MINNEAPOLIS NEWS.

The Minneapolis office of the DAILY GLOBE has been removed to 213 Hennepin avenue, S. J. Clark, business manager of the department.

The Daily Globe

can be found on sale every morning at the following news stands:

The West Hotel, the Union Depot, Nicollet House news stand, St. James Hotel news stand, J. W. Ayers, South Third street between Nicollet and Hennepins avenue, W. E. Gerrish, 601 South Washington avenue, W. H. Stickney, 517 Cedar avenue, Geo. A. Morse, 206 Central avenue, E. A. Taylor, 226 Hennepin avenue, C. R. Murphy, 206 Hennepin avenue, H. Hoeffner, 1221 Washington avenue north, and Hedderly & Co., 55 Central avenue.

Democratic County Ticket.

Member of Congress—O. C. MERRIMAN.
Judge of District Court—SEAGRAVE SMITH.
County Auditor—CHARLES HOAG.
Sheriff—P. P. SWENSON.
Register of Deeds—ANTON GRETHEN.
County Attorney—J. W. COCHRANE.
County Surveyor—B. F. CHRISTLIEB.
Coroner—DR. J. I. TIBBETTS.
Clerk District Court—B. N. CARRIER.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

R. P. DUNNINGTON, JOS. H. POND.

REPRESENTATIVES THIRTIETH DISTRICT.

F. L. MORSE, HERMAN J. HEIN,
ISAAC ATWATER. J. CORCORAN.

REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT.

A. SIEGMAN, L. H. SMITH,
JNO. LALLY, A. BACHDAHL,
WALTER McLEOD, PETER MILLER.

THE hippodrome end of the *Journal* says: Mr. Friedlander, who presided at the Independent Canadian meeting at Democratic headquarters last evening, declares that the assertion made in the GLOBE that the Canadian-Americans declared in favor of the Democratic party, is false. They did not declare in favor of any party, and would have decided such a resolution out of order. "Bravo."

The nether end of the evil paper cannot gainsay the fact that all political speeches made were decidedly Democratic in character, save one, and that was made by a Prohibitionist, Dr. Emery, and he opposed the Republican party in vigorous language. It was he who said that Canadians are not cattle and that they will not be driven into the Republican party as was contemplated by the Harrison hall fraud. Bravo several times.

DR. AMES was called upon by the mayor to furnish information as he promised, respecting the allegation that a certain official had visited a woman and told her that she would be arrested if she did not give him a certain sum of money. Dr. Ames has kept his promise good. He called upon Mayor Pillsbury yesterday and gave information which will lead to a searching investigation.

AFTER reading the GLOBE'S *expose* of the old Cutter homestead yesterday morning by those who had previously said that they would vote for Gilfillan, changed their minds and will support Hon. O. C. Merriman.

Now that the registration has been completed, it is the duty of every Democrat to see that the voters are taken to the polls.

THE opposition cannot utter a word against the character or fitness of Hon. Anton Grethen for the office of register of deeds.

Two more days to work for the full ticket. Improve it.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

The day was not productive of newsy events.

The St. James hotel is now running again.

The Minneapolis Press club meets at 3:30 to-day.

The police telegraph system will go into operation to-day.

The city council will hold a regular meeting Wednesday night.

The fire department of this city became a full paid organization yesterday.

The registration this time exceeds any former registration by many thousands.

Wm. Geo. Hollins was yesterday admitted to practice from the bar of Colorado.

The day and night forces of the police department exchanged watches yesterday.

During the past week about 1,000 foreigners became naturalized in the district court.

Leander Richardson, of the New York *Journalist*, will lecture in this city on November 17.

Huberbier's Cafe at 205 Nicollet, gives the best meal or lunch for the least money in the city.

It was the Robert Emmet Literary association which had the ball in Windam hall on Friday night.

The Father Mathew T. A. society will hold a regular meeting this evening in Catholic Association hall.

The second precinct of the Sixth ward has registered 1,342 names, 228 of which registered yesterday.

The east siders will rally to-morrow night, that is, the Democratic east siders, and it will be in Turner hall.

There are a number of rumors afloat of a decidedly sensational nature, and will develop probably in a few days.

In consequence of the election the Philharmonic rehearsal announced for to-morrow was postponed for a week.

Yesterday afternoon while at the postoffice a schoolma'am got her portmonie containing $10 stolen from her pocket.

Rev. D. Morgan will address the Eighth ward Prohibition club at Chesnut hall at 3:30 this (Sunday) afternoon.

Sixteen warranty deeds were recorded with register of deeds, the considerations of which amounted to $46,807.

Felix McNamee, Kerva Goldblum and Harry Jacobs were admitted to full citizenship in the district court yesterday.

At 2:30 o'clock on Thursday afternoon the Hahnemann ward association holds its annual meeting at the parlors of the Church of the Redeemer.

Last Friday night a raid was made by burglars upon the residence of Mr. Wallihaw, of the Northwestern *Miller*, but fortunately they obtained no booty.

C. W. Smith, superintendent of schools for Hennepin county, is arranging for a teacher's excursion to the New Orleans exposition during Christmas holidays.

Ald. Glenn, who has been confined to his home for several weeks with illness, was much better yesterday, and his friends hope to see him out again in a few days.

The First ward Democratic club will hold a mass meeting on Monday evening at 7:30, at Keller's store, Adams street northeast. Good speakers will be in attendance.

The committee on claims of the county commissioners met yesterday morning at the auditors' office to pass on bills to be presented at the commissioners' meeting Monday.

A small fire occurred yesterday on Twelfth avenue north near Eighth street. The department readily responded and extinguished the blaze before any damage was done.

A plat of W. H. Johnson's subdivision of fractional lots 11 and 12, block 20, Murphy's addition, was yesterday filed with the register of deeds. The addition lies on Riverside avenue near Twenty-second avenue south.

Six hundred and seventy warranty deeds, 119 quit claims, 528 mortgage deeds, and fifteen plats were filed with the register of deeds during October. During September 844 transfers, 110 quit claims, 461 mortgages and seven plats.

"Francisco Da Rimini" ran nine week at Wallock's Star theater, New York. It is from the pen of Hon. Geo. H. Baker, a whilom United States minister to Turkey, and now president of the Union League club, Philadelphia.

Superintendent of Schools C. H. Smith, is making an effort to organize a school teachers' excursion to the New Orleans exposition, to take place during the winter vacation. The more going the cheaper will be the rates to be secured over the railroads.

The chairmen of the various political county committees have issued an address to the judges and clerks of election, directing their attention and recommending a strict adherence to the law bearing on the canvassing of votes cast at the coming election in this city.

Detectives Gleason and Quinlan did a good day's work yesterday. They have good reason to believe that they have corralled the three men who shot John Hamstadt, and they caught a horse thief and a highwayman besides. The horse thief is from Hastings, where he stole a horse and bugry and brought them to Minneapolis. He had the horse put into Farrington's stables, where he got another. Detective Quinlan found him riding with a woman on First street.

David Blakely returned yesterday from New York and says the best of musical talent will be obtained by him for the spring festival. Patrick S. Gilmore, the Boston jubilee man, may be one of the musical celebrities to be engaged by Mr. Blakely for the occasion.

Judge Young yesterday in the district court granted Bertha M. Lee a divorce from Richard S. Lee. She is twenty-six years old and he is forty-four. They were married in September 1876. Infernal cruelty, neglect, and almost every other crime was alleged and not denied.

Yesterday Chief West received a telegram from Glyndon asking the arrest of Al. Miner for highway robbery. Detectives Quinlan and Gleason worked the case up and they caught their man, who confesses his guilt. He is also suspected of being connected with the shooting affray of Friday night.

Eliza J. Flake yesterday in the district court commenced an action against the city to recover $5,000 damages, alleging that while passing along Third avenue south, towards Washington avenue last January, she slipped and fell by reason of a defective sidewalk breaking one of her wrists, and otherwise injuring herself.

John Swenson and Lena Peterson, Wm. Balderf and Ida M. Sutherland, Iver Pederson and Annetta Knudson, Geo. W. Cushing and Huldah Blomquist, Ephraim Johnson and Amand B. Olson, Louis O. Grady and Annie Barry, James Gibbons and Maggie Shiskerr, Alfred Carlson and Augusta Johnson, Joseph Theisen and Kule Holyman yesterday obtained marriage licenses.

The jury in the case of Timothy W. Moran vs. Donahue & Mahoney, the legal firm, yesterday returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $2,858.85. The plaintiff in a former suit, in which defendants were his attorneys, obtained a judgment for $3,225. For this the plaintiffs charged $1,200 for legal services. The plaintiff demurred and sued for the entire amount but got only $2,858.85, which leaves about $375 for the defendants' fees. A stay of proceedings was ordered for thirty days.

Mr. Bailey, superintendent of the manufacturing and mechanical department for Minnesota at the world's exposition, invites everybody having models of any kind that they wish to exhibit in the world's exposition to communicate with him at his office, 257 First avenue south, room 14. They will be put on exhibition in the state collective department and returned to owners after the close of the exposition free of charge. Articles must be sent in before November 10, as the Minnesota exhibit will be shipped on the 12th.

A long talk on pedagogics was given yesterday by Prof. Tousley to his school ma'ams, and in the evening he delivered a sky rocket Republican speech in Armory hall. In clap-trap oratory the ex-consul is unrivaled by any man in the city. As regards pedagogics he has never given utterance to one original idea on the subject, as any one can find out by reading educational journals. And yet, notwithstanding this fact, the Republican sheets of this city and the *P. P.* of St. Paul, for political service rendered on the stump, give long accounts of the professor's twaddle to his she-pedagogues.

WILYUM WINDOM.

The Formerly Poor and Now Rich Man Talks.

He Forgets to Endorse Gilfillan and is Called Back to Do It.

Several Great Minds Relieved—The Country Saved at Armory Hall.

The Republicans arranged for another "grand outpouring of the masses" last night, and employed the usual tactics of handbills, bands, etc., to make it entirely spontaneous. Armory hall was at 8 o'clock filled to its utmost capacity (except half of it), and after some weary waiting, during which sweet music was discoursed by a band consisting principally of a tuba and a base drum, Hon. Wilyum Windom, Gov. Pillsbury, Ald. Sly, V. G. Hush, Prof. Tousely, Judson N. Cross, H. G. O. Morrison and other patriots with Gilfillan at their rear marched in and took seats upon the platform. The first thing was the election of a chairman and Ald. Sly who is engaged for that purpose, for the campaign, accordingly moved that Gov. Pillsbury be chosen chairman. Dr. C. J. Evans was then made secretary. A chorus of colored jubilee singers sang a selection, the chorus of which was "Hooray for Blain and Logan." Their singing created great applause and there was a vigorous call for their reappearance, which had to be obeyed in spite of the feast of reason and eloquence that was to come.

The first announcement was to the effect that Judson N. Cross would give his whole time Prof. Tousely, which announcement created still further applause, evidently removing a feeling of dread.

WINDOM SPEAKS.

Windom was the first speaker trotted out. His first statement was a very fair example of what followed.

He said the difference between the Democratic and Republican party was that the first was invariably wrong, the latter invariably right. The reason was that the Democratic party is composed of a civilization born from human slavery. Hence it was that that party could not believe in the dignity of human labor, and was invariably upon the wrong side of all great questions.

THE TARIFF.

The Republican party is in favor of a protective tariff, the Democratic party is in favor of no particular policy except as local issues dictate. He then undertook to show, by misquoting the meaning of the various Democratic platforms since 1868 that the party has been inconsistent, and that the platform of to-day means nothing. At heart, however, he thought Democracy wanted a tariff for revenue only, which he designated as free trade simon pure. He next called attention to the Republican doctrine of protection claiming for it, first, that it increases manufacturers; second, encourages competition, thus cheapening the cost and price of products; third, that it gives employment for labor from 50 to 100 per cent. more than could be possible under free trade; fourth, that it diversifies our industries; fifth, that it keeps our money at home. He then took up each one of these propositions separately and to prove his first assertion quoted from Mulhall, the English economist, to show that our industries have greatly increased and made a comparison to show how greatly our manufactured products exceed those of European countries. To show that competition is encouraged by protection, he quoted prices, etc., to show that the prices of various articles of merchandise have decreased. Protection gives employment according, and for this reason, if we should have free trade everything would go to smash—then there would not be employment for any one. He claimed that the farmer is benefitted more than any other class of labor, for the reason that a protective tariff increases manufacturies, thus creating the number of consumers. His whole argument was based upon the proposition that we owe all to protection. The country has increased in wealth and population—therefore it was done by protection. He hardly stopped short of saying that protection had kept off cholera, war and famine. He threatened destruction of all manner and kind if protection is taken away, evidently trying to work upon the fears of his hearers. He called free trade a theory and protection a fact, and taffied the noble workingman almost to nausea; called Minneapolis an "unconquerable city;" claimed that Great Britain had subsidized the Democratic party in the interest of free trade. So he went on at considerable length, claiming everything good for Republicans and pretection, and laying every thing bad to the door of Democracy, and wound up with the old bug bear that the Democrats, should they get into power, will pension the Rebel soldiers. He closed with the statement, that if Blaine is defeated, that the roughs of New York and the rebels of the South will rule and ruin the country.

AN EMAARRASSING OVERSIGHT.

The band played next, and during the music the heads of the leaders on the stage were seen to get together about Windom and gesticulate frantically. The cause was soon apparent, for Windom came forward and it suddenly occurred to everybody at the same time—"he has forgotten to endorse Gilfillan. That was the case, and the distinguished senator proceeded for about thirty seconds to appeal for Gilfillan, saying, "For heaven's sake don't send a Democrat to congress."

Prof. Tousley, of magic lantern fame, was next introduced and gave some of his views. He was funny, as usual, and said nothing that was new or original; it was simply the well known Tousley speech. He commenced at the creation and talked about everything that he could think of, proving extremely tiresome. It is quite evident that he don't have an opportunity often to speak.

In the pursuit of the good things of this world we anticipate too much; we eat out the heart and sweetness of worldly pleasures by delightful forethought of them. The results obtained from the use of Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic far exceed all claims. It cures dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bladder troubles. It is a perfect tonic, appetizer, blood purifier, a sure cure for ague and malarial diseases. Price 50 cents, of P. J. Dreis, Ninth and St. Peter streets.

CLOSING THE RANKS.

The Final Grand Democratic Rally in Market Hall a Brilliant Success.

Hon. Morton S. Wilkinson Fires Hot Shot into the Disordered Republican Camp.

Dr. Ames Creates Wild Enthusiasm as Usual—E. M. Wilson, D. B. Johnson A. T. Ankeny, and Others.

Market hall was packed to overflowing last night on the occasion of the grand rally given by the Democrats. A brass band discoursed entertaining music.

J. J. Ankny called the meeting to order and announced that the Democratic county committee had selected Hon. E. M. Wilson as chairman. The various vice presidents of the different Democratic clubs were invited to seats on the stage.

HON. E. M. WILSON.

Mr. Wilson upon taking the chair said:

This is the last night but one on which we can have a political meeting. Three more days must decide this great contest. It is thus for you as free citizens of this great republic to decide how you shall cast your vote. As a Democrat I stand here as the advocate of the Democratic leader of honesty and reform, and that man is Grover Cleveland [Loud cheers.] The character of the man is best known by his actions. Grover Cleveland started in life a poor boy, as a clerk in a store. He educated himself. He has officiated as sheriff and as mayor of a great city, and there he was not found wanting. He was then called to the gubernatorial seat of the great empire state and he was not found wanting. He proved himself a man with unusual executive ability, and a reformer. His opponent is James G. Blaine. He is a man of ability and a statesman. We do not question that. I will say nothing about the scandals raised. They should not have been brought into the campaign. It is only the public records of these two candidates that we are concerned in. I can only say that if the allegations which have been published in the Republican press, are true he is not a fit man for the presidency. Those papers are now supporting him and abusing the Democratic party. They have never, however, taken back a single thing with which they charged him when he first came up as a candidate for the nomination. The New York *Tribune* supports Mr. Blaine and because it is owned by Jay Gould.

We have selected a man who has lived here from the foundation of the city, he has a reputation beyond reproach. If anybody wanted to find an honest man, he would take the shortest cut and go directly to Capt. O. C. Merriman [applause.] He is a prominent business man and intimately connected with the interests of the city—has the city's welfare at heart. They say, "Yes, Mr. Merriman is a good man, but we must not support him because of the rebels in the south." They say, "If Capt. Merriman is elected he will get down with those southerners in Washington and they will control his vote." Now, is Capt. Merriman that kind of a man? Capt. Merriman was a true union soldier. Now, on the other hand there is Mr. Gilfillan, and as a man said to-day, he is trying to get Democratic votes when he can't control one-half of his own party. Now, what are we to conclude when the Republican leaders say they will not support him? One man has the unanimous endorsement of his party and his fellow citizens, and the other cannot get one-half the votes of his party in his home—in this city. The very men who nominated Gilfillan were bolters and stood ready to bolt if Mr. Fletcher should be nominated. They had urged Capt. Merriman to become a candidate to defeat Fletcher, and it was then supposed that Fletcher was going to get the nomination. They also came to me and made

THE SAME PROPOSITION.

They asked me to run and they promised to support me. They were bolters then but now they cry out in horror, as it were, "Oh, don't be a bolter." It makes a deal of difference whose ox is being gored.

The tariff is a wrong system. Now, this year the exports were $747,000,000. Of this there was cotten, $197,000,000; provisions, $164,000,000; breadstuffs, $114,000,000; tobacco, $20,000,000; oils, $30,000,000; gold and silver, $38,000,000; and all these articles are unprotected by a dollar of tax and are the products of this great country. Of this enormous sum the working men have to pay $247,000,000.

At this point the torchlight procession arrived and filed in, but had to stand up, as the seats were all filled.

James G. Blaine was a member of the committee which reported in favor of the convict labor system. In the state of Illinois the convict ring is an institution which is supplying building materials for many of our largest buildings in Minneapolis. In our own state the convicts are farmed out for forty-seven cents a day, and John B. Gilfillan in the state legislature voted for it. Think of it.

Mr. Wilson introduced, as a man who had served this state with him in congress, with honor and credit. He introduced

HON. MORTON. S. WILKINSON,

who said:

I see on this platform the gallant captain, whom you are about to elect to congress, and I ask that that flag be brought up here. The large American flag was placed over the stage amidst the wildest enthusiasm and cheers

Mr Wilkinson then resumed his address and spoke of making an address from the balcony of the Nicollet house many years ago, and since then the fame of the city had extended all over the wold, and he esteemed it an honor to again address Minneapolis citizens. He continued:

We are now about to close one of the most exciting presidential campaign ever witnessed on this continent. In some particulars it is the most marvelous. Whenever did you before see a presidential candidate flying across the continent with disheveled hair at the rate of thirty miles an hour to beg for votes. Abraham Lincoln when asked to stump Illinois when a candidate he said, "No, I will never beg votes." What is it to-day? The most remarkable spectacle ever witnessed, Mr. Blaine going up and down the valleys of Ohio, into Indiana, Illinois and other states, telling people that they would starve if they do not vote for him, and then comes over the wires from New York the telegram, "Come back for honor's sake, and save the old Empire state" [Prolonged cheers.] How can the voters of this state vote for Milo White, Knute Nelson, Major Strait, Mr. Wakefield and then vote for James G. Blaine,? These men opposed the protective tariff, and I think they were right I was in the house when the tariff was brought in and it was discussed for eight weeks. Gen. Schenk got very angry at the opposition and said, "I can see the fate of this bill It is destined to be nibbled to pieces by pismires." This brought Jack Logan to his feet and he took Gen, Schenk to task for applying that epithet to the representatives of the great agricultural districts. Gen. Schenk again got up and said, "If Mr. Logan objects to my wording I will change it. I will say it is to be kicked to death by grasshoppers. John A. Logan, the Republican candidate for vice president then advocated the interests of the agricultural districts, but to day he is in favor of as high or higher protective tariff than ever did Henry Clay. They are putting $450,000,000 of the people's money into the treasury when it is not needed. If you take the money from the people and pack it away in great vaults as in Russia, then the people will become impoverished. The Czar of Russia has piled the peoples money into vaults, waiting for a war to break out and then to take out the hundreds of millions of dollers. In that country the czar is the government, the people serfs, slaves. Just so in this country. The people are the government. The silver which is buried in Washington would make

A TRAIN FIFTEEN MILES LONG,

and thus money was taken from the people. Now Mr. Dunnell says that so long as this silver is in Washington the currency of the country will be valid. Supposing that silver is in circulation, and in the pockets of the people, do you think this government would repudiate its currency? Is it probable? Now, I am in favor of having all the money possible in circulation, and keep in the treasury only so much as would be safe upon which to conduct a wise and economical government. Mr. Windom in his speech at Taylors Falls said it was necessary to have a tariff to protect manufacturers. He also said it made articles manufactured cheaper. A gentleman who heard this speech asked how it was. He couldn't understand it. I said, it is as plain as the nose on on your face. Mr. Windom did not tell the truth. [Cheers.] Mr. Windom and a second David you have in Minneapolis

NAMED TOUSLEY,

say that the laborers must be protected. For every plow purchased by the farmer, $3.50 have to be paid for tariff; for every rake, shovel, hoe, ax or any other implement as well as every piece of cloth the amount of the tariff goes into the pockets of the manufacturers if they happend to be manufactured in this country. Look at the reports of the finance of the banks in the spring. They inquire respecting the prospects of the agricultural products of the country. If the farmers fail, the country is thrown into a panic. The tariff was fixed when the war was in progress. I voted for it. I voted to tax every thing I could think of and that so that our grand old flag might be protected. But the war ended and we had no more use for the tariff. It has served its purpose. It paid the expenses of the great rebellion. Mr. Tousley tried to sneer at Mr. Cleveland. He said he could not compare Mr Blaine and Mr. Cleveland. He said he could not compare a steam engine to a squirt gun. Think of such language from your superintendent of schools.

Here the speaker related the Mulligan letters matter, and was frequently applauded.

He also spoke of those letters relative to Blaine's denial that he had ever owned an acre of coal lands in the state of Ohio, and to the publication of those letters exhibiting the fact that Blaine had purchased large tracts. He said: Do your ministers want him elected? If they do they want the greatest liar elected. Oh, my friends, it is a burning shame to hold up such a man before our young men as an example of a great statesman. The opposition sneer at Cleveland. They say he has not any political record, I wish to God that James G. Blaine never had.

Mr. Tously was arraigned in the most sarcastic language and the audience appreciated it highly. They cheered and applauded almost continuously and always when Tously's name was mentioned.

The speaker spoke at length on Mr. Cleveland's political record, his record as the reform mayor of Buffalo, when he broke up a nest of thieves, and the record of his career as governor of the state of New York, where he defeated many dishonest designs, and of his carrying the New York delegation in the Chicago convention upon the banner of reform. The brightest luminaries of the country, he said, to-day have united with that vast throng, that vast procession of reform. Think of the magnificent residence owned by James G. Blaine in Washington, Think of the $50,000 which he holds in Ohio mining stock. Think of the $2,000,000 which he has secured from no other source than being a politician, a congressman in Washington.

Emulate the example of the great Lincoln and the great Henry Clay. Write no letters you wish burned. Be true, be just, but above all things be honest and truthful in office. If the young men of this country will do that, this country will be the grandest, the freest, happiest, the richest country upon the face of this earth.

CAPT. O. C. MERRIMAN

being introduced said, I stand before you a candidate for congress. I do not believe as a candidate to beg for your votes, and if I did I should not engage in speechmaking to-night. You know my life, and that life must be my speech. The life of a man from day to day, from year to year, shows what the man is. If my life has not been that which you can endorse then condemn me. This, gentlemen, is my speech here to-night.

CRIES "DR. AMES"

filled the hall, and the gathering would not be satisfied until the popular ex-mayor stepped before the footlights. He was tendered a perfect ovation of cheers and applause. Dr. Ames begun by commending Mr. Wilkinson, whom he had known for years. He said: Mr. Wilkinson has informed me of one thing which I had lost sight of. He said that Tously was out again. He came back to us from Austria and ran a magic lantern side show. Now I find Tously giving another magic lantern show. He is exhibiting James G. Blaine's honesty in office. [Cheers.]

One of the ministers of the gospel goes to Mr. Blaine in New York, and says: Mr. Blaine, the issues are rum, Romanism, etc. That will cost James G. Blaine thousands of votes in New York.

Here the doctor recited the fact that Blaine refused to attend his mother's funeral in St. Paul. He also explained and exposed Gilfillan's brilliant war record, published in yesterday's GLOBE. He then spoke of Capt. Merriman's record as a citizen, a soldier, a business man, and as an office holder. As he closed the people cheered to the echo, and in those closing remarks he said: "Many of you are working people. Now, if you wanted a favor—if you wanted a bill presented to congress in your interests, which could you best rely upon, the genial, big-hearted, companionable O. C. Merriman or the icicle J. B. Gilfillan?"

Col. Crooks, who was Capt. Merriman's colonel in the army, paid Mr. Merriman a glowing tribute. He said Capt. Merriman was a true and brave soldier, and a man who while in the service never shirked his duty. He is the proper man to represent these two great cities of the state in congress, and I think he will be elected. Ramsey county will do her duty.

DAVID B. JOHNSON

was loudly called for, and he made a stirring speech. He compared Grover Cleveland to Abraham Lincoln, and he predicted Cleveland's election. He said a vote for Cleveland is a vote for civil service reform, for an honest administration government. He hoped the hearers would vote the entire Democratic ticket, and especially advocated the candidacy of Judge Seagrave Smith.

T. J. Ankeny also contributed to the speechmaking of the evening. He spoke of Dunnel's sneering remark that Cleveland had a big neck, and Mr. Ankeny said: "Grover Cleveland has a big neck, we Democrats never deny the truth. He not only has a big neck but he has a big head, and in that head is a big brain. He is a big man, and he has big feet, too.

Mr. Ankeny spoke of the peculiar campaign being conducted by Jack Logan. His methods are the reverse of Blaine. Blaine urges protective tariff and Logan advocates opening of foreign markets. Blaine raises the bloody shirt and Jack Logan writes to rebel brigadier generals to stand by him.

I believe as firmly as I believe I stand here that Grover Cleveland will be elected. [Cheers.] I make the prediction that Cleveland will carry the county of Hennepin. You as Democrats have one duty to perform now, and that is to go to the polls and stand there all day and vote for the entire ticket. I do not wish to say a thing against the Republican candidate for congress. I will leave all that to the Republicans themselves. You know Capt. Merriman and you will vote and work for him. We have a strong ticket. You must vote for one and all, and if you do your duty we will elect the entire Democratic ticket. In all the speeches uttered by Blaine, and in the books written by Blaine, there is not one sentiment which will compare with Grover Cleveland's famous Newark speech. [Cheers.]

THE COURTS.

District Court.

NEW CASES.

Eau Claire Lumber Co. vs. Nevitt & Clendinin; action to recover $881.49 for goods sold.

Jas. C. Gilman to Julius W. Shadewald; deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors filed.

John Maher vs. Geo. Keller; action to recover $57.75 for services on contract.

O. F. Haynes vs. McRay & Son; action to recover $63.23 for goods sold.

Eliza J. Flake vs. City of Minneapolis; action to recover $5,000 for injuries to person from defective sidewalk.

Nels Larsen, et al., A. A. McKaine; action to recover possession of a printing press and $50 damages.

Hiram Clark, as assignee of O. K. Wood & Co. vs. Chester W. Prouty; action to recover $93.90 on a promissory note.

S. H. Wood vs. J. J. Doll; action to recover $471.59 on promissory notes.

Merrill & Ryan vs. E. T. Atwood; transcript of docket filed.

[Before Judge Lochren.]

Bobert N. Brittain vs. D. J. Meeker et al.; verdict for plaintiff of $330.

Cornelius B. Shove vs. Augustus G. Parkhurst; on trial.

[Before Judge Koon.]

Jas. A. Paine et al. vs. Chas. A. Smith; tried; verdict for defendant.

Timothy W. Moran vs. Wm. H. Donahue et al.; jury returned a verdict for plaintiff for $258.58.

SPECIAL TERM CALENDAR.

[Before Judge Young.]

John F. Scott vs. Wm. W. Brown; continued one week.

P. S. Pasha vs. Frank Stansfield, defendant, Camp & Walker, garnishee; dismissed.

Stephen Roth vs. Annie Ghostley et al., no appearance; stricken from calendar.

Edwin Drake vs. J. S. Philbrook; trial and judgment found for plaintiff.

In re confirmation of park assessment of Central park; set for hearing Monday, November 3.

In re assignment of Thomas & Frizzell; assignee discharged.

R. S. W. Ely vs. Adams, Jewett & Co.; continued one week.

Nelson, Tenney & Co., vs. Geo. C. Eltershank et al.; continued one week.

Jerome I. Case, et al. vs. Geo. W. Thomas, et al.; demurrer to complaint argued and submitted.

Carroll S. Bartran vs. Wm. Bickley; continued one week.

Catherine Kavelin vs. T. H. Cobb, et al.; case tried and judgment for plaintiff.

Henrietta Fruen vs. Henry Fruen; continued one week.

Frederick Cantrovity vs. Masonic Mutual and Association; motion for plaintiff for leave to amend reply granted.

Nicollet National bank of Minneapolis vs. A. S. Bliss et al., and Marietta B Walker; disclosure of garnishee taken and garnishee discharged.

State vs. Kellie Bazaine; motion to set aside service of citation granted.

Bertha M Lee vs. Richard S. Lee; divorce granted.

In re assignment of Louis Moelchert to Joseph M. Griffith; assignee discharged.

Christian Norstrum vs. St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company and Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railroad company; demurrer to complaint overruled, with leave to defendant to answer.

Wm. T. Polhamus vs. Laura Polhamus; action tried and submitted.

Clara A. Welch vs. George A. Welch; tried and divorce granted.

Municipal Court.

[Before Judge Bailey.]

Ben. Berry, drunkenness; paid a fine in $3.50.

Louis Schwarz, John Hilegrum, John Abrahamson, Andrew Anderson and George Shipway, drunkenness; committed five days each.

John Swanson, drunkenness; paid a fine in $15.50.

Frank Schock, Peter Cowey and William Johnson, vagrancy; sentence suspended.

William Hayes, assault and battery; committed fifteen days.

Daniel O'Brien, assault and battery; paid a fine in $12.50.

Pask Fleming, assault and batter; discharged.

James Frity, assault and battery; paid a fine in $12.50.

Joe. York, drunkenness; committed five days.

MINNEAPOLIS PERSONALS.

Alderman M W. Glenn is convalescing.

S. C. Gale has returned from his European tour

Dr. E. B. Zier and bride have returned from their wedding tour.

A. S. Gillespie, Stillwater, was registered yesterday at the Nicollet.

J. Crittenden, of the Bradstreet company, New York, is a guest at the West.

Alonzo Rand and Miss Lou Casey will be married next Wednesday at Plymouth church.

Emil W. Shagren, an old resident of the city, left last evening for his old home in Kalmarlan, Sweden.

Geo. W. Penniman and family arrived home from the New England states yesterday. Mr. Penniman spoke at Excelsior last evening; will address the Reform club this afternoon, speak at the Seventh street M. E. church this evening, and at the St. John meeting in Harrison hall Monday evening.

Prof. Birdsall's new music lesson card packet contains ten cards representing as many scales in the piano from "C" up, and gives a reason for the use of black keys. Every beginner on the organ or piano should have one. Price, $1, post paid. No. 22 Washington avenue, Minneapolis, Minn. 287-1mo

A DASTARDLY ACT.

An Inoffensive Man Shot by Roughs.

Friday night about 9 o'clock as John Hamstadt, a man thirty-two years of age and employed in a stone quarry on Nicollet Island, was going along the Manitoba railroad track to his home at 617 Taylor street, he passed three men who were standing beside the track. They followed him up and one of them seized him in his grasp, but soon let go his hold as Hamstadt bit him in the hand. Another of them then drew a revolver and shot twice at the unoffending Hamstadt, one bullet entering the left side and the other the left wrist. Some police officers in the vicinity were attracted by the shots and assisted the wounded man to his home. The object of the attack, it is surmised, was robbery, though the desperadoes did not search the person of their victim, who had only one dime in his possession. Both bullets are yet in the body and the wounded man is resting easily and will probably recover as he is of a strong, rugged constitution.

He describes the man who shot him as being of small stature and clad in light colored clothing, while the other two wore darker clothing and were of larger size. Two men answering the description were arrested on suspicion by the police and are now in the city lockup awaiting an investigation.

The Rev. Dr. H. C. Hovey's Lecture.

The Young Men's Christian association are especially happy in announcing "The Switzerland of America, or Scenes and Adventures amid Mountains and Plains," as the fifth in the courser of popular lectures to be delivered in Centenary Methodist Episcopal church, Wednesday evening November 5. The lecture is a happy and realistic word painted picture of America's most picturesque scenery described with that brilliancy and fidelity to nature so charming in the lecture. There should be a large audience to greet Dr. Hovey on Wednesday evening next.

A Welcome Even'.

If you forgot to register, don't forget that J. C. F. Meagher's new laundry opens next week Monday. People who have been saving their washing for this event can be assured that there's no mistake about this announcement.

A BAD WRECK.

A Passenger Train on the Baltimore & Ohio Wrecked and Several Persons Injured.

MANSFIELD, O., Nov. 1.—Passenger train No. 1, of the Baltimore & Ohio road, due here at 5:58 this morning, jumped a frog near Alta, Ohio, while going at the rate of forty miles an hour. The first two cars were not damaged. The third car struck a freight engine on a siding and the cars following were telescoped and totally demolished. No one was killed, but a large number were injured, as follows:

Conductor McDonald, of New York, severe scalp wound, badly bruised and cut and one arm sprained.

Mrs. Mamie Lilley and two daughters, of Zanesville, O., one seriously and the others slightly hurt.

J. W. Carson, fireman, of Newark, badly hurt.

Ex-Mayor Hellman, of Columbus, slightly hurt.

Chas. Gerstoff, of Washington, D. C., slightly hurt.

Mrs. W. Fox, of Zanesville, face badly cut and wrist dislocated.

W Fox, of Zanesville, injured about the breast.

Mrs. Theodore Fox, internally hurt.

Mrs. D. Shaefer, of Newcomerstown, O., slightly hurt.

Mrs. C. L. Baker, of McConnellsville, a compound fracture of left ankle.

J. B Moore, of Chicago, ribs broken and badly injured otherwise.

Miss Orr, of Neward, O., bruised and leg injured.

George A. Blackwell, of Chicago, badly bruised.

Mrs. J. P. Nepture, of Barnesville, O., badly bruised about the body.

The injured were taken to Zanesville. The accident was caused ay a broken frog.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1, 1884.

4½s	$250,000,000	
4s	737,691,550	
3s	204,519,250	
Refunding certificates	264,800	
Navy pension fund	14,000,000	
Total interest bearing debt		$1,206,475,600
Matured debt	$12,547,458	
Legal tenders	346,739,306	
Certificates of deposit	17,855,000	
Gold and silver certificates	251,899,851	
Fractional currency	6,974,279	
Total without interest		$623,468,436
Total debt		1,842,491,521
Total interest		8,676,913
Cash in treasury	$434,008,572	
Debt less cash in treasury		$1,417,159,862
Decrease during October	$8,307,192	
Decrease since June 30, 1884		$32,890,373

CURRENT LIABILITIES.

Interest due and unpaid	$3,367,709	
Debt on which interest has ceased	12,547,485	
Interest thereon	296,225	
Gold and silver certificates	251,899,851	
U. S. notes held for redemption certificates	17,855,000	
Cash balance available	149,042,301	
Total		$434,008,572
Cash in treasury	$434,008,572	
Bonds issued to Pacific railroads, interest payable by U. S., principal outstanding	64,623,512	
Interest accrued not yet paid	1,202,470	
Interest paid by U. S.	63,099,504	
Interest repaid by companies by transportation service	18,876,062	
By cash payment 5 per cent. net earnings	655,198	
Balance of interest paid by the U. S.	43,568,242	

THE Cyrus Fields do not get up banquets for Grover Cleveland. They have no use whatever for an honest, incorruptible man. Blaine suits them.

RAIL BUDGET.

New York Roads Have Commenced a War on Rates from that City to Chicago,

Which Enables Passengers to Travel Between Those Two Cities for $12 and Less.

The B. & O. to Run a Limited Express Between Chicago, Washington and Baltimore.

The War on Rates in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The New York Central road sends word at 2:30 from the Grand Central depot confirming the report that the Central is selling tickets to Chicago for $13.50.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Regarding the reports on Wall street that the New York Central had reduced the rate to Chicago from $15 to $14, the general passenger agent of the New York, Lake Erie & Western stated this forenoon that his company had reduced the rate from New York to Chicago to $13.50, only to meet the rate established by the New York Central company, and if either should that road or the West Shore make a further reduction his company will meet the cut. At the passenger office of the Lake Shore it was stated by the officer in charge that he had no information of a further reduction in the Chicago rate by that company nor had he heard of any reduction in the New York Central rate. To-day the officials of the New York Central have already stated they will maintain the differential rates, which allows them to sell tickets $1.50 lower than the Central. At noon Kleman reports that the West Shore reduced first-class tickets to Chicago to $12, and its agents have orders to take business at the best obtainable rates. The New York Central road has issued a circular to connecting lines authorizing them to use one cent per mile as the basis on making their rates between all points. This indicates the Central people believe the fight with the West Shore will be long and bitter. The ticket brokers say they will sell below the company's rates under any circumstances. The West Shore officials say they will adhere to their policy, meeting whatever rate is made, and that they can stand a racket better and longer than the brokers.

Ticket brokers say if the Central road persits in