BEREMAN & WILSON, Proprietors.

WADENA, - MINNESOTA.

It is stated that at least one in every four of the woolen mills of New England is idle, while in each of th other three there has been a reduction in the output. The cotton manufactories are not much better off.

The term "outside speculations" still continues to figure in the news, as the explanation of a large number of business failures. A collapse bv a house that has closely adhered to its legitimate trade or business is the exception.

The days of the prize ring are not passed. Never was so much attention given by the public to these brutal exhibitions as at present. Successful prize-fighters are again heroes, and the vernacular of the ring is again becoming familiar to us. It is only to be hoped that the present "craze" upon the subject may be a brief one.

The great trunk railroad companies are cutting passenger rates between the east and west, and there is a prospect of pretty cheap travel for some time to come. The trouble grows out of the hard times and decreased receipts, and may possibly result in a permanent reduction of fares, but that has not been the result of rate-cutting heretofore, but quite the contrary.

A society writer in the New York Sun says: "Those who are supposed to be behind the scenes have nothing very encouraging to say about the winter prospects for gayety. Economy is the universal cry of all but millionaires, and even they are not averse to a little wholesome retrenchment. There are more furnished houses in the market than ever before, and they do not go off at exorbitant prices quite so rapidly as in former years."

A boy was arrested in Massachusetts last week for placing rocks and rails upon the Fitchburg railroad. It appears that he had run away from home several times, armed with such weapons as he could get hold of, and camped in the woods. His head was full of the pernicious stuff which is printed in flash papers and cheap novels, and he was imbued with ambition to emulate the deeds of bold burglars, train robbers and the miscellaneous miscreants who are held up as heroes before Young America.

A new phase of the Morocco intrigue is disclosed by the latest cable news from French sources. England is charged with stirring up bad feeling in Morocco against France, and with endeavoring to cause disturbances. A war vessel, it is said, is to be sent to Tangiers to protect French interests. Whether there be truth in these charges or not, there is significance in their very publication, which shows that M. Ferry still has his eyes open to the possibility of adding Morocco to his conquests.

The prosperity of the south is a pleasant thing for the whole country. The average annual increase of assessed value of property in twelve southern states in the years from 1879 to 1883, inclusive, was $160,000,000, but the increase in the year ended August 31, 1884, was $205,000,000. Texas leads with a gain of $52,000,000 of assessed value in the year named. There is a present dullness in business at the south, but times are far better than in the north, owing to previous lack of speculation, and over production.

St. Augustine, Florida, claims to be the oldest town in the United States. The claim is disputed by some of the towns in the territory acquired from Mexico. In order to go as far back as possible, however, the people of St. Augustine have determined to celebrate the landing at that part of the Florida coast of Ponce de Leon over three hundred and seventy years ago. This antedates the actual settlement of the place by the Spaniards in 1565 about fifty years. The 27th of March, 1885, has been fixed upon as the anniversary day.

The great meeting of the Catholic Plenary Council, at Baltimore, which opened at Baltimore on the 3d, is an important event in the history of the Catholic Church of the United States. In the Council will be 80 Archbishops, Bishops, and Abbots, 10 other prelates, about 25 heads of religious orders, which, with the theologians allowed each of the foregoing, will make up in all about 150 active participants in the labors of the Council. In addition to these the Council will draw to the city hundreds of Catholic priests from all parts of the country who will be constantly coming and going during sessions of the Council, which is expected to last three weeks or even longer.

No agency in the south can do more to increase the small respect for human life than the judiciary. The recent charge to the grand jury, at Holly Springs, Miss., by Judge Featherston, may well serve as a model for his brethren on the bench. "The crime of life-taking," he said, "has done the state of Mississippi more harm than any other," making its citizens dissatisfied and fearful and deterring others from going there to settle. "I don't care," he went on, "what herculean efforts may be undertaken to induce immigration; they will be of no use until people are assured everywhere that life and property are as sacred here in Mississippi as they are anywhere else in the world."

A good many southern men have been brought to ruin by gambling in cotton "futures." A case which has excited much attention has just been decided in Georgia, in which the court held that a note given to cover margins was void in the hands of all parties, whether innocent holders or otherwise. In delivering this opinion the judge spoke of faro, brag and poker as tame, gentle, submissive animals compared to this monster, future speculation, which he characterized as a ferocious beast allowed to stalk about in open midday with gilded signs and flaming advertisements to allure unhappy victims to its embrace of death and destruction. This forcible characterization has none too strong. The operations of a similar character in grain and pork in Chicago also have been as forcibly denounced in the courts of that city. They have an air of respectability given to them because they are carried on by the board of trade, and because of this many men are induced to engage in them who would not sit down at a faro table.

Result of the Presidential Election Involved in Uncertainty.

Cleveland Thought to Have Carried New York, but it is Uncertain.

The following dispatches are the latest received in regard to the election up to the hour of going to press with this side of our paper.

From the Daily Pioneer Press.

At 2 a. m. the returns are not sufficent to warrant positive claims on either side. In the states not in doubt Blaine has secured a total of 179 electoral votes, and Cleveland 141. Six states are more or less in doubt, viz: New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana, Nevada and Virginia. Of these, the Democrats claim New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana, and the chances are probably rather in their favor. In Indiana, however, there have been noticeable Republican gains; but the returns are too meagre to admit of anything like a careful estimate. In Connecticut the Republicans claim and the New York Sun concedes about 2,500 and the Democrats 3,500 majority. Virginia is claimed by Gov. Cameron and others to have certainly gone Republican. The state press, however, assert that Cleveland will have from 3,000 to 7,000 majority. In any event, the Republicans have made large gains. The great interest centers in the result in New York, and everything is in a state of beautiful uncertainty. In New York city Cleveland has a majority of 43,083 and in Kings county of 15,239. Returns from somewhat more than half the districts outside of New York and Brooklyn give Blaine a plurality of a little more than 38,000. This shows a net Democratic gain of 7,335. Should the returns from the remaining districts equal these, it is probable that Blaine would carry the state by a fair majority. In Ohio the Republican majority is largely in excess of that of October, and a total of 30,000 is probable. Illinois is undoubtedly Republican, though Harrison ran considerably ahead of his ticket. In Massachusetts the vote was closer than was expected, and Butler made a surprisingly small showing. Later dispatches claim that Tennessee is somewhat in doubt, though this is scarcely credible. Nothing can be learned as to the result in Nevada.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, 3:15 a. m., Nov. 5.—The Sun says New York is undoubtedly Democratic by a fair plurality. According to the Sun, several states are in doubt, with Cleveland chances best. New Jersey has gone for Cleveland. Both sides claim Connecticut, while Indiana and West Virginia are doubtful.

CHICAGO, Special Telegram, Nov. 4.—The night editor of the New York Tribune has just telegraphed that neither party is warranted in claiming the state from returns so far received, but he still believes the Republicans have carried it by a small majority.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 5, 1:45 a. m.—There does not seem any reasonable doubt but that Cleveland has barely scratched through by the skin of his teeth and a beggarly plurality, perhaps smaller even than the St. John vote, insignificant as it was. The Republican vote in this city was almost twice as great as for Folger, and 10,000 greater than for Garfield; but the Butler party fell to pieces. St. John barely reached 1,000, and Cleveland got a majority shghtly larger than Hancock. Kings county also showed the result of Republican disaffection, and Oneida county (the home of Conkling) flopped over with a Republican loss of almost 3,000. The Times will to-morrow claim a plurality of 12,000 to 15,000, but it will not probably amount to much more than 10,000. Merriman (Independent Democrat with Republican endorsement) is elected to congress over Hardy (Tammany Democrat) in the Eleventh district, which helps the city delegation somewhat. Grant, Tammany Democrat, is elected mayor over Grace, County Democrat and citizens' and Gibbs, Republican, by a small plurality.

DECIDEDLY DOUBTFUL.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 5, 2 a. m.—The Morning Journal (independent), just issued, says it looks like Blaine, though the vote in this state is very close, and Blaine's plurality, if any, will not be more than 5,000, and probably less.

2:10 a. m.—The Herald has just posted a bulletin claiming there is a mistake of 10,000 in the polls of this city, and that revised returns give Cleveland over 53,000 plurality in this city.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 5, 2:20 a. m.—Correct returns give Cleveland 53,083 plurality in this city, and 75,000 in New York, Kings, Queens and Richmond counties. Garfield had 63,000 north of the Harlem river, and it is not possible that there will be sufficient gains in the interior to offset this 75,000 plurality. The New York Times has just hung out its first Cleveland and Hendricks placard, and caused great excitement.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 4.—The Tribune this morning says editorially: "At the early hour at which our first edition goes to press, the returns are too meager to warrant any positive statement as to the results of yesterday's election. New York seems to be very close, with the chances against the Republicans. Connecticut close, with the chances in our favor. From New Jersey and Indiana the returns are still too scattering to warrant any decided opinion. But we have faith yet that the Republican will pull through. The Republicans can lose New York, Connecticut and New Jersey and still elect their ticket by the aid of any one Southern State. They have good hopes of more than one."

CLEVELAND GETS THE STATE.

NEW YORK, Speecial Telegram, Nov. 4.—There is no longer any reasonable doubt that New York will give the small plurality for Cleveland indicated in my first dispatch. about 10,000. The early returns indicated a large plurality, but the later reports helped the Blaine pluralities. The morning returns swell the pluralitis; 1,227 districts give Blaine, 289,680; Cleveland, 244,915; Butler, 7,778, and St. John, 15,089—a net Democratic gain of 10,299. These, with New York and Brooklyn, make up more than three-fourths of the state. The carefully prepared and trustworthy tables of majorities made up in the Times have just been revised, and they show Cleveland majorities of 71,713, against Blaine majorities of 61,716, leaving a plurality of 9,997 for Cleveland, or barely two-thirds of the St. John vote, which is double that cast for Butler. The Tribune's own tables give Cleveland a plurality of over 12,000.

WHITELAW REID'S REPORT.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 5.—At 3:30 o'clock this morning the returns show that New York is extremely close, with a probable Republican plurality of from 3,000 to 5,000. The Democrats are still claiming the state by a majority of 10,000 or more. No returns, however, warrant the claim. WHITELAW REID.

DEMOCRATIC CLAIMS.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 5, 3:30 a. m.—The World claims this state by at least 10,000 plurality, and claims that Cleveland has 222 electoral votes. It places New Jersey, Indiana, Connecticut and Wisconsin as Democratic. The World says Michigan, Nevada and California are doubtful, with the chances in favor of the Democrats.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Corrected returns show that Cleveland's majority in the city is 53,083. Cleveland's majority in New York, Kings, Queens and Richmond counties reaches almost, if not quite, 24,000. In 1883 Garfield came to New York county with 63,000. It is unlikely, so far as heard from in the interior of the state, that Blaine's vote in the interior can offset the majority above given.

ROPE NOT RELINQUISHED.

The Albany Evening Journal claims that if the figures from New York city are correct, Blaine will carry the state. Mr. Somerville, of the Western Union, still claims the state by from 10,000 to 15,000. The state is at best exceedingly close, but the Republican leaders here still adhere to the belief that Mr. Blaine has carried the state and country.

CHICAGO, Special Telegram, Nov. 5.—Whitelaw Reid telegraphs as follows: "I now believe we have carried New York by a majority not far from 5,000. Returns from remote precincts are gradually bringing us

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Senator Jonas, of the Democratic national committee, says there is no doubt that New York State has given Cleveland from 35,000 to 50,000 majority, New Jersey 5,000 and Connecticut 3,500. Meager returns from Indiana show material Democratic gains over 1880, and Senator Jonas is confident of a Democratic majority in that state and California. He also hopes for Nevada. The Republican national committee privately conceded New York state to Cleveland by 60,000 majority. This was based on returns from cities. During the next hour, returns from less populous districts made a considerable decrease in that estimate.

THE PRESS AT SEA.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 5, 3:50 a. m.—The press of this city seems pretty well at sea on the result. The Morning Journal says in its headlines: "Looks like Blaine," but its returns are meager. The Tribune says in its first edition:

"Blaine apparently has 157 electoral vote certain and Cleveland 135. Eleven states, casting 109 electoral votes, are in doubt, or have not been heard from. New York is one of the states in doubt. The early returns indicate a large total vote and large Democratic gains in some parts of the state. In New York city the Democratic plurality is over 42,000, and in Kings over 15,000. The Republicans gain in Albany, Chemung and Monroe counties. The delegation in congress seems to be evenly divided, each party having seventeen members. The assembly is Republican by about twenty-eight majority."

The Times says:

The returns indicate that Grover Cleveland has been elected president of the United States. If it shall appear that New Jersey has given him the majority that scattering returns now seem to show, and which the Democratic committees positively claim. The State of New York will give Cleveland from 12,000 to 16,000 plurality, Cleveland's plurality in Connecticut will be about 2,000. There is no indication that he has lost any of the 153 votes in the South hitherto assigned to him. There is no conclusive news from Indiana. If we add to those 153 votes from the south, the 36 votes of New York, the 9 votes of New Jersey and the 6 votes of Connecticut, the total is 204. A majority of the entire number of electoral votes is 201. The returns from New Jersey are very incomplete, but every indications points to the success of the Democratic presidential ticket in that state. The Republicans claim Essex county by only 1,800 majority, which indicates a Democratic gain of 1,700.

The majority for Cleveland in this city, which is 42,000 in round numbers, shows that the independent vote was not as large as was expected, or that it was offset by Democratic treachery or defection. The large majority of 15,000 in Kings shows that county is well entitled to the name given it of "the stronghold of the Independents." The fears that have been entertained of a break in the solid South through the corrupt use of money by the Republicans, have not been justified by the result, since that section, as usual, will cast its entire electoral vote for the Democratic candidate.

The Tribune, in its second edition, says editorially:

We believe that Blaine and Logan are elected. The states regarded as safe for the Republican ticket when our first edition went to press gave it 157 electoral votes. There seems still no reason to doubt in the case of any one of the states thus enumerated. We can now safely add New York and Wisconsin, and thus bring the electoral votes secured for the Republican candidates up to 204, or three more than are necessary for election. It is reasonably certain that 14 more will be added from the Pacific slope, while from Indiana, New Jersey and the South, there is, and at the hour of writing, 2 o'clock a. m., reason to hope for more yet. All hail the Republicans!

MINNESOTA.

The result of the election in Minnesota yesterday is a source of gratification to every Republican, and the indications are that the majority for the Blaine and Logan electors will be much larger than was anticipated by even the most sanguine. Returns have been secured from nearly two hundred of 1,400 precincts, or about one-third of the state. These show a total vote of 225,746 for the Republican electors, and 15,230 for Cleveland, a majority of 10,516, being a net Republican gain over the vote of 1883 of 4,530. These returns have been received principally from the Republican precincts, but at the same ratio of increase the majority in the state may safely be placed at from 35,000 to 40,000 for the national ticket.

THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

In the congressional districts the result is no less satisfactory, every Republican member being elected by increased majorities, in most cases exceeding even their own hopes in the emphasis of their victories. In the First district from the thirty-one precincts heard from Mr. White has a majority of 749. This is but about one-quarter of the number of polling places in the district, and with the comparative ratio of majority, and the increase, Mr. White's majority might be placed at 3,000; but the returns from the Democratic strongholds, in Winona and the larger towns, will reduce the figures to the vicinity of 2,000. In the Second district, Mr. Wakefield's majority bids fair to reach 7,000, with the ratio of gains, that gentleman having double the number of votes of his competitor in the precincts reported.

In the Third district Maj. Strait is ahead of the national ticket, and in the twenty-four towns reported has a majority of 1,645, being a gain of nearly one hundred. This is about one-quarter of the district, and with a like gain in the balance of the district he will bury Donnelly under a majority of at least 6,000. The returns in the Fourth district give Mr. Gilfillan a majority of 2,042, which, with the same ratio of gain, and allowing for the disaffection in Minneapolis, will result in a majority of at least 2,000.

In the Fifth district Mr. Nelson will have, as indicated by the returns, a majority ranging in the neighborhood of 7,000 to 8,000.

WISCONSIN.

HAS CLEVELAND THE STATE?

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 5.—At 1 o'clock this morning but 210 of 1,200 towns and precincts in the state have reported. They show a Democratic gain of 6,900 over 1880 on the presidential vote, and if a like rate of increase is had in the remaining precincts it will give the state to Cleveland. The Republican state ticket is unquestionably elected. The indications are that Caswell, Republican, in the first congressional district, Bragg, Democrat, in the Second, Lafollette, Republican, in the Third, Rankin, Democrat, in the Fifth, Price, Republican, in the Eighth, and Stephenson, Republican in the Ninth, with Fourth, Sixth and Seventh districts in doubt. The presidential vote is claimed by both the Republican and Democratic state committees

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 4.—Fifty towns and precincts in Wisconsin give a net Democratic gain of 1,300. Sixty-three towns give a net Democratic gain of 1,311 on the basis of 1880, when the Republican majority was 29,700. One hundred and fifty-three towns and precincts in Wisconsin, including the four wards of Milwaukee city, give a Democratic gain of 6,112. One hundred and eighty-nine townships and precincts in Wisconsin give a net Democratic gain of 6,229. The returns so far on governor indicate the election of Rusk, Rep., and five Republican out of nine congressmen. Two hundred and forty-seven townships and precincts in Wisconsin give a net Democratic gain of 8,356. Three hundred and twenty-nine townships and precincts in Wisconsin give a net Democratic gain of 9,359. Both the Democratic and Republican state central committees claim the state, but will give no figures. The Republicans have some home. The Democratic headquarters are still open. Milwaukee city and county are not all in yet.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—There were 47,812 votes cast in San Francisco to-day out of a total registration of 55,500. The indications are that the total vote of the state will be at least 180,000, against 164,226 in 1880. Owing to the great length of the ticket the votes of San Francisco will not be all counted before Thursday. Returns from the interior are coming in very slowly. Up to 10:45 p. m. only thirty-one precincts in several different counties were heard from, giving Blaine 1,334 and Cleveland 1,136; net gain of 198 for Republicans. The above ratio of gain will hardly be maintained to-night, as the supposition is from returns already received and other indications that Blaine will run ahead about 5,000 in the interior. The Democrats have probably carried this city by 22,000, which would make Blaine's majority about 3,500. The vote cast for congressmen indicates that the Republicans might get four out of six. The Chronicle says figures received show there can hardly be any question about California being safe for Blaine. The state was redistributed in a manner which gives the Republicans a hard pull in congressmen, but from present indications the Republicans will elect their men in the First, Third, Fifth and Sixth districts, with the Second, and Fourth doubtful, with chances in favor of the Democrats. The Alta says both parties are confident and claim the state, but the indications favor a belief that it has gone Democratic by from 1,500 to 3,000.

New Jersey.

PHILADELPHIA, Special Telegram, Nov. 5, 5:30 a. m.—The result in New Jersey is still in doubt. The result depends entirely upon Hudson and Essex counties, from which no reliable returns can be obtained for some hours. Chairman Hobart, of the Republican state committee, concedes 4,000 majority for Cleveland in Hudson county and claims 3,000 for Blaine in Essex county. This would give Blaine the state. The other information places Blaine's majority in Essex county at 1,800, which would turn the scales in favor of Cleveland. The Democratic state committee claims 2,000 majority for Cleveland, but there figures are no more reliable than the Republicans. The Republicans elect congressmen in the First, Second, Fifth and Sixth districts, and the Democrats in the Third and Seventh. The Fourth is still in doubt, but is probably Dem-

Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Nov. 4.—Returns from Kansas are very slow, but indicate that the Republicans have elected the entire state ticket and presidential electors by about the usual majorities, and that the congressional delegation will be entirely Republican, as follows: First district, Morrill; Second, Dunston; Third, Perkins; Fourth, Ryan; Fifth, Anderson; Sixth, Hanback; and Seventh, Peters.

TOPEKA, Kas., Nov. 4.—The chairman of the Republican state central committee estimates Barnes' plurality at 20,000 to 30,000. All the Republican congressmen are elected.

Wisconsin.

HAMMOND, Wis., Nov. 4.—Town of Hammond, St. Croix county: Blaine 23 majority.

NEENAH, Wis., Nov. 4.—Blaine, 67; Cleveland, 54; Butler, 6; St. John, 3. Congress: Gunther, 68; Smith, 54. City of Neenah: Blaine, 485; Cleveland, 413; Butler, 112; St. John, 4; Rusk, 679; Fratt, 414. Congress: Guenther, 495; Smith, 413.

OSHKOSH CITY, Nov. 4.—Cleveland, 448 majority, a clear gain of over 400; Smith, Democrat, elected to assembly over Stevens, Republican, 206 majority.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, Nov. 4.—Cleveland, 386; Blaine, 208; Woodward, 271; Thomas, 214.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Nov. 4.—Eau Claire county, about half heard from, indicates a Republican majority of from 800 to 1,000.

Town of Knapp, Dunn county: Blaine, 21; Cleveland, 47; Butler, 8; St. John, 5.

RIPON, Wis., Nov. 4.—Blaine, 121; Cleveland, 101; St. John, 4; Rusk, 122; Hastings, 4. Congress: Barney, 123; Bragg, 79.

Illinois.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5, 2:40 a. m.—Returns from the city and state are coming in slowly and very much scattered. Nothing further in the way of estimates can be heard from the congressional districts. Oglesby and Harrison are running very close for governor and it will probably take the complete returns from Cook county to determine the result. Two hundred and forty-four precincts heard from show a net Democratic gain of 6,155. If this ratio should hold out would give the state to the Democrats by quite a decided majority.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Dispatches from the Eighteenth district of Illinois gives Morrison Dem., for congress, 1,300 maj. in Belleville.

Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—Returns from the interior of Missouri are very meager and widely scattered. Two hundred and twenty-five towns and precincts give Cleveland 27,167 and Blaine 25,458. All returns from the state indicate that Marmaduke, the governor, runs behind Cleveland, and that Ford runs a little ahead of Blaine.

Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 4.—Prominent Democrats, relying upon private advices, admit that the next legislature is unquestionably Republican. The congressmen are still in doubt. The Republican state ticket is elected beyond reasonable doubt, with the probable exception of lieutenant governor. Blaine's majority will reach 300, a slight gain over the vote of Garfield in 1880.

Iowa.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 4.—One hundred and forty-four precincts give Blaine 22,341 Fusion, 16,174, St. John 249, Butler 1,266; net Republican gain 2,194.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Nov. 4.—Smith, Republican is probably elected to congress by 1,000 majority.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Indications at this hour (4:30 a. m.) are that the Republicans have carried New York by 6,000 plurality, and Indiana by about 5,000 plurality. The Democrats have carried New Jersey by about 1,100 and Connecticut by about 1,500 plurality.

Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 4.—Two hundred and twenty voting places show a net Republican gain of 1,843. This is 12½ per cent of the vote, and if kept up would indicate that the state is for Blaine by 4,000.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 4.—Two hundred and twenty voting places show a net Republican gain of 1,551. If this rate is kept up it gives the state to Blaine. So far as heard the state ticket runs with the national ticket. Nothing yet from the congressional or legislative tickets. It is said that Congressman Peelle is defeated in this district.

Nevada.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—A dispatch from Nevada claims that state for Blaine.

Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 4—The Democrats claim the state by 4,000.

LATEST BUT STILL UNCERTAIN.

STILL CLAIMED FOR BLAINE.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 6.—The Republican state committee, at midnight, still claim this state by from 5,000 to 6,000 for Blaine. Their estimates are based upon the Democratic claims of gains, which they believe are not up to the increase of the vote over 1880, in which case they will count for nothing. The only way in which they believe the state can be carried for Cleveland is by fraud. The Tribune at this hour claims that Blaine has carried the state and is therefore elected president. Its belief is founded upon the following figures: Returns from 1,742 election districts outside of New York and Kings counties give Blaine 389,404, Cleveland 332,119. This leaves Blaine's plurality 57,295. In New York and Kings counties the Democratic plurality will not exceed 58,557—leaving Cleveland's plurality 1,282, with 254 election districts to hear from. Those districts in 1880 gave a net Republican plurality of 4,243. The same proportion this year would give Blaine 2,961 plurality in the state. The Tribune now claims the state by 1,600 plurality. "There is nothing," says the Tribune "in the returns from the remainder of the state to indicate a probability of the Democrats overcoming that." The betting to-night has continued heavy in favor of Blaine carrying the state, many bets at the Hoffman house being three to one in his favor.

CLEAVING TO CLEVELAND.

ALBANY, Nov. 5.—The Argus will say to-morrow:

Cleveland is elected, and he will be inaugurated. The state is not at all in doubt. It has elected Cleveland and Hendricks, who will take the seats to which the people have appointed them. Communications to the Argus to-day from counties New York state demonstrate the election of the Democratic electors by a conclusive and safe majority over the Blaine electors. Having been declared Democratic by the people, New York will remain, be declared and be counted Democratic, and whatever is necessary to this act of truth and justice will be thoroughly and fearlessly done.

The latest figures received by Gov. Cleveland give a Democratic majority in the state of 2,766.

ELECTORAL ESTIMATES.

ELECTORAL VOTES AND POPULAR MAJORITIES.

Blaine.	Electoral vote.	Popular majority.	Cleveland.	Electoral vote.	Popular majority.
CAL	8	10,000	ALA	10	
COLO	3	4,000	ARK	7	20,000
ILL	22	20,000	CONN	6	1,000
IOWA	13	15,000	DEL	3	3,000
KANSAS	9	50,000	FLA	4	4,000
MAINE	6	18,000	GA	12	35,000
MASS	14		IND	15	4,000
MICH	13	7,000	KY	13	
MINN	7	45,000	LA	8	20,000
NEB	3	40,000	MD	6	6,700
NEV	3		MISS	9	20,000
N. H	4	4,000	MO	16	
OHIO	23	31,000	N. J	9	3,000
OREGON	3	1,600	N. C	11	10,000
PENN	30		S. C	9	30,000
R. I	4	5,200	TENN	12	
VT	4	20,000	TEXAS	13	60,000
WIS	11	5,000	VA	12	8,000
Totals	169	269,900	Totals	162	221,200

DOUBTFUL.

INDIANA	15	MICHIGAN	13
NEW YORK	36	WEST VIRGINIA	6

CONGRESS.

THE REPRESENTATIVES-ELECT.

	Rep.	Dem.		Rep.	Dem.
Alabama			Missouri	2	12
Arkansas		3	Nebraska	3	
California	3		Nevada	1	
Colorado	1		New Hamp.	2	
Connecticut	2		New Jersey	4	3
Delaware			New York	17	17
Florida			N. Carolina	1	8
Georgia		10	Ohio	10	11
Illinois	12		Oregon	1	
Indiana	8	3	Pennsylv'a	20	8
Iowa	6		R. Island	2	
Kansas	7		S. Carolina		7
Kentucky		11	Tennessee	3	7
Louisiana			Texas		11
Maine	4		Vermont	2	
Maryland	1	5	Virginia	2	8
Massach's	8	4	W. Virginia	2	3
Michigan	5	6	Wisconsin	7	2
Minnesota	5				
Mississippi		7	Totals	138	187

THE FIELD REVIEWED.

From the Pioneer Press of Thursday morning.

The result of Tuesday's election is stil in considerable doubt. New York is the pivotal state, and on the result there the interest centers. The latest returns received this morning before going to press show that, whichever way it goes, it will be by a remarkably small majority. Chairman Jones, of the Republican national committ-

ANOTHER EXCITING DAY.

ADDRESS FROM THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The following address was issued this afternoon:

Headquarters Republican National Committee, New York City: The Republican national committee rejoices that returns now received warrant it in announcing the triumphant election of Blaine and Logan. The Republicans have carried every Northern state, except New Jersey and Connecticut. Virginia seems also to have given a majority for the Republican cause and ticket, and there is a strong probability that West Virginia has also. The other states alone, however, give to Blaine and Logan 233 electoral votes, and insure their election. In New York attempts to tamper with returns have already been detected. The actual vote in New York city and Kings county and 1,852 other election precincts give at the utmost only 198 plurality to Grover Cleveland, while 103 precincts not yet heard from save 2,171 plurality to Garfield. There is, therefore, no ground for doubt that the honest vote of the state has been given to the Republican candidates, and though the defeated candidate for the presidency is at the head of the election machinery in the state, the Democratic party, which has notoriously been a party of fraud in elections for years, will not be permitted to thwart the will of the people. The national Republican committee calls on the chairmen and individual members of all county committees to take prompt and most stringent means to protect the sanctity of the ballot. The Republican candidates have been honestly elected beyond question. Any attempt to cheat the people, and to defeat their will thus expressed at the polls, must be sternly exposed and resisted by every law-respecting citizen.

[Signed] B. F. JONES, Chairman.
SAMUEL FESSENDEN, Secretary.

ANOTHER REPUBLICAN ADDRESS.

The Republican state committee has issued the following:

In view of the claims made as to the result of the election in New York, the Republican state committee deem it their duty to announce that, while the vote is very close, the returns and estimates from the most authentic sources justify the belief that a plurality has been cast in favor of the Republican candidates. We have received copies of the official returns as filed in the several county clerks' offices in all except eleven counties. Beside this we have caused a careful re-examination to be made of returns forwarded by telegraph to headquarters in New York and Kings counties. From the remaining nine counties we have procured direct information from the most reliable sources, and feel justified in asserting that the state has gone Republican. The result thus arrived at is confirmed by an entirely different investigation, based upon the returns collected directly from every election district in the state. [Signed]

JAMES D. WARREN, Chairman.

PER CONTRA.

Senator Gorman, of the Democratic national committee, sent the following dispatch to Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll of Maryland, this evening:

The claim of the national Republican committee is laughed at by everybody. We have carried New York beyond question. Manning, chairman state committee, tells the public to-day that the board of canvassers will see that the will of the people is observed. Republicans are trying hard to prevent the official announcement of the vote of New York, which is for Cleveland. We have the state by a small but safe plurality.

The Democratic national committee has issued an address, which states to the people of the United States that Cleveland and Hendricks are elected, with 219 electoral votes. The address names states which have given Democratic majorities, including New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and West Virginia: The address concludes thus:

No fraud or contrivance can defeat the will of the people of the United States thus publicly and deliberately declared.

ALBANY, Nov. 6.—Daniel Manning, chairman of the Democratic state committee, has sent the following to the New York Evening Post:

By official returns reported from every county, Cleveland and Hendricks have carried the state of New York by a safe and sure majority. No machinations, or false claims or pretended doubts of Blaine's managers can change this result. The friends of honest government and honest elections can be everywhere assured that the Democrats' state board of canvassers will see that the true vote is correctly declared.

[Signed] DANIEL MANNING.

THE TRIBUNE

to-morrow morning will claim the state by 1,000 plurality, and the claim seems to be perfectly well founded. This is the Tribune's editorial:

Victory! The figures justify our belief. Blaine and Logan are elected by the vote of New York. Indiana and the Southern states of which hopes are entertained can only swell an electoral vote already sufficient. This belief is based upon the returns collected by the associated press from every voting precinct in the state except 12, which we have carefully verified as far as possible by special dispatches. The precincts not heard from gave a plurality of 786 for President Garfield. In these scattering precincts there have been no Democratic gains for some time past, and it is impossible that there can be in the twelve small precincts remaining such Democratic gains as to overcome the present Republican plurality. Assuming the accuracy of the associated press dispatches and tabulation, the election of Blaine and Logan can no longer be a matter of reasonable doubt. But the dispatches also indicate that the Republicans have carried all the other Northern states except Connecticut, New Jersey and possibly Indiana and have a probability of success in West Virginia and Florida, which would insure the election of Blaine and Logan even without the vote of New York."

SAYS CHAIRMAN JONES.

"We have carried New York, Indiana and every Northern state except New Jersey and Connecticut," said Chairman B. F. Jones, of the Republican national committee, at 11 o'clock to-night, "and I believe that Mr. Blaine is elected." Mr. Jones had been in conference with members of the committee nearly all the evening, and had received the reports from all but twenty-three of the election districts in the entire state.

"If these figures are correct," said he, looking over a long column of returns, "we have carried the state by from 400 to 500 plurality, with about twenty-three election districts to hear from. These districts gave Gen. Garfield large pluralities, but how they will do in this election is of course, a querry. My impression is, however, that they will increase Mr. Blaine's plurality to at least 1,000. I am confident that nothing but fraud can prevent our success."

THE GOVERNOR'S ADVICES.

ALBANY, Nov. 6., 3 p. m.—There is intense excitement over the result of the presidential election. The feeling of suspense is gradually giving way to one of confidence and elation on the part of the Democrats, who began to jubilate this afternoon. They are now firing one hundred guns in honor of the election of Grover Cleveland. The governor has been closeted with his private secretary all the morning. All advices received by the governor point unmistakably to his election. Congratulatory telegrams are continually pouring in. At 2 o'clock a message was received from the Democratic national committee assuring Gov. Cleveland of his election, and congratulating him on the result. Mayor Harrison of Chicago telegraphed this morning that Illinois would give a Democratic majority of 3,000 to 4,000. Advices received here are to the effect that West Virginia is now certain to go Democratic, assuring a solid South. Flags have been thrown to the breeze on prominent buildings, and the Democrats are evidently preparing for a general jubilee.

THE PAPERS' CLAIMS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—All the morning papers, the Tribune excepted, to-day conceded the election of Cleveland by from 1,500 to 3,000 plurality. The Tribune printed a table of county majorities, which is footed up as giving Blaine 166 plurality. The footings, the Post says, were wrong, however, the correct ones being: Blaine, 69,144; Cleveland, 69,272. Cleveland's plurality, 128. The Evening Post, in head lines, says: "Cleveland, President. His Election Assured!" while the Commercial, in head lines, announces Blaine's chances in New York as constantly growing. Blaine's plurality, 615. Inspector Thorne, in charge at police headquarters, says no trouble is reported nor expected anywhere, and that no extraordinary orders have been issued to the police.

ALL BUT TWELVE.

Returns from all the election districts in the state, but twelve, give 558,388 Republican votes, and 557,420 Democratic votes; 968 Republican plurality. Official returns from Westchester county give a Democratic majority, and is supported by ex-Gov. Cornell, who estimates 7,000 plurality. Charles E. Smith, of the Philadelphia Press, and one of the best-posted men on New York politics claims 1,500 majority. On the other hand, the New York Times has reduced its estimates to 3,125 plurality for Cleveland, and the Democratic managers are positive in their assertions of victory. New Jersey and Connecticut are conceded Democratic. Indiana is still very doubtful, and steady reports of Republican gains indicate reasonable grounds for hope. Michigan is also among the uncertain, it being feared that the fusion ticket will be successful. In Virginia the result has not been decided yet. Mahone positively claims a Republican majority, while the Democrats are equally positive to the contrary. The probabilities point, however, to a Democratic victory in that state by a reduced majority. Since yesterday West Virginia has also taken her place among the doubtful states, and there now seems to be more than a good chance of a small Republican majority. Nevada is yet to be heard from. As it now stands, Blaine has 169 electoral votes, Cleveland 162, and 70 are in doubt. The returns show large gains of Republican congressmen.

Another Day of Waiting.

Friday was full of excitement throughout the country, though at the close, the sentiment prevailed that the settlement of the vote of New York could not be expected until the canvass of the precinct votes on Tuesday by the county officers.

NEW YORK, Special Telegram, Nov. 7.—The state returning board in this state is in the hands of the Democrats and close adherents of Gov. Cleveland. It is composed of Joseph B. Carr, Republican, secretary of state; Fred C. Chapin, Democrat, comptroller; Elnathan Sweet, Democrat, state engineer and surveyor; Dennis O'Brien, Democrat, attorney general; and Robert A. Maxwell, Democrat, state treasurer. If at any time one or more of those fail to attend the meeting of the board, the vacancies are filled by calling in the mayor and recorder of the city of Albany. Both of these are Democrats. These facts and a general misunderstanding as to the duties of these officers have been the subject to-day of many rumors as to the fraudulent manipulation of the returns. The law governing the action of these officers is so strict and their duties are so clearly defined, that any manipulation of the returns is

ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE.

On Tuesday the boards of supervisors will meet in the various counties and canvass the returns. Their duties are purely clerical. They simply add up the local returns of towns election districts and wards, certify to their accuracy, and transmit certified returns to the secretary of state.

JOHN KELLY'S OPINION.

The Star says hundreds of telegrams have been received from all over the