

New Ulm Review

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NUMBER 27

HAPPY THRONGS IN TURNER PARK

THREE-DAY FESTIVAL OF MINNESOTA TURNBEZIRK IS BIG SUCCESS.

VISITORS FROM ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS ARRIVED HERE SATURDAY.

Turner Hall Park was for two days the meeting-place of a happy and enthusiastic throng of people who came there for the purpose of witnessing the physical training competitive meet of the Turner societies constituting the Minnesota Turnbezik. There was a large crowd in the park Sunday afternoon to witness the exercises and also on Monday, in spite of the threatening weather. The only part of the program that was spoiled to some extent by rain was the concert advertised for Sunday evening. Shortly after eight o'clock it commenced to rain and continued for hours. As soon as it began to rain, the band and the crowd adjourned to the hall where the program was finished to the delight of those who had ventured out, because it proved to be one of the delightful Hofmeisterian programs.

Visitors from St. Paul and Minneapolis to the number of about one hundred arrived Saturday evening. They were met at the train by the New Ulm Turnverein and the Turner Ladies and headed by the Hofmeister Band escorted to Turner Hall where they were welcomed by Chas. Hauenstein, Pres. of the Turnverein and on behalf of the city by Mayor L. A. Fritsche.

Hike to Schell's Park.

Sunday morning the visitors were on deck bright and early for a hike to Hunter's Lake in Schell's Park. This proved a very delightful outing and succeeded in impressing the visitors with our beautiful scenery.

Competitive Contests.

Sunday afternoon was given over to competitive contests at the park. There were marching exercises which were participated in by all the classes. Among the other numbers on the program were calisthenics by the ladies and men's classes, high-jump and apparatus turning by the men classes, a game played by the ladies classes, arch straddle relay, and volley ball by the men. The games were exciting throughout. They were something new to most of the audience and they followed them with the keenest interest.

Monday morning's program of events was the real test for strength, endurance and skill. The teams contested for honors in high jumping, broad jump, hop, step, and jump relay, and a relay race. All these events and also the apparatus work were carried on under the latest rules laid down by the national technical committee and will prevail at the national meet at Chicago in June 1921.

Parade and Speech.

In the afternoon was the parade in which all the classes of the visiting societies at all the classes of the New Ulm Turnverein participated. After their return to the park Bezirksprezident William Mueller of St. Paul gave a short but fitting talk commemorative of the third day of our country. He told the audience what Turner means and stands for. He referred briefly to the early history of the Turner and when the abolitionists who desired the freedom of the negro slave were the prey of would-be patriots who resorted to mob rule and prevented the holding of meetings. In those stirring days the Turner Halls were always open to those who advocated the freedom of the slaves and it frequently became necessary for the Turners to arm themselves with rifles to prevent these mobs from breaking up their meetings. It is also a matter of history that Turner formed the body-guard of William Lloyd Garrison. They watched over his safety day and night. When the Civil War broke out, 75 per cent of the membership offered their services to their country, there being one of the members of Turner alone and in that memorable conflict there were none better.

Continuing the speaker said that the Turners were the first to advocate the initiative, referendum and recall, the first to advocate the election of the U. S. Senate by a popular vote of the people, the first to advocate the settlement of all international differences by arbitration and the first to advocate the election of Congressmen thru the proportional method of election. After the close of the address, all present joined in singing the first stanza of "America."

Exhibition Work.

Most of the afternoon was devoted to exhibition work, the different societies presenting their classes, men, women, youths and girls in special numbers. All of it is work was excellent. The best numbers were the athletic number by the natives of the Turnverein of St. Paul and the dance staged by the ladies' class of the same society. New Ulm had the largest ladies' class and the only society that had a woman's class in the contests and also the only society that had a youth's class take part in exhibition work. Their work was excellent also. In spite of the fact that the Anthony Turnverein did not have a steady instructor during the year, their special numbers showed that they had the material for successful classes and will come back with strong classes that will win laurels in the national meet at Chicago in June next year. In the neighborhood of 150 participated in the events during the two days of the meet.

No Deficit.

It goes without saying that the two-day Turntag was a success from the

LEAGUE BOOSTER MEETING JULY 7TH AT SAINT PAUL

Question of Putting Up Independent Ticket to be Discussed at Big Mass-Meeting.

The Nonpartisan League has called a representative meeting of League boosters to be held at League headquarters at Minneapolis on July 7. Official notice of the call for this meeting was given out late last week. The league expects by this call to bring in several thousand of the live League boosters of the state representative of the membership in all counties.

According to the League announcement, it is going to be up to this meeting to decide the future course of the League in Minnesota. Shall the organization work go on with renewed activity? Shall the educational and campaign work go on? Shall the League put up an independent ticket this fall to include all offices for which the farmers failed to nominate their men in the primaries?

These are the main questions to be decided. It will be entirely up to those representatives of the League membership as to what shall be done.

Geo Doehne III of Harrisburg, Pa. arrived here Saturday for a brief visit at the home of his grandfather, Geo. Doehne, and with other New Ulm relatives. He departed for home yesterday afternoon.

COX NOMINATED BY DEMOCRATS

OHIO CANDIDATES SELECTED ON FORTY-FOURTH BALLOT AT SAN FRANCISCO.

HARD-FOUGHT BATTLE ENDS WITH DEFEAT OF WILSON'S SON-IN-LAW.

James J. Cox governor of Ohio, was nominated for president of the United States in the Democratic National convention at San Francisco, at 1:40 o'clock Tuesday morning. The nomination came at the conclusion of a 44-ballot struggle, in which he had steadily beaten down the forces of William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, and President Wilson's son-in-law.

When the balloting on the forty-fourth vote had gotten to a point where Cox had 702 votes and was rapidly approaching the necessary two-thirds of 729, Sam B. Amidon of Kansas, manager of the McAdoo force and vice chairman of the Democratic National committee, stepped on the platform and moved that the nomination of Governor Cox be made unanimous. Immediately, there was a rouser from the tired and worn delegates which lasted for about four minutes before Chairman Robinson could put the question on Amidon's motion to suspend the rules and nominate Cox by acclamation.

The nomination of a candidate for the vice-presidency was set for Tuesday, July 6, a recess having been taken till 12 o'clock noon.

Was Three Times Governor.

James Middleton Cox was three times governor of Ohio—an honor enjoyed by only one other Ohioan, Rutherford B. Hayes. Born on a farm, educated in the public schools, a printer's devil, a school teacher, a newspaper reporter, a private secretary to a congressman, owner, manager and editor of two newspapers, member of Congress for three years and three times governor of his state is his record to date.

Business success paralleled his political achievements and through his own efforts Cox has amassed a fortune. Mr. Cox became the leader of the Democratic party in Ohio in 1912 when he was nominated for governor. As one who has brought radical changes in the state constitution, he took the field in its behalf. His first term as governor was devoted chiefly to forwarding the enactment of laws to put the new state constitution to effect.

But Ohio evidently was not prepared to assimilate all the new laws for Cox was defeated for re-election. But his party renominated him in 1916 and he was re-elected for a third term in 1918, being the only Democrat to win in Ohio. Legislation for which Governor Cox is best known includes a model workmen's compensation law and a child labor law which have been extensively copied by other states. Educators of the country say the Ohio school code, enacted under Governor Cox's direction, lives as a monument to his achievements.

Mr. Cox was born in Butler county, Ohio, in 1870. physical training standpoint. No prizes were offered in this meet. The visitors and enjoyed every minute of their stay and will come back again when ever New Ulm gives the word that they are willing to play the host once again to the Turners of the State. Frequently Bezirksprezidenteste leave the entertaining meetings a deficit, because of the connected with this kind. The local society will have no deficit, on the contrary, it will be able to show a profit even if it is not as large as some anticipated and which they would have had if the weather conditions had been more favorable and the roads in the evening brought a dance at the hall in the evening brought a pleasant and instructive festival to a close.

GOOD PROGRESS FOR LOAN ASS'N

NEW ULM MUTUAL BENEFIT ORGANIZATION IN GOOD CONDITION.

HEALTHY STOCK INCREASE AND MANY HOME BUILDERS HELPED HERE.

The New Ulm Savings and Loan Association has added another half year of its great service to the community to the splendid showing of previous periods, as was revealed by the semi-annual statement submitted to the board of directors' meeting July 1. The good standing of the association and its endeavor to share in the work of the general welfare are shown by the fact that it has been able to pay a dividend of 6 per cent for the past year, and at the same time every year a little to the contingent fund.

Resources Total \$172,369.03.

The resources of the association amounted to \$172,369.03, according to the semi-annual statement. July 1st, 1920. Mortgage loans form the greater part of this total, viz., \$163,200.00, \$3,853.82 was in the hands of the treasurer, and \$1,000 was covered by Liberty Bonds.

The liabilities show that the contingent fund of the association at present amounts to \$3776.43. Cash advanced on Paid-up Stock amounted to \$371.91. The big totals of this side of the business are covered by running stock, \$101,301.01; loan stock, \$24,513.27, and paid-up stock, \$39,300.00.

A feature of the receipts is the running stock to the amount of \$22,526.75, and the loan stock aggregating \$20,638.06. Mortgage loans are a dominant figure in the list of disbursements. They amount to \$28,393.59, 5192 Shares.

The total amount of stock in shares in force July 1, 1919 was 5192, divided as follows: Running stock, 3177; loan stock, 1,632, and paid-up stock, 393. This is a gain of 195 shares since last January.

The statement in full is as follows:

| Receipts. | |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| Treas. on hand Jan. 1, 1920 | \$116,78.47 |
| Running Stock | 22,526.75 |
| Loan Stock | 20,638.06 |
| Paid up Stock | 6,300.00 |
| Interest on Liberty Bonds | 21.20 |
| Interest on Bills Receivable | 19.20 |
| | \$61,183.68 |

| Disbursements. | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Running Stock | \$22,073.40 |
| Loan Stock | 1,825.21 |
| Paid up stock | 2,800.00 |
| Int on Earn. P. U. S. | 6.25 |
| Stationery and Printing | 4.25 |
| Dir. on Pd-up Stock | 868.28 |
| Expense | 1,374.46 |
| Mortgage Loans | 28,393.59 |
| Balance Treas. July 1, 1920 | 3,853.82 |
| | \$61,183.68 |

| Resources. | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Treasurer | \$3,853.82 |
| Real Estate (Wis. Land) | 3,074.31 |
| Liberty Bonds | 1,000.00 |
| Mortgage Loans | 163,200.00 |
| Stationery & Printing | 129.80 |
| Furniture & Fixtures | 211.10 |
| Bills Due | 400.00 |
| | \$172,369.03 |

| Liabilities. | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Running Stock | \$101,301.01 |
| Loan Stock | 24,513.27 |
| Paid up Stock | 39,300.00 |
| Cash. Div. on Paid up Stock | 871.91 |
| Contingent Fund | 3,776.43 |
| Due on Loans | 2,606.41 |
| | \$172,369.03 |

Amount of stock in shares in force July 1, 1920, as follows: Total, 5192. Running Stock in force Jan. 1st, 3177. Cancelled since Jan. 1st, 389.

Issued new since Jan. 1st 274.

In force July 1, 1920, 3167.

Paid up Stock in force Jan. 1st, 393. Cancelled since Jan. 1st, 28.

Issued new since Jan. 1st, 630.

In force July 1, 1920, 393.

Loan Stock in force Jan. 1st, 1464. Cancelled since Jan. 1st, 142.

Issued new since Jan. 1st, 1322.

In force July 1, 1920, 1632.

What augurs well for the future of the Association and what is most gratifying to the board of directors is the steady increase in business. During the past six months the mortgage loans have been increased by \$76,800 and at the present time the applications for loans still pending and which will be made shortly exceed \$12,000. This is unprecedented in the history of the Association. There is also a steady increase in the running stocks. More and more people find out from day to day that the Savings and Loan Association affords them a good, safe and sound investment at a very good interest rate.

The Association is here primarily for the purpose of assisting people to own their own homes. In this work they have done exceptionally well. The rate of interest has been steadily reduced until now it is only 6-3-4 per cent. As a factor to build up the community, there is none more effective and more able to be of service. For that reason, the Association should have the support of every citizen. Every one can and should help to build up this financial institution. If you do not belong to the

CHEER MENTION OF LA FOLLETTE

ENCAMPMENT AND PICNIC AT FORT HILL PARK DRAWS LARGE ATTENDANCE.

SPEAKERS DISCUSS PRESENT- DAY ISSUES AMID RE- PEATED APPLAUSE.

Heavy roads and threatening weather, not to mention the many fourth of July celebrations held at other points in Southern Minnesota, did not deter the attendance at the encampment and picnic at Fort Hill Park, Sunday, considerably, and yet there were in the neighborhood of 5,000 people present. Those attending were well repaid for overcoming the difficulties incident to the trip which, in some instances, was 60 miles and more, for the speakers discussed the present-day issues in a clear and unflinching manner, to the great satisfaction of their audience, who repeatedly interrupted their remarks with spontaneous applause and cheers.

"Rip" at His Best.

O. M. Thomason, probably better known to League members as "Rip, the Reporter," was the first speaker introduced by L. W. Martin, who presided. People who had previously heard Mr. Thomason, stated that he was at his best, and his timely remarks, punctuated by bits of wit and humor, proved that he is as able a speaker as he is a writer. He dwelt principally upon the many wrongs that are to be righted in the economic conditions of today and brought out his points in pithy comparisons between the earth's population and various sections of the United States and Minnesota. Briefly he outlined the seeming defeat of the League Labor ticket at the recent primaries and the reasons therefor, at the same time calling attention to the overwhelming victory of the League-Labor candidates for the state legislature where primary contests were as follows: Running stock, 3177; loan stock, 1,632, and paid-up stock, 393. This is a gain of 195 shares since last January.

Have Origin in Rural Districts.

For two score years the Salvation Army, with the indefatigable courage for which its workers are known, has been working for the betterment of the masses of humanity in the great metropolitan areas of the country. A close analysis of a large number of cases which the Army has dealt has convinced it that many of these social problems have their origin in rural districts. With this discovery the Army decided to turn its attention to cause as well as effect, hence its Home Service Program.

"Ernie's" Elucidations.

Ex-Congressman Ernest Lundeen of Minneapolis, the second speaker on the program, reiterated his stand as regards the proposed League of Nations Covenant and portrayed the evils into which the United States had fallen, were we to enter this pro-foreign, un-American alliance. "He cited the proposal of President Wilson to accept a mandate over Armenia as a striking example of the cover-boy duties that would devolve upon Uncle Sam if he would lend his support to the despotic league of nations program. The speaker asserted that after England and France had gobbled up the mandates over the small countries having rich natural resources, such as oil, coal, iron, the mandate over Armenia, which country is the world's poorest, was offered the United States. This would, thereby be allowed to police that poverty-ridden little nation without any prospect of profiting by the transaction. The ex-congressman repeatedly referred to Great Britain's six votes to only one for the United States in the Council of the League of Nations, and admitted his audience to work and vote incessantly for a return of the policies of Washington, Jefferson, Monroe and Lincoln.

Lines of Inquiry.

This program will explain to the board members how they may inform themselves on the various subjects to be covered. Among other matters the Board will be asked to investigate the following: (a) Poverty—with particular reference to the old and infirm. (b) The unemployed—with reference only to depend-

Veteran Opposes Military.

L. W. Martin, national speaker of the World War Veterans, and who presided at the speaking program, followed Mr. Lundeen. Mr. Martin is an ex-service man and was active service in France as a member of the American Expeditionary forces. He declared himself as being unalterably opposed to universal military training, as it would not be a difficult matter to muster sufficient troops to keep an enemy from intruding upon our soil, should such an emergency ever arise. The necessary fighting men would gladly volunteer for such service in time of need, but universal military training, in his opinion, not only would waste the lives of the young men who are compelled to enter it. Mr. Martin if a forceful speaker, and as he talks from personal experience, he is able to electrify his audience and convince his hearers to his way of thinking.

La Follette's Name Cheered.

The biggest hit with the large audience was undoubtedly made by Lester P. Barlow, national chairman of the World War Veterans, whose vigor and pep carries every gathering which he addresses off its feet. He has an unlimited treasury of highly interesting facts from which to choose the material for a public speech and has the happy habit of presenting his evidence in a clearly understandable, though concise manner. His dissertations are spiced with clever witticisms which always make a hit with his audience. Also he is thoroughly posted on the big issues confronting the American people today and his arguments are convincing. Having had intimate connections with high government and army officials during the World War, M. Barlow is in a position to give from first-hand knowledge many facts that of course would not be accessible to the great mass of people. He is a

keen observer and forceful speaker. Among other things, Mr. Barlow referred to the Herculean efforts of his enemies to discredit him and the World War Veterans, which, thus far have been unavailing; however, another matter which he pointed out briefly was the attempt of the pro-British propagandist to return the United States under the domination of Great Britain, and proved, by reading passages from Hart's "History of the United States," a text book now used in the public schools of Kansas. He stated that propagandists seek to implant in the minds of the coming generation the conviction that the heroes of 1776 had no reason to revolt against the brutal tyranny of Great Britain. It is interesting to note, in passing, that text books either written by British subjects, or inspired by them, are gradually usurping the place of true-blue American text books, wherever opportunity to practice this deception presents itself.

The enthusiasm of the several thousand hearers ran high when, in the course of his address, Mr. Barlow mentioned the name of Senator Robert M. La Follette as the possible candidate of the National Service Party, to be organized at a convention at Chicago towards the middle of this month. Spontaneous applause and loud cheers greeted the speaker's announcement.

Hanska Band Plays.

Manager Hans Vegum of Fort Hill Park had engaged the Hanska Band of Hanska to furnish music for his guests, Sunday, and they rendered a veritable pleasing selections in a very creditable manner. The refreshments stand catered to by the "Knicker" with ice cream, soft drinks, lunches and dinner and all seemed to enjoy themselves. The picnic grounds are ideally located on the shores of beautiful Lake Hanska and are kept in excellent condition. The only thing to mar the outing was the heavy rains which made traffic by auto anything but pleasant.

SALVATION ARMY EXTENSION WORK

PLAN SERVICE IN RURAL DISTRICTS AND SMALL COMMUNITIES.

COUNTY ADVISORY BOARD AP- POINTED BY CHAS. F. RAACH, F. DEP.

The Salvation Army, with the announced intention of extending to rural districts and communities the work which for 40 years it has carried on in the great cities has launched throughout Minnesota its 1920 Home Service Program. This program does not contemplate the entering or the development of a new field. It indicates rather a desire to expand the present efforts of the Army and to extend the ministering hand of mercy to all parts of the state rather than to be limited by the present corps centers. Most important of all is the wish to reach the very source of the great social problems and to help in controlling the strong currents of life, that sometimes become so unruly.

Advisory Boards.

In every county in Minnesota advisory boards composed of a number of the most representative citizens in their respective communities are being organized to co-operate with the Salvation Army in systematically relieving distress and endeavoring by study and application to reduce the causes that are so productive of social disorders in cities. The members of the Brown county advisory board are: Ed. Stoll, A. Schulte, C. A. Stolz, H. L. Beecher, F. H. Krook, Rev. C. Hohn, Henry N. Somsen, Dr. O. J. Seifert, Dr. O. C. Strickler, Y. Vogel, Judge Wm. B. Mather and Philip Liesch. At a meeting held by the board a few days ago, the following officers were elected: President, Dr. O. C. Strickler; vice president, Rev. C. H. Hohn; secretary, Judge Wm. B. Mather, and treasurer, F. H. Krook.

Chas. F. Raach is Field Deputy for this district. He is making his home at Mankato, Sulphur hotel.

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The soft drink parlors of Harry Veigel, John Schneider, John Zischka, Arthur Schombrieh, Anton Bartl, August Bayer and Arthur Schiefel were searched, and it is alleged that "booze" was found in all of these places. The bottles were taken to the Sheriff's office and hurried to Mankato where an analysis was made. Should the "liquor" seized by the officers prove to be under the ban of the law, the dispensers of the same will be arraigned before United States Commissioner John Temple at Mankato. The federal officers that they would come to New Ulm on Wednesday, with the formal warrants for the arrest of the men under indictment.

Go To Milford.

The federal officers next turned their attention to the township of Milford, where the premises of John Seifert were searched, and some molasses mash was said to have been found in a wash boiler. On the Albert Boettger place a dismantled still was found, so it is claimed, and two quartets of the finished article, which the officers took possession of. The dismantled still and the boiler are in the custody of Sheriff Wm. J. Julius.

Girls Play Part.

Two girls were used to get the evidence against the New Ulm men, it is said. They are said to have come to New Ulm for the purpose of managing the stand where they became acquainted with New Ulm boys who invited the girls out for an auto ride. The usual treat of ice cream and soda followed, but the girls are said to have possessed a desire for something "stronger." This the boys procured, it is alleged, and the girls intimated that they would like an eye opener in the morning, asking if the boys could not get some of the liquor to take along home with them. This was how the girls got the evidence, it is said.

Swimming Instructor.

Prof. and Mrs. Roland Neumann and baby, Roland, Jr., of St. Louis, Mo., arrived here Sunday to spend a few months at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Neumann.

Convention News.

"We have made arrangements for telegraphic information relative to the sections of the National Service Party convention which will be held at Chicago, July 10 to 13, inclusive. This information will be bulletined in one of the show windows of the Review office for the benefit of those interested in the progress of the convention."

LaFollette Leaves Hospital.

Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, who has been under medical care at the Mayo hospital at Rochester, Minn., for several weeks, left Rochester Monday for his home at Madison, Wis., completely recovered from his illness. He did not make any statement regarding the present political situation.

THIRD PARTY ASKED TO SAVE AMERICA

Stanley Rybins, University Instructor, Lauds Radical Movement in Country.

Claiming that it was not the American Legion, but agents of the United States Department of Justice that routed the conference of the Committee of Forty-eight in St. Louis, and advocating extinction of the Republican and Democratic parties and the formation of a new party, Stanley Rybins, instructor of rhetoric at the University of Minnesota, spoke in the Arcanum halls, St. Paul. The subject of his address was "The Committee of Forty-eight."

Rybins advocated the formation of a third party which he said would be the outcome of the convention of the Committee of 48 and the American Federation of Labor, which will be held in Chicago July 10-13.

"The fact that these two meetings will be staged at the same time is not a coincidence," he said. "It will result in the formation of a third party and the kind of a party that America needs as well as Europe."

"He bitterly assailed the Republican national convention, calling it a "farce," and said that the opposite interests are staging another "farce" in San Francisco this country we are Prussianized more than England or France ever was. We have been tyrannized in a way that England would not tolerate. The United States is a fostered child of special interests."

FEDERAL AGENTS IN CITY FRIDAY

FRANK MALONEY AND OLE T. OLSON GET ON TRAIL OF COONSH NERS.

7 FORMER SALOON KEEPERS, 2 FARMERS TO BE AR- RAIGNED, REPORT.

Friday, July 2, will long be remembered in the history of "booze" sales here in New Ulm. A large number of places, mostly former saloons, were searched by two federal agents of the St. Paul revenue office, Frank Maloney and Ole T. Olson. Mr. Maloney had been posing as a baseball player with the Lambert team at St. Paul, and had secured a great deal of evidence before the search warrants were issued. Mr. Olson an ex-police officer of Minneapolis and he is said to have picked up a good deal of evidence about the city of New Ulm.

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NATIONAL SERVICE PARTY MEET

NEW POLITICAL PARTY TO BE ORGANIZED AT CHICAGO NEXT WEEK.

SENATOR LA FOLLETTE MOST LIKELY PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE.

Now that Republican and Democratic conventions are a matter of history, public attention is focusing toward Chicago, where a new political party will be organized July 10th by the Committee of 48, Labor party, World War Veterans, Nonpartisan League and independent liberals.

The combination of these forces provides a nucleus for the most powerful new party that ever has appeared in American politics. The Committee of 48 has been quietly pushing its membership campaign in every state in the union for more than a year. The Labor party is organized in thirteen states and its candidates carried a number of middle western cities at recent elections. The Nonpartisan League has 250,000 paid members in thirteen states west of the Mississippi river, has twice elected its entire ticket in North Dakota, polled 120,000 votes in the Minnesota primary, and is admitted strong in Wisconsin, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oklahoma, Nebraska and Washington.

La Follette For President.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin; Frank Walsh of Missouri, well known through his activities as chairman of the industrial commission and later of the war labor board; Governor Lynn J. Frazier of North Dakota; Justice Walter Clark of North Carolina; and Senators Johnson and Borah are those most mentioned as probable nominees of the new party. The trend seems to be toward La Follette. Questionnaires sent by the Committee of 48 to more than 30,000 members returned almost as many endorsements for La Follette as for all others combined. The Labor party also is said to favor La Follette and he is an overwhelming choice of the North-western farmers. La Follette recently carried the Republican presidential primary in Wisconsin—the only state where his name was on the ballot—by a top-heavy majority and has a strong following throughout the country, particularly in the West.

Chances Are Bright.

In 1856 both old parties dodged the vital issues of the day. A few courageous men met to form a party. They were attacked and laughed at, but they persisted and have far greater chances of Abraham Lincoln president and regenerated this nation.

Once more thoughtful and sincere American citizens will gather in the West to form a new party responsive to the nation's needs, and, on the face of affairs, they seem to have far greater chances of victory than did the followers of Lincoln 53 years ago, when they roused the nation's conscience and swept into power on a tide of protest against the corruption and compromise that controlled the old machines.

COAL TO BE SCARCE, REPORT.

The prospect that many homes in this city and in other parts of Minnesota will not only be cool but actually cold, the coming winter, is not unfavorable, according to reports given out by coal dealers all over the state. It is the opinion of these dealers that they will be fortunate if they can secure fifty per cent of their last year's shipments of coal from the mines. The situation is so bad, they say, that never before in the history of the northwest has a coal famine for the coming winter been so portentous.

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Prof. and Mrs. Roland Neumann and baby, Roland, Jr., of St. Louis, Mo., arrived here Sunday to spend a few months at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Neumann.

Convention News.

"We have made arrangements for telegraphic information relative to the sections of the National Service Party convention which will be held at Chicago, July 10 to 13, inclusive. This information will be bulletined in one of the show windows of the Review office for the benefit of those interested in the progress of the convention."

LaFollette Leaves Hospital.

Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, who has been under medical care at the Mayo hospital at Rochester, Minn., for several weeks, left Rochester Monday for his home at Madison, Wis., completely recovered from his illness. He did not make any statement regarding the present political situation.