

WARREN SHEAF.

CHAS. C. BROWN, Proprietor.
WARREN, MINNESOTA.

CURRENT NEWS.

RAILROADS.

The cost of the new and elegant steamer just launched on Lake Minnesota by the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad company was \$20,000.

The rails of the electrical railway at Berlin are so charged with electricity that should horses have been hauled from the track by coming in contact with the iron.

A freight train on the Denver, South Park & Pacific railroad jumped the track. H. P. Lach, engineer, J. Lee, fireman, and Wm. Arnold, brakeman, were instantly killed.

Surveyors are now progressing on the extension of the Breckinridge branch from the town of Dwight, Dak. If nothing interferes, fifty miles or more will be graded this season.

Mr. Billings has formerly resigned at the meeting of the Northern Pacific directors, and his resignation was accepted. A. H. Barney was elected president in his stead, and Thos. F. Oakes vice president.

McDermid & Co., contractors on the Detroit, Mackinac & Marquette railroad, have secured the contract to build thirty miles of road on the Wisconsin division of the Northern Pacific, and advertise for 1000 men.

The Milwaukee & St. Paul party who were out at Milwaukee, Dak. on a tour of inspection, discovered a surveying party of engineers of the Northwestern, running a line along a route mapped out by the Milwaukee & St. Paul company.

The annual report of the Milwaukee & St. Paul to the president shows the gross earnings for 1890 to have been \$13,086,118.61; operating expenses, \$7,422,255.66; leaving net earnings of \$5,663,862.95, an increase over the previous year of \$900,000.

The announcement has been made by Commissioner Fink, on authority of New York Central, that a reduction of 5 per cent is now in effect on freights from Chicago east. This brings of Dakota to 25 cents, fixed at \$3.00.

The reduction is the result of a war between the Central and Erie routes.

The worst wreck ever known on the Peoria division of the W., St. L. & P. railroad occurred seven miles west of La Harpe, at a point one and a half miles east of Burnside, where two freight trains collided running at full speed.

Both engines and several cars were totally destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$50,000. One engine is reared perfectly upright and the debris piled twenty feet high.

The annual meeting of the Green Bay & Minnesota Railroad company was held at Milwaukee with the following result: resident, Samuel Sloan; vice president, general manager and assistant treasurer, Timothy Case; secretary and treasurer, Theodore Sturgis; solicitors, E. A. and W. C. Larned of Chicago; general attorney and assistant superintendent, Theodore O. Case; assistant secretary, W. F. Abrams. The election was held under the new regime. While nothing definite is known regarding the future of the road, it is understood that it will be independent and will be extended to St. Paul.

WEEKLY RECORD OF CRIMES.

At Des Moines, Ia., Michael Maddigan, who killed John Flynn by crushing his skull with a stone, was sent to penitentiary for ten years.

W. E. Hoffman, a prominent citizen and member of the firm of Hoffman, Ery & Co., bankers, committed suicide in Antietam, Maryland.

The wife of H. Ellis, a wealthy farmer near Wankee, Iowa, drowned herself; a man named Hershing, an actor drowned himself near Denver, Gabriel George, of Gilman, Ky., shot his head off.

Frank Leslie, a pressman, attempted suicide at Kansas City by jumping from the bluff street wall at the foot of Fifth street. Leslie had formerly been a dancing man, and was well known throughout the country.

At Frankfort, Ky., Henry Dudley, (colored) aged about fifty-five years, was tried in the circuit court on the charge of vagrancy. The verdict was that he be sold into servitude for the term of one year. This is the first time since the war that such a verdict has been rendered.

At Springfield, Mass., Dwight Kidder, Jr., aged seventeen, who fatally shot his half brother, C. D. Kidder, has been held for examination in default of \$10,000 bail. When interviewed the prisoner said: "If all comes of carrying a pistol. I have carried one for six years. I had a boy who carried one I would break his neck."

Atlanta, Ga. special: Follansbee, the alleged Wisconsin bigamist, an account of whose marriage to Miss Hunter of DeKalb county was sent a few days ago, had his preliminary trial zero to-day, and was bound over to the superior court of DeKalb county for trial on the 10th. The only evidence against Follansbee were admissions to friends here that he had a wife in Fond du Lac, Wis. The prisoner now states that he had lived with a woman in that city many years but was not married to her. His preliminary trial was held in this county because of friends of Miss Hunter having sworn vengeance against him, and it would have been dangerous to try him in DeKalb at this time. He failed to give bond and is now in jail at this point.

FIRES AND OTHER CASUALTIES.

James Nagle was killed by the cars at Des Moines.

At Arkansas City, an elevator boiler exploded, killing the engineer, John McCollough, badly wounding Pat Bolan, the fireman, A. Ramsey and Jacob Wallace, carpenters.

J. Ketter, M. Junger, and P. Thill were boat riding in the mill pond at Mazepa, Wabasha county, when the boat capsized, and Thill, being unable to swim, was drowned. He was a German, and his body is said to live at near Port Washington, Wis.

CURRENT EVENTS.

The Sprague property is finally to be sold for the benefit of creditors.

The Empire distillery, on Canalport avenue, Chicago has suspended payment, owing \$90,000, with assets probably covering the amount, but none immediately available.

Although not generally known, it is a fact that Maud S. has been stopped in her work, and it is not improbable that she will be sent back to Mr. Vanderbilt's stable in New York.

Stockholders of the Fire Insurance Company are notified of the action of the directors increasing the capital by cash subscriptions from three million to five millions, one million to be called in July.

J. A. Stanton, Esq., owner of the Eagle flouring mill at St. Rapids and civil engineer by profession, has been appointed assistant construction engineer for the Northern Pacific railroad in the Yellowstone region.

At Virginia City, James Malone, Patrick Keenan and Gerald Landers, employed in the 400-foot level of the Andes mine, were suffocated by gas supposed to have been generated in some abandoned workings of the consolidated Virginia.

From a report made by Consul Windsor, of Sonneberg, it appears that during 1890 not less than 106,190 immigrants left Germany for the United States, and indications point to the fact that immigration will be greater this year than last.

In the United States circuit court at St. Paul an appeal bond for \$10,000 was filed by the defendants in the case of A. H. Barney et al. vs. the Winona & St. Peter railway company,

said case involving some 200,000 acres of land along the line of said railway.

A Nashville special says: Considerable excitement was occasioned here by the reception of a telegram announcing the sale of Aranza to Lorillard for \$12,000. Aranza was owned by C. H. Gillock and George Dordoux of this city. She was purchased for Mr. Lorillard by Mr. Johnson. Aranza originally cost Mr. Gillock \$250. She is Bonnie Scotland.

Articles incorporating the Edison Electric company of St. Paul and Minneapolis have been filed in the secretary of state's office, the general purpose being stated to be the owning and erecting of all the buildings and appurtenances necessary for the introduction and the working for profit the Edison system of electric light in the two cities mentioned. The general offices of the company are to be located in St. Paul, and the capital stock is fixed at \$100,000, divided into shares of \$50.

At the United States district court in Winona the grand jury presented bills of indictment against Thomas Cody for passing counterfeit money and against Iver Thompson for carrying on business as a dealer in manufactured tobacco without a special tax. The grand jury failed to find an indictment against Mrs. Hubb, the postmistress of Traverse county, on a charge of tampering with the mails. Thomas Cody pleaded guilty to passing counterfeit silver coin, and was sent to Stillwater for a year and fined \$500. He only pleaded guilty to selling liquor to Indians, and was fined \$50 and sentenced to imprisonment in the Ramsey county jail for twenty-four hours. Anton Debre, for conducting the business of a retail liquor dealer without a license, was sentenced to imprisonment in the Winona county jail thirty days and fined \$100.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

At Locksburg, Ark., R. F. Hall, a wealthy farmer, was murdered by three negroes. Two of the murderers were captured and lynched.

The Star states, on what claims to be the authority of an intimate friend of Secretary Windom, that a number of changes among the prominent officers of the treasury department have been decided upon.

Lieut. R. M. Berry, commanding the United States ship Rodgers of the Jeannette search expedition, telegraphs to Secretary Hunt from San Francisco that he will sail for the north on June 13th or 14th.

The crowds at the white house have in no way decreased since the adjournment, and the ante rooms have been crowded every day that the president is at home, with hundreds of office seekers, who want promises they cannot obtain of appointments.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Edwin Booth has had the honor of dining with the Prince of Wales.

Crossen's car works at Coburg, Can., were partially burned. Loss \$40,000.

Michael Ryan, secretary of the County of Tipperary, a branch of the league, and Michael Hough, a member of the same branch, have been arrested under the coercion act.

London special: Parnell's speech is generally regarded as a challenge which the government cannot afford to overlook. The real test to Parnell's speech was the phrase declaring that the Irish are saturated with disaffection and justly so, and threatening an appeal to physical force.

London cablegram: The latest dispatches from Skibberen represent the situation there as more serious than was first reported. The military government has assumed a very determined attitude. The military are hurrying to the scene of the revolt, and much bloodshed is feared before order is restored.

On Sunday, at a mass meeting in Hyde Park, London, Mr. Parnell appeared and was enthusiastically cheered. He made a speech upbraiding the government for its encouraging evictions. He read a letter from a priest of New Pallas, stating that Col. Hare, on whose property the recent evictions occurred, had during the last twenty-five years evicted nearly thirty persons. Parnell said serious responsibility rests on the government if the evictions continue. Irishmen are now becoming aware of the power of combination and passive resistance.

GREAT FIRE IN QUEBEC.

Nearly 700 Buildings Destroyed in Eight Hours, With a Loss of Nearly \$2,000,000.—Burning of St. John's Church.

One of the most disastrous fires which this unfortunate city has been afflicted commenced Wednesday night and was only got under control at 6 a. m. of Thursday. The origin of the fire was in a stable on St. Oliver street, near St. Marie's street. The flames immediately spread to the surrounding wooden buildings, to the streets above and below St. Oliver. Latouille, St. Marie's and Richelieu streets were quickly masses of fire, for some 100 feet the flames from the other side of the street overlapped in the middle, and completely closing them, the wind from the north drove the fire rapidly in the direction of St. John's church, and various contrary local currents scattered the cinders around in every direction. The brigade found the fire more unmanageable than ever. At 1 o'clock the engine bells of St. John's church, in rapid and alarming tones, and of the danger to that property and summoned assistance. The whole efforts of the fire brigade were immediately bent on saving the sacred edifice, but to no avail. Nothing was saved but the sacred vessels of the sanctuary. The church was worth at least \$100,000 and had an insurance of only \$10,000. The total loss is estimated at 1,500,000; insurance probably \$600,000. The city engineer estimated the number of houses destroyed at about 600.

Five lives have been lost. Three bodies have been recovered—those of Mr. and Mrs. Hardy, 118 Oliver street, and that of Merion, a joiner, of Richelieu street. Mrs. Gorge Lapperiere and two children are missing, and believed to have perished in the flames. St. John's church was insured for \$63,000. A subscription has been started for the relief of the sufferers. The prominent general gives \$500; the archbishop of Quebec \$1,000, and the mayor \$100. The approximate losses of insurance companies doing business here are from \$200,000 to \$300,000.

Briefly summed up the streets continued are running east and west. Richmond in part principally the side, Latouille, St. Oliver, Richelieu, Duquillon and St. John's street in Montcalm ward, Gabriel, Nouvelle, and Broad. Running north and south the principal streets are Sutherland, Deligny, St. Clair, St. Marie's and St. Genevieve on the west side, besides Jupiter street in Montcalm ward, also the west side.

LAW AND JUSTICE.

Hon. Greenleaf Clark, one of the lately appointed justices of the supreme court has filed a decision in which the circumstances of the case were in brief as follows: On the 27th of August, 1880, Wm. Simpson, Excelsior, Hennepin county, complained before a justice of the peace for having assaulted Wm. B. Morse, and was ordered to consider himself under arrest without warrant. He then testified under oath to the fact and character of the assault and, pleading guilty, begged the mercy of the court, whereupon a fine of six dollars was imposed and paid and the defendant discharged. Some time afterwards, the party assailed swore out a warrant in the municipal court of the city of Minneapolis for the arrest of Simpson, and the case coming on trial his attorney interposed the plea of former conviction for the same offense, and produced the record of the justice. The court (Judge Cooley) overruled the plea, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court, Judge Clark, in rendering his opinion says:

"When a man has violated the law, there can certainly be no objection to his voluntarily surrendering himself to the officers of the law to be prosecuted and visited with the penalty of his infraction. But this proceeding was in no sense a prosecution, nor calculated to bring out the character of the offense, or the proper measure of punishment. It is therefore plain that the proper administration of public justice would be endangered if a proceeding of the character should be effectual to protect an offender from a prosecution in which the state or injured party could not be represented or heard."

Ex-Senator Conkling's Campaign.

On Friday there was one ballot taken for each vacancy, in which Conkling gained one and Platt two votes. The vote for Cornell fell off for the short term, and Dewey remained the same for the long term, showing that the combination of Dewey and Cornell has made no headway. Platt and Dewey are now even for the long term, and Conkling is far ahead of all republican contestants for the short term.

On Saturday, in joint convention, votes were taken for successors to Conkling and Platt, but with no important change, and the convention adjourned until Monday.

On Monday the vote in the legislature was the tightest yet taken. Only 40 members out of the 160 were present. There were no material changes in the votes taken to fill either vacancy.

On Tuesday, 7th, Conkling received only thirty-four votes. Platt held at twenty-eight, while Dewey ran up to forty-two. Conkling thus remains 47 short of election, Platt 53 and Dewey 39, assuming all members as voting. Gov. Cornell fell behind somewhat, while Miller lost heavily. Their gains and losses, however, are not significant, except in Dewey's case. His friends claim to-night that they will raise him to from fifty to fifty-five.

The vote on the 8th for Conkling's successor stood as follows: 50; Conkling 34; Cornell 19; Wheeler 21; Lapham 9; Rogers 15; and eight scattering. The vote for a successor to Platt stood: Kernan, 51; Dewey 51; Crowley 4; Platt 29; Polger 4; Tremaine 1; Cornell 18; Lapham 4; B. F. Tracy 1. In the assembly a concurrent resolution that the legislature adjourns to die on the 10th inst., was laid over under the rule.

On Thursday, 9th, a startling sensation was produced by Mr. Bradley in the assembly, who rose to a question of privilege and stated that he had received \$2,500 to pay him if he would vote for Chauncey M. Dewey instead of Platt, which was taken down. He then asked the speaker. He therefore asked for a committee of investigation. The speaker corroborated the statement, and said he had the money in his pocket. In the course of the debate several members said they had been offered money for their votes. The investigation was ordered, and Mr. Bradley was ordered to produce the money, but Mr. Sessions denied the charge.

The balloting of the day was without material change, Dewey had 52 to Platt's 29.

POSTOFFICE CHANGES DURING THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 4, 1891.

Established: Carus, Douglas county, Benjamin Hocking, postmaster; Dry Lake, Wight county, Alta Vista, Lyon county. Postmasters appointed: Hammond, Wabasha county, Joseph Hammond; Keegan, Wabasha county, John Judge; Westbrook, Cottonwood county, Ole E. Knudson; Wren, Chippewa county, Iver H. Knudson.

Established: Filsen, Kenosha county, Andrew Wahlb, postmaster; Parnara, Jackson county, Gjermond Thom; sen. postmaster; Toun; Dunn county, Hosa F. Smith, postmaster.

Postmasters appointed: Hampden, Columbia county, C. S. Tompkins; New Centerville, St. Croix county, Cecil J. White; Pella, Shawano county, Melvin Stevens.

Established: Elixen, Emmet county, Peder P. Woden, postmaster; Temold, Worth county, Ole E. Tenold, postmaster.

Postmasters appointed: Cedar Mine, Monroe county, Andrew J. Kennedy; Donah, Scott county, Clifton Casper; Dry Lake, Wight county, M. L. Stenart; Munchanchinack, Mahaska county, J. E. Duxton.

Established: Hartley, Cass county, Guilford G. Hartley, postmaster.

Discontinued: Haverkesa, Conington county; Pilot, Grand Forks county.

Postmaster appointed: Bon Homme, Bon Homme county, George W. Snow.

FEATS OF THE TURNERS.

On Saturday last at St. Louis, over 30,000 people were present at the turnfest exhibition.

The notable features of the day were the high leaping of Herman Koehler of Milwaukee, who had the best previous record by leaping 5 feet 7 inches; the running broad leaping of E. Wolf and E. Byers of New York, who jumped 19 feet 4 inches and 19 feet 2 inches respectively; the climbing of a dangling rope, using hands only, of William Zoeller of Chicago, who scored 42 feet, and L. Brack, of Bridgeport, Conn., who scored 40 feet each, and the stone throwing of Alfred Meir of Atchinson, Kas., 21 feet 10 inches, Fred Holtz, Milwaukee, 21 feet 2 inches; the stone thrown weighed thirty-seven and one-half pounds. Carl Reichstein of Chicago also climbed to the top of the rope, but by consequence of committing error under the rules, was set back several feet. In declaration Maj. Albert Walbert of Milwaukee took the first prize, and Julius Matheson of Chicago the second prize.

THE FLOUR MAKING PATENTS.

Chicago Special:

It is learned to-day that the business done in secret session by the executive committee of the Miller's National association was in reference to the Cochrane suits. The subject was wrestled with for many hours. The terms of the settlement are withheld from the public, but it will be welcome news to the milling interests represented in the national association to know that a compromise has been effected and there will be a discontinuance of the long and vexatious litigation already of several years' duration. There is a provision, however, that will not be glad tidings all along the line. The terms of the settlement are only for members of the national association. All who are not now in good standing in that body are excluded from its privileges. President Brier said to-day that the association would hereafter look out for the interest of its members, and that millers who refuse to co-operate in the struggle against the patent sharks would have to fight their own battles. The next few months will probably develop some very likely proceedings among those who had failed to come to time. The committee decided not to compromise the Denchfield patent cases, and they will contest the claims. It was ordered that all the Denchfield should be taken in hand by the national association, thus relieving all millers from the necessity of individual defense.

POLITICAL NOTES AND NEWS.

The Ohio State Republican convention, held on the 8th at Cleveland, strongly endorsed President Garfield's administration, and re-nominated Gov. Foster by acclamation. The ticket was complete as follows:

Lieutenant Governor—J. G. Richards, Jefferson county.

Judge of Supreme Court—Nicholas Longworth, Cincinnati.

Treasurer—Joseph Tursey.

Board of Public Works—George Paul.

Attorney General—Geo. K. Nash.

MINNESOTA NEWS.

ODD FELLOWSHIP.

Annual Meeting of the Minnesota Grand Lodge and Encampment of Odd Fellows at Winona.

Seventy lodges were represented. The grand master's report notes that the past year has been one of great prosperity to the order in Minnesota. A marked improvement is shown in the financial condition and a large increase of membership. The report of the grand secretary and treasurer, Sherwood Hough—who, by the way has efficiently filled his responsible position for twenty years—was presented. Lodges have been instituted during the year at Lake Benton, Lake Addie, Crookston, Delano and Beulah Landing, and one Rebekah degree lodge at St. Paul. The total membership December 31, 1890, making a grand total of 544 members. The present membership is upwards of 4,000.

The conditions of the finances is thus comprehensively stated: The balance in the treasury after deducting \$18,843 belonging to the special relief fund, \$29,048. The mileage and per diem of this session is estimated at \$12,500. The pay of special deputies is estimated at \$600. Total, \$18,500, which amount, deducted from the above balance of \$26,548 leaves us \$7,500.48 towards the payment of expenses for the current year. Our expenditures during the year have been \$25,682, an excess of but \$1,324 over my estimate as per last report. The present per capita tax of fifty cents per year, or twenty-five cents on each lodge, will be sufficient to meet all liabilities of the current year.

The grand lodge elected the following officers: J. Newsall, Owatonna, grand master; J. A. Jackson, Marshall, deputy grand master; W. R. Reed, Preston, grand warden; Sherwood Hough, St. Paul, grand secretary and treasurer; D. A. Morris, Rochester, grand representative; and W. G. Dyo of Winona holds over one year as grand representative; D. H. Stinson, Austin, grand marshal; Joseph Menges, Wilton, grand conductor; John Everston, Rochester, grand chaplain; S. S. Cornell, Waseca, grand singer; E. Reichstein, sen., Faribault, grand orator. The next session will be held at Hastings.

The following are the officers elect of the grand encampment:

C. C. Hurd, Minneapolis, Grand Patriarch; Romaine, St. Paul, Grand High Priest; J. Fisher Williams, of St. Paul, Grand Scribe and Treasurer; C. C. Estes, of Lake City, Grand Senior Warden; D. H. Miller, of Northfield, Grand Junior Warden; Wm. Cheusey, of Minneapolis, Grand Representative.

THE HUTCHINSON HOMICIDE.

Particulars of the Killing of James E. Chesley by Charles Hays.

Charles W. Hays, called Deacon Hays, has carried on the farm of the deceased for some years, and the business relations between them have not been pleasant. The division of the grain, which they were about to thresh, was settled upon by a board of arbitrators, and both Chesley and Hays acquiesced in the decision. Threshing had commenced and the division of grain begun by Mr. Chesley taking one load to Hays' two. Hays, while on the straw stack taking away straw, accused Chesley of taking the dryest wheat. Chesley denied the charge, whereupon Hays called him vile names, using very profane language. Chesley turned upon Hays, who warned him not to come upon the stack, which Chesley did not do, but when Hays struck Chesley with a pitchfork twice, the second blow knocking him down. When they were separated Chesley had regained his feet, and hold of the tines of the fork while Hays held the handle. Mr. Chesley was not thought dangerously hurt at first, but was taken to his home in the village of Hutchinson. A short time after the injured man began to complain of sharp pains in his head, until about 6 o'clock Saturday afternoon, when he died.

The verdict of the jury was that James E. Chesley came to his death from blows with a pitchfork, in the hands of Charles W. Hays. Hays was placed under arrest. The deceased was one of the oldest, wealthiest and most respected citizens, having settled in Hutchinson in his very early days, and was well known over the country. He leaves a wife and seven children in good circumstances. He had insurance on his life for \$3,400 in two reliable companies. Charles W. Hays has a wife and four children in poor circumstances, having sold out on a rented land since he lived in Hutchinson on Chesley's farm—some three years ago. He came to Hutchinson about ten years ago, having been absent south from 1875 to 1878. His father was a Congregational minister, and Charles, on account of that or his profanity, was nicknamed "deacon." Both were from one of the best families and well acquainted with each other in the East.

In excavating a railroad well at Austin, at the depth of 105 feet a vein of water was struck that rose up with great force to within about nine feet from the surface, and Mr. Anderson says that it is one of the best wells belonging to the company, with perhaps one or two others. Some have died, others are cold and clear.

At Buffalo, Wright county, Joseph Le May, charged with stealing a horse was found guilty and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. The case which has attracted most interest and attention is that of George Doerfler, indicted by the grand jury at the last term for embezzling money from Hitch & Co., wagon makers, of St. Paul. After a short deliberation, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty, and Doerfler was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. Biskey, for assault with intent to do great bodily harm, was fined \$100. This disposed of all the criminal business at this special term of court.

The house of Hans Nelson, about three and a half miles west of Hadler, Murray county, caught fire from the stove owing to an explosion caused by burning hay, and soon enveloped the whole inflammable part of the house, which was built of sod. As soon as the fire was discovered the wife, who was just recovering with a pair of water, opened the door and threw the contents upon the flames, but upon opening the door a tongue of fire came out which enveloped her head, shoulders and hands, and burned the lady so seriously that it is doubtful if she recovers. In any event her features will be marred for life.

C. E. Lockhard, who lives on his farm near Campbell, Wilkin county, recently brought a young lady to that place from Morris, whom he introduced as his wife. Saturday night's train brought another respectable, fine appearing lady, with two children, eight and fourteen years of age, respectively, who also claimed to be the wife of C. E. Lockhard, who met her and took her to his home. This lady, who has been married to Lockhard for about fifteen years, is a daughter of J. D. Irish, a well known citizen of Ann Arbor, Mich., at which place she first met Lockhard, who was then a law student at the Michigan university. Mrs. Lockhard No. 1 states that her husband wrote to her, asking her to come to Campbell with the children, and now tells her for the first time that he has married again. She has written to her father, and will remain here until she hears from him.

The following fuller particulars of the shooting of Charles McCauley at Princeton, are from the union: The officers called for assistance. Charles Rines was pressed into service, and while attempting to arrest Charles McCauley, was struck three times, when he drew a Smith & Wesson revolver and fired, the ball going through Mr. Rines' neck, coming out and striking a bystander on the thumb taking it off, and burning the face of another with powder. After

McCauley was shot he remained standing, and wanted to fight the whole town, not seeming to realize that he was wounded.

A PRIEST SUFFOCATED.

Father D. F. Hayes and His Brother Suffocated in Bed as the Result of an Imperfectly Burning Lamp.

Rev. D. F. Hayes, the resident Catholic priest at Anoka, and his younger brother Jerry, were smothered to death at the house of a family named Molan, in the town of Corcoran, Hennepin county, on Wednesday night, at 10 o'clock, the brothers retired, leaving word to the lady of the house not to call them until late. The brothers were assigned to adjoining rooms of those of the family. No unusual noise was heard by the family during the night, nor was anything wrong suspected until nearly 9 o'clock, when smoke was discovered issuing in the lady's room, which she had been left to the brothers. A loud report from the room occupied by the brothers.

Failing to respond to calls at the door, it was forced open, and both men were found dead in their bed. They were doubtless suffocated by smoke and the poisonous gases generated by the lamp, which was in fragments on the partially bedded stand, which had been left. It was apparent that the lamp had exploded. The room was densely filled with smoke and gas. Father Hayes was about twenty-eight or twenty-nine years old, and was ordained in St. Paul about four years ago.

Father Hayes has been in the habit of making his home with the Molans when in Corcoran attending to the duties of the mission, and the family was very much attached to him, and they deplore the sad fate which overtook him and his brother in their home. No blame is attached to the family for the tragic event.

EPISCOPALIANISM.

Proceedings of the Minnesota Diocesan Council at Stillwater.

The meeting of the Diocesan council was held this year at Stillwater, beginning on the 8th. The opening sermon was delivered on Tuesday evening, 7th, by Bishop Whipple. He showed that the gospel was the best news the world had ever heard. To illustrate this the bishop told this story: Last week he had been talking with a friend about infidelity. He was sitting alone and the brakeman told him that an emigrant woman in the next car had a dead baby. The bishop entered the car. The mother was weeping as though her heart would break, and by her side on the seat was a dead child. The bishop knelt down and prayed. There was no prayer. The mother could not understand a word. As the bishop arose from his knees the mother took out a Lutheran prayer book, and pointed to the words Jesus Christ, then to her baby and looked up to Heaven. It told the whole story. The bishop closed with an earnest appeal to confess Christ in the life, and claimed that it would make life holier, happier and sweeter, and lead to the other and better home.

On the 8th the diocesan council convened, with a fair attendance of clergy and laity. Chas. S. Coer was unanimously re-elected secretary, and Gen. J. H. Simpson, treasurer of the episcopate fund.

The following named gentlemen were elected as a board of missionaries for the ensuing year: Revs. E. S. Thomas, G. B. Whipple, F. M. Riley, M. N. Gilbert, and Hon. Isaac Atwater, C. M. Hardenburgh, Gen. J. D. Gillilan. In the evening, Bishop Whipple delivered his annual address in the course of which he said:

I have delivered 205 sermons and addresses, confirmed 425 persons and 4 for the diocese of Houba, baptised 6 adults and 9 children, celebrated the holy communion 27 times, consecrated 4 churches, ordained 7 priests and 6 deacons, admitted 9 postulants and candidates for orders, licensed 5 lay readers, officiated at 2 marriages and 2 burials and catechised children ten times.

It spoke at length of the discouragement occasioned by a changing population: "Every mission and parish in the diocese has lost most of its pioneers. Some have died, others are scattered in western Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, and the Pacific coast. More than half I confirmed have left their parishes and are today isolated in new homes." Infidel literature, neglect of the Christian Sabbath, and intemperance, were also mentioned as drawbacks. On the question of the new bible revision the bishop said:

"It will not be accepted as the authorized version by the church, but it will take its place as a commentary by all scholars. We must remember that the old version has the church's authority and the only one which can be used in public worship. The new revision deserves calm, courteous, thorough examination, and it will receive it from all who love truth more than their preconceived fancies. I doubt whether it is possible for the new revision to supplant the old translation in the private or public use of Christian people."

On the 9th, considerable business was transacted. The committee on bishop's salary reported deficiency from 1876 to the present time of \$2,502.66.

A salary of \$100 was voted to the secretary of the council.

Rev. D. Livermore, Dr. Knickerbacker and T. M. Kelley were elected trustees of the general theological seminary.

The following comprised the standing committee for the ensuing year: Revs. E. S. Thomas, D. B. Knickerbacker, D. D. Geo. D. Whipple, and James Gillilan, Isaac Atwater and Winthrop Young.

A committee in temperance was appointed as follows: Revs. S. K. Miller, E. Livermore, W. C. Pope, Chas. F. Hendricks and L. F. White.

THE GOOD TEMPLARS.

Twenty-Fourth Annual Session of the Grand Lodge at Minneapolis.

About fifty lodges were represented at the session beginning on the 8th. Reports were received from the grand worthy chief templar, grand worthy superintendent of juvenile temples, grand worthy secretary, grand treasurer, and finance committee. The grand worthy chief templar in his report spoke of the special missionary work carried on during the year under his supervision by Miss Jennie M. Atwater (now Mrs. H. E. Ladd) and Miss Carrie Crawford, both connected for some years with the work in Wisconsin, and Miss Florence M. Pottle.

The grand superintendent of juvenile temples reported the present membership of that branch of the order as about 631. The grand secretary gave a statement of finances and increase order in the state