MINNEAPOLIS NEWS.

The Minneapolis office of the DAILY GLOBE has been removed to 213 Hennepin avenue.

J. B. GILFILLAN, it seems, can be elected a director of the Presbyterian alliance, if the grey beards of his party do say he can't be elected to congress. The Alliance, doubtless, appreciates the fact that the weather is exceedingly warm, and perhaps it is opposed to the use of fans and cooling beverages. That being the case, it is, of course, a stroke of shrewd policy to have an iceberg near at hand.

MEMBERS of the old Republican central committee for the Fourth district meeting, yesterday, asserted the very high esteem in which they held Gilfillan. Is it their solicitude for Gil's welfare which prompts them to attempt to induce him to leave the track? Do they fear that he will melt under the warm influences of a Washington sun?

FLETCHER looked anything but pleased with the result of the district committee conference yesterday. His face wore a woful expression that was pitiful to behold. Langdon and Benton condoled with him to little purpose. The prospect does not present a very bright prospect for his candidacy.

THE Hennipin delegation is still swearing about Isanti Burton, until Hennepin atmosphere is blue—not azure; it looks to the unsophisticated more like the sulpherous smoke which is supposed to come pouring from the pit known by the nomenclature of hades.

THE choice of the Hennepin county delegation in the recent convention has concluded that the road to Washington is filled with almost unsurmountable obstructions. It's sad to relate, but it's true, nevertheless.

GILFILLAN declares himself the regular nominee of the convention, and asserts his determination to remain a candidate.

THE party factions have very poor success in bulldozing an iceberg.

GILFILLAN is a cool man.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBELETS.

To-day the boys go to St. Paul to play a postponed game.

The Irish-Republican club held a non-important meeting last evening.

The board of water commissioners will hold a regular meeting this morning.

J. W. McIntyre has been elected president of the Crusaders Total Abstinence society.

Another house of ill shape contributed its monthly "assessment" to the city fund yesterday.

The French Catholic fair in Market hall is drawing well, and will prove a gratifying success.

Prof. Schwemberger will play a number of zithera solos at the celebration in Carver on the Fourth.

Forty-five warranty deeds were recorded in the office of the register of deeds yesterday, amounting to $141,037.

Reports from Corcoran township state that the wind storm of Monday did serious damage to the wheat crops in that locality.

All out going mails will close on July 4 for the day at 12:30 p. m. except the evening eastern, which will close at 6 p. m.

Judgment ordered ten years ago in the divorce case of Almina Dyeman vs. Ernest Dyeman was yesterday entered at the district court.

Mrs. Smith, an old lady living with her daughter at 2,010, Seventeenth avenue south, fell down a flight of stairs and was painfully injured.

All cases at issue for Saturday's special term of district court must be filed with the clerk by this evening, and will not be accepted later.

To-morrow the Bay City club will visit us and if the Minneapolis club wins a game the boys will have to do better work than they have to-day.

An application for a charter has been received at headquarters, to organize a post of the G. A. R. at Pine Island. It is signed by thirty-four veterans.

A good house greeted Callender's minstrels last evening. Billy Kersands and his grin was present and took up considerable attention and room.

Henry Mallory, recently from Memphis, stumbled into a man trap in the sidewalk on South Fifth street, last evening, and broke his left leg. A suit for damages will probably follow.

C. Peterson's eight year old boy, living at 2,421, Fourteenth avenue south, fell from a scaffold fifteen feet high, and crushed his arm so badly that amputation was found necessary.

The monthly meeting of the Northwestern Hospital association has been postponed until Thursday, July 20, when it will take place at Mrs. J. M. Robinson's, 603 South Seventh street.

A lumber wagon, driven by David Martin, broke down on Main street yesterday. Martin was thrown beneath the horses' feet and badly kicked, sustaining a bad wound in the shoulder and two broken ribs.

The dudes feel somewhat discouraged and they have reason to. The club bringing up the last position in the contest has defeated them two consecutive games. Where will our club go if this condition continues?

August Miller, who was supposed to have been insane, and who made a desperate attempt to take his own life, as reported in the GLOBE, was yesterday arraigned for drunkenness and was sent down for five days.

A sneak thief last evening entered the New York clothing store by the back door, grabbing seven coats jumped out of the window. The police were too quick for him and caught him before he got a block away.

Frank Woodword's residence was entered by unceremonious callers at an early hour yesterday morning. When they left they took with them a pocket-book containing about $8.50 in cash, besides a gold and a silver watch.

John Cooney is certainly a sacrilegious thief. He entered the church of the Immaculate Conception and purloined a $10 clock. Officer Kennedy arrested him and yesterday he pleaded guilty and succumbed to a twenty day's sentence as the guest of Jimmy Stoddart.

Mary McDonald, a domestic employed in the family of Ben Scott, living in the Hennepin bank block, yesterday morning while attempting to fix a bell wire fell through a sky-light to the floor of the room below, a distance of twenty feet, injuring herself severely.

Presbyterian Alliance elected following officers: President, Ell Torrence; vice president, W. M. Tenny; secretary, C. T. Thompson; treasurer, Geo. Blake; directors, J. C. Whitney, Judge Vanderburgh, L. L. Longbrace, G. H. Miller, Isaac McNair and J. B. Gilfillan.

Wm. Slut and Maud Golden, the brace of desperate beings who were arrested on Tuesday night for occupying a room for immoral purposes, were arraigned before Judge Bailey yesterday. The former pleaded not guilty, but was committed fifteen days. Maud, who is a brazen female, admitted her crime and was also committed for fifteen days.

John Berg is charged with being a licentiate. At the instance of a misguided individual. At the instance of a misguided individual who subscribes the name of Ward, he was yesterday placed under arrest for an alleged bastardy. The examination case was continued until July 10. It is probable that a settlement may will end all further legal troubles.

Mrs. Ida and J. Cosgrove are under indictment for stealing a boat valued at $19—just $1 short of making it grand larceny—and yesterday the trial was continued until July 5. The defendants claim that it is all a misunderstanding, and that they will be able to establish their innocence.

The funeral of Miss Mattie Nevers, who died Tuesday morning of quick consumption, takes place from the residence of her parents, 602 Fourth street north, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Miss Nevers was an estimable young lady and her death is a matter of great regret.

Articles of incorporation of the Home Mission of the Presbyterian church were filed yesterday with the register of deeds. Ell Torrence, president; Wm. M. Tenney, vice president; Chas. T. Thompson, secretary; George Blake, treasurer. Articles of incorporation of the International Mining, Smelting and Manufacturing company, were also filed. The capital stock is to be $2,000,000. Robert F. Hurburt, president; E. R. Kent, vice president; Chas. E. Holt, secretary and general manager; Otis A. Pray, treasurer. The principal business office will be at Minneapolis. A branch office will also be established within the province of Manitoba, where the operations of the company will be carried on.

It will be remembered that D. G. Robinson was arrested for forging J. B. Gilfillan's name to a bank check some time since. He was yesterday arraigned in the municipal court charged with forging Eugene Wilson's name to a $12 check on the First National bank. He had passed the check upon H. Edelman, for which he obtained a certain amount of merchandise, receiving the cash for the balance. The examination was set for July 8 and the defendant was remanded to custody in default of bonds in $300. He was acquitted of the charge of forging Dr. Ames' name to a check, and was about to leave the court room when he was arrested upon the charge recited above. W. H. Donahue appeared for the defense, and proved a conclusive alibi in the Ames' case, and by reputable men.

THE COURTS.

District Court.

[Before Judges Koon and Lochren.]

47. St. Anthony Falls Water Power company vs. Cole & Weeks. Argument heard and case submitted.

NEW CASES.

188830. Chute & Anderson vs. Lindbery & Blixt; action to recover $276.67.

18831. S. D. Hamilton vs. A F. Hatch; verification filed.

18832. S. D. Hamilton vs. W. W. Huntington & Co; garnishee of A. P. Hatch; affidavit filed.

18833. Dorance H. Dorman vs. Hatcher & Jewett; verification filed.

18834. D. H. Dorman vs. W. W. Huntington; same.

18835. Knox & Dorman vs. A. F. Hatch; action to recover $691.43; judgment and interest on $429.64 and on $261.79, since Sept. 20, 1881.

18836. Knox & Dorman vs. W. W. Huntington; affidavit filed.

18838. Eugene Corcoran vs. O'Brien Bros.; complaint filed.

18839. August Olson vs. O'Brien Bros.; same.

18841. City bank vs. Chas. Miller; action to recover $112.37.

18842. City bank vs. John Ebberson; complaint filed.

18843. City bank vs. A. H. Richardson; complaint filed.

18844. City bank vs T. Ziolkioski; complaint filed.

18845. City bank vs. H. Gertmann; complaint filed.

18846. Otto Hokmar vs. C. K. Hendrickson, defendant; First National bank garnishee; affidavit filed.

Probate Court.

[Before Judge Ueland.]

Estate of Margaret M. Miller, deceased; inventory filed and allowed; order for creditors to present claims made.

Geo. Fulford, deceased; petition to prove will filed; hearing July 28.

In re Dike, minors; G. K. Dike, appointed guardian.

In re Walter L. Chandler, incompetent; guardian's account filed and allowed.

Estate of Chas. H. Folwell, deceased; petition to prove will filed; hearing July 28.

In re insanity of Christine Clanson; examined and committed.

Municipal Court.

[Before Judge Bailey.]

Peter Marlan and Michael Nagle, drunkenness; committed five days.

J. Lewis, drunkenness; paid a fine in $5.50.

Wm. Doherty, drunkenness; committed five days.

James Sutton, drunkenness; paid a fine in $5.50.

August Miller, drunkenness; committed five days.

William Sleet, occuping appartments for immoral purposes; dismissed upon motion by the county attorney.

Maud Golding, occupying apartments for immoral purposes, committed fifteen days.

John Berg, bastardy; arrested at the instance of Hilda Bustland; continued until July 15th in $300 bonds.

E. A. Topel and A. Anderson, drunkenness, paid fines in $3.50 each.

John Cooney, larceny of a clock from a church; committed twenty days.

Wm. Keolin and J. Coslard, larceny of a boat valued at $19; defendants recognized in deposits in $50 each.

D. J. Robinson, forgery; discharged.

D. G. Robinson, forgery; continued until July 8, at 9 a. m.; committed in default of bonds in $700.

Andrew Kelly, larceny; held to the grand jury.

Charles Munroe, drunkenness; committed five days.

Wm. Sleet, occupying apartments in a house of ill fame; paid a fine in $10.

Belle Howard, keeping a house of ill fame, paid a fine in $52.50.

Hattie Ismer, Madge Gray, Lillie Enderson, Grace Flemming, Cora Lewis, occupying apartments in a house of ill fame, paid fines in $12.50 each.

H. L. Pond and John Morris, obtaining money under false pretenses, continued until July 8 at 9 a. m. Committed in default of bonds in $500 each.

"Gill" in Disfavor.

The French-Republican club does not look with favor upon Gilfillan's candidacy, as will be seen by the following, which was adopted by them:

WHEREAS, We members of the French Republican club, of the city of Minneapolis, do not consider ourselves bound to vote for any candidate who receives the nomination at any convention by intrigue and unfairness. Be it, therefore,

Resolved, That this club will not support the Hon. J. B. Gilfillan, candidate for congress, as we do not consider him fairly nominated, not having received the majority of the votes of the late congressional convention; and we furthermore disapprove and condemn the action of said convention in disfranchising Washington county, one of the oldest and truest counties of the district, for no other purpose than to defeat the Hon. L. Fletcher, who would have received the nomination had the duly elected delegates of said county been recognized in said convention.

There is no surprise in the above, especially to the readers of the GLOBE, who have heretofore been informed that the French Republican club was a Fletcher creation, as was, as well, the French Republican paper, the organ of the club. A certain little promise, it is is stated upon reliable authority, was made the ring leader of the club, Mr. Demeules by name, whereby he was to have reaped the benefits of a fat office in the event Fletcher succeeded in wending his official way to Washington. That office is nothing short of the Minneapolis postoffice. But the drama was not a success, it is not quite likely that Demeules will not personate the role of "walking gent" for a time at least. How vain are the hopes of a politician.

A Great Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, of Newton, Ia., says: "My wife has been seriously affected with a cough for twenty-five years, and this spring more severely than ever before. She had used many remedies without relief, and being urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery, did so, with most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved her very much, and the second bottle has absolutely cured her. She has not had so good health for thirty years."

Trial Bottles Free at Lambie & Bethune's drug store. Large size $1.00.

GIL HAS A TRUST.

Barker Gave It to Him, and He Can't Let Go Unless Barker Consents.

He Finds All But Three Counties Harmonious and Ready to Rally for Gil.

A Committee Meeting that Was to Upset Things Gets Upset Itself.

The die is cast. Gilfillan will not down at the bidding of Fletcher and the Fletcherites. Major Camp, the chairman of the recent Republican convention in this district which placed J. B. Gilfillan in the field as a candidate for Congress, having refused to appoint a district committee upon the presumption that the action of the convention was irregular and illegal, the old committee held a meeting in the parlors of the Nicollet house yesterday. The session was absolutely without happy results to the "kicking" faction of the party, which has for its ring leaders Fletcher, Langdon, Washburn, Benton, Pettit, *et al.* As it was predicted, the primary object of the meeting was to induce Gilfillan to "fly" the track in favor of Fletcher, as well as to ascertain whether or not it was within the province of the old committee to take action, since their appointment had become outdated. In the latter alone they succeeded.

Mr. Gilfillan had been invited to be present, and to make any statement he felt inclined to submit for the consideration of the committee.

IN SESSION.

At 2:45 C. H. Pettit called the meeting to order and explained that as Major Camp had refused to appoint a new committee, he had decided to call the old committee together to talk over the situation.

Gen. McLaren stated that it had been maintained by some that the proper thing would be for the state committee to appoint a new district committee, but he disapproved of the plan. The district committee would have no right to elect a county committee, and the state had no right to appoint a district committee.

Judge Rea held that no one questioned the legality of the appointment of the old committee, and he believed the old committee should properly remain in power until the new one had been appointed.

Mr. McGill inquired if Major Camp had given notice that he would not appoint a new committee.

Mr. Pettit—"He told me so himself."

Mr. McGill—"As a record I think it should be in writing. Then it would be a justification for going ahead. If the chairman of the convention declines to appoint a committee, and thinks the old one is still in existence it seems to me that that settles it."

Mr. Barden was of the opinion that the chairmen should have addressed a note to the committee. He didn't care to go into a discussion of the convention, and believed it unnecessary.

Mr. Warner, of Wright county, did not question the existence of the old committee. He favored going ahead and taking action.

Ma. Barden to Gen. McLaren, "On what grounds does the state committee propose to interfere?"

Gen. McLaren—"I can't tell."

Mr. Butts—"They propose to do what is right in the matter."

Mr. Barden—"They seem combatative. It looks as though they were bound to fight, and want some one to knock a chip off their shoulder."

F. L. Smith, who was present as Charley Johnson's proxy, did not question the life and rights of the convention. The chairman of the committee had been officially notified that the chairman of the convention would not make an appointment.

A rambling discussion without particular point followed in which Mr. Pettit stated that he had left a note of invitation at Mr. Gilfillan's office and that he was expected to be present and to present his side of the controversy which had arisen over the nomination. Judge Rea, however, was sent in quest of him, but Mr. McGill was very delicate in the matter and thought Judge Rea should not tell Mr. Gilfillan that the committee had sent for him. He said "Tell him the committee is in session and will listen to him if he has anything to say."

In a short time Judge Rea appeared and announced that Gilfillan would appear.

GIL APPEARS.

Upon that gentleman stepping into the room, Mr. Pettit explained to him that the convention had come together to talk over the matters of the campaign.

GILFILLAN'S TALK.

Mr. Gilfillan began by saying he was very glad to meet the gentlemen of the convention, "but I don't know as I have anything special to say, for I was not counselled about the calling of the meeting and don't know the purposes for which you were called together, and I cannot therefore speak to any subject matter that can be under consideration."

Mr. Pettit.—In view of the dissatisfaction which has grown out of the late congressional convention and its proceedings and the nomination which was made, I deemed it my duty to call the committee together for the purposes of consultation to see if anything can be done to remove the dissatisfaction that seems to exists.

Mr. Gilfillan.—Well, gentlemen, I must premise by saying that whatever I may have to say must be solely upon my individual responsibility and not in my representative character as a candidate, for as a candidate I hold the nomination as a trust and have no opportunities to consult those who have placed that trust in which many others are interested in my keeping. I do not claim any credit for any of the proceeding in the convention, and disclaim all responsibility in its proceedings, prior to the call upon me by the committee appointed by it to inform me of my nomination, and I do not care to discuss, much less to criticise those proceedings. I do not think we can with propriety do so. I went to the convention in response to the invitation of the committee, and found the convention in a state of confusion and dissension and some hot blood prevailed. I sought an interview with the delegates representing a minority in the convention, with a view if possible of procuring a reconciliation of the differences existing. I sought to counsel and advise with them but without success, but did receive intimations from some of them of a confidential character, which operated largely in leading me to a conclusion. I then went with the committee to the convention and accepted the nomination, in a way which is known, hoping that a few words would allay all feeling in the matter. Since then I have been associating as largely as I could the sentiment of the party in all parts of the district, and I have been surprised at the unanimity of the satisfaction from every county. I do not appreciate so fully as you seem to what you style a spirit of dissatisfaction at the nomination. In every county except three I think I am safe in saying there is entire harmony.

Mr. Barden—"Do yo think you can get a full vote from Washington county?"

Mr. Gilfillan—"I have tried to ascertain the sentiment from both wings of the party in Washington county, and as near as I can gather, they seem to feel as though they had made the best fight they could and discharged all obligations which they were under, and are settling down to an entire satisfaction with the situation. I should judge that I could get nearly the full Republican vote of the county. I have heard of two or three expressions from gentlemen whom I highly respect, but whose judgment would not seem to be somewhat biased by participation in the dissensions existing there. More recently there are intimations that dissatisfaction is being again fermented by influences from Hennepin county.

Mr. Barden—If there is anything wrong it is better to know it now than in November. Some of the papers have talked as though there was a deal of dissatisfaction.

Mr. Gilfillan—I think the papers have unintentionally done a deal of injury. In Wright county there seems to be a little dissatisfaction, perhaps growing out of the fact, as I read in the Monticello *Times*, that they have a candidate of their own whom they would like to put forward as a compromise if there is any show for him. Their lack of support I think is not so much to create dissensions in the county as to hold him in Hennepin county. I think I am safe in saying that the fair minded business men in the towns and the cities and the farmers in the country, to a very large proportion, are thoroughly satisfied with the results of the convention. There are some very worthy gentlemen who are leading members of the party who are not interested to acquiesce in the results of the convention, but I do not think they are many, still if they continue in their present course they may work up more or less of a following. I had hoped, however, from day to day that their better judgment would prevail and harmony would be restored. I am slow to believe that they would poison any candidate to his defeat, who had nothing to do with the proceedings by which they were defeated in the courts.

Mr. McGill—What are your views as to the continuing powers of the old committee?

Mr. Gilfillan—I don't know how far I ought to discuss these questions with this committee. Personally I am not disposed to have any controversy with the committee upon that question. I suppose you assume to act and discharge your duties as a committee until your successors are appointed. Whether Mr. Camp will continue to neglect to appoint a committee or not I am not prepared to say, but I believe he is acting conscientiously, and I should not be surprised to see him appoint a committee at any day.

Mr. Butts—"Of course, when he does, that ends this committee. I shall have to differ with Mr. Gilfillan as regards the condition of affairs in the city of Stillwater. I think he will be unable to carry the Scandinavian vote and a part of the American vote. A good deal of bad feeling has been occasioned there."

Mr. Gilfillan—"I have made constant efforts to abstain from participation in any of the controversies in that place. Everything seemed to tend toward harmony again until the recent influences from this county fermented the old feeling."

Mr. Barden—"You regard your nomination as regular and you propose to stand by it?"

Mr. Gilfillan—If you will divide your question I will say in answer to the first part of it that so far as the regularity and binding force of the proceedings in the convention leading up to the nomination are concerned, I consider them without spot or blemish.

It was attempted by some to run the convention 26 to 25. The convention took the bits in its teeth and run itself 26 to 25, but with a different result. Farther than that the proceedings of the committee I do not care to discuss, much less to criticise. It is something for which we nor this committee have any jurisdiction.

Mr. Benton stated that he had entered a formal protest at the convention.

Mr. Gilfillan—I am lead to believe that in Anoka, Sherburne, Chisago, Isanti, Pine, and Ramsey counties there is entire satisfaction and we ought to consider well before doing anything to disturb the nomination, or we may produce a manifold worse state of things than now exists. I shall be glad to co-operate with the committee at all times with reference to a prosecution of a successful campaign, I hold a trust which I shall not desert and I desire to do everything and anything consistant with an honorable course in the interests of harmony, but shall not be a party to nor consent to any action tainted with dishonor to anyone. I might be able to withstand an honorable defeat but not a dishonorable flight.

The committee than went into an executive session, but failed to develope anything, adjourning subject to the call of the chairman on the first Tuesday in August.

THE MILLING INDUSTRY.

Review of the Flour Production at the Falls for the Past Week.

The *Northwestern Miller* for to morrow will publish the following, which is from an advance proof sheet:

The flour production of last week was somewhat of a surprise, in that it slightly exceeded the output of the previous week. But this was undoubtedly due to a desire on the part of several mills to get ready for the break which the Fourth causes with them in the current week. The total output last week was 108,300 barrels—averaging 18,050 barrels for the six working days—against 107,600 barrels the preceding week. Three thirteen hundred barrel mills closed down Tuesday, and will not do anything before Monday, it being doubted that one will be started up again on this crop. There are two others, with a combined capacity of 1,400 barrels, that do not pretend to run at all. Add to these the number that will observe the Fourth, and the chance for a large production is very poor. The Washburn mills, however, do not show any signs of letting up in the tremendous rate at which they are turning out flour. They early took the lead in the quantity of flour made and continue to hold it, and it is stated on very good authority that they will be run this way until the end of the crop. It is a great mystery to the average flour man where they put so much of their product.

The following were the receipts and shipments from Minneapolis for the weeks ending on the dates given:

RECEIPTS.

	July 1.	June 24.	Jnue 17.
Wheat, bus	438,000	324,000	313,500
Flour, bbls	875	1,750	875
Millstuff, tons	147	36	180

SHIPMENTS.

	July 1.	June 24.	June 17.
Wheat, bus	36,500	48,000	36,500
Flour, bbls	90,496	106,200	101,500
Millstuff, tons	2,254	3,085	2,716

The wheat in store in Minneapolis elevators (including the transfer) as well as the stock at St. Paul and Duluth, is shown in the appended table:

MINNEAPOLIS.

	July 2.	June 25.	June 18.
In elevators, bus	1,798,500	1,921,000	1,929,000

ST. PAUL.

	July 1.	June 25.	June 18.
In elevators, bus	192,800	250,000	315,000

DULUTH.

	July 1.	June 24.	June 17.
In elevators, bus	1,145,426	1,097,343	1,449,910

THE SPORTS.

The annoucement that Kinzie, the new third baseman engaged from Chicago, will captain the nine is erroneous. Mr. Reid is an excellent captain, although he labors under the disadvantage incident to playing in the outer field, and he will continue in that capacity.

The Nicollet house barbers and the First National bank barbers will play a game of base ball on Sunday for $25 a side.

Prof. Donaldson is still willing to meet John Farrel, the man who stepped upon the stage at the benefit given Jack Keefe, on Monday night, and issued the challenge reported in these columns.

C. A. Winship has sold his span of trotting stallions to Dr. A. H. Hidderly for $3,000, and the doctor expects to astonish his friends before the season closes.

Journal: Adon Butler is anxious to know whether Louis Rabshaw is going to post $200 for a match at collar-and-elbow wrestling. The money would be covered at once.

Adon Butler can rest assured that Louis Rabshaw will post $200 for a match with him to-day, if he (Butler) means business. If Butler fails to cover it Mr. Rabshaw will doubtless be disclared the champion of the northwest.

The attendance at the driving park should be large to-day.

The sporting men will doubtless be surprised at the speed which will be developed at the fair ground tracks to-day.

The City Council.

At a meeting of the city council last evening the appointments of several special policemen were confirmed. The Milwaukee road asked permission to lay a temporary double track from Eighth street to the fair grounds. R. M. River was awarded the contract for building a sewer on Washington avenue and Three-and-a-Half avenue south. By a vote of 11 to 9 $40,000 was appropriated as a general street fund. An effort to obtain an appropriation of $50,000 for each ward was defeated. The committee on railroads reported on the matter of removing the tracks of the motor line between Washington avenue and Bridge square, and recommended that the tracks be left, but that they be neatly paved, or planked.

Ald. Hashow opposed most vigorously the proposition. He wanted the tracks taken up at once.

He moved that the matter be laid on the table, and this motion prevailed.

Chamber of Commerce.

At the regular monthly meeting of the chamber of commerce, yesterday morning, Samuel Breck, Jas. Kendricks, A. A. Pond, Fred Paine, Jno. Nicholson, W. A. Barnes, A. Sumner, J. T. E. McLauren, were elected members.

A protest was made against the transfer of the membership of Wilson Kelly to Lafayette Woodward. Referred to the committee on membership.

The committee, appointed to make arrangements with the Manitoba road in regard to transfer, reported that they had been unable to get at any definite understanding with the officials of the road. The committee was continued.

A. W. Kreck, Samuel Linton and F. W. Commons were appointed a new committee to secure daily reports from the leading grain markets, and to circulate the Minneapolis markets through the medium of the Associated Press.

Adjourned to meet Monday morning.

The Mexican Land Case.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Joseph Larocque, one of the counsel for the defense in the case of the Land Company of Mexico vs. Stephen B. Elkins and others, to-day stated the position of Elkins was simply that of a trustee holding an interest in the property to which he makes no claim and which is claimed by two conflicting parties. His refusal to transfer his interest to the land company is based upon a notification from Samuel Smoot, of Washington, the original owner, from whom the land company claims to have obtained a title, not to make such tranfer when the court shall adjudicate the real ownership to protect him. Larocque says Elkins will be only too happy to make a transfer.

A GREAT COUNTRY.

That is America—What it Was in 1860—And What it is Now.

The Boston *Traveler* complies statistics showing the growth of the country since the year 1860.

Twenty-three years ago we were 30,000,000 of people; now we are over 50,000,000.

Then we had 141 cities and towns of over 8,000 inhabitants; now we have 286 of such cities and towns. Then the total population of our cities was 5,000,000, now it is about 12,000,000.

Our coal mines then produced 14,000,000 tons a year; now 85,000,000 tons a year; or six times as much.

The iron product amounted to 900,000 tons of ore; to-day it foots up over 8,000,000 tons a year; almost a ninefold increase.

In 1860, our metal industries employed about 53,000 hands, consumed about $100,000,000 worth of material, and turned out about $180,000,000 of annual products.

To-day, these same industries employ 300,000 hands, consume $380,000,000 of material, and their annual product amounts to $600,000,000 a year.

In 1860 the wood industries employed 130,000 persons; to-day they employ about 340,000, while the value of their annual product has trebled.

The woolen industry employed 60,000 persons then, and now employs 160,000, while our home mills, which produced goods of the value of $80,000,000 in 1860, now turn out an annual product worth $270,000,000.

Finally, there is cotton. In 1860 we imported 227,000,000 yards of cotton goods; in 1881 we only imported 23,000,000 yards.

In the meantime the number of hands employed in American cotton mills has increased to 200,000, and we export over 150,000,000 yards of cotton goods a year, instead of importing 227,000,000 yards as we used to do.

The silk industry employed 5,000 persons; now it employs about 35,000, seven times as many.

We import no more silk goods now than we did in 1860, but our own mills which produced goods of the value of $6,000,000 then, now turn out a product of over $40,000,000 yearly.

In 1860, 12,000 persons were employed in American pottery and stoneware works; to-day about 36,000 are employed in this industry.

The chemical industry, which employed 6,000 persons then, now employs 30,000.

In the meantime we have nearly five times as many miles of railway, and double the number of farms, and yielding more than double the number of bushels of cereals.

In the production of sheep we only had 22,000,000, of them in 1860; to-day we have over 40,000,000 of them; and whereas we then produced in this country 60,000,000 pounds of wool, now we produce 240,000,000 pounds.

Finally, the total of our exports has doubled.

In 1860 it stood at $400,000,000 and now it stands at about $900,000,000.

Beecher's Luxurious Habits.

[Ithica Journal.]

Mr. Beecher has directed his manager, Mr. Pond to book an extensive lecturing tour for next year. Mr. Beecher's salary is $20,000 per annum. He averages to receive double this sum from his lectures and a large additional sum from his pen. He is not rich, however. He keeps open houses (with his son, with whom he resides), and gives loans, indorses and does other business-like things constantly at a heavy cost to his treasury. It is said that beyond his farm at Peekskill, the house and stock thereon, and his library and bric-a-brac there and at Brooklyn, the great word-painter has nothing to show for his large income for many years. His library is so large that it is now being catalogued with a view to soon make a sale therefrom. He has expended, it is estimated, $130,000 in his books and as many more have been given him by publishers. His house at Peekskville built not long since, Mr. Beecher says has cost him 40,000 Others who watch business matters closer and are familiar with its growth say that $76,000 would be nearer the correct truth. His cows are all Alderneys, and the herd is belived to be worth $15,000 to $18,000. His farm and its manner of running and open hospitality are enough to absorb a large income. It is yet somewhat encumbered. His collection of bric-a-brac would make a large museum. Fine prints, bronzes, painting, statuary—anything beautiful in shape or color—find a worshipper in Mr. Beecher, and it is said that he cannot go through the streets of New York without becoming a purchaser as heroically as he may labor to resist and avert his eyes from tempting show windows.

Never Give Up.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Lambie & Bethune.

Laughing Jim's Little Joke.

Many years ago there lived in Putnam one James Dismukes, called "Laughing Jim." He was fond of his dram, and when under its influence was very noisy. On one occasion when the superior court was in session, he went into the courtroom, created a good deal of disturbance, and as he could not be kept quiet the judge ordered the sheriff to take him to jail and lock him. When the sheriff arrived at the jail with him he unlocked the door and ordered him to enter the cell. Dismukes pretended to be afraid to go in first, and asked the sheriff to lead the way. The sheriff did so. As soon as he entered the cell Dismukes suddenly closed the door, locked it, took the key with him, and returned in great glee to the court room, and getting on top of a box, he addressed the court and said: "Your Honor, there is the key to the jail, and when you want your sheriff you will find him locked in jail." This brought down the court and the bar, and Dismukes went scot free.

Monticello, Wright county, *Herald.*—Prof. Gaskill, an old pioneer miner of Colorado, and an expert meneralogist, is exploring on Mr. Shulz's land, and is convinced there is rich mineral in the neighborhood.

Murder and Suicide.

DETROIT, Mich., July 2.—A fresh murder has just been completely unearthed in Ionia county. Two or three years since a man named Vanderburg, aged forty-five, married a girl half his age, a step daughter of a man named Scott with whom he lived and for whom he worked. After a while trouble was engendered by undue intimacy of Vanderburg's wife and Oscar Scott, a young man and son of Vanderburg's employer. In January last Oscar and Vanderburg left home to search for employment in the lumber camps north of the woods. Oscar returned and reported that Vanderburg had left him, but had no knowledge where he had gone. His wife about the same time gave out that her husband had deserted her. About the same time she moved to Edmore, Montcalm county. Nothing special was thought of the matter when it was accidently discovered by some former acquaintances that Oscar Scott and Vanderburg's wife were living together, and had been since the latter's removal. Suspicion were excited, and officers began to push enquiries as to Vanderburg's whereabouts. They traced him to Edmore where he at once disappeared from view. Yesterday afternoon a half filled well was discovered on the premises occupied by Scott. The officers began digging in it to see what could be found. Scott, who up to that time pectended to know nothing whatever about Vanderburg after he left last winter, quickly drew a revolver and shot himself. This act confirmed the suspicions of the police officers, who proceeded more vigorously to work excavating, which soon resulted in bringing the body of the murdered man to light, with unmistakable evidence of the fact of a murder. Scott lived but a short time. His wife confessed the fact of the murder, but there is no probability that she had a hand in it, other than consenting to it, beforehand, being cognizant of its consummation afterwards. She is in custody.

Buck lin's Arnica Salve.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands and all Skin Eruptions, guaranteed to cure in every instance, or money refunded; 25 cents per box. For sale by Lambie & Bethune.

Commissioners of Emigration.

NEW YORK, July 2.—At a conference of the commissioners of emigration and representatives of the different steamship companies, the former proposed to the latter to pay for the maintenance of emigrants landed here who had tickets to various points of destination west. The representatives of steamship companies declined doing any more than they are now compelled to do by law which is to pay fifty cents per head on each emigrant.

DRUGS.

HOFFLIN'S LIEBIG'S CORN CURE Will Cure

All kinds hard or soft corns, callouses and bunion causing no pain or soreness; dries instantly; will no soil anything, and never fails to effect a cure. Price 25c; by mail, 30c. The genuine put up in yellow wrappers and manufactured only by Jos. R. Hoffin, druggist and dealers in all kinds of Patent Medicines, Roots, Herbs, Liquors, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, etc. Minneapolis Minn.

Minneapolis Advertisements.

RESTAURANT with a few furnished rooms in connection. One hundred regular boarders and a large transient trade. Paying big; actual invoice $2,500; cash talks; $1,500 buys it, if taken soon; location the best; rent low. Best of reasons for selling. Particulars of Coffin & McGovern, No. 9 Washington avenue North, Minneapolis. Over Oscar the tailor. 171*

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE COMIQUE

219, 221, 223 First Ave. South.

W. W. BROWN.....Manager
JAMES WHEELER...Business & Stage Manager

WEEK OF JUNE 30TH, 1884.

The Company Par Excellence.

Hugh Barton, Jennie Barton, Ida Bertha, Ed Kelly, May Queen, Frankie Baker, Roger Dolan, Dennis McCarty, Belle Dolan, Ada Mortimer, Eva Ross, Lottie Laviere, Lulu Roy, May Holton, Lue Browning, Carrie Watkins and the Regular Stock Company.

Matinees Thursday and Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

POPULAR PRICES.

BASE BALL PARK!

Minneapolis vs. Stillwater!

JULY 1 & 2.

Game called at 4 p. m. sharp.

MINNEAPOLIS vs. BAY CITY!

July 4th—10 a.m., 4 p.m.

P. P. SWENSEN,

100 Washington Ave. South.

(Under Northwestern National Bank,)

MINNEAPOLIS, - MINN.

Real Estate,

INSURANCE AND

TICKET AGENT

Tickets sold to and from all Foreign ports, also drafts on all the principal cities of Europe. Lands for sale or exchange in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Dakota. 155-3m

LOANS AND BROKERS.

HAZEN & CO.,

Real Estate Loans and Business Brokers,

304 First Avenue South,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - - MINN.

We buy, sell and exchange Real Estate, business places, collect claims, pay taxes, etc.

Confirmation of Assessment for Widening Opening and Straightening Mississippi Street.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., June 28, 1884.

The assessment for benefits, damages, costs and expenses, arising from the widening, opening and straightening of Mississippi street, from Grove street to Nash street, in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota, having been completed by the Board of Public Works in and for said city, said Board will meet at their office in said city at 2 p. m., on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1884, to hear objections (if any) to said assessment, at which time and place, unless sufficient cause is shown to the contrary, said assessment will be confirmed by said Board.

The following is a list of the supposed owners' names, a description of the property benefited or damaged, and the amounts assessed against the same, to-wit:

Supposed owner and description.	Benefits.	Damages.	Balance
Jacob Simmer. All of lot 10, block 5, Dayton's addition to St. Paul, lying W of a line running from a point in the S line of lot 10, said block, 4.47 ft E from the SW corner thereof to the NW corner of lot 6, block 2, said addition; taken for Mississippi street		$324 00	
Same. Lot 10, block 5, Dayton's addition to St. Paul; except part taken for Mississippi street	$96 00		$228 00
C. Flohr. All of lot 9, block 5, Dayton's addition to St. Paul, lying W of a line running from a point in the S line of lot 10, said block, 4.47 ft E from SW corner thereof to the NW corner of lot 6, block 2, said addition; taken for Mississippi street		$300 00	$204 00
Same. Lot 9, block 5, Dayton's addition to St. Paul; except part taken from Mississippi street	$96 00		
Augusta Young. All of lot 8, block 5, Dayton's addition to St. Paul, lying West of a line running from a point in the South line of lot 10 said block, 4.47 ft E from SW corner thereof to the NW corner of lot 6, block 2 said addition; taken for Mississippi St		$276 00	$180 00
Same. Lot 8, block 5, Dayton's addition to St. Paul, except part ta