

TOWNSEND SAYS WILSON LOBBIES

Michigan Senator Directly Accuses Chief Executive.

CHARGE CREATES SURPRISE

Witness Before Committee Defines a Lobbyist in Such a Manner as to Include Chief Executive.

Washington, June 7.—Senator Townsend of Michigan exploded a real bomb in the senate tariff lobby investigation when he made the specific charge that President Wilson's use of patronage as a club to force Democratic senators to accept without question the Underwood bill just as it passed the house is itself lobbying of an insidious character.

Senator Townsend's charge came as a surprise to the committee. The investigation had proceeded in a humdrum manner until he came to be a "lobby."

"I understand by the word lobby, or rather lobbyist—because the lobby is composed of lobbyists—that the lobbyist is a person whose business it is to promote or prevent legislation upon some particular subject. That influence may be proper or improper, according to the methods he employs."

Senator Walsh interrupted to seek an explanation of just what Senator Townsend was driving at. "I repeat," said Senator Townsend, "a lobbyist is a person whose business it is to secure or prevent some particular legislation, such as the offer or payment of money or other thing of value, extending favor or entertainment to legislators who are about to act upon legislation, by insidious threats of political opposition, by holding out prospect of political reward or by withholding patronage."

Never Saw Improper Methods.

"I have known many lobbyists who have been interested in legislation by proper means. I have not known of anybody who, by the use of money or the proposed use of money, by the offer of reward or by entertainments, has sought to secure some particular legislation."

"The nearest approach to undue influence which would come within my definition, in my judgment, has been the influence exerted by the president and by the use and power of the party secret caucus."

"I am convinced that some senators will vote in favor of the tariff bill and against proposed amendments because of the fear of antagonizing what is known as the power of the administration."

"You believe coercion, or a species of lobby, can come from the executive department as well as from outside it," asked Senator Nelson.

"I do, yes sir," said the Michigan senator. "I have no doubt about that in my mind and I have not so much fear from the corruption of senators as I have from the encroachment on the legislative by the executive branch; and I am not blaming this executive any more than I would anybody else. It seems to be rather popular nowadays."

The senate agreed to extend the time limit for the lobby investigation twenty days, or until June 28.

SLAYS HIS THREE PURSUERS

Michigan Man Kills Indian and Posses Members.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 8.—Sheriff Bone, deputies and local police are scouring the country between Sault Ste. Marie and Soo Junction for a Russian Pole who is wanted for the killing of James Sutton and three other men at Brimley.

The Pole became involved in a quarrel with an Indian in Brimley, stabbed and killed him and then fled toward a lumber camp near Wellsburg.

James Sutton, deputy sheriff, with two men from Brimley, went to arrest him, but the Pole, armed with a revolver, shot the three and made his escape.

GETS PLACE FOR METCALF

Bryan Lands Job for Associate Editor of the Commoner.

Washington, June 4.—Secretary of State Bryan has landed a job for his partner, Richard L. Metcalf, associate editor on the Commoner. President Wilson agreed to appoint Metcalf as head of the city government of the Panama canal zone, placing him in line for promotion to the governorship when the zone is placed under civil administration.

TAFT GUEST OF PRESIDENT

Former Executive Lunches at White House With Successor.

Washington, June 8.—Former President William H. Taft made his first visit to the White House since he left on March 4 to become a private citizen and teach law at Yale university. Mr. Taft was the luncheon guest of the president and Mrs. Wilson.

Advertisement for Scott's Emulsion featuring a fisherman logo and text: 'IF YOUR CHILDREN ARE DELICATE OR FRAIL under-size or under-weight remember—Scott's Emulsion is nature's grandest growing food; it strengthens their bones, makes healthy blood and promotes sturdy growth.'

ROBERT E. PEARY.

Discoverer of North Pole Enthusiastically Greeted at Paris.



PEARY WARMLY WELCOMED

Predicted Snub at Paris Proves Unreliable.

Paris, June 7.—Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary arrived in Paris and was enthusiastically greeted. He was welcomed by officials, which did not bear out the assertion that the Royal Geographical society had decided to snub him. Peary was presented with a garland of gorgeous flowers.

United States Ambassador Myron T. Herrick was not present, Naval Attache Hough representing the embassy. Prince Roland Bonaparte entertained the party at a luncheon.

PITTSBURG BOARD DISMISSES HEETER

Declares Educator Guilty of Immoral Conduct.

Pittsburg, June 7.—Superintendent S. L. Heeter of the Pittsburg public schools was declared by the board of public education guilty of immorality and taking unwarranted liberties with women. By a vote of 12 to 1, two members being absent, Mr. Heeter was dismissed from the service of the board of education.

After consultation with his attorney, Clarence Bureligh, Mr. Heeter declined to issue any statement or to discuss the case.

Recently he declared that if discharged he would sue the board for the collection of the \$25,000 of his salary under his contract for a term of years. He declined to affirm or deny that he contemplated such action.

GUILTY OF GRAND LARCENY

Former Frisco Detective Assisted in "Bunco" Games.

San Francisco, June 8.—Frank Esola, former police detective, was found guilty of grand larceny in connection with the operations of the notorious "forty thieves" bunco gang which operated for many months.

Esola was indicted on the specific charge of having conspired with Michael Gallo, now a convict, in robbing a farmer of \$900. With seven other policemen, the rest of whom are awaiting trial on conspiracy charges, he was accused by four confessed bunco men with complicity in swindling operations said to have yielded the bunco ring more than \$300,000 since 1905, from which time confidence men declared they had worked under police protection.

SEVERE STORM IN DENVER

Three Killed, Score Injured and Much Damage Done.

Denver, June 8.—Three killed, a score injured and thousands of dollars property loss was the toll exacted during the electrical storm over Denver and vicinity, according to reports from all sections. Theodore Arnett, aged twenty, a farmhand employed at Montclair, was killed by lightning while driving a team of horses.

GARMENT WORKERS TO STRIKE

Eight Thousand in Philadelphia Vote to Walk Out.

Philadelphia, June 7.—Representatives of 8,000 men and women employed in the manufacture of women's garments in this city voted to strike and declare they will leave their shops as soon as the order is given by a special committee appointed by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union of America.

Gompers Passes Good Night

Washington, June 8.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, operated upon for the second time for a mastoid abscess, was "doing as well as could be expected," his surgeons said. Mr. Gompers passed a good night.

SUFFRAGISTS FINED \$1,840

Must Pay Damages for Smashing Windows.

London, June 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Peckham Lawrence, Mrs. Emmaline Pankhurst, Miss Christabel Pankhurst and Mrs. Mabel Tuke, representing the Women's Social and Political Union, were condemned by the king's bench court to pay \$1,840 damages in a suit brought by a number of West End London shopkeepers for damage done in smashing windows.

ASSERTS TREATY WAS VIOLATED

Main Point in Japanese Note of Rejoinder.

SAY QUESTION IS POLITICAL

Mikado's Government Declares Action of California is Discrimination Against Friendly Power.

Tokyo, June 7.—The rejoinder of Japan to the United States' note on the subject of the alien land ownership legislation reiterates that the bill passed by the California legislature violated the spirit of the Japanese-American treaty by discriminating against a friendly power.

It points out that even if the question is an economic one, it enters the domain of international relations and therefore becomes a political question. The note says that the California land legislation violates article I of the Japan-American treaty of 1911, which authorizes subjects or citizens of the contracting parties to own or lease houses, which are inseparable parts of real estate.

Contrary to Constitution. It also declares that the new bill violates the fourteenth amendment to the United States Constitution, requiring the state to grant equal protection under its laws to all persons within its jurisdiction.

Interest in the Japanese-American land ownership controversy is unabated in Japan and continues to be the paramount topic of conversation among all classes. Several mass meetings of protest are being arranged. Tatsuo Yamamoto, minister of agriculture and commerce, declared that the Japanese government is desirous of participating in the Panama-Pacific exposition, but owing to popular feeling it is obliged to determine public sentiment before proceeding further with its plans.

FORMS NEW CABINET RULE

President Wilson Authorizes Substitutes for Absentees.

Washington, June 8.—President Wilson apparently has established a rule that in the absence from the city of the heads of the departments assistant secretaries shall sit in their places at the cabinet table.

John Skelton Williams, assistant secretary of the treasury, attended the last cabinet meeting, and on all occasions upon which Secretary Bryan has been away thus far John Bassett Moore, counsel of the state department, has joined the president's advisors.

It is said the reason for the rule is that each cabinet officer may have a representative at the session who will report to him any subjects concerning his department which may come up for discussion during his absence.

JACK JOHNSON SENTENCED

Negro Pugilist Given One Year and a Day in Jail.

Chicago, June 5.—Jack Johnson, negro heavyweight pugilist, was sentenced to one year and one day in the state penitentiary at Joliet and fined \$1,000 for violation of the Mann "white slave" law.

Sentence was pronounced on Johnson after Federal Judge Carpenter had denied a motion for a new trial made by counsel for the negro.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth, Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, June 9.—Wheat—On track and to arrive, No. 1 hard, 91½¢; No. 2 Northern, 90½¢; No. 2 Northern, 88½¢; No. 3 Northern, 87½¢; No. 4 Northern, 86½¢; No. 5 Northern, 85½¢; No. 6 Northern, 84½¢; No. 7 Northern, 83½¢; No. 8 Northern, 82½¢; No. 9 Northern, 81½¢; No. 10 Northern, 80½¢; No. 11 Northern, 79½¢; No. 12 Northern, 78½¢; No. 13 Northern, 77½¢; No. 14 Northern, 76½¢; No. 15 Northern, 75½¢; No. 16 Northern, 74½¢; No. 17 Northern, 73½¢; No. 18 Northern, 72½¢; No. 19 Northern, 71½¢; No. 20 Northern, 70½¢; No. 21 Northern, 69½¢; No. 22 Northern, 68½¢; No. 23 Northern, 67½¢; No. 24 Northern, 66½¢; No. 25 Northern, 65½¢; No. 26 Northern, 64½¢; No. 27 Northern, 63½¢; No. 28 Northern, 62½¢; No. 29 Northern, 61½¢; No. 30 Northern, 60½¢; No. 31 Northern, 59½¢; No. 32 Northern, 58½¢; No. 33 Northern, 57½¢; No. 34 Northern, 56½¢; No. 35 Northern, 55½¢; No. 36 Northern, 54½¢; No. 37 Northern, 53½¢; No. 38 Northern, 52½¢; No. 39 Northern, 51½¢; No. 40 Northern, 50½¢; No. 41 Northern, 49½¢; No. 42 Northern, 48½¢; No. 43 Northern, 47½¢; No. 44 Northern, 46½¢; No. 45 Northern, 45½¢; No. 46 Northern, 44½¢; No. 47 Northern, 43½¢; No. 48 Northern, 42½¢; No. 49 Northern, 41½¢; No. 50 Northern, 40½¢; No. 51 Northern, 39½¢; No. 52 Northern, 38½¢; No. 53 Northern, 37½¢; No. 54 Northern, 36½¢; No. 55 Northern, 35½¢; No. 56 Northern, 34½¢; No. 57 Northern, 33½¢; No. 58 Northern, 32½¢; No. 59 Northern, 31½¢; No. 60 Northern, 30½¢; No. 61 Northern, 29½¢; No. 62 Northern, 28½¢; No. 63 Northern, 27½¢; No. 64 Northern, 26½¢; No. 65 Northern, 25½¢; No. 66 Northern, 24½¢; No. 67 Northern, 23½¢; No. 68 Northern, 22½¢; No. 69 Northern, 21½¢; No. 70 Northern, 20½¢; No. 71 Northern, 19½¢; No. 72 Northern, 18½¢; No. 73 Northern, 17½¢; No. 74 Northern, 16½¢; No. 75 Northern, 15½¢; No. 76 Northern, 14½¢; No. 77 Northern, 13½¢; No. 78 Northern, 12½¢; No. 79 Northern, 11½¢; No. 80 Northern, 10½¢; No. 81 Northern, 9½¢; No. 82 Northern, 8½¢; No. 83 Northern, 7½¢; No. 84 Northern, 6½¢; No. 85 Northern, 5½¢; No. 86 Northern, 4½¢; No. 87 Northern, 3½¢; No. 88 Northern, 2½¢; No. 89 Northern, 1½¢; No. 90 Northern, ½¢.

MAN AND HORSES KILLED

Fall Sixty Feet When Curbing Gives Way.

Seven children were made orphans when Charles Kimball met death in a fall with his team down a sixty-foot bluff into the Omaha yards at St. Paul. He was a driver for the Crescent Creamery company. Both horses were killed.

GEORGE W. PEAVEY IS DEAD

Was Connected With Peavey Elevator Company.

George W. Peavey, member of the Peavey Elevator company of Minneapolis, is dead at his home in that city. He was thirty-six years old.

ON MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE

St. Paul Auto Driver Indicted by Grand Jury.

Ralph H. Babcock of St. Paul was indicted by the Goodhue county grand jury at Red Wing on a charge of manslaughter in the second degree for having run down and killed Mrs. Alfred Anderson with his automobile. Babcock later was arraigned before Judge Albert Johnson. He entered a plea of not guilty, with the privilege of withdrawing it and filing a demurrer to the indictment.

His parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Babcock of Minneapolis, furnished \$15,000 bonds for him and he was released. No indictments were returned against Andrew Berkey and S. N. Claussen, who were in the car with Babcock when the tragedy occurred.

WILLIAM M. WOOD.

Head of Woolen Trust Acquitted in Dynamite Case.



WOOD FREED IN DYNAMITE CASE

Millionaire Not Guilty of Conspiracy Charge.

Boston, June 8.—After deliberating throughout the night the jury acquitted President William M. Wood of the American Woolen company of the charge of conspiracy to injure the textile strikers at Lawrence by "planting" dynamite.

A disagreement in the case of Frederick E. Atteaux was reported. Daniel J. Collins, who turned state's evidence, was found guilty on two counts and not guilty on the other four counts of the indictment.

The first count charged conspiracy to injure the textile strikers and the second count conspiracy to injure unknown persons. The other counts alleged conspiracy against certain persons and a plot to damage property.

The case, one of the most sensational that has grown out of a dispute between capital and labor, was considered by the jury nineteen hours.

Attorney Henry F. Hubert, counsel for Wood, immediately asked the court to direct an investigation of the published statement that an attempt had been made to influence Morris Shuman, one of the jurors.

The sudden application of the brakes to a light delivery auto of the Minneapolis General Electric company on the Osseo road near the Mill City to recover a hat blown from the head of one of the occupants, caused the tire to blow out, the axle to break and the auto to skid into a cornfield, where it toppled over, plunging all the occupants underneath.

One of them died on the way to St. Mary's hospital and it is believed the others cannot live.

Verne Perkins, aged thirty-eight, is dead and Eldridge Perkins, aged nine, spine injured, internal injuries; Fay Eldridge, aged thirty-four, both arms and leg broken; may have internal injuries and fractured skull; has chance of recovery.

YOUTH ENDS HIS OWN LIFE

Leaves Party at Home and Hangs Himself in Back Yard.

Overcome with melancholia during a party at his home in Minneapolis, Harold Johnson, sixteen years of age, went out the back door and hanged himself to a tree in the yard. The body was found by the father, Henry Johnson, when he went out to feed his chickens in the morning.

Young Johnson was seen to leave the house by several guests at the party, but no attention was paid to his absence. Even members of the family did not miss the boy until the father found the body.

INCOME TAX BILL DEFECTIVE

Amendment Will Probably Be Drafted at Once.

Washington, June 5.—Before the senate acts on the Underwood tariff bill the income tax section will be amended to remedy a defect which, it was discovered, would make the measure unconstitutional.

When the framers of the income tax provision fixed Jan. 1, 1913, as the date from which to compute incomes for taxation they overlooked the fact that the constitutional amendment authorizing an income tax was not proclaimed as ratified until Feb. 25, 1913.

This fact was brought to the attention of the senate finance subcommittee, which has the income tax under consideration, and an amendment probably will be drafted at once.

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Failure of the street curbing to stand the strain when the wagon backed against it was the cause of the fatality. Nineteen feet of the curb fell with the wagon.

John Bower, assistant manager of the company, narrowly escaped death when he leaped from the rear end of the wagon as it was tottering on the brink of the cliff.

No man can be brave who thinks the greatest evil, nor temperate who considers pleasure the highest good.—Cicero.

ABOUT THE STATE

News of Especial Interest to Minnesota Readers.

TRAIN KILLS FOUR PERSONS

Party in Automobile Run Down by Winnipeg Flyer on the Northern Pacific Near Elk River.

The Northern Pacific's Winnipeg flyer ran down and killed four members of an auto party of six at the Nord highway crossing of the road, a half mile below Elk River. The dead are: J. Dawson, son of Kalona, Ia.; Mrs. J. L. Dawson, his wife; non-law of the Dawsons, name not known; eight-year-old girl, niece of the Dawsons.

The Dawsons had purchased a farm at Clear Lake, about thirty miles north of Elk River, and were on their way to that point to make their future home.

The highway which crosses the railway steel near the home of Just Nord parallels the right of way for many rods and Dawson, who was at the wheel of the machine, undertook to cross ahead of the fast running train. He had miscalculated the speed with which the locomotive was bearing down and his auto was struck when upon the very center of the track and hurled fully fifty feet and torn to pieces.

The bodies of two of the dead were carried along by the machine in its flight and were crushed and torn almost beyond recognition. The injured who survived the collision were picked up near the tracks.

FATAL FIGHT OVER WOMAN

Negro Shoots and Instantly Kills White Man.

Following a quarrel over Mary Meyers, a white woman, in a rooming house at Minneapolis, William Billings, a negro, shot and instantly killed Albert Seton, white.

The men roomed in the same house, Seton, who is a machinist, about fifty-eight years old, being the only white man in the place.

Billings says that Seton accused him of trying to influence the woman against him and came down stairs armed with a butcher knife and threatened to kill him.

Billings says he fired the shot which went through Seton's head only after the white man had reached the room and advanced toward him.

Billings was placed under arrest and pleaded self-defense.

LIGHT AUTO TURNS OVER

One Killed and Two Others Seriously Injured.

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GRAND JURY TAKEN TO TASK BY COURT

Scored for Not Indicting Railroad Officials.

Failure of the Goodhue county grand jury, sitting at Red Wing, to carry out the instructions of the district court relative to returning indictments against the railroads operating in Goodhue county, resulted in that body being severely censured by Judge Johnson. The court refused to discharge the jury, but excused it until Monday, June 23, when he ordered it to return and resume consideration of the case.

Addressing the jury, Judge Johnson declared that it had not followed his instructions.

"It cannot be that you have not understood my instructions," he said. "You were told to investigate matters relative to railroad rates, and if you found that the law was being violated to indict the offenders. That alone was the question submitted to you in my charge."

"This grand jury was not asked to determine the legal phase of the case. You may have been under the impression that the county attorney had been enjoined from acting in the matter of railroad prosecution. One thing I do know, and that is that neither this court nor the grand jury has been enjoined in the matter."

1914 FAIR OPENS SEPT. 7

Minnesota Board of Directors Decides on Date.

Minnesota's state fair in 1914 will be held from Sept. 7 to 12, inclusive. This was decided by the board of directors on hearing the report of Secretary Simpson on the results of the date conference held at St. Paul May 26 and 27.

While these dates will bring the state fair a week later next year than last to be held in 1912 there is no change in the custom of opening the exposition on the first Monday in September. The proposition suggested at the date conference was to permanently fix the fair dates a week later than has been the custom in the past. To this, however, the nine other fair associations represented could not agree. Resolutions were adopted declaring no change in dates could be made without being detrimental to all the fair associations represented at the conference.

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Advertisement for JAP ROSE Soap. Text: 'There's one thing about JAP ROSE that you'll not find in any other toilet or bath soap on the market; the complete knowledge of perfect cleanliness that comes after you have used it. This is due to the perfect blending of ingredients and large percentage of pure glycerine.' Image of a woman in a bathtub. Text: 'JAP ROSE "/>

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ATTACK ON LA FOLLETTE

Medill McCormick Creates Stir at Wisconsin Progressive Banquet.

Milwaukee, June 8.—A savage attack on Senator La Follette by Medill McCormick of Chicago was the sensation of the banquet of the Wisconsin Progressive party.

That La Follette wanted Roosevelt's support, but would not give the colonel his own assistance when he himself was hopelessly out of the race, was one of the features of the McCormick charges.

WRONG TURN FATAL TO ONE

Companion May Die From Injuries Received When Auto Upsets.

Lemars, Ia., June 9.—Alberta Mow, twenty years old, living near Orange City, is dead and John Vandervort of Chicago, twenty-five years old, is lying in a hospital here in a precarious condition as the result of an automobile accident.

Mow, who was driving, made a wrong turn, going into a lane at such a speed that the machine skidded and upset.

THE LIFE OF A FLY

By GLADYS E. NORTON, aged eleven, of State street school, Tepeka.