

Willmar Tribune.

By The Tribune Printing Co. WILLMAR, MINN.

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

Latest News of Interest Boiled Down for the Busy Man.

PERSONAL.

As a result of failing to pass his semi-annual examinations at Annapolis, Harold B. Sampson, youngest son of the late Rear Admiral Sampson, has forwarded his resignation to the navy department, and there is no doubt it will be accepted.

Miss Dorothy H. C. Arnold, the missing heiress, was located in a New York city hospital. She had been sought for in vain since December 12 last by detectives throughout this country and Europe and her father has expressed the belief that she was dead.

David Leahy, private secretary to Governor Stubbs, was summoned before the bar of the Kansas senate to explain an article said to have been written by him and published in a Wichita paper in which he stated that "political crookedness was rampant in the legislature."

James Whitcomb Riley of Indiana and Nicholas Murray Butler of New York have been elected members of the American Academy of Arts and Letters.

Edward, prince of Wales, and his brother, Prince Albert, have been attacked by the measles. An epidemic of measles has been quite active at the Dartmouth normal college, where the princes are cadets.

The Rome Tribune prints a circumstantial story of an anarchist plot to throw bombs at King Victor Emmanuel and King Peter of Servia, who is to visit Rome soon.

John M. Carriere, noted architect who was injured in an automobile accident in New York city, has unconscious at the Presbyterian hospital there. He suffered scalp wounds.

William E. Corey, former president of the United States Steel corporation, took occasion on the departure of his wife for France, where she will reopen the Corey chateau, to deny the report that he intended to enter business with Charles M. Schwab.

Mayor Frederick Kreisman of St. Louis left Seattle for his home in response to a message notifying him that charges have been made against his course while serving as circuit clerk before his election as mayor.

GENERAL NEWS.

Twenty voters of Menard county, Ill., several of them residents of Petersburg, were indicted by the Menard county grand jury on charges of selling their votes in the election last fall.

When Gov. B. F. Carroll appends his signature to the Oregon plan election bill, passed by the senate, it will become a law in Iowa. The bill passed the house of representatives by a vote of two to one and it passed the senate by a vote of 21 to 16.

President Taft's reciprocity agreement with Canada was ratified in the national house of representatives through the support of an almost solid Democratic vote. The McCall bill carrying the agreement into effect was passed 211 to 92.

The aviator Husson made a new record for speed in a monoplane with a passenger at Rheims. He flew about sixty-two miles in one hour and one minute.

Lieutenant Orrell has exhibited at Vienna university a new photographic apparatus which photographs objects at great distances, but which at the same time indicates the distance of the object from the camera by means of parallel lines on the plate.

Three sacred sheep of Tibet, the famous Karaku, have been imported into Colorado by A. T. Tawney of Grand Junction, and will be used to improve the herds of the Tawneys.

Plans were announced at Louisville for a national exposition in 1915. It will be known as the Lincoln-Davis exposition, to mark the fiftieth anniversary of the close of the Civil war.

Information has reached Galveston, Tex., that Mexican general troops shot to death a prominent Pueblo merchant, who was acting as treasurer for the revolutionists, and his family and looted his house of \$1,500,000 in gold and securities.

A powerful note of warning against the gigantic timber monopoly as a grave menace to the country is sounded by Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, in the first installment of his report on the lumber industry in the United States. The report was sent to congress by the president.

County local option, backed up by the greatest "lobby," numerically speaking, that ever came to Springfield, Ill., became the overshadowing leading issue before the Illinois legislature. At least five thousand men and women were in the city to wage battle against King Alcohol.

The United States senate committee on pensions agreed to report to the senate the Sullyway general pension bill, which has already passed the house. It was amended so that the annual cost will be increased about \$45,000,000, making a total of \$178,000,000 for the ensuing year.

A convention of women, held in the state house of Pierre, B. D., took steps toward the organization of a "woman's party."

The Russian bank Glenbank was wrecked off Coosack, West Australia, and all except one of the crew of 30 were lost.

By a vote of 197 to 120 the national house of representatives displaced the regular order of business and decided to take up the McCall bill carrying out the Canadian reciprocity agreement for immediate consideration. Most of the opposition to the bill came from the Republicans, the Democrats voting almost solidly for it.

Every man in the county to be found in Kansas City, Mo., was vaccinated by orders of Chief of Police Griffin. Ten physicians accompanied by police made the rounds of the cheap lodging houses to inoculate the wanderers.

The Vermilion county grand jury investigating the vote selling frauds at Danville, Ill., have returned 76 additional indictments against various citizens of that county.

Three hundred and thirty-eight of the 350 students at the State School of Mines went on strike because President Alderson refused to grant them a day so that they might celebrate the birth of Abraham Lincoln.

Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research has announced that the effectiveness of anti-meningitis serum had been generally accepted by medical authorities throughout the world.

In a speech at the twenty-fifth annual dinner of the Republican club of New York city, at which all warring factions were in attendance, Theodore Roosevelt, in a speech, made a plea for the fortifying of the Panama canal, election of senators by direct vote and the putting into effect the Canadian reciprocity pact.

Hundreds of residents of New Haven, Conn., witnessed an encounter between Yale students and the police after the attempt to break through a one officer to end a snowball battle between freshmen and sophomores. Four students were arrested.

Five men were killed and two injured as the result of an explosion in a Grand Trunk Pacific tunnel at Kitzeles, B. C. The men were working at the far end of the tunnel when a box of powder, left to thaw out, became overheated and exploded.

Patrick Keely, former detective in State's Attorney Wayman's office at Chicago, was found guilty of perjury in the second trial of Lee O'Neil Browne on a charge of bribery by a jury.

William H. Murray was arrested in a dugout but he had constructed on the bank of Spring river, six miles north of Carthage, Mo., when Deputy Sheriff Weaver raided the place and seized a complete counterfeiting plant.

The supreme court of Kansas holds the new liquor law constitutional. The law prohibits the sale of liquor for other than mechanical purposes. The court holds that the legislature has the right to prohibit the sale of liquor for any purpose whatever.

Christian Scientists received a blow when Magistrate Freschi in New York city held for trial in special sessions William Vernon Cole, charged with practicing medicine without a license. Cole was arrested after he had treated a woman.

A family of seven persons, including the father, mother and five children, were killed by illuminating gas in the front home at Philadelphia by the accidental loosening of a rubber tube from a gas pipe running across the main living room.

The Mexican federal troops have suffered a severe defeat in a battle lasting 36 hours before the town of Mulata, Mexico, according to official government advices received at San Antonio, Texas.

The bodies of Harry Cambrian, J. B. Lagasse, Peter Erramuspe and B. Indiana, wealthy cattlemen of Reno, Nev., who have been missing for 22 days, have been found. It is thought the men were ambushed by cattle rustlers.

Mr. Roberta Menges-Corwin-Hill in the United States circuit court pleaded guilty to smuggling and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$2,000 and to remain in prison four days. Mrs. Hill smuggled a sable coat valued at \$3,750.

Many million dollars' worth of property in the heart of the business section of Brooklyn was threatened by a fire which destroyed the two-story factory of the F. Blaisdell Cocoa and Chocolate company on Ashland place. The loss was \$500,000.

Speaker Cannon of the house of representatives has written a letter to Senator Bailey of Danville, Ill., which the latter has made public, in which the speaker characterizes the Canadian reciprocity idea as a party heresy.

Most Rev. Patrick John Ryan, archbishop of Philadelphia and metropolitan of Pennsylvania, died at the archiepiscopal residence in Philadelphia, aged eighty years.

Federal Judge Sater at Columbus, O., issued an unusual point of law when he decided that interstate commerce is being interfered with when a Pullman car containing interstate passengers is attached and held for claims.

Gov.-Elect Hoke Smith of Georgia proposed a plot of New York cotton speculators to infect the cotton fields in Georgia and the Carolinas with the boll weevil for the purpose of cutting tobacco crops short and enabling the speculators to win a fortune by going "long" of the cotton market.

Approving an eight-foot water way, which it declares would carry \$100,000,000 worth of freight a year through the Illinois valley, the board of engineers for the rivers and harbors sent to the national house of representatives its report on the plan for a water way from Chicago to the Mississippi river. It refuses its approval for a 14-foot channel, but sanctions an 8-foot.

Accusing Richard Le Gallienne, the poet, of misconduct, Mrs. Julie Noregard Le Gallienne has begun an action for divorce in the supreme court of New York.

Mexican forces under General Luque sustained another defeat in their attack on Insurrectos, whom they were fighting in the vicinity of Mulata, Mexico, for some days past. The federals assaulted the Insurrecto forces entrenched about Mulata. They were repulsed after a battle lasting five hours.

A big commercial congress, under the auspices of the Pan-American Union, opened in Washington to discuss and promote trade relations among the republics of the western continent. President Taft and Secretary Knox made the first address.

DENY LUMBER TRUST

MINNEAPOLIS ASSOCIATION DECLARES IT DOES NOT FIX TRADE PRICES.

WANTS TO PROVE ITS INNOCENCE

Cozens Books to Corporation Commissioner—Minnesota Timber Interests Hit in Federal Report, Named.

Minneapolis, Minn. — Coincident with the last secret meeting of the members of the Minneapolis Retail Lumber Dealers' association behind locked doors at the Hotel Radisson about three weeks ago, three men believed to represent the commissioner of corporations at Washington appeared at the hotel.

What these men found out, or what occurred at the meeting of the lumbermen, who hold meetings in private about once a month, cannot be learned but the coincidence, with the report of the commissioner of corporations following close after, has given rise to lively rumors.

Minneapolis retailers deny they are in any way amenable to prosecution under the anti-trust laws, deny they fix prices illegally or are pledged to any pact in restraint of trade.

Minneapolis lumbermen counted the stuppage of Minnesota and the noses of timber barons keenly on receipt of the report of Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, and it is the consensus that the following interests are referred to in the report where it says that: "In Minnesota, six holders have 54 per cent of the very valuable white and Norway pine, 16 per cent of the other conifers and two per cent of the hardwood."

T. B. Walker, Frederick Weyerhaeuser and subsidiary companies and associates, Thomas Shevlin and associates, C. A. Smith, Alger-Smith Lumber Company, C. A. Pillsbury.

Mr. Walker Held Leader. All the lumbermen placed T. B. Walker at the head of the list of Minneapolis timber owners, although the Woodchamber interests were declared to be the closest ones. The other names appear in the estimated order of the extent of their holdings.

One lumberman suggested that if timber land entries made under the stone or timber act, a timber baron's law, were investigated, there would be some very unpleasant disclosures of sharp practices. After the passage of the law big timber operators are said to have hired lumberjacks to make a pretense of entering lands for homestead purposes and living on them long enough to obtain titles to the timber.

It is declared, however, that most of the holdings of the six men above named represent purchases from other timber men, many of whom, with the recession of the forests, have entered other lines of business. Much timberland was obtained through the purchase of soldier scrip.

At the recent convention of the Northwestern Retail Lumber Dealers' association the resolutions adopted demanded an immediate report by the commissioner of corporations on his investigations into the alleged existence of a lumber trust. They declared dealers generally have opened their books to the agents of the government and that the continued delay had an unsettling effect on business, as well as keeping them under suspicion of violating the law. They reiterated their innocence of any sort of violation of the anti-trust laws and again tendered their assistance to the commissioner in his investigation.

Walsh Said to Be Very Ill. Wickersham Working on Application for Pardon.

Washington, Feb. 17. — Attorney General Wickersham is working on John R. Walsh's application for pardon and probably will be ready to send his recommendations to President Taft within the next few days. It is said the whole question of the former banker's release hinges upon the state of his health. He will be eligible to release on parole in September.

DAILY MARKET REPORT. Twin City Markets. Minneapolis, Feb. 16.—Wheat, May, 98 1/2c; July, 95 1/2c; No. 1 northern, 98 1/2c; No. 2 northern, 96 1/2c; No. 1 durum, 82 1/2c; No. 3 corn, 42c; No. 3 white oats, 29c; barley, 94c; No. 2 rye, 77 1/2c; No. 1 flax, \$2.67.

Duluth, Feb. 16.—Wheat, May, 99 1/2c; July, 1.00 1/2c; No. 1 northern, \$1.02.

South St. Paul, Feb. 16.—Cattle—steers, \$2.50@4.25; cows, \$2.35@4.25; calves, \$4.50@6.50; hogs, \$6.90@7.15; sheep, yearlings, \$2.00@3.50.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, Feb. 16.—Cattle—Market steady; hogs, \$6@6.80; western steers, \$4.40@5.60; stockers and feeders, \$3.75@5.65; cows and heifers, \$2.60@5.70; calves, \$7@8.75.

Hogs—Market 10c higher than Tuesday's average; light, \$7.10@7.40; mixed, \$6.85@7.30; heavy, \$6.75@7.20; rough, \$6.75@6.90; good to choice heavy, \$6.90@7.20; pigs, \$7.25@7.60.

Sheep—Market weak; natives, \$2.75@4.50; western, \$2.75@4.50; yearlings, \$4.60@5.50; lambs, native, \$4.50@6.25.

Panama Canal the Big Topic. Washington, D. C. — The special relationship of the Panama canal to the commerce of the world was the chief topic of discussion at Wednesday's session of the Pan-American commercial conference. Among the speakers were Charles M. Pepper, trade expert of the bureau of trade relations, Bernard Baker of Baltimore; Wilbur J. Carr, director of the consular service; F. W. Goding, United States consul in Montevideo, Uruguay, and Francis B. Loomis, formerly assistant secretary of state.

Minnesota Legislature

Proceedings at the Minnesota State Capitol for the Past Week.

St. Paul, Feb. 9.—The senate will adjourn April 1, 20 days prior to the constitutional date set for adjournment, unless a resolution which passed 53 to 8 is rescinded later. Senator Mooney, of Waseca, introduced the resolution.

Representative C. A. Congdon of Duluth introduced a bill in the house repealing the anti-cigarette law passed by the legislature two years ago.

Representative Congdon is opposed to death laws on principle and for this reason favors the repeal.

Representative A. B. Anderson's state-wide prohibition bill, introduced in the house, is the first of a probable avalanche of liquor regulatory measures.

Representative Robinson introduced a bill to investigate the state central committee of both major parties.

Representative Spooner and Harding presented a bill providing for the teaching of agriculture and domestic economy in the schools of the state and also providing for the consolidation of rural schools.

The Mattson-Nelson bill amending the compulsory education law was recommended for passage.

The proposed bill changes the age of children coming under this law from 8 to 17, to 15 to 16 years. It allows pupils to remain out of school because of poverty or because they are needed to work at home. This section is to allow farmers' children to remain out of school during the harvest season.

The bill also proposes to allow children to remain out of school on church days.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—A bill is to be introduced into the state legislature raising the salaries of several state officers. The salary of the governor is not affected by the bill.

The salaries that would be raised are those of the state auditor, state treasurer and secretary of state.

The proposed bill first started through an effort to raise the salary of Treasurer Smith, who now draws only \$3,500 a year. After consultation it was decided to put in a general bill which equalizes the salaries of all the state officers.

For example, the state insurance commissioner draws \$4,500 a year, while the state auditor draws \$3,500. The important state officers, drawn a similar amount. The secretary of state, an elective officer, draws only \$3,500.

Closing Hour Left to City. A bill giving city councils absolute control over saloons is to be introduced in the lower house. It is a substitute for the proposed 12 o'clock closing measure.

The proposed bill is to favor the extension of saloon hours, to leave a bill of this kind will pass. It proposes that city council shall fix the hour of closing, providing it is not later than midnight.

The argument is that this bill will place the authority over saloons where it belongs and will be the principle of county option will be carried out. It is asserted that if the saloons are not orderly they can be closed at 8 p. m.

Aims at Express Companies. Senator Lende of Lyon county is author of a bill to put express companies in Minnesota under the control of the railroad and warehouse commission, exactly as railroads are now. The bill probably will be made a committee bill backed by the railroad committee.

Marriage Cousins Attacked. First cousins cannot marry in Minnesota if a bill by Senator Anderson is passed. This bill has been introduced at many previous legislative sessions, but always has failed to pass. Senator Anderson says he expects favorable action in this legislature.

Welfare house will receive \$2,500 for repairs and improvements and \$250 a month for repairs, if a bill introduced by Senators Denegre and Schaller is passed. The Sibley House association and the Daughters of the American Revolution shall have charge of the money.

Seizure of Autos Provided. A new and novel way to discourage reckless automobile driving on country roads was suggested in a bill by Senator Johnson. The bill provides that the county confiscate any automobile by which a person on the public highway is injured and to sell it at public auction and put the proceeds in the county treasury.

Senator Van Hoven introduced a bill forbidding anyone from driving an auto without a state license, and that no license should be issued to anyone under 18 years of age.

The long-expected tonnage tax bill was introduced in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature by Representatives Frankson, Moriarty and J. N. Johnson. It provides for a tax of 2 cents a ton on ore testing less than 49 per cent, 3 cents on ore testing from 49 to 54 per cent, 4 cents on ore testing from 54 to 59 per cent and 5 cents a ton on ore testing more than 59 per cent.

Huge Building For Seattle. Seattle, Wash. — The last obstacle in the way of the erection of a forty-one story building in this city by the estate of the late L. C. Smith of Syracuse, N. Y., was removed when the city council voted that it has been going over the plans to grant the permit. The local agent for the Smith estate informed the committee that the skyscraper, which will be the highest office building in the world outside the New York, will be begun within the next six weeks.

Trading Stamp Law Invalid. Annapolis, Md. — The Maryland court of appeals has declared unconstitutional a legislative enactment regulating the conduct of the trading stamp business in this state. The companies contended that the requirements and conditions imposed by the act practically prohibited the issue of stamps. The opinion holds broadly that the present manner of conducting the trading stamp business does not involve such chance and uncertainty as to cause the gaming or gambling spirit.

Barograph Smashed in Fatal Plunge Was Not Officially Tested. Los Angeles, Calif. — Because the barograph which Arch Hoxsey wore around his neck when he made his plunge to death during the recent Los Angeles aviation meet was smashed to pieces, its accuracy remained in doubt. It was 11,000 feet which Hoxsey had made a few days before the fatal accident is declared unverified and unofficial.

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St. Paul, Feb. 11.— A bill extending the terms of members of the railroad and warehouse commission from four to six years and increasing salaries to \$4,500 was introduced by Representative Dunn.

Representative Hillman introduced a bill changing the method of amending the constitution by allowing a majority of the votes cast for the amendment sufficient to carry. The present law provides that a majority of all votes cast at the election is necessary to pass a constitutional amendment.

The house passed a concurrent resolution inviting George E. Vincent, president-elect of the state university, to speak before the legislature Feb. 12.

Boosters Slam Fair Aid. A petition from the Olivia Commercial Club against making any more appropriations for the state fair was read. It read: "Millions of dollars has already been appropriated to make the state fair self-supporting and the only people benefited were certain classes in the Twin Cities."

The house committee on judiciary and the senate committee on general legislation will hold an open session on Feb. 15 to discuss the proposed workmen's compensation bill.

Miss Josephine Schain, secretary of the board of directors of the Minneapolis Woman's Club appeared before the delegation and asked for the passage of an enabling act giving city councils authority to regulate billboards. She deplored the present appearance of the billboards and declared that many of the posters were immoral.

A bill to provide \$25,000 for grass seed for the burned regions of upper Minnesota, introduced by Senator Clague, was passed.

Action on the McNeil bill allowing counties to issue bonds for good roads to the extent of one-half per cent of their total valuation was deferred. This bill is intended to provide for the million dollar bond issue for Hennepin county, which was declared unconstitutional two years ago on the theory that it was class legislation.

The proposed bill includes every county in the state, to remove the unconstitutional feature.

St. Paul, Feb. 15.—The legislative sub-committee on the state fair has completed a tentative bill governing the state fair. The bill is based upon Iowa's state fair law, changed to suit Minnesota conditions.

The principal feature of the proposed bill is the basis of representation in the state agricultural society, which elects the members of the state fair board. The bill allows each county which maintains a county fair three representatives and those not maintaining county fairs one representative each, to be appointed by the board of county commissioners. The membership of independent organizations, which because of their local qualities, he took a deep interest in public matters and wrote several books on legal subjects.

He had been mentioned in the last two campaigns as a possible candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. His ability as a speaker and his splendid presence. It was thought, would have made him an irresistible candidate.

Funeral arrangements are not completed, but cable messages have been sent to Mrs. Jaggard, who was with her husband. It is expected the body will be brought to St. Paul for interment, the state of Minnesota paying its last respect to the man who has been on the supreme bench since 1904.

Judge Jaggard was born in Altoona, Pa., in 1859. He graduated from Dickinson college in Carlisle, Pa., in 1879. He came to St. Paul in 1882 and was elected to the district court by the Second district in 1888, and served continually until his death.

He was the author of numerous pamphlets on taxation and legal questions, and his opinions were considered highly by lawyers throughout the country.

HEARING FOR SALOON MAN. Wisconsin Liquor Dealer in Court on Charge of Murder.

Winona.—The preliminary hearing of Al Childs, the Buffalo county, Wisconsin, saloon man who shot and killed Henry Dingelder in his saloon two weeks ago, began at Alma, Wis.

The defendant is in a weakened condition physically, the effects of two operations during the last year and the beating he received after the recent shooting. Bail will undoubtedly be fixed at the hearing today, and it is understood Childs will be in a position to secure any necessary amount. Physicians do not believe the man will live to serve more than a few months in prison, should he be convicted.

M. L. Fugina, attorney at Fountain City, is representing Childs in the present hearing.

Y. M. C. A. HOME IMPERILED. Fire Does \$1,000 Damage to Two Harbors Institution.

Duluth. — Fire about \$1,000 damage to the Y. M. C. A. building at Two Harbors. It started from an overheated pipe and got between the walls where it was hard to locate. The fire department was handicapped by deep snow, and for a time the destruction of the building seemed imminent. The building cost \$25,000 and a \$10,000 addition is under construction.

State Progressives Affiliate. Minneapolis. — The complete identification of the Minnesota Progressive Republican league with the national organization of the same name and the election of R. J. Lamson of Buffalo, as secretary, were effected at a secret meeting of the Minnesota organization. About twenty leaders of the Minnesota league were present. Among the Minneapolisians attending were James A. Peterson, Albert H. Hall and George S. Loftus. From St. Paul came Hugh Halbert and James Manahan; Stillwater, Judge Wilson.

JUDGE JAGGARD DIES

SUPREME COURT JUDGE PASSES AWAY WHILE ON HEALTH-SEEKING TRIP.

CABLEGRAM BRINGS SAD NEWS

State Officials Mourn Death—House Adjourns for Day in Memory of Distinguished Judge.

St. Paul. — Justice Edwin A. Jaggard of the supreme court, of Minnesota, died of heart disease in the Bernadets, where he has been since Jan. 12 to recuperate his health.

News of the sudden death of the justice was received through a cablegram to I. A. Caswell, clerk of the supreme court. It contained no details, except that death had been due to heart trouble. The news spread through the capitol at once, and the flag on the state-house at half-mast told that bereavement had come to the state of Minnesota.

Chief Justice Start and the other members of the supreme court were grief-stricken by the news. Justice Jaggard had been regarded as an able jurist, and his genial and many-sided nature made him popular as a man as he was highly regarded as a lawyer.

Ill for Some Time. Justice Jaggard had been ill for some time. There seemed to be a general breakdown of his supposed health, and he thought that two months spent in the sunny climate of the Bermudas, away from work and worry, would place him on his feet again. He left St. Paul, Jan. 8, expecting to return about the middle of March. Since then little was heard from him, but it was generally believed he was recovering his health.

Justice Jaggard was a unique figure on the bench, a devotee of the law; he was a popular after-dinner speaker, a member of many fraternal orders and always in demand socially because of his local qualities. He took a deep interest in public matters and wrote several books on legal subjects.

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