

POWDER PLANT EXPLOSION IS FATAL TO TRIO

Outside Agencies Not Suspicioned in New Jersey Accident.

WILDEST RUMORS WERE CURRENT

Force of Concussion Felt 25 Miles Away—Property Loss Small.

Philadelphia, Jan. 10.—Three men were killed and a number injured in an explosion of smokeless powder early this morning at the plant of the Dupont Powder Works at Carneys Point, New Jersey. It had been reported that a large number of men lost their lives, but after investigation the superintendent said only three were dead.

The cause of the explosion is not known, but, according to officials, there is no suspicion that the blast was due to outside agencies. The report that arrests had been made is denied. The blast was terrific, being felt 25 miles away.

Wire communication with the plant were cut off by the shock, with the result that wild rumors prevailed until daylight cleared away the extent of the accident.

Property loss is said to be comparatively small as the explosion occurred in a building some distance from the main building.

Government Active.

One of the reports in circulation is that government agents from the Dupont police force has been watching suspicious persons who went to the plant from Wilmington, Delaware, by boat and that two carrying bombs and fuses, were arrested.

C. B. Landis, representative of the company, branded all these reports as false.

COMMERCIALIZED VICE IS BEING ERADICATED

Such is Report Made by Investigation Bureau—On November 1 Only 735 Places Were Found in New York.

New York, Jan. 10.—Immorality and commercialized vice are being rapidly eradicated in New York, according to a report made yesterday by the bureau of social hygiene, of which John D. Rockefeller, Jr., is chairman.

The report is intended to supplement an investigation made in 1912. The report states that on November 1, only 735 disorderly places were found as compared with 2,482 such places in 1912.

Data secured during the present investigation shows that collusion between exploiters of vice and officials in the police department has ceased.

The report states that the bureau may take a small bribe to overlook a breach of the law, but this will not prevent a raid ordered from headquarters.

New York, Jan. 10.—Six of the eleven former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, charged by the government with criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, were found not guilty yesterday by the jury that for nearly three months has been trying the case.

The jury disagreed on the five others. Those acquitted were D. Newton Barney, Farmington, Conn.; Robert W. Taft, Providence, R. I.; James S. Hemingway, A. Heaton Robertson and Frederick P. Brewster, New Haven, Conn.; and Henry K. McHarg, Stamford, Conn.

Those on whom the jury disagreed were William Rockefeller, New York; Charles P. Brockton, Ansonia, Conn.; Charles M. Pratt, Brooklyn; Lewis Cass Ledyard, New York; and Edward D. Robbins, New Haven.

The verdict was returned after fifty-one hours of deliberation, and the jury was discharged. The final vote on the five defendants upon whom the jurors could not agree stood eight to four for acquittal.

R. L. Batts, chief counsel for the government, announced that in due time he would move for a new trial of these five.

TELEPHONE STRIKE WESTERN LINES IN BIG EFFORT

Berlin also Reports Mesopotamia Army is Surrounded.

CLAIMED BRITISH IN FULL RETREAT

Maintained That 10,000 men are Left to Cover Retirement.

Berlin, Jan. 10.—An offensive movement has been inaugurated by the German forces in Champagne. Announcement is made by the war office that French positions extending over several hundred yards at a point northwest of Maasigne have been captured by Germans.

The conquered positions are near Maisons-la-Croix. The Germans captured 421 prisoners, including seven officers, five machine guns, one large and several small mine throwers.

A French counter-attack, made to the east of the positions taken by the Germans, failed.

A German air craft division attacked the rear French establishments of the allies at Furnies.

On the eastern front, an advance attempted by strong Russian detachments at Sebestyan, was repulsed.

British Army Surrounded.

Berlin, Jan. 10.—The British army at Kut-el-Amara in Mesopotamia has now been surrounded completely by Turks, according to Constantinople advices given out by the Overseas News Agency.

It is said the Turks advanced to the main defenses of the British. The main British army in Mesopotamia, according to these advices, is in retreat, 10,000 men having been left in Kut-el-Amara to cover the movement.

French Troops Have Withdrawn from Hill

Paris, Jan. 10.—(Via London)—The French troops have withdrawn from the summit of Hirtzelin south of Hartmannsweilerkopf. This admission is made by the communication

(Continued on Page 10.)

SIX DIRECTORS OF NEW HAVEN ARE NOT GUILTY

Jury Disagrees on Five Others in Connection With Violating Law.

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Infuriated Strikers Play Havoc in East Youngstown



Looking West From Bridge on Wilson Street, East Youngstown, as Strike Riot Was Dying Down. This picture was taken in East Youngstown, Ohio, Saturday morning. The picture shows the first photograph from the strike and riot torn factory center. The photo appears elsewhere in this paper.

25,000 VISIT RIOT SCENES; CITY IS QUIET

Officers of the Youngstown Factories Plan to Resume Work.

JAIL HUNDREDS FOR FRIDAY FIGHT

State Inquiry Under Way and Mediation of Strike is Started.

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 10.—Believing that the situation is well under control after two days of tranquility following the rioting Friday night, preparations are being made to reopen the plants of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company in East Youngstown and Struthers.

President James A. Campbell of the company said today that former employees who reported today would be put to work making repairs incident to a resumption of operations within a few days. He denied that strike breakers would be imported.

"It would be useless for us to attempt to operate our plant while some of the workers are in the frame of mind they are in now," President Campbell said, "and we will not attempt to resume operations for several days at least. There are workmen now in the plants."

Fear for Families.

President Campbell said that many workmen had informed the company that they desired to return to work, but were afraid as their families had been threatened.

"We do not need any protection for ourselves, but we want to have our workers, their families, and their homes protected," added President Campbell.

He denied that guards employed by the company were responsible for the riot Friday night which cost the lives of 115 American lives.

(Continued on page 10.)

RUINS STILL SMOKE AS HERALD PRESENTS YOUNGSTOWN PHOTO

The ruins of Youngstown, Ohio, are still smoking as The Herald today presents to its readers the first photograph from the strike and riot torn factory center.

Rapid service in photography gives The Herald the early picture. The photo was taken in Youngstown Saturday morning while the city was still in a condition of intense excitement as a result of the events of Friday night and early Saturday morning.

The Herald's service is made possible through its connection with the Central Press association.

MEET JUST ONCE MORE TO CLOSE LUSITANIA CASE

Von Bernstorff and Lansing in Conference This Morning.

NO ANNOUNCEMENT OF RESULT MADE

Phrasology of the German Note Has Caused the Long Delay.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador, and Secretary Lansing had another conference in the Lusitania negotiations, which both agreed should be regarded as confidential.

The ambassador expects to confer with the secretary again inside of a week, and then not again on the subject. That fact is taken by those conversant with the status of the case to mean that Germany and the United States have approached a point in the negotiations where only one more exchange between Washington and Berlin will be necessary before the long controversy is ended.

"Very favorable."

American officials in all quarters declared the situation "as very favorable," and reflected the view that a satisfactory settlement is in sight which will include indemnities for 115 American lives lost, and some expression of regret or disavowal which will be mutually satisfactory to Germany and the United States.

President Wilson, Secretary Lansing and the German ambassador are practically the only officials in the secret of the negotiations, but it is known that the principal point which has been delaying final settlement was phrasology.

Germany has contended that the best disavowal she could offer is her orders to the maritime commanders not to repeat such incident, and that she could not disavow the action, although she regretted the loss of so many American lives.

The United States has been contending that the disavowal should be expressed in some way. It is believed that a form of expression has been found which is satisfactory to both. The one more exchange between Washington and Berlin will settle the case, unless something unforeseen comes up.

Persia Survivors Say no Submarine Was Seen

Washington, Jan. 10.—American Consul Kellinger, at Malta, advised the state department that no new facts concerning the destruction of the steamship Persia are contained in a report received from seven survivors, including Lord Montague, who had landed there.

The survivors are unanimous in saying that although the officers of the ship were watching for submarines none were seen and no warning was given.

ALLIES QUIT CAMPAIGN AT DARDANELLES; GREAT WAR MOVE IS EDED

BIG BRITISH SHIP IS SUNK BY MINE; ENTIRE CREW DECLARED SAFE

DEFEATED BY SULTAN'S ARMY WITH BIG LOSS

London, Jan. 10.—The British battleship King Edward VII has been sunk as the result of striking a mine. The entire crew was saved.

The sinking of the King Edward VII was announced by the admiralty in the following statement: "The H. M. S. King Edward VII has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy seas, she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ships company was taken off without loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward was a battleship of 16,350 tons laid down in March, 1902. She was 453 feet long, 78 feet beam and 26 feet draught. She had four twelve inch, four 9.2 inch and ten six inch guns in her main battery and was equipped with four torpedo tubes, submerged. Her speed on her trial trip was 19 knots. She had a complement of 777 men.

The admiralty, supplementing the announcement, declared there was absolutely no loss of life, and only two of the crew were injured.

The ship's company was taken off skillfully, despite the heavy sea which hastened the sinking of the big battleship.

Berlin Joyous AS ALLIES QUIT DARDANELLES

Schools Closed When News of Sea Disaster and Turk Operation Come.

Berlin, Jan. 10.—Definite announcement that the allies have withdrawn entirely from the Gallipoli peninsula and Dardanelles, together with the announcement from London that the British battleship King Edward VII had been sunk as the result of striking a mine, aroused enormous joy and satisfaction here, says the Overseas News Agency.

The schools closed and bunting was displayed, and people gave themselves to a holiday celebration.

"The Berlin newspapers," continued the agency message, "point out the loss of prestige which this means for the British, besides the enormous losses of men, ships and money. They recall the proud words of Mr. Asquith in parliament on November 9, 1914, that the Turkish empire had committed suicide and had dug its own grave, and those of Mr. Churchill of a later date, that through the Dardanelles lay the shortest route to triumph and peace. The newspapers further call attention to the fact that important Turkish contingents are now free for action in other fields."

WAUGH TAKES UP LAKE LEVEL PROBLEM

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 10.—The level of Lake of the Woods, which is a serious problem with farmers of Northern Minnesota, will be discussed at Ottawa this week by Major R. D. Waugh of Winnipeg, Isaac Campbell and J. G. Glascock, all of this city.

The Winnipeggers are taking up the matter because the level of the Lake of the Woods is affecting the level of the Winnipeg river.

In Minnesota, much damage has been done by the raising of the level, resulting in the overflowing of agricultural lands.

IMPRESSION TO BE DISCUSSED

Washington, Jan. 10.—Impressions of the administration's army plans gained by the house military affairs committee during hearing Garrison's testimony will be laid before President Wilson by Chairman Hay at a conference at the White House Tuesday.

DEFEATED BY SULTAN'S ARMY WITH BIG LOSS

Attempt at Piercing Turkish Defenses of Constantinople Fail.

RETIREMENT IS SUCCESSFULLY MADE

Official Reports Maintain only One Man Lost—Other Reports Conflict.

TRANSPORT SUNK.

Berlin, Jan. 10.—The sinking of a transport ship of the allies, filled with troops, at the time of the withdrawal of the French and British forces from the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, is reported in a Constantinople dispatch issued by the Overseas News Agency.

London, Jan. 10.—It is officially announced that the complete evacuation of the Gallipoli peninsula has been successfully carried out.

General Sir Charles Monro, according to the official statement, reports that only one British soldier was wounded in the evacuation of the Gallipoli peninsula, and that all the guns were saved, except seventeen worn out ones which were blown up.

The official communication issued last evening says: "General Sir Charles Monro reports the complete evacuation of Gallipoli has been successfully carried out."

"The guns and howitzers were got away, with the exception of seventeen worn-out guns, which were blown up by us before leaving."

"Our casualties amounted to one member of the British rank and file wounded."

"There were no casualties among the French."

"General Monro states that the accomplishment of this difficult task was due to Generals Birdwood and Davies, and invaluable assistance rendered in an operation of the highest difficulty by Admiral De Robeck and the royal navy."

With the withdrawal of the British and French forces from the southern tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, after the evacuation of the Anzac Cove and Suvla Bay, the allies on the western coast in the middle of December there has come to an end a movement that was begun with expectations of achievements which would have a great bearing on the outcome of the war.

Thousands upon thousands of men lost their lives in the enterprise of cutting a route to the Gallipoli coast and in the fighting that has been

(Continued on Page 8.)

COUNTRY MUST HAVE OVER MILLION MEN

Statement Made by Major General Scott at Army Hearing—May Need Compulsory Service.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Major General Scott, chief of the staff of the army, told the house military committee at the army bill hearing that in the event of war, this country must have an army of 1,000,000 to 2,000,000 men of "accept" caliber.

Scott reiterated Secretary Garrison's view that if the continental army plan failed there is no escape from compulsory service.

MRS. MOHR ON TRIAL TODAY

Being Tried Jointly With Cecil Brown and Henry Shellman.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 10.—Mrs. Elizabeth P. Mohr, accused of having instigated three negroes to murder her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, was placed on trial before Judge Charles F. Stearns in superior court today. Mrs. Mohr is being tried jointly with Cecil Brown and Henry Shellman, who are charged with actual commission of the murder while the doctor and his secretary, Miss Emily C. Burger, were motoring toward Newport on the night of August 31st, last.

With Two Children on Her Lap Mother Rocks Them as Death Fumes Fill House, Kill; Six

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Mrs. Christiana Maves, wife of a teamster, killed herself and her five children by asphyxiation in their home here Saturday night. She left this fragment of writing: "You never gave me any money and then—"

The note was not finished. As the police reconstructed the story after an investigation today, Mrs. Maves, who was 31 years of age, locked all windows and doors, stuffed the keyholes and turned on the gas in the kitchen stove.

The children, all girls, ranging in age from 3 to 7 years, were with her. The two youngest also took on the gas, but the gas in a rooming house to avoid the

Maves had come out to buy provisions for the Sunday dinner. He returned a half hour after midnight and for three hours, according to his story, he tried to arouse his wife by pounding on doors and windows. Then he went for help.

Mrs. Maves' body lay on the floor across those of the two youngest children where they had fallen from the rocking chair. The other bodies were also on the floor.

WOMEN TO GET OFFICE RIGHTS

Both Ballot and Right to Position Promised by the Norris Cabinet.

(Herald Special Service.)

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 10.—Manitoba women will be granted the right to sit in parliament. Premier Norris has so promised and the cabinet, to a man, supports him. What the Liberal members of the legislature will do when the bill reaches them is an open question, out so far as the Norris government is concerned, it is solemnly pledged to full equality.

The pledge was obtained by the women when they waited upon Premier Norris and his cabinet. They represented the Manitoba Political Equality League, and they say Premier Norris' agreement to support the full equality bill was very clear and distinct.

Every member of the cabinet subscribed his oral assent that "full equality with men" should be accorded in the new suffrage bill which will be drawn up and brought in at the current session of the legislature.

MOTHER OF FOUR, BUT 26, IS DEAD

Lakota Woman, Wedded at 17, Passed Away at Local Hospital—Remains Shipped Home.

Mrs. August Hukka, aged 26, of Lakota, died at a local hospital Saturday night at 10 o'clock, the remains being shipped Sunday evening to Lakota. Her death followed an operation which had been performed in the hope of saving her life.

Her death was particularly sad for she leaves a family of four children and her husband, Mr. Hukka, whose wife was married when she was 17 years old. The funeral services will be held at Lakota.

THE WEATHER. North Dakota: Fair tonight and Tuesday. UNIVERSITY READINGS. 7 a. m. —11; maximum, 34; minimum, —11; wind, south, 3; miles, 100; humidity, 75; precipitation, .01.