

MINNEAPOLIS NEWS.

OFFICE—No. 9 Washington Avenue, opposite Nicollet house. Office hours from 6 a. m. to 10 o'clock p. m.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBE LETTERS.

The real estate contracts filed yesterday aggregated \$28,936.

Mayor Pillsbury is still confined to his residence by illness.

The new pipe organ for the Central Baptist church is being set up.

D. W. Erwing's case of assault and battery was dismissed yesterday.

The case of the city for the new directory will commence Thursday morning.

Fire alarm box 48 is being placed at the corner of Second street and Eighth avenue north.

A plot of Farrington's addition, containing sixteen lots, was filed yesterday in the register's office.

Nelle Conroy, who was before his honor for libeling barley juice, had her sentence suspended yesterday.

Prof. Clark and Proctor will give a reception to their pupils at their rooms in the Synagogue block this afternoon.

The striking cooperers are slowly going back to the shops and renewing work. The bosses are still uncompromising.

A striking chimney called the fire department out yesterday morning.

Twenty-fourth street yesterday morning.

J. J. Hill has tendered the use of his farm at Lake Minnetonka to the G. A. R. people during the national encampment.

The case against S. D. Rouse, charged with malicious destruction of property was dismissed yesterday by Judge Bailey.

Miss Harriet Judson was thrown from her carriage and suffered a dislocation of her ankle, while driving on Tenth street.

On motion of the city attorney the charge against Ed Schmik for keeping his saloon open on Sunday, was dismissed yesterday.

Two more baggage keepers together with their respective flocks of "soiled doves" paid their fines yesterday in the municipal court yesterday.

Joseph H. Murch, the head bar tender at the Nicollet house, paid a fine in \$25 and costs aggregating \$42.70, in the municipal court yesterday.

A plot of Nesmith & Smith's rearrangement of lots one and two, block five, in Carson's addition, was yesterday filed with the register of deeds.

Manager Conklin, of the Grand, has gone to Chicago in the interest of the house. He is looking first-class attractions for the coming season.

Lizzie Brown, who was an inmate of Sarah Welch's assignment house, was committed fifteen days, but the case against the keeper was continued.

William Clark and John Perry, charged with robbing Frank Prendergast, will be given examination in the municipal court to-morrow afternoon.

Despite the rain the box office sale of reserved seats for the Robson & Crane engagement, which opens to-morrow evening, is quite large and freshwaters full houses.

Robson and Crane, the formidable comedians in the "Two Drovers," who are now delighting St. Paul audiences, will open at the Grand to-morrow evening, in "Mother-in-Law."

Strickland & Wilson, Washington avenue, near Hennepin, have the finest coupe in the city. Orders are solicited and satisfaction is guaranteed. Communicate by telephone if necessary.

The Women's bazaar, for the benefit of the Y. M. C. A., will commence at Peter-son's Hall, Washington avenue south, next Thursday evening, and continue five evenings in succession.

The funeral of the late Oscar Smele, who died on Sunday, occurred yesterday under the auspices of the Turner Society, Froshin Society and Robert Burn lodge, I. O. O. F. The remains were buried in Lakewood cemetery.

The directors of the fair association are preparing for an annual exhibition on a more extensive scale than ever. The industrial display will be extraordinary, and the track and sports will discount last year's speeding.

Strickland & Wilson, the liverymen, on Washington avenue, near Hennepin, have magnificent Kentucky horses for sale. They have finely matched teams of carriage and saddle horses, which are well worth seeing before purchasing elsewhere.

Mr. Samuels, of the chamber of commerce, has gone to Milwaukee to urge upon Mr. Bird, general freight agent of the Milwaukee road, the justice of allowing commission men the same privileges as are now granted the millers in the matter of shipping mill-stuff to local points on transit.

The proudest man in the sawdust city yesterday was Officer Martin Devereaux. The occasion of his pride and hilarity was the birth of an heir weighing fifteen pounds, six ounces, to his numerous friends, who congratulated him upon the happy event.

In the case of Cora A. Garvans against the city of Minneapolis, and Love Emerson, a non-resident property holder, judgment for the amount of the verdict—\$7,000—was yesterday filed in the district court. Mr. Emerson has paid that amount to the injured lady, together with \$87.89, costs of the action.

The following parties received marriage licenses yesterday: Joseph Knight and Mary Dugin, James O. Keefe and Lizzie Eckes, Charles Elpersmann and Nettie D. Miller, Jeremiah Daily and Maggie Hanlon, C. S. Bradley and Annie L. Stevens, S. S. Madsen and Ellen Erickson, Srants Swanson and Alberta Anderson.

Last evening at 6:45 a fire broke out in the freight office of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. The fire department responded promptly to the alarm and soon had the incipient blaze under complete control. The damage is nominal, only few unimportant papers being consumed. How the fire originated remains a mystery.

It turns out that the man who committed suicide on Monday by throwing himself into the river was not Desboure, but a destituted Swede named Andrew Bustund, who lived at 2,529 South Ninth street. The body has not yet been recovered. The case was reported to Chief West by the son of the deceased.

President J. J. Hill, of the Manitoba railway company states that the new union depot will be superior to anything in Chicago or the west, in size, beauty of architecture or convenience. Its capacity will be double that of the New York Central depot of New York City and it will be ready for practical use by the time cold weather sets in.

County Treasurer Walsh states that there is about \$1,000,000 in taxes to be collected between now and June 1, in order to escape the 10 per cent penalty to be added at that time, and unless property owners pay more rapidly than has been the case recently, it will be impossible to attend to everybody, and some will be unnecessarily forced to pay the penalty.

A meeting of all the millmen of Minneapolis is to be held at the armory at 7:30 this evening, to make arrangements for the reception of the National Rifles of Washington, and to Co. E of Chicago, who are coming later. The Washington boys compose one of the crack military organizations of the country, and they are to be tendered a reception at Chicago, Madison, St. Paul and other cities. The plan proposed here is to have a hop at the armory, preceded by an exhibition drill by the visitors.

The Minneapolis Wagon company filed its articles of incorporation yesterday. The capital stock is \$100,000 divided into 2,000 shares of \$50 each, of which \$25,000 shall be paid in at the time of commencement and the balance of the shares shall only be issued as they are sold and paid for

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Senator Morrill, from the committee on finance, reported favorably a joint resolution appropriating \$25,000 to defray the expenses of the ceremonies connected with the approaching completion and dedication of the Washington monument. The committee of arrangements for the occasion is provided for, and to consist of five senators, eight representatives and three members of the Washington monument, association, and the United States engineer in charge of the work. The oration will be delivered by the Honorable Robt. C. Winthrop, who delivered an oration on the occasion of laying the corner stone in 1848. Placed on calendar.

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The senate passed the house bill authorizing the First National Bank of Lincoln, Neb., to change its name, also the house bill, authorizing the First National Bank of Nashville to increase its capital stock.

Senator George offered a resolution for referring to the committee on patents, die referring to the committee report the bill providing that hereafter no patent shall be granted for any invention or discovery made by any person, who at the time of the invention or discovery, shall not be a citizen and a resident of the United States, and, further, instructing the committee to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that all patents hereafter granted, shall be subject to purchase by the United States for public use upon a fair valuation thereof. Referred.

The bill to provide for the sale of Iowa Indian reservation in Nebraska and Kansas was read the third time, and after a short debate, passed.

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In the course of the debate Senator Morgan said latitudinarianism seemed to have become the order of the day, and he supposed the senator who protested against the government undertaking anything it pleased, was simply considered making himself ridiculous. But there had never been a more dangerous and desperate piece of legislation than this bill. The power given by it to the secretary of the treasury was utterly indefensible.

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Senator Morgan said the assurance given by Senator Plumb in the officers of the government were not warranted by their recent history. He (Morgan) had himself, within a short time, shown the senate that a man who had been indicted in the United States courts and presented by the attorney general of the United States for the crime of perjury, had actually been appointed United States marshal of the middle and southern districts of Alabama. The departments of this government, as the senators could not but know, were so conducted as to subvert personal politics, even party politics being given but secondary consideration. The reward of the marshal referred to, was for bringing voters to the administration. He circulated from county to county in his district influencing colored Republicans to vote for Arthur for president.

Senator Miller, of California, offered as an amendment the measure heretofore reported by him from the committee on foreign relations, prohibiting the importation of diseased cattle, or those which have been exposed to contagion, and authorizing the president to prohibit the importation of adulterated food products from nations that unjustly discriminate against the United States. Miller said any bill relating to the contagious cattle diseases was manifestly incomplete that did not provide for the exclusion of diseased cattle from England and other countries, and that didn't provide for the exclusion of adulterated and poisonous food products from all countries. These contagious cattle diseases complained of, Miller said, had not originated in America, but had come into the United States from England. The most undoubted proof had shown that no trichinae has been found anywhere in the world in American-cured meats.

Senator Miller said it was a question for the senate to consider and decide, whether it was not time to give the president power to exclude from the United States articles coming from countries that carelessly or without good reason, exclude from their own ports articles coming from the United States.

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The committee is to appoint two competent agents, who shall be practical commercial transactions affecting live stock, who shall report the best manner of transporting and caring for animals, and the means to be adopted to suppress and exterminate pleuro pneumonia and other dangerous, contagious or communicable diseases. The compensation of such agents is fixed at \$10 per day. The commissioner is to prepare as early as possible such rules and regulations as may

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"My name is Cicero B. Jellerson, and am twenty-five years old the 15th day of this month. I reside in Carroll county, Iowa, but formerly resided in Audubon county. Am acquainted with Hiram Jellerson, my father. The last time I saw him was Friday night, the 25th, and saw him under the circumstances of the murder. J. J. Wilson and John A. Smythe were the leading ones who committed the murder. Wilson, Smythe and myself are the ones who did it.

We left the residence of J. J. Wilson, in Carroll county, about 8 o'clock on Friday evening. Smythe rode his own horse, and Wilson and I rode Wilson's horses. We tied our horses to trees a few rods northeast of the house. We stopped there and laid our plans how we should proceed. Wilson took the rope which he had brought, and pulled father out. Father said: "Cicero, is that you?" Nobody answered. Mother said: "No; is that John Smythe?" We brought him to the front room and choked and smothered him, and one of them took the rope out of my hands and put it on father's neck. Father begged us not to hurt him. They had the rope on him and started him along by the neck. I had a hold of the end of the rope, and Smythe and Wilson were behind. As we were dragging him along, he said: "Don't, John; don't hurt me so." Wilson stopped and tightened the rope, and John and I pulled him out.

When we got to a tree Smythe threw one end of the rope over a limb and I helped pull father up. Wilson taking hold and lifting the body till we got it clear from the ground. When we got it up we tied his hands behind him and wound the rope around his body, but I don't know how. I think he was about dead then as he only kicked once or twice after we got him up. Wilson tore father's shirt open and tied it over his head. The shirt was the only clothing he had on. We stood around a few minutes and Smythe and Wilson put on their overcoats and we walked our horses and mounted them and rode off.

We arrived at Wilson's ten minutes past four on Saturday morning. It was quite daylight. We murdered father about midnight. We took handkerchiefs and out holes in them for eyes and nose and wore them over our faces for masks. I threw mine into the stove and burned it after I got home. Wilson bought the rope at Coon Rapids a week ago last Saturday that we used to hang father with.

They had been talking to me about hanging father for almost a week or ten days, but I objected, and did not want to help do it. Smythe came to Wilson's Friday morning, and we agreed to go that night. They told me they would make away with me after they got back that night if I would not go along with them and help them. John Smythe said we had better go that night, as it was dark, the roads were good, and we could get back before morning. I told them we would get into trouble and get arrested, but they said we could go and get back before daylight, and go to work in the morning as usual, and no one would mistrust us. I went against my will, but told them I would go, and they made the arrangements where to meet, and about what time.

There was no light at John's house when we passed, and John said he and his wife and hired hand went to bed early, and after the others were asleep he got up and left. None of us had any arms that I know of. They told me not to tell anything, but deny everything. Wilson was the author of the whole business. He said he was the man that was doing it.

Cicero's testimony coincides exactly with that of Mrs. Jefferson at the inquest, relative to the scene of the night of the murder. It is stated upon good authority that J. J. Wilson bears a good name and character in Carroll county. It seems his marriage with Lucy Jefferson was brought about through the influence of John B. Smythe. They were married February 14, 1882. Cicero's statement is that, immediately after their marriage, Wilson suggested that they should not always be virtuous, and so he accused her, when she frankly admitted that she had repeatedly had sexual intercourse with her father through compulsion, and that she could not be in trouble by him. This charged Wilson, and he would either have her or kill the old man. She wanted him to do neither.

He consulted John Smythe, and the tragedy of Friday night was the result of the consultation. Many believe that Smythe was the real party who got the girl or girls in trouble, and caused them to charge it to the old man.

The prisoners are in no danger from the citizens at present. A rumor to-day that their friends in Carroll county would raise a mob and come down and liberate them, caused a little excitement, but was only increased by the vigilance. Sheriff Herbert has the prisoners behind three iron doors, and the people will stand by him and assist him in the discharge of his duties. He will keep the jail strongly guarded.

EXPLOSION OF DYNAMITE.

One Man Killed and Thirteen Wounded, Several of Them Fatally.

ELLETTSVILLE, Monroe county, Ind., April 29.—A house at Matthews' stone quarry was burned this morning. In an outbuilding near by was a cast iron pot containing dynamite, which was exploded by the jar of the falling building, throwing pieces of iron and timber in all directions, and killing or crippling thirteen persons.

Wm. Williams died in thirty minutes.

H. T. Matthews, Sr., is very dangerously injured. He has three holes in his side, and chest and one in his leg, made by pieces of casting.

Fred Matthews is slightly injured.

Moberly is dangerously hurt.

Albert Nickens, a boy, concussion of the brain.

Lawrence Skully, badly hurt in the head and arms.

Wm. Freeman, serious injuries.

A. Spiers, badly hurt.

L. Mattingly, dangerously injured.

C. S. Falkner, slightly injured.

Grant Galloway, leg hurt.

Michael Wampler, badly injured in the mouth and chest.

Physicians from this place and neighboring towns are present and doing all possible for the relief of the injured.

Will Not Cut Rates Lower.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The trunk line presidents met to-day in the office of Commissioner Fink. A lively discussion took place of the demand of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad for the reduction of rates to a basis of eleven cents in freight from Chicago east. The demand was based in consequence of alleged cutting west. It was decided, however, not to make a further reduction in the rate for the present.

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