

The United States is next to France in the area occupied at the Paris exposition.

A New York automobile, having run down an elevator shaft in that city, may lead to an ordinance prohibiting them from climbing smokestacks and telegraph poles.

If anybody wants to open a liquor saloon in the town of Marshfield, Mass., he can do so upon paying \$1,000.00 for a license, that being the fee prescribed by the local officials.

The post office department predicts that within another five years the farmers in most sections of the country will be brought within easy reach of a daily and free delivery of mail.

As an example of wifely duty it would be hard to duplicate the story of how a Nebraska woman went all the way to California in order to give testimony that allowed her husband a divorce.

Education costs \$450,000,000 a year in the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany. It is gratifying to know that the United States spends three-sevenths of the whole amount and lends with an educational per capita of \$2.67.

A New Orleans man, who was left bankrupt at the end of the civil war, has just paid off his last creditor, and now at the age of 91 he says he is ready to die as the burden of debt has at last been removed. There are few such men in this world. Most of them seem to be trying to make someone else foot the bills.

A "hall of fame" where the names of great Americans will be inscribed is to be erected on the Hudson under the care of the University of New York. The fact that a candidate must have been dead at least ten years will prevent a good deal of disappointment on the part of some who fancy that they are later Washingtons, Lincolns and Jeffersons.

A cablegram from the Athens says that the cabinet and government there propose doing all in their power to stop the ever increasing emigration of Grecian peasants to the United States. It is stated that entire villages are being depopulated, and many large districts are left uncultivated merely because the villagers and the farmers are coming to America.

The French automobile enthusiasts are great extremists. K. Merville, champion automobile cyclist of the world; E. Crom, a journalist, and E. Jamne de Lamare, arrived in New York from Paris with two big automobiles. They intend to start for the Klondike and to make the last 800 miles of the trip on their automobiles. Their autos are propelled by gasoline.

The friends of advanced education, who are recommending now that the art of self-defense shall be taken up in the public schools, are probably impelled by the consideration that if boxing be added to some of the other fads a school teacher here and there may have an opportunity of giving some of the pupils the licking they deserve, without running the risk of dismissal for violating the law against corporal punishment.

A remarkable result of the coal famine prevailing in all the manufacturing districts of Europe appears in a dispatch from Hamburg that a steamship has arrived there from Newport News, Va., with a cargo of American coal, which is to be shipped to the districts of Bohemia and Saxony where the strikes still prevail. This condition may not last long, but it shows that in a time of emergency this country is not only the granary but the coalfield of the world.

Following close upon the vigorous exploitation of the wonders and possibilities of liquid air comes the announcement that a Swiss scientist has discovered a process of separating it into its component parts in such a way as to produce pure oxygen on a large scale and at little cost. This would be an ideal solution of the fuel question. It looks a little as if these wonderful statements might be part of a scheme to boom a liquid air speculation.

The taxpayers of Guilford, Conn., are enjoying some of the blessings of the millennium. The town has voted to levy no tax for the present year. For several years it has got along with a ten-mill tax. Now for a twelvemonth it will get along without any. The people of taxridden municipalities will envy those of Guilford, who, for a whole year, will enjoy immunity from those woes of city life, the tax assessor and collector. How it has managed to get rid of these burdens is not stated, but such information would be valuable.

Another terrible habit which is said to be even worse than the drinking of alcohol is becoming very common in eastern Prussia. A correspondent of one of the eastern papers in writing a letter relating to the matter says that this new habit is nothing more nor less than the drinking of ether. It is now sold in the saloons like any other liquor, four or five grammes to the glass, and in the town of Memel alone the amount sold last year was 5,500 quarts. The effect is said to be four times more powerful than that of an equal amount of alcohol.

There is an ominous and too little recognized fact in regard to the man in the moon. Strictly and slanglessly speaking, he is no longer in it. He has been supplanted—the old, old story—by a woman, and moon-gazers now grow rapturous over a fair profile of great and classical beauty. It seems to require special qualifications to see the lady and some scoffers even go so far as to say that no man must have one in his eye. But be that as it may, there remains for masculine minds the depressing fact that one more man has had to abdicate.

A WEEK'S HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS. The United States senate was not in session on the 17th. In the house the members pronounced eulogies upon the late Monroe L. Hayward, senator-elect from Nebraska, who died before taking the oath of office. No other business of importance was transacted.

Senator Beveridge (Ind.) offered a free trade amendment to the Porto Rico government bill in the United States senate on the 19th. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill (\$24,155,800) was passed, as was also a measure providing for the appointment of a commission to adjudicate and settle claims of the people of the United States growing out of the war with Spain. In the house the senate amendments to the Porto Rican relief bill were not concurred in. The fortifications appropriation bill (\$7,093,488) was reported and a bill was introduced to make Miles lieutenant general and Corbin major general.

On the 20th a bill for a cable to Honolulu was favorably reported in the United States senate and the Porto Rican government and tariff bill was further discussed. In the house the time was mostly occupied in discussing the measure for the correction of the abuses of the second-class postal rate.

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Time for the ratification of the West Indian reciprocity treaties has been extended. Trade is on the increase with Cuba, Porto Rico, the Philippines and Hawaii.

New two per cent. \$1,000 bonds will bear the picture of Thomas H. Benton, of Missouri.

Secretary Root, who has just returned from Cuba, says there will be no hurry about withdrawing American troops from the island until the Cubans learn self-government. He also says the condition of the country and people is good.

Fire swept away the Mohawk Valley hotel block at Mohawk, N. Y., and all the town records were destroyed. The supreme court of New York declared combinations to control prices of necessities of life unlawful. At Mendham, N. J., three married sisters, within a little over three hours, each gave birth to twins. The famous trotter, Maud S., died at Port Chester, N. Y., aged 26 years.

In New York John Kehoe, a builder, filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of \$1,520,085 and no assets.

The death of Charlotte P. Mason occurred at Sandwich, N. H., aged 105 years.

In August Bob Fitzsimmons will fight "Kid" McCoy; his battle with Sharkey is off.

In Illinois the coal production last year was 23,484,445 tons, an increase of 25 per cent. over any previous year.

The death of John A. Bingham, ex-minister to Japan, ex-congressman, and the prosecutor of Lincoln's slayers, occurred at his home in Cadiz, O., aged 85 years.

In a jealous rage Mrs. Leonard Wagner killed her husband and herself near Sandusky, O.

In San Juan a mass meeting of 10,000 citizens petitioned congress to act speedily and relieve the present ruinous conditions in Porto Rico.

Last year third-class mail matter improperly registered as second-class caused a loss of revenue to the government of over \$24,000,000.

Fire swept away a linseed oil mill, flouring mill and woolen mill at Piqua, O., the total loss being \$300,000.

Republicans of the Sixth district of Texas have nominated Dr. A. M. Green, of Dallas, for congress.

In Chicago Annie Strother, aged 22, night cashier at a restaurant, was shot and instantly killed by an unidentified veiled woman.

A negro known as "Tallow Dick" Combs is charged with the assassination of William Goebel in Frankfort, Ky.

At Lincoln William J. Bryan addressed the Nebraska Democratic convention, which adopted resolutions reaffirming the Chicago platform and opposing a large standing army, the Porto Rican tariff bill, trusts and "imperialism."

Milwaukee republicans have nominated Henry F. Baumgaertner for mayor.

A prominent manufacturer, W. J. Chalmers, told the industrial commission that Chicago's welfare was threatened by labor unions and corrupt politics.

Arkansas and South Carolina republican conventions elected delegates to the national convention instructed for President McKinley.

Fire destroyed the Flint (Mich.) wagon works, causing a loss of over \$300,000.

Domestic trouble caused Frank Shadd to kill his wife and himself at their home near Manitowoc, Wis.

Fire swept away the business center of Red Lodge, Mont., and John Davis, a farmer, was burned to death.

The Kansas republicans have nominated Charles Curtis for congress in the First district, James M. Miller in the Fourth and W. A. Reed in the Sixth.

In Chicago Bert Finch, 16 years old, shot and killed his father to prevent him from stabbing his mother.

A new and rich gold field is said to have been discovered in Two-Bit gulch, Colorado.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. The emperor of Germany assured the Transvaal government he would gladly assist in mediation if Great Britain would consent.

Manila advises say the Filipino junta is growing active and Gen. Otis has taken steps to prevent trouble. A census of the city shows a population of 150,000. In the province of Albay the insurgents have ceased harassing the Americans, but continue ravaging the country by burning and looting. The natives are tiring of this sort of thing and threaten to turn against the marauders.

Dispatches received in London say that the rebellion in the Orange Free State is at an end and that the troops are disbanding and returning to their homes. It is said that President Kruger has appealed to the king of Italy to use his influence with the object of putting an end to the war. The relief of Mafeking is not yet announced. The Boers estimate their casualties at 4,351 up to the siege of Ladysmith.

By the capsizing of a boat in the Danube river near Kalosoa 24 peasants were drowned.

Osman Digma was reported dead at Constantinople.

As a result of changed English sentiment Ireland seems destined to gain more liberal government, if not home rule.

Advices from the war say that Lord Kitchener has occupied Prieska without meeting opposition. The Boers have blown up the railroad bridge over the Modder 14 miles north of Bloemfontein and have entrenched themselves in a strong position. Joubert is in command. The burghers have also blown up the railroad bridges at Winburg and Kroonstadt, in the Orange Free State, north of Bloemfontein.

The exposition in Paris will not be ready before June.

LATER NEWS. Julia Arthur, the actress, announces she will leave the stage, for a time at least, on account of ill health.

Charles F. Macrum, ex-consul to Pretoria, South Africa, has been called to Washington to testify relative to the opening of his mail by the British authorities.

Peter Schwartz, aged 9 years, was arrested at Indianapolis upon the charge of murder. In a quarrel the boy threw a piece of brick which struck John Duncan, a companion of about the same age, above the left ear, resulting in his death.

Secretary Hay and Ambassador Cambon signed a protocol extending time for the ratification of the French reciprocity treaty.

At Warrenton, north of Kimberley, desultory fighting occurred, resulting in the retreat of the Boers towards Christiania under shellfire. The progress of this column towards Mafeking has either almost ceased, or is forbidden to be mentioned in dispatches. Nothing new comes from Colonel Plumer and Mafeking apparently still awaits relief.

Lieut.-Commander Seaton Schroeder, at present secretary of the naval inspection board, has been selected to succeed Capt. Leary as naval governor of the island of Guam.

A dispatch from Constantinople announces the death of Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna and the greatest Turkish soldier of recent times. He was 68 years old.

Arrangements have been made to send an additional detachment of medical officers to San Francisco, with a view to their transportation to Manila for the relief of a similar number of medical officers in the Philippines desirous of returning to the United States.

Beck-Olsen, the "Terrible Dane," defeated Ernest Roebler, the heavyweight champion wrestler of America, at New York.

The democrats of Alaska have called a convention for May 25 to name delegates to the national convention.

Christian Guthli, almost helpless from rheumatism, accidentally set fire to his bed at Houghton, Mich., and was burned to death.

After a terrific battle with the ice, the fire boat Cleveland, carrying a large supply of provisions, succeeded in reaching the two fishing tugs and the fire boat Earley, imprisoned in an ice field off Cleveland, O.

Senator Penrose introduced a bill in the U. S. senate authorizing the committee on Pacific railroads to investigate the reorganization of the Northern Pacific and declaring that all transfers of land to or by the Northern Pacific Railway Company be declared illegal and void.

There is no truth in the report published in the United States that Osman Pasha, the hero of Plevna is dead. The famous Turkish general has been sick for a week past, but his health is now improving.

The separating house at the Hercules Powder Works at Lamotte, Mo., blew up and Peter Beck and Edmond Carter were blown to atoms.

One of the elevators in the seven-story factory building, O. 247 Centre street, New York, broke its cable and fell seven stories, injuring three of its occupants.

On Woolser's plantation in Houston county, Tex., four children of John Borden were burned to death.

Tom Jones, of Garner, N. C., a negro known as "Preacher Jones," killed Ida Jones and her daughter Ella, and then set fire to the house, burning his victims and four sleeping children.

Olga Nethersole, the actress, was indicted by the grand jury in New York for producing the play "Sapho."

The old publishing house of D. Appleton & Co., New York, has assigned for benefit of creditors.

Nearly 1,000 machinists at Cleveland, O., struck for nine hours a day with ten hours' pay.

J. N. Wilton and J. W. Saunders, of Emporia, Va., were murdered and robbed by two tramps, one white, the other a negro.

Wm. Glover and Tom McCain, colored, arrested at Hopkinsville, Ky., confessed that they kidnapped the Louisville & Nashville train for the purpose of robbery.

MARKETS. Minneapolis, Minn., March 22. Wheat—No. 1 northern, 64@65c; No. 2 northern, 63@64c; May 63 1/2c. Corn—No. 3, white, 31c.

Cattle—Steers, \$3.15@4.25; cows, \$2.75@3.25. Sheep—Muttons, \$4.50; lambs, \$6.00. Hogs—\$4.25@4.75.

Butter—Creamery, extras, 22@23c; creamery, firsts, 20@21c; dairy, fancy, 19@20c.

Poultry—Turkeys, 8@10c; spring chickens, 12c.

NO OPPOSITION OFFERED.

Kitchener Occupies Prieska Without a Fight—Many Prisoners and Guns Captured.

London, March 21.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, Tuesday, March 20:

"Kitchener occupied Prieska yesterday unopposed. The rebels surrendered their arms. The Transvaal is circulating a notice, by means of dispatch riders, in reply to my proclamation, to the effect that any burgher who signs a declaration that he will not fight against us again will be treated as a traitor and shot. The Bloemfontein people are affording us every assistance in the matter of hospital accommodations. We have consequently been able to arrange for 500 beds. Thirty-three prisoners were taken at Prieska. Thirty-five arms and some supplies and explosives. The Boers have begun to surrender on the Basutoland frontier."

London, March 21.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Donkerspoort, dated Monday, March 19, says:

"A reconnaissance toward Philippolis, 25 miles west of Springfontein, found the farms all flying white. The British troops were cordially received. It is reported that Mr. Steyn is trying to rally the Boers, but the latter say they have had enough."

Cape Town, March 21.—The Boers have blown up the bridges north of Bloemfontein, including those at Winburg and Kroonstadt, and are now retreating to the north.

London, March 21.—In the house of commons Tuesday the parliamentary secretary of the war office, George Wyndham, said the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, was about to issue a proclamation, the subject of the alleged threats of the Boers to destroy Johannesburg and as to what the Boers may expect in the event of wanton destruction of British property.

London, March 22.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing Tuesday, March 20, says:

"I have just arrived from Bloemfontein, where I learned that no further movement is probable for three weeks, as negotiations are proceeding. I failed to ascertain the nature of the negotiations, or whether Sir Alfred Milner's departure from Cape Town is connected with them, but I should not be surprised if the war collapsed quickly."

PASSED AWAY.

Death of Ex-Congressman Bingham, of Ohio—Brief Sketch of His Career.

Cadiz, O., March 20.—Hon. John A. Bingham died at his home in Cadiz Monday morning, aged 85 years. He had been in ill health, the result of old age, for some time, and his death was not unexpected. Two daughters survive him.

(Judge Bingham was a noted orator. He served eight terms in congress from the Sixth district, and was minister to Japan from 1872 to 1885. He was an advocate of the court which sat in the impeachment proceedings against President Johnson, and a strong advocate of Mrs. Surratt for conspiracy in the murder of Lincoln. He was the author of the first section of the Fourteenth amendment to the constitution. During his public career he was a leader in the national conference of the republican party and was a close friend of Lincoln and Stanton. He was voted a pension by congress in recognition of his distinguished service to the country.)

Urge a Settlement.

San Juan de Porto Rico, March 21.—Gov. Gen. Davis is in constant receipt of telegrams from the various owners of the island begging him to use his influence with the United States congress for a speedy settlement of the questions now in controversy. Demonstrations occurred at many points similar to the large gathering, headed by the San Juan chamber of commerce which presented the petition to the governor general for a redress of grievances.

Wagon Factory Burned.

Flint, Mich., March 22.—The Flint wagon works was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday night, causing a loss of over \$200,000. The plant was insured for \$120,000. This is the most severe blow to Flint the city has ever received. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Five hundred men are thrown out of work as a result of the fire. This is the fourth time the wagon works have suffered by fire, and it is not known whether they will be rebuilt.

State Successfully Cast.

New York, March 22.—The gold statue of "The American Girl," which is to be exhibited at the Paris exposition, was successfully cast Wednesday. Miss Maude Adams, the actress, was the model, and Mrs. Bessie Potter Vonnah was the sculptor. The statue mounted on its base will be six feet in height, the figure being of Miss Adams' own height. It weighs 712 pounds, and the bullion used is valued at \$187,000.

Woman Killed by a Woman.

Chicago, March 20.—Annie Strother, night cashier in Swan's restaurant, 150 Twenty-second street, was shot and almost instantly killed by an unidentified woman shortly before one o'clock this morning. After emptying her revolver at the cashier the assailant thrust the weapon into her pocket and walked out of the place, making her escape. Jealousy, it is supposed, was the motive in the shooting.

Competition Open to World.

St. Paul, Minn., March 22.—The National Educational association, through the National Council of Education, has offered \$1,200 in prizes for the best essays on seating, lighting, heating and ventilating public school buildings—\$200 as a first prize and \$100 as a second prize for essays on each of the four subjects named. Competition is open to the world.

Boy Kills His Father.

Chicago, March 22.—To save his mother's life, Albert Finch, 15 years old, shot and instantly killed his father Tuesday night at their home in Austin. When the fatal shot was fired the woman was on her knees, her husband leaning over her and brandishing a knife. The boy came to the rescue none too soon.

Death of Gen. Haraden.

Madison, Wis., March 19.—Gen. Henry Haraden, department commander of the G. A. R., who had been critically ill in this city for several days, died at 7:10 Saturday night of pneumonia. He had a brilliant military record, and commanded the detachment that effected the capture of Jeff Davis.

REPRESENTS HIS VIEWS.

Platform Adopted by Nebraska Democrats in Convention at Lincoln Approved by Mr. Bryan.

Lincoln, Neb., March 20.—In effect William J. Bryan announced Monday night to the democratic party in convention here and to the nation at large the platform which he considers the best for the democratic party, and practically upon which he desires to stand if nominated at the Kansas City convention. The resolutions adopted are as follows:

They indorse the Chicago platform, favor income tax and popular election of United States senators, oppose government by injunction and the black list, and favor arbitration of labor disputes, declare for municipal ownership of municipal franchises, but they continue regarding the country by burning and looting. The military authorities have been forced to put a stop to Mabin's intercourse with the public. The local and foreign press considers his recent utterances calculated to incite Filipinos to a continued revolt and prejudicial to American control.

In the province of Albay the insurgents have ceased harassing the Americans, owing, it is reported, to a lack of ammunition, but they continue ravaging the country by burning and looting. The natives are tiring of this sort of thing and threaten to turn against the marauders. Already the townspeople of Legaspi, Albay and Donzola are slowly returning to their homes.

Gen. Kobbé has opened 20 ports in the southern part of Luzon and in the islands of Samar and Leyte, the result of which is to stimulate trade there, although only temporarily, as the country opened is nonproductive and apparently nonconsummating. Owing to the political conditions of the last 12 months products accumulated during the blockade. These will be shipped to Manila and then the ports will be empty.

Paris, March 22.—The Intransigent has a telegram received by Aguilillo, Aguinaldo's envoy, announcing that the Filipino Gen. Pavia has routed the Americans near Cubat and taken the town.

PORTO RICANS STARVING.

Gen. Davis Sends Word That He Will Need 500 Tons of Provisions Every Week.

Washington, March 20.—Adj. Gen. Corbin received a cable message Monday from Gen. Davis, commanding the department of Porto Rico, saying that the condition of the inhabitants of Porto Rico is distressing and the suffering so general and widespread over the island that he will require at least 500 tons of food supplies weekly until further notice in proportions of 4-7 rice, 2-7 beans and 1-4 each of bacon and codfish. Arrangements are being made in the subsistence and quartermaster general's departments to meet this requisition as promptly and regularly as possible.

Washington, March 21.—Secretary Root has authorized Gen. Davis, at San Juan, to give employment upon public works to surplus labor in Porto Rico. The war department had prepared an order to carry out this plan, but it was learned that Secretary Root had telegraphed the instruction to Gen. Davis from Havana.

ASSETS VERY LIGHT.

A Son of Peter Lorillard, the Millionaire Tobaccoist, Once Worth Over \$2,000,000, a Bankrupt.

New York, March 22.—Jacob Lorillard, formerly a brick manufacturer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities, \$867,327; assets, \$300.

Jacob Lorillard is a son of Peter Lorillard, the millionaire tobaccoist, and inherited \$1,500,000 from his father's estate. His cousin, Catherine Lorillard Wolf, left him \$300,000; his brother George bequeathed \$250,000 to him, and an aunt left a large sum to him. He receives an income of \$40,000 from his father's estate, and this sum, he testified in a suit against him, was necessary for his support.

Can't Reduce Rates.

Detroit, Mich., March 20.—Judge Swan, in the United States district court, Monday rendered a decision which destroys the validity of an ordinance passed some months since by the city council, requiring the street railway companies to reduce rates of fare to ten cents. The court says there is nothing in the charter of the city which authorizes such an ordinance, and it allows an injunction to restrain the city from enforcing it.

Tarred and Feathered.

Gretna, Neb., March 22.—Wednesday night a mob took Louis Figg and wife, alleged religious fanatics, from their beds and treated them to a coat of tar and feathers. The mob, numbering about 30 prominent citizens, made an attempt to burn Figg. It is alleged that Figg and his wife have caused a number of women to forsake home and husbands and children and take up residence in the Figg "heaven."

Internal Revenue Collections.

Washington, March 22.—The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that for the month of February, 1900, the total receipts from all sources were \$20,809,665, an increase as compared with the same month in 1899 of \$1,160,659. During the last eight months the total receipts were \$195,608,878, an increase over the corresponding period of last year of \$16,825,184.

Death of H. E. Taubeneck.

Seattle, Wash., March 20.—Herman E. Taubeneck, well known as the former chairman of the national committee of the people's party, died in this city Monday. He came here from the east about two months ago in delicate health, and he has since been resting quietly at the home of his brother, ignoring all publicity. The body will be shipped to his old home in Illinois.

Victim of a Mob.

Raleigh, S. C., March 22.—Gov. Russell is officially informed that Tuesday night four masked men went to the home of George Riddle, a negro, aged 35 years, near Carthage, and attempted to hang him, but he broke away. He was caught, however, horribly mutilated and hanged and shot. His murderers are believed to be moonshiners.

Cost of the Famine.

London, March 21.—The India office has issued its annual financial statement. This shows a surplus for 1899 and 1900 of £2,563,000, and an estimated surplus for 1900 and 1901 of £1,600,000. The famine expenditure for 1899-1900 was £2,055,000. It is estimated the famine expenditure for 1900 and 1901 will be £3,355,000.

Carnegie Suit Ended.

Pittsburgh, Pa., March 22.—Andrew Carnegie has made an agreement with H. C. Frick and others whereby Frick's suits against the Carnegie Steel company are amicably settled and a combination with \$200,000,000 capital is formed.

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

The Junta Growing Active and Manila Is Considered Most Troublesome Center in the Situation.

Manila, March 19.—Gen. Otis considers Manila the most troublesome center in the situation to-day. The insurgent junta here, in conjunction with that in Hong-Kong, is growing active. The military authorities have been forced to put a stop to Mabin's intercourse with the public. The local and foreign press considers his recent utterances calculated to incite Filipinos to a continued revolt and prejudicial to American control.

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Killed by Dynamite.

Fire destroyed the Hennepen block in Minneapolis, and Mrs. Carrie Crawford, colored, perished from suffocation. Mrs. Crawford, with her child and her aged father-in-law, Isaac Crawford, lived on the fourth floor at the rear of No. 325. The man succeeded in making his way out of the building, but the young woman became excited and went to the windows facing the alley at the rear. Surrounded by flames and smoke she screamed for help while a crowd of terror-stricken people watched her peril.

Finally ladders were placed and Fireman Berwin reached the top and secured the boy which the mother had placed on the ledge of the window. Then he descended as rapidly as possible and made another ascent to the top to save the poor mother.

However, she had dropped back into the maelstrom of fire and flame as soon as she saw that her child was safe. Bravely risking his own life, Berwin attempted to reach the prostrate woman, but he was driven back and compelled to leave her.

Killed by Dynamite.

Axel Cederberg was killed by a dynamite explosion