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# MARCHING TO THE TUNE OF 219

## The Obstructionists Obstruct Another Day But Gain Nothing.

## Fifty-Three Counties Out of Sixty Give Cleveland Net Gain of Six.

## His Plurality Stands Over 1,200 In Spite of all the Effort and His Vote in the Electoral College

# 219

## New York City Shows no Change and Brooklyn Gives Small Gains for Cleveland.

### Don Cameron Gives up the Ship and Says What Everybody Knows That Blaine is Defeated.

### The Interest Dying Out Because All Can See That Jingo Jim is Simply Kicking Against the Pricks.

#### COUNTING THE VOTE.

Up to the hour of going to press this morning we had received the official count of forty-nine of the sixty counties in New York state. The following table shows the result, using the *Sun's* figures on the unofficial counties:

PLURALITIES.

| COUNTIES. | 1880. Hancock (Dem.) | 1880. Garfield (Rep.) | 1884. Cleveland (Dem.) | 1884. Blaine (Rep.) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Albany | 3060 | .... | 650 | .... |
| Alleghany | .... | 3345 | .... | 2782 |
| *Broome | .... | 1723 | .... | 1402 |
| Cattaraugus | .... | 1935 | .... | 1398 |
| Cayuga | .... | 3396 | .... | 3165 |
| Chautauqua | .... | 4950 | .... | 4809 |
| Chemung | 170 | .... | .... | 479 |
| Chenango | .... | 1210 | .... | 1052 |
| Clinton | .... | 1830 | .... | 822 |
| *Columbia | .... | 494 | .... | 573 |
| Cortland | .... | 1375 | .... | 1268 |
| *Delaware | .... | 974 | .... | 968 |
| Dutchess | .... | 2570 | .... | 1024 |
| Erie | .... | 3351 | .... | 1496 |
| Essex | .... | 2001 | .... | 1775 |
| *Franklin | .... | 1386 | .... | 1684 |
| Fulton and Ham'n | .... | 1106 | .... | 1047 |
| Genesee | .... | 1334 | .... | 988 |
| *Greene | 526 | .... | .... | 15 |
| Herkimer | .... | 1261 | .... | 810 |
| Jefferson | .... | 2223 | .... | 1954 |
| *Kings | 9311 | .... | 15713 | .... |
| Lewis | .... | 362 | .... | 76 |
| Liv'gston | .... | 1280 | .... | 1152 |
| Madison | .... | 2110 | .... | 1744 |
| *Monroe | .... | 3360 | .... | 5076 |
| Montgo'ry | .... | 283 | .... | 92 |
| *New York | 41285 | .... | 43226 | .... |
| Niagara | .... | 541 | 318 | .... |
| Oneida | .... | 1946 | 31 | .... |
| Onondaga | .... | 4421 | .... | 3727 |
| Ontario | .... | 1007 | .... | 739 |
| *Orange | .... | 416 | .... | 127 |
| Orleans | .... | 1477 | .... | 1089 |
| Oswego | .... | 3490 | .... | 2542 |
| Otsego | 28 | .... | 436 | .... |
| Putnam | .... | 406 | .... | 577 |
| Queens | 2240 | .... | 1922 | .... |
| Rensselaer | .... | 641 | .... | 345 |
| Richmond | 1524 | .... | 1971 | .... |
| Rockland | 727 | .... | 1104 | .... |
| *St. Lawrence | .... | 7913 | .... | 7498 |
| Saratoga | .... | 2308 | .... | 2344 |
| Schenectady | .... | 622 | .... | 283 |
| Schoharie | 1616 | .... | 1867 | .... |
| *Schuyler | .... | 497 | .... | 577 |
| Seneca | 408 | .... | 318 | .... |
| Steuben | .... | 1253 | .... | 987 |
| Suffolk | .... | 454 | 553 | .... |
| Sullivan | 379 | .... | 345 | .... |
| Tioga | .... | 1123 | .... | 968 |
| Tompkins | .... | 940 | .... | 488 |
| Ulster | .... | 124 | .... | 59 |
| Warren | .... | 712 | .... | 784 |
| Washington | .... | 3634 | .... | 3115 |
| Wayne | .... | 2393 | .... | 2113 |
| Westchester | 491 | .... | 1238 | .... |
| Wyoming | .... | 1386 | .... | 1252 |
| Yates | .... | 1235 | .... | 1273 |
| Totals | 61765 | 82798 | 69692 | 68473 |

Cleveland's plurality .....1219

*Unofficial.

#### The Center of the Struggle.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Great interest attaches to the official count of the vote of New York county for presidential electors. People here feel that the eyes of the nation are turned toward this city. The city hall has become the last intrenchment of the friends of Blaine, and every one who could spare the time rushed to the aldermanic chamber to witness the final struggle. The aldermen realized the importance of the work before them and the impatience and anxiety of the people throughout the country. They looked, accordingly like men who had prepared themselves for a long day's work. They came in time, but the crowd had come earlier and blocked the hall and doorways. At 10 o'clock the crush was so great that it was very difficult to force a passage within the railing.

An imposing array of lawyers pleaded with policemen to escort them through the dense mass of spectators, and they were soon seated at the outer semi-circle of desks. They represented the national and state committees of both parties, and even Ben Butler had a legal representative, who came to show cause why hundreds of votes which were cast for the man from Lowell should be counted. The struggle for seats within the railing caused such confusion that nearly all the aldermen had to stand. The lawyers kept coming till they had occupied nearly all the desks and chairs. The gathering outside the railing was a packed mass of spectators.

Col. Geo. Bliss, the eternal and universal, as Gen. Joseph C. Jackson styled him at the late Republican convention, was ubiquitous. No chair could contain him, though for peace's sake one was reserved for him. When he called out in his shrill, startling voice, what is that last number? he was sure, not only to make himself heard, but to be promptly answered. Still he was determined to satisfy himself still further, and frequently insisted upon an inspection of the tally sheet. He was more than usually warlike and aggressive. The Republican lawyers remained quietly away from him, Clerk Bell sat beside Robert Sewell in the distance, while the lesser lights took in the position of their adversaries on the opposite side of the chamber.

Aaron J. Vanderpool, in the absence of Roscoe Conkling, took command of the Cleveland legal advocates. His lieutenant, Chas. P. Miller, always irrepressible, from the Roosevelt committee of investigation to the election of Cleveland and Grace, sat beside him. Next in order was Gen. Francis C. Barlow, quietly awaiting the enemy's attack. Geo. H. Foster had a separate encampment for the wigwam, and was aided in his work by a corps of legal assistants and district leaders. Francis L. Stetson had special charge of the interests of the county Democracy, and at the same time was advisory counsel to the national committee.

At 10:30 o'clock Chairman Waite called the board to order, and a call of the roll showed that nearly all the members were present. Alderman Charles H. Reilly moved that the votes be counted as returned. The aldermen, he said, must not attempt to refuse to count the vote cast for any candidate. If, said the alderman, a vote was cast for the King of Siam, you are bound and it is your duty to count it. While the canvass was in progress, Nelson J. Waterbury took a position behind Alderman O'Neil and peered over his shoulder at the returns.

Chairman Waite immediately rapped with his gavel, and requested the counsel to take his place on the floor. The monotonous calling of the figures went on, with occasional interruptions caused by clerical errors and irregularities in the returns, and, after some discussion, such returns were referred to the proper committee and inspectors were sent for. Up to the hour of recess the lawyers made no demonstration. They took copious notes as the figures were read off, but made no attempt to speak. A speech making or verbal argument of any kind was restricted by rule of the board to the supervisors themselves exclusively. There was no change in the presidential vote. The counting of every elector made the canvass slow and tedious.

For some mysterious reason, all through the canvass to-day there were present in the chamber Police Inspector Byrnes and almost twenty detectives in citizens dress. They were scattered about among the audience, and the question was asked why they were there and what did they apprehend. The detectives watched the movements of the politicians closely and took sharp notes of all that was passing.

At the rate at which the canvass is proceeding, it is believed it will occupy at least twelve days. The expectatation that there will be any sensational developments, or that the Republicans will make any serious attempt at a contest over the returns has about died away. One of the Democratic counsel said to-day that the bottom had dropped out of the whole business of endeavoring to figure out a plurality for Blaine in this state. The canvass has been completed in so many counties and the official figures so closely correspond with those unofficially reported that the impossibility of overcoming Cleveland's plurality must be evident to all.

It was proposterous to think the returns of the vote in this city could be materially changed, though it was possible that the Republicans might make a fight over a few districts. While believing the latter had given up the hope of accomplishing anything, the Democratic counsel would, of course, watch the progress of the canvass so to be prepared if their services were in any way needed.

#### Seen from Albany.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 12.—No one here now seems to doubt but that Cleveland has received a small plurality of the votes cast in New York state at the late election. The only question that remains is whether or not they will be counted for him, and that is a horse of entirely different color. It is true that the official canvass of fifty three out of the sixty counties in the state has been now completed, and the only difference shown from the first figures that gave Cleveland 1,234 plurality is six, and that is in his favor, but New York and Kings counties remain "officially" undetermined, and there the Democrats are looking for trouble.

That the Republicans have organized a scheme whereby they hope to count the state for Blaine there is no doubt, and to-day the GLOBE correspondent was enabled to learn the full particulars of it. The law of the state of New York regarding the canvass of the votes is very explicit, and one of its provisions is as follows:

The board of state canvassers shall meet in the office of the secretary of state on the Wednesday next after the third Monday in November after each election, or sooner if all the certified copies of the statements of the county canvassers shall have been received from all the counties, to canvass the votes given for electors of president and vice president, and in case all the certified statements shall not have been received on that day, the board may adjourn from day to day until the same shall have been received, not exceeding five days, and if at the expiration of four days the certified copies of the statements of county canvassers shall not have been received from any county, the board shall proceed upon such of the said return statements as shall have been received.

According to the reading of the above law the state board of canvasers must meet upon next Wednesday, the 19th, and they cannot adjourn longer than until the 24th. Now it is clearly evident that the canvass of New York, which gave Cleveland over 43,000 plurality, will not be finished before the latter date, and with those votes thrown out Blaine would easily carry the state. They put the construction upon the law that any county that is not in by Nov. 24 cannot be counted, and thus hope to keep New York out of the returns.

That construction was put upon it to-day by Secretary of State Carr, a member of the state canvassing board and a Republican, when he said to the GLOBE correspondent: If the counties are not all in by that date we have to go ahead and canvass without them, and declare whatever result we may find.

When the attention of Gov. Cleveland was drawn to the question he said that the understanding of the law was that the board was to "proceed," that is to-day, to begin the canvass but that it need not declare the result until it had heard from all the counties.

Dan Manning said: "We will get an order from the supreme court compelling the county canvassers to be in time. They can file protests with them if they want to."

Returning to Secretary of State Carr, the GLOBE correspondent asked him concerning the report that had come from Washington, that he intended to aid Blaine by certifying to the choice of the Republican electors, no matter what the result in New York may be. The story is that Carr is to attach the seal of the state to the credentials of the Blaine electors, and then when they were opened in the senate along with the credentials of the Cleveland electors from New York the scenes of 1876 would be repeated.

Mr. Carr, who is an exceeding suave, pleasant talking gentleman, made and would make no direct answer to the question, but talked moral platitudes about a free election and the free schools being the only safeguards to a republican government, and expressed the wish that the election in New York state had gone 75,000 either way, so that all this trouble could have been avoided.

"You would prefer that it had gone 25,000 for Blaine?"

"Certainly."

"Gov. Cleveland has been in his office all day, attending to business, as usual, and receiving visitors. Among those who called were Potter Palmer and wife, of Chicago, and Sir Richard Temple, governor of Bombay. Cleveland said to a GLOBE correspondent that he felt no doubt of his election, and no doubt that he would be seated, and the only chance for frauds that he saw was in New York county. He seemed perfectly composed and joked pleasantly with his visitors. The feeling of those around him is, however, apparently more deep than their chief's, and they acknowledge themselves anxious concerning the result in New York city. It is feared that legal complications may so long prolong the canvass there, it will not be finished before the 24th inst., and then the complication just referred to will result. That this is the Republican scheme no one doubts, and it is thought they will attempt injunction and other legal machinery.

The presence of Roscoe Conkling as attorney for the Democrats has reassured many an anxious mind, while others are busy reading up the law in the case. In fact, all the politicians in New York state have now turned lawyers, and the minutest technicalities are being studied, as was evidenced by the action of the county canvassers in this county to-day, when they refused to adjourn their meeting to a more commodious room for fear it might offend against the law.

The returns of the official canvass in the various counties are coming in to the office of the secretary of state slowly, only five being as yet received. They have, however, to come by messenger. Those five tally exactly with the count which gives Cleveland 1,234 plurality, as do those of the remaining fifty-three counties where the canvass has been held and where the results have been learned by telegraph. The official canvass of Albany county will be completed to-morrow, and it will give Cleveland 650 in the county. It has been delayed on account of fraud discovered in the returns for county treasurer and coroner. In fact, it is expected now that all of the counties will be heard from to-morrow except New York and Kings, and there will be the fight. As before said, that will last for some time and be bitterly contested. It is simply a contest whether or not the votes of New York shall be counted as they were cast.

Attorney General O'Brien, a member of the state board of canvassers and a Democrat, arrived in the city last night. He, however, declined to express any opinion as to the law points involved in the contest on the ground that it would be like a judge talking about a case soon to come before him.

#### The Count Still Progressing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The board of county canvassers resumed its session to-day. The room was filled with politicians and lawyers representing the Republican and Democratic parties. Committees on protested and corrected returns were appointed, and the canvass of the First assembly district was begun. It was found that after proceeding a short way down the district that the Democratic electoral ticket was not properly filled in, and that there were clerical discrepancy or omissions. On motion, the whole district was referred to the committee on corrected returns.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Blaine 5,876, Cleveland 6,429, Butler 52, St. John 406. Plurality for Cleveland 553. Returns heretofore published gave Cleveland a plurality of 598.

GENESEE COUNTY.

Blaine 4,631, Cleveland 3,643, St. John 386, Butler 41.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

Blaine 9,029, Cleveland 7,075, St. John 636, Butler 33.

ONTARIO COUNTY.

Blaine 6,382, Cleveland 5,643, Butler 127, St. John 233.

TOMPKINS COUNTY.

Blaine 4,420, Cleveland 3,992, Butler 267, St. John 373.

The board of canvassers of Oneida county adjourned yesterday until this evening on account of defective returns. The errors are simply clerical. The county clerks states figures will be as follows: Blaine 13,780, Cleveland 13,820, Butler 189, St. John 890, blank 3.

DUTCHESS COUNTY.

Blaine 9,701, Cleveland 8,677, St. John 498, Butler 98.

ULSTER COUNTY.

Blaine 9,929, Cleveland 9,870, Butler 157, St. John 429.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

Blaine 5,191, Cleveland 4,039, Butler 118, St. John 375.

CORTLAND COUNTY.

Blaine 34 electors 4,042, one elector 4,041, one elector 4,043; Cleveland 34 electors, 2,774, two electors 2,773; Butler 112, St. John 375.

CHEMUNG COUNTY.

Blaine 5,198, Cleveland 4,719, Butler 613, St. John 185.

The board of canvessers of Albany county is making slow progress. No footings of the vote yet announced.

ONEIDA COUNTY.

Cleveland's plurality 31.

NIAGARA COUNTY.

Cleveland 6,193, Blaine 5,875, St. John 500, Butler 69.

A change favorable to Blaine of 233 votes in the Seventeenth election district of the Second assembly district as against the returns published Wednesday morning, was made by the board of canvassers of this county to-day; but on careful comparison with the police and press returns it is found that the difference will be made up in the districts to be canvassed.

The official canvass of Chenango county gives Blaine 1,052 plurality. The official canvass of Sullivan county is not completed, owing to clerical errors.

The official canvass of twenty wards in Kings county shows a gain of thirty-nine votes for Cleveland and two for Blaine.

#### The Result of Thirty-Nine Counties.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Only thirty-nine counties have reported officially up to 3 p. m. In Jefferson county Blaine gains eight. Blaine's total gains in the thirty-nine counties are eleven votes, and his total losses seven. All Cleveland's pluralities have remained unchanged. Blaine's net gain so far in the canvass, therefore, has been four votes.

#### No Change so far in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The board of canvassers of New York county examiners the returns of the first three assembly districts to-day. Ten differences from the press reports published Wednesday morning were discovered, but nothing found that will materially affect Cleveland's plurality as published. It is estimated that Oswald Ottendorfer may fall a hundred votes behind his comrades on the electoral ticket.

The board of trade and transportation adopted a resolution condemning the expressions of an inflammatory character in connection with the close contest in the presidential election, scouting the idea of fraud and asserting every citizen will submit to the determination of the constituted authorities.

#### What the Papers Say

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The *Sun* says this morning: The official canvass of the votes cast in New York state was begun yesterday. In New York and Kings counties the work was not completed, and in seventeen other counties the canvassers adjourned without officially announcing their final conclusions. There was no serious dispute, however, in any of these cases, and in most of them the only reason for the adjournment was the returns could be sent back to the election inspectors for correction of merely formal errors. In the forty-one counties in which the canvass was completed the result agreed remarkably well with the figures printed in the *Sun*, with very slight changes, from day to day, since Friday of last week. The losses and gains on both sides are small and counterbalance one another, as they have uniformly done through all the slight fluctuations in the totals caused by previous revisions. Allowing for all the alterations made by the official count in forty-one counties heard from last night the plurality for Cleveland is increased by only 33 votes, standing thus corrected at 1,258. In several of the rural counties the canvass revealed the fact that one or two of the names on the list of electors had been scratched for some reason not apparent. In a few instances the electors thus discriminated against ran three to four votes behind the ticket. This scratching seems to have been done by both sides, and it is too trifling in amount to have any effect upon the result. The canvass also shows that in the interior of the state St. John ran ahead of Butler, his votes outnumbering those cast for the candidate of the People's party upon an average of more than two to one in the counties heard from. It was announced last night at the national Democratic headquarters, after a thorough examination of the votes of New York city, that the Republican counsel had agreed upon the canvass of the figures already accepted and announced by the Democrats, so that there will be no contest on the presidential count.

The *World* says: The official canvass of the vote of the state commenced yesterday. The counties which completed their work, forty in number, or about two-thirds of the state, show no change of any moment in the semi-official figures already published, leaving a plurality of about 1,317 for Cleveland. There is not a change of more than twenty votes in the entire list of the counties thus far canvassed. There is no contest, contention or discovery of material errors so far. The promised "frauds" have not been disclosed. It is rumored that fraud was contemplated in the city returns through a conspiracy between the supreme court politico-judicial heeler, certain lawyers well up in political tricks, the Republican aldermen, and some purchased Democratic members of the board. We do not believe there is any foundation for the rumor. It probably arises from the election of a Republican alderman as chairman of the board of canvassers by Republican and Tammany votes. Tammany has shown good faith as an organization. We do not, therefore, credit this report of treachery, but if any fraud should be contemplated it would only end in the total discomfiture of its projectors. It would be very fortunate for them if it did not end in worse.

The *Tribune* steps from the pedestal of the certainty it has until this morning affected to occupy and descends to mere hope. It says:

The official canvass was complete yesterday (so far as heard from at this writing) in thirty seven counties of New York. No considerable change is made in these counties from the previous accepted figures. The counties in which important questions may arise remain to be heard from, and the final result may not be determined for a week to come. In this city the canvass is expected to last ten days and Brooklyn nearly as long. St. Lawrence, Ontario, Chemung, Chenango, Columbia Albany, Otsego, Niagara, Livingston, Wayne, Ulster, Queens, Tompkins, Montgomery and Duchess are among the others which have adjourned over. The figures furnished by the Associated Press at 1:30 o'clock on Saturday morning gave the state to Cleveland by about 724 plurality. This has since been reduced by an error in New York and varied by slight changes elsewhere, so as to leave Cleveland on that basis about 425. Our own table on Thursday night gave Blaine 844, but the figure for Cattaraugus furnished by our special dispatch and confirmed by both Associated Press and a dispatch to the State central committee, contained an error as big as the one here and the correction brought down that table to 408 for Blaine. So far as can yet be known the truth probably lies between the two. At any rate, there seems to be no reason yet ascertained for believing that the plurality will amount to 500 either way unless through unexpected action by some of the boards of supervisors. It is idle to dispute or dogmatize over a margin so narrow in a vote so large, and with so many points of irregularity or worse yet to be passed upon. It is not a time either to be over sanguine of success or to give up the case. We can only hope for the result for which we have been laboring.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12. The Brooklyn *Eagle* says in a leader to-night: "The Presidential canvass has now passed into the legal phase. New York's vote is the only one about which anybody even pretends to be doubtful, and it determines the whole case. The eyes of the Union are fixed upon the Empire state. The proceedings now going on are neither partisan nor passionate. The noise of the campaign has died away. That the political managers recognize and accept the legal situation is shown by their liberal employment of counsel. Both the Democratic and Republican committee have retained able lawyers to observe the canvassing of votes, which begins to-day in all parts of the state. The latest retainer on the Democratic side was received by Mr. Roscoe Conkling. Those who are inclined to sympathize with the ex-Senator in the wrench to his party feelings which his appearance in the case may be supposed to involve should remember that he has so often repeated that he was out of politics and in the practice of the law that there is no reason to question the fact. As a practicing lawyer he was hardly at liberty to reject the proffered fee.

If, amid the preparation of his brief, he pauses to recall the events of the past four years, if he recollect that his timely and effectual labors in the campaign of 1880 were rewarded with the breaking of the Mentor treaty and its specific and implied pledges, that the breach of faith was, according to common belief, the work not of the nominal head of the Garfield administration, but of the 'premier,' that his infidelity was supplemented, after he had made the great mistake of his life, by resigning his seat in the senate with the humiliation of a scornful reelection by the legislature of his state before which he has based himself as a suppliant for reflection, that still later his friends were buried beneath a majority of nearly 200,000 for Gov. Cleveland, with the help of his former political associates, that the 'premier' himself has now encountered defeat in the state and at last his desperate scheme to seize the object of his ambition is to be thwarted by a proceeding in which the senator and leader he betrayed is counsel—Mr. Conkling will contemplate this remarkable and surprising piece of history without heat, and with the eye of a philosopher who is 'out of politics' and engaged in 'the practice of the law.' At all events, the fact that James G. Blaine has put his last stake upon the official canvass in this state will not in the slightest degree weaken Roscoe Conkling's professional determination that the canvass shall not be perverted to the advantage of his old rival.

"At the head of the Republican lawyers stands Wm. M. Evarts. Mr. Evarts is a very eminent lawyer. He has reaped a large harvest of success, not only in every variety of public suits, but in great public cases, such as the impeachment proceedings against President Johnson and the contest before the electoral Commission of 1877. His later performance was a good preparation for the business in which he is now engaged. If he can do nothing for Mr. Blaine and his friends they must admit that his case is hopeless, as everybody else now concedes it to be."

The *Journal of Commerce* to-day, commenting editoraly on the inaccuracy of the figures of the recent election returns furnished by the Associated Press, says. "The recent election returns appear to have been collected under the entire supervision of the *Tribune*. The partisan character of the service is most painfully apparent, and we do not believe that the other members of the Association will quietly submit to the good name of the body in any such fashion."

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The *Mail and Express* this afternoon says: "The official canvass of the vote of the state is in progress to-day. Few changes were made by the canvassers yesterday. It is now generally conceded that the vote of the counties above Harlem bridge cannot be changed to effect Cleveland's plurality. An accidental error may entirely wipe out the plurality, and on this alone are based the hopes of the Republicans. At midnight forty of the sixty counties had been heard from officially. They gave a net gain of 23 for Cleveland, leaving his plurality at 1,225, according to claims of the Democrats. Thus practically ends any probability of any serious increase to Blaine's majorities in the rural counties, although it is fair to bear in mind that where the gains are expected the canvass is delayed and the case may yet be presented in eight or ten counties where a case has been made up. The real fight is in the city, and the Republican hopes were greatly dampened when Elihu Root announced yesterday that he found the majority to be 43,226, wiping out the gain of 426 votes announced on Saturday. The total number of votes upon which, in some form or other, George Bliss expects to take exception to the informal count already had, is about 4,000. About one-third of these are defective or blank ballots and the rest are Butler, St. John and other votes which were miscounted, excluded or otherwise aided to swell the Cleveland vote.

#### Chairman Barnum Talks.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—When ex-Senator Wm. H. Barnum, chairman of the national Democratic committee, was told of the proposed contest in this city and Kings county he smiled. "That's all right," said he, "that's all right. There won't be any contest in either of them. We propose to have the votes counted as they are cast, and as they are cast Gov. Cleveland is elected."

"What steps have the committee taken to counteract any move of the Republicans, senator?

"Well, we have employed lawyers, led by Roscoe Conkling, and are prepared in every legal sense to fight them. Any move they make will be promptly met. We have anticipated every thing they could do, and know just what steps to take."

"It is said by some Democrats that a mistake has been made in securing the services of ex-Senator Conkling, a Repnblican, and in permitting Alderman Waite, a Republican also, to be president of the board of canvassers."

"If Gov. Cleveland has been elected—and he has been and can't be defeated—then it is all right. After our work is all over, after Gov. Cleveland is in his seat, then if we have made any blunder let it be told, but that's all right. There's no blunder about the election of Gov. Cleveland." And the clear-headed manager of the canvass for the Democrats smiled more broadly than before.

"The committee knew and knows now what it is doing." "It is also remarked, senator, that Mr. Conkling will be returned to the senate by a combination of Independent Republicans and the Democratic members of the legislature."

"I don't think that Roscoe Conkling wants to go there," replied Senator Barnum, shaking his head. "He worked for many years in politics and was a poor man. At his profession now he is making money. I think that he would be very unwise to go back to the United States senate again. I don't believe that he would care to go."

#### Making Cleveland a Cabinet.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The *Star*, in its gossip, continues to speculate on the probabilities of President Elect Cleveland's cabinet. It says a Democrat who has not fixed up a cabinet for Cleveland is a rarity. Many of them have taken the trouble to write out the names of their proposed cabinet appointments with about all the formality that would be necessary in submitting them to the senate for confirmation. In all the confusion of names and preferences two conflicting ideas show out prominently. One is entertained by a class 'Dyed-in-the-wool' Democrats, who insist that under the new administration none but tried and unwavering Democrats shall be put on guard. The other class insist that the Democrats owe their success to the Independent Republicans, and that the letter must be recognized. Those in favor of having the Independents represented in the cabinet seem to be largely in the majority and almost without exception. Mr. Schurz is named as the proper representative of that element.

A very prominent Democrat, who served some years in the senate, in talking of this phase of the cabinet question, expressed the general sentiment of those who maintain that the Independents must be recognized He said: "This is not a Democratic victory. It could not have been won by the Democrats alone. We owe the election of Cleveland and Hendricks to the Independent Republicans, and every rule of honesty and fair play demand their recognition. Nothing would be more unpopular than for us to proceed upon the assumption that it was a straight Democratic victory. Now, as to the suggestion that the acceptance of position under Cleveland by prominent Independents, would subject the latter to the suspicion of having made a bargain, or the other suggestion that Curtis, Schurz and their associates still profess to be Republicans, and therefore could not consistently go into a Democratic administration. With all that, we, as Democrats, have nothing to do. Our duty is to offer them a fitting recognition of their services, and if they decide to decline it then we will be at liberty to go ahead and select none but Democrats for position It would be a blunder for us to ignore the Independents and reformers who made the fight with us for reform and just such a blunder as Edmunds and other Republicans, who are against Blaine but still for the old party, hope to see us make."

It was stated that Senator Gorman does not want a cabinet position. He prefers to remain in the senate. This information came, it is said, from one of the senator's most intimate friends, to whom he has declared his wishes both before and after the election.

Arkansas will ask for a cabinet place, and will urge Senator Garland for the position. In the contest at Chicago Arkansas was the only southern state that stood solidly from first to last for Cleveland, and, therefore, it is supposed that her voice will be heeded. The state, backed by other southern states, will ask that Senator Garland be made attorney general.

As has already been mentioned, Gen. Eppa Hunton, of Virginia, will have strong backing, and his friends have selected the navy department as the position for him. Senator Lamar's name is spoken of in connection with the cabinet, but some of his friends think he would probably prefer to remain in the senate, as he is assured that he can be his own successor as long as he desires the position.

If the wishes of the states are to be consulted, then Virginia and Arkansas will probably have more influence than any of their sister states of the south, as their delegations were the staunchest supporters of Cleveland for the nomination. Virginia did not give him her solid vote all through, but he had a majority of the delegation from the start.

It is apparent now that Representative Randall will have a powerful influence at work to put him at the head of the treasury. While it is generally conceded that New York is entitled to the position, the cabinet builders have so far failed to discover a Democrat of the Empire state big enough for secretary of the treasury who is eligible. It is also claimed that Mr. Randall will have the backing of a large proportion of the New York Democracy. If he fails to get the treasury, the belief is that he will drop into some other cabinet position.

Public opinion is also settled upon Gen. McClellan for either secretary of the war or of the navy, and as he will have the unanimous support of New Jersey there is reason to believe he will be one of the chosen seven.

Ex-Senator McDonald, it is said by some, wants to go upon the United States supreme bench. There is a report that he will go into the cabinet as secretary of the interior, there to remain until the first vacancy upon the supreme bench, that then he will go upon the bench and Mr. Schurz will be placed at the head of the interior department

As the Pacific coast did nothing for Cleveland, these states are omitted from cabinet speculations.

Gen. Palmer, of Illinois, is talked of, but it is said that in the event of the Democrats getting control of the legislature there he will be elected United States senator.

In all the ceaseless round of talk about the cabinet nearly every state has some favorite son to propose, and while the speculation is premature, it is nevertheless a favorite pastime of the Democrats. It was reported to-day that Representative Barbour, of Virginia, would be pushed for the position of postmaster general, but, upon inquiry among prominent Virginians, it is stated he does not seek a cabinet position. His friends say that he wants to succeed Mahone in the United States senate upon the expiration of the latter's term, and that if the Democrats hold sway in the state he will have no opposition.

It is said that Mr. Barbour will support Gen. Hunton for the postoffice portfolio.

#### No Material Change.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The result complete of the official canvass is not yet received from Delaware, Franklin, Orange, Sheuyler, Broome, Columbia, Greene, Monroe and St. Lawrence counties. The canvass so far does not make any material change.

#### Deleware 4,276 Plurality for Cleveland.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 12.—The official vote of Deleware give Cleveland 17,052, Blaine 12,778, St. John 55, Butler 6. St. John and Butler electoral tickets were reported in New Castle county only. The temperance legislative vote was 1,549.

#### How It Looks in Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 12.—Forty-three of the eighty counties of Michigan report the official count gives Blaine pluralities of 1,333 and fusion pluralities of 6,370. The remaing counties are evenly divided between the fusionists and Republicans, but the Republican plurality given in figures so far reported will be cut down between 400 and 500. The congressional delegation stands seven fusion to one Republican.

#### The Official From New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 12.—Official returns received by the secretary of state give the following as a result of the vote of this state Blaine 43,166, Cleveland 39,166, St. John 1,573, Butler 552. Aggregate vote, 84,457. Blaine's plurality 4,000. Blaine's majority 1,875. Currier, Republican, for governor, has a majority over all of 490.

#### Blaine's Brother.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON C. H., Nov. 11. Hon. Neal Blaine, of Oregon, a brother to Hon. James G. Blaine, and the eldest member of the Blaine family, came down this far over the New Midland Railroad with the owners of the road, When his brother had been nominated for President he came on a visit to the east to see him. He says he had not seen him for 17 years until he met him in Cincinnati a few weeks ago. He is a tall man and much resembles his brother.

"No man can tell until the official vote is announced," he said, "in a very close contest. I am waiting patiently for the decision of the board of canvassers. I thought I would remain in the east untill the question had been settled, and then return to my home in Oregon."

#### Hatton on Blaine.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—On the result of the presidential election Postmaster General Hatton is quoted as follows: "In 1865, just after the fall of Richmond and surrender of Lee, Secretary Seward made a speech here in Washington in which he said: 'You may remember, fellow citizens, that standing on this spot four years ago, I predicted the war would be over in ninety days. I am still of that opinion. Recent events most emphatically justify me in thinking that I am right.' My views on Mr. Blaine were very plainly expressed in the Burlington *Hawkeye* nearly four years ago, when I said: 'There is one thing settled, and the sooner certain gentlemen in the Republican party recognize the fact the better it will be for the party. This country will never submit to have fastened upon it that which is represented in the word 'Blaineism.' I should say that recent events most emphatically justify me in still adhering to that opinion."

#### Blaine Advised of Defeat.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Senator Don Cameron, who is in Washington, is reported as saying that the national committee has already advised Mr. Blaine that he is beaten in New York, as well as in Indiana and Virginia, and that he has no longer a claim upon the patience of the country. Mr. Cameron says that Mr. Blaine is merely assuming the air of an injured man to create sympathy for himself, hoping thereby to make his renomination four years hence absolutely certain.

#### The Next House.

[Special Telegram to the Globe.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Of the congressmen elect in the next house there will be 118 Democrats who are members of the present house. Of this number sixty-six voted for Mr. Carlisle, twenty-six for Mr. Randall and fifteen for Mr. Cox. Two were absent and the candidates did not vote. Assuming that the Democrats have elected 185 members, a majority of them would be ninety-three.

#### The Alabama Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, Nov. 12.—The Democratic caucus of the house elected H. C. Armstrong speaker and D. W. McIver clerk. Both houses have organized. The governor's message is a state paper, and shows its financial condition

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

CLOTHING.

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