

BRYAN IS CHOSEN

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE IS NOMINATED BY THE POPLISTS.

He Receives Over a Thousand Votes on the First Ballot to 331 for Mr. Norton—Ignatius Donnelly Secures One Vote, Coxe One and Debs Eight—Complete Report of the Proceedings.

St. Louis, July 22.—The national convention of the People's party was called to order by Chairman Taubeneck, of the executive committee, shortly after 12 o'clock to-day.

Rev. W. L. Smith of St. Louis opened proceedings by invoking the divine blessing. Chairman Taubeneck introduced Gov.



SENATOR MARION BUTLER, The Temporary Chairman.

Stone of Missouri, who made a short address of welcome.

Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota responded to Gov. Stone's speech. Mr. Donnelly spoke gracefully, paying a high compliment to St. Louis and eloquently describing the majestic Mississippi and the vast country tributary to it.

In introducing Senator Butler, as temporary chairman, Mr. Taubeneck said that Mr. Butler had been selected by the national committee without a dissenting vote.

Senator Butler was received with hearty applause, and delivered a speech, thanking the convention for the honor conferred on him. He also reviewed the work of the party since its organization and spoke in defense of the principles it professed.

After Chairman Butler had finished his remarks he said that the next business before the convention would be to call the roll of states, and the chairman of each delegation should bring forward the name of his committee-man on credentials. This was done, and the convention adjourned until 8 p. m.

Owing to some trouble with the electric light wires there was no light for the evening session, and the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock in the morning.

Temporary Chairman Butler called the convention to order at 10:05 Thursday morning.

The report of the committee on credentials was called for, but no one responded, and the states were called for members of the committee on permanent organization and on resolutions.

At 12:42 a motion to take a recess until 3 o'clock was made and carried.

At 3:30 Temporary Chairman Butler rapped the convention to order and announced that the committee on credentials would submit a report. Delegate



H. E. TAUBENECK, Chairman National Executive Committee of the Populist Party.

Wardell of California, chairman of the credentials committee, read the report. Considerable discussion was aroused over the disposition of contesting delegations. A minority report of the credentials committee was also submitted and roll call demanded, which resulted in the adoption of the majority report by a vote of 605 to 642.

The majority report of the committee on permanent organization presented the name of Senator Allen of Nebraska for permanent chairman. The minority presented James E. Campion of Maine. The roll call of states was ordered on the adoption of the majority or minority report. The majority report was adopted by a vote of 738 to 561.

On motion the election of Senator Allen as chairman was made unanimous. On Mr. Pence's motion a committee, consisting of himself, "Cyclone" Davis and Ignatius Donnelly, were appointed to escort Senator Allen to the platform.

"Cyclone" Davis introduced Senator Allen to the convention in a short speech.

Senator Allen began his address by thanking the convention for the honor and regretting that he had not had time to prepare a speech. He spoke at some length, being listened to with a great deal of interest. He has a reputation as a speaker. During the debate on the repeal of the Sherman law he talked fifteen hours against time. He is a large man, smooth shaven face and of commanding presence. He always begins speaking in a low, well modulated tone, which, for a moment, subjected him to the usual cries of "louder." As he progresses he warms up and speaks loud, clearly and in an impassioned tone.

When Senator Allen had concluded several attempts were made to secure an adjournment, but Senator Butler,

acting as a delegate, made a motion for the appointment of a committee to confer with the committee from the silver men. There were many loud cries of "No," and Mr. Branch of Georgia moved to table the motion. The noes seemed to be in a large majority, and the motion to table was declared lost. Senator Butler's motion was carried with a loud chorus of ayes and great cheering.

A Tennessee delegate offered a resolution declaring that free and unlimited coinage was paramount, and directing the conference committee to take steps to bring it about. The resolution went to the conference committee. The committee on rules then made its report. Little interest was manifested in it, and before the convention had acted upon it Lafe Pence moved an adjournment until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The first regular order of business at the morning session Friday was the reading of the minority report of the committee on rules. It recommended a change in the order of making nominations, so as to make the nomination of vice president. There was some parliamentary squabbling. Eltweed Pomeroy of Newark, N. J., chairman of the committee on rules, took the stage and explained at length the conflict between the majority and minority of the committee.

Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota protested against the proposition reported from the committee on rules to allow the candidate to select the national chairman.

E. Gerry Brown of Massachusetts defended the minority. He pleaded with the majority in pathetic tones to concede this much to the Southern states and the minority of the convention.

George Cott of Nebraska appealed to the convention not to change the regular order of business.

Tom Patterson of Colorado followed with a strong speech against the adoption of the minority report.

Senator Butler of North Carolina moved that the national committee select its own chairman instead of the nominee doing it, and his motion was carried without division. The convention dragged on very slowly. It was not until the action relative to the order in which presidential and vice-presidential candidates should be



WILLIAM J. BRYAN, nominated that the convention woke up. The floodgates of oratory were opened again.

Delegate Hearn of New York advocated the adoption of the minority report. Cyclone Davis attempted to pour oil on the troubled waters.

With some difficulty the speech-making was cut off, and the votes were taken by states on the adoption of the minority report, recommending the nomination of vice president first.

The announcement of the vote was 785 to 615 in favor of the minority report.

The report as amended was then adopted. A California delegate moved a recess until 5 o'clock, but the motion was voicelessly voted down.

The committee to confer with a similar committee from the silver convention was then appointed, one from each state.

Gen. J. R. Weaver, chairman of the committee on resolutions, was then recognized to read the platform as agreed to by the committee. He was received with applause. He prefaced the reading by saying the committee had had a protracted meeting and that while its proceedings had been harmonious there was not entire unanimity, as Messrs. Kearby of Texas and Coxe of Ohio would both offer minority reports.

At the conclusion of the reading of the majority report Mr. Hearn of Texas was recognized to read his minority report.

Mr. Coxe of Ohio also offered a minority report proposing the following as a substitute for the plank in regard to the employment of the idle labor in time of depression: "We demand the passage of the non-interest bearing bond and road measures."

Mr. V. of Rhode Island also came forward with a third minority report.

On motion of Mr. Kelly of Kansas



IGNATIUS DONNELLY

the previous question was ordered. All the amendments were laid on the table and the platform as reported by a majority of the committee was adopted.

A motion to take a recess until 8 o'clock in the evening was voted down.

Henry D. Lloyd of Illinois moved to proceed to the nomination of a vice president. The chair said that the motion was unnecessary, as that was the next business in order. The states were called.

When Alabama was called Col. P. Bowman mounted the platform and placed in nomination Barney Gibbs of Texas. Before he entered upon his speech, however, the convention decided to take a recess of an hour and a half.

When the convention reassembled Chairman Allen introduced Judge Jefferson Pollard of Missouri, who read the platform of the silver convention and a message about the nomination of Bryan and Sewall, all of which was repeated.



Senator William Vincent Allen of Nebraska.

ferred to the committee on resolutions. Nominations were then called for, but the convention experienced a good deal of difficulty in getting under way, owing to the ruling made by the chair.

When the parliamentary situation had been straightened out, Col. Bowman, who was taken off the floor by the adjournment of the convention in the afternoon, again took the stage and placed in nomination Congressman Harry Skinner of North Carolina.

Congressman Howard of Alabama placed Hon. Thomas E. Watson in nomination.

J. R. Sovereign of Arkansas seconded Watson's nomination, as did also Donnelly of Minnesota, Johnson of California and several others.

Lafe Penn of New York nominated Sewall.

Gore of Mississippi nominated Burkitt.

A. L. Mimms of Tennessee was nominated by Capt. Burnham.

Marion Page of Virginia was nominated by Ballinan of Maine.

Watson Nominated.

At midnight, just as the roll was about to begin, Gen. Weaver of Iowa appeared at the front of the platform. He called attention to the lateness of the hour and advised a night's meditation. He proposed that the convention take one ballot and then adjourn. The middle-of-the-road men howled him down. Chairman Allen severely rebuked the delegates, who, he said, had howled down some of the most distinguished men in the party, and ordered the roll call to proceed.

Arkansas started off with twenty-five votes for Watson. Indiana gave her thirty votes to Watson. Kansas gave Sewall sixty-two of her ninety-five votes. Louisiana gave the bulk of her vote to Watson. Maryland divided her vote between Sewall and Watson. It looked as if Watson might be nominated on the first ballot until North Carolina cast her ninety-five votes for Skinner. Tennessee for Mimms and Texas for Burkitt. This split up the large delegations. Later when the roll call was completed, however, Tex-

as changed her vote to Watson and gave other changes in favor of the Georgian. Then Col. Burkitt of Mississippi went to the stand and withdrew his name.

Then Mimms withdrew in Watson's favor. The Georgian already had votes enough to nominate, but the vote of Tennessee was finally transferred to his column. Some one made a motion to make the nomination unanimous, and it was carried with a whoop. The convention then adjourned until 9 o'clock in the morning.

Senator Allen called the convention to order at 9:55 Saturday morning.

Ignatius Donnelly got on a chair and announced that his private land plank did not appear in the printed platform. He wanted the convention to understand that it had been adopted.

The chairman called for nominations for president and Gen. Weaver of Iowa presented Mr. Bryan's name in a laudatory speech.

Mr. Call of New York placed Col. S. M. Morton of Illinois in nomination.

Ignatius Donnelly seconded Bryan in behalf of Minnesota.

Delegate Livingston, chairman of the Missouri delegation, nominated Ignatius Donnelly, but when Donnelly declined the use of his name, he placed in nomination Gen. Jacob S. Coxe of Ohio and the industrial army.

Judge Plowman of South Dakota also seconded Bryan. "Cyclone" Davis of Texas made a strong plea for a middle-of-the-road course, and closed by seconding the nomination of Mr. Norton.

The nominations were then declared closed. George H. Abbott of Nebraska moved that the national committee be given plenary powers in all things connected with the party after the adjournment of the convention. The nominating speeches had occupied exactly six hours.

Chairman Allen then announced the official vote as: Bryan, 1,402; Norton, 321; Donnelly, 1.

It was then 4:22. Bedlam was, of course, loosened, and pandemonium reigned for fifteen or twenty minutes. The Texas, Arkansas and Maine middle-of-the-road men, with their guidons together, took no part in the demonstration. The middle-of-the-road men finally massed about their standard on the left of the hall, about 300 in number, and made a counter demonstration. They cheered and yelled and fought for ten minutes. The sergeants-at-arms were powerless to restore order, and, after rapping for five minutes, Chairman Allen declared Mr. Bryan the nominee of the convention. Some one made a motion to adjourn. The chairman put the motion and declared the convention adjourned sine die.

Future Assured.

"But, Herbert," she said, "think of the future. You are poor, and you cannot surround me with the luxuries to which I have been accustomed."

"But, your father—"

"He would do nothing for us."

"Does he play poker?"

"No."

"Then I'll teach him. Trust in me, darling, and have no fear of the future!"—Texas Sifter.

THEIR CHOICE, TOO

THE SILVER CONVENTION NOMINATES BRYAN AND SEWALL.

The Men Selected for President and Vice President by the Democratic Convention Become the Unanimous Nominations of the Silver Party—The One-Plank Platform Is Adopted.

Chairman St. John called the silver convention to order Friday. Rev. Dr. L. W. Covert led in prayer, after which G. W. Baker of California took the floor. He said the People's party convention had appointed a conference committee, and moved that the convention defer action on the platform and postpone the nomination of a ticket until after noon. The motion prevailed.

After a number of delegates had spoken on the silver question, Senator Stewart of Nevada was called for and responded with a short speech.

Under a resolution adopted yesterday, the roll of states was called to find out how many old soldiers occupied seats as delegates. The roll showed 196 Union veterans, 18 Confed-



WILLIAM P. ST. JOHN, chairman of the silver convention.

erate veterans and 4 Mexican war veterans.

Adjourned until afternoon.

Chairman St. John rapped for order and introduced the Rev. Mr. Hagerty, who made the opening prayer at the afternoon session. At the conclusion of the invocation G. W. Baker was called upon for a report from the conference committee. He said that the time was too short to reach a satisfactory conclusion. There were not more than 100 men in the conference and only two hours in which to discuss the methods to be pursued. He read the resolutions which were adopted at the conference. On motion of Mr. Turner of Kansas the report was accepted and adopted by a unanimous vote.

The report of the platform committee was then made by Senator Jones of Nevada.

A motion to adopt the platform was made. Mr. Hess of Illinois objected, and a wordy wrangle followed. It ended in the adoption of the platform. It was decided by the chairman that the recommendation regarding nominations should be acted upon separately.

Mr. Page of Nebraska moved that the convention proceed to the nomination of a presidential candidate. It prevailed. Gen. Warner said it would be necessary to nominate a candidate rather than endorse in order to avoid some of the peculiarities of the state ballot laws. E. E. Little of Kansas nominated William J. Bryan of Nebraska.

Several speeches were made seconding Bryan's nomination, and then the rules were suspended and the nomination was made unanimous.

Mr. Baker of California then moved that the convention proceed to the nomination of vice president. Mr. Troup of Connecticut placed the name of Arthur Sewall of Maine before the convention. H. T. Niles of Ohio seconded the nomination. It was moved that Mr. Sewall be declared the vice-presidential nominee by acclamation, and the motion prevailed.

Mr. Baker of California moved that each delegation select a member of the committee to lobby the nominees. The motion was agreed to. The roll call of states was begun, but before it was half finished two-thirds of the delegates had left the hall and all the visitors went out.

Col. Page of Nebraska offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the convention that as the Democratic party had arranged to notify Bryan and Sewall in New York, the silver party notify them in Bryan's home at Lincoln. The motion was agreed to. Thereupon the convention adjourned sine die.

Doolin at Work Again.

Wichita, Kan., July 23.—In a lively gulch several miles west of the village of Lacy, in the northern part of Oklahoma Territory, the regular mail stage was held up today by a band of outlaws who rifled the express and mail sacks, taking all the registered letters and all the valuables carried by the two passengers in the coach. There is little doubt that the robbery was the work of the reorganized gang of "Bill" Doolin, the condemned murderer and outlaw who escaped from jail at Guthrie several weeks ago with a dozen desperate cutthroats and robbers. A big force of United States marshals has been in pursuit of the outlaws ever since their escape.

Gold Reserve Growing.

Washington, July 23.—The bankers are making good their promises in the matter of turning in gold to the treasury, and to-day the reserve was swelled by the addition of \$1,145,000 in coin, \$400,000 coming from Boston, \$250,000 from Chicago and \$495,000 from New York. There was drawn out to-day \$129,100 in gold coin and \$5,400 in gold bars, leaving the reserve standing at \$105,073,915.

Board of Public Works Abolished.

St. Paul, July 23.—Mayor Doran today signed the ordinance abolishing the board of public works, and before the end of the week he will name the man who is to fill the position of commissioner. The appointment will probably be John Coteland. An effort is being made to have the appointment postponed for a time until the law can be tested in some way, but Mayor Doran will not do this.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Principal Value. Teacher—Tell me, Johnnie, what is the principal value of history. Johnnie—One dollar. Teacher—One dollar? Johnnie—Chaffie—Yes; you get the history from the book store for \$2 a copy, and make us boys pay \$3 for them.—Texas Sittings.

A Veil of Mist. Rising at morning or evening from some lowlands, often carries in its folds the seeds of malaria. Where malarial fever prevails no one is safe, unless protected by some efficient medicinal safeguard. Hostetter's stomach Bitters is both a protection and a remedy. No person who inhales, or sojourns in a miasmatic region or country, should omit to procure this fortifying agent, which is also the best-known remedy for dyspepsia, indigestion, kidney trouble and rheumatism.

Why the Winds Howl. "How the winds howl to-night," said the melancholy boarder. "I shouldn't wonder if it had the toothache," suggested Mr. Asbury Puffers.

"Toothache?" "Yes, have you never heard of the teeth of the gale?"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

How to Grow 40c Wheat. Salzer's Fall Seed Catalogue tells you. It's worth thousands to the wide-awake farmer. Send 4-cent stamp for catalogue and free samples of grains and grasses for fall sowing. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

A Bond street tobacconist takes about \$75 from lady devotees of the fragrant weed.

ITS stopped free and permanently cured. No other first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$3 trial bottle and treatment. Send to Dr. KING, 501 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Czar Nicholas will make his visits to the sovereigns of Europe alone.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds. Mrs. C. Beltz, 439 8th avenue, Denver, Col., Nov. 8, '95.

The British mint coins half a ton of pennies, half-pennies and farthings weekly.

The average duration of human life is thirty-three years.

The talkings of London theaters and music halls exceed \$7,500,000 per annum.

Poor Pilgarlic, there is no need for you to contemplate a wig when you can enjoy the pleasure of sitting again under your own "thatch." You can begin to get your hair back as soon as you begin to use Ayer's Hair Vigor.

Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer. Is what you should give the children. Half their sickness is CAUSED BY WORMS.

There is no dividing line.

BattleAx PLUG

DON'T FORGET for 5 cents you get almost as much "Battle Ax" as you do of other brands for 10 cents. DON'T FORGET that "Battle Ax" is made of the best leaf grown, and the quality cannot be improved. DON'T FORGET, no matter how much you are charged for a small piece of other brands, the chew is no better than "Battle Ax." DON'T FORGET, "Economy is wealth," and you want all you can get for your money. Why pay 10 cents for other brands when you can get "Battle Ax" for 5 cents?

Patents Issued. List of patents issued last week for Northwestern inventors: Francis M. Dean, Huron, S. D., pneumatic track sander; Otis M. Kirhn, argo, N. D., vehicle brake; Obied D. Reisinger, St. Paul, Minn., sashholder; John B. Rossman, St. Paul, Minn., concentrator and amalgamator; Charles J. Swanstrom, Deadwood, S. D., curtain holder; Edward A. Thiem, St. Paul, Minn., adjustable wheel gauge; Hjalmar Zahl, Duluth, Minn., fastener for shoe laces; Christensen & Henderson, Madellin, Minn., (trade mark), wheat flour; Frank A. Schmorl, Ashton, S. D. (trade mark), lubricating oils. T. D. Merwin, patent lawyer, 910, 911 and 912 Pioneer Press Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Better Method. She—I think Mr. Belasco made a mistake in dragging Mrs. Carter around by her hair to teach her the robustness of acting. He—What would have been a better method? She—He should have put her on a bicycle and let her fall off.—Buffalo Times.

Etiquette. Mr. Dun (unpaid bill in his hand)—When shall I call again, Mr. Owens? Mr. Owens—Well, it would hardly be proper for you to call again until I have returned the present call.—Cleveland Leader.

Personal. ANY ONE who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, will receive information of much value and interest by writing to Pink Pills, P. O. Box 1502, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Explanation. She—Why do you think Hawthorne called his story "The Scarlet Letter"? He (absent-minded)—He probably wanted it read.—Washington Times.

The average duration of human life is thirty-three years.

The talkings of London theaters and music halls exceed \$7,500,000 per annum.