



# BRING THE BOYS

You'll be surprised to find how little money it takes to purchase

## Boys' Serviceable, Dependable School Suits

at this store. You'd hardly expect to find such thoroughly reliable qualities and such splendid styles in the face of increasing costs of materials and labor. Orders placed early are responsible for present reasonable prices. Bring the boys in NOW while stocks are reasonably complete and prices so much in your favor. Prices \$5.00 to \$17.50

### Men's New Hats for Fall

The newest style ideas are well represented in our present displays. Soft hats and derbies of every favored shape and color.

Choosing your hat now means choosing from big assortments which offer opportunities to select that style and color best suited to your fall suit.

Prices \$2.50 to \$5.00

### Crossett Shoes for Men

Here they are—the new models for the coming season—in an array that will meet the approval of all men who value their personal appearance. New lasts, splendid quality leathers, approved colors, which make choosing easy.

And the price—one of the most important considerations—is much lower than could be expected under existing circumstances.

Prices \$5.00 to \$10.00



### Sturdy Built—Of Good Quality Leathers—Sensibly Shaped

This combination insures satisfactory wear and perfect comfort for growing feet. Shoes of this character in all sizes are now ready for the inspection of mothers of school children. Solve the school shoe problem now by bringing the boys and girls to this store and letting us "fix them up" for fall.

Prices \$2.00 to \$3.50

# Peterson & Wellin

STORE OF QUALITY

## The Bon Ton Millinery

MISS SOPHIA BRUSTAD, Proprietor

Newest shapes in velvet hats for fall and winter wear. Everything the very latest, up-to-date and prices right. On Front Street, Near Majestic, Willmar, Minn.

## DON'T DRINK SHIPS!



U. S. Food Administration.

Are you shocked to see the lady drinking ships? You drink ships every time you use sugar unnecessarily, in a beverage. Seventy-five per cent. of the sugar used in this country has to be brought here in ships. Every possible ship is needed for the transportation of troops and supplies to the other side. Eliminate sugar as a luxury, and you release many ships for war purposes. Teach your appetite to remember this—DON'T DRINK SHIPS.

### LOCAL AND PERSONAL

J. H. Wagner of Marshall was a Willmar visitor last week.  
Miss Ruby Selin left Friday for a few days visit in the cities.  
Atty. Charles Johnson was a business visitor in St. Cloud Saturday.  
William O. Johnson was a business visitor in St. Cloud, Saturday.  
Miss Minnie Nelson left Tuesday for a several days visit in the cities.  
English services will be held at the Synod church next Sunday evening.  
Dr. and Mrs. I. S. Benson motored to Minneapolis and enjoyed a Sunday visit.  
Miss Esther Floe of New London arrived Monday to attend school in Willmar.  
Miss Alma Grimlund commenced her duties at the G. N. Supr's office, Monday.  
Miss Mabel Peterson returned Tuesday from a several days visit in St. Cloud.  
Mrs. A. W. Erickson of Noonan, N. D., is a guest at the Arnold Erickson home.  
Miss Caspara Larson returned from a week's visit with relatives at Eagle Lake.  
Miss Hazel Elmquist left Saturday for Hopkins where she teaches in the public school.  
Miss Mary Thill of St. Cloud and Miss Beaulieu Paulot enjoyed Tuesday visiting in this city.  
Dist. Superintendent William C. Lee of Morris was a visitor here between trains, Tuesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Hong and family left Friday by car for a several days visit in the cities.  
Miss Edna Johnson left Sunday for Welcome to assume her duties as grade school teacher.  
Miss Grace Dahl of Atwater returned Tuesday after a short visit at the John Monson home.  
Matt Stone of Glenwood arrived Tuesday for a several days visit at the Maurice Johnson home.  
Miss Edna Sanderson left Monday for St. Cloud where she is enrolled as a student at the State Normal.  
Miss Lydia Johnson returned Tuesday from a several days visit at

the E. W. Pagel home at Atwater.  
A. H. Brown and family motored to Minneapolis Saturday for a visit with relatives and attend the Fair.  
Miss Laura Hoglund and Gladys Wold left Monday for St. Cloud where they will attend the State Normal.  
Miss Mabel Larson of Coopers-town, N. D., arrived Tuesday for a brief visit at the L. O. Thorpe home.  
Mrs. J. Johnson of Frazee, returned to her home after a three months visit at the home of Mrs. J. A. Bohne.  
Miss Ella Lanstead left Friday to assume her duties as teacher in the public schools at Kallispell, Montana.  
Misses Anna and Tena Greenwolt of Northross arrived Tuesday for a several days visit with friends in this city.  
Mrs. Laura Honeycutt returned Tuesday from Minneapolis where she enjoyed a visit with her brother, C. Peters.  
Mrs. Mary Richardson returned Monday to her home after enjoying the week-end at the William Hanson home.  
Mrs. W. C. LeFever of Minneapolis arrived Wednesday for a several days visit at the home of Mrs. C. Sullivan.  
Mr. and Mrs. A. Peterson of St. Paul returned home Tuesday after a week-end visit at the W. D. LaClair home.  
E. C. Quale, Superintendent of Schools at Flandreau, S. D., spent Sunday with his brother, T. C. Quale of this city.  
Miss Frances Hoard returned Monday to her home at Litchfield after a week's visit with Miss Elsie Hoglund.  
Mrs. Otis Moon left Monday for her home at Brookings, S. D., after a several week's visit at the H. E. Hanson home.  
Mrs. C. A. Randahl and daughter Mildred of Royallton arrived Tuesday for a several weeks visit at the Joe Feiterek home.  
Mrs. Ella Goodman and sons Harold and Clifford returned to her home at St. Paul after a week's visit with relatives here.  
J. G. Applegren of Wheaton arrived Friday and is a visitor at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Gust John-

### son of this city.

—Misses Ida Johnson and Ruth Norman entertained Monday evening for the Belvidere Young Ladies Society at the former's home.

—Mrs. C. A. Nelson and daughter Lovera returned Monday from a two week's visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Thunsted of Buhl.

—Mr. and Mrs. Burdick Bjornberg and son Stanton and William Magnuson spent several days this week visiting in the cities and attending the Fair.

—N. S. Swenson has moved his home from third street East Second Street East, into the new residence which he bought recently from Harlow Kerr.

—Miss Emma Olson of Litchfield, who has just returned from a visit in New York and other eastern points, enjoyed the week-end with Miss Lois Sanden.

—Mrs. Nels Erickson of Nevis arrived Tuesday for a couple of week's visit at the C. M. Johnson home, and with other friends and relatives in this city.

The Jolly Twelve and Mrs. Ella Ramstad enjoyed Wednesday at Tipperary cottage at Green Lake. A dip and a wiener roast furnished a pleasant afternoon.

—Private Lester M. Swanson, a mechanic in the service, arrived Monday for a brief visit at the L. O. Thorpe home.

—Mrs. John Thunsted was pleasantly surprised by the Mission Circle of the Baptist church this afternoon. Mrs. Thunsted has been president of the Circle for many years.

—Mr. and Mrs. Joe Johnson and two children of Armstrong, Iowa are visiting with Mr. Johnson's brothers, Casper and George Johnson of this place. They made the trip by car.

—A squad of the Home Guards of Minneapolis passed thru here Monday enroute from Tyler where they did guard duty and assisted in cleaning up the city.

—Dr. A. Sather and sons George and Norman of Poston arrived Tuesday for a brief visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Sather. Dr. Sather was recently elected mayor of his city.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Tallman entertained Friday evening at their cottage at Crescent Beach in compliment to Misses Elizabeth Perkins of Muncie, Indiana, and Josephine Velle of Minneapolis.

—Mrs. William McKenzie returned Wednesday from Buffalo where she visited a week with her daughter, Mrs. George Abel residing at that place.

**Red Cross Shipment.**  
Willmar: 52 hospital shirts, 10 pairs of bed socks, 665 pairs of knitted socks.

Penock: 50 pairs of socks, 20 pin-afores, 8 petticoats.  
Atwater: 50 pairs of socks.  
Sunburg: 10 pairs of pajamas, 20 petticoats, 50 pairs socks.

Information as to the September allotment is expected soon.

**Surprise Party.**  
A surprise party was held at the Skutle home Tuesday evening in honor of Herman Skutle who leaves Thursday with Kandiyohi County's 85 for Camp Grant, Ill.

Mr. Skutle was presented with a neat wrist watch by his friends who had come to wish him good luck. Games were played and luncheon served at twelve o'clock after which the unexpected guests departed for home.

**Limited Service Quotas Leave.**  
Saturday this county contributed three more of her sons in a limited service quota which left for Camp Dodge, Ia. The boys were treated to a dinner before leaving.

Today another limited service quota of five men left on the 2:10 train for Camp Grant, Ill. They will arrive at their destination early tomorrow morning. The quintette was treated to a hearty dinner at the Farmers Restaurant.

### THE GUBERNATORIAL ISSUE.

Much is being said, especially by the hostile press and politicians, about David H. Evans' pledge to the labor unions on the prohibition issue. It might be well to reserve judgment on this until Mr. Evans' statement or platform is published. We have faith in Mr. Evans, and we do not think that he would be willing to do anything that would retard the adoption of prohibition, an issue for which he has stood many years. The despairing cry of those trades that are doomed by the inevitable near adoption of national and state prohibition was a pathetic feature of the labor convention. Union labor is not by any means all committed to the wets. A large number of Trades Union Dry Leagues are affiliated with the Minnesota Dry Federation of the State amendment this fall. Whatever we may think of the demand for the pledge mentioned, it nevertheless was done in the open, "no secret diplomacy" there, in the way that the corporate liquor interests work and pledge their candidates. To make the prohibition question an issue in the gubernatorial campaign it will be necessary to consider George Burquist's and Mr. Wheaton's positions. It would seem that to profit by the situation they must make positive declarations for statutory prohibition, regardless of the popular vote. Will they be willing to offend the wet voters to that extent? If not, they have their supporters to brag about.

The issue in Minnesota this fall will be clear-cut between democracy of the people and standpatism which favors special privileges to interests that prey upon the necessities of the state and nation. All manner of camouflage will be resorted to beloud this issue, and attempts to divide the forces of farmers and labor will be made, as that is the only way that the standpatism can win. If the organized farmers and labor and those in sympathy with their demands stick together, they will win.

**Marriage Licenses.**  
Aug. 27.—Miss Emma Jensen to Rudolph Doege.

Aug. 30.—Miss Ollie Mathilda Sandbo to Charles Theodore Birkeland.

Sept. 2.—Miss Hanna Kallevig to Ralph Burton Goehring. United by Rev. E. E. Gynild, Aug. 30th in the presence of Johanna Kallevig and George Kallevig.

Sept. 2.—Cornelia Louise Syse to Theodore Ludvig Berg.

Sept. 3.—Miss Alma Miranda Sveretson to Thorwald Melvin Rykken.

Sept. 3.—Miss Bettie May Ervin of Carter County, Kentucky to Henry Raddahl of Chippewa county, Minnesota.

**WANTED**—Ten waitresses, four dish-washers and three cooks, for establishing pavilion at county fair. Apply at Savoy Cafe. 625

—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Zelodortf returned today from a two months visit with relatives at Bellingham.

## Northwestern College

A Christian Boarding School  
DEPARTMENTS:  
Academy  
Business  
Music  
Tuition, Board and Room \$25.00 per month, by the year in advance.  
For information address:  
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE  
Northwestern College  
Fergus Falls, Minn.

## Food QUESTIONS ANSWERED

### FATS

Do American eat too much fat?  
As a nation we have the reputation of being the greatest fat eaters and wasters in the world.

Why is it necessary to save fats?  
Because fats have high value as energy-producing food of a sort specially needed by soldiers; and because they are needed in the manufacture of high explosives, for the lubrication of machinery, and for oilments.

Why are fats so important to Germany?

They are the essential food that Germany most lacks. Eating-fat in Germany not under government control costs from \$3 a pound up. Is it better to make soap at home or sell waste fat to the soap maker?

If possible sell to the soap maker. He can get glycerine as a by-product, and he will not waste it.

What are the animal fats?

Cream, butter, lard, and fats of all animals.

What are the vegetable fats?

Olive oil, cottonseed oil, corn oil, and oil from nuts.

Why may vegetable fats be used more freely than animal fats?

Because the animal fats are needed for the Allies, and we have larger stocks of vegetable fats.

Is there any difference in the value of animal and vegetable fats in cooking?

No; vegetable fats are just as good as animal fats.

Is there any essential difference between fats and oils?

No, fats are solid at room temperature and oils are liquid.

Is our lard supply decreased?

Yes; the total production of lard in 1916-17 was 22,500,000 pounds less than in the previous year. It began to show decided increase in the spring of 1918.

How can we save fats, especially animal fats?

By frying less; by saving meat drippings; by using butter only on the table; by using substitutes for lard; by wasting no soap.

How much fat should an adult consume daily?

Not below 40 grams (about 1 1/2 ounces) and many will prefer 50 grams (about 1 3/4 ounces) or 60 grams (a little over 2 ounces).

### FISH

Is fish a "brain food"?

No more so than other foods. Fish contains a high percentage of phosphorus and when food values were first discussed this was credited as "brain" food.

Phosphorus is no more a brain builder than other substances of which the brain is composed.

When is the best time to substitute fish for meat?

In the spring and summer when many varieties of fish are plentiful.

Is fish cheaper in warm weather?

Yes. Particularly in localities where the source of supply.

Which are most plentiful, the ocean or inland fish?

Ocean fish. The growth of large cities on inland rivers has brought into existence many mills and factories which pollute the waters and drive away the fish.

Which variety of fish furnishes the greatest food value?

The oily varieties, such as salmon.

Where are these found in abundance? Salmon on the Pacific coast, and mackerel on the Atlantic coast.

Why should we have frozen fish?

Because that makes it possible to have good fish in inland towns and cities.

Is frozen fish good?

Fish is frozen for market only when it is absolutely in good condition, and people should not fear to use it.

Should the fish be thawed out at the retailer's?

No; as soon as the fish is thawed out it deteriorates rapidly.

What should the housekeeper do?

She should insist on getting the fish frozen at the retailer's and keep it frozen until she wishes to use it.

How is the best way to thaw it out?

By placing it on ice in a pan in a cool place.

How long does this process take?

Several hours.

Is there a quicker way to thaw it out?

Yes; by putting it in cold water; never hot.

Should the water it is thawed out in be used?

By all means use the water if the fish is boiled; or use it for chowder. Some of the value of the fish goes into the water and is thus lost unless the water is made use of.

What are the advantages of cold-storage fish?

1. It brings good fish into large cities.

2. It standardizes the price of fish.

3. It lowers the annual price of fish.

4. It makes the transportation and caring for fish possible and safe.

5. It provides fish out of season.

6. These same points hold good for cold-storage foods in general?

Yes.

Alaska Railroad Rushed.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 2.—Despite labor shortage, which has handicapped the Alaska engineering commission in constructing the government railroad between Resurrection Bay and Cook Inlet, good progress is being made.

Seward and Anchorage will be connected by a continuous line of rail by September 15, according to William C. Edes, chairman of the commission, who has returned from a trip of inspection over the Fairbanks, Seward and Anchorage division.

## Economy, The Watchword Of The Nation

This is a year in which to practice economy in your household affairs—economy in your amusements—economy in dress—in fact, everything that involves expenditure of money must be carefully watched.

However, economy does not necessarily mean cheap merchandise. Price is not a true standard of Economy. Service always is. These times call for goods that will last and wear—not the kind that look attractive to the eye and are cheap both as to price and quality. We sell the kind of a garment that you can be proud to wear because of this service and especially so in these times where efficiency and economy are the watchwords of the nation.

Come in, when attending the County Fair, and look at our well assorted stock of Ladies' Coats, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Fall Dresses, Sweater Coats, Underwear and Hosiery for Women and Children.

You will here find stylish, well fitting garments at economy prices when quality is considered.

# The O. A. Sandven Co.

The Ladies' Store Willmar, Minn.

## EVENTS IN FRANCE MAKE IMPRESSION

GERMAN PEOPLE ARE SAID TO BE SEIZED WITH SORT OF PEACE MANIA.

## DESIRE QUICK END OF WAR

Public Appears Indifferent to Prospects of Defeat of Central Empires—Two Regiments in Russia Mutiny.

Amsterdam, Sept. 2.—The Germans have been seized with a sort of peace mania, according to the frontier correspondent of the Telegraf.

The events in France have made such a profound impression that the Germans are indifferent to the prospect of the defeat of the Central empires and only wish to get peace as quickly as possible.

The correspondent declares that two German regiments in Russia refused to go to the Western front and seven hundred of the body guards at Munich refused to go to the front and barricaded themselves in their barracks until they were compelled to surrender, the correspondent says.

Von Hertling to Resign, Says Report. London, Sept. 2.—It is reported in Berlin, according to a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Central News Agency, that Chancellor von Hertling shortly will retire owing to his advanced age and will be succeeded by Dr. W. S. Solf, the German colonial secretary.

Dr. Solf recently made an important announcement that the disposition of Germany's colonies after the war is of the utmost importance and that Germany's policy must be so shaped that she will retain her foreign possessions.

Parts of his address were looked upon as a veiled suggestion that peace tentative on the basis of colonial possessions might be made.

## WALKOUT OF LONDON POLICE IS SETTLED

Government Makes Concessions Affecting More Than 20,000 Officers.

London, Sept. 2.—The strike of the London policemen composed of more than 22,000 men in the Metropolitan district and the "City" has been settled. Agreement between the government and strikers was reached at a conference in which the representatives of the policemen were met by the government.

Under the terms of the agreement the policemen will receive a minimum wage of 43 shillings weekly and a maximum wage of 53 shillings, plus a war bonus of 12 shillings and also an allowance of 12 shillings for children of school age and two shilling six pence for other children.

After 25 years of service a policeman will be entitled to retire on a pension of 35 shillings.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Representative Clarence B. Miller filed with the Secretary of State a petition that the United States send food supplies to the starving people of Finland. Many people of that country, now citizens of Minnesota, have endorsed the appeal.

The petition shows that food relief is demanded, and then emphasizes the fact that for international reasons the United States should come to the aid of the Finnish people.

## STANLEY KING



Stanley King, who was recently appointed secretary to Newton D. Baker, to succeed Ralph Hayes, who went to Camp Meade to prepare for foreign service as a private soldier, is a young business man whose executive ability was promptly recognized in the War department. He came to Washington last year to the labor relations bureau of the War department and his work there was such that when Mr. Hayes left Mr. Baker promptly sent for Mr. King to take his responsible position.

## SOVIET COMMISSARY KILLED

MOSES URITZKY ASSASSINATED AT PETROGRAD.

Attempt is Also Made to Kill Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik Premier.

London, Sept. 2.—Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier, who was shot twice by an assassin last Friday night at Moscow, has died of his wounds, according to a telegram from Petrograd received by the Exchange Telegraph company by way of Copenhagen.

Amsterdam, Sept. 2.—Moses Uritzky, people's commissary for home affairs at Petrograd, has been assassinated.

The assassins, according to Russian advice received through Berlin, were arrested.

Bullet Strikes Lenine's Lung. London, Sept. 2.—An official Russian dispatch received by wireless concerning the attempt on the life of Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevik premier, says that M. Lenine was wounded in two places. One bullet penetrated a little above the shoulder blade, entering the chest and touching the upper part of the lung. This caused great loss of blood. The bullet stopped on the right side of the neck over the shoulder bone.

Another bullet penetrated the left shoulder blade and split the bone. It stopped directly under the skin. Here an internal effusion of blood is suspected. The dispatch says that the patient is perfectly conscious and that the best surgeons have been called in. This is the third attempt that has been made to kill Lenine.

Algona, Mich., Sept. 2.—Fire believed to have been caused by the explosion of an oil signal lamp destroyed the steam yacht Ivy, owned by Mrs. W. H. Oades of Detroit, at anchorage here. The eight persons on board escaped in a lifeboat. The loss has been estimated at \$25,000.

## EXPLOIT OF YANKEE AIRMAN

DESTROYS FIVE FOE PLANES AND DAMAGES TWO OTHERS.

Is Recommended for Victoria Cross and Congressional Medal of Honor.

London, Sept. 2.—First Lieut. Edmund G. Chamberlain of San Antonio, Tex., a graduate of Princeton and the University of Texas and an aviator attached to the United States Marine corps, has received simultaneous recommendations for the Victoria Cross and the Congressional Medal of Honor for an exploit in which he figured on July 28.

On that day, over the British front, Lieutenant Chamberlain took part in an aerial battle with 12 German machines. He destroyed five of them, damaged two others, and sweeping earthward with a damaged plane, scattered a detachment of German soldiers. After he landed he bluffed three others into believing his compass was a bomb and captured one of them. He then carried a wounded French officer back to safety and finally refused to give his name to the British officer in command of aerial forces in that section of the front, because of his fear of being reprimanded.

The story, which is one of the most thrilling chapters in the drama of the war, also has been cabled to America by the London office of the committee on public information.

## HAYWOOD SEES LITTLE CHANCE FOR PARDON

Convicted I. W. W. Leader Says He Has Decided to Write Autobiography.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—"I fear we have not much to hope for even when the war is over," said William D. Haywood, convicted I. W. W. chief, in his cell at the county jail.

"If this were a war verdict there might be something to look forward to, but I don't look on it as a war verdict."

"What I can't understand is why some were given major terms and some short terms. I figure that it was all a matter of conspiracy and we should have received the same sentences."

Haywood declared he had decided to write an autobiography for one of several publishers who have made him handsome offers. He admitted he had little hope of gaining his freedom either by appeal or pardon.

## AUSTRALIAN TROOPS TAKE MONT ST. QUENTIN

German Are Taken Completely by Surprise and Hundreds of Them Surrender.

With the British Army in France, Sept. 2.—A body of Australian soldiers, which means that they were unaided by artillery—attacked Mont St. Quentin. The Germans were taken completely by surprise for they had no idea that the Australians would dare attempt such a feat. The Australians fought their way to the top of the mountain and soon afterward signalled its capture.

Mont St. Quentin was alive with Germans, who came from everywhere and cried "Kamerad." Those who did not were driven from their retreats, killed with grenades and bombs, hundreds of prisoners were captured at this place.

## THE WEATHER.

Rain and cooler today; tomorrow, generally fair, with rising temperature in northwest portion.