

The News of the Week.

BY TELEGRAPH AND MAIL.

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

SCHAEFER, the billiardist, is to go upon the stage. It may be reasonably expected that he will never lose his cue...

The remains of a race of Lilliputians, believed to be the ancestors of the Mexican Aztecs, have been unearthed in East Tennessee.

During the past year the speed premiums paid by the government to the builders of swift warships amount to \$1,375,000—about 10 per cent of the contract price of the vessels.

A CONNECTICUT schoolman rescued three men from drowning the other day. The conventional story of this story should be a wedding, but, sad to relate, all three of the men were missed.

Miss GERTRUDE MITCHELL, of Liverpool, 18 years of age, has achieved the first place in all England and Wales in the examination for the Queen's scholarship. Her triumph was gained over 4,750 competitors.

A BURLINGAME in Alabama looted a store, but before leaving the premises lit a stolen cigar, a spark from which fell into a keg of powder. The burglar came down in the next township, and has quit business for time and for sterility.

There is another lost Atlantis. The island of Atlantis, that once rose above the waters of the Pacific in the region known as the South seas, has been swallowed up by the ocean, and is no longer mentioned to even the smallest dot on the map of the world.

The death of Sir Samuel Baker, the African explorer, will be a serious loss to science. He was one of the greatest men who conducted his researches in the interest of science without ulterior motives, and he added much to the sum of knowledge of the dark continent that is of great value to the world.

The city of Tacoma, Wash., has a standing order which is in every case enforced. It was once given to a man who is given a free bath and scoured with soap and water. He is then interviewed and, if able, is set to work or leaves at once. The plan is thinning out the professional tramps. They don't like it.

The citizens of Vicksburg, Miss., showed their delight at a visit from the Princeton college football team by conducting the members through the cemetery. Their hospitality was only surpassed by the mother who told her little daughter that if she was a good girl, she would let her see her grandmother's grave.

A BILL was introduced in congress at the special session to revise the lieutenant general of the army, and they were Washington, Scott, Grant, Sherman and Phil Sheridan. Washington received the title of lieutenant general, which was abolished when Sheridan died.

The receivership of the Santa Fe adds over 9,000 miles to the already enormous mileage of American railroads that is being operated under the control of receivers. It runs the mileage of bankrupt lines up considerably above the 30,000-mile mark that it reached in the year 1893 a record-breaking year in the history of railway receiverships.

A PHILOSOPHER describes "man as the locomotive and woman the tender. It is fortunate for the philosopher that "the tender" is frequently to the front or his philosophy would fall flat. The good wife in many homes is as much the driving force as the locomotive, as the man who holds the throttle of the engine or drives the plane or welds the ax.

OUR government is under a debt of gratitude to the British commander at the Pentecost islands for his promptness in averting the massacre of the crew of an American ship. He was a cannibalistic feast that followed. Unfortunately we have no vessels of war in the waters of that vicinity. But humanity found a defender in the British commander.

COLORADO is not only developing her gold deposits profitably but her people are boasting that she is looming up as the great potato producing state of the union. Last year the Colorado potato crop brought \$1,250,000 into the state and this year's crop is nearly as large. The soil where the potatoes are grown is all irrigated. They produce over 400 bushels to the acre.

The Chinese Six Companies' representative, from which almost all the immigrants come to this country. The companies bring the immigrants here, paying their passage, supporting them until they get work, burying them when they die and taking their bones back to China. For all this they exact enormous rates of interest, and blackmail their subjects as occasion arises. The highlanders are simply the agents of the companies in blackening or in removing Chinamen who refuse to be blackmailed or are otherwise obnoxious to the companies.

GOLD finds are common in Alaska just now, and Juneau is stirred up every week or so by the appearance of some miner from a newly inspected region with rich specimens of ore, and occasionally with pockets full of coarse gold. About three weeks ago a miner brought in a pound of coarse gold which he got on Jacob's island, in the straits, one hundred and seventy-five miles northwest of Juneau. He said the gold was mostly in decomposed quartz, but there was also much coarse gold in the region. A large party of miners started immediately to locate claims on the island.

DURING the year ending with last October 10 new national banks have been organized, with an aggregate capital of \$11,350,000. The number of banks in operation is 3,796, more than a quarter of which are in eleven states, as follows: Pennsylvania, 399; New York, 384; Massachusetts, 268; Ohio, 244; Texas, 232; Illinois, 218; Iowa, 169; Kansas, 157; Nebraska, 135; Indiana, 118; Michigan, 109; and New Jersey, 99. The number which have passed into the hands of receivers since the beginning of the system, February 23, 1863, is 218, and more than a quarter of them are in operation in the year ending February 28, 1893.

The practice of the Mojave Indians in burning manure into the charred with which it is not a novelty, as a receipt dispatched from Los Angeles states, but has been in existence in the tribe from time immemorial. It has been frequently spoken of by writers, and Col. A. G. Brackett, brother of a retired list of the army, called the attention of the government and the public to it some twenty years ago, while in the southwest. But, although an old practice, there is no reason why steps should not be taken to suppress it. Excepting their superstitions the Mojaves are good Indians.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 8.—In the senate Senator Frye (Me.) introduced a resolution that there should be no interference on the part of the United States government with moral influence or physical force for the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani or for the maintenance of the provisional government of this Hawaiian island during the pending constitutional investigation. In the house Mr. Blaine introduced a bill to make the seigniorage silver in the treasury immediately available by issuing certificates against it and then converting the silver into gold.

THURSDAY, JAN. 4.—In the senate a resolution was introduced calling on the secretary of the treasury for a statement of the sums paid Mr. Blount for the purchase of Hawaiian lands and orders and law under which such payments were made. Adjourned to the 8th. In the house lack of a quorum prevented taking up the tariff bill. The House (Me.) introduced a resolution for the appointment of a special committee for the purpose of investigating the feasibility of approving the capital and locating a site.

FRIDAY, JAN. 5.—The senate was adjourned to the 8th. In the house the tariff bill was reported to govern the tariff debate, but the absence of a quorum prevented their adoption.

FROM WASHINGTON.—The number of persons who committed suicide in 1892 in the United States was 4,438, against 3,950 in the previous year.

THE statement of the public debt issued on the 20th showed that the debt increased \$7,125,729 during the month of December. The cash balance in the treasury was \$99,373,555. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$938,095,917.

NATIONAL BANK NOTES outstanding December 31, 1893, were valued at \$208,242,027.

DURING 1893 east-bound railway shipments amounted to 2,281,280 tons, against 2,749,650 in 1892.

AT the United States mints the coinage of gold during the month of December aggregated \$7,151,153, pieces of the value of \$10,490,735.35.

The Wilson tariff bill internal revenue features have been agreed on by the house committee. A tax on the sale of 3 per cent is among the provisions.

THE government was informed that Minister Willis had written to the provisional government in Hawaii requesting that they send an officer, as the United States government had decided in favor of the restoration of the queen, and that while President Doie had promised a reply soon it was hardly expected that this would be favorable to the queen.

THE treasury department statement puts the stock of gold money in the principal countries in the world at \$3,901,000,000, silver at \$3,981,000,000, and covered paper money at \$2,700,000,000.

EXCHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 6th ult., aggregated \$1,000,000,000, against \$778,366,122 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 23.8.

In the United States there were 511 barrels of beer brewed during the week ended on the 5th, against 344 the previous and 231 in the corresponding time in 1893.

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THE EAST.—FLAMES several of the globe theater and several other buildings in Boston, the loss being \$507,000.

THE death of David J. Williams occurred at Saratoga, N. Y., at the age of 68 years. His father lived to be 110 years old and his grandfather died at the age of 123 years.

In Buffalo, N. Y., six dead bodies were recovered from the ruins by fire of a boarding-house.

At New York 78,800 pieces of money were coined at Philadelphia.

In New York Albert Schock, of Chicago, won the six-day bicycle race, beating all records with 1,000 miles.

At New York Kenney, of the Montgomery Iron company, made an assignment with liabilities of \$330,000.

By the premature explosion of a blast in a quarry near Boston three men were killed and fifty wounded.

The legislature of New York convened at Albany.

The riders who took part in the six day bicycle race in New York have been suspended by the National Cycling association.

THE death of Worthington C. Smith, ex-member of congress, occurred at St. Albans, Vt.

At New York Orlindo B. Potter, aged 70, and a member of the Forty-eighth congress, dropped dead in front of the Buckingham hotel.

The failure was reported of Francis T. Walton, betwixt known as "Fleming" Walton, proprietor of the Grand hotel in New York, for \$200,000.

In convention at Harrisburg, Pa., the republicans nominated Galusha A. Brown, of Susquehanna, for congressman at large.

The legislature of Massachusetts convened at Boston.

ABERDEEN, Jan. 7.—Only seven of the 1804 silver dollars were in existence has been found in Philadelphia.

In New York City the fire losses in 1893 aggregated \$5,030,937, against \$5,000,937 in 1892.

WILLIAM McNEILL and D. J. Cushman were killed and George Krifer fatally hurt in a freight train collision at Warsaw, N. Y.

The famous song writer and ventriloquist, Harry Kennedy, died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Ohio and Virginia legislatures convened in regular session.

THREE men were killed and twelve injured, two fatally, in a collision between stock and freight trains near Linwood, Kan.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER gave to the Chicago university \$50,000 to be expended for books.

The property of the Columbus Watch company at Columbus, O., went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$250,000; assets, \$100,000.

The oldest resident of Mason county, Ill., Mrs. Elizabeth Lynch, died at DeCATUR, aged 104.

THE loss of the Son's wholesale drug house in Detroit, Mich., was burned, the loss being \$150,000, and other property valued at \$100,000 was also destroyed.

LA Porte (Ind.) post office has just received from the dead letter office a letter that was sent from La Porte to N. Weber fourteen years ago.

The safe of the Franklin Grove (Ill.) bank was blown open, and everything of value taken. The loss was estimated at \$35,000 in cash and paper.

In Minneapolis the Children's Endowment association failed for \$150,000.

A RECEIVER was named for the Southern Land and Improvement company in Frankfort, Ky., the liabilities being \$500,000.

THE originating in an elevator destroyed \$1,300,000 worth of property in Toledo, O., and caused the loss of two lives.

GARNER'S famous painting, "La Rue St. Anne," valued at \$100,000, was ruined by the carelessness of St. Louis elevator boy.

The legislature of Maryland met at Annapolis for its biennial session.

In Chicago wagonmakers were asked to contribute one day's pay toward relieving the distress of the poor and unemployed.

NEAR Tusculum, Ala., Jake Kilroy went to bed with a lighted pipe in his mouth and he and two children were fatally burned.

THE Louisville, Evansville & St. Louis and the Ohio Valley railway companies went into the hands of receivers.

The retiring treasurer of Greeley county, Neb., E. F. Cashman, was said to be short \$24,000.

THE house of Sol Collins at Spring Creek, Mo., powder exploded and Collins, his wife and four children would die.

IN Chicago twenty-eight Arabian horses from the world's fair were sold at auction, the average price being \$390 a head.

IN St. Louis the Haynes Realty & financial company, conducting a heavy real estate business, failed for \$175,000.

WHILE insane Mrs. Joseph Wentz, of Minneapolis, O., drowned herself and babe.

THE house swept away two-thirds of the business district of the town of Corwith, Ia.

FOR the murder of his son-in-law Dan Gilchrist (colored) was hanged at Birmingham, N. C.

A MOB lynched Alf Davis, an old negro, in Lonoke county, Ark., for stealing hogs.

AT Sheboygan, Wis., the Gutsch Brewing company failed for \$100,000.

AT Kansas City, Mo., Martin Reed (colored) was hanged for killing his wife on September 15, 1893.

AT Muncie, Ind., officers arrested two members of a gang of counterfeiters and secured a complete outfit for making money.

PHIL EVANS (colored) was hanged at Bardonia, Ky., for assaulting a little girl on October 15, 1893. He confessed to the crime.

THE failure was announced of the Baldwin Grain company and the Atkinson Brothers, of Oxford, Ind., with liabilities of \$250,000.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.—The ship canal from Manchester to Eastham, England, was formally opened to traffic.

The province of Ontario by a vote of almost 2 to 1 declared for prohibition of the manufacture and sale of liquor.

FIFTY THOUSAND persons were said to be on the verge of starvation in India.

TWELVE naval cadets accused of conspiracy against the government of Brazil were shot on the plaza at Pernambuco.

IN the year between Nicaragua and Honduras has begun in earnest, and the Honduras insurgent leader has established a provisional government at Corpus.

TALES OF BLOODSHED.

An Illinois Farmer Kills His Son in a Quarrel.

A Burglar Murders a Michigan Man—A Ballet Dancer's Masher Shoots Her Lover—A Victim's Victim.

TOOK HIS SON'S LIFE.—Elois, Ill., Jan. 9.—Clark C. Burr shot and killed his son, Charles, about 11 o'clock Saturday evening at his home 3 miles southwest of Elgin. He gave himself up. At the inquest Burr testified that he had some words with his son, but in an effort to make the room for supper about an older son, Harry, coming to Elgin to take music lessons. Charles said Harry was able to take care of himself. "And so on I'm not adding," this increased the father's irritation. Burr went to an adjoining room and got a shotgun. Charles reentered the room with his gun cocked, and says the boy, in an effort to get the muzzle to one side, caused the gun to go off. The shot entered the boy's left eye, producing instant death.

The coroner's jury found a verdict of manslaughter and Burr was held in \$10,000 to the grand jury. His brother, Algernon Burr, whose farm adjoins, and several neighbors readily signed the bond. The Burrs have always been highly esteemed. August 10, 1877, Burr, though half a mile apart, was burned, Algernon's at 11 o'clock on the 16th and Clark's at 3 the next morning. Since then Clark has been a confirmed invalid. The general belief of neighbors and acquaintances is that he is not wholly responsible. The dead boy was 17 years old and his sister barely 12.

GRAND JUROR, J. W. H. Rogers was murdered Sunday morning in his home 3 miles from Irving, Barry county, where he lived alone. A young man was seen running toward the house at 11 o'clock, wearing light trousers, dark overcoat and a felt hat. This is the only clue to the murderer. Rogers was 33 years old and was reputed to be wealthy. The murderer apparently visited the place for robbery and was discovered while the struggle in the corner was a bloody battle, and on the floor was Rogers with his head split open. A silver watch and some jewelry were taken. A pioneer of Barry county and was formerly a merchant at Irving.

HARRISBURG, Ky., Jan. 9.—About fifty whitecaps went Saturday night to the house of Sol Collins at Spring Creek, Mo., powder exploded and Collins, his wife and four children would die.

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BIG FROWN REVEALED.

A Well-Known Pension Agent Charged with Robbing Uncle Sam.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 9.—United States Marshal Watts has arrested Maj. W. Bowen Moore, a pension claim agent, on a warrant sworn out by Special Pension Examiner Ayres, charging him with issuing illegal pension vouchers and filing false and forged affidavits and writing in support of a pension claim. Maj. Moore served on Gen. Grant's staff in the late war and for many years was pension examiner in Washington. When Maj. Moore came to Buffalo and opened a pension office, he immediately secured a large business, and, it is said, received many favors in the pension bureau. During Commissioner Ruff's administration charges were preferred against Moore, but for some reason—said to be strong political influence brought to bear on the case by the major—the charges were dropped. When Commissioner Lochren took office he ordered a thorough investigation. Special Examiner Ayres immediately appeared in the case and the pension bureau, the result of which is Moore's arrest.

Albert Moore, Mary Hanrahan and Mildred Moore, wife of Moore's office, were also arrested by Marshal Watts. They are charged with having made altered, forged and counterfeited pension vouchers and willingly assisted in the same. All were admitted to bail.

Moore did the largest pension business in New York state, and is said to have secured since 1889 over 6,000 claims, of which least 4,500 are fraudulent. He had a large staff of clerks for the statement that the estimated amount which Moore has fraudulently obtained for pensioners is about \$2,000,000, and that already the government has paid Moore \$1,000,000 has been fraudulently obtained for pensioners by him. Other arrests will follow early in the week, as a large number of warrants are out. Several pensioners at Toronto are said to be implicated with Moore and interesting developments are looked for.

FOUR KILLED.—Fatal Disaster at the Ladin-Rand Works, Buffalo, N. Y.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 9.—The Ladin & Rand powder mill at Riffon, Ulster county, 13 miles from this city, blew up Saturday morning. Four men were killed and several badly wounded. Six hundred and fifty kegs of powder exploded, the dry powder in the concussion exploded 300 kegs in the canning-mill, 300 feet away. Both buildings were blown away, scarcely a plank being left behind.

Garey, in the district of Columbia, and Joseph Saunders, who were in the drying-room, were torn to pieces and portions of their bodies were picked up 500 yards away. Michael Gibbs, who was in the drying-room, was killed by a second explosion. George Klipp, boss of the powder-makers, was crushed to death.

MANY EARTHQUAKES.—Sixty-Five Disturbances Have Occurred in Mexico in Six Months.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 9.—The central meteorological office here has made its report of earthquake disturbances in Mexico during the past half year. During the last six months of 1893 there were sixty-five distinct disturbances of various degrees of violence. The most serious was that of the night of October 3, caused by the great eruptions of the Colima volcano on the Pacific coast, and the oscillation was observed over a great extent of territory.

At the eruption of Colima the city of Catalane the disturbance was unusually severe, wrecking buildings and doing damage to the amount of \$200,000. The earthquakes of Mexico for the most part are of a volcanic nature, and are the result of the volcanic action of the Pacific coast, and the oscillation was observed over a great extent of territory.

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