SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

Gleanings of News and Items of Material Interest.

A Daily Globe Department at Mankato Devoted to Developing and Advancing the Southern Portion of the State.

Mankato Headquarters.

Parties in southern Minnesota having matters of interest to communicate to this department should address DAILY GLOBE, box 498, Mankato postoffice. All such communications will receive prompt and careful attention.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

The DAILY GLOBE takes pleasure in announcing that it has perfected arrangements for opening a department in these columns devoted to supplying the news and advancing the material interests of Southern Minnesota.

The people of that section of the state have, with some justice, felt that they were ignored by St. Paul; that our railroads and merchants looked in other directions for trade and that one daily paper had never lost an opportunity to stab them by false reports, distorting news and in every way dwarfing that region.

The step which the GLOBE takes this morning will, we trust, be the beginning of a new era. We shall labor not only to aid our friends in developing southern Minnesota, but also to bring about more cordial business relation, between the capital and commercial city of the state, and the counties which are second to none in fertility of resource, in intelligence of population and in push and enterprise.

To this end the enterprising city of Mankato has been selected as the headquarters of this department and a resident southern Minnesota editor has been selected, who will make his home in that city and devote his entire time and attention to conducting this department. He will supply not only the current news, but devote all necessary space and attention to presenting to the public the advantages which Mankato and the surrounding country offers to business men and settlers.

In short the GLOBE proposes to heartily and earnestly co-operate with the people who have chosen southern Minnesota as their homes, in acquainting the public with the advantages of that section.

With Mankato as the base of operations the representative of the GLOBE will visit the progressive points in southern Minnesota to learn more fully their wants, their advantages and the best means for their advancement.

The GLOBE invites the active and earnest co operation in this enterprise not only of the people of Mankato, but those of the southern section of the state, and pledges itself to do its share to increase the wealth and prosperity of the region which is so worthy of recognition.

[Special Reports from the GLOBE Mankato office March 10.]

BOARD OF TRADE.

Important Report on the Navigation of the Minnesota River—Call for a Mass Meeting of the Board—The District Telegraph—Endorsing the "Globe."

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Mankato board of trade took place at 9 a. m. yesterday and was well attended. Several railroad projects of more or less importance were discussed and an unofficial report or statement of their status was made by the president.

S. F. Barney, chairman of the committee on legislation, made the following report and recommendation, which was adopted with enthusiasm:

Your committee on taxation and legislation, to whom was referred the matter of establishing the head of navigation of the Minnesota river at New Ulm, would beg leave to report and recommend the adoption of the following:

To the senators and house of representatives of the United States of America.

It having been brought to the notice of the board of trade of the city of Mankato, in the county of Blue Earth, state of Minnesota, that a bill has already been introduced in congress limiting and fixing the head of navigation of the Minnesota river at or near New Ulm, in Brown county, now, after having duly considered said proposition and its effects on the interests, rights and general welfare of the district of country bordering on said river, as well as of the whole State and country at large, do, by this memorial, enter its earnest protest and remonstrance against the passage of an act by congress calculated in the least to limit, abridge or restrict the free navigation of said river, and among the numerous reasons which may be urged against such action present the following:

It has been demonstrated beyond question that water carriage is the cheapest, and in fact the most efficient mode of transportation in the conduct of extensive commercial intercourse, and it it would seem that any act in the least calculated to limit or restrict such natural and easy mode of transportation, would be directly in opposition to the interests of commerce and the fixed principles of public policy.

Nature having so wisely provided, through numerous water courses, extensive lakes and high seas, these most needed and effective means of transportation, so distributed and located as to meet the requirements and needs of the commerce of our country; the high seas affording the means of international intercourse and trade; its system of lakes, through which the products of one section of our country can be transported in exchange for those of another; its numerous rivers and streams, the great Mississippi and its tributaries, extending from the extreme northern boundary and running centrally to the Gulf of Mexico, perfects a system calculated to meet the requirements of this growing and prosperous country, and it does seem that any act which will interfere with or restrict such a system would be suicidal to the best interests of our country.

The location and course of the Minnesota river, its source being in the northern portion of our state, thence in a southerly direction into the very heart of our state, its abrupt change of course to a northeasterly direction, where it empties into the Mississippi river would suggest the manifest wisdom in thus affording such adequate means of transportation to the district traversed in its course, affording cheap and easy means of transportation of the products of this most fertile and productive portion of our country—not only to the commercial center of the northwest, but through the Mississippi to the markets of the world.

Judging from apparent indications that it is the fixed policy of the government to make use of these natural and easy facilities for transportation, by the extensive expenditures of money in improving the rivers and harbors, building canals and providing slack water navigation, we can but deem it the best policy of the government to retain these natural resources, ultimately to be so improved as to afford transportation by water, and at a moderate expenditure of money, and unite the head waters of the Minnesota with the waters of the Red River of the North, thereby opening up a transcontinental communication the entire length of the continent, and thus cement by a mutual interest the people of our vast country.

The numerous cities and towns situated on the banks of the Minnesota, its course, such as to pass along sixteen counties, double the number to be traversed in a direct line, would indicate that this river, although not at all times navigable its entire length, yet was intended to answer some greater purpose than simple drainage of the lands, and is regarded of no little importance to the locations situated along its course.

We look forward to the time when the growth and prosperity of our country will demonstrate the fact that railroads will be inadequate to transport the products of the country, when railroad traffic will be local, and for long hauls, a more extensive and favorable means will be demanded.

Being of the opinion that no adequate reasons can exist, and no personal interests be enhanced by such action that can in the least degree compensate for the damage arising therefrom.

Therefore, be it resolved, That this board of trade, representing an interest in common with the whole people, respectfully, though earnestly protest and remonstrate against the passage of any act that shall in its effect, abridge, restrict or limit the navigation of the Minnesota river, to the end that when the means at hand shall justify, some future congress may be enabled to carry out the wise and liberal policy already inaugurated, untrameled and unrestricted by previous legislation.

Resolved, That a copy of this memorial and the resolutions be furnished to each of our senators and representatives, with the request that the same be brought to the notice of congress assembled, and the adoption by them of such means as shall be commendable and proper to prevent such prejudicial legislation—all of which will ever be held in grateful remembrance by the country at large, as well as by this board of trade.

A resolution for an open meeting of the board at which all who are interested in the growth and prosperity of the city were invited to be present, the date of which will be announced as soon as decided upon, was adopted, and all details left to the president and secretary.

The president announced that the magic letters, S. T., 1884 and 1885, would be explained at the meeting. He remarked that they held a significance of vast interest to Mankato.

The several committees of the board will be called upon for any matter in their hands, and a right lively time will be had, as the meeting will take on the character of a mass meeting, at which every one who has an interest in the development of the material resources of Mankato will have a chance to be heard. The president said that in view of the approaching municipal elections he hoped that the meeting would be productive of good results in bringing the live men of the city to the front.

Upon call, the president of the Mankato District Telegraph Co., B. Tuttle, and G. E. Brett, vice president, responded with some remarks as to the nature and designs of that company and the hope expressed that the board and people of Mankato would give the company a hearty support. The statement that the company were to at once proceed with their operations of construction met with expressions of satisfaction.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Mankato board of trade cordially endorse the action of the St. Paul DAILY GLOBE in establishing their southern Minnesota department with headquarters at Mankato.

Adjourned.

Metallic Paint.

Rumors that one of the most important of the future industries of Mankato, and which had not as yet been named, but which was about to be launched, have been current for a number of days. Yesterday it took definite shape in the statement that a company had been formed at Hartford, Conn., with a capital of $50,000 to operate a Metallic Paint company at Mankato. It will establish its works near those of the Standard Cement company, which will furnish them the necessary power. The red and greenish clays found along the Blue Earth river furnish the material "cheap as dirt" from which to manufacture.

The source from which the information is received leaves hardly any room to doubt its reality. Should it prove correct it will be the beginning of an industry which none can measure, and will be one more avenue of wealth drawn from the rich and inexhaustible formation with which God and nature have endowed Mankato.

Andrew's Opera Company.

The above named party will render Girofle-Girofla, Pinafore, and the Chimes of Normandy on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, respectively, of next week. They play for their own and the Opera House company's benefit, with prices at 50 and 75 cents.

Mankato Dots.

Spring must be near at hand. The streets are full of horse merchants from all parts of the country, and horse trades are rapid and frequent occurrences.

Copies of the issue of the DAILY GLOBE of March 5 containing the sketch of the material interests of Mankato can be had at the news stand of Jas. Shoemacher.

W. B. Craig & Co. will open the ball at their Empire ledge quarry as soon as the weather softens, with a force of 100 men, to be increased as their business may demand.

Roller skating has become epidemic at Mankato, and does not spare either age, sex or condition of society. The rich and the poor, the old and young seem to have got it alike and got it bad.

A telegram from Worthington, where Judge Severance is holding a term of court, was received on yesterday afternoon announcing his illness, and summoning Mrs. Severance to his bedside. She left on the 8:30 train.

Mr. Geo. A. Clark reports the following real estate tranfer through his office: Lot 2, block 7, Van Brunt's addition to Mankato, Mrs. H. E. Foster to D. Hartnett; consideration, $1,500. It is residence property, located on State street.

An entertainment for the benefit of the W. C. T. U. will be given at the M. E. church upon Wednesday evening by Miss Phoebe Satterlee of Minneapolis, assisted by home talent. The programme consists of readings by Miss Satterlee and music, and other exercises by Mankato people.

A ladies' refreshment saloon, with all temperance beverages, calculated to allay the thirst and furnish the bon gallants with an opportunity to get solid with their girls and offer up their silver at the shrine of beauty, constantly kept on hand, is the latest attraction soon to be inaugurated at the roller rink.

THE CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.

do not propose to be behind in anything, and have ordered from A. H. Andrews & Co., of Chicago, a complete and elegant lot of counters and bank furniture, and propose to remodel the interior of their bank entirely. There will be a new floor laid, and the walls and ceiling furbished up, which, with the new furniture spoken of, will make it a different looking place altogether. The counters and paneling are of cherry and maple—cherry predominating, with plate glass panels and doors. The arrangements will be the exact reverse of the present one, giving the clerks and bookkeeper the light of the side windows. At the left, as you enter the outer doors, will be the only entrance to the interior, through a plate glass panel door, with he word cashier ground in the glass.

Passing this door you enter the private office of W. G. Hone, cashier, separated from the working force by a wire screen partition, with doors furnished with bell spring locks. A witket with cashier above it permits Mr. Hone to converse with any one who desires to consult him. Further on at the angle is the wicket of the teller, with the name above, and beyond are the desks for the kookkeepers and clerks. At the rear is the office of the president, John F. Meagher, with the word president above the wicket, through which he communicates. The furniture is on hand and will be put in at once.

MADELIA.

Snow very deep yet.

Weather cold for March.

Our election occurs on the 7th of April.

Mercury lingers about zero most of the time.

Oats have tumbled from 28 cents to 22 this week.

R. Grandy left here a few days since with 3 carloads of draught horses for Northern Dakota.

Some of our citizens hold a meeting tonight to decide if they will fight license for the ensuing year.

Edmund L. Poole, the gentlemanly agent of the Omaha R. R., spent a couple of days in town last week, settling some damage claims our citizens had against the company.

A few days ago a man claiming to be a detective came to the Madelia house with a hand cuffed prisoner. No one knows either of the parties nor from whence they came or where they went.

The Omaha road cannot be praised too much for keeping its road open this winter. It was only a few times that trains were late in consequence of snow, and not a single day were we blockaded.

Peaks sisters played to about 300 of our people in Flandis Hall on the 4th. The playing was better than the play. Some of the ladies performed with great skill. Mr. Geo. Nettleton kissed to the satisfaction of the girls and the audience.

Judge Severance is holding court in Nobles county. The trial of Mary Riley and her brother for the murder of their father will begin next week. The girl's trial is set for Tuesday next. She is 13 and her brother 16 years of age. Not much fears are entertained about their coming to harm at the hands of a Nobles county jury. It is a cold term for collection agents, machine companies and creditors generally.

It was a horrible mistake somebody made in my last letter to you wherein your paper says: "Worse than all this dame rumor says upon honor that some of these young men have broken their new year resolutions and gone to playing poker again." That should read: Our young men have not gone back on their new year resolutions wherein they agreed to quit playing poker. The typo got a part of the preceding sentence and this sentence mixed together. The facts are there is no poker playing done here as I believe. Please correct.

ROCHESTER.

Rev. Mr. Bradshaw has returned from the east.

J. D. Bradley made Rochester a visit this week.

Mrs. Cook and her son. John R., have returned from the east.

General Hawley, late adjutant general, was here last Saturday.

Mrs. H. Pratt, of Faribault, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jay LaDu.

Jerome Egan, of Pierre, is in the city and will remain a few days.

The Spanish Students will appear in this city some time this month.

Michael Slater, real estate dealer, Minneapolis, was in the city Tuesday.

The material for the Broadway bridge has been shipped from Milwaukee.

Miss Virginia Gray, of Lake City, is in the city visiting Mrs. P. A. Bartlett.

The Peak sisters will give an entertainment at the seminary chapel Friday, March 14th.

E. S. Crowell went to St. Paul and Minneapolis to introduce his photographic dry plates.

W. J. Eaton states that the poultry crop of last year in this county amounts to $45,000.

Dr. C. K. Bartlett, superintendent of the St. Peter Insane asylum, was in the city Thursday.

The subject of the lecture to be given at Grace church Sunday, is "Our indebteness to the Bible."

E. A. Younglove started for Deadwood last week, where he will engage in the real estate business.

Mrs. Gillie Reader, or Osrand Island, Nebraska, is visiting the family of John V. Campbell, of this city.

W. J. Wellman and Miss Helen Leet, were married at the residence of the bride's parents, Thursday evening. They left for Pierre, D. T., on the night train

Gus Hargesheimer sold eight tickets last week, to parties in Germany, who will come to Olmsted county this season.

The New England dinner and reception, which was announced to be held at the Congregational church, some time since, will take place at the chapel this evening.

Hon. L. Morris, of Fredonia, New York, is visiting his son Walter, assistant cashier of the Union National bank.

J. G. Platte returned from Florida last Saturday. He went to that state hoping the climate might prove beneficial to his lungs. which are affected, but found it was the reverse.

The Republicans held their city caucus Wednesday forenoon and nominated the following candidates: Mayor, S. Whitten; city attorney, W. Logan Brackenridge; George P. Parmelee; assessor, G. S. Cook; marshal, H. Kalb; street commissioner, H. Hueny; city justice, G. O. Benjamin; school commissioner at large, W. H. Bodge. A fine array of talent and integrity which will doubtless receive the undivided support of the Bepublican element in the city.

Mr. Finley, of Dubuque, Iowa, was here this week looking for a location for a skating rink.

On investsgation by the coroner it has been discovered that little Athon Quick, who fell dead in his uncle's yard while picking up chips, had been shamefully neglected by the parties in whose care he had been placed. It will be remembered by the readers of the GLOBE that, of the Quick family, the father, mother and one child, were killed in the cyclone. Aton and Bernard, the two of the five remaining children, were taken by their uncle, August Quick, who resides three miles west of this city, where they have since remained. The coroner found on examining the body of the dead child, that his feet had been frozen, had received no attention or care, and found gangrenous flesh still clinging to the stumps of his toes. He was thinly clad, and his body so emaciated that the bones nearly pricked through the flesh. It seems from the statements of the examining physicians, that some one is responsible for the death of this little orphan. It is painful to believe that there is a man in the vicinity who would so neglect and mistreat a helpless child, as to render his life a painful burden and finally cause his death. Yet if it is true, we hope that speedy justice will be meted out to him.

STILLWATER GLOBULES.

Dr. A. J. Murdock and wife, of Minneapolis, were visiting in this city yesterday.

The season's work in the pines is rapidly drawing to a close. Quite a number of men have already been discharged.

The regular meeting of the Relief association will be held at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A.

The man Cummings, who was locked up on Saturday for disturbing the peace, was sent out of town on the noon train yesterday.

Chesnut street directly east of Second to be lighted by electricity. The light will be suspended midway of the street, from the Dual block, to the second story of the building opposite.

The owners of certain frame buildings on the west side of Main street are going to considerable expense to improve the external appearance of their respective places of business.

Persons who are supposed to know whereof they speak, claim, that should the retail liquor license be raised to $500, the number of saloons in the city will be lessened by about twenty-five.

A special term of the District court was commenced yesterday morning, Judge Crosby presiding. The case of the C. N. Nelson Lumber company vs. Abe Rohsbach et al. was on trial in the afternoon.

LATE DAKOTA NEWS.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

In consequence of nervous prostration through overwork, Judge Hudson has had court adjourned until Saturday of this week. The extreme labors of the past three months have been too much for the judge's constitution and no one could stand the work and do it conscientiously.

It seems that it was one of Bishop Clarkson's dying requests that Bishop Walker, of Fargo, should be present at his funeral. The latter is at Valley City now, but hopes to arrive here in time to accompany Dean Cooley, of Fargo, to Omaha, to attend the last service.

To-day the indications are that spring has opened. A general thaw is expected soon.

Judge Campbell, United States district attorney, claims that the statement recently made in the Chicago papers do him an injustice. Out of the forty indictments only twenty-seven came to a hearing at this term. Of this number there were twenty convictions, though in a portion of these the defendants pleaded guilty, but the success of the prosecution is nevertheless evident.

Death of Bishop Clarkson.

OMAHA, Neb., March 10.—Bishop Robert H. Clarkson died at 1 o'clock this morning.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Lasker Resolutions Returned to the House of Representatives.

A Series of Resolutions Offered in Relation Thereto.

The Senate Wrestle With the Mexican Treaty in Executive Session.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—Senator Bayard submitted a resolution, instructing the committee on judiciary to report as to expediency of amending the constitution so as to provide that congress shall not have power to make anything but gold and silver coin a legal tender in the payment of debt, nor pass any law impairing the obligation of contracts.

Senator Garland submitted a joint resolution, proposing the following amendment to the constitution of article 16: That portion of the public debt of the United States represented by notes issued under the authority of law, with the quality of the lawful money, and as a legal tender for the payment of debts shall never exceed the sum of $350,000,000 unless a bill or bills providing for such increase of issue shall receive the concurrence of two-thirds of each house of congress and the votes on all such bills shall be recorded by the yeas and nays on the journal of each house.

The following bills were reported favorably and placed on the calendar:

By Senator Walker, from the committee on Indian affairs, to provide for the sale of Cherokee reservation in Kansas.

By Senator Morgan, from the committee on public lands, to provide for the settlement of the rights of states, persons and corporations interested in any grant of land in aid of railroads and canals, which shall hereafter be declared forfeited.

By Senator Jackson, from the committee on postoffices and postroads, to amend sections 3,929 and 4,041 of the revised statutes, authorizing the postmaster general to prohibit the delivery of register letters and the payment of money orders, and providing for the ruturn of the same.

By Senator Miliken, to amend the act creating the northern United States court district of Texas, to change the eastern and western districts of said state, and to provide for terms of holding court in said districts.

Senator Morgan from the committee on public lands submitted the views of the minority of that committee, relative to the bill declaring forfeited the grants of land to the Texas Pacific Railroad company.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Senator Ingalls, to authorize the sale of the Kickapos diminished reservation, Kansas.

By Senator McMillan, by request to authorize the United States to resume possession of certain lands granted to Iowa in aid of the construction of railroads

By Senator Voorhees, to release to the Indians the title of the United States to certain lands in that state.

The bill to provide for a bureau of statistics on labor coming up as unfinished business, it was debated until 2 o'clock when it went over until to-morrow. Senator Blair advocated its passage. Sherman, Allison and Garland thought the purpose sought could be accomplished by enlarging the scope of the statistical bureaus already existing. Sherman preferring the bureau of statistics in the treasury department and Allison that of the department of agriculture.

Senator Vanwyck did not see any useful purpose to be served by any more statistics than we already have. It was less taxes the people wanted, he said.

Senator Ingalls thought the department of the interior, which is charged by the bill with the supervision of the contemplated bureau, had already in charge matters more momentous than the affairs of many ancient or modern kingdoms, and ought not to be charged with anything more.

On motion of Senator Plumb. the pleuropnemonia bill was made a special order for to-morrow. The senate went into executive session for the consideration of the Mexican treaty, and when the doors were re-opened the senate adjourned.

oed house day

The House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The following bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Rogers, granting Kansas Clty, Fort Scott & Gulf Railway company right of way through Indian territory.

By Mr. Potter, proposing the following constitutional amendment: That the legislative powers granted to congress by the constitution to include the power to pass any law making anything but gold and silver coin a tender in the payment of debts, except after a declaration of war, when the public safety may require it.

By Mr. Hewitt, of New York, proposing the following constitutional amendment: That congress shall not have power to make anything but gold and silver coin as a tender in the payment of debts.

By Mr. Rosecrans, to incorporate the Yellowstone Park railroad.

By Mr. Glasscock, for the erection of a public building at Oakland, California, to cost $100,000.

By Mr. Townshend, in relation to pilots who served in the rebellion.

Mr. Keifer, from the committee on appropriations, reported back the military academy appropriation bill, with the senate amendments, recommending concurrence in the amendment, providing that any cadet dismissed for hazing not be eligible for reappointment, and reconcurrence in the amendments. The recommendations were agreed to.

By Mr. Perkins, for granting the right of way through the Indian territory to the St. Louis & Baxter Springs Railroad company.

By Mr. Morrill, for the erection of a public building at Atchison, to cost sixty thousand dollaas.

By Mr. Broadhead, for carrying on the improvement and repairs of river and harbors by contract.

By Mr. Barnes, for granting the right of way through the Indian territory to the St. Joseph and Rio Grande Railroad company.

By Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, for authorizing the construction of a bridge across the great Kanawha and prescribing dimensions.

By Mr. Tucker, by request, for granting copyright newspapers. This is identical with the bill introduced in the senate by Senator Sherman, and limits the time of copyright to eight hours.

By M. G. D. Wise, to authorize the establishment of export tobacco manufacturies.

By Mr. Deuster, a resolution reciting that the United States minister to Germany has been assailed by the semi-official newspapers at Berlin, and calling on the secretary of state for copies of any communication and official correspondence which he may have on the subject.

By Mr. Payson, a resolution calling on the secretary of the interior for information as to excess of lands alleged to have been certified to the Burlington & Missouri River railroad company.

The speaker stated that the postoffice department asked for leave to withdraw from the files of the house the reports of the special agents, to investigate the star route cases, as the papers sent were the original papers. Leave was granted.

The house then proceeded to consider the measures relating the District of Columbia senate bill, establishing the standard time in the district. Passed.

The district business was temporarily laid aside to receive a message from the president, and Guenther asked it to be immediately read, though Cassiday suggested, in an undertone, it might be better to wait until the new steel cruisers were completed. The message was merely astransmitted, without comment, of the documents received from the secretary of state, relative to a resolution of the house on the death of Edward Lasker. Hiscock immediately offered the following preamble and resolutions, which was referred to the committee on foreign affairs:

WHEREAS it has come to the knowledge of this house, that a communication from it to the parliament of the German empire, enterely friendly in its intent, respectful in its character, and sent through the regular channels of international communications, has been arbitrarily intercepted and returned by a person now holding the position of chancellor of the German empire; therefore be it

Resolved, That this house cannot but express surprise and regret that it should be even temporarily within the power of a single, too powerful subject, to interfere with such a simple, natural and spontaneous expression of kindly feeling between two great nations, and thus to detract from the position and prestige of the crown on the one hand and from the rights of the mandatories of the people on the other.

Resolved, That this house does hereby reiterate its expression of sincere regret at the death of Edward Lasker, and its sympathy with the parliament of the Gorman empire of which, for many years, he was a distinguished member.

Mr. Cassiday, from the committee on the Pacific Railroads, reported a bill to incorporat the Spokane Falls & Coeur d'Alene Railway company- Placed on the house calendar. Adjourned.

THE DANVILLE INQUIRY.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—W. E. Sims, the gentleman whose speech at Danville, it is alleged, contributed to excitement out of which came the riot on November 3d, was examined by the Danville sub committee this morning.

His account of the speech is the same as previously published. The Democrats knew that they had a majority of about 1,200 to overcome, and the witness and his friends could only conjuncture what means should be adopted. In his speech, witness told his hearers, that he was satisfied that any excuse would be seized upon by the Democrats to resort to violence. He hoped the colored people would refrain from even a sign of violence, as the people could not afford to carry arms on the day of election. He advised them to pocket all insults, to go to the polls quietly, without bravado, cast their votes quietly and thus avoid trouble. "I feel," said witness, "guilty of having unintentionally and unwittingly, in the interest of peace and order given them advice which was seized upon, as I believe by their political enemies, to slaughter them on the following day. When they were unarmed. The witness told of threats made to kill him, but he disregarded them, and appealed both to the mayor and the governor to make arrangements to preserve order on election day. The mayor said he could do nothing and the governor promised to send troops. Thereupon the witness went to Chatham, his home and voting place. He found during his absence the Bourbons bribed his ticket distributors to substitute Bourbon tickets for the Readjuster tickets. At his precinct the Readjusters were demoralized and intimidated. The Bourbons had circulated a report that witness had left the state and the only chance for the white or colored men was to come over to the Democratic party. Witness was told if he did any active work election day he would be killed. Witness described the Democratic canvass, and the sentiments entertained by the white Democrats towards the colored men, and the white coalitionists, but without developing anything new.

Jeff Davis.

JACKSON, Miss., March 10.—Jefferson Davis was invited by the legislature to deliver an address upon the life of S. S. Prentiss. He appeared in the house to-day and made a short speech, but regretted that he could not deliver an address, on account of physical inability. He touchingly referred to his past history and that of the state, and said though deprived of many rights as a citizen of the United States, yet he claimed he enjoyed the privilege of being a Mississippian. Though living in retirement, he watched with deep interest the progress of the state and of the south, which he believed were destined for great achievements. All the state officers, supreme court judges and many citizens and ladies were present.

Bishop Ireland in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 10.—Bishop Ireland, Catholic, of St. Paul, Minn., in response to the invitation of the law and order society of this city and the clergy of all denominations, lectured to-night on "Intemperance and Law." Bishop Ryan presided. The Music hall, seating 4,000, was packed, and fully 1,000 were unable to obtain admittance. Many stood in the corridors throughout the discourse, which lasted two hours. Rev. Dr. Van Bokelin, Episcopal, seconded the resolution of thanks to the bishop at the close of the lecture.

Meeting Postponed.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 10.—Owing to the absence of one member of the Railroad Coal Trades tribunal to-day, the meeting to fix the rate for mining to be paid to railroad mines for the ensuing six months from April first, was postponed until Thursday next.

Police Patrol.

PHILADELPHIA, March 10.—Captain Howell and Lieut. Markee, who inspected the Chicago police patrol system, have submitted a report to the mayor. They approved the system, and say its introduction here will cause a saving of nearly five per cent.

The Independent Republicans.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Carl Schurz and Joseph H. Choate, his law partner, and William M. Evarts were, with a half dozen other gentlemen, added to the Independent Republican executive committee.

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

Prepared from Select Fruits that yield the finest Flavors. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY

STEELE & PRICE,

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,

Makers of Lupulin Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, and Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes.

WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

TARRANT'S

Seltzer Aperient!

TAKEN IN HOT WATER,

CURES

Dyspepsia.

MANKATO ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEO. A. CLARK,

Real Estate, Loan & Insurance Broker.

Office under Citizens' National Bank.

MANKATO, MINN.

WANTED—An agency for some company who will loan money on good city property at Mankato. 71-73

WANTED—Loans of $4,000 and $2,000 for three and five years at 7 per cent. on city property at Mankato. 71-72

INSURANCE.

WEED & LAWRENCE

AGENTS.

167 East Third street, St. Paul.

U. S. BRANCH

LION

Fire Insurance Company

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, LONDON, ENGLAND.

M. Bennett, Jr., U. S. Manager, Hartford, Ct.

I. ASSETS.

Loans secured by mortgages on real estate	$63,250 00
Market value of U. S. bonds	496,000 00
Loans secured by bonds and stocks as collateral	101,700 00
Cash on hand and in bank	57,707 62
Premiums in course of collection	57,486 56
All other assets	27,060 77
Total admitted assets	$803,204 95

II. LIABILITIES.

Reserve for reinsurance	$190,212 15
Unpaid losses	37,800 00
Other liabilities	5,902 40
Total liabilities	$233,914 55
Net surplus	$569,290 40

III. INCOME IN 1883.

From premiums received	$388,214 46
From interest and dividends	24,897 38
Total income	$413,111 84

IV. EXPENDITURES IN 1883.

Losses paid	$234,667 97
Commissions and brokerage	57,995 28
Salaries of officers and employes	40,422 24
Taxes	10,114 16
All other expenditures	22,402 89
Total expenditures	$365,612 54

V. MISCELLANEOUS.

Total risks in force Dec. 31, 1883	$28,566,400 00

BUSINESS IN MINNESOTA IN 1883—FIRE.

Risks written	$789,375 00
Premiums received	9,933 71
Losses paid	4,505 13
Losses incurred	6,578 41

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE, ST. PAUL, February, 1884.

I, A. R. McGill, Insurance Commissioner of the State of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the Lion Fire Insurance Company above named, has complied with the laws of this state relating to insurance, and is now fully empowered through its authorized agents to transact its appropriate business of fire insurance in this state for the year ending January 31st, 1885.

A. R. McGILL, Insurance Commissioner.

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U. S. BRANCH

WESTERN

Assurance Company.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA.

A. M. Smith ..... President.
James Boomer ..... Secretary.

I. Assets.

Market value of all bonds and stocks	$651,440 00
Cash on hand and in bank	180,870 86
Premiums in course of collection	102,206 76
Total admitted assets	$934,517 62

II. Liabilities.

Reserve for reinsurance	$456,866 31
Unpaid losses	88,146 23
Other liabilities	20,441 35
Total liabilities	$565,453 89
Net surplus	$369,063 73

III. Income in 1883.

From premiums received	$845,036 27
From interest and dividends	33,431 50
Ttoal income	$878,467 77

IV. Expenditures in 1883.

Losses paid	$678,443 34
Commissions and brokerage	168,691 45
Taxes	22,808 85
All other expenditures	80,131 21
Total expenditures	$950,074 85

V. Miscellaneous.

Total risks in force Dec. 31, 1883.	$62,666,000 00

Business in Minnesota in 1883.

FIRE.

Risks written	$1,021,433 00
Premiums received	23,505 68

INLAND.

Risks written	$61,503 00
Premiums received	169 32

LOSSES PAID.

Fire	$35,055 03	
Inland	301 79	
Total		$35,356 82

LOSSES INCURRED

Fire	$34,455 03	
Inland	301 79	
Total		$34,756 82

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE, ST. PAUL, February, 1884.

I, A. R. McGill, Insurance Commissioner of the state of Minnesota, do hereby certify that the Western Assurance Company above named, has complied with the laws of this state relating to insurance, and is now fully empowered through its authorized agents to transact its appropriate business of fire and inland insurance in this state for the year ending January 31st, 1885,

A. R. McGILL, Insurance Commissioner.

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Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

Know all men by these presents; that we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, do, for the purpose of forming and organizing a corporation under title one, chapter thirty-four of the statutes of Minnesota, hereby associate together, adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation.

First. The name of the corporation shall be "The Chicago, St. Paul & St. Louis Railroad Company." The general nature of its business shall be to construct, maintain and operate a railroad, with one or more tracks, and all necessary or convenient sidings and appurtenances, from the city of Minnepolis, in Hennepin County, thence via St. Paul in Ramsey County, to the Wisconsin State line at some convenient point in the County of Washington, or Dakota, so as to form a connection with any railroad coming into the County of Pierce, in said State of Wisconsin. The principal place of transacting its business shall be at St. Paul, Minnesota.

Second. The time of commencement of said corporation shall be March 1, 1884, and the period of its duration fifty years, with right of renewal.

Third. The capital stock of the corporation shall be $2,000,000, and shall be paid in as called for by the Board of Directors, not exceeding ten per cent. per month, or as may be otherwise agreed upon in any contract for the sale of the stock, or any part thereof.

Fourth. The highest amount of indebtedness, or liability, to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall not exceed three-fourths of the amount of the capital stock.

Fifth. The names and places of residence of the persons forming this corporation are as follows:

J. S. Cameron, Chicago, County of Cook, Illinois.

L. O. Goddard, Chicago, County of Cook, Illinois.

J. W. Traer, Cedar Rapids, Linn County, Iowa.

A. D. Barnum, Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minnesota.

D. H. Ainsworth, Newton, Jasper County, Iowa.

Sixth. The government of the corporation and management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five directors, who shall hold and serve until their successors are elected. The Board of Directors shall be elected by the stockholders annually on the second Tuesday of January in each year, subject to such change as may be prescribed by by-law or resolution of the Board. The Board may make, adopt, alter and amend by-laws for the corporation; and may, by resolution, or by by-law, determine the officers of the corporation, and shall elect the same, and may appoint committees and agents, and prescribe the powers and duties of all such officers, committees and agents. The Board may meet at any place within or without the state, for the transaction of business, and a majority shall constitute a quorum for business purposes.

The first Board of Directors shall consist of the said J. S. Cameron, L. O. Goddard, J. W. Traer, A. D. Barnum and D. H. Ainsworth, who shall hold and serve until the second Tuesday of January, 1885, and until their successors are elected.

Seventn. The capital stock of the Company shall be divided into 20,000 shares of $100 each.

Dated this 16th day of February, 1884.

J. S. CAMERON,
L. O. GODDARD,
A. D. BARNUM,
J. W. TRAER,
D. H. AINSWORTH.

Recorded in the office of Secretary of State, and in the office of the Register of Deeds of Ramsey County, March 7, 1884. 69-75

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF THE

LITTLE FALLS WATER POWER COMPANY OF MINNESOTA.

The undersigned do hereby associate themselves and organize as a body corporate under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 34 of the general statutes of Minnesota, and to that end do hereby adopt and sign the following articles of association:

I.

The name of this corporation shall be: THE LITTLE FALLS WATER-POWER COMPANY OF MINNESOTA.

The general nature of its business shall be the development, improvement and use of the water-power in the Mississippi river at Little Falls in this state, by constructing, operating and maintaining dams, canals, locks, ponds, sluices, breakwaters, piers, abuttments, booms, mills and mill-sites, and the leasing, operating and utilizing of said improvements