

BASSFORD THE BOSS.

The Political Significance of His Appointment to Supervise the Minneapolis Government Building.

Sad Suicide of a Young German Domestic on Account of a Faithless Lover.

Mayor-Elect Rice Looking For New and More Commodious Quarters For His Office.

A Bank Removal—Two Notable Sermons—The Amusement Bulletin—Other City Notes.

THE MINNEAPOLIS BUILDING.

Politicians Discover a Meaning in Bassford's Appointment.

The waning interest of Minnesota politicians in Washington affairs, occasioned by the lack of any definite developments at Washington the last week or more, was suddenly revived yesterday morning by news from Washington that Mr. Bassford, architect of the new public building at Minneapolis. This particular office had not been the subject of much remark owing to the absorbing interest in the struggle between Messrs. Kelly and Doran on the one side and Mr. Donnelly on the other side over the surveyor generalship. But Saturday's appointment was one which indicated that after all their seeming hesitation, the authorities at Washington are in favor of the appointment of Mr. Bassford, a Democrat, and that they are beginning to turn their attention to this state. It was regarded by prominent Democrats as a substantial victory for Mr. Kelly. Said a well-known politician: "Congressman Washington, you know, is in Washington, and he is here to see the post-office authorities to expedite the fast mail. Oh, yes, that's what he went there for. But, you know, too, that he has regarded that Minneapolis government building as his special property, and part of the purpose of his visit was to secure the position of supervising architect for some Minneapolis friend of his."

"He doesn't seem to have succeeded."

"WELL, NO, NOT HARDLY; and I am glad of it. We have had an experience in St. Paul of Minneapolis architects in the erection of the post-office building which was erected and completed in a careful and thorough manner, and it would need any repeating the first year after it is put up, either."

"This, then, you regard as a substantial victory for Mr. Kelly and Mr. Donnelly?"

"Surely, and then, too, the ruling of the interior department that surveys general must be competent surveyors—that means that Donnelly is downed and that Col. Crooks may as well be making his preparations to take the surveyor generalship in Washington in a day or two."

MR. BASSFORD SAYS.

In regard to the appointment, Mr. E. P. Bassford, to whom the contract was awarded, says he knows nothing more about it than that on Friday Mr. Kelly's secretary called upon him and showed him a copy of the contract. He says that he would accept the contract. He says that Mr. Kelly is a friend of his, and undoubtedly took some interest in the matter and got him the position of supervising architect.

Bassford is one of the best known architects in St. Paul, having lived here for the past eighteen years, and in that time built about half the business blocks in the city. Among the largest of the buildings he has supervised as architect are the Gilliam, Ryan, and Wright, Shepley, and Sullivan, Kelly, Schutt, Merrick, Boss & Bishop, Sherman, McKim, Upham's, McQuillan, Lindeke, Warner & Schurmeier, Gordon & Ferguson, and the Robinson & Carey blocks. He will also have the court house at Bassford and Calais, Me., and served nine years at the carpenter business. After this he went to Boston and studied architecture under Charles F. Johnson, the noted architect who died in England.

He has established a reputation in St. Paul that is hard to excel.

CROSSED IN LOVE.

A German Girl Commits Suicide With a Strap.

Margaret Felemon, a German girl, residing with Rudolph Knapherd, a farmer in Reserve town, whose place is near the reform school, was missing from her room on Saturday night. She was found Sunday morning in a barn on the premises, hanging from a leather strap attached to a manger, having deliberately committed suicide. When found the body was in a condition showing she had been dead for several hours. On its discovery Mr. Knapherd at once drove to the city hall and directed the coroner to take the body to the morgue. She was one of those who believed that civilization owed one thing to the poor, and that was that tenement houses should be built fit to live in and rented at reasonable figures. In this good work, however, Dr. Knapherd had more than any other person. He had established a fund for the poor, through his own efforts all over East London. Miss Havelstrom was another person who had unconsciously made herself known to the city by her home in Sweden on embracing her new home in America. She then took an interest in her countrymen, particularly the sailors, for whose benefit, through subscriptions raised by her alone, a large hall was built. She was driven from her home in Sweden by the fact that she had no money to pay for her board. She then took an interest in her countrymen, particularly the sailors, for whose benefit, through subscriptions raised by her alone, a large hall was built. She was driven from her home in Sweden by the fact that she had no money to pay for her board.

THE REMOVAL OF A BANK.

The German-American Getting Into Its New Quarters.

The German-American bank on Third street shut down on the regular hour Saturday afternoon and this morning will attend to its customers in its spacious new building on the corner of Fourth and Robert streets as though nothing had happened over Sunday. All day yesterday, guarded by the police, the moving of the funds and securities of this great banking house on the new location was in progress. Nine steel safes, taken from the old building, were being moved to the new building. This mammoth steel vault, both fire and burglar proof, is to be also removed to the new quarters, but it is a job of such magnitude that fully ten days will be occupied in the transfer, as it must be moved as a whole, and cannot be taken apart. All the fixtures of the bank, the large plate glass front and the iron pillars supporting the front of the building were too heavy to be moved to get this monster, which was built in 1879 and weighs 90,000 pounds, out to the street. Besides this, it rests on a foundation of masonry built up from the basement, and in removing it therefrom the ground will be faced up very carefully and at great expense. The masonry is being dumped into the cellar in the operation.

AMUSEMENTS.

Production of "Dynamite" at the Grand-Grace Hawthorne.

The engagement of the popular comedienne, Barry & Fay, opens at the Grand-Grace Hawthorne on Monday night in three exhibitions. The play has received a flattering reception in the East, and it is described as abounding in funny situations, comical incidents and ridiculous scenes, the whole constituting a very valuable performance from the rise to the fall of the curtain.

On Thursday evening next Miss Grace Hawthorne will appear at the Grand in the great Grand square success "Queen."

The drama affords fine scope for the emotional powers of the actress, and her performance will be a most complete dramatic success of the season. The sale of seats opens at the box office of the Grand this morning.

The Ida Sidons Female Quartet appears at the Olympia to-night, being for the first time in this city the amusing operatic burlesque "Prince Faithful."

An enjoyable engagement is predicted.

The Conductors' Convention.

Next week will occur in Minneapolis the convention of the Passenger Conductors' Life Insurance association. On Wednesday, the 27th, the delegates will be the recipients of the hospitality of St. Paul, arriving here at 3 p. m. They will take a drive about the city in the afternoon and in the evening will be the honored guests at a banquet in the Exposition building, where the speech will be made by Gov. Hubbard, ex-Gov. Davis, Mayor O'Brien and President Hill.

the purposes intended, consisting as they do of only one medium-sized room. As Mayor-Elect Rice expects to devote a considerable portion of his time to the transaction of public business, it was deemed necessary that he should have at least two rooms at his disposal, one for receiving room and the other as a private office. As the officers at the city hall are all cramped for room, it was deemed proper to try and procure suitable quarters for the mayor in the immediate vicinity of the city hall. A few days the gentlemen named have inspected several houses adjacent to the city buildings. On Saturday the committee inspected the two-story brick building on the west side of Washington street, almost opposite the city hall. The building is of a large, convenient and commodious and the rental extremely moderate, it is more than likely that the building will be secured for the purpose named.

EVE AND MARY.

A Catholic Prelate Draws a Parallel Between Them.

Archbishop Gross, of Savannah, Ga., en route to Portland to enter upon his duties as bishop of the state of Oregon, delivered an eloquent sermon at the Cathedral yesterday, prefacing the same with the reading of selections from the gospels of St. Peter and St. John. Man's fall, he said, was accounted for in the interview of Lucifer with the fallen angel, seeking vengeance on God, with the woman Eve, whom he beguiled with falsehoods, and she in turn flattered Adam into the eating of the forbidden fruit. Man never forgets that he was led away by woman. Mr. McClure, one of our best men, never had such fair promise of great prosperity as we have to-day, whether the lion and the bear claw and chew each other or not.

"Yes," said Nicholas Miller, the Jamestown contractor to a Globe reporter last night, "we are making rapid progress on the hospital for the insane at our town. In ten days the first wing will be ready for the occupancy of patients, and the unfortunate will be brought from Yankton and comfortably provided for in that time. At an expense of \$60,000 we have prepared the first wing for their reception, and are now at work on the sewerage system and will have it ready in due time. And we shall within ten days be at work on another wing of the building, and will complete the whole magnificent structure in six weeks. You may be assured that the whole \$110,000 of the appropriation will be expended as provided for in the law. It is a matter of local and personal pride with us of Jamestown. And you may also be assured that the \$50,000 for operating expenses will be judiciously expended. The hospital is a great institution, and is well located."

CONTRACTOR McLAUGHLIN.

Contractor McLaughlin of Bismarck, who has charge of the penitentiary work, is gravitating toward the city of St. Paul, particularly being engaged in studying the Sabin system at Stillwater with a view to incorporating its most practical features in the Bismarck industrial institute. "Our penitentiary is now ready for the reception of the first batch of convicts, and we are in a southerly direction through the entire length of the farm, dividing it east and west nearly in the center, and finally emptying into the Le Sueur river. This outlet, which is a nice running stream with a gravelly bottom, will be used for the drainage of the farm, and the varying widths of bottom lands between the bodies of maple, oak, poplar and cottonwood timber, of which there is some 300 acres. Fifteen years ago the entire area was wild land. Now there are upwards of 300 acres of corn, the crops being corn, oats and roots, and is the best of 500 head of blooded stock, horses, cattle, sheep and swine. All of the land, except that under plow, has been seeded to timothy, red top and blue grass, all of which grow luxuriantly, especially the timothy. The timber is mostly brush was cleared out before seeding, and now furnishes most excellent pasture for the season through, with the added advantage of furnishing a splendid shade in the summer days and wind breaks in the winter."

FIRE DEPARTMENT NOTES.

It is feared that two of the horses, one driven by Assistant Chief Jackson and the other belonging to truck No. 2, are fatally ill with a prevalent epidemic of typhoid fever. The reading and writing department are ill with the disease in a mild form, and several of the department horses which have been put out to pasture will have to be called in as their substitutes until they recover.

Dr. Deering & Sons, opticians, 54 East Third street, sent a letter to Chief Black and the board of directors of the city, asking for prompt and efficient attention given to the little blaze on their premises on Saturday, saying that they felt certain that they thus escaped a serious disaster.

THE Y. M. C. A.

Considering the steady rain of yesterday, the attendance at the 4 o'clock song service at the Young Men's Christian association rooms, corner of Ninth and Washburn streets, was encouragingly large, quite a number of strangers from the hotels being present. The speaker was Rev. M. D. Edwards of the Dayton Avenue Presbyterian church, and his subject, "Obedience to the law." The reading and writing department were crowded all the afternoon, owing to the storm, while several groups of members occupied the parlor. The gymnasium expert is expected from Boston to-day to set up the gymnasium apparatus. The reading and writing department were crowded all the afternoon, owing to the storm, while several groups of members occupied the parlor. The gymnasium expert is expected from Boston to-day to set up the gymnasium apparatus.

THE STILLWATER CONVENTION.

The crusaders held a meeting at their hall on Washburn street yesterday afternoon at 7 o'clock. The delegates to the State Total Abstinence convention, held at Stillwater, June 17 and 18; J. F. Kernan, P. McCarthy, J. F. Carrere, and President J. F. McGuire as delegate ex-officio. All action in reference to the society, elected the following to the Stillwater convention: J. L. Lankford, J. Dillon, Valentine King, C. Cunningham, with President John Tracy as ex-officio delegate. The matter of attendance as a society was postponed to next Sabbath.

THE MEAN WEATHER.

Alas for those who invited their best girls to join them yesterday in a buggy ride or a trip to White Bear. The rain descended and the city was deluged with a down-pour of a blizzard Sunday proved to be founded on the sand. They saved money, though, and will have all the more to spend on the next fair Sunday. It was a cruel disappointment, however, not only to the pleasure seekers, but also to the city, which was to profit by their liberality. The lively stable keepers, the summer hotel men and all were knocked out of many a shining dollar they would have earned but for the miserable weather.

HOMEOPATHIC INSTITUTE.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the Minnesota State Homeopathic Institute will be held in the senate chamber at the capitol building on Wednesday next. An elaborate program, embracing papers on a great variety of topics by prominent physicians of the state, has been prepared. Interesting discussions will be had on the papers after their reading. Unusual efforts will be made to secure a large attendance, and Secretary J. L. Lankford has received letters that indicate that the meeting will be the most profitable of any ever held by the society. A delegation from the Homeopathic physicians of Chicago is expected.

Maj. Elias D. Lawrence, secretary of the Loma Jockey club, died on Monday afternoon at his home in St. Paul, aged 75. He was born near Louisville, and was always prominently connected with racing events in the South. The remains were taken to Louisville for interment in the Cave Hill cemetery. On Wednesday,

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It Can Be Done.

To the Turf Editor of the Globe.

The discussions of late in journals devoted to breeding interests of the open-air and open-shed system in the care of blooded stock in Minnesota in winter, as practiced by C. A. De Graf of Lake Elysian farm near Jamestown, Wisc., has excited the interest of the unfavorable criticisms of M. T. Gratton of Preston, created in me an ardent desire to visit Elysian and personally investigate the workings of the system. My desire was gratified on the 10th, I reached the farm in the afternoon of the 10th, and spent nearly two busy days in inspecting the stock and studying the results achieved by Mr. De Graf under his system.

To premise, I may be allowed to state that no Minnesota needs to be told that the winter season is a most severe one in intensity of long-continued cold and high and piercing winds known to the oldest inhabitant, while the spring thus far has been unusually cold and backward. Such a condition of climatic surroundings during winter and spring will be recognized as a most severe test of Mr. De Graf's system, and good results following—healthy stock in excellent flesh and bodily vigor, and strong, robust and active foals—it should be admitted with general unanimity that, as practiced by Mr. De Graf, it is a most successful one.

In giving my conclusions of the practical results achieved by Mr. De Graf, I desire to state that they are based on what I personally saw and investigated. Before going into the details of what I did and saw during my visit, I will state that Mr. De Graf's breeding operations, farm, buildings, etc., will not be out of place.

THE FARM CONSISTS.

of 2,240 acres. It came into Mr. De Graf's hands by purchase directly from the Indians, it being a portion of the old Winnebago reservation, he securing it in 1862, when the reservation was abandoned. It lies to the south of Lake Elysian, a beautiful body of water of many acres in extent, one section lying to the west of the thriving village of Janesville, and the balance to the south and southwest of the village of Preston, Minn. The entire length of the farm, dividing it east and west nearly in the center, and finally emptying into the Le Sueur river. This outlet, which is a nice running stream with a gravelly bottom, will be used for the drainage of the farm, and the varying widths of bottom lands between the bodies of maple, oak, poplar and cottonwood timber, of which there is some 300 acres. Fifteen years ago the entire area was wild land. Now there are upwards of 300 acres of corn, the crops being corn, oats and roots, and is the best of 500 head of blooded stock, horses, cattle, sheep and swine. All of the land, except that under plow, has been seeded to timothy, red top and blue grass, all of which grow luxuriantly, especially the timothy. The timber is mostly brush was cleared out before seeding, and now furnishes most excellent pasture for the season through, with the added advantage of furnishing a splendid shade in the summer days and wind breaks in the winter."

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DURING MY VISIT I CAREFULLY EXAMINED.

some fifty head of old and young animals that had been subjected to this treatment, and found that the system was successful, of which ten had foals at their sides, the others being due to foal from day to day for a month to come. These mares I assert were in the best of condition for motherhood. There was not a sick or ailing animal among them, I ever saw any that their skins were soft and oily; they moved with spirit and vigor—in fact everything about them indicated perfect health and full bodily and functional vigor. Not a mare had slipped her foal or suffered any miscarriage, and in all respects they were all straight on their limbs and were strong and full of life. The oldest of the ten, not five weeks old, a bay colt by Alexander, dam Drift, by Alcalde 103, son of Mambrino Chief II, is as growthy, substantial and handsome a yearling as I ever saw, one that it would trouble the breeder to get the famous blue grass region of Kentucky to equal, let alone excel.

GOING STILL FURTHER IN MY INVESTIGATIONS.

I had the fourth head of yearlings Mr. De Graf contributes to the public sale of Minnesota breeders, at Midway park, St. Paul, Wednesday, June 10 next, led out one by one for inspection. These colts and fillies had been subjected to the same freezing process in the wombs of their dams, as Mr. Gratton puts it, as the foals of this year which have already been born. They are not of course all built in the same pattern, vary in size, and do not all possess the same point of excellence and promise, but I am confident I affirm correctly when I say they are an extraordinary lot. They are bred in an open breeding farm in the country, I care not how low, how famous for its sires and dams, or where located. Having been catalogued for public sale, they are

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In giving my conclusions of the practical results achieved by Mr. De Graf, I desire to state that they are based on what I personally saw and investigated. Before going into the details of what I did and saw during my visit, I will state that Mr. De Graf's breeding operations, farm, buildings, etc., will not be out of place.

THE FARM CONSISTS.

of 2,240 acres. It came into Mr. De Graf's hands by purchase directly from the Indians, it being a portion of the old Winnebago reservation, he securing it in 1862, when the reservation was abandoned. It lies to the south of Lake Elysian, a beautiful body of water of many acres in extent, one section lying to the west of the thriving village of Janesville, and the balance to the south and southwest of the village of Preston, Minn. The entire length of the farm, dividing it east and west nearly in the center, and finally emptying into the Le Sueur river. This outlet, which is a nice running stream with a gravelly bottom, will be used for the drainage of the farm, and the varying widths of bottom lands between the bodies of maple, oak, poplar and cottonwood timber, of which there is some 300 acres. Fifteen years ago the entire area was wild land. Now there are upwards of 300 acres of corn, the crops being corn, oats and roots, and is the best of 500 head of blooded stock, horses, cattle, sheep and swine. All of the land, except that under plow, has been seeded to timothy, red top and blue grass, all of which grow luxuriantly, especially the timothy. The timber is mostly brush was cleared out before seeding, and now furnishes most excellent pasture for the season through, with the added advantage of furnishing a splendid shade in the summer days and wind breaks in the winter."

SUCH ARE THE SHEDS.

and their appliances, and now I will describe the how Mr. De Graf utilizes them in the care of his stock. In the spring, when a brood mare is believed to be safe in foal, and her foal, if she have one, is removed from the paddock into which she had been turned after foaling, into some one of the many blue-grass pastures, being changed as the condition of the grass seems to make necessary or desirable. In September the mares and foals are separated, the mares being turned into the lot with the open sheds for their accommodation, and the colts and fillies into that set apart for them. Here the mares give milk to their young, and sweet hay they have, plenty of good straw to lie on at night, are watered regularly and have uncheeked runs of the field or timber. Just this and nothing more. They are not taken up during the entire winter, are not put in any kind of harness, and receive no personal care in the way of grooming, etc. In the spring, some ten days before they are due to foal, they are taken up, kept in box stalls at night, given the run of paddocks during the day, when the weather is clear, and given plenty of good hay and grain. This course of treatment is for a few days after foaling, when the mare and foal are turned into a large pasture adjoining the stables, where they are under the eye of the proprietor or his assistants, being taken up at night, if they remain under the "wide open" system, as explained above, is again resumed.

DURING MY VISIT I CAREFULLY EXAMINED.

some fifty head of old and young animals that had been subjected to this treatment, and found that the system was successful, of which ten had foals at their sides, the others being due to foal from day to day for a month to come. These mares I assert were in the best of condition for motherhood. There was not a sick or ailing animal among them, I ever saw any that their skins were soft and oily; they moved with spirit and vigor—in fact everything about them indicated perfect health and full bodily and functional vigor. Not a mare had slipped her foal or suffered any miscarriage, and in all respects they were all straight on their limbs and were strong and full of life. The oldest of the ten, not five weeks old, a bay colt by Alexander, dam Drift, by Alcalde 103, son of Mambrino Chief II, is as growthy, substantial and handsome a yearling as I ever saw, one that it would trouble the breeder to get the famous blue grass region of Kentucky to equal, let alone excel.

GOING STILL FURTHER IN MY INVESTIGATIONS.

I had the fourth head of yearlings Mr. De Graf contributes to the public sale of Minnesota breeders, at Midway park, St. Paul, Wednesday, June 10 next, led out one by one for inspection. These colts and fillies had been subjected to the same freezing process in the wombs of their dams, as Mr. Gratton puts it, as the foals of this year which have already been born. They are not of course