

RULER IS SAVED.

An Attempt to Assassinate President McKinley Fails to Succeed.

While Holding Reception at Buffalo Exposition He Is Shot Down.

Wounds at First Deemed Fatal Have Apparently Yielded to Medical Skill.

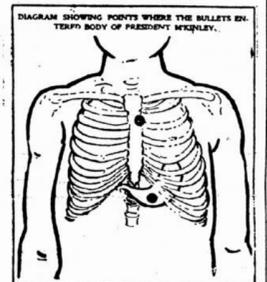
His Physicians Are Confident That He Will Recover—His Assailant an Anarchist.

His Name Is Leon Czolgosz, and Says He Was Inspired by Words of Emma Goldman—Woman Arrested.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 7.—While President McKinley was receiving in the Temple of Music Friday afternoon he was approached by a man with a dark mustache and with one hand covered with a handkerchief. As the man extended his hand to the president, apparently with the intention of shaking hands with him, he fired a shot which entered the president's right breast, lodging against the breast bone. Another shot was fired at once, which entered the president's abdomen. The assailant was immediately arrested and was thrown to the ground and quick as flash 27 men were upon him. When rescued he was covered with blood from a gash in his face. Cries of lynching were heard in every direction, but the police managed to get the man out of the grounds and locked him up in a station house a short distance from the grounds. Later he was removed to the police headquarters.

The Wounds Described.

Secretary Cortelyou gave out the following statement: "The president was shot about four o'clock. One bullet struck him on the upper portion of the breastbone, glancing and not penetrating; the second bullet penetrated the abdomen, about two inches below the left nipple and 1 1/2 inches to the left of the median line. The abdomen was opened through the line of the bullet wound. It was found that the bullet had penetrated the stomach. The opening in the front wall of the stomach was carefully closed with silk stitches, after which a search was



made for a hole in the back wall of the stomach. This was found and also closed in the same way. The further course of the bullet could not be discovered, although careful search was made. The abdominal wound was closed without drainage. No injury to the intestines or other abdominal organs was discovered. The patient stood the operation well; pulse of good quality, rate of 120, condition at the conclusion of operation very good. It is believed that recovery is possible. His condition at present justifies hope of recovery."

The Assassin.
Late Friday night the police learned that one of Fred Nieman, the real name of the would-be assassin is Leon Czolgosz. He was born in Detroit, and came here from Cleveland. He is about 28 years old, stands five feet nine inches high, weighs 160 pounds, has dark brown hair, blue eyes, smooth face, regular features, with prominent nose.

Makes a Confession.
Leon Czolgosz, the accused and self-confessed assassin, has signed a confession covering six pages of foolscap, which state that he is an anarchist, and that he became an enthusiastic member of that sect through the influence of Emma Goldman, whose writings he had read and whose lectures he had listened to. He denies having any confederate, and says he decided on the act three days ago, and bought the revolver with which the act was committed in Buffalo.

Exposed to Danger.
The president, though well guarded by United States secret service detectives, was fully exposed to such an attack as occurred. He stood at the edge of the raised dais upon which stands the great pipe organ at the east side of the magnificent structure. Throngs of people crowded in at the various entrances to gaze upon their executive, perchance to clap his hand.

The Assassin Approaches.
It was shortly after four p. m., when one of the throng which surrounded the presidential party, a medium-sized man of ordinary appearance and plainly dressed in black, approached as if to greet the president. Both Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn noticed that the man's hand was swathed in a bandage or handkerchief. Reports of bystanders differ as to which hand. He worked his way amid the stream of people up to the edge of the dais until he was within two feet of the president.

Fires the Shot.
President McKinley smiled, bowed and extended his hand in that spirit of geniality the American people so well know, when suddenly the sharp crack of a revolver rang out loud and clear above the hum of voices, the shuffling of myriad feet and vibrating waves of applause that ever and anon swept here and there over the assemblage.

Then he retreated a step, while a baller began to steal over his features. The multitude, only partially aware that something serious had happened, paused in surprise while necks were craned and all eyes turned as one to the rostrum where a great tragedy was being enacted.

Captured.
Then came a commotion. With the leap of a tiger three men threw themselves forward, as with one impulse, and sprang toward the would-be assassin. Two of them were United States secret service men who were on the lookout and whose duty it was to guard against just such a calamity as had here befallen the president and the nation. The third was a bystander, a negro who had only instantaneously grasped in his dusky palm the hand of the president. As one man they hurried themselves upon the president's assailant. In a twinkling he was borne to the ground, his weapon was wrested from his grasp and strong arms pinioned him down.

Coolness of the President.
But of the multitude which witnessed or bore a part in the scene of turmoil and turbulence there was but one mind which seemed to retain its equilibrium, one hand which remained steady, one eye which gazed with unflinching calmness and one voice which retained its even tenor and faltered not at the most critical juncture. They were the mind and hand and the eye and the voice of President McKinley.

After the first shock of the assassin's

an anesthetic. Upon the first examination it was ascertained that one bullet had taken effect in the right breast just below the nipple, causing a comparatively harmless wound. The other took effect in the abdomen, about four inches below the left nipple, four inches to the left of the navel and about on a level with it. Upon arrival at the exposition hospital the second bullet was probed for. The walls of the abdomen were opened, but the ball was not located.

Mrs. McKinley Bears Up Well.
When the news of the crime was telephoned to the home of President Milburn, where Mrs. McKinley was resting, immediate steps were taken to spare her the shock of a premature statement of the occurrence before the true condition of the president should be ascertained. Guards were stationed, and no one was permitted to approach the house. When it was decided to remove the president from the exposition hospital to the Milburn residence the news was broken to Mrs. McKinley as gently as might be by the members of the Milburn family. She bore the shock remarkably well, and displayed the utmost fortitude. She said that if it was possible to bring her husband to her she wanted it done. Dr. Rixey assured her that the president could be brought with safety from the exposition grounds.

Messages of Sympathy.
The messages of sympathy from all over the United States and all over the

to make their bullet's entirely frank. In consequence of this separation of the edges of the surface wound the healing of the same will be somewhat delayed. The president is now well enough to begin to take nourishment by the mouth in the form of pure beef juice.

(Signed)
"M. D. MANN,
"ROSWELL PARKER,
"HERMAN MYNTER,
"CHARLES M'BURNEY,
"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
"Secretary to the President."
Out of Danger.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The corps of eminent surgeons and physicians in attendance upon the wounded president Tuesday committed them-



LEON CZOLGOSZ, ASSASSIN.

selves without reservation to the opinion that their patient was out of danger, and that only the possibility of complications threatened his life. They did not give assurance of his recovery collectively over their signatures in the official bulletin, but they went a long way toward it individually and separately during the day. Each of them, with the exception of Dr. Rixey, who did not leave the Milburn residence, placed himself squarely on record, not privately to the friends of the president, but publicly through the agency of the press. That the danger point had passed, and that the president would survive the attempt upon his life.

NO BLOOD POISONING.

Test of President's Condition Discloses This Fact.

Milburn House, Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 12.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at ten o'clock p. m.: "The president's condition continues favorable. Blood count corroborates clinical evidence of absence of any blood poisoning. He is able to take more nourishment and relish it. Pulse, 120; temperature, 100.4."

(Signed)
"M. D. MANN,
"ROSWELL PARKER,
"HERMAN MYNTER,
"EUGENE WASDIN,
"CHARLES M'BURNEY,
"GEORGE B. CORTELYOU,
"Secretary to the President."
"Good News."

The physicians did not begin to leave the Milburn residence until shortly before 11 o'clock. The reports which they had to communicate could hardly have been more gratifying than they were. Dr. Wasdin and Dr. Mynter came out together. The latter was hemmed in on all sides by the eager newspaper men.

"Good news! Good news!" he cried; "nothing but good news. We have washed and fed the president and moved him to another bed."
"Is he still improving?"
"He is, and to prove it I desire to say that a count of his blood shows



THE HOSPITAL WHERE PRESIDENT WAS TAKEN.

that it is in a normal condition, and we feel that we can announce definitely that there is not the least indication of blood poisoning."

Term Explained.
He referred the reporters to Dr. Wasdin, of the Marine hospital service, who was standing at his side, for a scientific interpretation. The latter explained that a count of the blood was a microscopic examination of the relative number of white and red corpuscles in the blood to determine whether inflammation of any sort existed. An increase of white corpuscles, relatively speaking, would show inflammation and deterioration of the blood that might indicate peritonitis. He said that in the morning a few drops of blood were taken from the lobe of the ear and microscopically counted under his direction. "We found," said he, "that the number of white corpuscles was just about normal, while the red cells were slightly below normal, due to insufficient nutrition since the operation. The count was not made," continued Dr. Wasdin, "to verify the fact that blood poisoning did not exist, of which we felt certain, but to remove every shade of doubt. The result is that we feel safe in announcing that not a trace of blood poisoning, peritonitis or inflammation exists. The test could not have been more satisfactory."

Still Very Sick.
"Is the president out of danger?"
"No, I would not say that; he is a very sick man, but his condition under the circumstances could not be better. That much I will say emphatically."
"Was any trace of pus found in the exterior wound?"
"Not a particle. Pus means the existence of an abscess, and there is not a suggestion of pus about the president's body."

An Important Factor.
Dr. McBurney laid particular stress on the fact that the president is able to take a great deal of nourishment,

which was an important factor in the treatment of his case. It was this one thing needed to strengthen and build him up after the ordeal which has so weakened him. He is now taking about an ounce of beef juice every hour, and so far the stomach has not rejected any of it. The wound which it was found necessary to redress Tuesday night is progressing satisfactorily, and Dr. McBurney said it had improved very much. The doctor apparently felt very much elated over the progress the president is making toward recovery, and in response to an inquiry as to whether he believed Mr. McKinley would recover, smilingly replied: "Oh, yes."

In Fine Spirits.

The president continues in excellent spirits, but he confessed to one of the attendants that he was getting lonesome. He requested that he be placed in another bed. A depression had formed in the mattress upon which he has lain since he was taken to the Milburn house and had caused some discomfort. Another bed was provided and he was carefully moved from one to the other without difficulty. He had asked several times if there was any news which he should know, but inquiries, especially about public matters, are discouraged and the rigid inhibition against the admission of anyone except his wife and faithful secretary has not been relaxed. It is now virtually decided that no attempt will be made to remove the president to Washington until he has completely recovered, and in a general way it can be said that there is no likelihood that this will be until October. The physicians are all agreed that no attempt should be made to take the president to Washington while the probability of an oppressive hot spell in the capital city remains.

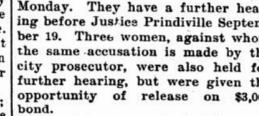
CAUGHT IN CHICAGO.

Arrest of Emma Goldman, Whose Words Inspired Czolgosz.

Chicago, Sept. 10.—Nine men charged with entering into a conspiracy to kill the president of the United States were held without bail in the court of Justice Prindiville at the Harrison street police station Monday. They have a further hearing before Justice Prindiville on September 19. Three women, against whom the same accusation is made by the city prosecutor, were also held for further hearing, but were given the opportunity of release on \$3,000 bond.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Emma Goldman, whose anarchistic lectures are said to have stirred Leon Czolgosz to shoot President McKinley, was arrested at 302 Sheffield avenue at 11 o'clock Tuesday. In the home of Charles G. Norris, where she had been for several days, the woman was taken into custody by Detective Herts, from the office of Chief O'Neill, and Capt. Herman Schuetter. She told the chief that she was "having a little fun at the expense of the police department." She had intended Tuesday to give herself up to the police.

An emphatic denial met the suggestion that the assassin was spurred to his deed by her utterances.



EMMA GOLDMAN.

(Noted Anarchist Leader, Now Under Arrest in Chicago.)

Repeats Advocating Violence.
"I don't believe he ever said it. I have read the accounts, but I don't believe they are true. I never urged violence. My lectures have never been published in pamphlet form or in book. They have been printed in periodicals, but they never have advocated murder. I do not favor such means to our end."

Her stories of the meeting with Czolgosz tally with those of Isaac and the assassin himself. It was on July 12 that she saw him in Chicago, she said, though she had never heard his name and would not connect him with the deed had it not been for his published statement of his visit to Chicago in July.

Emma Goldman, Czolgosz and Abraham Isaak and Mary Isaak were in consultation in Chicago on two occasions. Mary Isaak accompanied Emma Goldman to Buffalo the last time the arch-leader of the anarchists was here.

HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Chicago Magistrate Refuses Bond for Emma Goldman.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Magistrate Prindiville on Wednesday decided that Emma Goldman, the anarchist lecturer under arrest here, should be held without bail pending the decision of similar cases in the upper court. Miss Goldman appeared for a hearing before the magistrate during the forenoon. She had not secured counsel, but in a determined voice declared that she was ready to act as her own attorney. The assistant city prosecutor, however, obtained a continuance of the hearing till September 18, the date set for the hearing of other anarchists in custody here. Mr. Owens, the prosecutor, stated that the result of an investigation at Buffalo was being awaited. The court postponed his decision in the matter of bail, which Miss Goldman demanded the privilege of furnishing, until later in the day. While waiting, Judge Chetlain, in the superior court, held the other anarchists till Friday, when he said he would hear arguments in the application for writs of habeas corpus. As the charge against Miss Goldman, "conspiracy to murder President McKinley," is the one lodged against the local anarchists, who are named as coconspirators with Miss Goldman, Magistrate Prindiville thought it wise to await the decision of the higher court. He said it would not be necessary for counsel to apply for a writ for Miss Goldman, as he would deal exactly with Miss Goldman as Judge Chetlain did with the other prisoners.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

Interesting Notes From Across the Ocean.

HAPPENINGS IN THE FATHERLAND.

Principal Events That Have Occurred in the Old Countries About the North Sea Within a Week or So Just Past.

NORWAY.

The Stalheim hotel in Hardanger, is overcrowded with tourists, the number sometimes exceeding 500. The Americans and the Germans are most numerous.

On August eighth, it was fifty years since the first spade of dirt was raised from the ground for the first railway built in Norway. The ceremony took place near the Oslo episcopal residence, Kristiania, and the historic spade was handled by Statholder Lovenskiold.

Consul G. Robertson, of Hammerfest, one of the most popular and prominent men of Finnmarken, died at the age of 29 years.

Business. Some Norwegian shipowners bought an iron vessel named Hebe, for \$16,000 in 1877, and sold it the other day to some Austrians for \$30,000. During the years 1877-1901, they made \$22,000 on the original investment.

A committee headed by Knut O. Ailstad, of Sildre, has been constituted for the purpose of establishing an ethnological and historical museum in Valdres.

A postoffice directory published by Aschehøng & Co., contains the names of 9,500 Norwegian farms, villages, towns and cities.

About one hundred cases of typhoid fever are reported from Bergen, and about ten per cent of them prove fatal. The disease has prevailed at fourteen different farm houses.

Orbladet says: The commanding general recently made a tour of inspection about the gardeners drill ground. "Are all the divisions present?" he asked. "Yes, sir," said the local commander. The general proceeded some distance, and stopped and said: "But at this place there are neither officers nor men, what does that mean?" "Well, but nothing has been reported to me," was the only explanation that the local commander could give. At this juncture a subaltern came out and told that the missing division, commanded by Capt. Lowzow, was at the maneuvers, and that its camps were located at Matrand and Tler, near Kongsvinger. No orders had been given for these maneuvers, and Captain Lowzow had to expiate his uncalled-for activity by a six days' confinement. A strange discipline seems to prevail in the Norwegian army.

The output of many factories in southern Norway has been reduced as much as fifty per cent on account of low water in the rivers supplying the motive power.

The following sentences were called from the address made by Prof. Lassar, of Berlin, at the unveiling of the bust of Dr. Armauer Hansen, the discoverer of the leprosy bacillus, at Bergen: "Dr. Armauer Hansen has not only discovered the leprosy bacillus, but he has laid the foundation of the present theory of leprosy. By his own activity and by the aid of his disciples, Norway shows a surprising reduction in the number of lepers, and this change has been accomplished without infringing upon the rights of the individual. When a country wishes to combat leprosy, Norway is looked to for information, and the city of Bergen has become a high school for the study of leprosy."

Blessing, the physician of Prof. Nansen's north pole expedition, has gone to South Africa on account of his falling health, and if the climate is suitable for his constitution he may settle down in that part of the world.

The school squadron consisting of 15 men, marched from Kristiania to Levanger, a distance of about 400 English miles, in two weeks. Up to the time of this writing nothing has been heard from the maneuvers at Levanger.

The export of condensed milk from the "uplands" is assuming respectable proportions. One consignment to London contained 6,870 cases, or 320,000 cans, one-sixth of which had been treated according to Dr. Gieseler's method.

The Feldstater sanatorium, near Trondhjem, has been sold at public auction for \$11,000.

Carl Lumholtz has finished his great work on his explorations in Mexico, and it will appear in English, Norwegian, German, French and Spanish.

The steamer Capella, Captain Stokken, has returned from its voyage to the arctic waters in search of the three men who were lost from the expedition of the duke of Abruzzi. The south shore of Franz Joseph's Land was scoured, but no trace of the lost men could be found. The monument which the duke had provided, was erected at Cape Flora.

At the school farm in Kodal, is a ridge of hills which for ages has been supposed to contain metals in large quantities. Investigations have just proved that almost one-half of the body of rock which constitutes the main part of the ridge is rich iron ore.

King Oscar and Queen Sofie have donated \$70 to the fire sufferers at Farsund.

"The North Cape is tumbling down," is what we read in the Norwegian papers. In fact large lumps of the mountain have broken off and rolled into the sea this summer.

Kristiania was found to have about 68,000 voters, 40,000 of whom are men.

SWEDEN.

Conservative business men deprecated the recklessness with which the directors of the Gellivare Mining Company, one of the most comprehensive business concerns in Sweden, made the company responsible for other enterprises of vast proportions but of a questionable character. The credit of the Gellivare Mining Company has in fact been going from bad to worse, and now the predictions of the pessimists seem to have been verified. A debt of \$200,000 was due July 15. No money was forthcoming. The directors attempted to ward off the impending catastrophe by giving second mortgage in a quantity of iron ore stored up at Svartort. But the parties holding the first mortgage, which amounted to \$800,000, prevented the utterance of a second mortgage, and on August 15 the Norrbotten Bank petitioned the municipal court of Stockholm for a receiver for the Gellivare Mining Company. The mortgage loans of the company exceed \$5,000,000, and the other debts aggregate about \$1,500,000. Notwithstanding the capital stock is \$1,500,000, but our advisers do not state how much of this amount has been paid in. The crash is due chiefly to gross mismanagement, and the creditors anticipate no losses. The result, it is said, will be a reorganization of the company on a sounder basis and the election of more conservative directors. The Luossavara Mining Company, another great Norrland concern, was connected with the failing company, but though younger and weaker than the latter, its finances will not be seriously disturbed by the crash.

The one-hundredth anniversary of the birth of Fredrika Bremer was fittingly celebrated August 17 at Osterhagens church-yard.

The Big Lake monster (Storsjöodjuret) manifested itself August 15 at Backe, Brumby. The animal—of fish, or whatever it is—was about 100 feet long, and swam back and forth "so that the waves rushed around it." The observers declare most emphatically that it was a living animal, not an animal created by a "wild and wondrous imagination."

The German firms that buy lingo (red berries, used like cranberries) have organized a ring to keep the prices down. Le Temps claims to know that part of the Nobel prizes will go to Dr. Finsen, a Dane, who invented the "red chamber" for the treatment of skin diseases, and Prof. Pauloff, a Russian physiologist, who has written a noted work on "the physiology of foodstuffs," the amount in each case being \$5,000.

Vimmerby claims to be the only Swedish city that has never been visited by King Oscar II. But he is expected to be there at the dedication of the East Central railroad, and the Nobel prizes will be taken place before the end of this year.

The Swedish System. P. Sjolund, of Norralla, was elected public school teacher at Soderalla, not far from Gefle, by three men who cast 5.25 "fyrik" or property votes. The other candidate was L. E. Brattfors, of Ockelbo, who received 1.75 "fyrik" votes cast by 41 voters. Thus 47 voters were completely "snomed under" by three votes. The three victorious votes represented the Bergvik-Als stock company.

In restoring the archiepiscopal residence at Upsala, the architects discovered some apartments in the walls which had been closed up with brick in the year 1588, the changes having been ordered by Erik XIV. in order that his demoted brother, Count Magnus, who was closed up in the building, should not escape through those apartments.

Captain Wester, of the general staff, is the recipient of the red cross of honor conferred upon those who distinguish themselves by unusual bravery in the Spanish army. Captain Wester saved the lives of some wounded Spaniards at El Caney, Cuba, by engaging in a hand-to-hand meleé with a group of Cuban frebooters.

It is stated that the John Ericsson monument at Stockholm will be unveiled September 14, the eleventh anniversary of the landing of the remains of the inventor on Swedish soil.

All Nouri Bey, former Turkish consul in Amsterdam, who is a native of Sweden, but who changed his name upon becoming prominent in Turkish politics, fell from grace some time ago because he supports the young Turkish party. But he and his accomplished wife managed to escape the clutches of the sultan and now they are giving Turkish affairs a general European airing. All Nouri Bey recently wrote to the London Daily Mail: "The number of Armenian killed will depend on the outcry raised in Europe and the pressure brought to bear upon the sultan. The same possible process will be repeated year by year until all are killed."

DENMARK.

Katrine Nikolajev, a servant girl at the South Vilestrup dairy, used to keep house in building fire in the morning. Her dress caught fire and she ran out on the porch, where she was found sitting, her clothes and her skin completely burned up. She died two hours later on her way to the Haderslev hospital.

Sorensen and Horup, the minister of the interior and the minister of public traffic, are slowly recovering from the malaise which has caused the patients much pain and their friends uneasiness.

Jess Pedersen has publicly challenged Bech Olsen, he with the bull's neck, to a public wrestling match, but so far the world's champion wrestler has given no answer.

King Edward and Czar Nicholas are to meet at Frederborg. Special police will be sent to Denmark in advance of the monarchs.

A furious thunder storm swept Jylland, August twelfth. Fire kindled by lightning destroyed many farm houses, stock and grain, which had just been harvested.

Mr. Horup, the minister of public traffic, is now suffering from inflammation of the kidneys, is doing better after a surgical operation was performed upon him.

Thirty-three prominent men have signed an appeal to all the communes of the kingdom to elect representatives to convene on a certain day in the presence of the king, to express the satisfaction and gratitude of the nation on account of the appointment of the new cabinet.

The new cabinet is preparing a new taxation bill, which will be presented to the riksdag after its opening. The Minister of the Interior Sorensen improved somewhat about the middle of August, but a relapse made his condition quite serious.

Copenhagen, Aug. 12.—Professor Finsen's light institute for the treatment of skin diseases at Rosenvanget, was dedicated today. The cost of the ground and the buildings is about \$90,000.

General Schnack, the former minister of war, has been elected a general in a regiment in Denmark for Mr. Krupp, the great gun manufacturer.

The Dannebrog is authority for the statement that seven Danish ships have been hired to transport troops from Revel to Finland, where field maneuvers will take place at no distant date.

TOLD OF WOMEN.

Out of 23,922 applicants for British patents during 1900, 549 were women. No woman has entered the Convent of St. Catherine, on Mt. Sinai, for 1,400 years.

The directors of the government railways in Prussia have decided that women shall hereafter be available for service in the clerical divisions.

The countess of Mayo is an indefatigable worker in the cause of the Irish art needlework school. Her latest achievement has been to enlist the practical sympathy of Lady Campbell of Garscube, who has allowed an exhibition and sale of work to be held at her place.

The report from Washington that the census office is overworked with huge tasks looks like a sharp trick to get rid of the women clerks without the necessity of discharging them, as will have to be done soon, owing to the near completion of the work. The census officials are known to be very tender-hearted men.

Few women have ever been known by four different names, though married but once. Such may, however, be Lady Curzon's distinction. She started in life as Miss Mary Leiter; by marriage she became Mrs. George N. Curzon, then Lady Curzon of Kedleston. When her father-in-law dies she will be Lady Scarsdale.

It is odd to note that while Queen Victoria achieved one of the longest reigns in history her eldest daughter's was one of the shortest ever known. The Empress Frederick, although she died an important figure at the German court for over 40 years, was empress for barely a hundred days.



PRESIDENT MCKINLEY.

shot he retreated a step; then, as the detectives leaped upon his assailant, he turned, walked steadily to a chair and seated himself, at the same time removing his hat and bowing his head in his hands.

Urged All to Be Calm.
In an instant Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn were at his side. His waistcoat was hurriedly opened, the president meanwhile admonishing those about him to remain calm and telling them not to be alarmed.

"But you are wounded," cried his secretary; "let me examine."
"No, I think not," answered the president. "I am not badly hurt, I assure you."

Nevertheless his outer garments were hastily loosened, and when a trickling stream of crimson was seen to wind its way down his breast, spreading its telltale stain over the white surface of the linen, their worst fears were confirmed.

Asks Mercy for Assailant.
Moved by a paroxysm he writhed to the left and then his eyes fell on the prostrate form of the would-be

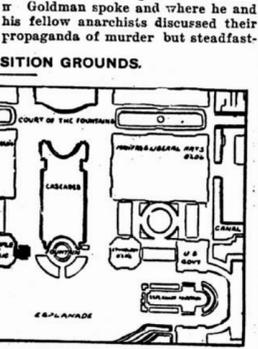
world, in fact, have fairly overwhelmed Secretary Cortelyou. Two more white house stenographers have been sent for, and upon their arrival, perhaps to-day, some of the more important messages will be made public. Almost every government in the world has been heard from, most of the crowned heads of Europe sending personal messages. Among the latter are King Edward VII., Emperor William, the kings of Portugal, Italy and Sweden and the sultan of Turkey. President Loubet,

HAD NO ACCOMPLICE.

President's Assailant Insists He Was Alone in His Crime.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Czolgosz had made no additional admissions to the police officials and nothing that they have learned from him has aided toward a solution of the criminal side of the case. He still insists that he alone conceived, planned and carried out the crime and that he alone must answer for it. He admits that he attended meetings at which Emma Goldman spoke and where he and his fellow anarchists discussed their propaganda of murder but steadfastly

DIAGRAM OF EXPOSITION GROUNDS.



The Temple of Music, where President was shot, and the hospital, where he was afterwards taken, are indicated by an X.

assassin, Czolgosz, lying on the floor bloody and helpless beneath the blows of the guard.

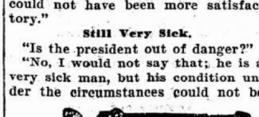
The president raised his right hand, red with his own blood, and placed it on the shoulder of his secretary. "Let no one hurt him," he gasped, and sank back in the chair, while the guards carried Czolgosz out of his sight.

Taken to the Hospital.
The president's assailant in the meantime had been hustled to the rear of the building by exposition guards, where he was held while the building was cleared, and later he was turned over to Superintendent Bull, of the Buffalo police department, who took the prisoner to No. 13 police station and afterwards to police headquarters.

As soon as the crowd in the Temple of Music had been dispersed sufficiently the president was removed in the automobile ambulance and taken to the exposition hospital, where an examination was made. The best medical skill was summoned, and within a brief period several of Buffalo's best known practitioners were at the patient's side.

The Wounds Examined.

The president retained the full exercise of his faculties until placed on the operating table and subjected to



TYPE OF PISTOL AND BULLET USED BY CZOLGOSZ.

better. That much I will say emphatically."
"Was any trace of pus found in the exterior wound?"
"Not a particle. Pus means the existence of an abscess, and there is not a suggestion of pus about the president's body."

ON THE ROAD TO HEALTH.

President McKinley's Physicians Quite Confident of Recovery.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Sept. 11.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at 10:30 p. m.: "The condition of the president is unchanged in all important particulars. His temperature is 100.6; pulse, 114; respiration, 22. When the operation was done on Friday last it was noted that the bullet had carried with it a short distance beneath the skin a fragment of the president's coat. This foreign material was, of course, removed, but a slight irritation of the skin has appeared only to-night. It has been necessary on account of this slight disturbance to remove a few of the stitches and partially open the skin wound. This incident cannot give rise to other complications, but it is communicated to the public, as the surgeons in attendance wish