It Hangs On

If it was only health, we might let it cling.

But it is a cough. One cold no sooner passes off before another comes. But it's the same old cough all the time.

And it's the same old story, too. There is first the cold, then the cough, then pneumonia or consumption with the long sickness, and life trembling in the balance.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

loosens the grasp of your cough. The congestion of the throat and lungs is removed; all inflammation is subdued; the parts are put perfectly at rest and the cough drops away. It has no diseased tissues on which to hang.

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster

draws out inflammation of the lungs.

Advice Free.

Remember we have a Medical Department. If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

WHISKERS DYED

A Natural Black by

Buckingham's Dye.

Price 50 cents of all druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.

TRACY & CO.

Members New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges.

STOCKS and BONDS

224 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.
79 and 81 Michigan St., Milwaukee, Wis.

ASTHMA

POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC

Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One Box sent postpaid on receipt of $1.00. Six boxes $5.00. Address THOS. POPHAM, PHILA., PA.

Five New Italian Operas.

Five new operas brought out so far this season in Italy have achieved at least local success. They are Giordano's "Fedora," Mascagni's "Iris," Giannetti's "Violinaio di Cremona," De Nardis' "Stella" and Anzoletti's "La Morte di Mozart."

Bromus Inermis Grass!

It's the greatest grass on earth—Salzer says so. This grass yields 4 to 7 tons better hay than timothy in dry, rainless countries; yields even more than that in Ohio, Ind., Mich., Wis., Iowa, Ill., Mo., Kans., Nebr., Mont., yes in every State of the Union! Salzer warrants this! Potatoes $1.20 a Bbl.

Send this notice to JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS., and 10 cents postage and receive their great Seed Catalogue and sample of this grass seed and nine other farm seed Rareties free. (c. n.)

—Dr. Henry Barnard, the distinguished educator of Hartford, Conn., has just celebrated his eighty-eighth birthday.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

—Charles D. Watkins, the recently-appointed head of the Colonial commission, is a life-long friend of Senator Burrows.

Go to Work.

Go to work on lumbago as if you intended to cure it, and with the use of St. Jacobs Oil it can be cured very promptly and surely. Rub hard for penetration.

—Soldiers in the Italian army are allowed two hours in the middle of the day for a nap.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50-cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

—The average age at which women marry in civilized countries is said to be 23½ years.

Rich Pearl Fields Discovered.

New pearl fields of great richness have been discovered off the coast of New Caledonia on the west side, according to United States Consul Wolf at Noumea. He says that one shell contained the fabulous number of 256 pearls, and one little boat of one and one-half tons furnished last year twenty-two pounds of pearls. Up to this time the water has not been sounded to a greater depth than six feet seven inches, but the fisheries are to be further exploited by French and Austrian syndicates. Mr. Wolf says that the quality of the pearl shells is remarkably fine and he urges that Americans profit by the discovery.

Aged Woman Rides a Bicycle.

The oldest bicyclist is a woman aged 93, who is an adept rider. Most people could enjoy health until old age if they took precautions to prevent diseases of the digestive organs by taking an occasional dose of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Even after dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation have secured a foothold the Bitters will afford relief.

Strange Funeral Customs.

In an interesting history of his parish Rev. James Murray of Kilmalcolm, Renfrewshire, mentions that "amid the enjoyments of the people we must not fail to notice funerals;" and he calls attention to a curious custom which was prevalent in connection with them. It appears a sieve containing clay pipes filled with tobacco and was handed round just before the cortege started. Then the mourners smoked, and when the kirkyard was reached, as the grave was being filled, each stepped solemnly forward and cast his pipe "amang the mools."—Notes and Queries.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

Chicago Furniture House Has Furnished Nearly a Million Homes.

To be the largest furniture house in the world is a distinction which the John M. Smyth Company, 150 to 166 West Madison street, Chicago, enjoys. An idea of the magnitude of the establishment may be gained from the fact that the building contains seven and one-half acres of floor space and that during its third of a century of business it has furnished nearly three-quarters of a million homes, or more than the entire population of some States. One of the business principles of the firm is if goods are not as represented they may be returned and the money will be refunded. The firm issues a large, beautifully illustrated catalogue of household goods which are retailed at wholesale prices. It will be sent free on application.

Skillful Japanese Counterfeiter.

A Japanese named Takuma has been turning the skill in imitation with which his countrymen are gifted to nefarious ends, and has been convicted at Sydney of forging seven copies of a rare early New South Wales stamp rated at $400. The imitation was so perfect that the stamps were purchased by dealers and sent to London, where they passed the scrutiny of several experts.

Every One Knows.

Why trifle with a sprain when every one knows that St. Jacobs Oil used in the worst case will so strengthen the injured muscle as to make it the best remedy for this dreaded pain.

—The Italian actor Novelli is making arrangements to appear next season in London, and is studying several Shakespearean and other English classical parts, among them Lear, Benedick and Sir Giles Overreach, in an Italian version of "A New Way to Pay Old Debts." His impersonation of Shylock has been highly praised by the Paris papers.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. During winter your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have perspiring, smarting feet or tight shoes, try ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. It warms and rests the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for Chilblains and Frostbites. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

—W. T. R. Preston of Toronto has been appointed chief commissioner of immigration for Canada. His headquarters will be in London, and he will have charge of Canadian immigration not only in the British isles, but throughout Europe, paying regular visits to Russia, Scandinavia, Germany, Austria and other countries where desirable immigrants are obtainable.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is tenfold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

—What is known as Sheep's-Canyon bridge on the Burlington & Missouri road a few miles north of Edgemont, S. D., is to give way to a solid filling of earth and masonry. It is one of the highest wooden bridges along the Burlington system, being 112 feet high and 400 feet long. It will require 300,000 yards of stone and earth to make the fill and the cost will be $100,000.

Onion Seed 68c and Up a Lb.

Catalogue tells how to grow 1,213 bus. per acre as easily as 100 bushels. Largest growers of Earliest Vegetables and Farm Seeds. Earliest vegetables always pay. Salzer's Seeds produce them weeks ahead of others. Coffee Berry 15c. per lb. Potatoes $1.20 a Bbl.

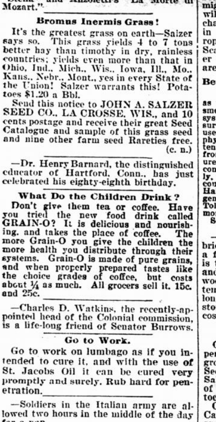
Cut this out and send with 14c. for great Catalogue and 10 packages of vegetable and flower seed novelties to JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, LA CROSSE, WIS. (c. n.)

—Oil to calm the waves was used on an unusually large scale during the recent gales in the English channel. The water breaking over Folkestone pier made it difficult for steamers to enter the port till someone thought of pouring oil into the harbor, when the seas immediately became smooth.

HEALTHY MATERNITY.

Two Grateful Women Tell of the Help They Have Received From Mrs. Pinkham.

The climax of life force in woman is capable motherhood.
The first requisite for a good mother is good health.
Health of body means health of the generative organs.



Read what Mrs. G. A. NONNAMAKER, Bluffton, Ohio, says about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and how well it prepared her for maternity:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must say a word in praise of your Vegetable Compound. I used three bottles of it when I was pregnant, and labor was not nearly as long as it was with my other babies; and my baby is so healthy to what the others were. I think every woman should use your Compound when pregnant, it will save them so much suffering and misery. I cannot say enough in praise of it. If ever I need medicine again, I shall use your Compound."

The most successful tonic known to medicine for women approaching maternity is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a safeguard for every woman who uses it, and the fullest benefit comes from its use with Mrs. Pinkham's advice freely offered to all woman. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Here is a convincing statement, bearing directly on this subject, from Mrs. E. BISHOP, of 1848 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am a great believer in your Compound. I was almost despairing of ever again being well, as I was a great sufferer, and had been for years. I suffered from womb trouble, and had terrible blind fits. After writing to you I tried your Compound. The result was astonishing. I have used it and advocated it ever since. In childbirth it is a perfect boon. I have often said that I should like to have its merits thrown on the sky with a search-light, so that all women would read, and be convinced that there is a remedy for their sufferings."

A Million Women have been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

FARM AND GARDEN.

A Bunch of Sheep on the Farm.

Very many farms, and farmers, too, would be benefited by a flock of sheep, says George McKerrow of Sussex, Wis., in writing to Farm, Field and Fireside. I believe I may be permitted to claim that I say this from experience, having kept a flock without intermission for thirty years or more. I invested my first savings, while a boy in my teens, in sheep, and have never regretted it.

Why will the farm be benefited? Sheep will clean it up; but you will say, can good sheep be reared on weeds and brush alone? To which I must answer, no; but good sheep can be grown on clovers, grasses, corn, oats, corn stover, alfalfa, rape, cabbage and roots, and this rotation of crops will make clean land and produce good mutton and wool and you will find that sheep being well fed on such rations as the above-mentioned will also surprise you by the amount of weeds and tender browse they will take as dessert.

A small or moderate-sized flock will glean a good living most of the year from foods that would, on many farms, go to waste without them. I recently met a German farmer in northern Wisconsin who told of his little flock of ten ewes that had brought in a $60 income in 1895, when sheep products were low. When I asked him what it cost to keep them that year, he replied: "Dat cost nothing." When pressed for an explanation, he shrugged his shoulders and said: "Dey run in der brush in der summer, und dey run in der brush in der vinter. Come to der haystack, eat a little hay, dats all." This was practically true; they only cost him what hay they ate in the winter.

"The hoof of the sheep is golden," is an old Spanish adage; nevertheless a true one. Every sheep pasture becomes richer. No class of stock improves the soil as does the sheep. If you will go with me to the districts where sheep husbandry has been intelligently followed, in conjunction with other lines of farming, we will find better farms than in localities where natural advantages are the same and no sheep are kept. In proof of this I beg to refer the reader to many districts in Ontario, Vermont, Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin, and to scores of farmers in these districts who have often told me they would not farm without sheep.

How can sheep benefit the farmers? First, by increasing their revenue. During the past thirty years I have kept pretty close account of our flocks and in the worst seasons have found the balance on the right side and in the good seasons it has been well up on the right side. With sheep and clover, grasses, corn and roots to feed them I have been enabled to buy worn-out grain lands, pay for them and bring them up in condition and value, and I am not alone in this. I know of others who have done the same and we are no luckier or brighter than other farmers.

Sheep are easier cared for than any other class of stock. The farmer without experience can begin with a small flock and as his flock grows his experience will also grow until he will soon have some knowledge of animal life that will aid him in handling other lines of stock. You must remember the large flock requires proportionate skill to handle it well.

The mutton for the farmer's own table is one of the most important and profitable items. It saves butcher's bills, gives health and strength as no other meat diet can. I know of several farmers who use from five to twenty-five sheep or lambs annually on their tables, according to the size of their families, and all are loud in its praise as a healthful and economical meat food.

The question of cheap fencing is one constantly brought up. In these days of cheap woven fences this is pretty well settled. Many of these make quite good movable sheep fences, as we find from their use.

I will not say every farmer should keep sheep, but am safe in saying there should be at least four flocks where one is now kept. The increase in most cases should come by more flocks rather than larger flocks.

Low, wet farms are not suited to sheep. Small farms that are paying well as dairy farms will, in most cases, be as well without them. The farmer who does not like sheep should not keep them, but most others should.

If your decide to start into the sheep business (or any other line) you must make up your mind that it will have both ups and downs, and if you are to get profit from it you must stick to it, up hill and down hill, and you will thus be on top of the wave part of the time. Too many of our farmers are of the class who sell out when a thing is low and buy what is high to have it to sell when it gets low, thus always starting some new line high to sell when it gets low.

Study your conditions and environments and decide for yourself, but you may take it for granted that nine times out of ten a small flock of sheep pays on every farm.

Feeding Smutty Corn.

Whenever you come to a smutty ear of corn put it in the fire. This should have been done at husking time, but some smut may have been overlooked then and developed since. If all farmers would stamp out the corn smut wherever found the disease could soon be eradicated. Feeding it to either cows or hogs as is often done is the readiest way to send it to the manure pile, where it will propagate very rapidly. Besides, it is a serious danger to the animals to which it is fed, especially if they are bearing young.—American Cultivator.

Bean Straw for Feeding Cows.

While sheep take naturally to bean straw and to the grain itself, there are many who grow beans who do not keep sheep. With a little care in giving only small amounts at first, and when the cow is hungry, she will eat bean straw and soon come to like it for a change, as well as the hay or corn stalks which are her regular diet. Bean straw is very nutritious, and as it causes wind on the stomach, it should be given with caution to breeding stock, either ewes or cows, lest it should cause abortion. The refuse beans that are often thrown away may properly be ground and mixed with cornmeal as fed for hogs. They are very nutritious, more so than corn.

Cows Not to be Fed Alike.

All cows should not be fed alike. Each should be fed according to her individuality. The amount should be proportioned to the amount of milk she can be made to produce. If she is inclined to "all go to milk" and run down in flesh, she should be fed more carbonaceous food to keep her flesh and strength. Another cow that is inclined to put on flesh should be fed more protein food. Three things the feeder must watch; watch to see that the cow eats up all her food clean with a good appetite; watch the excrement to see that she digests it, and watch the milk pail and the cow's back to see what she does with it.

A cow should have as great a variety of food each day as it is practical to give her. She craves a variety and will eat more and digest her food better when she has it. She needs a variety as much as human beings. She should also be fed with perfect regularity as to time as well as amount of food. She should never be allowed to fret and worry because her food is late in coming to her.

Plowing Ground While Frozen.

It is sometimes possible to do a little plowing when there is a thin stratum of frozen earth near the surface. If the plow can enter the soil, its lifting motion will break this thin crust of frozen earth, and the coulter or cutter will divide it so that it can be turned about as easily as if it had not frozen at all. This work is best done in the fall, just before freezing up, in which case there will be two stratas of frozen earth, each separated by air. In such case, there is an admirable tilth produced down to the bottom of the furrow. But unless such land has a good supply of underdrains to carry away water beneath the surface, the farmer will find little advantage from plowing frozen ground, or, in fact, from any kind of fall plowing. Whenever a furrow is frozen throughout the winter, it becomes so expanded that spring rains will soon turn it into a mud heap, unless the water can get away beneath the surface.

The Cause of Mottled Butter.

The prime cause of mottles is the use of too cold water in washing the butter and the manner in which it is introduced into the churn. By using too cold water the outside of the butter granules becomes crusted or hardened like the shell of an egg, while the inside is soft. Now, when this mass is worked together these little shells remain in the same condition, and no amount of working or tempering salt, or even distribution of salt when added, will change the conditions. They do not work up, consequently do not take salt, hence the fine, threadlike streaks in the butter. The manner in which the water is introduced into the churn is responsible for the large mottles or seeming lumps of white butter throughout the mass. In the majority of creameries throughout the country the water is pumped directly into the churn, either through a hose or a pipe. Now, when the water strikes the butter these granules become hard and solid as in the first case, only that these hard granules are not broken down at all, and the large mottles are the result. The wash water should be tempered to within two or three degrees of the churn temperature. —New York Produce Review.

THE BOY AND HIS TRADE.

He Should Begin His Apprenticeship so as to be Through When 21.

"Seventeen is the preferable age for going to a trade, but in many cases 16 is not too young, nor 18 too old," writes Barton Cheyney in the Ladies' Home Journal. "But, all conditions being favorable, it is well for a boy to arrange his apprenticeship so that he can finish his trade by the time he is 21. One of the advantages of going to a trade early is that it allows the lad time to make a change should he discover that he has made a mistake in choosing his vocation, and there is no infallible method or rule that can be followed in order that such mistakes can be avoided. But the best course to pursue is for the lad to fully acquaint himself with the details of the trades to which he may incline before he makes a selection. This can be easily done at the expense only of a little observation and inquiry. Then the matter of natural aptitude can be considered—and it is a most important factor—so that the lad can avoid going into anything for which he has no special fitness. It is asserted that everyone is adapted for some one thing better than anything else, and the boy should strive to discover what that one thing is. It would be a great mistake for a lad without a natural bent for mechanics to attempt to learn the machinist's trade, and the chances would be against such a boy's proper advancement, for one's best work and development are the outcome of being congenially employed."

Senator Hoar's Vindication of James G. Blaine.

I was myself a member of the judiciary committee of the House, to whom the investigation was committed. The witnesses were examined by a subcommittee. But they were almost daily compelled to report the questions which arose for decision to the full committee, and the evidence taken by them was at once printed. I was present at the examination of most of the witnesses, so I was very familiar with the case as it went on. I expected to be charged with the duty of preparing a minority report in case, as was almost certain to happen, the committee found the charges sustained. I had no reason, so far as I then knew, or now know, to be prejudiced or biased in the matter. Mr. Blaine had treated me with courtesy during my service in the House, as he did everybody. He had, as speaker, never assigned to me any place on committees which was specially agreeable to me, and had put persons, whom I thought less entitled to such distinction, into the chairmanships of the committees of which I was a member. But he was undoubtedly embarrassed in this matter by the large number of representatives from Massachusetts who had been long in the service. So I had no just cause either for gratitude or for complaint. But I had expected, if he were nominated, although these charges had been made public, to give him my zealous and earnest support as a candidate for the presidency.

I had, as I have said, occasion to possess myself thoroughly of the evidence against Mr. Blaine when it was produced. I reviewed it carefully during the campaign which preceded the election of 1884. I have reconsidered it again more lately. I did not think at the time, and have never thought since, that Mr. Blaine was guilty either of actual corruption or of a willingness to be corrupted. I do not think he ever sold his official influence, or ever received or desired to receive any compensation for any exercise of his official power. I think the spirit and manner in which the charges against him were pressed and argued before the people scarcely, if at all, less disgraceful than would have been Mr. Blaine's own conduct if the charges had been true.—From "Four National Conventions," by Senator George F. Hoar in Scribner's.

W. C. Brownell's Opinion of Thackeray's "Newcomes."

As for "The Newcomes," it is an epitome of human life in its manifold variety of social and individual phases unmatched, I think, in fiction. Its range is extraordinary for the thread of a single story to follow. Yet all its parts are as interdependent as they are numerous and varied. It is Thackeray's largest canvas, and it is filled with the greatest ease and to the borders. It stands incontestably at the head of the novels of manners. And it illustrates manners with an unexampled crowd of characters, the handling of which, without repetition or confusion, without digression or discord, exhibits the control of the artist equally with the imaginative and creative faculty of the poet—the "maker." The framework of "The Newcomes" would include three or four of Balzac's most elaborate books, which, compared with it, indeed, seem like studies and episodes, lacking the large body and ample current of Thackeray's epic. And its epic scale is preserved, not in mechanically assembled examples of different kinds of mere existence, high and low, savage and civilized, but in a picture of life itself flowing variously in varied characters and circles and communities, closely connected by the cousinly bond of the humanity they possess in common.

Taken as a whole, it is true, Thackeray's human comedy is less comprehensive than Balzac's, with which alone it is to be compared in the world of prose fiction. Taken as a whole, it lacks that appearance of vastness and variety which Balzac's has, and perhaps the appearance in such a matter answers as well as the reality. Considered, that is to say, purely as a world of the imagination, Thackeray's is the more circumscribed. But it is born of less travail; it is constructed with the effortless ease of greater spontaneity, its preliminary simplification has been carried farther; and, if less complicated and ingenious, less speculative and suggestive, it is far more real. Its philosophy is more human, more winning, more attaching, and in a very deep sense more profound.—From "William Makepeace Thackeray," by W. C. Brownell in Scribner's.

Gutta-Percha and Cables.

In connection with the Pacific cable a very interesting question arises. From where is the gutta-percha for this gigantic cable to come? Every whisper of the construction of a transpacific line sends the gutta market at Singapore up by leaps and bounds. The ruling price of the gum is the highest that has ever obtained. It it stated, on what authority it is hard to say, that the visible supply of gutta is sufficient for the task, and that if this cable is laid it will be the last—the last with a gutta-percha insulation, at least. While this pessimism on the part of the gutta producers savors somewhat of a desire to stiffen the market, there is yet a sufficiently-reasonable foundation for it in the wanton destruction of the gutta forests. It will be interesting to see the outcome of the situation. If the United States acquires an island in the Carolines the building of the cable line seems possible, though expensive. If they do not find a landing place the operation of the cable seems to require a prohibitively costly plant. And meanwhile there is a question of the disappearing gutta tree.—The Engineering Magazine.

The Gratitude of Republics.

On Friday last Congress voted an increase of pension to Eleazer Smith of Danbury, N. H., who then lacked but two weeks of being 101 years of age. This patriotic act proves once more that republics are not, as alleged, ungrateful. The veteran Eleazer shouldered a musket in defense of his country in 1812. What the amount of his pension was originally, or when granted, we know not, neither do we care. The important point is that Congress has now rushed nobly to the rescue of a deserving patriot, and has not permitted more than eighty-five years to pass without due recognition of his services in the field. Eleazer will henceforth have $30 a month from which to lay up something for a rainy day and for provision against the encroachment of age, which in time is likely to overtake him. Congress is simply superb when it rises in its might to tackle the pension problem.—New York Mail and Express.

DON'T TRUST PHOTOGRAPHS.

The Camera Idealizes Homely Women and Makes Pretty Ones Look Plain.

A woman may be a beauty in reality any yet take a very unattractive photograph, while, on the contrary, the ugly woman with prominent features may come out of the exacting ordeal a very handsome image. "It is a curious fact," said a local photograph dealer, "that it is not always the handsomest women who make the handsomest pictures. I'll venture the assertion that nine-tenths of the women who are noted for their beauty are poor subjects for the camera, and it is undeniable that the most striking and attractive photos are those of people who seem plain and insignificant in life.

"Why is it? Well, a beauty nearly always owes her charm to something beyond the reach of the lens—to her complexion, her hair or to the vivacity of her expression. Very few such women have regular features, and when they are reproduced in plain black and white they are at a great disadvantage. Their photographs are generally unsatisfactory and are really not correct likenesses. On the other hand, a woman who is regarded as homely may have singularly perfect lines, but attracts no attention through lack of color and animation."—Exchange.

Dummer Gets Out of Jail.

Herman Dummer is defendant in a divorce suit instituted by his wife Wilhelmine and in July last was ordered to desist from attempting to dispose of his property. Notwithstanding this Dummer executed an instrument purporting to transfer the property. He was sent to jail and has been a charge upon the county since that time. Rip Reukema is Dummer's attorney, and it was against his counsel that Dummer acted as he did. Yesterday Mr. Reukema went to the jail to consult his client, when he was informed that another attorney had called to see him, who, it is alleged, promised Dummer freedom upon the payment of $10 and the transfer of the deed to himself. Dummer said he was well satisfied with Mr. Reukema, but he thought $10 would be a cheap way of getting out of jail, so he managed to secure $10 from a relative, gave it to the lawyer and then turned the deed over to him. That was more than two weeks ago and Dummer says he has neither seen nor heard from the attorney since. When Dummer was brought before Judge Ludwig the court decided he had been in jail long enough and informed him that he would be discharged when the deed was given to the sheriff, who is to turn it over to the attorney for Mrs. Dummer. This Dummer agreed to, and he promised to send for the attorney and demand the return of the deed. The Dummers were married in Milwaukee in 1894. Mrs. Dummer charges cruelty in her complaint. Owing to Dummer's confinement the case has never been tried, but Judge Ludwig today permitted the attorneys to notice it upon the term calendar.

"Better Be Wise Than Rich."

Wise people are also rich when they know a perfect remedy for all annoying diseases of the blood, kidneys, liver and bowels. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is perfect in its action. It so regulates the entire system as to bring vigorous health. It never disappoints.

Goitre—"For 42 years I had goitre, or swellings on my neck, which was discouraging and troublesome. Rheumatism also annoyed me. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me completely and the swelling has entirely disappeard. A lady in Michigan saw my previous testimonial and used Hood's and was entirely cured of the same trouble. She thanked me for recommending it." MRS. ANNA SUTHERLAND, 406 Lovel Street, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Poor Health—"Had poor health for years, pains in shoulders, back and hips, with constant headache, nervousness and no appetite. Used Hood's Sarsaparilla, gained strength and can work hard all day; eat heartily and sleep well. I took it because it helped my husband." MRS. ELIZABETH J. GIFFELS, Moose Lake, Minn.

Makes Weak Strong—"I would give $5 a bottle for Hood's Sarsaparilla if I could not get it for less. It is the best spring medicine. It makes the weak strong." ALBERT A. JAGNOW, Douglastown, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable CASCARETS and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them, to every one. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family." EDW. A. MARX, Albany, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 321

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

SORE EYES Dr ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

DEFECTIVE PAGE

IN GAY NEW YORK.

The engagement of Lispenard Stewart to Miss Romola Dahlgren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dahlgren, which was announced in a newspaper, has been denied by Miss Dahlgren and Mr. Stewart.

Miss Elizabeth Kilsyth Livingston has embraced the Catholic faith. Miss Livingston was taken into the church by Father Healy of St. Lawrence's church and received first communion at the convent of the Sacred Heart. Miss Livingston is a lineal descendant of P. Van Brugh Livingston, whose wife was Mary Alexander, a sister of the Earl of Sterling. Peter Van Brugh Livington was the son of Philip, second lord of the Manor of Livingston, who was president of the first Provincial Congress in this city. An elder brother of P. Van Brugh Livingston was one of the signers of the declaration of independence, and another brother was governor of New Jersey.

Miss Livingston is a beautiful and accomplished young woman, and her debut, which was made a few years ago at the home of her cousin, Mrs. John Lyon Gardiner, was a brilliant one. She was a Baptist, but later joined the Episcopal church. Mr. and Mrs. Van Brugh Livingston, her guardians, are devout attendants at the cathedral, and Miss Livingston's change of faith is therefore natural.

The most original of Friday evening's entertainments was that given by Howard Constable and Miss Constable. The affair was referred to as a "studio evening," but was really an elaborate costume dance. Impersonations of the "echoes of the late war" caused much amusement.

Rev. Madison Bloomingdale Peters, who finds time when he is not reporting French balls to preach in a west side Reformed church, is on the rampage again. He is now warring against the size of the "growler," which is the tenement dweller's substitute for the wine cellar of the Fifth avenue millionaire. He says the worst wrong connected with the saloon against which the poor have to contend, is the excessive measure of the beer. A "pint" of beer for 10 cents means from three to six pints.

The popular impression that the Rialto—that section of Broadway between Thirty-second and Forty-second streets—is the center of life and gaiety of New York, is rapidly being revised. Fame is becoming notoriety. The stranger finds that the so-called Rialto, which he had imagined the haunt of fashion and the promenade of respectable pleasure-seekers, has degenerated into a lounging place for sleek, well-dressed, disreputable loafers. These leisurely persons work for their living in the peculiar fashion known as "by their wits," and it is out of the question, when taking an afternoon stroll, for the visitor to evade them. They have thousands of plausible stories and schemes for raising the wind, to which many passengers can testify, and their apparent carelessness hides schemes for money-getting that are as unscrupulous as they are keen. But in the face of all this these gentry dwell in absolute security and are never molested by the police.

The shirtwaist girl will be in her element more than ever next summer. Already the up-to-date store windows are bristling with attractive varieties of the comfortable and catchy garment, and all the genuine vitality of the shoppers these days are centered about the shirtwaist counters. White, in cambric and lawn, seems to have the preference over the colored gingham variety. Wide-spotted ribbons, lengths of soft silk and white lawn are all materials for the new ties, and nothing will be considered more fitting with a pink-striped shirtwaist than a tie made of white or cream point d'esprit, knotted in a very liberal front bow.

An uptown photographer discovered a "Klondike" and is working it for all its worth. He has hit upon a plan to please his patrons, and, incidentally, to fill his coffers with rich pay gold, or its equivalent. In his studio he has a stuffed horse, posed in the gallop attitude. The animal is affixed to a platform, the surface of which is well concreted. A Central park scene is in the background. Young and old women, but particularly the former, who are anxious to give their distant friends the impression that they are well up in equestrianism, come to the studio in battalions and have themselves photographed in the act of taking their morning or afternoon canter through the park. The artist has all sizes of habits on hand to accommodate his patrons.

"Cholly Knickerbocker" criticises Olga Nethersole for not wearing hoopskirts in her costume production of "Camille." He says: "The reason for this hoopskirt abstinence on the part of Miss Nethersole is, I am told, the impossibility of fainting gracefully in it. How the ladies in 1840 managed to swoon in their crinolines nobody seems to remember. They must have done it, for fainting was even more popular then than it is now."

Mrs. William C. Whitney will be brought to her new home at Fifth avenue and Sixty-ninth street in a few days. She is much improved—so much so that her physicians think she may safely be moved from the Whitney country home.

A $100 shirt that is well worth the money to the man who wears it, is the latest acquisition of certain New York professional gamblers. The shirt is for "hold-out" purposes and is called the "hold-up" shirt. It has a false sleeve and cuff and a metal clamp, which catches a card and causes it to vanish in between the two cuffs attached to a cord which runs up the sleeve across the body and down one of the wearer's legs. It is easily operated, and tenderfeet who are fond of "draw" should fight shy of this modern invention in the big games that flourish in some of the best New York hotels.

Mr. Carnegie says the report that he is to build a million-dollar dwelling for himself in this city is nonsense. It will not cost a quarter of that sum, and will be a plain, roomy brick house. His family needs more room and more sunshine, especially the latter, according to the doctor, and that is what they are after. The garden is the sunshine spot Mr. Carnegie intends to make a feature of his premises, because, having spent so much time out of doors, he and his wife, they wilt when cooped up too much.

Thomas Nevins, a rich contractor of East Orange, once heard a fortune teller say that if sisters marry on the same day one will end her life in the poorhouse and the other will be rich. His two daughters had arranged to be wedded on Wednesday, but he suddenly remembered the superstition, and one ceremony was postponed. Lilian Esther Nevins became the bride of John Frederick Nestor of Detroit at St. John's Catholic church, East Orange, yesterday. Today her sister, Catherine Deering Nevins, became the wife of Nicholas Doyle of Wexford, Ireland, in the same church.

Patriotism broke loose at the meeting of Sorosis in the Waldorf-Astoria. The subject was "American Traits as Revealed in Current Events," and our new work in the Philippines gave plenty of inspiration to the speakers. Mrs. Philip Carpenter, who was down on the programme for an address on "American Enterprise," had said only a few words bearing indirectly on this subject, when she broke loose with: "A half day's work, and Dewey gives America an Oriental empire—I had almost said an Oriental baby, for I never knew of any baby kicking harder at coming into a new world when the passage of the treaty was announced." Sorosis promptly forgot to be dignified, and nobody cared if she did ruin her pretty gloves.

Staten Islanders on their way to New York were amused the other morning to find cash registers attached to the various boxes used by the bootblacks on the ferryboats. The man having the contract or privilege for bootblacking on the ferryboats had suspected that his employes were getting the best of him. In consequence of this he had adopted the cash register plan. Beneath a piece of glass on each of the boxes was a sign which read as follows:

THE BOY MUST RING THE BELL
AFTER EACH SHINE.
SHINE, 5 CENTS.

The bell referred to was attached to the corner of the box, and each time the blootblack collected 5 cents he operated the bell. Until recently the bootblacks were in the habit of charging 10 cents for a shine, one-half of which went to the boss and the other half to the bootblack. Now the customers pay only 5 cents, and the bootblack must drop this into a slot and ring up.

—The Syracuse Academy of Medicine has declared that it shall be a misdemeanor for any fellow of the academy to contract to treat the members of a society.

Don't Have to Wait.

We don't have to wait for cold, soreness and stiffness will come on from excessive exercise, but it will go immediately after using St. Jacobs Oil to soften and strengthen the strained muscles.

—For the past two years each convict in the Missouri state prison has earned 3 cents a day more than the cost of keeping him.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25 cts. per package. Sold by all grocers.

—The Heard family of Washington, Ga., preserved unchanged in their old house the room in which the Confederate cabinet held its last meeting.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

—Senator Gear of Iowa, is amusing his friends by an odd habit of always carrying his hat with him, even when moving only about the Senate chamber.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price, 25 and 50c.

—It is stated that the number of cardholders in the Boston public library—75,000—is greater than that claimed by any other city in the world.

THE PUBLIC AWARDS THE PALM TO HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR as a cough remedy. Of Druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS Cure in one Minute.

—Caro is sure to have a beet sugar refinery. The necessary capital has been subscribed.

Two bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble. —Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., Mar. 26, 1895.

—The Prussian government earns $20,000,000 a year through lotteries; the Italian government $12,000,000.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

—The workable area of coalbeds in Colorado is 18,100 square miles.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that R·I·P·A·N·S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

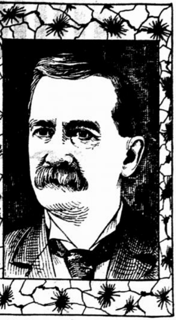
—Chicago has 648 churches, and Philadelphia has more than 600.

Iowa Farms for sale, $2 per acre cash, balance ½ crop until paid. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Ia.

—Massachusetts is caring for 500 epileptics, of all ages from 4 to 70.

A CONGRESSMAN

Cured of Catarrh of Long Standing.



Ex-Congressman A. T. Goodwyn.

Ex-Congressman A. T. Goodwyn, from Alabama, writes the following letter:

The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen—I have now used two bottles of Pe-ru-na, and am a well man to-day. I could feel the good effects of your medicine before I had used it a week, after suffering with catarrh for over a year. Respectfully,
A. T. GOODWYN.

Catarrh in its various forms is rapidly becoming a national curse. An undoubted remedy has been discovered by Dr. Hartman. This remedy has been thoroughly tested during the past forty years. Prominent men have come to know of its virtues and are making public utterances on the subject. To save the country we must save the people. To save the people we must protect them from disease. The disease that is at once the most prevalent and stubborn of cure is catarrh. Public men of all parties recognize in Pe-ru-na a national catarrh remedy of unequaled merit. Send to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, for a free book on catarrh.

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FREE Handsomely Illustrated Catalogue of HOUSEHOLD GOODS, CARPETS, BICYCLES, SEWING MACHINES, OFFICE and CHURCH FURNITURE, GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, SADDLES, also SPORTING GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES, CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, Etc., sent FREE on application. It contains thousands of articles which we Retail at Wholesale Prices. CARPETS, DRAPERIES, LAMPS, DINNER SETS, etc., shown in colors. People all over the world buy from it. Why? Because it brings to them EIGHT FLOORS (EACH 205 BY 180 FEET) of goods in compact form—600 pages—to select from.

JOHN M. SMYTH CO.,
148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166 West Madison St., CHICAGO, ILL.

ASK everybody you know to save their tin tags for you

The Tin Tags taken from **Horseshoe, "J. T.," Cross Bow, Good Luck**—and **Drummond Natural Leaf**—will pay for any one or all of this list of desirable and useful things—and you have your good chewing tobacco besides.

Every man, woman and child in America can find something on this list that they would like to have and *can* have—FREE!

Write your name and address plainly and send every tag you can get to us—mentioning the number of the present you want. Any assortment of the different kinds of tags mentioned above will be accepted as follows:

		TAGS			TAGS
1	Match Box, quaint design, imported from Japan	25	19	Alarm Clock, nickel, warranted	200
2	Knife, one blade, good steel	25	20	Carvers, buckhorn handle, good steel	200
3	Scissors, 4½-inch, good steel	25	21	Six Rogers' Teaspoons, best qual.	225
4	Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25	22	Knives and Forks, six each, buckhorn handles	250
5	Salt and Pepper, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	50	23	Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	500
6	Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	50	24	Stove, Wilson Heater, size No. 30 or No. 40	500
7	Butter Knife, triple plate, best qual.	60	25	Tool Set, not playthings, but real tools	650
8	Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	60	26	Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome	800
9	Stamp Box, sterling silver	70	27	Watch, solid silver, full jeweled	1000
10	Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	70	28	Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments	1500
11	Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch blade	75	29	Revolver, Colt's, best quality	1500
12	Shears, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch, nickel	75	30	Rifle, Winchester, 16-shot, 22-cal.	1500
13	Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver	80	31	Shot Gun, double barrel, hammerless, stub twist	2000
14	Nail File, sterling silver, amethyst set, 6-inch	100	32	Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid with mother-of-pearl	2000
15	Tooth Brush, sterling silver, amethyst set, 6-inch	100	33	Bicycle, standard make, ladies' or gents'	2500
16	Paper Cutter, sterling silver, amethyst set, 7-inch	100		BOOKS—30 choice selections—same as last year's list, 40 tags each.	
17	Base Ball, "Association," best qual.	100			
18	Watch, stem wind and set, guaranteed good time keeper	200			

This offer expires November 30, 1899.

Address all your Tags and the correspondence about them to

DRUMMOND BRANCH, St. Louis, Mo.

"He that Works Easily Works Successfully." 'Tis Very Easy to Clean House With

SAPOLIO

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

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"WINCHESTER LOADED"
SHOT GUN SHELLS

USED BY ALL THE CHAMPION SHOTS.
FREE. SEND NAME ON A POSTAL CARD, FOR 152 PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
180 WINCHESTER AVE., NEW HAVEN, CONN.

FOR 14 CENTS

We wish to gain this year 200,000 new customers, and hence offer

1 Pkg. 13 Day Radish..........10c
1 Pkg. Early Ripe Cabbage..........10c
1 " Earliest Red Beet..........10c
1 " Long Lightn'g Cucumber..10c
1 " Salzer's Best Lettuce..........15c
1 " California Fig Tomato..........20c
1 " Early Dinner Onion..........10c
3 " Brilliant Flower Seeds..........15c

Worth $1.00, for 14 Cts. $1.00

Above 10 pkgs., worth $1.00, we will mail you free, together with our great Plant and Seed Catalogue, upon receipt of this notice and 14c postage We invite your trade and know when you once try Salzer's Seeds you will never get along without them. Onion Seed 60c and up a lb. Potatoes at $1.20 a bbl. Catalogue alone 5 cents. No. C. N.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

DR. McNAMARA.

Established 1861 for the cure of Nervous Debility, Exhaustion of Brain Energy, Mental Aberration, Physical Prostration, Sexual Weakness, Kidney Affections, Blood Diseases, Barrenness, Leucorrhoea, Monthly Period and Marriage. Medical Rooms Corner of Johnson Street and 580 Broadway, Milwaukee, Wis.

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Artificial Limbs & Apparatus
for all deformities. Perfect fit guaranteed and every limb warranted.
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PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION