in Long Prairie, where a daughter, Mrs. Blair, now resides. He was about 65 years of age. The remains were shipped to his former home.

THREE MEN ARE COURTMARTIALED

This Follows Death of Nine Men on Board Cruiser in Speed Test.

Vallejo, Cal., Nov. 19.—The court-martial of Lieutenant Kinchen L. Hill, Chief Engineer Edson C. Oak and Chief Machinist Thomas O'Donnell followed the death of nine men on board the cruiser San Diego January 21, 1915, during her annual speed test for the navy efficiency pennant. Five of her sixteen boilers blew out during the last few minutes of a four-hour run under forced draft.

It was shown at the trial that all the officers involved and the men knew that a feed pipe supplying water to the boilers had collapsed, but they decided to take a "sporting chance" in order to finish the test and have a try for the pennant.

"FIRE", SHOUTED HILLSTROM, AS HE FACES SQUAD; PAYS DEATH PENALTY FOR MURDER; FOUGHT SAVAGELY

BRITISH LOSE TWO CRUISERS TO SUBMARINE

Teutonic Sub Boat Reaps Harvest Off the Egyptian Coast.

THIRD SHIP IS OUT OF COMMISSION

Guns Taken From Her, says the Admiralty Report of Affair.

Berlin, Nov. 19.—Two British gunboats have been sunk in the Mediterranean off the Egyptian coast by a German submarine. Official announcement to this effect was made by the admiralty. A British auxiliary cruiser was also put out of action. Statement follows:

"A submarine on November 6, in Sedium Harbor, destroyed by gunfire two Anglo-Egyption gunboats, the Prince Abbas and the Abdul Menema, each of which was armed with two guns. The same submarine silenced with its fire an armed British merchant vessel and captured its guns.

One of the submarines on November 5, on the North African coast, sank by a torpedo the British auxiliary cruiser Para."

FORMER LAKOTA LAWYER SUICIDES

Fred J. Kelly Ended His life at Bismarck Last Evening.

Bismarck, N. D., Nov. 19.—Fred J. Kelly, aged 55, former state's attorney of Nelson county, and prominent attorney of Lakota, N. D., shot himself through the head in his room at a local hotel shortly after 6 o'clock last evening.

He was found lying dead in his bed a few moments later, the sound of the shot having alarmed the hotel employes. The bullet had entered the right temple and death had been instantaneous.

Despondency Cause.

Despondency is believed to have been the cause of Mr. Kelly's rash act.

E. J. Taylor, state superintendent of public instruction, a brother-in-law of the deceased, said last evening that he had seen Mr. Kelly at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and that he then seemed perfectly normal although somewhat worried over business affairs.

Mr. Taylor left Bismarck for Fargo in the afternoon, and was notified of the tragedy on his arrival at that city.

Was Prominent Attorney.

He was at one time county judge of Nelson county, and also served the county as states' attorney. He was a member of the Masonic order, and of the Grand Forks lodge of Elks.

Mr. Kelly is survived by his widow, and one son, residing in Lakota, a brother, Robert Kelly, and a sister Miss Elizabeth Kelly, residing in Klotten, N. D. Another brother resides in Ogdensberg, N. Y., the former home of the family.

No arrangements for the funeral have been made as yet.

DRAYTON HAS BIG MEETING

(Herald Special Service.)

Drayton, N. D., Nov. 19.—About sixty-five teachers, members of the Pembina County Teachers' association, were present last night at the opening of the annual institute which is being held in this city and which will be continued through until Saturday morning.

The teachers listened to an address given by Dean V. P. Squires of the arts college of the university last evening. Prof. Squires has as his subject, "The Ring and the Book," by Browning.

The hall was crowded to capacity, a large number of the citizens of Drayton taking advantage of the opportunity to hear the lecture. Prof. Squires told how Browning happened to write the famous story and how the dramatic recital of the case as told by the court records appealed to the author. The speaker laid particular emphasis on the masterly way the different characters were portrayed by the simple telling over and over of the same train of events.

Following the lecture on informal reception was held for the teachers by the ladies of the city. The reception was given in the hall in which the lecture was held.

This morning the address of welcome was given by Mayor Steenson, and the response by F. E. Callahan of Cavalier, following which Prof. Squires spoke again. The sessions of the institute then got under way, continuing through the afternoon. In the evening the teachers attended a special moving picture entertainment.

SIXTEEN RESIDENTS OF BERTHOLD RESERVATION ADMIT FEDERAL CHARGES

Minot, N. D., Nov. 19.—Sixteen homesteaders on the Fort Berthold reservation pleaded guilty in federal court yesterday to charges of introducing liquor to the reservation. The liquor, it is understood, was only for private consumption, but the territory is protected by Indian treaties, hence the charges aganist the whites now residing on the reservation.

AERO SQUADRON ARRIVES AT NEW STATION SAFELY

This is First Flight of Kind Taken by Army Aviators —Make Trip in Hour.

Fort Sill, Nov. 19.—The first aero squadron of the United States army, composed of six aeroplanes, sailed from the aviation field here on a flight to the new headquarters of the organization at San Antonio.

Fifteen minutes after the first machine, carrying Capt. Foulis commanding, was in the air, the entire squadron was on its way southward. The flight is the first of its kind ever attempted by army aviators.

Wichita Falls, Texas., Nov. 19.—All of the six machines of the military aeroplane squadron from Fort Sill reached here safely after making the 90-mile flight from the fort in about one hour.

NORTHWOOD PUTS ON APPRECIATION PROGRAM

High School Today Conducted Special Program in Recognition of Booster Propoganda.

(Herald Special Service.)

Northwood, N. D., Nov. 19.—The Northwood city schools, always progressive and abreast with the times, presented a fine "Appreciation Week" program today. G. T. Almen is principal of the school, and Miss C. Lillian Johnson, is superintendent of the high school. The program follows:

Song, Mighty Lak a Rose—Girls' Glee club.

Governor's Proclamation—Hazel Halverson.

Paper, Agricultural Advantages of North Dakota—Palmer Sougstad.

Paper, North Dakota's Educational System—Carolyn Ostmo.

Paper, Mining and Manufacturing in North Dakota.

Recitation, A Letter Home—Buelah Quamme.

Song, "Water Lillies"—Girls' Glee club.

Paper, Prominent Men of the State—Leonard Bilden.

Recitation, My Prairies—Clara Ovind.

Song, North Dakota—High School Chorus.

$100,000,000 IS HELD IN FUND

Washington, Nov. 19.—More than $100,000,000 now is held by the federal reserve board in its gold settlement fund to the credit of the reserve banks and reserve agents. The fund has been in existence just six months today and in that time balances between banks and reserve agents amounting to $716,688,000 have been settled through it. Deposits by reserve banks in this fund are counted as legal reserve.

TELEGRAMS TELL OF WHEREABOUTS NIGHT OF MURDER

Messages Received by Governor and Pardon Board Fail to Delay.

SUBTERFUGE, SAY THE OFFICIALS

Throughout the Long Fight, No New Evidence Has Been Obtained.

Salt Lake City, Nov. 19.—Joseph Hillstrom, convicted of the murder of John G. Morrison, grocer, and his son, Arling, was today executed by shooting at the state penitentiary here.

Under the Utah law he was allowed to choose between shooting and hanging.

President Wilson twice appealed for a further respite for Hillstrom. The Swedish ambassador also intervened. The president's second request, made yesterday, was denied by Governor Spry as not based on any new facts.

At 6 o'clock this morning, Gov. Spry and members of the board of pardons received telegrams from Seattle, saying that William Busky of that city had sworn to affidavits saying that he was with Hillstrom all night on which the Morrison murders, for which Hillstrom was sentenced, were committed, and that Hillstrom was innocent. A similar message, is it stated, had been sent to President Wilson.

Attorneys for Hillstrom immediately asked the governor to grant a ten day respite. Members of the pardon board said they were inclined to think the alleged affidavits merely a ruse to delay the execution.

The board held a hurried conference and decided not to interfere with the execution. It was reported at that time that Hillstrom was weak and showing signs of breaking under the strain. The execution took place at 7:42 a. m.

When officers came to get Hillstrom, he broke down and started to struggle with them, but when he saw the sheriff, he calmed down and threw up his hands.

Accompanied by officers he walked to the death chair, and after he was seated he was asked if he had anything to say. He said:

"Gentlemen, I die with a clear conscience. I never did anything wrong in my life. I die fighting, not like a coward. Well, I'm going, good-bye."

When the officers started to give the command to the firing squad, Hillstrom yelled: "Fire." The squad fired and the bullets pierced his heart. He was dead in one minute and ten seconds after the volley was fired.

Fire, Let Her Go.

"Fire, let her go," were Joseph Hillstrom's last words, uttered an instant before the rifles of the firing squad ended his life.

Although he was self-possessed and asserted his innocence when he faced his executioners, Hillstrom had a sensational nervous collapse just previously, when he tied the door of his cell at the state prison with strips torn from his blanket, fought the guards fiercely with the handle of a broom he snatched from an attendant in the corridor.

Outburst Unexpected.

Hillstrom's outburst was unexpected. He retired calmly last night and remained apparently in sleep until early morning. He arose about 4 o'clock and began to shake the cell door, shaking as if in a nightmare. The noise reached the outside guards, who turned in a general alarm, bring-

(Continued on Page 7.)

The "I Have It" Store

The man who keeps the "I HAVE IT" store always has his ear to the ground.

He tries to know in advance what the public is going to want.

He listens to salesmen and he watches his home newspaper.

When he sees a product advertised in his newspaper he knows people will want that.

He puts the newspaper advertised goods in his window and says to all who pass by "'I HAVE IT,' come in."

And people come.