[Republished from the Sunday Globe.]

LABOR LEGISLATION.

The Main Points of the Hopkins Bill Which Passed the House

Chances Favorable to the Passage of a Similar Bill by the Senate.

Walsh, the Witness Wanted to Convict Kellogg, Seems Beyond Reach of Attachment.

Knox to Become President of the Bank of the Republic, the Boston Charges Notwithstanding.

A Blow at Polygamy—Missouri River Commission—Surprised Mexicans—General Capital Notes.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The house negatived to-day the usual practices of Punic faith in setting aside special orders for the benefit of other and perhaps less pressing business and permitted the consideration, as agreed upon, of bills reported by the labor committee: First—To establish a department of labor statistics. Second—To prohibit importations of laborers under contracts made in foreign countries. Third—To enforce the eight hour law, and to provide for the payment of wages withheld from government employes in violation of the eight-hour law. Fourth—to prohibit contract labor by convicts so far as federal prisoners are concerned. The bill creating the department of labor statistics provides for the appointment of a commissioner who shall hold his office for four years and receive a salary of $4,000; that he shall acquire all useful information upon the subject of labor its relations to capital and the means of promoting the material, social, intellectual and religious prosperity of the laboring women of the country. The various labor organizations of the country have been endeavoring for several years past to secure such national legislation as would bring to the attention of the country, through an executive bureau, the true relations between labor and capital, but in every instance were defeated by representatives of corporations on the floors of the house and senate. Whenever any member raised his voice in behalf of the rights of labor he was at once denounced as a demagogue and the subject literally bulled off the floors of both the senate and the house. The New England delegations were foremost in this opposition until the break was made by Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, who succeeded in the last congress in securing the appointment of a special committee to visit New York and elsewere to inquire into the condition of the laboring classes. The testimony adduced before that committee last summer was interesting and voluminous and the result made apparent by the passage to-day of Mr. Hopkins' bill. The religious condition clause was eliminated.

THE BLAIR BILL.

pending in the senate, is kindred in purpose, but creates a division of labor statistics under the charge of the commissioner of agriculture. Mr. Hopkins believes that this bureau should be equal with other governmental bureaus and not be reduced to secondary importance by attacking it as a dependency of the agricultural department. The effort made in the house to-day to accomplish this signally failed, and although the bill was amended in various particulars and the debate took such a wide range as to keep the body in session until 6 o'clock, the report of the labor committee was substantially endorsed by its triumphant passage. The sentiment in its favor was pronounced. Little doubt exists of the concurrence of the senate. The other bills, important as they are, not being reached, must take the chances of passage hereafter, and it will require unanimous consent for their consideration as the special order did not last beyond to-day.

WHERE IS WALSH?

The department of justice is making herculean efforts, now it is too late, to find John A. Walsh, the recalcitrant witness in the Kellogg case, which is set for trial next Monday. The impression prevails that Walsh was not really wanted until he had gotten under cover and beyond reach of attachment. Without Walsh's testimony the case against Kellogg is likely to fail, but as Kellogg is a delegate to the Republican national convention, the situation at this juncture becomes specially interesting.

KNOX AND THE BANK OF THE REPUBLIC.

The New York *Herald* of to-day says: Mr. E. H. Pullen, cashier of the National Bank of the Republic, stated authoritatively yesterday afternoon that on May 1 Mr. John Jay Knox, who yesterday resigned as controller of the currency, will assume the presidency of that bank. He will bring with him to act as vice president of the bank Mr. Orson Adams, who has been United States bank examiner for the states of Virginia, Maryland, North Carolina and South Carolina.

TO IMPROVE THE MISSOURI.

Messrs. Dockerey, Buckner, Bland, Burns, Grace, Cosgrove, O'Neill and Alexander, of the Missouri delegation in congress, made arguments before the river and harbor committee to-day in favor of an appropriation of $1,000,000 for the improvemeut of the Missouri river. Congressmen from Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Western Iowa are to hold a meeting at an early date to secure united action on the passage of a bill creating a Missouri river commission. The Missouri delegation urged the importance of a systematic improvement of the Missouri from its mouth to Fort Benton upon the plan now in operation respecting the Mississippi river. They complain that the region watered by the Missouri river has been neglected, notwithstanding its excess of the Mississippi river region in the value of its products of agriculture and manufacture. Part of the $1,000,000 asked for is needed for immediate use at Kansas City and Leavenworth.

HOMESTEADS AND PRE-EMPTIONS.

At a meeting of the house committee on public lands to-day Messrs. Henley, Oates and Strait were appointed a sub-committee to prepare a bill to repeal the pre-emption and timber culture acts and so amend the homestead laws as to prevent fraudulent entries.

DEATH TO POLYGAMY.

The house committee on territories agreed to report a bill providing for a commission to be appointed by the president to govern Utah. It is provided by the bill that marriage shall be solemnized by a minister, judge or justice of the peace, and a record filed, It makes marriage, when either party has a husband or wife living, a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in jail not less than six months and not more than twelve.

POSTAL MATTERS.

Elijah H. Strong has been appointed postmaster at Danforth and Washington H. Switzer at Webb, Dakota.

VISITING MEXICANS.

A large number of Mexican citizens arrived to-day direct from that country on the first through train. They are much pleased with the adornments of our federal capitol.

RATIONS DISTRIBUTED.

The secretary of war to-day received a telegram from Capt. Viele, quartermaster of the department at Natchez, Miss., as follows: "Finished issuing rations between this point and the Red river yesterday. All parties below here are provided with enough to see them out of the water. Will leave to-day for Vicksburg and will issue what few rations I have left where I think they will do the most good."

NEW BANK AUTHORIZED.

The comptroller of currency has authorized the Merchants and Planters National bank, at Sherman, Texas, to begin business. Capital, $400,000.

BILLS REPORTED ADVERSELY.

At a meeting to-day of the house committee on reform of the civil service, Representative Hoblitzell was directed to report adversely bills for the repeal of the civil service laws. An unfavorable report was also ordered on Representative Warner's bill, to reduce the salaries of the president, cabinet officials, judges of the supreme court and congressmen.

AN ELUCIDATION.

In response to an inquiry from Philadelphia, as to whether the appropriations committee refuse to make an appropriation for the civil service commission, Randall to-day wrote a letter saying his com mittee would not attempt to nullify any existing law by refusing to make an appropriation.

SCIENTIFIC COMMISSION.

A sub-committee or commerce scientific commission to-day, decided to report favorably, to the full committee. Representative Mutchler's bill, providing for the appointment of a scientific commission to attend the International Electrical Exhibition, to be held at Philadelphia next fall, under the auspices of the Franklin institute, Pennsylvania, for the promotion of the mechanical arts. The bill provides that the commission may invite scientific men, native and foreign, to participate in the conference. The commission may also conduct such special investigations, both at and subsequent to the international electrical exhibition, as may conduce to the progress of electrical science in this country. The bill appropriates $25,000, and requires that the work of the commission shall be completed within three years after the passage of the act.

SPRING FLOODS.

In Louisiana, Arkansas, Maine and Massachusetts.

ST. LOUIS, April 19.—Gen. Beckwith, who is in charge of the distribution of government supplies to the flood sufferers on the lower Mississippi river, received dispatches from St. Joseph, Waterproof, Delta, Hard Times, Wolf Island, and other points, that there is great suffering among the people at those places, and food is needed at once. Gen. Beckwith has ordered supplies puchased, and will also send additional rations from here. Gen. Magnum, of Helena, Ark., also telegraphs, that there is great suffering in the Sauk canal region of the St. Francis river, and he has been directed to purchase food, and charter a steam boat to distribute it. The government steamer Humphreys, has also been ordered to that section to distribute supplies.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 19.—Heavy rains in the state the past two days have done much damage to railroad and other property. Nearly all the small streams are again very high and overflowing the low lands. Owing to washouts no trains on the Iron Mountain railroad go farther south than Arkadelphia, and the bridge over Brier creek, fourteen miles south of Pine Bluff, on the Texas narrow gauge railroad is washed away. Many portions of the prairie country north of Duvall's Bluff, on the Memphis road, present the appearance of lakes, vast sheets of water covering the surface for miles.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Reports from New England state the floods are about stationary although rain is still falling at intervals in some portions. Much anxiety is felt at Ainsworth, Me. A dam gave way, letting 20,000 feet of lumber through, which lodged against bridges below, and great anxiety is felt for their safety. The Connecticut river, at Hartford, is nineteen feet above low water mark.

BRIEFS OF NEWS.

The Welland canal, Ontario, will be opened on the 28th inst.

Advices from the east bring rumors of fresh massacres of Christians in Laos.

The 109th anniversary of the Concord fight was appropriately celebrated yesterday at Concord, N. H.

John Reilly, aged 16, and Thomas Brown, not much older, were arrested yesterday in New York as murderers.

At New Orleans, Fred. Borgner shot Peter Olson fatally, over a difficulty about drinks. Borgner was seriously cut.

Popper, the fugitive broker, has arrived in New York from Chicago. He lost bonds of Dr. Morris' valued at over $60,000.

At Brownsville, Texas, Private Mooney, injured by the boiler explosion in the garrison a few days ago, died last night.

The queen of Tahiti arrived in Chicago yesterday morning via the Grand Trunk and left quietly for San Francisco at noon.

Stewart's will had to be recorded in Springfield, Mass., yesterday, owing to there being real estate there, which is claimed by others.

Frank Ritchie, a harmless lunatic, herding cows on Ward's island, was shot dead yesterday by New York thieves who landed to steal some junk.

At Metropolis, Ills., Meyer & Co., dry goods, assigned yesterday. Liabilities, $40,000. They claim they have assets that will pay up in full.

It is reported from Darmstadt that Queen Victoria is suffering from lumbago, and confined to the palace. She receives daily visits from her physician.

At Macon, Miss., yesterday, there was the most severe rain storm ever experienced in that section. Stock were drowned, and also killed by lightning.

The French police are disposed to recommend to the authorities the expulsion of dynamiters from France, if their actions become too suspicious. A man recently engaged in the dynamite traffic in Paris has suddenly disappeared.

Belfield's Boom.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

BELFIELD, Dak., April 19.—The Northern Pacific Forwarding company, of Black Hills freighters, who control the bulk of the freight going over the new northern route, to-day finally decided upon Belfield as their terminal point. For several weeks surveying parties have weighed the advantages of the various towns, resulting in pronouncing the Belfield route by far the best and shortest. Eastern parties invested immediately $25,000 in real estate, and contracts for a large warehouse and several stores, improvements aggregating $20,000, have been let. A fast freight express will be put on to make the distance from Belfield to Deadwood in seven days. Four hundred tons of freight are now on the way to Belfield, and shipments will commence in ten days. The demand for property has suddenly become very brisk, with improvements going up everywhere.

No Cattle Disease in the Country.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

FORT KEOGH, Montana, April 19.—The secretary of the American National Agricultural association having addressed a letter to General James S. Brisbine requesting his views in regard to the holding of a great national cattle show, the general has replied urging that the show be held and suggesting that at the same time a National Convention of Cattle Breeders and Stock growers be held, at which all the stock associations throughout the country shall be represented. He thinks this is especially important, in view of the pending congressional legislation on cattle diseases and the bad results that are likely to follow it. He takes strong ground against congressional interference with the cattle trade, and says there are no cattle diseases in the country worthy of notice, much less national legislation.

Revengeful Incendiarism.

PITTSBURG, April 19.—At Reynoldsville, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, the residence of James Powers, superintendent for the Powers, Brown county, coal mines, was burned this morning. The inmates barely escaped with their lives. Loss, $11,000, on which is an insurance of $3,000. Anonymous letters had been received by Mr. Powers for some weeks, warning him to leave and that his property and life were in danger. The company employs about 300 miners, a number of whom were black listed, after the strike last fall. The fire was the work of an incendiary without doubt.

DISCUSSING CANDIDATES.

Robert B. Roosevelt, the Anti-Tammany Leader, Expresses His Views.

The Fitness of Cleveland, Cooper, Hewitt, Flower and Blaine for Presidential Candidates.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

NEW YORK, April 19.—Robert B. Roosevelt, in an interview with Gath, said, as to Cleveland's availability as a presidential candidate: "He is one of the most available men in the country. If the Democratic party would keep up its old-fashioned regularity, and make such defections as Tammany Hall has been guilty of, an example it would command the respect of its own voters and neutrals. But when it is seen that a good governor like Cleveland is spit upon and assailed in the legislature and everywhere else by Tammany Hall American Democrats make up their minds that the party talks one thing and does another. They hardly have a meeting but some poor Celt is disciplined for expressing his private opinion, yet they are always in revolt against the party they belong to, and the state conventions have not character enough to discipline them, consequently we lose everything we have gained."

Said I: "Don't you think that Cleveland, in a presidential year might get a large portion of the vote that originally elected him?"

"Yes, Cleveland has kept absolute faith with the great majority he received. He has supported and signed all legislation respectable for the good government of New York city, just as he first attracted attention by rebuking political villiany in his own party at Buffalo. He is a conspicuous Democratic leader, in that he is doing nothing to get the presidency. He is simply and solely governor of New York, and is a bright contrast to many another man who seems to be a Democrat merely for the sake of getting our nomination for president. If we had the courage as a party to nominate a man like that the floating and uncertain vote would come to us."

"Do you see any candidate in the state of New York that you think would run well but Cleveland?"

Mr. Roosevelt thought a moment and said: "I think Edward Cooper would run very well for president. He was mayor of New York and was constant under difficulties and patient and finally successful in getting out Kelly and his following. It is true that his term was done by the time he succeeded, because Kelly traded with the Republicans to keep himself and his gang in; yet respectable persons, wiling to do justice, will see that Edward Cooper, while not a brutal man, adhered to principles. In the city of New York he has a very large following on account ot the philanthropy of his father to poor young men, for whom he built a great institute and has educated so many. The son is well educated, has a clear character, is a pure man and would make a good magistrate. In the white house he would be above the kind of low annoyances which visit a gentleman in the mayor's office."

"Do you think Mr. Hewitt can make the presidential nomination?"

"No, Hewitt has not ballast enough to keep him from flopping over."

"What do you think of Mr. Flower?"

"Flower," said Mr. Roosevelt, "has bottomed himself on Jimmy O'Brien. O'Brien took him to the st ateconvention for governor when Cleveland beat him. It may be that Flower has seen through O'Brien by this time, but he has been pretty late about it.

"What do you think of Mr. Blaine as the probable Republican candidate?"

"I have nothing to complain of about Blaine personally. When I was in congress he gave me a hearing on at least one occasion against his own sympathies and interests. That was when I was attacking Boss Shepherd and the district government. I tried for a long time to get the floor, but such was the machinery there that I only got it at last by Fernando Wood saying to me one day, 'I have got an hour on one of my appropriation bills, but I shall give way to you if you are ingenious enough to make your speech against the district ring. I got the floor, and in two minutes was in the midst of the district matter, and all the friends of the district ring were sitting around, each afraid to stop me but all wanting me stopped. Finally Dan Voorhees came in and went to the front and shouted that the gentleman was not speaking germane to the question. Blaine was smart enough to trip him right up and said, "When the gentleman took the floor he had it understood that he meant to speak on the affairs of the District of Columbia, and as he was not objected to I will not now entertain the objection, and he shall finish his remarks. Now, I owe Blaine no grudge, but I would rather see the representatives select for their president a man free from pecuniary blemish. While I do not expect a saint at the head of the goxernment, I think character ought to be considered.

Decrease in Produce Exports..

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, April 19.—It is fully clear that the exportations of our chief products are not to reach this year so high a figure as last. This is especially true of wheat and pork. Statements just issued by the bureau of statistics show that in the past nine months the exportations of wheat have only amounted to $57,000,000 in value, against $106,000,000 in the corresponding time of the preceding year, the number of bushels in the past nine months being $53,000,000, against $94,000,000 in the former nine months. The exportations of wheat flour in the past nine months were $67,000,000, against $43,000,000 in the corresponding time a year earlier. In hog products the falling off is equally great. The exportations for the past five months amount to only $30,000,000, against $38,000,000 in the corresponding time of the preceding year. In the exportation of beef and beef cattle there has been a marked increase, the value of these exports in the past five months amounting to $15,000,000, against about $11,000,000 in the same period last year.

Can't Identify Frank James.

CHATTANOOGA, April 19.—At Huntsville, Ala., in the James trial, Alfred Hill stated a day or two before the robbery he entertained a man at his house at Green Hill, but did not identify Frank James.

Hugh Riley, who at the time of the robbery was a saloon keeper at Muscle Shoals, testified that three men came to his saloon, but did not identify James.

S. H. Field, a detective for the defense, testified that he knew James in Nashville, Tenn., and he was known by the name of B. J. Woodson. He saw James in Nashville on the 11th and 12th March, 1881. Several times on both those days. He knew the man named J. A. Howard in Nashville who turned out to be Jesse James, but never saw Howard and Woodson together.

Jonas Taylor, blacksmith, of Nashville, testified that he saw Frank James at Nashville on March 11th, and put shoes on his horse on March 12th, 1881. The witness identified the date by an entry in his ledger.

Will Suspend Whisky Production.

PEORIA, Ill., April 19.—The decline in whisky in the Cincinnati market created a flutter among the Peoria distillers. No serious alarm was felt, however, and at a meeting held last night it was resolved to maintain prices. This was done on 'change to-day, the board of trade circular quoting the market firm at $1.17, the price which has prevailed here for some time. Shipments 729 barrels. The news of a further reduction to-day, however, had a much more depressing effect, and left no doubt in the minds of local distillers of general demoralization. Another meeting was held to-night to consider the situation but the distillers are reticent concerning the proceedings, and it is impossible to learn what was done, except it was decided to suspend operations in all distilleries here on Monday. Several thousand head of cattle which are being fed here, will be shipped away as rapidly as possible. Eight cars were shipped to-day. The distillers decline to give any information or express any opinion as to the future.

ALL AROUND THE GLOBE.

Governor Hoadly, of Ohio, will deliver the commencement oration before the Yale law school.

The salmon run in the Sacramento river is unusually light this year, and prospects are not flattering.

Schedules in the assignment of Wm. H. Guion, of New York, show liabilities at $329,000, actual assets $47,000.

The existence of yellow fever at Vera Cruz is reported by those who arrived from that port yesterday, at New Orleans.

The water in Union river, Maine, is rising, and fears are entertained for the booms and dams on it. Trains are stopped.

Hamond, who was hanged at White Plains, N. Y., yesterday for the murder of a Jew peddler, protested his innocence to the last.

The cattle disease at Neosha Falls, Kas., is pronounced to be the veritable foot and mouth disease, but there is no danger of its spreading.

At Dallas, Texas, a wind storm yesterday blew down an old church, used as a colored school, injuring a large number of the pupils, some fatally.

At Louisville, Ky., Dr. Philip Schlicher, an old physician of the city, was run over and killed by a switch engine at the Union depot yesterday.

At Harrisburg, Pa., Annie Wagner was fatally shot by her aunt, who was playfully pointing a revolver at her, which she did not know was loaded.

Arizona wants 10,000 feet space at the world's exposition at New Orleans, Lousiana wants the same amount, and Kansas wants an increase.

At Farmersville, La., John Cherry was brutally murdered on Wednesday by Perry and William Milton, father and son. Cherry leaves a wife and two children.

At Eastman, Ga., Willis Hodges, a negro, was hanged yesterday for killing Lizzie Jones. Hodges said in his speech from the scaffold he was going to glory.

John C. Sinclair, floorwalker for Stein Bros., New York, has been arrested for swindling the firm out of a large amount of money by means of "refunding checks."

The cotton on the steamer Marseilles, from New Orleans to Havre, is on fire. She put in to Key West to have it put out, but will have to be unloaded to repair the damage.

At Galveston, Texas, last night, Benjamin Hirschburg was horsewhipped by Mrs. Dr. Schull, whose husband he had charged with being the associate of women of loose character.

At Goshen, N. Y., last night burglars opened the safe of Holmes & Bergman and took $1,000, then stole a horse and buggy, which they left where they got on board a train.

In the suit in Buffalo against the insurance embezzler, Dimmick, the books were asked for, as a detective swore that he had seen an agent of the firm making erasures and changes.

The lines in the late North Atlantic conference have reduced steerage passages from New York to Liverpool to $18, and a still further reduction will be made, if necessary, to compete with other lines.

The Civil Reform association Chicago, has requested the members in congress from that state to support the bill making position in the service last during good behavior, and not four years as at present.

The embroglio between Victoria Medical school and Laval University at Montreal has been brought to an end by an order from the pope to close the medical and law schools of the branch established in the city.

At Utica, N. Y., at 11 o'clock last night, two fires occurred almost simultaneously, half a mile apart. Lowery Bros. cotton warehouse was one; loss $90,000; insured. The other was Watson block, damaged $2,000.

Wardell, bookkeeper for Newman & Levinson, San Francisco, fancy goods dealers, was found short in his accounts $400. He was arrested yesterday morning, and in half an hour he died in prison, believed to be by suicide.

The trials at Cincinnati are progressing rapidly. One was convicted yesterday, and three pleaded guilty. One was acquitted, charged with snatching a pocket book from a woman, owing to the principal being in Texas.

In the trials before the United States circuit court at Charleston, S. C., for violation of the election laws, the cases were dropped by the district attorney, as there were no chances for obtaining a conviction of any of the 200 cases.

Simon Popper, a member of the New York Stock Exchange, arrested in Chicago some days ago, was taken to New York by officers last night. He is charged with appropriating $30,000, belonging to Jessie Morill, of Oregon Navigation securities. He kept the proceeds to himself.

By the neglect of the telegraph operator at Steubenville to deliver proper train orders, two freight trains on the Panhandle collided near Wheeling Junction. Both engines and ten cars were completely destroyed. Two brakemen and a fireman were injured.

At Atchison, Kas., a rainfall has flooded the city, and done an immense amount of damage. White Clay creek which runs through the city was several feet higher than ever known, and swept a number of houses away. No lives were lost, although the lightning set fire to a number of houses.

NOW IS THE TIME TO CURE SKIN HUMORS.

IT is at this season, when the blood and perspiration are loaded with impurities, that Disfiguring Humors, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching Tortures, Salt Rheum or Eczema, Psoriasis, Tetter, Ringworm, Baby Humors, Scrofula, Scrofulous Sores, Abscessess and Discharging Wounds, and every species of itching, Scaly and Pimply Diseases of the Skin and Scalp are most speedily and economically cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

IT IS A FACT.

Hundreds of letters in our possession (copies of which may be had by return mail) are our authority for the assertion that Skin, Scalp and Blood Humors, whether Scrofulous, Inherited or Contagious, may NOW be permanently cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, Diuretic and Aperient, internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great Skin Cures and Beautifiers, externally, in one-half the time and at one-half the expense of any other season.

GREATEST ON EARTH.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are the greatest medicines on earth. Had the worst case Salt Rheum in this country. My mother had it twenty years, and in fact died from it. I believe CUTICURA would have saved her life. My arms, breast and head were covered for three years, which nothing relieved or cured until I used the CUTICURA RESOLVENT internally and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP externally.

J. W. ADAMS, Newark, O.

GREAT BLOOD MEDICINES

The half has not been told as to the great curative powers of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I have paid hundreds of dollars for medicines to cure diseases of the blood and skin, and never found anything yet to equal the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

CHAS. A. WILLIAMS.

Providence, R. I.

CURE IN EVERY CASE.

Your CUTICURA REMEDIES outsell all other medicinas I keep for skin diseases. My customers and patients say that they have effected a cure in every instance, where other remedies have failed.

H. W. BROCKWAY, M. D.

Franklin Falls, N. H.

Sold by all druggists. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cts.; RESOLVENT, $1; SOAP, 25 cts. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

BEAUTY For Rough, Chapped and Greasy Skin, Black heads, Pimples, Skin Blemishes, and Infantile Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP, a real Beautifier.

REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GAS.

Notice is hereby given that from and after the 1st day of June next the price of gas will be reduced to three dollars per 1,000 feet, with a further reduction of fifty cents per 1,000 feet on all monthly bills amounting to one hundred dollars or under, and seventy-five cents per 1,000 feet on all monthly bills exceeding one hundred dollars. The reduction conditioned upon the payment of bills on or before the 10th of the month succeeding.

By order of the board of directors.

April 20, 1884. H. H. SIBLEY, President.

411-124

LEGAL.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—ss. In Probate Court, special term, April 12 1884.

In the matter of the estate of Louisa C. McCarty, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Rufus H. McCarty, Philadelphia, state of Pennsylvania, representing, among other things, that Louisa C. McCarty, late of said county, on the 21st day of May, A. D., 1853, at St. Paul, in said county, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the son and only heir at law of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to George L. Becker granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before the Judge of this court, on Wednesday, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1884, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the DAILY GLOBE, a newspaper printed and published at Saint Paul, in said county.

By the Court, WM. B. McGRORTY,
(L.S.) Judge of Probate.
Attest: FRANK ROBERT, Jr., Clerk apr14-4w-mon

NOTICE—A mortgage made by Louis Wagner mortgagor, to John Stafford, mortgagee, dated December 15th, 1882, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in Ramsey county, Minnesota, February 3d, 1883, at 4 o'clock and 30 minutes p. m., in Book 71 of mortgages, on page 540, will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises, to-wit: Lots one and two in block three in Holcomb's addition to St. Paul, Minnesota, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of said register for default in the payment of $32 claimed to be due thereon at this date. The sale will be made April 30th, 1884, at ten o'clock a. m., at the sheriff's office in said county, to satisfy said mortgage, interest, costs and $25 attorney's fee as stipulated therein.

March 17th, 1884.

JOHN STAFFORD, Mortgagee,
JONES & GOVE, Mortgagee's Attorneys.
mar17-mon-7w

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—ss. District court.

In the matter of the assignment of The Eastern Fish Packing Company to O. M. Metcalf.

And now, upon reading and filing the petition of said O. M. Metcalf, said assignee, and upon due advisement and upon motion of James & Warren, attorneys of said assignee, it is ordered that the creditors of said Eastern Fish Packing Company and Frank H. Chase and Lemuel Dyer, who composed said firm, show cause if any they have before this court at a special term thereof to be held at the Court house in the city of St. Paul in said county, on the 10th day of May, 1884, at 10 o'clock a. m., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why said assignee, O. M. Metcalf, should not be empowered and authorized by this court to sell the stock, uncollected book accounts, fixtures and all unconverted assets of said estate at public auction to the highest bidder, either in bulk or in such parcels as may seem to said assignee most likely to realize the greatest amount;

And, ordered that this order be served upon each of the creditors of said estate, and upon said Frank H. Chase and Lemuel Dyer, who composed said firm, by depositing in the postoffice in St. Paul a copy of this order duly enveloped, postpaid and directed to each of said creditors and to said Frank H. Chase and Lemuel Dyer, at their reputed places of residence, at least 8 days before said May 10th, 1884.

Ordered further, that this order be further served on the creditors of said estate, and upon said Frank H. Chase and Lemuel Dyer, former partners as The Eastern Fish Packing Company, by publishing the same three successive days, the last publication to be at least 8 days before said hearing, in the DAILY GLOBE, a newspaper printed and published in said Saint Paul, Minnesota.

Dated April 19, 1884.

HASCAL R. BRILL, Judge.
JAMES & WARREN, Attorneys for Assignee.
112-114

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF RAMSEY—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, April 18, 1884.

In the matter of the estate of Kalmon Lion, deceased.

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Kalmon Lion, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Nathan Lion and Levi Herz have filed therewith their petition, representing among other things that said Kalmon Lion died in said county on the 14th day of April, 1884, testate, and that said petitioners are the sole executors named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to them issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office, in said county, on the 14th day of May, A. D. 1884, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publication of these orders for three weeks successively previous to said day of hearing, in the DAILY GLOBE, a newspaper printed and published at Saint Paul in said county.

By the Court,
(L.S.) WM. B. McGRORTY,
Judge of Probate.
Attest: FRANK ROBERT, Jr., Clerk.
I. V. D. HEARD, Attorney for Petitioners.
ap21-4w-mon

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF

The St. Paul and Minneapolis Electric Manufacturing and Plating Company.

The undersigned do hereby organize a corporation pursuing to the provisions of title 2, of chapter 34, of the statutes of Minnesota, and adopt the following articles of incorporation:

I.

The name of this corporation shall be THE ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING AND PLATING COMPANY.

The general nature of its business shall be to buy, construct or erect and maintain such appliances for the manufacturing of electric bells, alarms, burglar alarms, gold, silver and nickel plating, and all other work pertaining to the said business, that they may deem desirable, to purchase or lease such real estate as may be thought necessary or desirable, for the carrying out the purpose of the company, to contract with any party person or persons.

II.

Time of the commeucement of the said corpotiou shall be April 1st, 1884, and the period of its continuance thirty years.

III.

The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000), divided into 250 shares of one-hundred dollars ($100) each, and shall be paid in when subscribed.

IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be five thousand dollars ($5,000.)

V.

The names of the persons forming snch association for incorporation, are: A. S. Temple, Chas. D. Jones, H. E. Thompson, and the place of residence of the said A. S. Temple is the city of Minneapolis, and the residence of the said Chas. D. Jones and H. E. Thompson in the city of St. Paul.

VI.

The government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of Directors, consisting of three persons.

The board may, from its own number elect a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, who shall have such authority and perform such duties as the by-laws may provide. One person may hold any two of said offices.

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: A. S. Temple, Chas. D. Jones, and H. E. Thompson.

In witness whereof said parties have hereunto set their hands, and seals this 29th day of March, A.D. 1884, to duplicates.

A. S. TEMPLE, [Seal.]
CHAS. D. JONES, [Seal.]
H. E. THOMPSON, [Seal.]

In presence of—
GEO. W. WALSH,
J. E. ELLERS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Ramsey, }

On this 29th day of March, 1884, before me personally came A. S. Temple, Chas. D. Jones and H. E. Thompson, to me personally known to be the persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed

GEO. W. WALSH,
[Notarial seal.] Notary Public, Ramsey County, Minnesota.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE. }

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office, on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 40 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book J of incorporations, on pages 417, 418 and 419:

FRED VON BAUMBACH,
Secretary of State.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Ramsey. } ss

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.

This is to certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office, at Saint Paul, on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1884, at 4 o'clock p. m., and that the same was duly recorded in Book B of incorporations pages 539 and 540.

[Seal] R. C. WILEY,
Register of Deeds.

By the melting of the snow west of Denver in the mountains, there has been numerous land slides. Bridges have been broken down and the west bound passenger train was stopped by a slide. While standing on the track another slide came, striking the engine, turning it over, killing the engineer and injuring the fireman.

THE BANKERS' ASSOCIATION

HOME OFFICE, 15 Fire & Marine Building, ST. PAUL, MINN.

OFFICERS:

Acting President—JOHN B. SANBORN, President Chamber of Commerce, St. Paul.
Secretary—RUSSELL R. DORR, St. Paul.
Treasurer—WM. R. MERRIAM, President Merchants National Bank, St. Paul.
Medical Director—Dr. D. W. HAND, President State Board of Health, St. Paul.

Board of Trustees:
C. H. BIGELOW,
MAURICE AUERBACH,
Gen. JOHN B. SANBORN,
WM. R. MERRIAM,
BRUNO BEAUPRE.

The New System of

LIFE INSURANCE

Operated through the

Banks of the Northern States.

All funds invested exclusively in

United States Registered Bonds.

This Association carries a larger proportionate RESERVE FUND for the protection of its members than any company on the assessment plan in the KNOWN WORLD, with one exception.

Depositories Established During the Fiscal Month of March.

No. 202—Union National Bank, Minneapolis.
No. 203—Edelbrock Bros., Melrose, Minn.
No. 204—Jas. S. Casey, Fort Keogh, M. T.
No. 205—Hicks, Gephart & Co., Valley Falls, Kansas.
No. 206—National Branch Bank, Madison Ind.
No. 207—People's Bank, Dwight, Ill.
No. 208—National Exchange Bank, Steubenville, Ohio.
No. 209—Bohri Bros., Fountain City. Wis.
No. 210—Frank W. Carpenter, Maiden Rock, Wis.
No. 211—First National Bank, Reno, Nevada.
No. 212—Ransom Co. Bank, Lisbon D. T.
No. 213—Citizens' National Bank, Fulton, N. Y.
No. 214—Moshannon Banking Co., Phillipsburgh, Pa.
No. 215—Edward S. McIlroy, Mapes, D. T.
No. 216—Bradford & Burr, Alma, Neb.
No. 217—Bank of Tracy, Tracy, Minn.
No. 218—First National Bank, Livingston, M. T.
No. 219—Bank of Graceville, Graceville, Minn.

During the Fiscal Month of March, 175 New Memberships Were Issued

By the Bankers' Association, and distributed as follows:

To Merchants	*69*
To Bankers	*36*
To Farmers	*9*
To Clerks	*18*
To Attorneys	*13*
To Physicians	*6*
To Hotel Proprietors	*11*
To Army Officers	*3*
To Teachers	*2*
To Clergymen	*1*
To Miscellaneous	*7*
Total	*175*

These applications for membership came from

ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,
NEW YORK,
PENNSYLVANIA,
OHIO,
INDIANA,
ILLINOIS,
MISSOURI,
KANSAS,
NEBRASKA,
MINNESOTA,
WISCONSIN,
DAKOTA,
NEVADA,
MONTANA and
WASHINGTON.

READ THE LIST!

Of Certificates Issued During the Fiscal Month of March.

Maurice Auerbach	St. Paul	2,000
Maurice Auerbach	St. Paul	2,000
Frank Keogh	St. Paul	2,000
Frank Keogh	St. Paul	2,000
Frank Keogh	St. Paul	2,000
Eugene A. Hendrickson	St. Paul	2,000
Eugene A. Hendrickson	St. Paul	2,000
Eugene A. Hendrickson	St. Paul	2,000
Eugene F. Mehl	St. Paul	2,000
Frank Werner	St. Paul	2,000
Frank Funk	St. Paul	2,000
Francis P. McCanley	St. Paul	2,000
William A. Turner	St. Paul	2,000
William G. Pearce	St. Paul	2,000
Michael F. Kelehar	St. Paul	2,000
Egbert W. Leonard	St. Paul	2,000
Egbert W. Leonard	St. Paul	2,000
William M. Talcott	St. Paul	2,000
John G. Short	St. Paul	2,000
Matthew M. Gasser	St. Paul	2,000
Charles J. Potts	St, Paul	2,000
Nelson P. Fisk	St. Paul	2,000
Charles E. Wantland	St. Paul	2,000
Joseph Ingenhutt	Minneapolis	2,000
Charles A. Ebert	Minneapolis	2,000
Henry Mitstroh	Minneapolis	2,000
Gustav Deisting	Minneapolis	2,000
Gustav Deisting	Minneapolis	2,000
Adolph Blitz	Minneapolis	2,000
A. B. Robbins	Minneapolis	2,000
Fredrick Kuphal	Minneapolis	2,000
Fredrick Kuphal	Minneap