

EPITOME OF A WEEK'S NEWS

Most Important Happenings Told in Brief.

Washington

Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester company, made good on his assertion that he would bring one of the detectives, who he charged with having trailed him, before the senate committee investigating the Lorimer case at Washington. He not only got his man, but corralled two others. The three detectives were placed under guard by the sergeant-at-arms of the committee and will be placed on the witness stand.

The Cunningham coal claims in Alaska, which were at the bottom of the famous Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, were held illegal by Fred Dennett, commissioner of the general land office. This disposes of the controversy, as the secretary of the interior, Walter L. Fisher, has approved the findings. There is possible only an appeal to the courts on the law points involved.

The Canadian reciprocity bill emerged from its first ordeal in the senate unscathed. The Root amendment, proposing a modification of the wood pulp and print paper section of the agreement, was defeated after seven hours of debate by an overwhelming vote.

A sensational turn in the Lorimer investigation was taken when Clarence S. Funk of Chicago, general manager of the International Harvester company, declared on the witness stand that he had been followed for months by detectives, and charged Edward Elkes, president of the Edward Elkes Lumber company, with putting the "shadowers" on his trail.

Roger C. Sullivan, national committeeman from Illinois; E. S. Conway, president of the W. W. Kimball Piano company; one of the Weyerhaeusers, and an unnamed man now dead were named by Herman H. Kobilant, editor of the Chicago Record-Herald, as possible contributors to a \$100,000 Lorimer corruption fund of 1909 before the United States senate investigating committee.

Congress will be asked for \$10,000 for the proper entertainment by the United States of Admiral Togo, the famous Japanese naval officer, who will visit this country immediately after the coronation festivities in London.

Sweeping down from an immense height in a shower of rain, Lincoln Beachy in his biplane passed over the Horseshoe falls at Niagara, under the steel arch bridge, on down the gorge almost to the Whirlpool rapids, then rose, mounted again and, shaving the wooded cliff, landed safely and unconcernedly on the Canadian side.

A combination of magazine publishers, organized in July, 1909, was sued in the federal courts here under the Sherman anti-trust law. The petition filed by District Attorney Wise alleges unlawful combination and conspiracy to restrain interstate trade and foreign commerce in magazine and other periodical publications. Dissolution of the combination is asked for.

While two men lay practically helpless in the Columbia shell Cornell variety eight pulled out a victory in one of the greatest four-mile races ever seen at Foughkeeps, N. Y. It was Cornell's race by a long length and a half, with only six seconds to spare. Pennsylvania was third, Wisconsin fourth and Syracuse fifth.

Nathan Allen, whose money in Iowa he had purchased the fortune in lands possessed by Mrs. Helen Dwellie Jenkins, which the government alleges was smuggled into the country, has quit active business. Announcement was made from the offices of N. E. Allen & Sons company at Kenosha, Wis., that Mr. Allen had resigned as president and member of the board of directors of the big leather concern.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bayliss, sixty-two years old, wife of Rev. Edgar E. Bayliss, a prominent minister of Somerville, Mass., who is serving a three months' jail sentence for libel, has been forced to become a scrubwoman to support herself.

The American Medical association meeting which began in Los Angeles with President John B. Murphy of Chicago in the chair attracted between three and four thousand physicians and surgeons and their families to the California city.

Charles McDonald, a chauffeur, who came to Memphis, Tenn., recently from Buffalo, N. Y., was killed and four persons sustained minor bruises as the result of an automobile accident here.

The committee on labor of the Connecticut general assembly will report favorably a bill to make it unlawful to employ any person for seven days a week. The bill exempts farm laborers and domestic employees.

After two years' investigation of the steel trust, Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, laid before President Taft an exhaustive report of his findings. The report soon will be made public at the president's direction, so the house committee investigating the steel trust may obtain the benefit of it.

Heatling to travel to a bank \$1,000 which she had received from the sale of a small farm, Mrs. C. D. Secor of Niles, N. Y., lost all of her little fortune to robbers.

Cool weather has raised apprehension among oyster growers along Long Island sound as to a "set" this season. Shelling of grounds is beginning, but there are no signs of spawn because of cold water.

Small hats—small in size if not in price—will be the rule in winter, according to delegates attending the Millinery Traveling Men's National association convention at Indianapolis.

Deputy Surveyor Richard Parr, who has been investigating charges of smuggling made against Nathan Allen, the leather manufacturer of Kenosha, Wis., and John R. Collins, a coal operator of Nashville, Tenn., by Mrs. Helen Dwellie Jenkins said that the case against those two men was only the entering wedge in an investigation by which the government expects to uncover a smuggling scheme involving at least \$2,000,000. It is asserted that the man who managed the smuggling is a prominent New York banker.

Overseer Wilbur Glen Volva and 188 other officials and members of the Christian Catholic church in Zion were indicted at Zion City, charged with perpetrating election frauds at the Zion City elections April 5 and 18, involving in part the control of the church founded by the late John Alexander Dowie.

Porto Ricans in New York numbering more than 3,000 have organized a club of their own, modeled after the social organizations of former residents of other states. It is called the Porto Rico alliance.

An endeavor to rid Worcester, Mass., of flies through a fly killing contest is under way and scores of children have entered the competition. Many prizes, aggregating more than \$500, are offered to the children producing the greatest number of dead flies.

Americans cut their imported champagne bill in two and adorned themselves with fewer diamonds to the extent of \$7,000,000 during the last eleven months than in the corresponding period last year.

The United States government will issue its one millionth patent for an invention August 1 and the honor will go to an inventor who has been designated by President Taft.

The Stanley hotel, built at a cost of \$500,000, at Estes Park, Colo., was partly wrecked by an explosion of dynamite. Eight persons were injured, one seriously.

The United States circuit court of the eighth district handed down an opinion at St. Louis that the purchase of the Southern Pacific railroad by the Union Pacific "did not amount to a direct and substantial restraint of either interstate or international commerce."

Many of the cotton mills in New England and the southern states will be shut down during the first week in July, according to information received in mill circles at Boston. The unsatisfactory state of the market and the independence day holiday are given as reasons.

Dr. Alexander Aalto of Astabula, O., is willing to be hanged in place of Mrs. Angelina Napolitano of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., named to die on the gallows on August 9, one month after the expected birth of her fifth child. She was convicted of killing her husband, who tried to force her into white slavery. Doctor Aalto is a middle-aged bachelor.

Justice Lacombe in the United States circuit court at New York City overruled the demurrer interposed by John B. Gleason of the suit against Harry Thaw to recover a balance of \$50,000. The Thaw case rendered the defendant white on trial for the murder of Stanford White.

The congress of the Catholic Educational association opened in Chicago with 3,000 delegates present. For the first time the nuns took part in the deliberations.

As a result of a series of evangelistic meetings being conducted at Erie, Pa., by Rev. "Billy" Sunday, a former baseball player, over 1,000 persons have been converted.

The new French cabinet was definitely constituted and Joseph Cailloux, the premier, who succeeds M. Monis, presented his colleagues to President Fallieres, who signed the nomination decrees.

Edwin Abbey, the American artist Royal academician, has undergone an operation in London for an affection of the liver. It is said that his condition is favorable to recovery.

American railroad equipment is making its way in the orient on its own merits. According to reports from Japan, eleven locomotives have been ordered from American makers for service in Manchuria and Korea.

Lord Kinnaird presided over an enormous gathering at the Metropolitan tabernacle in London to welcome the new pastor, Rev. Amzi C. Dixon, formerly of the Moody church, Chicago.

NEW PAROLE RULES

NEW BODY ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF RECENT LEGISLATURE, PROMULGATES LAW OF PROCEDURE

ORAL ARGUMENTS ARE BARRED

Prisoner's Conduct, Previous Record, Nature of Crime and Future Prospects to Decide His Fate.

Seventeen rules, governing the parole of prisoners from the state reformatory and the state prison and providing the procedure that will be followed by the State Parole board established under the law passed by the last Legislature, were promulgated by the State Board of Control.

The rules provide that the parole board shall meet at the two institutions as near the first of each month as possible, to hear applications for parole; prohibit oral arguments favoring or opposing a prisoner's parole, and make it obligatory upon a prisoner, when applying for parole, to furnish the board all facts concerning his previous history. This information will be kept confidential.

Four points will be taken into account by the board in considering an application for parole: The prisoner's conduct in the institution; his previous record, tendencies and habits; the nature of his crime, and the probabilities, from all of the facts obtainable, that he will lead a correct life if paroled.

The Rules. First—The board of parole will meet at the Minnesota state reformatory and the Minnesota state prison at the first of each month as convenient will permit. Hearings will be held at the reformatory and at the prison.

Second—Applicants may appear before the board of parole at the first meeting after the expiration of their term of imprisonment, provided they have remained in the first grade for six months in favor of or against the parole.

Third—An application which has once been denied shall not be again made within six months from date of denial, unless otherwise directed at the time of the denial.

Fourth—The law creating the board of parole prohibits the board from receiving or considering petitions urging the release of any prisoner on parole, or from receiving or considering petitions for the release of any prisoner on parole, or from receiving or considering petitions for the release of any prisoner on parole.

Fifth—In considering the question of the parole of an inmate, the board will take into account the inmate's previous record, his character, his conduct, his habits, his crime, the probabilities from all the facts that the prisoner will lead a correct life if paroled.

Sixth—Each prisoner, shortly after his term of imprisonment, will be required to give a statement of his case in accordance with the questions asked in a blank form for the purpose of this statement will be a part of the permanent records of each prisoner.

Seventh—A prisoner who claims to be innocent of the crime for which he is confined in the reformatory or to the wardens of the institution or to the warden of the institution, when obtained, will not be used to the detriment of the institution.

Eighth—The question of employment does not enter into the consideration of the parole of a prisoner, unless he is not allowed, unless provided for by special permission, that prisoners write their own resumes for the purpose of securing employment either before or after their parole.

Ninth—Matters pertaining to the place and kind of employment will be taken up with the prisoner, his state agent, under direction of the board of parole, or the warden of the institution, as may be determined by the board of parole or by its agent.

Tenth—Parents, wives or relatives of paroled prisoners will not be allowed to sign employment contracts, unless specially provided for by this board of parole, or to make any agreement necessary a personal investigation of the conditions of the parole, in order that as favorable conditions may be placed where there is any reason to believe that he will not be treated fairly and justly in connection with his parole.

Eleventh—Should it be necessary in any case to trouble an account of improper treatment of the paroled man or of his inability to do the work required, the board of parole will be made by the state agent under the direction of the superintendent of the state reformatory or the warden of the state prison, with a view to securing the necessary relief for the paroled man and employer.

Twelfth—No paroled prisoner will be sent to the place of employment, unless he has been advised as to the kind of employment, the wages and location.

VINEGAR CASE ON

ACTION AGAINST CHICAGO FIRM NOW ON AT MINNEAPOLIS, TO BE BITTERLY FOUGHT.

FIRST UNDER U. S. FOOD LAWS

Federal Experts On Ground—Manufacturers of Whole Country Are Watching Seizure of 100 Barrels of Cider Vinegar.

The first important application of the federal pure food law provision relating to cider vinegar commenced in the United States district court in Minneapolis, when the case of the government against Spellman Bros. of Chicago came up for trial.

According to government experts both the prosecution and defense have been accumulating data for a long period and the present action will be fought to the bitter end.

Assault Product Was Not Pure. Spellman Brothers are charged with violating the pure food law by selling adulterated cider vinegar.

The federal authorities assert that the vinegar, 100 barrels, was seized here by government inspectors who declared it was a distilled product and was not made entirely from the juice of apples, although some of the original juice was found in it.

The case is being heard by Judge C. A. Willard.

HAS NEW FORESTRY METHODS

Hubert, Minn., Man Submits a plan To Federal Officials

Washington.—New methods in forestry by which, it is claimed, land can be reforested from seed half the time it generally takes, have been submitted to the federal forester and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson by Freeman Thorp, of Hubert, Minn.

Mr. Thorp formerly was a portrait painter in Washington. His painting of Schuyler Colfax, vice president under U. S. Grant, and one time speaker of the house of representatives, was hung in the capitol Saturday.

When he came to Washington to finish and hang the Colfax portrait he brought along specimens of the timber, among them were red oak, white pine, and jack pine. These were exhibited to the chief forester and secretary of agriculture.

RURAL SCHOOLS INSANITARY.

Health Board Employees Investigate Complaints From Many Places.

Complaints are being received by the State Board of Health showing deplorable sanitary conditions in connection with some Minnesota rural schools. Employees of the health board have made examinations into the schools' sanitary conditions, and they are convinced that these conditions are inimical to the health of the pupils and to the residents of the districts.

The board received a vigorous complaint from a man living near the outbuilding of a rural school. He said that the conditions were unbearable and implored the board to take immediate steps to have them rectified.

SOO RAILROAD DEPOT ROBBED.

Thieves Got Money, Goods and Tickets at Cass Lake, Minn.

Cass Lake.—Entrance was forced into the Soo depot here, robbers got \$15 in cash besides a number of checks and goods. The ticket rack was also robbed. The burglars stole a pick from the hand car house and hacked the door to pieces. J. C. Fielding, head of the Pinkertons now at Bemidji, has been notified.

MINNEAPOLIS FIREMEN PICKED.

Chief Ringer Elected Head of State Association at Owatonna.

Owatonna.—Charles W. Ringer, chief of the Minneapolis fire department, was elected president of the Minnesota State Firemen's association by the convention here. Fairbank was chosen as the meeting place in 1914. Next year's convention will be held in Minneapolis, and in 1913 the firemen will meet at Thief River Falls.

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BREN OUT ON BOND.

Former Treasurer of the University on \$15,000 Bail.

Minneapolis.—Joseph D. Bren, former acting treasurer of the University of Minnesota, arraigned on an indictment charging the embezzlement of \$21,613.31, is at liberty on bonds for \$15,000, after he had been in the sheriff's custody for three months.

The bonds are for \$10,000, \$3,000 and \$2,000. The \$10,000 bond is signed by Bren's father and brothers, Frank Bren and Sam Bren. The \$3,000 bond is signed by A. C. Jerome, a real estate man, and Henry C. Gilbert, a lawyer. The bond for \$2,000 is signed by James A. Tyler, a contractor, and Martha Cross, a teacher.

Although the grand jury has examined Bren's books is being continued by the public examiner and by John Barry, expert accountant employed by the county.

CLOUDBURST AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Heavy Rains, Accompanied by Hail and Electrical Storm.

Minneapolis.—The three drought broken here by a storm of cloudburst proportions. In less than an hour there was a pre-cipitation of three inches.

A water main added to the flood when it broke at the height of the storm. The water ripped its way through curbing, tore up the pavements and flooded neighboring basements.

G. N. FLYER IN WRECK.

"Winnipeg Limited" Hits Box Car Blown on Track Near Barnesville—No One Badly Hurt.

Barnesville.—The Winnipeg Limited, the Great Northern's crack train, at a point four miles south of this city, crashed into a lone box car, which had been driven on to the main line from the yards here by last night's strong windstorm. Engineer Oids of St. Paul, was cut about the face by flying glass from the cab windows.

SOCIALISTS ARE FINED.

Duluth Objects To Speaking on the Street.

Duluth.—Tom Lewis and David Robertson, the two Socialists arrested for obstructing the street, were fined \$10 and costs each in the municipal court. Their attorney requested a stay of judgment of ten days, and it is likely an appeal will be made to the higher court. The Socialists asserted they would make this a test case to determine their rights to speak on the streets.

SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

Principal Events Gathered in the Old Scandinavian Countries

NORWAY.

The Norwegian football club has never been represented at an international football congress before. But this summer it was in London, represented at the international football congress which is to be held in connection with the hygienic exposition in Dresden, Germany.

A cable from Copenhagen states that Johan Severin Svendsen, the Norwegian composer, died there. He was born in Kristiania in 1840. In 1883 he was appointed royal musical conductor at Copenhagen. His violin concertos, symphonies and Norwegian rhapsodies placed him among the most prominent orchestral composers of modern times.

In 1907 school gardens were opened in connection with a few public schools in Norway. This new departure proved a success, and now the educators all over the country are asking for school gardens as a means of practical education. These school gardens have made a fair test of the plan agreed that when the children get a chance to work in a garden in connection with the school work they become much more orderly and docile in the other branches. The city of Kristiania has responded to the demand by turning over to the schools for gardens.

The Norwegian students that started for the millennium at Rouen, France, in an open sail boat like the vikings of old, played a nice little comedy on the way. The student that started the movement wanted to be the leader on board. But as he did not know anything about navigation the others got tired of being bossed by him, and after sailing along for some time from Narsund, a distance of almost one thousand miles, the others left him on shore and made for France. This action reveals the old spirit of independence and a newspaper says that those young fellows may return to Norway with brides captured among the gay damsels of Normandy.

SWEDEN.

The city of Umea was visited by a destructive fire which caused a loss of \$100,000. The Helsingborg rubber manufacturing company has declared a dividend of 12 per cent. A case of infantile paralysis occurred at Solleftea, and the board of health decided to close the public schools.

The ordinary cuckoo sings this way, "Koo-Koo." But at Ringsberg there is a cuckoo that invariably sings, "Koo-Koo-Koo." About 500 acres of timber land in Degerfors parish, between Ume and Vindel rivers, was devastated by fire. The fire is supposed to have been started by reckless anglers.

The Stockholm Y. M. C. athletic team is going to tour exhibitions in Swedish gymnastics at the hygienic exposition in Dresden, Germany. On their way to Dresden they are also going to give exhibitions at Odense, Denmark and Berlin.

The latest cases of infantile paralysis in Stockholm are said to have been "of a mild type." But in the same dispatch it is stated that out of ten children treated at Crown Princess Louise's hospital, no less than three were carried away by the pest.

The winter rye growing on low, marshy ground in the forests of Holland was so hard hit by frost in the latter part of May that it had to be cut down for fodder. The oats were badly injured, but they are expected to give an ordinary crop. High and dry fields of grain were not injured at all.

A three-year-old son of Olof Gillberg of Forsbacka noticed that some school children went into the woods for an outing, and he followed them at a distance. When he was missed a large number of people started to scour the woods. But he was not found until the third day. He was seated on a stump many miles from his home, chewing birch bark, and still his hunger, his face, and arms, and legs were a little swollen, either from the cold or from the bark.

The Swedish delegates to the congress of the international committee for the Olympic games have returned from Budapest. Kristian Hellstrom, the general secretary, reports that the results of the deliberations were wholly satisfactory to Sweden. The question most eagerly discussed was the rules for spear throwing, but when Colonel Balck explained that Sweden would not take part in that game unless the propositions made by the Swedes were adopted the congress yielded on that point. It is also considered important that the congress passed the proposition to have Swedish judges at the game.

The young socialist club in Stockholm has passed a resolution showing doubt on the practice of some young men to refuse to serve in the army on account of scruples of conscience. The resolution calls upon other clubs to take up this matter for a thorough discussion.

The Swedish pomological society has begun to confer with the fruit-dealers in Stockholm with a view of agreeing on a certain trade mark to be used by any Swedish fruit grower that proves to be able and willing to prepare his products in proper shape for the market.

Only fifty-three persons have applied for admission to the Stockholm school for pharmacists this summer, while the number used to be about 100. The reason for this slump is to be found in the fact that most of the drug stores of the country are operated by persons who rent the places, making the profession much more precarious than formerly.

The stadium to be constructed for the Olympic games in Stockholm is to be so substantial that it can stand for a number of years, and it is proposed to use it as an open air theatre after the close of the Olympic games.

S. P. TRAIN HOLDUP

SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS IN GOLD DUST TAKEN BY THE ROBBERS.

IN COW CREEK CANYON, OREGON

Cars Detached and Are Believed to Have Been Forged by Dynamite.—Three Men Did the Job.

Eugene, Oregon.—The first section of the Oregon Express on the Southern Pacific railroad was held up and robbed at Westfork, in Cow Creek canyon.

Three masked men stopped the train which was northbound, ordered the express and mail cars separated from the passenger coaches and then compelled the engineer to run his engine up the track. It is believed the robbers dynamited the detached cars.

Explosions were heard in Westfork from the direction in which the cars were taken. It is reported that several thousand dollars' worth of gold dust was on the train.

The train left for San Francisco on time but lost twelve hours. This would have brought it through the canyon in daylight. It is believed that the robbers learned of the delay and laid their plans accordingly.

Many delegates and others in attendance on the International Sunday School Association convention, which closed in San Francisco Tuesday, had arranged to return East by way of north coast points, and a number of them probably were passengers on the train.

OVER MILLION FOR HARVARD.

Bay State Urged to Set Aside Sum Annually for Scholarships.

Cambridge, Massachusetts.—Gifts to the amount of \$1,200,000 received by Harvard university during the last year were announced by President Lowell to the 2,000 or more Harvard men gathered for the alumni meeting.

Almost simultaneously with this announcement William C. Boyden of Chicago handed to President Lowell a check for \$100,000 as the gift of the class of 1886 to the university, to be invested in the college funds and only the income to be used.

Governor Foss divulged a plan by which he hopes the state will set aside \$100,000 annually for the "creation of a large number of scholarships, to be awarded by competitive examination to young men and women of Massachusetts, the recipient of such scholarship to choose the institution in the state which they will attend."

Secretary Meyer heads the list of five new overseers to Harvard elected to serve for six years. The others chosen are United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr.; Jerome D. Greenwood, '96, of New York; William C. Boyden, '86, of Chicago, and Lawrence E. Sexton, '84, of New York.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis, June 29.—Wheat, July, 94¢; Sept., 94¢; No. 1 northern, 95¢; No. 2 northern, 95¢; No. 1 durum, 94¢; No. 2 durum, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No. 1 red, 94¢; No. 2 red, 94¢; No. 1 black, 94¢; No. 2 black, 94¢; No. 1 green, 94¢; No. 2 green, 94¢; No. 1 blue, 94¢; No. 2 blue, 94¢; No. 1 purple, 94¢; No. 2 purple, 94¢; No. 1 orange, 94¢; No. 2 orange, 94¢; No. 1 pink, 94¢; No. 2 pink, 94¢; No. 1 white, 94¢; No. 2 white, 94¢; No. 1 yellow, 94¢; No. 2 yellow, 94¢; No.