

Makes No Difference.

John Lind Not Influenced by the Late Republican Nomination.

He Will Soon Be Officially Notified of His Own Selection.

The Minneapolis Times of Saturday contained this announcement relative to Mr. Lind:

Democrats, populists and silver republicans need have little fear but that John Lind will accept the nomination for governor. The Times wired him at Camp Thomas to learn if the nomination of Eustis, which was hardly expected when he left Minnesota, would make any difference in his plans. The reply came in a few hours, as follows:

"Chickamauga Park, July 1.—To the Editor of The Times: Any action taken or nominations made by the republican convention will not influence my actions.—John Lind.

A. T. Ankeny, who was appointed chairman of the committee of seven to notify Mr. Lind of his nomination for governor, was asked by The Times when and how the notification would be made. He replied:

"I presume by letter. I have appointed a meeting of the committee at my office for Wednesday, but as the members live in different parts of the state it is most likely they will simply indicate their ideas of the proper kind of notification and other suggestions. As C. D. O'Brien of St. Paul and myself are near we will together probably formulate the document, and then forward it to the members for approval and signature. This may take a week or two more."

Asked if there had not been unusual delay in the matter, he said:

"No, the matter is moving along as fast as is proper. Senator McHale had the appointment of this committee; also of members at large on the state central committee, and he was quite anxious to make satisfactory selections for both. This required conference and some correspondence, and he has acted expeditiously. Besides there is no occasion for a rush. There are still four months to election, and the next thirty days ought to see everything in good shape."

"As to the letter of notification, like the platform, it will certainly not be the work of any one man. Every word should be carefully weighed. This is not going to be 'hurrah' campaign such as we lately saw in the republican nomination. Cold facts will be presented, outside issues will be ignored, and they can't be met by firework allusions to Morro castles, annexing Hawaii or building a Nicaraguan canal."

"So you think 'the machine' hasn't been destroyed by the nomination of Eustis?"

"Why, of course not. The gearing may have been a trifle readjusted and a new cog put in, but that's all. There are simply new hands at the bellows, and it will run the same as ever. (I mean in this campaign.) John Lind is the only living man that can do that work, and he will do it in good style if he has half a chance."

"Mr. Eustis means well enough and personally is a highly respected citizen, and has hosts of strong personal friends. But Mr. Eustis the private citizen and Mr. Eustis the candidate for governor are two quite different persons. He now comes to stand upon his official record and by that alone must be judged. Many of his best friends conscientiously believe that he is no more able to stand up against the tremendous corporate interests which have so long dominated the state of Minnesota than a reed could withstand the storm. How was it, they ask, in the transfer ordinance? That was the grandest fight the people of Minneapolis ever fought and won. Yet as mayor he vetoed the ordinance and nearly fell over himself to defeat it. How about the hospital matter? No one ever claimed that Mr. Eustis personally did any thing wrong except by omission. Was it not his duty to have been present at the meeting which voted a further \$25,000, or to have stopped the payment afterwards? Now if such comparatively small matters 'miss fire,' at the crucial time, how might it be with the mighty interests of a great state and its 2,000,000 of people? Much stress is laid upon his 'saloon policy,' but it was neither fish, flesh nor fowl, and it is hard to find an apologist for it on either side of the question. I repeat such matters of official action must stand the test of enlightened public opinion, no matter how much we may admire the man."

SAMPSON'S GIFT.

The secretary of the navy received from Admiral Sampson on Monday the following cable dispatch:
The fleet under my command offers the nation as a Fourth of July present the destruction of the whole of Cervera's fleet. Not one ship escaped.
The fleet attempted to escape at 9:30 a. m. of the 3rd. At 2 p. m. the last, the Cristobal Colon, had run ashore six miles west of Santiago and had left down her colors.
The Infanta Marie Teresa, Oquendo and Vizcaya were forced ashore, burned and blown up within twenty miles of Santiago. The Furor and Pluton were destroyed within four miles of the port.
Loss, one killed and two wounded. The enemy's loss probably several hundred, from gun fire, explosions and drowning.
About 1,300 prisoners, including Admiral Cervera. The man killed was George H. Ellis, chief yeoman of the Brooklyn.

"Do you suppose John Lind will return home to take active part in the canvass?"

"I know nothing whatever of Mr. Lind's intentions, nor do I think anyone but himself does. I should say, however, that he will not come, unless the war were to speedily close, which to me does not seem likely. There is no necessity for his presence. John Lind fighting abroad is 10,000 votes stronger than John Lind on the stump. The world loves a hero, and it will not forget him. Besides Major Bowler is a good leader, and there will be no lack of speakers in all parts of the state."

"Nor do I think that the war will cut any special figure in the election. Our platform and candidate shut out all unfavorable criticism on that score. And if the war should for any reason be not prosecuted with both vigor and success, history might repeat itself, as it did in the fall of 1862, when Seymour was elected governor of New York by a tremendous majority and scores of democrats to congress. I don't think any party wants to bank much on the war."
"The refusal to nominate even so good a judge as Mitchell shows how ardent the 'outs' were for places. But the action will strengthen our whole ticket."

CAMP NOTES.

Scraps of News Gathered Among the New Ulm Boys on Chickamauga's Tented Fields.

Capt. Steinhauer writes that the recruits for Company A, twenty-six in number, arrived in camp safe and sound last Wednesday and were at once treated to a meal of bacon, hard tack and coffee. The next day they were completely uniformed and from now on will receive from five to seven hours of drill every day.

Brigadier General Rosser is reported to have said: The Fourteenth Minnesota is a part of my brigade and I only wish the Twelfth was with us. If they will give me the command of the two Minnesota regiments, some ambitious fellow can have all the rest. That is all the command I care for.

Congressman Tawney has donated \$50 to aid in the organization of a Young Men's Christian Association among the members of the Twelfth.

Henry Herian, who had charge of the recruits on their trip, says in a letter to his brother that, while he would not urge anyone to enlist, the treatment given the boys is all that could be expected. They have everything to eat that the system requires.

Privates Schwer and Boesch are serving the company as cooks.

Capt. Steinhauer was officer of the day last Wednesday.

Quartermaster Sergeant Bobleter is one of the busiest men in the regiment. His work, and there is always lots of it, is ever done with dispatch and in a manner worthy of emulation.

Orders were received a week ago for all of the regiment to practice setting up small shelter tents and packing and unpacking knapsacks. This indicates an early movement.

The Captain of Company H having resigned there is a good deal of talk of Lt. Buscher as his successor.

Friday was pay day for the Twelfth. It was high time, for the financial condition of most of the boys approached embarrassment.

Thursday was the fourteenth anniversary of Capt. Steinhauer's enlistment. A Camp Thomas special to Globe says: The captain is one of the most popular officers of the Twelfth.

A Globe special from Chickamauga says: When the Twelfth Minnesota goes to the front it will be one of the best drilled regiments in the volunteer service. Col. Bobleter is indefatigable in drilling the members of the regiment in the tactics that will be most valuable to them when they get into real warfare

and the results are beginning to be made manifest. The Twelfth has been repeatedly complimented for the excellence of its work in sham battles.

Major General Brooke has received orders to make up an expedition at once which is to be rushed to the aid of Gen. Shafter at Santiago. Brooks has already selected the regiments for this division, but the Minnesota troops are not among them.

The New Ulm boys of Company A were remembered by the good people of St. Paul last week with a box containing pipes, tobacco, cigars, whisk brooms and in fact all things that go to make camp life pleasant. The donors were Mrs. Enderlin, Mrs. Friedman, Mrs. E. Albrecht, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Thiers, Mrs. Deebach, Fred Albrecht, Miss Anna Mueller, Gustave Schaller, Miss Lena Mueller, Miss Lottie Mueller, Mrs. Augustus Mueller, Mrs. Stamm, Mrs. C. Albrecht, Mr. Weinlagen, Miss Flora Hanson, Mrs. E. Traeger, Mr. Theobald, Mrs. Lene, Mrs. Stiefel, Mrs. P. J. Giesen, Miss Clara Albrecht, Mr. Entrup, George Benz, Miss Josie Schell, Miss Klein, Mr. Steinmueller, Charles Hauser. The goods were collected by Mrs. Charles A. Albrecht, with the assistance of Lena Mueller, Lottie Mueller, Anna Mueller and Clara Albrecht.

C. L. Pierce of Company C is clerk in the office of Quartermaster Lind.

Mrs. John Bentzin had one of her arms fractured Sunday in falling from a buggy.

Mrs. H. D. Beussmann went to Havana, Illinois, yesterday to spend the summer.

Seventy-five New Ulm people attended the celebration at Doty's park near Courtland.

The Don Mearce larceny case occupied the attention of Judge Webber's court yesterday.

W. W. Smith of Sleepy Eye represented the Ninth district on the committee on credentials in the Republican convention Thursday and Julius Block of St. Peter on the committee on resolutions.

The Winthrop club was defeated by the Redwood Falls aggregation on Monday, while the Springfield boys suffered defeat at the hands of the Canby team. On the 3rd Springfield defeated Henderson at the former place in a closely contested game.

The supreme court of this state has decided that an ordinance of the city of Winona requiring a license of \$25 per month for every "gift sale, fire sale or bankrupt sale of goods," is valid, and the ordinance is pronounced a benefit to the mercantile interests of the city.

Editor Tompkins of the Morgan Messenger has announced himself as a candidate for auditor in Redwood county. A. H. Anderson is the present incumbent, but Anderson promised two years ago that if given the nomination then he would not again try for the place.

Chairman McHale of the Democratic convention has appointed the following committee to notify Mr. Lind of his nomination: A. T. Ankeny of Minneapolis, J. H. Johnson of Winona, C. D. O'Brien of St. Paul, E. M. Pope of Mankato, Albert Schaller of Hastings, Martin Shea of Perham and Frank Zins of St. Cloud.

After the nomination of Eustis at St. Paul Thursday afternoon, Judge Collins was called on for an address and among other things said: We are preparing for a political battle this fall, and we are opposed by a gentleman who is well known in this state. The person who has been nominated by our enemies is a man of high character, a man who has gone to the front, a man whom they sent down to the fields of Chickamauga for the purpose of nominating him as a candidate for governor. I do not believe he wants the nomination, and I do not believe he will accept it. If he does, I believe it will be because he will think it cowardly to decline.

NOT GUILTY.

A Jury of Twelve Finds Eich Innocent of the Charge of Murder.

Shortly after midnight on Saturday the jury in the Eich case sent for Judge and informed him that they had reached a verdict.

The judge repaired at once to the courthouse and in the presence of the clerk, the bailiffs, the prisoner and the prosecuting attorney received the judgment of "not guilty."

Eich therefore becomes a free man and can never again be made to stand trial for the murder of Wallace M. Greene.

The trial was not an interesting one. On the contrary, it was almost tedious.

Sixty talesmen were examined before a jury could be impaneled, and when it came to the evidence there was nothing at all that savored of a sensational nature. All the witnesses testified along the lines of those who had appeared at the preliminary hearing in January, and from the outset it was quite apparent that Eich would go free.

Eich himself took the stand and in a clear and concise recital told his story of the shooting. It intended to convey the theory of self-defense.

Attorneys Hagberg, Davis and Countryman, the latter from St. Paul, represented the state throughout the four days' trial, and Somerville and Olsen the prisoner.

Countryman summed up for the prosecution; Somerville made the plea for the defense. Both were clever arguments, but that of Somerville was strengthened by touching allusions to the mother of the accused.

Judge Webber's charge was an impartial one.

This point alone in his presentation of the law seemed to point in the direction of a verdict of guilty—murder was not justifiable unless the slayer was under the firm belief that he was in imminent danger and then only when there was no other means of averting it or of escape therefrom.

The jury was given the choice of three verdicts—acquittal, murder in the second degree or manslaughter in the first.

Eleven hours were consumed in deliberation before a verdict was reached.

THE FOURTH.

Unusual Quiet Marks the Celebration in New Ulm in Spite of Cervera's Destruction.

Notwithstanding the inducements offered by Sampson and Shafter for uncorking the spirit of enthusiasm, the New Ulm celebration of Independence Day was a tame affair. There was not even the usual amount of noise, let alone the more brilliant spectacle of a pyrotechnic display and a big parade.

The morning procession was short and lacking in attractive features.

At the head rode Marshal Eckstein, with Ralph Yates and Fred Kretsch as aides. Then came the Great Western Band, school children, boys with flags bearing the names of the various states, Hecker Post, Burg's Battery, mayor, city council, school board and Rev. Schroeder in carriage.

The second division was marshaled by Henry Seifert and John Woratschka. It consisted of the St. Joseph's Society, the Arbeiter Verein, the New Ulm Fire Department and citizens in carriages.

The afternoon was devoted to picnics at Turner Hall Park, College Heights and the Catholic Park, and to races and a ball game at the track.

The races were attended by a distressingly small crowd, nearly all of those present being strangers.

The pony race was won by Geo. Koch's horse and the mule gallop by the Schnobrich animal. A pony race arranged on the grounds between the ponies of Kretsch and Schnobrich was won by the former.

In the evening there were dances at some of the halls and a reproduction of "Toni und seine Walburg" at Turner Hall. The latter was well attended, and in no small degree deserving. Special praise is due at least to Frank Sietzel, Fred Spoorhase, Meta Seiter, Ella Spoorhase and Robert Brandt.

The lack of a fireworks display of some sort in the evening was a disappointment to everybody.

Great complaint is heard all over the city, and in fact all over the state, concerning the manner in which the telegraph and express companies avoid the revenue tax by compelling their patrons to pay for the stamps in addition to the

Summer Goods

36 inch Percale at 10c and 12c.
Fine Starch-Gingham at 10c and 12c.
Fast Colored Print at 4c and 5c.
Costume Cloth only 10c.

ORGANDIES
a very large line at 8c, 10c, and 12 1/2c.

DIMITY
in colored and plain white from 10c up to 25c.

INDIA LINEN
at 7c.

VICTORIA LAWN
from 7c up to 35c.

DRESS GOODS.
36 inch woolen goods at 18c.
36 inch Cashmere in all shades, 25c.
36 inch all wool Cashmere at 40c.

BLACK GOODS
a full line.

HOSIERY
the largest line in this city.
25 doz. children's black Hose, all sizes, at 5c.
25 doz. children's black ribbed Hose, seamless, 10c.
Children's heavy ribbed Hose only 15c.
Children's Hose in all colors at 15c & 25c.

LADIES' HOSE
in black and gray at 10c.
Better quality in black and tan at 15c.
Extra fine goods at 25c.

GENTLEMEN'S HOSE.
25 doz. heavy seamless Hose only 5c.
Extra heavy goods 8c.
Fine goods, black and tan at 15c and 25c.

UNDERWEAR.
10 doz. ladies' ribbed Vests at 5c.
10 doz. children's ribbed Vests at 5c.
Better goods at 8 and 10 cents.
Good half sleeve Vests at 12c.
Fine goods at 18c, 20c, 25c and 35c.
All silk Vests at 75c.

GENTLEMEN'S UNDERWEAR.
a large line, all sizes, at 25c.
Balbrigan goods 50c.

CORSETS
a full line.

RIBBONS,
all the latest styles.

BELTS
at 10c, 15c and 25c.

CALL AND SEE OUR GOODS.

Ottomeyer's.

usual charges. From the temper of congress at the time the law was passed it was evident that congress desired to impose the burdens of the war as far as possible on those institutions which, while enjoying the benefits of government to a greater extent than private individuals, had not yet been compelled to assume a share in the cost of its maintenance proportionate to the protection afforded them, but the good intentions of congress were not destined to bear fruit. The corporations soon found a way of avoiding the tax, and with their customary patriotism they are proceeding to make their discovery good.

Rev. Geo. Eyrich of St. Paul will spend the summer here with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Eyrich.

Geo. Doster and Emil Steinhauer, both Lambertson business men, were New Ulm visitors on Independence Day.

Michael Schwab, the Chicagoite, who figured with Spies, Parsons and Fischer in the celebrated anarchist cases of twelve years ago, died on Wednesday of consumption. The punishment meted out to Schwab was life imprisonment, but in 1893 he was pardoned and restored to citizenship by Gov. John P. Altgeld. Since then his life has been marked by extreme poverty.

Soon after Thomas L. Rosser's appointment as brigadier general had been made one of the newly appointed officers in Washington asked the general where he was going to have his uniforms made, remarking that he had had six suits made at a cost of \$700. "I will only need," remarked Rosser, "a flannel shirt, which I can buy anywhere, a pair of shoulder straps and a string or piece of braid around my hat to designate that I am an officer."

The bill granting the franking privilege to soldiers is not likely to be passed this session. Chairman Loud has it pigeon-holed in the postoffice committee.

"The measure will not be reported at this session," said Mr. Loud, with considerable emphasis, when asked about it. "The committee will hold no more meetings. I don't believe it would be wise to grant such an indiscriminate franking privilege as contemplated by the bill. We didn't do it during the civil war, and we don't need it now."

Hot Weather Items.

Cool, Comfortable Summer Garments.

Suitable for Wear in Cuba.

Made for hot weather and dressy for town and country. Qualities the best, and prices the lowest.

The extensive variety of Shirt Waists in white and colored, all the latest styles and patterns for 50 cents and up.

Skirts in Duck, Crash and Linen.

We are not trying to sell the cheapest skirt in town, but we are selling the best skirt for less money.

Parasols.

Ladies' and Children's fancy parasols in all colors and prices. There is no grasp like the grasp of lower prices.



Special Closing Out Sale

of Ladies' Jackets, Capes and Children's Jackets.

Come early and take first choice.

Ladies' Silk Capes worth	\$4.50	now	\$3.00
" " " " "	6.00	now	4.00
" " " " "	9.00	now	6.00
" " " " "	14.00	now	10.00
Cloth Capes from	\$1.00	up to	\$6.00

Remember these prices have been reduced to below cost.

CRONE BROS.