

DERBY DISCUSSES WAR OUTLOOK RESULTING FROM RECRUIT PLAN

He Says England Will Have Enough Men to Carry Forward the War to a Successful Conclusion— Discusses Terms of Peace.

London, Jan. 20.—Lord Derby received the correspondent of the Associated Press yesterday afternoon and for half an hour discussed the war outlook resulting from the Derby recruiting scheme and the compulsory military service bill, more particularly their effect in assuring the prosecution of the war to a successful conclusion.

The talk was easy, informal and without official restraint, as Lord Derby gives the impression that he is sure of himself and not afraid to talk out on subjects officials usually avoid. Asked how many men would come forward under the Derby plan, and what the British fighting force in the field would be, he said:

"It is impossible to make estimates on the numbers of men, for if the Angel Gabriel made an estimate some one would be found in the house of commons to rise and challenge the estimate. But one essential thing is sure—it has been a complete answer to Germany and has shown that we will have enough men to carry forward the war to a successful conclusion."

When Lord Derby was asked what a "successful conclusion" implied he said:

"Answering that might involve laying down terms of peace such as Germany's getting out of Belgium and France, and so on, which is outside of my province. But certain it is that a successful conclusion of the war means that it will be prosecuted until we have such a peace as will make it perfectly sure that there will be no further war of this kind in our time or in our children's children's time. It will be absolutely conclusive, and nothing short of that."

Lord Derby has no doubt of the outcome, and he referred to the ability of the rapidly expanding army to give Germany "a good licking," and he added, "It will do it all right."

Big Surprise.
The military measures taken by England have been a complete surprise to Germany, he declared, first, in showing the number of men who had come forward, and, then, that the

country had acquiesced in the measures so thoroughly. Even those who had opposed the measures most bitterly were careful to say that they would obey the law once it was enacted.

Asked about the quality of the new men, the director of recruiting said: "It is of a high order in physique, stamina and intelligence. We had three sizes of recruits—big, medium and small—but it has become a necessity to discontinue the small size entirely and the medium partially, and the intelligence of the new men is of such a high order that it helps to solve the problem of supplying sufficient trained officers."

When reference was made to the prevailing idea that many soldiers on returning from the war will go to Canada, Australia and the colonies, Lord Derby said:

"Yes, but the best thing is that they will come back when the country needs them. I get letters daily from all over the world from men eager to pay all their expenses and come back now that the country needs them. I got a letter this morning from a young fellow in San Francisco saying he had clipped up his affairs and was coming back to serve his country. Love for the mother country which this war has inspired is one of its redeeming features."

Another Big Offensive Started by Russians

London, Jan. 20.—After only a slight pause since the conclusion of the New Year's battle on the eastern front, the Russians again have begun a strong offensive against the Austria-Hungarians on the Besarabian frontier east of Czernowitz, capital of Bukovina.

It is presumed that the second phase of the battle in this region was imminent by the announcement that the Russians were throwing strong reinforcements into East Galicia.

Claim Repulsed.
In the initial offensive of what probably will be termed the second attack, the Russians launched with numerous columns four attacks near Toporoutz and Boyan, but according to Vienna they were everywhere repulsed.

Abandon Offensive.
While the Turkish war office asserts that the Russians in the Caucasus have abandoned their offensive along the entire front of nearly 100 miles, the Vienna dispatches state that the Ottomans and the assumption of a violent offensive, the latest Russian official communication describes the Turkish army in this region as having been disorganized and dislodged from a strong position extending over 65 miles, the Turkish retreat taking on the character of a panic-stricken flight.

Several Turkish units, the communication adds, were almost annihilated, hundreds of bodies covering the field of battle.

With the announcement that Montenegro had broken off negotiations for peace with Austria-Hungary comes the official statement in a Paris newspaper that King Nicholas and his family and suite already are on their way to Italy.

Ends Negotiations.
It is presumed that with the severing of the peace pourparlers, the Austria-Hungarians will again take up where they left off the campaign of crushing the little kingdom, as Serbia was crushed.

Another war council of the entente allies, attended by the British and French members, has been held in London.

WILSON'S TRIP IS BEING MAPPED

Washington, Jan. 20.—President Wilson's plans for going before the country on the national defense issue took definite shape and the work of mapping out the itinerary of his first speaking trip was almost completed. It also was decided that if public business permits other tours will be made in as quick succession as possible.

Reports were current around the capitol yesterday that Wm. Jennings Bryan might follow the president in his tour and speak in behalf of universal peace.

DRESSED IN ARMOR LIKE KNIGHTS OF OLD, ITALIANS GO FORTH TO MEET



Member of the Italian "Company of Death." Clad in a steel helmet and a suit of armor like the knights of the middle ages, this Italian soldier is fighting against twentieth century weapons in the European war. He is a member of the "Company of Death," whose duty it is to cut the enemy's barbed wire entanglements preparatory to infantry charges.

RICH RICHER, POOR POORER, AT WAR'S END

(Continued from page 1.)

000 for France. He pointed out that these figures did not include the local debts of those nations which at the beginning of the war were about \$1,235,000,000 for Great Britain; \$3,355,000,000 for Germany, and \$1,175,000,000 for France. He also pointed out that additional loans are in prospect. He added, in part:

"The magnitude of these debts will be appreciated when it is recalled that the maximum debt of the United States at the end of the civil war, at that time the most colossal debt to which any nation had ever been subjected, was \$2,750,000,000 of interest-bearing debt, and about one-fourth the existing debts of the United Kingdom or France.

Vast Annual Charge.
"The new loans are being negotiated on a basis of five per cent or more, and the old loans are being rapidly converted to higher rates of interest. Therefore it is safe to say that the interest charge upon the debts of the three nations, is approximately five per cent. Consequently the national debt of the United Kingdom of \$521,000,000, for Germany, \$884,000,000, and for France, \$526,000,000.

"Using the above figures, it appears that the debts of the three countries and the interest charges upon them are the following percentages of the wealth and income:

	Percentage of wealth.	Percentage of income.
United Kingdom	11.58	4.25
Germany	9.08	3.47
France	16.18	7.01

"In addition to the increase in the debt of the empire of Germany due to the war, there have been great increases in the indebtedness of the German states as Prussia, Saxony and Bavaria. With these added the German debts would be more nearly commensurate to those of the United Kingdom or France.

Big Part of Income.
"It thus appears that the national debts form one-tenth to one-sixth of the national wealth and that the interest charges are appreciable portions of the entire income of the nations. The income of the day laborer will pay only a small proportion of the interest charge and it therefore follows that the indebtedness of nations must bear the brunt of the payment. It is safe to say that more than ten per cent of the income from capital

will be required to pay the interest of the national and state debts.

"In the United States there has been a great outcry in regard to high taxes, and especially in regard to income tax. Suppose it were necessary to take ten per cent of the income derived from your invested capital, simply to pay the interest on the nation's debt without taking into account the interest on municipal and other local debts and for sinking funds for national and local debts; and then you would be obliged to pay in addition, taxes for running expenses of the government, national, state and local, you would then be in the situation in which are the people of the United Kingdom, Germany and France, even if the war were now to end; and if it continues another year or a year and a half, as it may possibly do, the above figures will be proportionately increased, and the debt, and possibly more than a half.

Bond Holders Fortunate.
"The equity in the wealth of a nation due to its debt might, not be regarded by those who believe in socialism as a serious matter, if the certificates were equally distributed, but while the governments have a mortgage on the wealth of the nation, the beneficiaries are the favored minority who are fortunate enough to possess the bonds of the country.

"The result of that, relatively, at the end of the war the rich will be richer and the poor poorer. And the absolute physical wealth will be decreased because the money spent for munitions which are wholly destroyed, for guns which rapidly deteriorate, for fighting ships which are of no economic value, money spent for hospitals and for the maintenance of the war, and in their consumption other property has been destroyed upon a colossal scale.

Sale of Securities.
"Probably, however, a much larger loss of European wealth has been due to the sale of American securities which have been absorbed by this country, and their replacement by certificates of the war debt. Their total is unknown; but their magnitude is to be measured in thousands of millions of dollars.

"For Russia, Austro-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria, the situation is very similar to that for the United Kingdom, Germany and France; and for some of the smaller countries, such as Belgium, Serbia and Poland, the situation is immeasurably worse. They are in ruin as was ever a modern nation."

CUMMINS PETITION BEING CIRCULATED

Minneapolis, Jan. 20.—Petitions to place the name of Senator A. B. Cummins on the Minnesota ballot as a Republican candidate for president were sent out yesterday.

They will go to about 30,000 citizens of Minnesota, including all the townships and school officers of the state, with the request to circulate the petitions and return them to the Cummins headquarters at St. Paul.

While only 500 names are required, the Minnesota state committee, headed by I. A. Caswell, is anxious to roll up a big list before the petition is circulated. A circular letter setting forth the claims of Senator Cummins on the presidency goes with each petition.

As a stamped envelope for the return of the petition is sent with each letter, the postage bill alone will come to \$1,200.

Mine Workers Have Heated Arguments

Indianapolis, Jan. 20.—A bitter debate in which personalities figured to a large extent was precipitated in the convention of the United Mine Workers yesterday over a proposition to have a committee appointed to investigate alleged extravagances in the financial affairs of the organization.

Charges were made that there was a waste of money; that some of the men under salary in the union paid excessive expenses accounts, and were inefficient and counter charges were hurled back that the indicators of the proposed investigation had only ulterior motives in view and were against the interests of the organization. The discussion was still in full swing when the convention was adjourned until today.

SUCCESSFUL

"Before I give you my daughter's hand in marriage," said the girl's father, "I want you to answer one question: 'Do you ever play cards for money?'"

"I do," replied the young man, "and, what's more, I always get it."

"Then you, my children—bless you!"

WILL SUPPORT RESOLUTIONS

American Peace Society of Japan Makes Statement at Annual Meet.

Tokio, Jan. 20.—The American Peace Society of Japan at its annual meeting on December 16 formally expressed its support of resolutions passed recently by the International Peace Congress at San Francisco and by the last Lake Mohonk conference on international arbitration. The peace congress resolution was an appeal to congress to adopt an immigration policy based on the just and equitable treatment of all races, a policy that will not strip the rights of citizenship, regardless of race or nationality; and to provide that all aliens should be under the special protection of the national government.

The Lake Mohonk resolution urged congress, in the interest of avoiding occasions for war, to extend the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States as to criminal prosecutions for violation of the treaty rights of aliens.

J. McD. Gardiner, the president of the society, urged ceaseless labor in behalf of a world peace organization. "As we look back," he said, "over the past year and review the progress of the discussions brought out by the fearful war still raging in Europe we can, I think, take courage heartened by what has undoubtedly favored the cause we have so much at heart. Even among peace workers a sentiment has been created which distinctly recognizes the fact that as nations are now related to each other war is sometimes unavoidable and even necessary.

The aim, then, of many is to replace relations of suspicion and distrust by a frank intercourse and truer knowledge as soon as possible, rather than to attempt to make war impossible by any artificial means."

President Gardiner emphasized what he called the banefulness of secret diplomacy.

As to the relations between Japan and the United States, Mr. Gardiner said that the United States and Americans are not misunderstanding here, and that Americans at home do not misjudge Japan. The peace society should be thankful, he thought, for the deep interest and activity shown by organizations of fellow countrymen at home in making Japan better known and understood by the distribution of informative literature.

STAR WITNESS IN MOHR CASE ON STAND

Negro Who Turned State's Evidence is Called—Tells Story Told Him by Brown.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 20.—George W. Heale, the young negro chauffeur, who has turned state's evidence against Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr and the two negroes on trial for the murder of Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, was called today as the chief witness for the prosecution.

Heals began by testifying regarding the circumstances leading up to the alleged plot by Mrs. Mohr and the negroes to slay the physician. The chauffeur said that Cecil Victor Brown and Henry H. Spellman, the negro defendants, worked for the doctor in the stables and that Brown was discharged because he was suspected of communicating with Mrs. Mohr.

"Before Brown was discharged," Heale said, "he told me on August 14 he had come from Boston and was on his way to Newport. He said he was going to get even with the doctor. He told me he had a pistol in his pocket which Mrs. Mohr had given him to put a few drops in the doctor's coffee."

"He told me he was afraid, though, because his wife was looking for the doctor's house and he was afraid she would get into trouble. He opened his coat and showed me a revolver and said he was going to shoot the doctor. I thought he was joking."

FAKE ANTIQUE FURNITURE SOLD

London, Jan. 20.—Fake antique furniture was included in a sale at Earl Cowley's residence, Shippenham, according to allegations made in a suit to recover money filed here by a firm of antique dealers against the firm of auctioneers who had conducted the sale.

A settie ascribed to Queen Anne's time was branded an obvious fake, as it looked on examination to be about a year old. An "old cabinet tempus Queen Anne" came from the factory of antiques in London to judge by its earmarks. An oak bed alleged to be of the period of Charles II was called a fake and passed as such.

The defense claimed the articles were genuine and added that Lord Cowley and his agent made up the catalogue.

THE IDEA

"China insists on her going back to a monarchy."
"She'd find that her crowning mistake."

Ends Dry, Hoarse or Painful Coughs Quickly

A Simple, Home-Made Remedy, Instantly Effective.

The prompt and positive results given by this simple, home-made cough syrup has caused it to be used in more homes than any other remedy. It gives almost instant relief and will usually overcome the average cough in 24 hours.

Get 2 1/2 ounces Pinex (50 cents worth) any drug store, pour it into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with strained sugar syrup. This makes a full pint—a family supply—of the most effective cough remedy at a cost of only 54 cents or less. You could not buy such ready-made cough medicine for \$2.50. Easily prepared and never spoils. Full directions on bottle.

The promptness, certainty and ease with which this Pinex Syrup overcomes a bad cough, chest or throat cold is truly remarkable. It quickly loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough and soothes a painful cough in a hurry. With a persistent, loose cough it stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and breathing tubes, thus ending the annoying hacking.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of orange, tangerine and grapefruit (rich in quinine) and is famous for its relief over for its splendid effect in bronchitis, whooping cough, bronchial asthma and winter cough.

To avoid disappointment in making this, ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces Pinex," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of satisfaction or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., St. Wayne, Ind.

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Double 3.00 to 4.00
Single Rooms, with bath, 3.00 to 6.00
Double 4.00 to 7.00
Parlor, Bedroom and bath, \$10.00 to \$14.00

At Broadway, 44th to 45th Streets—the center of New York's social and business activities. In close proximity to all railway terminals.

RESERVATION IS REFUSED

Germany's Proposal for Settlement of Lusitania case is Rejected.

Washington, Jan. 20.—Germany's proposal to incorporate in the settlement of the Lusitania case a reservation of any admission of wrongdoing by her submarine commander is understood to have been rejected by the United States.

A new proposal from the Berlin government is expected momentarily, however, and there is a possibility that the controversy may be closed by the elimination of all mention of the merits or demerits of the actual torpedoing of the vessel.

Agree to Indemnity.
Germany, then, would agree to pay an indemnity for the American lives lost, reiterating expressions of regret calling attention directly or by inference to the contention that she already has given the most effective disclaimer by making assurances for the future.

Might Omit Legality.
There were indications last night, however, that Germany believes that the United States might under certain circumstances accept a proposal omitting mention of the legality or illegality of the facts. One of a somewhat similar nature resulted in an agreement over the sinking of the steamship Arabic.

Official and Teutonic diplomatic circles remain optimistic regarding the ultimate outcome of the negotiations.

WAR GIVES CHANCE FOR EXPERIMENTS

London, Jan. 20.—Among the many problems of chemistry regarding which war has given increased opportunity for research is the curious one of sympathetic explosions. Why is it, ask the experimenters, that the explosion of one mass of combustible will cause the explosion of a similar mass a considerable distance away. The average layman, if asked for an explanation, would attribute the second explosion to shock, acting like a hammer blow. But an actual hammer blow of some force would not cause most modern explosives to go off. Moreover, the shock is softened and in part absorbed by the earth it travels through, so that the actual bump could have little effect on the explosive affected by it.

One theory that has the support of many experts is that the vibrations set up by the first explosion have the power to produce definite chemical actions in similar explosive compounds. These vibrations are either electro-atmospheric, or something related to ordinary sound vibrations. If

CONCERTED

(Everybody's Magazine.)
"Well, if that Watson isn't the most concerted, self-satisfied self—"

"Yes, I've heard you say something of that kind before. What's started you of this time?"

"He just sent a telegram of congratulations to his mother."

"Well?"

"Today's his birthday."

WHEN YOU WAKE UP DRINK GLASS OF HOT WATER

Wash the poisons and toxins from system before putting more food into stomach.

Says inside-bathing makes anyone look and feel clean, sweet and refreshed.

Wash yourself on the inside before breakfast like you do on the outside. This is vastly more important because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, causing illness, while the bowel pores do.

For every ounce of food and drink taken into the stomach, nearly an ounce of waste material must be carried out of the body. If this waste material is not eliminated day by day it quickly ferments and generates poisons, gases and toxins which are absorbed or sucked into the bloodstream, through the lymph ducts which should suck only nourishment to sustain the body.

A splendid health measure is to drink, before breakfast each day, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of Epsom's salts in it, which is a harmless way to wash these poisons, gases and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels; thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs but very little at the drug store but is sufficient to make anyone an enthusiast on inside-bathing. Men and women who are accustomed to wake up with a dull, aching head or have furred tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, shallow complexion, others who have bilious attacks, acid stomach or constipation are assured pronounced improvement in both health and appearance shortly.—Adv.

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RECIPE TO CLEAR A PIMPLY SKIN

Pimples Are Impurities Seeking an Outlet Through Skin Pores.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to cure the skin of these eruptions is a noted authority follows that the impurities about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast, for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, and causes the blood to filter the blood of the impurities and clearing the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithium bromide. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear; cleanses the blood and is excellent for the kidneys as well.—Adv.

War upon Pain!

Pain is a visitor to every home and usually it comes quite unexpectedly. But you are prepared for every emergency if you keep a small bottle of Sloan's Liniment handy. It is the greatest pain killer ever discovered.

Simply laid on the skin—no rubbing required—it drives the pain away instantly. It is really wonderful.

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