

SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

Gleanings of News and Items of Material Interest.

A Daily Globe Department at Mankato Devoted to Developing and Advancing the Southern Portion of the State.

The Mankato office of the southern Minnesota department of the GLOBE will be, until further notice, given, at the drug store of John A. Sanborn. Persons desirous of transacting business with this department, who have no means of communication, are respectfully invited to call. Mail communication from outside of Mankato should be addressed, DAILY GLOBE, box 498 Mankato, Minn.

Special Reports from the Globe Mankato office April 22.

Mankato Dots.

It is to be expected that street sprinklers will be out in a few days.

The office of Dr. Snow is now on the second floor of the Meagher & Ray block.

Geo. P. Hoer has sold recently 1,200 head of cattle, and has 1,000 on hand for sale.

J. J. Thompson, Esq., arrived in Mankato yesterday, after several seasons in Montana.

Mr. Balles has leased the second floor and not the entire building Mr. Mills is to erect.

The law office of A. R. Pfan will hardly be recognized by its frequenters. It is papered and its appearance greatly changed.

Mr. H. A. Maas, of Stillwater, formerly proprietor of the Palace of Sports in this city, was at Mankato the last of this week.

It is expected that a large number of dealers from abroad will be present at the meeting of the dairy and produce exchange to-day.

Rev. Mr. Cheyney, formerly pastor of the Congregational church at this place but now occupying a similar position at Waseca, was in the city Tuesday.

From the extensive preparations that are being made by the ladies of St. John's parish for the fair to-night, it is expected that it will be an enjoyable affair.

One of the infallible signs of the boom is the presence of half a dozen female book agents who read in most ravishing tones to beautiful passages of their work and ask if it is not beautiful.

As an evidence that the farmers of this section are turning their attention to the stock and dairy business is the fact that one of our dealers has sold this spring 250 bushels of clover seed, 1,000 bushels of timothy, and about 200 bushels of other grass seeds.

Mr. Alberger appears to have brought his experiments on clay for fire brick to perfection. He has burned a kiln and they proved to be of the best quality. He has tested them with a furnace, and they stand a higher test than either of them; while the Cincinnati and St. Louis melted away under a thorough test Mr. Alberger's remained perfect.

NEWPORT.

Seeding is about finished in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Everett have gone to Big Stone to spend the summer.

L. B. Maxon has sold his farm, about two miles out, and moved into the village.

Mrs. W. R. Brown has had a new kitchen added to her house, and it is now conveniently arranged for two families.

The ladies aid society of the M. E. church will meet at Wm. Laranyi on Wednesday of this week.

F. Nottemire, an old resident, has sold his farm to his son August, and will move to Hamlin as soon as his house is finished, which is now being built there.

Mr. Jones (going) out here and Frank Balmat have purchased a lot opposite the depot, and are putting up a store for the sale of feed, flour, groceries and general merchandise.

Rev. Mr. Johnson of River Falls, Wis., preached a trial sermon in the Baptist church in St. Paul on the 20th inst., and people being mutually pleased he received and accepted a call to locate here for the present. The society have been without a pastor for the last eight months, and the church and parsonage have been closed. All will be pleased to see them occupied again.

ROCHESTER.

E. S. Crowl received a photograph from a photographer in Washington, of a cyclone cloud that passed over this city last August, as it appeared from that place.

Senator D. A. goes to New Rockford to-morrow to be absent until next week.

Rev. Robert Nourse, of Lacrosse, will deliver his lecture on "John and Jonathan" at the Congregational church on Wednesday of next week.

Mrs. E. A. Knowlton has been seriously ill for some days past, is convalescing.

RED WING.

The funeral of Mrs. McClure, wife of Judge Charles McClure, took place in her residence in this city yesterday and was very largely attended. Mrs. McClure died suddenly Saturday at age of forty-five years. One of her daughters, Mrs. L. A. Houghton, was in the city at the time of her mother's death, and was telegraphed for, arriving home with her husband Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Baker, wife of C. E. L. Baker, of Addison's disease of nervous prostration. She was a most estimable lady and the blow will fall heavily upon Captain Baker and the family.

The LaGrange Mill company, under the management of the new firm of H. E. Perkins & Co., seems to have struck in of a most satisfactory manner. A new mill, which is a fine structure, is being running in full force, and the mill is employed as head miller, and is pleased with the condition of the mill and the results in a fine mill of flour, which he is able to reach. An order for a thousand barrels of the flour was received from Washington, D. C., the other day, and orders are coming in rapidly from other directions.

Charles Reinhardt has purchased J. F. Taak's residence on Fourth street, for \$2,100. It is a pleasant home and worth the money.

Mr. L. A. Hancock has been elected secretary of the Red Wing Wagon works, to fill the place made vacant by the resignation of B. F. Hodgman. Mr. Hodgman leaves his position with the entire confidence and best wishes of the board of directors. He has proved a most efficient and valuable secretary and bookkeeper. Mr. Hancock, who will after May first take charge of the books and correspondence, will find the task an easier one by reason of having everything in systematic order. The new secretary is in every way equal to the place, and he has been chosen, and it is believed by all that he is the man for the place. Large orders for wagons are being constantly received and everything promises well for future prosperity.

The 9 a. m. Sunday service at Christ church drew out quite a large congregation, which must have been very gratifying to the boys' choir, who rendered the choral service splendidly, their singing on this occasion, far exceeding any previous effort.

The Episcopal choir, as now composed, consists of Miss Ione Fuller, soprano, Miss Carrie Olson, alto, A. J. B. St. John, tenor, and P. Sjöholm, bass, and Miss Maria Overton, organist. They sang for the first time last Sunday.

A company of ornithologists consisting of Dr. Sandberg, L. A. Hancock, Frank Kinnaman and L. A. Willard, will make a trip to Cannon Falls to-day or to-morrow, by rail, and back by way of duck water navigation on the Cannon in the light craft of L. A. Willard, to be shipped out to the falls for the purpose.

Rev. Mr. Pratt, of Hastings, exhibited some fine specimens of nesting of native birds at the society meeting Wednesday. The paintings were made from specimens shot by the reverend gentleman in the prosecution of his studies in the branch of science.

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A NEW POWER.

Formal Recognition of the International Association of Congo.

Comptroller Knox Vindicated in the Pacific Bank Matter.

Commander Schley Ordered to the Command of the Greely Relief Expedition.

Probable Defeat of the Trade Dollar Bill by Amendments.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—Hon. John W. Foster, United States minister to Spain, who arrived in Washington yesterday, has come to confer with the authorities regarding the details of the proposed commercial treaty between Spain and the United States. It is said on undisputed authority, his visit has nothing to do with the alleged plan for the purchase of Cuba by the United States, nor has it any bearing on the insurrection in Cuba.

FILIBUSTERING TO BE STOPPED.

The secretary of the treasury and the attorney general have issued orders to their agents in the cities bordering on the Gulf of Mexico, for a strict enforcement of the neutrality laws. Agents are instructed to keep a sharp lookout for Cuban insurgents, and intercept any filibustering expedition bound for Cuba. The revenue steamers "Forward" and "Saward" are cruising in the Gulf on patrol duty.

THE PACIFIC BANK, BOSTON.

The house committee on banking and currency to-day agreed upon the following resolutions as the report of the committee on the recent investigation of the charges against the government officials arising out of the failure of the Pacific National bank, Boston:

Resolved, that from an examination of the allegations, and the offers of proof made by the memorialists, and documentary evidence and admissions already before the committee, it is the opinion of the committee that further investigation of the facts is not necessary in order to pass upon the charges made against the government officials. That there is no proof or offer of proof sufficient to justify the committee in entertaining the charge of conspiracy between the government officials and other parties. That the increase of the capital stock of the bank to \$800,000, in a question of law now before a court of competent jurisdiction, and is not a matter properly calling for judgment of this committee. That while, in the light of the facts apparent since the failure of the bank the committee's opinion of the charges made against the memorialists, may be open to criticism, and the wisdom of his course may be questioned. There is nothing to show that he was actuated by any improper motive or was guilty of any intentional violation of law. That the charge of conspiracy made against Examiner Needham is not sustained except in so far that he yielded his own judgment too much to influences surrounding him, and to the apparent business sentiment of Boston in favor of keeping this bank from going into the hands of receivers, and to the hopes, opinions and statements of the directors and others interested in rehabilitation of the bank. That a subcommittee be directed to prepare a report embodying these views, and to formulate such amendments to the national banking act as will tend to prevent the practices by which the insolvency of the Pacific bank was brought about, and to limit and define the discretion of the comptroller, and if possible, make the examination directed by law more reliable and trustworthy.

Resolved, that notwithstanding Benson's alleged lack of confidence in his certificate to the corporation, and in assigning to another examiner, for reasons given, he but complied with what seemed to be a reasonable request, and the most that can be said of these matters is that they have stimulated the comptroller's department to extraordinary watchfulness upon this bank.

THE GREELY RELIEF EXPEDITION.

The secretary of the navy sent the following communication to Commander Schley, in New York, in regard to the Greely relief expedition:

Navy Department, April 21.—Sir: The Thetis, Bear and Alert, ships for the Greely relief expedition for 1884, being ready, you are ordered to take command of them and proceed to the coast of Greenland, or further north if necessary, and if possible, find and rescue, or ascertain the fate of Lieut. Greely and his comrades. All officers and men under your command are hereby enjoined to the performance of duty on sea and land, to which you may order them. No detailed instructions will be given you. Full confidence is felt that you have both capacity and courage, guided by discretion, necessary to do all that is required of you by the department or the nation, for the rescue of our imperiled countrymen. With earnest wishes, and high hopes of your success, and safe return.

W. E. CHANDLER, Secretary of the Navy.

GEN. MACKENZIE'S SUCCESSOR.

An order was issued by the war department to-day, assigning Brigadier General David S. Stanley to the command of the department of Texas, in the place of Brigadier General McKim.

R. M. Stevenson, Monmouth, Ill., is appointed receiver of the First National bank of that place.

TRADE DOLLARS.

The senate committee on finance this morning took up and discussed the house bill providing for the retirement and redemption of trade dollars. An understanding was reached, that if the bill is reported at all it should contain a provision similar to that in the original bill which was withdrawn on the house, providing that the amount of silver received under the provisions of the act should be deducted from the monthly purchases of bullion under the present law for the coinage of standard dollars. Objections were made to the bill, that its operation extended over too great a period. It provides that trade dollars shall be received at their face value in payment of all dues to the United States until the first of June, 1886. This is urged, would give an opportunity to import all trade dollars which have gone abroad, and have them redeemed at their enhanced value. It was suggested that stamped or marked coins be excepted from the provisions of the bill, and that the time be limited to sixty or ninety days, within which trade dollars should be redeemable. The latter proposition met with decided favor, and although no formal action was taken, there is no doubt, if reported at all, the time will be so limited as not to permit the importation of trade dollars which entered into circulation in Asia. Final action was postponed for a week. From the opinions expressed in the discussion, it is not thought probable the bill will be reported favorable. The extreme hard money men in the committee oppose it on the theory that trade dollars are merely bullion which the government is in no sense bound to redeem. Silver men oppose it because of the prospective suspension of the purchase of silver.

MINORITY PATENT REPORT.

Senators Mitchell and Camden submitted a minority adverse report from the committee on patents, on the bill recently reported favorably by the majority, to provide for the extension of patents on a steam grain shovel.

RIGHT OF WAY GRANTED.

A bill was reported favorably to the senate, granting the right of way through Ft. Tilden reservation to the Rio Grande, Mexico & Pacific railroad, with an amendment limiting the right of way to 200 feet width.

SPRING RIGHTS.

The bill introduced in the senate to-day by Senator Dawes, in relation to the rights of persons of African descent residing in the Chickasaw Indian nation, provides that all such persons resident in that nation on the date of the treaty, at Ft. Smith and their de-

scendants, who were held in slavery to said nation, and mentioned in the third article of the Choctaw and Chickasaw treaty of 1866, shall be declared citizens of the Chickasaw nation, and entitled to all the rights specified by said treaty.

MONEY FOR THE CREEK INDIANS.

Secretary Teller has decided that the Creek Indian nation is entitled to payment for 151,878 acres of land at 30c an acre, with interest from 1866, for the lands taken by the United States under the provisions of the treaty of June 14, 1866, over and above 3,270,500 acres, ceded by that treaty.

WANTING A RESERVATION.

Princess Winnemucca, of the Piute Indians, Nevada, was before the sub-committee on Indian affairs to-day, pleading for setting apart camp McDermott reservation for her tribe.

RECOGNITION OF CONGO.

The injunction of secrecy was removed to-day from the resolution adopted by the senate in executive session on April 10, 1884, authorizing the recognition of the African International association, which is now opening up to commerce the valley of the Congo. The resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That the senate concurs in the views expressed by the president of the United States in his last annual message to congress in reference to the interests of the United States in the settlement of the Congo country in Africa, and in the opening of the country to the commerce of the people, and lawful relations with all other countries. And that it is the opinion of the senate that the flag of the African International association should be recognized as the flag of a friendly government.

In view of the action of the senate on this matter, Henry S. Sanford, representative of the African International association to-day, executed and delivered to the secretary of state, the official declaration of the objects and purposes of the association, and Secretary Frelinghuysen, by direction of the president made the following official announcement:

I, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, secretary of state, duly empowered therefor, by the president of the United States of America, and pursuant to the advice and consent of the senate heretofore assembled, acknowledge the receipt of the foregoing notification from the international association of Congo, and declares that, in harmony with the traditional policy of the United States, which enjoys a proper regard for the commercial interests of their citizens, while, at the same time, avoiding interference with controversies between other powers, as well as an alliance with foreign nations, the government of the United States announces its sympathy with and approval of the humane and benevolent purposes of the international association of Congo, administering as it does the interest of the free states there established and will order officers of the United States, both on land and sea, to recognize the flag of the International African association as the flag of a friendly government.

(Signed) FREDERICK T. FRELINGHUYSEN.

Bill Nye, Josh Billings, and other humorists, have contributed their best efforts to the ST. JACOBS OIL FAMILY CALENDAR, 1884-5. The same can be had by inclosing a recent postage stamp to the ST. JACOBS OIL COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

BERBER REPORTED CAPTURED.

The Garrison and Inhabitants Believed to Have Been Massacred.

The Gallant Hussein Pasha Pleading for Assistance for Months.

CARMO, April 22.—It is reported the rebels have captured Berber. It is uncertain whether or not the garrison and inhabitants have been massacred. The khedive and ministers are deeply affected by the report. Hussein Pasha has been asking for assistance for months, and aid will be too late now.

THE SHENDY MASSACRE.

CARMO, April 22.—Refugees from Shendy say, the massacre consisted of Copts, Egyptians, Assyrians and Greeks. Before they left Khartoum, Gen. Gordon said to them, "you are safe in Khartoum, but go if you like." El Mahdi's lieutenant commanding the rebels between Shendy and Berber, has sent Ulemas to Bibed and the villages in its vicinity, and to prevent the practices by which the insolvency of the Pacific bank was brought about, and to limit and define the discretion of the comptroller, and if possible, make the examination directed by law more reliable and trustworthy.

SERIOUS RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

Twenty Persons Injured, Some of Them Seriously.

BRENNHAM, TEXAS, April 22.—Two coaches on the west bound passenger train of the Santa Fe road, to-night, about half a mile south of Kenney, were derailed, resulting in the more or less injury to twenty passengers, none of whom, however, being so seriously hurt as to prevent the continuance of their journey. The most severely injured are:

D. A. W. Fly, of Galveston, cut and bruised the head.

G. F. Hall, Galveston, bruised on the head.

A gentleman from New York, name unknown, left leg broken.

At the time of the accident the train was running on track at a moderate speed and the coaches overturned just as the train was brought to a stop. After a careful survey no cause could be found for the derailment, and it must be regarded as one of the unaccountable accidents which occasionally occur on the best regulated railways. The Santa Fe authorities dispatched a train with surgeons, to the scene, and afforded every attention to the wounded, who were brought to Brenham and placed in the best hotels.

The Whisky Pool Re-established.

CINCINNATI, O., April 22.—The whisky pool is re-established. The executive committee held a meeting and ratified \$1.10 as the price, and it will be kept at that for a few days when an advance is expected. One assessment has been ordered of \$130,000 to pay the liabilities of the pool, and it is hinted that a still further reduction in the capacity of the pool will be made.

The members of the Blue line pool, though not all pleased, are willing to make a further effort to keep the business under the present organization.

A Cut on Wheat and Provisions.

CHICAGO, April 22.—A conference between the Chicago, Burlington, & Quincy, and the Western Truck line roads preliminary to that set for to-morrow. It was charged by some of the roads on the east-bound pool to-day, that the Blue line in combination with the Donaldson and Clyde steamship line, had contracted for 32,000 bushels of wheat at twenty-four cents per hundred, a cut of four cents, and that the same lines took several consignments of provisions at a like rate, a cut of eleven cents. The Blue line people assert that they got annual rates to Montreal.

The Winship-Walsh Quarrel.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 22.—There is no quarrel in this country or any adjacent one, except the *Plaindealer* and *Fargo Argus*, which recognize the Walsh delegates who have gone to Huron as representatives of the Republican organization. On the other hand they distinctly put themselves on record in favor of Winship and the regular delegates accompanying him to Huron with proper credentials.

P. F. Egan & Co's. Great Auction Sale.

Fine Diamonds, Bronzes, Glasses, Cathedral ring diamonds, Pearl Opera Glass, Fine Fancy Goods at your own price and under; absolutely warranted. 115 East Third street. Sales at 10 a. m. and 7 p. m.

At Boston, Samuel McShee, who keeps a drug store in the basement of the Waverly house, and a clerk, Wm. Beede, were arrested for robbing a room at the Snowy boarder at the hotel, of about \$4,000 worth of jewelry, bonds, etc. They are held in \$10,000 bail.

A HIGH OLD TIME.

They Had It in the Republican Caucus at Kasson.

And Are Likely to Have It in the Ohio Republican Convention.

Very Bitter Feeling Between Blaine and Sherman Men in Ohio.

Row in the Grand Old Party.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

KASSON, April 22.—Republican party politics at this place are at white heat and the "grand old party" of "great moral ideas" is "all torn up," and the occasion for it is the election and control of delegates from this precinct to the Republican county convention, to be held at Mantoville to-morrow.

The party of late has been divided into two factions, one with L. G. Nelson as its ostensible head, and the other led by G. B. Arnold, a brother-in-law to Senator-elect C. E. Severance, and as both are candidates for state offices, the first for treasurer and the latter for auditor, it has occasioned a fierce and bitter fight for the prestige of delegates to the convention and the consequent control of the patronage of the county.

The fight has been the most bitter that has ever been known here, and much bad blood has been engendered, resulting in much animosity and ill feeling.

The Arnold party scored a brilliant victory by the capture of the Hon. Milo White when he was here a few days since "repairing his fences," as he had always been supposed to be, long exclusively to Mr. Nelson, as Mr. Nelson was the committee that procured his brilliant oratory at our county fair last fall in payment for the honorable gentlemen's "favorable mention" of Mr. Nelson's candidacy for state treasurer. Mr. White evidently found his "fences" in good repair at this place as he only remained about four hours, taking the six o'clock freight for other fields.

The culminating point was reached last night when the caucus met to choose the delegates to the county convention, and a rich treat was the result to the Democrats, who were quiet lookers on. The town hall was densely packed, and it was evident that both sides had marshaled their whole strength for the final struggle.

Mr. Arnold as chairman of the precinct committee, called the caucus to order, read the call and called for the nomination of a presiding officer, and then endorsed the first trial of strength.

The Nelson party were first to the attack, and Mr. H. S. Work was moved to the front immediately followed by the nomination of Dr. H. T. Turner by the Arnold followers.

Mr. Arnold put the motion for Mr. Works for chairman and the ayes and noes were so nearly evenly divided it was impossible for him to decide, and he so stated when an immediate call to divide the house was made. Mr. Arnold directed those in favor of Works to take the north side of the hall and those for Turner the south side.

Again it was impossible to decide without a count, when a hasty consultation occurred between Nelson and his leaders, which led to an almost immediate motion to elect a chairman by ballot, which was unanimously carried.

L. G. White and George B. Edgerton, of the opposing factions were appointed tellers and the vote went on. Mr. Arnold arose after the count by the tellers and announced "listen to the result of your ballot."

Whole number of votes cast 190; Works 83, Turner 67.

Mr. Nelson, after the confusion had partially subsided said he "had it in his mind that fifteen Democrats had voted," but as it was "in his mind" no notice was taken until one of the Nelson crowd stepped upon the platform and moved to W. W. Works, chairman of the Republican caucus, which the speaker put and declared carried and Works and Turner both took position on the platform, glaring at each other like gladiators in the arena. Each faction then completed their organization and proceeded with two caucuses in the same hall, and each elected delegates to the county convention, the utmost confusion reigning all the time, disgusting many of the fair-minded men of both factions.

During the uproar consequent upon the election of chairman, a Democrat proposed to let the Democrats present elect one of their number chairman for them, and thus "stay the troubled waters," but their kindly effort to "pour oil upon the troubled water" was of no avail.

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