

BOUND FOR THE WEST.

The St. Paul Jobbers' Union Will Start To-Day For Dakota and Montana.

They Will be Gone Ten Days and Can't Help Having a Good Time.

An Account of Some of the Previous Trips Taken by This Body.

A Short Sketch of the Union Itself, and the Trade It Represents.

The Jobbers' Excursion.

The St. Paul Jobbers' union will start this morning on its much-talked-of North-western Pacific expedition, to be gone ten days, and to visit not only all the principal towns along the route as far as Helena, but also the famous Yellowstone park.



riding through a country, examining it critically and talking with its people, one can form a better idea of its prosperity and prospects than by sending whole columns of figures.

As said, this excursion will consume ten days. The participants will travel day and night, stopping but a few moments at all the most important places.

The following is the itinerary: MONDAY, JULY 27. Arrive. Places. 8:00 a. m. St. Paul 4:15 p. m. Drained 9:40 a. m. Anoka 5:30 p. m. Motley 10:25 a. m. Elk River 6:00 p. m. Wadena 11:00 a. m. Clear Lake 7:40 p. m. Perham 11:00 p. m. St. Rapids 8:40 p. m. Detroit 2:15 p. m. Royalton 9:15 p. m. Audubon 2:45 p. m. Little Falls 11:40 p. m. Fargo

TUESDAY, JULY 28. Arrive. Places. 8:00 a. m. Bismarck 1:45 p. m. Dickinson 9:30 a. m. Mandan 2:50 p. m. Bismarck 10:00 a. m. Sibley 3:15 p. m. Rejburg 10:30 a. m. Sibley 3:35 p. m. Modera 11:30 a. m. Glendon 4:05 p. m. Little Mo 12:30 p. m. Seward 4:30 p. m. Glendive 1:40 p. m. Gladstone 1:45 p. m. Gladstone

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29. Arrive. Places. 6:30 a. m. Mesquite 1:20 p. m. Roseman 11:15 a. m. Livestock 4:30 p. m. Helena 7:30 p. m. Helena

THURSDAY, JULY 30. 7:30 p. m. Helena

FRIDAY, JULY 31. Dutte City, Minn. ... Deer Lodge ... Mammoth Hot Springs ... Yellowstone Park

MONDAY, AUG. 3. Arrive. Places. 7:30 a. m. Billings 3:00 p. m. Miles City 12:45 p. m. Forsyth 4:00 p. m. Glendive

TUESDAY, AUG. 4. Arrive. Places. 5:30 a. m. Mandan 4:00 p. m. Casselton 9:30 a. m. Dawson 6:20 p. m. Mapleton 12:15 p. m. Jamestown 7:30 p. m. Fargo 2:40 p. m. Valley City 8:20 p. m. Glendon 3:25 p. m. Valley City 8:20 p. m. Glendon 4:20 p. m. Oriska 9:00 p. m. Hawley 4:40 p. m. Tower City 9:30 p. m. Lake Park 5:00 p. m. Buffalo

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5. Arrive. Places. 2:00 a. m. Drained 8:00 a. m. St. Paul

CONCERNING THE EQUIPMENTS. The train will be composed of ten cars. The baggage car will be first, followed by the sleeping car for the day.

Great interest is naturally felt in this excursion by the residents of the towns through which the route has been laid out. The committee which has the matter in charge has sent word to all the towns that see fit that the citizens are invited to telegrams from almost every one asking for more time.

While the participants in the excursion are a law-abiding portion of the community it has been thought that during this trip, for fear that being removed from the restraining influences of home there might be well as the ardent hospitality of some towns that candid exposure of legal eyes.

It would never do to send these excellent jobbers so far away to all the towns without some preparation for spiritual sustenance. They may raise No. 1 hard religion as well as wheat out in Dakota, but the members of the expedition are used to the St. Paul article, and it is feared that their delicate spiritual constitutions will hardly be able to digest the less mature diet of the far West.

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banquet, a receipt and speeches by both visitors and guests forming the features of the visit.

The number that will participate in the excursion of the jobbers is sufficient to insure a general good time and to bring speeches around not often enough to be burdensome.

Though some of the prominent jobbers, however, for one reason or another cannot get away at just this time, nearly every branch of the city's trade will be well represented.

The fame of the picnic had last year is not yet died out, and many invited guests who can make the necessary connections will accompany the party and for all practical purposes be wholesalers for the next ten days.

This interesting stretch of country, it has been considered an especially desirable one to take. The following is the list of the houses belonging to the union, and of the people that will represent them in the expedition.

HARDWARE. Strong-Hackett Hardware company, C. W. Hackett; Farwell, Ozum & Jackson, Frederick Jackson; Adam Decker.

IRON AND HEAVY HARDWARE. Nicol & Dean, J. B. Nicols; Rhodes & Morton, William Rhodes; J. B. Nicols; Rhodes & Morton, William Rhodes; J. B. Nicols; Rhodes & Morton, William Rhodes.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS. Auerbach, Finch & Van Slyke, George R. Finch; Lindeke, Warner & Schurmer, William Lindeke; Powers, Durkee & Co., R. A. Durkee.

GROCERIES. P. H. Kelly Mercantile company, Warren Granger; Allen, Room & Co., Farmers' Supply; Stationery company, D. B. Merrill; Bristol, Keogh & Co., Bruno Maxfield; Yanz, Griggs & Howes, C. M. Griggs.

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES. Berkey, Tallmadge & Co., A. S. Tallmadge.

BOOTS AND SHOES. C. Gotzian & Co., C. Gotzian; Kellogg, Johnson & Co., A. E. Johnson; Folt, Schulze & Co., G. T. Schurmer.

HATS, CAPS AND FURS. Gordon & Ferguson, Richards Gordon; Lamborn, Fink & Skinner; Strickwith & Drake, John S. Young.

DRUGS. Noyes Bros. & Cutter, D. R. Noyes; Ryan Drug company, R. A. Ryan; J. B. Ryan.

CHINA, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE. Craig, Larkin & Smith, J. P. Larkin; Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden, J. J. Pollock.

LEATHER, SHOE FINDINGS, ETC. P. R. L. Hardenberg & Co., P. R. L. Hardenberg; Schaeffer & Rossum, Albert Schaeffer.

PAPER AND STATIONERY. Averill, Carpenter & Co., Pioneer Press company, J. A. Wheeler; St. Paul Book & Stationery company, D. B. Merrill; Bristol, Keogh & Co., Bruno Maxfield; Yanz, Griggs & Howes, C. M. Griggs.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS. Campbell & Burbank, H. C. Burbank; Gutierrez Bros., J. Gutierrez; Tailors' Trimmings and Finishes, Yallop, DeGroot & Co., W. E. DeGroot.

RUBBER GOODS. St. Paul Rubber company, H. N. Hodeman; Goodyear Rubber company, James Suddam.

MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES. Robinson & Gier, C. P. Robinson; Wilson & Rogers; H. P. Hargy & Co., H. P. Hargy; Campbell, Walsh & Johnson, J. Walsh.

STEAM FITTERS. E. F. Osborne, E. F. Osborne.

SCALES, MILLS, ETC. Fairbanks, Morse & Co., George B. Woodward.

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS. Blahon, Warren & Chipley, J. W. Blahon.

MILLINERY. A. Oppenheim & Co., A. C. Sterritt.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. Nathan Ford, Nathan Ford; W. J. Dyer & Bro., W. J. Dyer.

FRUITS, NUTS, ETC. B. Presley & Co., John S. Robertson.

CRACKERS AND CONFECTIONARY. Bettendorf B. and C. company, Friedeman & Lewis.

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS. Bohn Manufacturing company, J. A. Seeger; T. A. Abbott & Co., T. A. Abbott.

WAGONS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. Mast, Buford & Burwell company, J. H. Burwell; C. B. Thurston & Son, C. B. Thurston; J. H. Mahler & Co., J. H. Mahler; St. Paul Storage, Forwarding and Implement company, W. W. Bushnell.

WINES AND LIQUORS. Perkins, Lyons & Co., W. L. Perkins; George Benz & Co., George Benz.

GRAIN AND COMMISSIONS. Griggs, Bush & Co., W. A. Van Slyke & Co., W. A. Van Slyke.

FLOUR. St. Paul Roller Mill company, Kingsland Smith.

ROOFING. Scribner Roofing and Corncorn company, E. E. Scribner.

LUMBER. J. P. Gribben Lumber company, J. P. Gribben; Wood & Mack, E. F. Smith; E. J. Sunwatt; C. N. Nelson Lumber company; W. F. Fittell & Co., W. F. Fittell.

LUMBER AND CEMENT. The Northwestern Lumber company.

St. Paul Pacific Coal and Iron company, Horatio Pratt; Northwestern Fuel company.

TRUNKS, ETC. H. S. Crippen & Co., H. S. Crippen.

Whiteman, Bros., J. H. Whiteman; C. M. McLain, C. M. McLain.

SEWING MACHINES. Domestic Sewing Machine company.

Previous Excursions. The Jobbers' union has pretty thoroughly explored that portion of the Northwest embraced within a radius of 500 miles or so of its headquarters.

Last year they made four trips through sections of Minnesota and Eastern Dakota, becoming acquainted with themselves, their customers, and the thriving cities where their wares are distributed.

At all the points visited a year ago notice of these coming had been heralded, and the arrival of the special trains labeled "St. Paul Jobbers," was the signal in scores of cities and villages for a general turnout of citizens, brass bands, and in many cases municipal organizations to welcome them.

While the participants in the excursion are a law-abiding portion of the community it has been thought that during this trip, for fear that being removed from the restraining influences of home there might be well as the ardent hospitality of some towns that candid exposure of legal eyes.

It would never do to send these excellent jobbers so far away to all the towns without some preparation for spiritual sustenance. They may raise No. 1 hard religion as well as wheat out in Dakota, but the members of the expedition are used to the St. Paul article, and it is feared that their delicate spiritual constitutions will hardly be able to digest the less mature diet of the far West.

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lower prices which ruled on goods of this nature.

In 1881 there were sold \$1,339,700 worth of drugs in St. Paul, and in 1884 this was nearly doubled, the whole value of sales amounting to \$2,600,000.

Among the other branches of trade that cut a considerable figure in the wholesale business are the trade in boots and shoes and farming and mechanical implements.

Of the former the sales amounted last year to \$2,378,100, and of the latter to \$2,600,000. In all the branches of the jobbing trade, existing four years ago in this city, there has

BEEN AN INCREASE in the value of the sales proportionate to that in the branches mentioned above, while new branches have been started to meet the most diversified demand that has been incident to the rapid growth of the country tributary to St. Paul.

As it exists to-day, the wholesale trade of St. Paul cuts a figure of no little importance in the mercantile transactions of the country, and as the headquarters for so large a section of trade, St. Paul has come to be recognized as one of the jobbing centers of the land.

While in other cities there has been all reports of decreased activity in nearly all mercantile pursuits, and a consequent shrinking on the part of the merchants from pushing business at the usual rate, little or nothing of this is noticeable among the St. Paul men.

They report with a voice that is almost unanimous that the outlook in the country from whence comes the call for their goods is very satisfactory, that sales are all or more than could be expected and the general condition of the trade satisfactory.

That in all its phases, the trade and the factors that have a bearing upon it, are so in one of the results of the unified action of the men who start to work for a vacation trip along the line where their wares are so largely distributed.

CATTLEMEN'S CONSTERNATION. They are Agitated Over the President's Order. ST. LOUIS, July 26.—The cattlemen who are interested in leases in the Indian Territory are greatly agitated over the president's proclamation ordering all cattle of the Arapahoe and Cheyenne reservations

within forty days. It had been issued, but few of the cattlemen had an idea that it would be done so soon, if at all, as the vast capital involved and the amount of territory covered rendered the matter of such magnitude that it was supposed a much longer notice would be given.

In fact it was a complete surprise, and the cattlemen here have not yet sufficiently recovered from it to be able to tell exactly what they will do. The indications are, however, that the matter will be rushed into the courts at once in the shape of an application for an injunction or restraint order.

A meeting was held yesterday at the office of Hunter & Evans, and it was decided to hold another, when there will probably be delegations present from various parts of the state, and a definite plan will be made for the future.

H. T. Atwater, secretary of the National Cattlemen's association, was asked what would probably be done by the cattlemen. "I will go right into court," said he; "they can't do anything else with it." "Then the order will not be obeyed promptly?" "I don't see how it can be."

There are about three hundred thousand head of cattle scattered all over an area of from 3,500,000 to 4,000,000 acres. It would take the whole army to drive them out of the country.

Besides, where will you put them? Kansas won't let them in. Do you suppose the governor of Kansas is going to let even 100,000 cattle come into that state, when they haven't enough grass for their own cattle?

They can't go into Colorado nor Texas, and the lands west of the north is so crowded that there is no room for any more cattle. I'd like to have some one tell me where they'll find 3,000,000 or 4,000,000 acres of good range land that can be used for grazing.

There are a few hundred head there they might be rounded up and moved off in forty days; but it can't be done in that time with all those cattle. They can't get them together in that time, and another bad feature in it is that the cattle have to be rounded up and moved off in the time specified they will undoubtedly be a great many left behind.

Next winter the Indians will take these and kill them. As soon as the Indians learn that the military is on their side they can't do anything but take them in a year or two cattlemen won't be able to go into the territory at all."

Texas Stockmen Approve the Order. AUSTIN, Tex., July 26.—The proclamation of President Cleveland ordering the removal of cattlemen from the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservations is complicating matters a great deal, and is likely to cause trouble to persons other than the actual lessees of the lands in question.

During the last winter an agreement was made with the lessees in the Indian Territory, by certain cattlemen here and elsewhere, to graze their cattle until ready for shipment during the past spring. Seth Mayry, well known in Kansas City and St. Louis, delivered 28,000 yearlings on the range in the territory, Houghton & Montgomery of Austin 6,000, Tarrey & Day of Austin 10,000, Lytle 15,000 and others quite a large number.

The removal of these cattle as well as those belonging to the lessees, and it is understood they will be driven north. It is said that steps will be taken to make the lessees pay all the costs and damages of moving the stock.

The order of the president meets with approval among stockmen here.

Boston's River Mystery. BOSTON, July 26.—The latest development in the Charles river mystery was the finding to-day of the remaining portions of the murdered woman's body, which had been cut into four sections, the trunk being severed at the waist and the legs being cut off above the knees.

To-day some passengers on an East Boston ferry-boat saw one of the legs floating near the East Boston slips and notified some boatmen, who picked the limb up. As they were returning to the wharf with it the other leg was sighted and picked up. The two were then brought to the city and placed with the rest of the mutilated body at the city undertaker's establishment.

The impression is generally beginning to prevail that the murderer of the woman in a higher class of society than was at first thought to be the president meets with approval among stockmen here.

ST. PAUL'S JOBBING TRADE. In 1881 the wholesale trade of St. Paul amounted to \$465,555. In 1882 this was increased to \$66,628,494, and the next year it has risen to \$72,048,771, while in 1884 it was \$81,000,000, including, however, the commission rate of 1 per cent. There were, at the beginning of 1885, 334 firms in St. Paul doing a wholesale business and employing upward of 5,500 hands.

Of these, the heaviest concerns are members of the Jobbers' union, which itself keeps pace with the trade in its growth. The sales of groceries, as also the number of firms handling them, within the association at least, are the largest. In 1881 the St. Paul wholesale grocers handled \$6,550,000 worth of the merchandise, and within four years the volume of the business had increased to \$10,445,000, an increase of some 45 per cent. Dry goods to the value of \$7,550,000 were sold in 1881, and this figure in 1884 had been swelled to \$9,500,000, and that notwithstanding the

explosion of our mine at Petersburg. The general view is a little blue blouse that morning, and many of the men, as we passed to the front, did not know that its wearer was Gen. Grant. The firing was going on very heavy and I suggested to the general that we dismount, because we could get about much easier. I did not say that the firing was terrific, for that would have been to him no argument for dismounting.

Soon we dismounted, the orderly holding little Jeff by the bridle, and then Gen. Grant made his way through the lines and went clear up to the front where the firing was heavy indeed, but he was a man who never blinked in the face of missiles and the only one of two men I ever saw who would not intoluntarily do so. The other was a bugler. Gen. Grant was a ripe, ruddy sort of a man of the people. He enjoyed being among his men during the war, and in private life, when riding on a special car, perhaps he would go forward and take half a mile of the line, and in the front car when he wanted to smoke.

With ten ripe years naturally before him such a man should needs be appreciated, and I think the loss will be more appreciated by the people as the time goes on."

The Funeral Services. Mr. Mcgregor, N. Y., July 26.—It is desired that friends and the public should know that on the morning of Tuesday, Aug. 4, they will be free to view the remains of Gen. Grant in the cottage parlor, where they will be in state that day.

On that day the principal funeral service will be held at the cottage, where Dr. Newman will deliver the funeral oration, and at that time the president and state governors are expected to be present. The interment will be in New York will be confined to the Methodist ritual.

Guarding Against a Crank. Special Agent MURPHY Mcgregor, N. Y., July 26.—At 4:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon a crank, who called himself Schmidt, came up the mountain and sent word at once to the Grant house that he was a sculptor and that he wanted to take a cast of the general's face. He was, of course, refused.

His name came to the ears of the family and they were told to be on their guard. The delegation from the U. S. Grant Army of the Republic Post No. 327 of Brooklyn arrived at 9:40 o'clock this evening and were at once put on guard, taking the watch of the general's remains all around the house. It was not the original intention to put them on guard until to-morrow, when they were to relieve the Wheeler post from Saratoga. The family were so easy, however, over the threats of the crank, that they requested a double guard and insisted that the crank be arrested. Gen. Horace Porter arrived last night.

Resolutions Passed. WASHINGTON, July 26.—The United States League of America to-day adopted the following resolutions upon the death of Gen. Grant:

Resolved, by the Labor league that we do hereby extend our sympathies to the widow and send condolences to his wife and children.

Resolved, that in his proclamation on the one hand, law, to shorten hours of toil and give the honest laborer an opportunity to improve his own condition and educate and elevate his family in accordance with the principles of emancipation and humane civilization.

Resolved, that as the leader of the armies of the republic he struck the shackles from the limbs of the slave, and in his struggle for liberty which resounded throughout the world.

Resolved, that his