Daily Globe.

Official paper of the City and County.

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NEW TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

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WEEKLY GLOBE.

By Mail—postage paid, per year	$1 15

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 16, 9:56 p. m.

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations named.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
St. Paul	30.18	55	Calm	Clear
La Crosse	30.16	57	W	Clear

NORTHWEST.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Bismarck	30.30	52	NW	Clear
Ft Garry	30.10	43	NW	Clear
Minnedosa	30.13	41	NW	Fair
Moorhead	30.19	51	W	Clear
Qu'Apelle	30.18	45	W	Clear
St. Vincent	30.15	46	W	Clear

NORTHERN ROCKY MOUNTAIN SLOPE.

	Bar.	Ther	Wind.	Weather.
Ft. Assinaboine	30.35	53	S	Clear
Ft. Buford	30.31	46	NW	Clear
Ft. Custer	30.39	51	S	Clear
Helena	30.42	51	SW	Clear
Huron	30.09	48	W	Clear
Medicine Hat	30.09	48	S	Clear

UPPER LAKES.

	Bar.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Duluth	30.11	57	W	Clear

DAILY LOCAL MEANS.

Bar.	Ther.	Dew Point.	Wind.	Weather.
30.141	60.4	49.6	W	Clear

Amount rainfall .0: Maximum thermometer 71; minimum thermometer 53.0; daily range 18.

River—Observed height 5 feet, 11 inches.

Rise in twenty-four hours 0 inches.

Fall in twenty-four hours, 1 inch.

Note—The "time ball" is dropped daily (Sundays excepted) from the flagstaff on the Fire department marine building, corner of Third and Jackson streets, at noon, "Central Time," as determined at Carleton College observatory.

NOTE—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation.

P. F. LYONS, Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A

INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17, 1 a. m.—Indications for the upper Mississippi valley: Clear and fair weather; northeasterly winds; slight fall in temperature. Missouri valley: Clear and fair weather; light variable winds, generally northerly; nearly stationary temperature.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

Hon. Ignatius Donnelly, the nominee for congress of the Democrats, the Farmers' alliance, and the People's party will speak as follows:

Friday, October 17, 7:30 p. m., at Hutchinson.
Saturday, October 18, 7:30 p. m., at Granite Falls.
Monday, October 20, 7:30 p. m., at Waconia.
Tuesday, October 21, 7:30 p. m., at Glencoe.
Wednesday, October 22, 1 p. m., at Sacred Heart.
Wednesday, October 22, 7:30 p. m., at Olivia.
Thursday, October 23, 7:30 p. m., at Watertown.
Friday, October 24, 1 p. m., at Renville.
Friday, October 24, 7:30 p. m., at Bird Island.
Saturday, October 25, 1 p. m., at Beaver Falls.
Saturday, October 25, 7:30 p. m., at Franklin.
Monday, October 27, 1 p. m., at Hector.
Tuesday, October 28, 7:30 p. m., at Faribault.
Wednesday, October 29, 7:30 p. m. at Shieldsville.
Thursday, October 30, 7:30 p. m., at Morristown.
Friday, October 31, 1 p. m., at Richland.

It is expected that the supporters of Mr. Donnelly will secure halls and make all the preparations for the meetings in their respective towns.

The Ticket.

District Judge—WESCOTT WILKIN.
Probate Judge—W. B. McGRORTY.
Sheriff—GEO. MITSCH, JR.
Auditor—JAMES O'BRIEN.
County Commissioner, City—JAMES KING.
County Commissioner, City—MARTIN BRUGGEMANN.
County Commissioner, Country — DANIEL O'CONNOR.
Superintendent of Schools—DANIEL MURPHY.
County Surveyor—HENRY S. POTTS.

LEGISLATIVE.

First Ward—GILBERT OLSON.
Second and Sixth Wards—C. H. LIENEAU.
Third Ward—R. L. GORMAN.
Fourth Ward, First and Fourth Precincts—R. A. SMITH.
Fourth Ward, Second, Third and Fifth Precincts—ANSEL OPPENHEIM.
Fifth Ward—J. J. LEMON.
Country—E. A. HENDRICKSON.

YESTERDAY'S MARKETS.

There was a slightly more active market at St. Paul yesterday, with wheat ¼c lower. At Milwaukee wheat declined ¾@⅞. At Chicago November wheat declined ⅜c and December ⅜c. Corn was 1½c lower for October and ½c down for November; oats also declined ¼c. Stocks opened weak and lower and showed no strength throughout the day. The entire list, with few exceptions, closed lower than on Wednesday. Northwestern declined ¾ per cent.; St. Paul closed steady at 79⅛. Omaha was ¾ (common) and 1½ (preferred) lower; Northern Pacific ⅛; Oregon Transcontinental 1; Manitoba 1, and Western Union ½ per cent. lower than at Wednesday's close.

NORDIN'S farewell is announced. Let us weep.

THE big Ohio Blaine majority is rapidly going out of sight.

WEST VIRGINIA settles it. There will be no break in the solid south.

GARFIELD'S majority in Ohio was 34,000. Blaine hasn't got a third of it.

BLAINE was not a Prohibitionist in Ohio, out of respect for the "bigoted Germans."

JACK LOGAN is resting at Chicago after the exhaustion of his spitting-in-men's-faces campaign.

SINCE Blaine has been in Michigan his friends there tell him he has got to "hustle" to carry that state.

IN the daylight of Michigan the Republican candidate for President looks "haggard." He knows he is beaten.

MR. GILFILLAN'S hired band played "The Sweet Buy and Buy" beautifully at the Pfeifer hall meeting last evening.

BLAINE'S troubled spirit is not elated by the result in the October states. The canvass has been costly, and the outcome discouraging.

EVEN the puerile *P. P.* lashes the rascal Flower for the use he made of a private letter from Senator Edmunds, but after its own duplicity was exposed.

SOME of the Ohio voting population have recently acquired money enough to go into the banking business, which according to Blaine is profitable.

THE *P. P.* might have saved itself the abasement of apologizing for its attempted deception in its recent publication of the mutilated Edmunds' letter, had it been wise enough to tell the truth in the first instance.

WALKER BLAINE has had the canvass banners, "Blaine and Logan," removed from the side of the car in which "Father" travels. Another Blaine indignity toward Black Jack.

WEST VIRGINIA which went Democratic last year by 3,221, rolls up at least 6,000 this year. This shows a larger relative gain in a Democratic state than the Republicans have made in a Republican state.

THERE are indications that a large body of Democrats of this city will visit Hudson, Wisconsin, Monday evening next, to hear the eloquent and brilliant Col. Vilas. The St. Paul delegation on this occasion should number at least a thousand men.

FARWELL, the man who rents Blaine's palace at Washington, raised $250,000 to pour into the Ohio campaign, giving $200,000 of the amount himself. Since the election last Tuesday he does not see his way clearly to get it back. He has lost faith that Blaine can be elected.

HALSTEAD'S New York Blaine organ has run through the money Steve Elkins whacked up for it, and is crying for more, but Mr. Elkins' committee associates have now so little confidence in his gumption that they refuse to allow any more of the committee funds to go into Halstead's rat-hole.

THE new Bennett-Mackey ocean cable was practically landed yesterday, though some details remain to be completed to-day. Although an enterprise of importance, the sensation such an event would have once produced, resolved itself into a luncheon party of a few pleasure seeking people.

THE weak Mr. Alger says he will spend $200,000 to be elected Governor of Michigan. There are those, however, who do not believe he can buy the state. There is a formidable opposition to him among the working, thinking portion of the people. The "common people," as the purse-proud, aristocratic monopolist terms the men who work (when they can get work) for their daily bread, are unalterably opposed to him.

THAT eminent Blaine paper, the Cincinnati *Commercial*, with the refined and elegant diction common with all the organs of candidates who spit in gentlemen's faces, beautifully says:

Mr. Beecher is behaving like an ass this year. If he were not politically an ass he would not be a backer of Grover Cleveland.

It is very sad to perceive the intense irritation that pervades all the Blaine organs. As Mr. Beecher is in the company of a large majority of the people of the United States, he is doing very well, and the designation applied to him, by the crazed Cincinnati organ attaches to several millions of his fellow citizens as well.

THE quarantining cattle from the United States by the Dominion government is said to meet with the warm approbation of the people of the Canadian Northwest. The Fort McLeod *Gazette* says it is a simple matter of self-preservation, as contagious diseases such as Texas fever, pleuro-pneumonia and foot and mouth disease are spreading with alarming rapidity in certain grazing districts in the United States. The embargo, or quarantine, will prevent the loss of the English market, the loss of which the American traffic would but poorly compensate. If the unhealthy state of cattle is not exaggerated the amount of diseased and unfit meat thrown into various central markets in the United States cannot be easily computed. It is not probable that the St. Paul Chamber of Commerce moved any too soon in the direction of protecting consumers from the imposition of unclean meats.

A VICTORY WHICH MEANS DEFEAT.

The Ohio election, over which the Republicans were inclined to be very happy on Wednesday, is proving anything but reassuring to the "grand old party." Instead of 20,000 majority, or plurality, as at first claimed the Republicans have gradually descended from their pinnacle and now only claim 10,792, while the Democrats concede a still lower figure. It is probable the final figures will bring the Republican plurality over the Democrats a little under ten thousand and their majority over all, Greenbackers, Prohibitionists and Democrats combined, not to exceed two or three thousand.

On the morning of the election the GLOBE published a table showing that the state had been Republican since 1856 when there was a full vote out, as in Presidential years, never recording either at October or November anything but Republican majorities. It added:

As a result of all this effort the Republicans ought to carry the state to-day by at least ten thousand majority, in spite of the vigorous campaign which has been made. If they cannot exceed that majority it will be a practical Democratic victory. The Republicans are claiming from 15,000 to 25,000 majority, and they know that they must reach those figures to secure any moral prestige from the result. We shall be happily surprised if any less than a ten thousand Republican majority is recorded in Ohio to-day. Such a verdict will have no damaging effect upon New York, where the real and final battle takes place.

The sequel proves the correctness of the GLOBE estimate, and even that small majority was secured by the fact that the Prohibitionists offset the Germans by uniting with the Republicans. It is a victory which means defeat in November.

STABILITY OF THE DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION.

The Democratic party is phenomenal in its endurance, in its steadfast position, its vitality, its coherence, its fortitude in adversity, and in its vigorous maintanance of its organization under twenty-four consecutive years of defeat. It lives because essential, and never-dying principles vitalize it. True Democracy stands as the synonym of patriotism, equal and exact justice to all men, honest administration and popular government of, for, and by the people. These are the elements of its continued, organic existence, in the face of gigantic corruption, self-seeking aggrandizement in utter disregard of the public weal.

Not so the Republican party. It is the party of expedients and policies, rather than of principle. It seeks its own, and its partisans benefits, at the expense of the public good. It fattens on power, by burdening the people with excessive taxes, and rioting in their spoils. It has no established, decisive principle as its basis, It is the offspring of many progenitors. It is the lineal descendant of all the isms that have arisen in the country, and fallen away because they had no vital, enduring element. It is the duly accredited descendant of the old, aristocratic royalty-worshiping Federal party; of the long since defunct "National Republican party," of the ephemeral Anti-Masonic party; of the Henry Clay abortive Whig party; and of the one idea fanaticism that sapped the foundation of the Whig party and all other side-shows, and left them in ruins. Gathering up the fragments of all fantastic attempts at party organizations, the Republican party rose, and taking advantage of exceptionally troublous and tumultuous times, succeeded in clutching national power, which it has since held, not by desert, not by statesmanship, not by patriotic devotion to the welfare of the whole people, and with the exception of Lincoln's brief rule (to whom all right minded men will award patriotic impulses) the national administration in the hands of the Republicans, has been a mere travesty on honest government, and has sanctioned and cherished a swarm of leeches and public plunderers, to eat out the substance of the people. It is not to be wondered at that a party so destitute of political virtue, and public morality, should at last produce a Presidential candidate who is personally corrupt, selfishly dishonest and to the last degree unpatriotic and unworthy.

LIBEL SUIT AGAINST A LIAR.

Mr. Donnelly has instructed Hon. J. B. Brisbine to begin libel suit at once against the *Pioneer Press*. The suit will be based on the accusation made a few days ago that he had committed perjury in his suit with Ole Rice & Co., of Willmar, and also for the article of Oct. 15 in accusing him of writing the letter to Congressman Springer offering a bribe of $5,000 to elect Mr. Washburn.

It would be difficult to concoct a more silly lie than this was. Mr. Donnelly was contesting Mr. Washburn's seat and the absurdity that he should offer a bribe for his own defeat is too apparent to need a response. Still the accusation having been made at the time, Mr. Donnelly demanded and secured a Congressional investigation and on the most searching inquiry he was most fully exonerated. And still the *P. P.* repeats the exploded, a lie which it knows to be a lie and the repetition of which stamps the editor of that paper with the brand of wilful, deliberate, and malicious liar, a position of degredation which he seems proud to occupy. This champion liar will now have an opportunity to be legally recorded the scoundrel which he is.

CURRENT COMMENT.

WHEN the late Frank Chanfrau returned from California and was the possessor of a snug fortune he bought a handsome house at Yonkers and then went to the warehouse in Peck Slip, where his father was employed as a porter, and said: "I'd like you to step out with me for a while." "I can't," replied the elder man; "it isn't dinner time yet, and my employer wouldn't like it." "Yes they would, they are perfectly willing," said the actor, and then took his father to Yonkers, showed him through the house, and asked him what he thought of it. "It is a very beautiful place," was the reply. "Well, it is yours." said Chanfrau.

ONE Charles Butler, a brutal wife-murderer, was hanged at Fort Wayne, Ind., on Friday. The telegraph records that just before the march to the gallows began the hardened wretch played several airs upon an accordion and closed his performance by dancing a jig. His case had been appealed to the supreme court, but that august body, with a commendable regard for the sensibilities of tortured humanity, upon learning that the horrible villain played the accordion, very properly refused to interfere with the sentence of the law and he was justly and promptly hanged.

AN Atlanta paper relates that a prominent and intelligent gentleman of Whitfield county has recently been engaged in a novel and rather solemn pursuit, that of superintending the digging of his own grave. He has selected for his last resting place a romantic and quiet spot, remote from the jarring noise of the busy world, and has had the crypt which will receive his mortal remains nicely cemented and enclosed with an iron railing. Although in the evening of his life this eccentric gentleman is still hale and hearty.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Rochester *Union and Advertiser* has been looking over the list of American members of the Cobden club, and finds, among others, M. B. Anderson, president of Rochester University; Henry Cabot Lodge, much puffed lately as a promising young Boston Republican, and the late J. A. Grrfield, of Ohio, where the Cobden club is pouring in guineas by the ton, according to the Republican papers, to defeat Major Blaine.

PARIS *Figaro:* M. Ferdinand de Lesseps writes to one of our subscribers that he has just made a contract with a big improvement company of New York for the excavation of 30,000,000 cubic metres of earth at the rate of about twenty-nine cents a metre, and that the work is to be finished in 1887. He also announces that he will go to Panama at the beginning of the coming year to formally open a section of the Inter-Oceanic canal.

THE Santa Rosa *Republican* relates that a redwood tree cut in Santa Rosa county furnished all the timber for the Baptist church in Santa Rosa, one of the largest church edifices in the county. The interior of the building is finished in wood, there being no plastered walls. Sixty thousand shingles were made from the tree after enough was taken for the church.

F. B. CARPENTER, the alleged artist, who managed to work off on the treasury his "Emancipation Proclamation" chromo, should have begun his now ostentatiously announced "Council of Arbitration" fireboard four years ago if he expects to "stick" the United States government with another of his preposterously poor pictures.

In view of the remote possibility that President Arthur may marry again, contemporary American historians recall that there has been no presidential marriage since John Tyler's in 1842, but the Major, who is aspirant for the presidential position, has been numerously enough married to make up for deficiencies.

BLAINE says that he did not offer to purchase, through Fisher, the compromising letters held by Mulligan. Fisher says that he did, and proceeds to furnish details of the affair and the name of a reputable man who was cognizant thereof. Thus Mr. Blaine is caught in another falsehood—the twenty-fifth of the campaign.

Two hundred printers have been discharged from the Government Printing office in Washington, and of this number it is authoratively stated that 190 "happen" to be Democrats. Great is Civil-service Reform; but in these piping times "we must discriminate."

Death of Mrs. Col. Raguet.

This venerable lady, widow of the late Col. Raguet, and mother of the well known John C., James and Samuel Raguet, died at Davenport, Iowa, yesterday. The remains will reach St. Paul, via the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, at 8 a. m., to-morrow, accompanied by Mrs. Shaw, daughter of deceased and her husband. Messrs. W. F. Mason, Henry Ogden, J. I. Beaumont, R. P. Lewis, R. Marvin and W. K. Gaston, will act as pall bearers and meet the body at the train, taking it thence to Oakland cemetary.

Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation for the Oak Lake Roller skating rink, Minneapolis, capital $25,000, were filed with the secretary of state yesterday. Nels Peterson, A. E. Peterson and H. C. Peterson were the incorporators.

The Air Siphon Ventilator company, of Minneapolis, with a capital of $500,000, was incorporated yesterday. John M. Finnerty, Louis J. Du Pre and George F. Brott were the incorporators.

Flax Crop.

The commissioner of statistics finds the flax crop of 1883 to be 826,281 bushels from an acreage of 70,880. In 1884 the acreage stands 109,335.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Another battle has been faught on the shore of the Tamsin river by the French and Chinese. The Chinese lost 3,000. The French loss was trifling.

It is said that Osman Digna will succeed in massing his forces at Tamai. The chance for crushing him is lost for the present.

Prime Minister Ferry says that a further reduction of the naval and military estimates s simply impossible.

A dispatch from Tonquin says the Chinese army completely dispersed after its recent defeat, leaving their killed and wounded upon the field.

Admiral Courbet has decided to blockade the northern coast of Formosa before giving order sfor a renewed attack upon Tamsin.

The troubles between the government and the budget committee, threaten to precipitate the French cabinet into a crisis.

A dispatch from Rheims say the vintage of 1884 is the best in France since 1874. The present year's mines will be full of bloom. There is a flattering prospect for the wine trade.

An invitation will be given the United States to attend the Congo conference in a few days.

BROOKLYN BOOMS.

(Continued from First page.)

the peculiar college cries of a band of college students. Despite the cold wind the general doffed his overcoat and hat and made a speech. At Johnstown there was a great popular demonstration. Gen. Butler visited and was welcomed to the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton. In that place Gen. Butler addressed 3,500 people. The journey was then continued to Little Falls, where there was a band of music to welcome the general, and he was driven to the Opera house, where he made the last address of the day. The general stops at Little Falls to-night.

The London Times' View.

LONDON, Oct. 16—The *Times* this morning devotes its leader to American politics, apropos of the Ohio election. Some noteworty sentences are as follows: "Ohio continues loyal to the Republican party. It is unlikely she will reverse the majority of 16,000 in November, The presidential contest is now narrowed to New York and Indiana. No great issues have been raised during the campaign. Personal question has been more debated than tariff or civil service reform. When the election has been decided, free trade probably will become the dominating and dividing question in America."

STATE POLITICS.

Donnelly's Campaign.

[Special Correspondence to the Globe.]

MANANNAN, Oct. 14.—Manannah was treated this evening to one of the Hon. Ignatius Donnelly's campaign speeches. The meeting was called to order by Chas. Staples, Esq., who nominated C. B. Clarke, Esq., as chairman. Mr. Clarke introduced Mr. Donnelly, candidate for congress from this district, who spoke for about two and one-half hours. The meeting was held in the village school house, which was completely packed by farmers from all over the county. Every seat was filled, chairs were brought in and soon filled, and all standing room filled and many standing on the outside at the windows. Mr. Donnelly's speech was received with loud and repeated applause, showing conclusively that all the farmers present were strong and enthusiastic supporters of him. It was stated after the meeting that there was not a supporter of Major Strait in the meeting. After Mr. Donnelly had spoken for about half an hour, two or three threshing crews arrived and a more throroughly packed house I never saw. I met a gentleman from Willmar, he said: "Mr. Donnelly is making friends every day, and I have made ten bets of $10.00 each that he will be elected." He said there was no doubt but that Mr. Donnelly would carry Kaudiyohi county, a county Mr. Donnelly did not expect to carry but did expect to reduce Major Strait's majority to about 400 or 500. I also met this morning at Grove City, a commercial traveler that had just come from Goodhue county, and I asked him if he had heard any talk about the congressional fight in that county and he said everybody was talking it all the time and that the general opinion was that Mr. Donnelly would carry that county, a county that Garfield received 2,800 majority in. Major Strait is a whipped man and from his actions it is plain to see that he has found it out. The best evidence that he is a whipped man is the fact of his throwing mud at Mr. Donnelly through the *Pioneer Press* and getting his speechmakers to also throw mud and scandalize Mr. Donnelly wherever they speak. When the people turn out to hear his men speak they expect to hear the political issues discussed, as they are advertised to do, but when they hear nothing but a personal tirade on Mr. Donnelly's character they go away and declare in favor of Mr. Donnelly. It was told me to-day that when one of Major Strait's men spoke for him at Litchfield he made a low tariff speech at the fair grounds and a high tariff speech at the hall in the evening; evidently trying to catch the farmers with his low tariff doctrine at the fair grounds and also to catch the business men at the hall with his high tariff argument, but it happened that a good many farmers attended the meeting in the evening, and they said: "You can't catch us that way general."

There will be a large vote cast in this section for Butler and West. Old Ben's vote will surprise a good many people in Minnesota. There is a general breaking up of old party lines, and if the Republicans think that Minnesota is to continue among the undisputed Republican states they will find themselves mistaken. The Scandinavians, who made it Republican, are breaking loose in all directions. They can't go wheat at fifty cents a bushel and the protective tariff.

Mr. Donnelly's friends tell him he will surely carry Meeker county by a large majority. He carried it against Washburn in 1878 and the feeling now is much more favorable to him than it was then.

Mr. Donnelly Replies.

[It seems that the question of Mr. Donnelly's vote on the railroad commissioner bill, referred to by "A Voter" in last week's *Tribune*, had already been discussed in private to such an extent that Mr. Donnelly had been written to in regard to the matter. His reply has been handed us for publication, which fully answers the communication of last week.—Editor Farmington *Tribune*.]

SHAKOPEE, Minn., Oct. 6, 1884.

My Dear Sir:—I have just received your valued favor of the 28th, ult., in which you tell me that copies of the acts of the legislature (obtained from the Republican committee in St. Paul), in reference to the appointment of a board of commissioners to provide for the management of railroad corporations, passed in 1874, and another providing for the appointment and election of one railroad commissioner, passed in 1875, are being exhibited, and that it is claimed that I voted against these bills in the senate in the interest of the railroad companies; and that I thereby sold out the people who had elected me to the senate.

This only shows what a contemptible thing political bigotry is. In a political campaign resort is had to any kind of argument to injure an opponent.

The first bill in question was based on the repeal of the granger legislation which prescribed moderate railroad rates for the transportation of passengers and freight on the railroads of the state. The board of railroad commissioners was simply "a tub thrown to the whale." If you will look at the first bill you will see that, like a scorpion, it has a sting in its tail—a repealing clause—which wiped out the whole fruit of the granger agitation. I was the only man in the senate who voted against that repeal in good faith. The Hon. E. F Drake, president of the Sioux City railroad, also voted against it, because he pretended that he did not want a board of commissioners. We two were the only senators who voted no. There was a great crowd present, and Mr. Drake, beaming with smiles over the success of the railroad, walked across the senate chamber and shook hands with me, "over the bloody chasm," amid the uproarious laughter of the senate and the assembled crowd of lobbyist. It was a good joke but a sorry one for the people. And now, those who ought to be above such tricks, quote that vote, when I stood "faithful among the faithless," as an evidence that I sold out to the railroads. Lork! Lord! How mean a thing politics will make of a man.

The second bill reduced the powers of the first board of commissioners, and was in the interests of the railroad companies, and therefore I voted against it. Gen. Baker is now railroad commissioner under that bill. What does it amount to? The general is an able man, and friendly, I believe, to the cause of the people; but he has as much control over the actions of the railroad companies of this state as the Tartar priest has, when he beats his drum and blows his horn over the course of an eclipse.

These questions, of course, have nothing to do with this campaign, which turns on other issues, but I refer to them in self defence.

The lies that are circulated against me in this contest are so multitudinous, and possess such an infinite variety, that I feel like exclaiming, with the worthy German, the first time he saw a monkey, "Mine Gott, vot vill der Frenchman make next."

Sincerely your friend,
IGNATIUS DONNELTY.

YESTERDAY'S SPORTS.

Races at Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Lexington and Elsewhere.

Baltimore Races.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.—This was the third day of the Maryland Jockey club fall meeting at Pimlico. In the first race G. Lorillard's filly, Souci, was cut down and had the pastern of her left hind leg fractured. In the fifth race Fair Count, in a breakaway, jumped the fence and fell, throwing her jockey. Neither was hurt.

First race, seven-eighths of a mile, for two year olds, purse, $500. Unrest was an easy winner, Saltpetre second, Kookum third. Time, 1:31.

The second was the Vestal stakes, for fillies three years old, mile and a half. There were fifty-four nominations, but all were declared out except G. Lorillard's Louisette and Tolu, which "walked over" for a purse and stakes.

The third was a selling race, one and one eighth miles, for all ages. Checkmate won by a nose, Marmaduke second, Regret third. Time, 2:27.

Free handicap stakes, mile and seven-eighths. Won by a head by Fosteral, Nettie second, Clonmel third. Time, 3:21½.

The fifth was a selling race, mile, for all ages, purse, $300. Joe Mitchell won. Fair Count second, Coral third. Time, 1:45¼.

Brighton Beach Races.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—First race—Purse $250, for horses not having won at Brighton in 1884, three-fourths of a mile, Knight Dampler won, Greenland second, Kittie H third. Time 1:18¼.

Second race—Same prizes, mile, Valley, Forge won, Little Fred second, Dark third. Time 1:44.

Third race—Purse $400, handicap for all ages, one and three-eighths miles. Clarence won, Blue Bell second, Barney Aaron third. Time 2:27.

Fourth race—Purse $250, for all ages, mile and a furlong, King Lion won, King Day second, Stratchpeg third. Time 1:59.

Fifth race—Same prizes, handicap, steeple chase, short course, Odette won, Jessie D second, Sanger third. Time 2:45½.

Philadelphia Races.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—The following are the summaries of the races at Suffolk park to-day:

2:25 CLASS, PACERS.

Gossip	5	2	4	1	1
Pronto	4	1	1	4	3
Don Cameron	1	4	2	3	2
Eddie C	2	3	3	2	4
Bay Dan	6	5	5	5	dr
Microphone	3	dist			
Katerina		dist			

Time, 2:29½, 2:27¼, 2:27½, 2:29¼, 2:28½, 2:32¼.

2:40 CLASS, TROTTERS.

Paddy Collins	1	7	1	4	1
James D	2	1	2	1	5
Minnie Bird	4	2	3	5	4
Chester	5	6	4	2	3
Tauseur	6	5	5	3	2
Flora Miner	3	4	6	7	dr
Harry S	7	3	7	6	dr

Time, 2:30, 2:31½, 2:30½, 2:32½, 2:32¼.

Boston Races.

BOSTON, Oct. 16.—This was the third day of the October meeting at Mystic park.

2:27 CLASS.

W K	1	1	1
Arthur	2	2	2
Belle Shackett	3	3	3
Vision	4	4	4

Time, 2:26, 2:26¾, 2:27½.

2:30 CLASS, UNFINISHED.

George O	1	2	1	2
Perplexed	2	1	2	1
Professor	3	3	3	3
Hospider	4	4	4	4

Time, 2:30¾, 2:31, 2:26¼, 2:29.

Lexington Races.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 16.—The fall meeting of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' association closed to-day with three good races.

First race, 2:24 class.

Sir Walter	1	1	1
MacLeod	2	2	2
Westmont	3	3	3
Mystery	4	4	4

Time, 2:25½, 2:25, 2:24¼.

Second race 2:30 class.

Leath H	1	1	1
Cuckoo	2	2	2
Nannie B	3	3	3
Lucy Monahon	5	4	dis.
Catchall	4	dis.	

Time 2:28, 2:24½, 5:26¼.

Third race, Wilkes stake.

Charlie Wilkes	1	2	1
Lady Mascotte	2	1	2
Shedd	3	5	3
Lady Wilkes	5	4	4
Minnie B	4	3	5

Time 2:45, 2:41½, 2:59.

Between the races W. H. Wilson's famous mare, Lady De Jarnet, trotted a mile in 2:24½. She will be raffled at Cynthiana next week at $5,000.

Maud S Going South.

HARTFORD, Oct. 16.—Maud S has been started for Lexington in charge of Bair. With a warmer climate it is thought she can lower her record this season.

Base Ball.

At Kansas City–Kansas City 10, National 4.
At St. Louis—Boston 7, St. Louis 5.

Notes.

Jacob Schaefer has challenged Slosson to play two games of billiards for $1,000, one at the 20x40-inch champion game and the other at the 10-inch balk line game. Schaefer consents to play in Chicago if Slosson will allow him $250 expenses.

The Fulljames-Gilmore fight did not come off at Toronto yesterday, owing to the failure of the latter to appear. The stakes, $500, were given to the latter.

LATE MINNEAPOLIS NEWS.

The Gilfillan faction of the Republicans met last night and appointed a new county committee, whose office is to combat the influence of the anti-Gilfillan committee appointed by the astute Sammy Hill. It is now war to the knife and knife to the hilt. The anti's will work all the harder to defeat the icicle now that the opposition has developed in a tangible form. The following is the committee: E. S. Corser, Chas. A. Pillsbury, Sam Brearly, A. C. Austin, W. W. Sly, Maj. Heffelfinger, Jas. McMullin, Wm. Haglin and others. A meeting will be held this morning and an organization perfected.

Last night Officers Markham and Leonard arrested a man named Nelson, who is accused of stealing two checks aggregating $200 or $300 Frank Graham and a fellow named Kramer were interested, and it is supposed that they were to divide the proceeds. Graham received a satisfactory sum, but Kramer got nothing and "squealed."

It has just come to light that on the night of September 17 John Wall and Andrew Johnson entered Andrew Anderson's room in the American house and stole the latter's watch. Yesterday Anderson met Johnson on the street, and at his instance Officers Kirkham and Leonard run him in.

Jas. Call, the special at the Syndicate block, arrested two boys last night for petit larceny.

Thos. Delaney reported to police headquarters last night that a burglar got away with $37 from his room at No. 59 Nicollet avenue.

ALL AROUND THE GLOBE.

Herr Alven Von Steben, the new German minister, waf presented to the president yesterday. The new Japanese minister will be presented to-day.

There was a heavy fall of snow in New Hampshire yesterday. The first of the season.

Trouble has been brewing for some time in Wellesley, Mass., between the Italian laborers employed on the town water works and the contractor. Yesterday a mob of the Italians got the contractor in their power and nearly killed him, after which they locked him up and still hold him a prisoner.

A Lima dispatch says that Trujillo has been taken by the government troops after three day's fighting. This closes the campaign in the northern department.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.

Frank A. Burton, a Respected Citizen of La Crosse, Foully Assassinated.

No Reasonable Cause Known for the Terrible Deed Except Personal Spite.

The Jail Doors Battered Down and the Murderer Lynched by the Infuriated Citizens.

A Burglar Killed at Menomonee—The Daily Calendar as Reported by Telegraph.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY AT LA CROSSE.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Oct. 16.—F. A. Burton, president of the Blaine and Logan club, was shot dead by a ruffian known as "Scotty" at 8 o'clock this evening, while the Republicans were forming in procession on Main street. Seven shots were fired in quick succession. The murderer was arrested and hurried to jail before the immense crowd could realize what had occured. As the fact was made known there was the most intense excitement, and hundreds of men in uniform and carrying their torches hurried to the court house yard and demanded that the prisoner be handed over to them. "Lynch him, lynch him," was the general cry, and at this moment, 8:40, there are hundreds of men beseiging the jail. Sheriff Scott, Chief of Police Clark and a posse of police are at the jail door trying to calm the infuriated multitude. No violence has been done yet and none may take place, but there is an awful current of public feeling. The body of Mr. Burton has been taken to the drug store of T. H. Spence, where an examination shows life extinct, every shot taking effect. Those who stood near the scene of the murder say the man advanced from the crowd on the sidewalk to within a few feet of his victim and fired the first bullet into his back. Mr. Burton fell to the pavement and the murderer followed with six shots into his body and head. He then threw the revolver at his victim and gave him a kick, saying: "That is the s— of a b—— that knows me, and that I have been looking for," or words to that effect. All this was done in a minute's time and before any one could realize what had happened. Mr. Burton is a broker and commission merchant for J. H. Dowry & Co., of Milwaukee, and son-in-law of Captain I. H. Moulton, agent of the St. Paul company here. He was one of the best known and most prominent young business men in the northwest, was chosen president of the Blaine and Logan club at La Crosse and was managing the campaign in this section. The motive of the murder is not known. He is said to be a desperrte character, who has followed the river for a living. He has served a term in the states prison. After throwing the first revolver at his victim, it was found that he had another in his pocket, but he was arrested before he had an opportunity to use it. The Republicans were to have celebrated the Ohio victory to-night with a parade, fire works and speeches, but the scene has changed, as if by a terrible magic, to a scene of terrible excitement of a far different character. Threats are deep and determined, the city being greatly aroused. If the crowd had a responsible, cool-headed leader, the murderer would swing in an hour. The deceased leaves a wife and three children. It is the most heart rending tragedy that has ever taken place in this city.

THE MURDERER STRUNG UP.

Later—10:30 p. m.—The officers were not able to stay the mob, who refused to listen to arguments. From 9 o'clock to 10 the court house yard presented a scene which beggars description. The mob increased in number until the entire space on three sides of the jail was a dense mass of humanity, all demanding that the murderer be hung. The torches of the men flared above the sea of heads, and the white plumes moved resolutely about the square. The best citizens in the place were present and watched the fearful scene with blanched faces, but with no expression of sympathy. There were hundreds of women in the thoroughfare, and the walks about the jails. The excitement grew steadily in force and the determined mob at last found leaders, with cool heads, who went methodically about taking the man from the prison and lynching him. Beams were procured and in a short time the heavily bolted and barricaded doors on the Fourth street side of the jail were battered in, and the crowd passed into the first floor rooms. The sheriffs and assistants succeeded in clearing the room the first and second time, but on the third rush the mob overpowered them and held their ground. The interior wooden doors in the cooking department yielded like so many plates of glass. In the meantime the heavy oaken door leading to the stairway on the west side, was battered down and the crowd had full possession of the main corridor. While all this was going on the crowd became almost collosal about the place, but aside from the rush of the men at the jail the best of order prevailed. There were no drunken men in the mob, the whole work being done by resolute fellows who decided to make the murderer pay the death penalty before they left the square. Once in the corrid