Daily Globe

Official paper of the City and County.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE ST. PAUL GLOBE PRINTING COMPANY, No. 321 Wabashaw Street, St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, TUESDAY SEPT. 2, 1884.

NEW TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

SEVEN ISSUES PER WEEK—BY CARRIER.

One Year, payable in advance	$8 00
Six Months, payable in advance	4 25
Three Months	2 25
Per Month	75

SIX ISSUES PER WEEK—BY MAIL, POSTAGE PAID.

One Year	$6 00
Six Months	3 50
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All mail subscriptions payable invariably in advance.

Seven issues per week by mail at same rates as by carrier.

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By Carrier—per year	$2 00
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WEEKLY GLOBE.

By Mail—postage paid, per year	$1 15

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 1, 9:56 p. m.

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations named.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
St. Paul	29.65	68	SW	Clear
La Crosse	29.66	72	S	Cloudy

NORTHWEST.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Bismarck	29.62	61	NW	Clear
Ft Garry	29.41	61	NW	Clear
Minnedosa	29.45	57	SW	Clear
Moorhead	29.56	62	SW	Clear
St. Vincent	29.48	63	W	Clear

NORTHERN ROCKY MOUNTAIN SLOPE.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Ft. Buford	29.57	60	W	Fair
Ft. Custer	29.51	66	SE	Clear
Helena	29.68	61	SW	Clear
Huron, D. T.	29.67	62	S	Clear
Medicine Hat	29.31	64	NW	Cloudy

UPPER LAKES.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Duluth	29.57	62	NE	Cloudy

DAILY LOCAL MEANS.

Bar.	Ther.	Dew Point.	Wind.	Weather.
29.633	69.8	52.0	S	Cloudy

Amount rainfall, .0: Maximum thermometer, 78.8; minimum thermometer 60.8; daily range 18.0.

River—Observed height 3 feet, 2 inches.
Rise in twenty-four hours, 1 inch.
Fall in twenty-four hours, 0 inches.

Note—The "time ball" is dropped daily (Sundays excepted) from the flagstaff on the Fire & Marine building, corner of Third and Jackson streets, at noon, "Central Time," as determined at Carleton College observatory.

NOTE—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation.

P. F. LYONS, Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1, 12:55 a. m.—Indications for the upper Mississippi valley: Generally fair weather, nearly stationary temperature, followed by cooler weather, south to west winds. Missouri valley: Generally Fair weather, slightly cooler, westerly winds.

YESTERDAY'S MARKETS.

There was no change in the grain and produce markets on 'change yesterday. The markets at Milwaukee and Chicago were fluctuating and weak. At Milwaukee, October wheat was ⅝c higher and November ¼c lower. At Chicago, wheat was ⅜c higher; October corn was ¼c higher and November ⅛c lower. Oats closed a 25⅝c for September; Oc ober 26½c and November 26½; October park was held at $19.00 stocks opened firm and higher, but soon weakened and became depressed with some slight spasmodic rallies the market was heavy all day with lower tendency. Compared with Saturday's close prices were ½ to 3⅛ per cent. lower. Mining stock continued quiet with very light transactions.

"Gov. Cleveland's letter makes it certain that workingmen have nothing to fear at his hands, but, on the contrary, will find in him a friend, and that under his administration labor in this country will receive its just and due reward."—*Samuel J. Randall.*

JUDGE GRESHAM accounts for the appointment of Judge Otto as a delegate to the international postal congress soon to be held at Paris, on the ground that he (Otto) wants to go abroad, and is able to "jabber" French. This is surely a paternal government.

THE Independents of Vermont recognize in the candidacy of Blaine "the triumph of the worst element of the Republican party," and as a consequence they "pledge him (Blaine) their hearty and inflexible opposition." That is the rallying cry of all the friends of Honest Men and Honest Government.

THE New York Blaine *Tribune* undertakes to brush away the well understood hostility of Senator Edmunds to the pugilistic Republican candidate with the remark, that "the condition of Senator Edmunds' private business and the ill-health of his family have conspired to retire him from publicity this summer." This only makes the matter worse, and Edmunds hostility to Blaine more conspicuous.

THE result of the war in China is still unknown. It is agreed that the Chinese fleet that guarded to the mouth of the Min river, has been sunk, and that a portion of the forts which guards the banks of the stream, and bar the approach to Foo-Chow, has been reduced, but the fact still remains that the natives possess the city and that no French gun has succeeded in getting within range of the walls. So far, the war on the part of France does not seem to be in the nature of a military promenade. If it takes two weeks to sink a few junks and blow up a couple of mud forts, how long will it require to subjugate the Chinese empire?

MR. BLAINE is straining every nerve to secure a big majority in Maine at the state election in September. He is hand and glove in cooperation with the campaign being made by the Prohibitionists to carry their constitutional amendment. He shows himself at their meetings and the three hundred Prohibition stumpers are instructed to say good works for Blaine. This scheme is getting to be undersood throughout the country and is making a decided impression in Ohio, Illinois and Wisconsin and alienating thousands of German voters. A big September majority in Maine, received, as it will be if received at all, by this Prohibition alliance will be a costthing for Blaine of Maine.

THE Prohibitionists are making an aggressive campaign in the western tier of New York counties, some twenty in all. Last week a Prohibition camp meeting was held at Cuba, Alleghany county and it was at this place where St. John received his official notice of his nomination for the Presidency. Both St. John and Daniels attended this meeting and a "St. John's day" was set apart and celebrated. Laura G. Fixen of Minnesota was one of the stumpers at the Cuba meeting and she had the bad taste and worse manners to undertake to spice her harrangue with sneers at Gov. Cleveland. She was quite out of her latitude in denouncing the principles of Cleveland's letter of acceptance. Laura will do wisely to let the blackguards and mountebanks of the grand old party have a monopoly of that business.

The Springfield, Ohio, *Globe Republic* is already discounting the Maine election. It says "the Maine election will have but little political significance, little political effect. It is a Republican state, the home of the Republican candidate; and if it gives him a rousing Republican majority it will do no more than any one expects it to do." Thus the discouraged Blaine papers are turning their pugilistic candidate out to grass. Blaine has been running all over the state. He has "pic-nics" everywhere, and turns the Blaine orators loose by the score, and yet the performance has made so very little impression that it is declared the Maine election will have very little effect and but little political significance. But this fine talk will not break the force of the blow of a small majority in the home of the Republican candidate.

JOHN CHINAMAN.

It is very possible that should China become involved in a general war with France, there may be created some ill feelings among the natives which will of interest to the people of this country. We are a highly civilized nation, and it may be that the Chinese may think it worth while to imitate us in some of our practices. Our people do not think it all disgraceful to stone, mob, or shoot a Chinaman, that is, there are sections of the country in which such occurrences are not considered unbecoming. There are probably sand lotters in many Chinese cities who, inspired by the example of civilized Yankees, would not regard it as inexcusable, or inhumane if they should extend to resident Americans some of the same sort of treatment which Americans so often extended to resident Chinese. If they should here and there arise in their wrath, and slice like cucumbers some short-haired Yankee, the world could not altogether refuse to condone the offense.

To a conservative Chinaman, there is something quite as rationally afflictive in the sight of a white American with clipped hair as there is in this country in the appearance of a yellow Mongolian with a pig-tail. If riot is excusable in the latter case, it is equally so in the former. If a Chinaman is looked upon as justly subject to a visitation of brickbats and brass knuckles, in this country, simply because he is a heathen and has no vote, the Yankee barbarian in China is with equal justice liable to be rolled in the gutter by local hoodlums while the people look on and make no protest against the occurrence.

It is to be hoped that if an American missionary should be now and then beaten to death with bludgeons, there will be no hasty condemnation by our countrymen of such events. It must be remembered that the Chinese are an imitative people, and that if they should kill a few score of our citizens, they would be doing no more than we have given them examples for doing.

THE FOURTH DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

An active, and generally well informed Minneapolis Democrat, writes as follows:

Regarding the Fourth district Democratic committee our people seem to be at sea. I have inquired of several and they don't know whether a committee has been appointed or not, but are inclined to believe the chairman of the convention has been negligent. It is certainly time something was done,

The GLOBE cannot perhaps better "point a moral and adorn a tale," even at its own expense, than by suggesting that there is ample room on its books to enroll more Democratic subscribers in Minneapolis. Possibly if there were more Democrats in Minneapolis who did not confine their entire reading to the literature of Republican newspapers our friend would not be obliged to write that they are "at sea." Out of justice to the chairman of the late Fourth district convention, rather than as a matter of information to the Minneapolis subscribers to Republican newspapers, we cut the following from the GLOBE of August 20, and reproduce it in the prominent style of typography which was then given it:

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Democratic Congressional Committee For the Ensuing Two Years.

To the Editor of the Globe.

In accordance with the authority vested in me by the late Democratic convention of the Fourth congressional district, you will please announce the following Democratic congressional committee for the ensuing two years:

Henry Morse, Hennepin, chairman.
John W. Willis, Ramsey.
John McCarty, Washington.
Dell Woodbury, Chisago.
A. G. Perkins, Pine.
W. A. Smith, Isanti.
J. C. Frost, Anoka.
Robert Lambert, Kanabec.
Josiah Libby, Sherburne.
David Cochran, Wright.

L. W. FOLSOM, Chairman Democratic Congressional Convention. Taylors Falls, Aug. 19, 1884.

VERMONT.

Grant's majority in Vermont was nearly thirty-one thousand, Garfield's majority was 26,036. That state holds its September election to-day, and the most sanguine Republican does not care to speak of more than twenty thousand majority. Col. Pingree, who is at the head of the state ticket has two advantages that will tend to keep up the figures, he is not the moss-back, ring candidate and he is personally popular. A great effort has been made by the Blaine men and the Green Mountain state has reverbrated with shouts of Blaine orators, but it is reported from all shades of opinion that no success has been attained in arousing interest, much less enthusiasm. There is a sturdy determination on the part of many Republicans to let the October ticket severely alone for the reason that as they do not propose to vote for Blaine they will not give him the benefit of a vote in September.

Their attitude, as expressed by the resolutions of the Independent convention held August 21st, is to withhold countenance from the party that is crowded with the Robesons, the Belknaps, the Keifers, Dorseys and Blaine, such being the men that the grand old party to-day delights to honor. These Republicans recall with pride the glorious achevements of the Republican party under the leadership of Lincoln and Seward, Sumner, Chase and Wilson, but cannot shut their eyes to the reckless extravagance and wholesale corruption which has characterised the later days of the party, and will not support men who are not known to be open and determined enemies of the present disreputable spoils system.

This body of Republicans with much emphasis declared that in the selection of James G. Blaine as the Republican standard bearer they recognize the triumph of the worst element of the party and, "believing that his official record has plainly proved his unfitness for the high position for which he has been nominated, we hereby *pledge to him our hearty and inflexible opposition*". This is bold and outspoken, and comes from a body of men who would not so speak without cause and without meaning what they say. The position thus taken is impregnable and none of the Blaine papers have had the courage to attack it. These sentiments are shared by hundreds of thousands of Republicans throughout the country.

This sentiment will, in a number of states, bear more decisive fruit than in Vermont, the electoral vote of which will go to Blaine. Whatever may be the majority in Vermont at the election to-day, it will be much less two months hence for Blaine. Turn the Rascals out.

PLANETARY INFLUENCE ON THE EARTH.

In a recent communication to the New York *Star* Blanton Duncan, of Louisville, Kentucky, expatiates upon planetary influences upon the earth past, present and to come, and predicts special disturbance from the perihelion of Saturn in July 1885. Coincident with the perihelia of the great planets, Uranus, Neptune, Jupiter and Saturn, interposing obstructions to the sun's currents, he claims that physical calamities are certain to occur on the earth, and cites epidemics and pestilences that have devastated the countries of the globe, coincident with the near proximity of three great planets to the sun. The seven years of plenty, and the seven years of famine in Egypt, in Joseph's time, he attributes to these coincidences.

In 542 of the christian era, a pestilence prevailed in which the dead were compared to the sands of the sea. In 543 Asia and Europe were ravaged, 10,000 a day dying in Constantinople. After a subsidence, it recommenced in 558 and ravaged every locality of Europe, Asia and Africa. The coincidences were that Uranus came to perehilion in 538, Saturn 548, Jupiter and Neptune in 564. In the fourteenth century the plague again depopulated the earth. The coincidences were that the planets were in perihelion as follows: Uranus in 1378, Jupiter in 1382, Saturn, 1384, and Neptune in 1388. In the sixteenth century the perihelion occurred in 1546, 1558, and 1561, with the same results of wide-spread mortality. Nearly every one of the great epidemics for 2,500 years, says Mr. Duncan, has come surprisingly coincident to the passage of Jupiter through the third electrical node, every 1779-100 years. The popular idea has been that cholera comes every seventeen years and that it approximately does come at these periods is verified, and must be the effect of some general cause.

The human mind is too limited to solve these mysteries of creation. Nothing but an infinite capacity can compass and comprehend them, poor human conjecture can alone be resorted to, and that at best leaves us in doubt and darkness. Mr. Duncan wrote in 1881: "The passage of Jupiter through 80 degree node on October 31, 1882, will be an incident of great interest, as probably the date of remarkable phenomena and meteorological events." To this coincident disturbance he does attribute, in the fall of 1882, "the most remarkable weather known to human memory, the prevalence for six weeks of summer weather like our July and August, and extending through October into November." Mr. Duncan concludes his disquisition with an intimation of unusual occurrences to be looked for next year. He says: "We know that certain phenomena—the heat of 1882—did come in October and November, 1882. We will see what may occur when the perihelion of Saturn occurs in close proximity to the passage of Jupiter through the heliocentric longitude of electric intensity again in July, 1885." Of the great magnetic and electrical forces, that impel and balance in illimitable space, worlds and systems, we know but little, and can know but little here. It is a theme and a study, for expanding finite powers for eternity.

GOOD TIDINGS.

Dr. E. Snyder, of this city, is an intimate personal friend of Hon. S. S. Cox, of New York, a gentleman not only of national fame, but also a prominent member of the Tammany organization. Dr. Snyder received a private letter from Mr. Cox yesterday, bearing date August 29, from which we have been permitted to make the following extract:

"We have them 'on the hip,' and I believe nothing can now stop the incoming tide for Cleveland. You can say for me that it so looks now, and that it seems to me inevitable."

CURRENT COMMENT.

LONDON *Truth* feels warranted in saying that the Kalomine affair is by no means at an end. It appears that Madame de Kalomine (Countess Romrod) consented to join with the Grand Duke of Hesse in applying for a divorce on certain conditions, and these conditions, she maintains, have not been complied with. She has therefore engaged a well-known lawyer of Mannheim, who is about to begin a suit before the Imperial Tribunal at Leipsic, for the quashing of the divorce decree which was recently prepared by the Grand Ducal Court of Darmstadt. There is no doubt that this new suit will be successful, as it is the universal opinion among German lawyers that the Darmstadt judge acted ultra vires in granting a divorce merely because the couple desired one, and for no other reason. The Countess is still residing at Dresden.

NEW YORK *World:* The fact that Bill Chandler had twenty-eight cases of private liquor on board the Tallapoosa is tolerably good evidence that he contemplated holding a few more political conferences before the close of the social season. The question is, will the Government reimburse the distinguished secretary.

DR. STRUCK, for years past Bismarck's physician, struck against being called in consultation with the homeopathist, Dr. Schwenniger, with whom Bismarck is so much struck that he has struck Struck from his list of family physicians and has substituted Schwenniger.

FRANCIS EDISON and Col. A. C. Woodworth, the latter a near personal friend of Gen. Butler, have resigned from the Massachusetts Democratic State committee. Col. Woodworth's place has been filled by the election of B. E. Cook, the Mayor of Northampton.

IT is to be noticed that Mr. John Roach is not so foolhardy as to trust himself on any of the United States navy vessels built under contract at his shipyards. He is now cruising off the coast of Maine in a steamer yacht of his own.

A DISPATCH from the French capital announces the death of Wm. M. Tweed's eldest son, Peter Tweed, in a mad house. The history of the Tweed family is a doleful lesson to ring politicians.

GUSTAVE DORE, Darwin, Henry Heine, George Sand and Sainte-Beuve all give names to new streets lately opened in Paris, and Victor Hugo lives on the avenue named in his honor.

NOBODY has yet demanded that John P. St. John withdrew from the race for the Presidency. This is a cold, cynical indifferentism cankering the damask cheek of American politics.

HACKMEN on the Canada side of Niagara think every American who come there has just robbed a bank. That may account for their charges.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN was married at the age of twenty-one. He discovered lightning shortly afterwards.

Francis Murphy will hold a meeting at Central Presbyterian church at 8 p. m. Singing services commence at 7:30 p. m.

OBITUARY.

The following touching tribute to a most estimable and beloved lady is from the New York *Catholic Review* of August 23rd.

MRS. PETER J. DWYER.

Numbers of our oldest Catholic citizens will hear with regret of the death in St. Paul, Minn., on July 24, of a lady formerly well known in Brooklyn, Louisa, wife of Dr. Peter J. Dwyer, at one time physician to St. Mary's Hospital and other charitable institutions of the city, and widely known as a medical adviser of experience.

Mrs. Dwyer removed with her husband and family to Grand Rapids, Mich., some years ago, but, catching the fatal malaria, she was brought to Minnesota, in the hope that its healthful air would restore her. It certainly aided her, but the seed of disease was too deep, and last month she succumbed to its sudden and unexpected attack.

A few days previous she had written to her sister, Mrs. McDermott, of Brooklyn, full of joy at witnessing on one of the festivals of the Apostles her boys approaching Communion with the rest of the grown children taught in the Cathedral schools of St. Paul, and she bore warm testimony to the security which their education in such an atmosphere brought her.

The little fact may disclose to all who did not know her how devoted a Christian woman and wife Mrs. Dwyer was. Those who had the happiness of knowing her will remember the endearing qualities of the Catholic lady that as maiden or matron, won for her everywhere the respect and love of her friends.

Dr. Dwyer's numerous friends in Brooklyn will sympathize with him and his young family in this affliction, and will no doubt remember his wife in their prayers. *May she rest in peace.*

The Salmon Falls and Great Falls cotton mills, near Dover, N. H., which have been shut down for two weeks, will remain closed another week.

DOWNED BY THE DUDES.

The Fifth Game of the Series Delivered to the Falls City Lads.

Winona Suffers Her Eleventh Consecutive Defeat at Milwaukee.

Detailed Report of the Lacrosse Game at Chicago—Minor Mention.

St. Paul vs. Minneapolis.

A shower of rain yesterday just at 4 o'clock prevented many from attending the St. Paul-Minneapolis game, and the crowd was consequently the smallest of the season, scarcely 200 people being present. The game was won by Minneapolis on the errors of the home team, the hitting on both sides being light and scattered. Only the first man who went to bat, Andrus, took his base on balls, and not more than two safe hits were made on either side in any one inning. Three of the errors made by members of the St. Paul team were excusable. Hengle muffed a fly by being run into by Carroll and Dunn. The latter had a thrown ball knocked from his hands by Murray in running to first, and Tilley was barely able to reach the fly he muffed after a long run. The playing of Barnes was the best on the ground yesterday. He went to bat four times, made three safe hits, scored two runs and made a put out and two assists. Ganzel's two passed balls each let in a run, but his work was pretty fair after all. He made eight put outs, an assist and two pretty singles. O'Brien made a long drive to right field for two bases in the first inning, and his fielding was unmarred by errors. Carroll made a hit and two put outs, but his attempt to steal second base proved a bad failure. For the visitors Caruthers and Reid led with the willow, and the fielding was unusually good all around. Hunter, late manager of the St. Paul team, umpired the game, and his work in the position was as accurate as could be desired. St. Paul scored in the first inning on a single by Barnes and a double by O'Brien. Another was added in the fourth on a single by Barnes and two passed balls. Minneapolis scored three runs in firstt he on Werrick's fumble, a passed ball and hits by Kinzie and Murray, the latter reaching the plate on Caruthers' out at right field. In the fifth Andrus went to first on Tilley's muff, to second on a passed ball and home on Hengle's muff. Hengle redeemed himself immediately after muffing a fly by making a beautiful stop of Casey's grounder. In the ninth inning Caruthers made a two-baser and reached the plate on Isaacson's single. The score follows:

ST. PAUL

	AB	R	B	TB	PO	A	E
Carroll, rf	4	0	1	1	2	0	0
Hengle, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	2	1
Barnes, cf	4	2	3	3	1	2	0
O'Brien, 3b	4	0	1	2	2	2	0
Dunn, 1b	4	0	0	0	7	0	1
Ganzel, c	4	0	2	2	8	1	0
Tilley, lf	4	0	0	0	3	0	1
Werrick, ss	3	0	0	0	0	2	1
Galvin, rf	3	0	0	0	2	6	1
Totals	34	2	7	8	27	15	5

MINNEAPOLIS.

	AB	R	B	TB	PO	A	E
Andrus, ss	4	1	0	0	0	2	1
Reid, 2b	4	0	1	2	1	2	0
Nichols, rf	4	0	0	0	3	1	0
Casey, lf	4	1	0	0	3	1	0
Kinzie, c	4	1	1	1	8	2	0
Murray, 3b	4	1	1	1	2	0	0
Caruthers, p	4	1	2	3	3	10	0
McElwain, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Isaacson, 1b	4	0	1	1	7	0	0
Totals	35	5	6	8	27	18	1

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Minneapolis	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	—5
St. Paul	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Earned runs—Minneapolis 2, St. Paul 1.
Two-base hits—Reid, Caruthers, O'Brien.
Left on bases—St. Paul 5, Minneapolis 5.
Struck out—By Caruthers 9, by Galvin 5.
Double play—Nichols and Isaacson.
First base on balls—Minneapolis 1.
Passed balls—McCauley 1, Kinzie 3, Ganzel 2.
Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.
Umpire—Hunter, of St. Paul.

To-Day's Game.

Owing to the fact that the Minneapolis fair will be in full blast to-day the game scheduled for Minneapolis between Minneapolis and St. Paul will be played in St. Paul. This will be the last game for some time, as both teams leave for a trip to-morrow. The game will be called as usual at 4 o'clock, and the teams and their positions are as follows:

ST. PAUL.	POSITIONS.	MINNEAPOLIS.
Gorman	Pitcher	Walker
Dealey	Catcher	Kinzie
Werrick	Short stop	Andrus
Dunn	First base	Isaacson
Hengle	Second base	Reid
O'Brien	Third base	Murray
Tilley	Left field	Casey
Barnes	Center field	Nichols
Carroll	Right field	Caruthers

Milwaukee vs. Winona.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 1.—The game between the Milwaukee and Winona teams this afternoon did not attract a very large crowd, but those present were treated to an unusually fine exhibition of ball playing. The Winonas are all strong fielders, and with a good battery would win as many games as any of their competitors. Baldwin and Falch occupied the points for the local team, and their work was excellent, Baldwin's repeated fine stops eliciting applause. Moynahan's fielding was one of the main features of the game, his one-handed catch of a liner being among the finest plays ever made on the ground. Griffin and Baldwin as usual did well at the bat, each scoring a single and a two-bagger. McGunnigle pitched for the visitors during the first seven innings, and considering his lack of practice did good work. Donahue's catching was creditable. The fielding of the Milwaukee team was nearly perfect, the only error being a low throw by Sexton. The Milwaukees made the first run in the third inning, when Porter went to first on called balls, injuring his ankle in the effort. Baldwin then ran for him and dashed home on Falch's base hit. Griffin's two-bagger, Moynahan's out and an error by Brower gave the Milwaukees another run in the fourth inning. Ingram's muff of Behel's high fly, daring base running by the fleet Milwaukeean and Moynahan's single and Baldwin's two-bagger yielded two more runs in the sixth. The Winonas failed to get a man to the plate in safety, the nearest approach being made by Patton who was put out while attempting to score. The score is as follows:

MILWAUKEE.

	R	B	PO	A	E
Sexton, ss	0	1	2	1	1
Hogan, 2b	1	1	2	3	0
Behel, lf	1	0	0	0	0
Griffin, 1b	1	2	9	0	0
Moynahan, 3b	1	1	4	1	0
Baldwin, p	0	2	1	11	0
Porter, rf	1	0	3	0	0
Bignall, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Falch, c	0	1	5	2	0
Totals	4	8	27	18	1

WINONA.

	R	B	PO	A	E
McGunnigle, parf	0	1	1	6	1
Rainey, 3b	0	2	2	2	2
Myers, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Harter, cf	0	2	1	1	1
Patton, ss	0	0	0	2	0
Donahue, c	0	0	11	2	0
Walsh, lf	0	1	1	0	0
Brower, 1b	0	0	8	0	1
Ingraham, rf&p	0	1	1	3	2
Totals	0	7	27	19	7

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Milwaukee	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	—4
Winona	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Runs earned—Milwaukee 1.
Two base hits—Griffin 1, Baldwin 1.
Total bases on clear hits—Milwaukee 10. Winona 7.
Left on bases—Milwaukee 8, Winona 4.
Struck out—Milwaukee 9, Winona 5.
Reached first on called balls—Sexton 2.
Double plays—Hogan and Griffin.
Strikes called—Off Baldwin 8, off McGunnigle 16, off Ingram 6.
Balls called—On Baldwin 47, on McGunnigle 72, on Ingram 37.
Passed balls—Falch 1, Donahue 1.
Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.
Umpire—Zach Clayton.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 6, Detroit 2.
At Boston—Boston 7, Chicago 4.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Brooklyn—Metropolitan 13, Brooklyn 0.
At Pittsburg—Virginia 10, Pittsburg 5.
At Toledo—Cincinnati 12, Toledo 7.

UNION ASSOCIATION.
At Boston—Boston 4, Pittsburg 1.
At Baltimore—St. Louis 6, Baltimore 2.

What Peoria Wants.

It has been demonstrated that Peoria will not support a base ball club unless it wins every game in which it plays, says the Peoria *Transcript.* The people there want a catcher without a passed ball, a pitcher to strike out twenty-seven men in a game, and other players who can play every day without an error. If they had such a club the daily attendance would average 1,260.

The Championship Game of Lacrosse.

A match for the championship of the United States was played on the base ball grounds in Chicago on Saturday last, between the Calumets, of Chicago, and the St. Paul club of this city. The ball was faced at 3:55 by Stark, of the St. Pauls, and Galahan, of the Calumets. Stark got the ball and passed it to Macaulay, who passed it to Ault, and for five minutes it was passed around between Ault, Moir and Devine, the Calumet defense rarely getting a chance at the ball. Ferron, of the Calumets, finally got it and made some pretty plays to the right of the goal till Ault took it away from him and passed it to Devine, who, being hard pressed, threw it to Gene Giberton, who put it through, thus winning the first game for St. Paul. Time, eight minutes.

Time was called after about five minutes' intermission, and for the first few minutes the play was but a repetition of the first game. The Calumets at this point seemed to realize their danger, and by a great effort forced the ball down on the St. Paul flags and for several minutes there was some lively work, but the St. Paul defense was too much for them, and though Way, Murphy, Shannon and Galahan made desperate efforts to force the ball through Warwick, the stonewall of the St. Pauls, here played a game that their united efforts could not equal, and the ball was sent up the field. Way, of the Calumets, got it, and by a clever overhand shot came within a foot of putting the ball through the St. Paul goal. At this point it started to rain so hard that further play was for the time suspended, and it looked very much as if the game would not be finished, and that the St. Paul boys would have to leave the championship with the Calumets. After waiting patiently for half an hour the rain ceased, but it left behind it two inches of water, and sliding rather than running was the order of the next two games. Though it was drizzling the referee ordered the two teams out, the ball being faced where the game was stopped by Fry for the St. Pauls and Shannon for the Calumets. Fry got the ball and sent it up to the Calumet goal, where Lovall, Ault and Moir did some sliding till Murphy, of the Calumets relieved them of the ball and sent it down to the St. Paul goal. Here Warwick made some fine play, and finally had the satisfaction of seeing it once more sailing up the field. Ault got it and passed it to Gene Giberton, who put it through, making the second game for St Paul, time, excluding stoppage from rain, forty minutes.

The ball was quickly faced again, as it was becoming dark, and the St. Paul boys realizing that they had either to take the next game or leave without the cup, played for all they were worth, and few people who see the meek faces of the St. Paul boys going down Jackson street, would imagine they possessed the grip to fight the way they did.

To make a long story short they all played well, and to particularize would hardly be fair. Suffice it to say that the game only lasted five minutes and was again put through by Gene Giberton.

Brighton Beach Races.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—The weather was pleasant, the track slow and the attendance large.

First race, maiden two-year-olds, five furlongs—Janeita Pride first, Ma Chere second, Lenox third. Time, 1:05.

Second race, mile and a furlong—Swift won, Casino second, Bullhead third. Time, 2:00.

Third race, mile and a half, for all ages—Markland won, Telford second, Wave O'Light third. Time 2:31½.

Fourth race, seven furlongs, for horses that have run and not won at Brighton beach in 1884. Topsey won, Mattie Rapture second, Joe Murray third. Time, 1:31½.

Fifth race, for all ages, mile.—Northana won, Polinurus second, Treasurer third. Time, 1:46.

Handicap hurdle race, mile and a quarter—Bally won, Correct second, Claude Brannon third. Time, 2:22.

St. Louis Races.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 1.—At the third day's races there was a good track, but a poor attendance.

First race, purse $200, for all ages, seven furlongs—Hatef won, Nora M. second, McBowling a good third. Time 1:31¼.

Second race, autumn stake, for all ages, $500 added to first, $100 to second, mile and a half—April Fool won, Australian second, with Sullivan at his girth. Time 2:42½.

Third race, selling event, purse $200, heats three-quarters of a mile—Chili won, Niphon second, Chantilly third. Time 1:20. In the second heat Chili won by a neck, Chantilly second, Niphon a close third. Time 1:19. The winner was bid in by the owners at the entry price of $150.

Fourth race, steeple chase, over the full course, purse $200—Starters: King, Dutchman, Sanford, Heartless. Dutchman won, Sanford second, Heartless third. Time 5:30.

Notes.

Myers and Donahue, of the late Muskegons, have joined the Winonas.

The St. Paul and Minneapolis teams will play their last game before making a trip to day.

Foster, the disabled pitcher, was an interested spectator at the game yesterday. He was received with applause when he came into the grand stand.

A young man named Redmond, alias Texas Tom, was arrested on the track in St. Louis yesterday for trying to poison Lady of the Lake, a mare owned by W. Bryant.

Former St. Paul Resident Seriously Hurt.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

RUSH CITY, Minn., Sept. 1.—A man was picked up on the Grantsburg branch of the St. Paul and Duluth road, about thirty miles east of the St. Croix river to-night and brought to Rush City by the section crew. He was unable to talk for a time, but this evening he gave his name as John Johnson, a Swede. He has been boarding at 308 Rosabel street, St. Paul. He has a family consisting of a wife and three children, living near the Seventh street hill, whom he has left on account of family troubles. He came to Rush City last week and started out on the branch road Friday and got off the train at Benson, the other side of the river, where he had stopped with a farmer since. To-day he started for Grantsburg to look for work and after walking a mile or more on the railroad the train came along and he attempted to get on board, and he was thrown violently upon the track, where he laid nearly in an insensible condition from about noon until evening. His injuries are internal, but Dr. Beardsley thinks not fatal.

Duluth Notes.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 1.—The dock laborers here have struck for forty cents an hour, the former price being thirty-five cents. Two boats in the harbor managed to load with deck hands, but a third was compelled to accede to the demands.

The store of Howard Bros. was broken into last night and the safe forced open. But a few cents were secured, however.

Wheat receipts are increasing and from now on promise to be heavy.

Distinguished Jurist Dead.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 1.—Judge E. H. English, chief justice of the supreme court of Arkansas, died at noon to-day at Asheville, N. C. He was elected chief justice in 1854, 1860 and 1880, and was for twelve years Masonic grand master of the state.

THE OHIO RIOTS.

Governor Hoadly Visits Hocking County and Talks to the Miners.

He Concludes the Situation is Critical and Orders Out the Militia.

But Demands That the Troops Be Used Only for Protection.

LOGAN, O., Sept. 1.—Everything is quiet in the valley this morning and there is no authentic report of the damage to person or property last night. There was a rumor this morning that fifteen men had been killed at Buchtel, but it lacks confirmation and probably there is nothing in the report. Telegraph communication is in good shape this morning, and it is learned that there was continued firing early last night between the strikers and guards at San Run and Tong Strap. It is not learned yet that any person was injured.

The governor arrived here on a special train this morning, and is disposed to learn all he can about the situation before ordering more troops on the ground. He is furnished a special train by the road, and is accompanied by Private Secretary McConville, Walter Crafts, of the Hocking Coal company, Frank Merrick, attorney for the latter company, and representatives of the Associated Press. The governor held a consultation with the leading citizens of Logan this morning, among them Judge Friesner, Col. Seth Wildy, the sheriff, and others. He says he has formed no definite conclusion as yet from the talks he has had, but will make the circuit of the mines to-day and try and see the leaders of both sides. He will be accompanied by the sheriff, Judge Friesner, and others.

Frank Woody, in jail here, arrested for participating in the riot Saturday night and for shooting Wm. Hare, one of the guards, made a full confession this morning, in which he has given the names of five or six of the leaders in the attack of Saturday night. Sheriff McCarthy will furnish the names of those implicated as soon as arrests can be made. Woody is in jail here, and the presence of the militia about the jail seems to have had the effect of making him weaken.

TROOPS READY.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 1.—Nothing has been heard here yet from the governor and party. Troops are still held in waiting. Advices from Hocking valley indicate that the firing around the mines and in the woods last night resulted in no casualities.

MORE STRIKERS.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 1.—The miners in the Ohio central region, along Sandy creek, went out to-day on the pretext of not getting the September advance. They are expected to join the Hocking valley, the strike being adjacent.

NO TROUBLE ANTICIPATED.

NEW STRAITSVILLE, O., Sept. 1.—Judge Friesner, of Logan, who is in consultation with Gov. Hoadly, thinks the worst of the trouble in the valley is over. The governor says Friesner is charged with a great deal of responsibility and considers his opinion of considerable force. The governor left Logan at 10:30 for a trip to the principal mining towns, accompanied by Sheriff McCarthy