

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

LATE FOREIGN DISPATCHES

Interesting Items of News Gathered from All Parts of the Globe and Outlined in the Briefest Manner Possible.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.

Both houses of congress devoted the first day of the session to formalities. The senate received the president's appointments, but deferred confirming them until the message should be received.

The house of representatives passed three measures: Incorporating the National German-American Alliance; authorizing the secretary of the treasury to duplicate gold certificates in lieu of ones lost or destroyed, and the bill amending the national banking laws, permitting national banking associations to make loans on real estate as security and limiting the amount of such loans.

In his report to congress, Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, reiterated his recommendation of a restricted credit currency and suggested that if more power is granted the secretary can be prevented, or their evil effects greatly reduced.

The California delegation in congress was assured that the president, in his message, meant to promise to use the military only to protect the Japanese from mob violence, not to force the Japanese into the California schools.

In his annual report Secretary Taft devoted considerable space to a defense and explanation of the course of the war department in connection with the discharge without honor from the military service of the battalion of the Twenty-fifth infantry, stationed at Brownsville, Tex., last summer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Consolidated Gas company of New York has just completed the first of six tanks to hold 90,000,000 feet of gas.

Ground was broken for the Illinois state building at the Jamestown (Va.) exposition.

The gunners of the armored cruiser Drake, flagship of the second cruiser squadron of the British Atlantic fleet, have made a record of 106 hits out of 133 shots.

Mrs. Angie Birdsong, a prominent Mississippi woman, is on trial for murder at Hazlehurst. She shot and killed Dr. T. H. Butler.

Ambassador Reid and wife sailed from Southampton on the Kronprinz Wilhelm for the United States.

The steam barge Hikkok, Oswego, N. Y., for Belleville, Ont., is long overdue, and much anxiety is felt for her safety.

Three violent patients escaped from the state hospital for the insane at Weston, W. Va., and are believed to be hiding.

Mrs. John H. Keppama, while crazed with drink, ran amuck at Ashtabula, O., armed with a revolver and a knife, attacking nearly everyone he met, with the result that five men were more or less seriously injured, and Keppama was killed by a policeman.

Train No. 36, on the Moon road, which is the first limited that line between Cincinnati and Chicago, was derailed two miles north of Frankfort, Ind., by a broken rail. Eighteen passengers were injured.

Edward McDonald, son of a farmer near Benton, Ill., accidentally shot and killed his ten-year-old nephew, McDonald. It is believed, has lost his reason as the result of the tragedy.

Fire at the plant of the American and British Manufacturing company, successors to the Corliss Steam Engine company, at Providence, R. I., caused damage estimated at about \$1,000.

F. W. Finlay was elected president of the Southern Railway company, succeeding the late Samuel Spencer. Mr. Finlay has been second vice president of the company.

Calvin Drake, a Pullman car cleaner at St. Louis, shot and killed Forest Gay, a saloonkeeper, and fired two ineffectual shots at Mrs. Drake.

In a panic and fire that started from an explosion of thousands of paper matches at the factory of F. A. Rathbun & Co., West Indianapolis, eight young women were seriously burned.

Chief of Police Chopote of Kazan, Russia, was shot and killed while leading a theater. The assassin was arrested.

James Joyner was killed and several persons were injured in a wreck on the Coal Belt electric railway at Donahoe, Ill.

A magnificent monument to Count Julius Andrássy was unveiled in Budapest in the presence of Emperor Francis Joseph.

More than one-third of the nation's wealth was represented at the funeral of Samuel Spencer, railroad president, who was killed in a wreck.

Otto Young, multimillionaire, former Chicago merchant prince and philanthropist, died at his summer home at Lake Geneva after an illness, arising from a complication of diseases, but two weeks. He left a fortune estimated at \$17,000,000 to \$25,000,000.

Folled in an attempt to hold up the Bank of Bendena, at Bendena, Kan., Jesse L. Harris, a farm hand, of Westport, Mo., fired a shot into his brain which caused instant death.

Two women were seriously injured in a battle on New York's East side over a rise of the price of meat.

Four men were seriously injured, two fatally, in a freight train wreck on the Monongahela and Washington division of the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston railroad at Stook, Pa.

The annual report of Rear Admiral Cowles, chief of the bureau of equipment, called attention to the importance of wireless telegraphy in time of war and of the work already done and being done in the direction of installing wireless apparatus throughout the navy.

A witness in the Shea case at Chicago told how horses were tortured with acid and men were slugged in the teamsters' strike of 1905.

The flood at Clifton, Ariz., receded after much of the town had been destroyed. The number of dead is not known.

T. S. Outram, section director of the United States weather bureau in Minneapolis, and one of the best known weather men in the United States, is dead.

East-bound passenger train No. 4 (the Atlantic express on the Union Pacific railroad) was derailed near Church Buttes, Wyo., 140 miles east of Ogden, and seven persons were injured.

A freight house of the Chicago & Burlington road at Chicago was burned, the loss being \$300,000.

Fire in the business district of Montreal caused a loss of \$150,000. Zero weather handicapped the work of the firemen.

Lewis Emery, Jr., the unsuccessful Democratic Lincoln candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, spent \$25,551.49 in his campaign.

Government departments and commercial bodies of Hawaii have organized to secure a pan-Pacific congress.

The British house of lords has disagreed on the education bill and the government may withdraw the measure.

The town hall in Yokohama, Japan, a memorial of Gen. Grant's visit to that city, was destroyed by fire.

The volcano Kilauea, in Hawaii, is again active.

Chief Justice Andrew P. Wiswell, of the Maine supreme court, died suddenly in a Boston hotel of heart disease.

Prof. Henry Fairfield Osborn, a well-known paleontologist of New York city, was elected secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, to succeed the late Prof. Samuel T. Langley.

A wealthy German woman has promised to provide an annuity for Wilhelm Voigt, of Koepenick fame, when he has completed his prison term.

Judge B. F. Webber, former judge of the district court of Brown and adjacent counties, Minnesota, committed suicide by hanging himself.

Rev. J. G. Rawlins and Alf Moore, a negro, were hanged at Valdosta, Ga., for the murder of Willie and Carrie Carter in July, 1905.

King Alfonso has approved of a new ministry under the premiership of Marquis de Armiño, in which Gen. Weyler resumes his old post of minister of war.

Henry White, American ambassador to Rome, will be transferred from that post to Paris, where he will succeed Robert S. McCormick as ambassador.

Mr. White will be succeeded at Rome by Lloyd T. Griscom, now American ambassador to Brazil.

The town of Clifton, Ariz., was partly destroyed by a flood caused by the bursting of a big dam, and many persons were drowned.

Rev. Arthur Bell Nicholas died at Banagher, Ireland, aged 90 years. He was the husband of Charlotte Bronte, the famous English novelist.

Fire at Connetau Lake, Pa., destroyed three of the largest summer hotels and several frame buildings, and for a time threatened the entire village.

Garland Moore, aged 21, a mail carrier shot and fatally wounded Miss Clara West, aged 27, at Boy D'Arcy, Mo., because she rejected his suit.

The jury in the trial of Chester E. Gillette for the murder of his sweet-heart, Grace Brown, at Big Moose lake, N. Y., on July 12, last, returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree.

Four children, two boys and two girls, ranging in age from two months to five years, were burned to death at their home near Westfield, N. J.

Messages were exchanged by the government and station at Point Loma with the government station at Puget sound, 1,200 miles away.

The Chagres river reached the highest point ever known and work on the canal was stopped by the inundation.

Donato Milapetti, of Midland, O., fired two shots into his wife's breast killing her instantly, and then shot himself twice.

Three hundred Japanese have entered the United States through Mexico since November 1.

Arthur H. Buck was arrested by the police of Butte, Mont., who say he got away with several thousand dollars' worth of cash and jewelry, the property of Abel & Co., New York.

The Canadian government has decided to establish life-saving stations along the Prince Edward island coast.

Gov. Hays notified Cuban congressmen elected last year that their seats are vacant and a new election is to be held. The moderates are displeased and predict a new revolt.

The late John Hay, secretary of state, was honored by Philadelphia Jews by the unveiling of a memorial window in the Temple Keseth Israel.

Charles Wightman became lost in the woods while hunting near Florence, Mich., last Thursday, and Sunday his dead body was found. He is believed to have perished from fear and exposure.

Congress will be asked by the bureau of navigation of the navy department to make an appropriation for official entertainments on board naval vessels when sent to foreign shores.

The town of Wilkinsville, Mass., was sold at auction.

A Paris street car dashed into a wagon loaded with 67,000 eggs. The wagon driver was half drowned in broken eggs.

The long standing coal strike in Alberta, Northwest territory, is over, the operators and men having come to terms.

The dreaded San Jose scale has been discovered in several fruit orchards in Massachusetts.

Keel plates of another Dreadnaught were laid at Portsmouth, England. The new battleship will be larger than the first Dreadnaught.

John D. Potter, the oldest Redman in the United States, is dead at Noblesville, Ind.

Importers in New York are warning jewelers to watch for bogus gems now being brought in by a French vendor to catch holiday shoppers.

The Wisconsin state railroad rate commission reduced the rate on beet pulp 20 per cent. Numerous hearings have been held on the matter.

The pope has informed the bishop of Breslau that he cannot expunge the name of the Poles against Germany, because the question involved is one of politics.

Special Attorney J. T. Marchand, of the interstate commerce commission, has resigned and will enter the employ of one of the western railroads.

Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, the officers of the Western Federation of Miners charged with connection with the murder of former Gov. Steuneger, will remain in the custody of the Idaho authorities, the United States supreme court refusing to reverse the decision of the Idaho federal court refusing to grant writs of habeas corpus.

There are indications that the Japanese who have been arriving at Honolulu for some time past, as well as those who have been granted passports and will arrive in the future, are picked men with military experience.

Bishop W. Webb was enthroned at All Saints' cathedral, Milwaukee.

The Spanish cabinet of Senor Moret y Prendergast resigned, being the second to retire within a week. The resignation of the ministry was followed by hostile demonstrations in the chamber of deputies.

Old soldiers testified at the Richards-Comstock land fraud trial in Omaha that their expenses were paid by Comstock or others to file on lands which were turned over to the defendants.

The British government is still looking for a suitable man for ambassador to Washington, and may select Sir Maurice De Bunsen, minister to Madrid.

Two persons were killed and several injured in a wreck on the Rutland railroad, near Vergennes, Vt.

The house of lords has tacked an objectionable amendment to the British education bill, making its passage in present form impossible.

An earthquake shock was felt on the island of Martinique. No damage was done. The shock lasted one minute and a half.

Two big tobacco stemmeries at Princeton, Ky., were destroyed by fire set by an armed and masked mob of 300 men. It is believed that opposition to the tobacco trust caused the deed.

Queen Alexandra's sixtieth birthday was celebrated at Sandringham palace and greetings were received from all parts of the world.

The second sea-going turbine steamship to be built in this country, was launched at Chester, Pa. The steamer was built for the Metropolitan Steamship company and will ply between New York and Boston.

The car shortage throughout the United States will be investigated by the interstate commerce commission. Carloads of coal were seized at Cimarron, Kan., and North Yakima, Wash.

The two hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the independence of Portugal from Spanish domination has been celebrated by the signature of a treaty between the two countries eliminating their respective frontiers.

Chairman Shonts, on his return from Panama, announced that President Roosevelt won the people of the isthmus entirely; contradicted reports of labor troubles and denied daughter's engagement.

The government land office at Lawton, Okla., has begun receiving bids for half a million acres of land in the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache reservations in Oklahoma, carrying out an act of congress opening the land to settlement.

Statistics showed that Illinois pays more than one-fifth of the internal revenue received by the government; the largest amount of any state in the union.

James M. Wright, founder of the Ray County (Mo.) Republican, and a pioneer newspaper man and publisher, in that state, died of heart failure at Lawton, Okla.

Frank E. Hyde, formerly of Hartford, Conn., died at Paris Sunday. Mr. Hyde was one of the most prominent American lawyers in Paris. He was a member of the firm of Hyde & Harper.

William Voigt, the Berlin cobbler who made Europe roar with laughter by donning a captain's uniform and robbing the town hall of Koepenick, was sentenced to four years' imprisonment for his joke.

The public ownership commission of the National Civic Federation, after an exhaustive investigation, both in Europe and America, is understood to be unanimously opposed to public ownership.

Three banks conducted by C. V. Chandler at Macomb, Colchester and Piquette, Ill., closed for lack of ready cash.

Crookston—Agitation for the division of Polk county has again been started by Fosston men, and a petition is being circulated asking for the creation of Nelson county, to be composed of the original thirteen towns and five others this side, cutting off the eastern line of Polk county, the dividing line coming between Dugdale and Mentor.

A sensation which may end in a prison term for Cornelius P. Shea was sprung in the trial of union teamsters in Chicago, when Albert Young, former president of the Teamsters' International brotherhood, and three other defendants pleaded guilty.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

Agricultural Society. The approaching close of the fiscal year of the Minnesota state fair brought together the board of managers in an important meeting at the Merchants hotel in St. Paul last Tuesday.

President C. N. Cosgrove, of Le Sueur, presided over the meeting, which was attended by Vice Presidents B. F. Nelson and C. M. Griggs, J. M. Anderson, W. W. Wm. P. Lee, Col. W. M. Liggett, L. D. Satter, G. Patterson and Secretary E. W. Randall.

The first important matter to come to the order of business was an application from the Red Wing Manufacturers' Association for the use of the fair grounds during the fall of 1907, for the display of their exhibits.

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St. Paul.—Dr. Robinson says there are no fraternities in the St. Paul high schools.

Granite Falls.—This place will be the storm center today in the speakership contest.

Hamline.—President, Bridgman tendered a banquet to the players on the football team.

St. Paul.—Mrs. J. P. Horrigan takes corrosive sublimate in mistake for headache tablets.

Minneapolis.—The legislature probably will amend the laws relating to capital punishment.

Minneapolis.—Supt. Olson presents figures to show the advance of higher education in Minnesota.

St. Paul.—The problem of legislative reorganization is becoming a factor in the speakership contest.

Mankato.—The state normal school closed for a week's vacation, the fall term having been concluded.

Minneapolis.—Minnesota heads the list of prize winners at the international live stock show in Chicago.

St. Paul.—A fire breaks out at the home of Matt Clark, and during the excitement Mrs. Clark's diamonds disappear.

Bertha.—Bertha's new flour mill, that had been in operation just one month, was totally destroyed by fire at midnight.

Brainerd.—A season of the state fair was held here, and was well attended, over 125 farmers being present.

Duluth.—The work of surveying the line for the new electric railroad which will connect several of the range towns with Duluth is well advanced.

Winona.—The members of the First district group of the Minnesota Bankers' Association will meet in annual convention at Lyle on Tuesday, May 27.

Winona.—The "Id" must go on in Winona. This is the statement made by the local law and order league, which claims a membership of about one thousand.

St. Paul.—Mr. Henderson, 556 Hague avenue, was blown several feet by the explosion of his automobile yesterday morning and painfully bruised. His eye brows were burned and he was unconscious for a few minutes overcome by the shock.

Fosston.—Two young men, Thoraldson and Johnson, said to be members of a disorderly party, are on trial here for the destruction of property and alleged "fun" indulged in in the country near here.

Cloquet.—The townsites at Brookton, on the Great Northern near here, was a pear tree which gave ripeness in July, blossomed a second time the same month and yielded a second crop of ripe pears at the close of October. The tree belongs to a variety known as Bonne Louise.

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SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

Principal Events Gathered in the Old Scandinavian Countries

London, Nov. 29.—The first local announcement that communications were passing between Great Britain, Germany, Russia and France looking to the conclusion of a treaty guaranteeing the neutralization of Norway in place of the agreement of 1855, by which France and Great Britain guaranteed the integrity of the Scandinavian peninsula and which lapses with the separation of Norway and Sweden was made in the house of commons today. Foreign Secretary Grey informed the house that the government was considering in conjunction with Norway, Sweden and other powers; that steps should be taken to substitute a new treaty for the treaty of Paris of 1855, which was necessary owing to the changed conditions in the Scandinavian peninsula.

Stockholm.—The claims of Sweden are based on the fact that a number of Swedish scientific expeditions visited and studied the islands during the last century, while Norway bases her claim to the right of possession upon the annual trips of her citizens to this ice bound land for the purpose of killing whales, walrus and other polar animals.

A dispatch from Stockholm states that A. Grip, minister of Sweden to the United States, has been recalled. Mr. Grip served in that capacity at Washington for some years. He is more than 60 years of age and is eligible for retirement according to the practice in his country. It is said by those who enjoy close relations with the minister that his services have been satisfactory to his sovereign and surprise is expressed at the announcement of his recall. It was generally expected that he would soon leave the United States for an extended leave of absence. His recall is the more interesting because A. Grip figured so prominently in the dissolution of the union of Sweden and Norway.

Mr. Kjar, a lawyer, has bought the islands Hestad and Fruero, in Maribo lake, for \$2,700. The foreign trade of Iceland is increasing very fast. During the years 1850-1900 it increased from \$1,000,000 to \$4,500,000. The trade of Norway alone was almost \$2,000,000 in 1905.

SWEDEN. Both Sweden and Norway would like to have Spitzbergen. The public schools were closed at Tomellia on account of diphtheria.

At the forthcoming distribution of Nobel prizes Prof. Joseph J. Thompson, of Cambridge university, England, will be awarded the prize for physics.

The Norwegian cabinet granted Consul Persson, of Helsingborg, permission to