Daily Globe.

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M'DONALD'S VIEWS.

The Hoosier Democrat Indorses Cleveland's Wise Rule, and Declares for Civil Service Reform.

Postmaster General Vilas, Attended by a Prominent Physician, Reported to be Seriously Ill.

A Jeffersonian Club Working up Charges of Offensive Partisanship Against Clerks.

Office-Seekers Still Knocking at the Department Doors--Tariff Talk --Indian Troubles.

An Indiana Statesman Talks.

Special to the Globe.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—The Hon. Joseph E. McDonald of Indiana was found by a DAILY GLOBE reporter in one of the Palmer house parlors this morning. The rugged ex-senator from the Hoosier state said he was not enjoying a pleasure trip, but here on business, and that his health was good.

"How are political affairs in your state, senator?" he was asked.

"Very quiet at present. There is no movement to attract attention—I suppose because there is no occasion for any. We have no election until next year. Mr. Hendricks was here a week ago and he thought some of the politicians were beginning to move early in the preliminaries bearing on the next election for United States senator. Have you observed any such movement?" "I have been away from home a good deal of late, and if any such movements have taken place I am unaware of them. It is too early to move in the senatorship. We have got to re-elect a majority in the legislature a year from November before anybody's chances become more than

A DISTANT POSSIBILITY.

"I do not see how any move of consequence can be inaugurated until the legislative elections come on."

"How are the Indiana Democrats satisfied with the attitude and policy of the administration of President Cleveland?"

"As near as I can judge they admire the president's firm attitude and consider him a sincere man in all that he undertakes. As for any well-defined policy, putting the administration on record in a given political direction, four months is barely time enough in which to outline such a policy, to say nothing of introducing it. This has got to be so big a country that big reforms or general changes are unwieldly things to handle, and they take a good deal of time. I have great admiration for Mr. Cleveland and believe him to be honest and well-intentioned in the conduct of his administration. There will always be disappointed men, and any executive will meet with opposition."

CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

"Do you believe, senator, that civil service reform has become a political fixture?"

"Yes. I think it has come to stay. It is a good thing. There is no reason why any purely ministerial officer should be removed every time an administration changes. The principle of civil service reforms meets with the approbation of good citizens. There may be efforts to make it a political issue, but it is now so far advanced as to be almost beyond this. The feasibility of the system is another matter. Our present rules are capable of vast improvement. Under any system, however, the tendency would be for a party long in power to absorb the offices. We can see how it is done under the present rules. It works from the foundation up through every stage. For instance when the Democratic party is in power the vast majority of applicants for examination are Democratic and a large percentage of Democrats are consequently selected. If any favoritism is shown by local boards of examiners they would naturally favor applicants of their own political faith."

"It was stated, senator, that in a speech prior to his election Mr. Cleveland said that if elected he would not be a candidate for re-election. Do you think he will stand by it?"

"I do not recollect what the record was. It is a long time until 1888. The people generally settle such questions themselves. They have a way of doing it, and one man's views or inclinations cut no figure. He is compelled to bow to the popular will."

"Are your relations with the present administration of a friendly character?"

"I was very agreeably treated while in Washington."

"It has been stated from time to time that your relations with Mr. Hendricks were not of the most friendly character, and that some division exists among your friends in Indiana."

"That is a matter I do not care to discuss. I think the Democrats of Indiana are in a fairly healthy condition."

Postmaster General Vilas Ill.

Special to the Globe.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 18.—The fact that Dr. William Fox of Milwaukee, who went to Washington to attend Matt H. Carpenter in his last hours, arrived here yesterday afternoon has given rise to apprehensions that Postmaster General Vilas is suffering from something more severe than fatigue incident to a long journey. Since his arrival here Friday he has denied himself to all callers, on the excuse that he was too busy to be seen. It was noticed that he looked pale and tired during the time he was visible Saturday. He is suffering from nervous troubles, which render it advisable for him to be absolutely quiet. Col. Vilas' plans on coming home were to go to Ashland and spend a few days, then return to Madison and while on his way back to Washington stop a day or two in Chicago to participate in the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee, which occurs Sept. 7.

THE REPORT DENIED.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 18.—No confirmation of the rumors indicating Mr. Vilas to be seriously ill is to be had here. Intimate friends of Col. Vilas declare these reports to be groundless, and believe the story to have been started from the fact that Vilas has kept himself closely within doors since his arrival at Madison, and has been visited by his intimate friend, Dr. Fox.

Heads to Fall.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Julian Emner, Jr., chairman of the Jeffersonian club here, says that society has preferred charges of offensive partnership against 800 clerks in the departments and that 300 clerks have already been discharged in consequence of these representations. The club has taken the blue book list, gone at it systematically, investigating each name with the help of all the information within reach. Branches exist in all parts of the country, and these are asked to collect information at the homes of the clerks. The principal charges made are neglect of duty for the sake of party, and scandalous acts of partisanship. In most cases the evidence is submitted to heads of departments in the shape of sworn affidavits. When these could not be procured the charges were made in writing and as definite as possible. At first the club thought of preferring charges against ladies as well as men, and did so in one instance, but this part of the scheme has been abandoned.

"Women can be very offensive," remarked Mr. Emner, "but we are after the voters." Mr. Emner says he has received many threatening letters from discharged clerks and from those against whom charges have been preferred. On one occasion he was followed by two men, who he has reason to believe were acting for clerks, and when on Sixth street, near the Smithsonian institute, in a dark and cloudy part of the city, he was fired at twice by these men. He was not hit, however, and has not been frightened out of his investigations by the episode. There are about 1,400 names on the rolls, and only a small portion of them have thus far been investigated. Mr. Emner says that as soon as congress assembles and members are here to help the society from all parts of the country, he expects to be very busy, and thinks the heads will fall very rapidly. Thus far most of the dismissals have been in the pension office and the treasury.

Oklahoma Boomers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A distinguished member of congress from the Northwest has written to the secretaay of the interior that he is informed that the settlers (Oklahoma boomers) have in good faith dispersed. They will no longer remain in camp. This action on their part is the result of the action of the administration concerning the issue of leases and the occupancy of the cattle syndicates in the Indian Territory. He asserts that the president's proclamation meets with universal favor among the people, and has inspired the greatest confidence that it is evident the administration intends to deal with equal fairness with all classes of people, and he feels assured there will be no further trouble on the border of the Indian Territory. In the new code of rules of practice prepared by the commissioner of the general land office and approved by the secretary of the interior. The most important departure from the present practice is in respect to the initiation of contests;under the present rules only a party in interest can bring a contest, except in the case of abandoned homestead or forfeited timber culture entries. The new rules extend to everybody the privilege of initiating contests against "the party any entry filing or other claim under the laws of congress relating to the public lands for any sufficient cause affecting the legality or validity of the claim." The power of officers to order hearings in certain classes of contests is extended by the new rules "to all cases where an entry has not been perfected and no certificate has been issued as a basis for a patent," the rules to take effect Sept. 1.

Will Not Bring Suit.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—United States Treasurer Jordan does not believe that the Adams Express company contemplates bringing suit against the government or any of its representatives for alleged violation of contract in transferring specie from New Orleans in government vessels instead of by way of the express company. Mr. Jordan holds that while the contract might and probably would forbid the transportation of specie by any competitor of the Adams Express company or by any other transportation line, the government has the right to move the money itself. Besides, he doubts whether the courts would sustain the contract on general principles, as he is inclined to think that such contracts with big monopolies are contrary to good and sound public policy. He said further that the terms of the contract were probably fair enough for the transportation of a small quantity of specie or bullion, but that it would be extravagant and unfair to the government to pay such a price for the removal of such a large quantity as is to be brought from New Orleans.

Forgery in Petition Signatures.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A letter has been received here from Col. C. W. Wooley of Cincinnati, whose name appears in the petition for Police Lieutenant Mullen's pardon, denying that he ever signed that paper. From this it is evident that forgery has been added to the crimes perpetrated by those guilty with Mullins in violating the laws during the October elections in Ohio. Col. Wooley is frank enough to admit that he would have signed the petition had it been presented to him, but the appearance of his name was unauthorized. The genuineness of the rest of the list of names on which the president and attorney general acted is thus open to suspicion.

The World's Fair Funds.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Warrants have already been issued by the treasury department for the payment of undisputed claims against the World's exposition at New Orleans, amounting to $118,000. There remains only $61,980 to be paid on account of claims the justice of which is admitted by the managers of the exposition. The balance of the congressional appropriation, amounting to $85,000, will be reserved for the payment of such other disputed claims as may be found just and equitable.

Activity in Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The treasury department to-day purchased 200,000 ounces of silver for delivery at the Philadelphia mint for coinage into standard dollars. It is learned at the department that there is now quite a brisk movement of silver dollars all over the country. The issue averages about $100,000 a week more than during the same period of last year and is slightly in excess of the regular monthly coinage of $2,000,000.

Sons of Veterans.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—To-day's session of the convention of Sons of Veterans was occupied in hearing reports in regard to the condition of the organization and changes in the ritual. The election of officers for the ensuing year will take place tomorrow. To-night a reception was given which was attended by many members of the order. At the meeting to-day a resolution was adopted recommending the abolition of the grand division as a useless and cumbrous part of the organization.

Vessels Quarantined.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Information has been received at the navy department that the Yantic has been quarantined at New Orleans. She recently left Colon, where the yellow fever has been prevalent. She was on her way to New Orleans to take silver from the mint in that city to Washington. It is expected that arrangements will be made for conveying the silver to the Yantic in quarantine, so that its transfer will not be delayed. The Swatara, which was also bound for New Orleans to convey silver, will reach that city Friday.

Patents Issued.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Patents were issued to-day to the following Minnesota inventors: John F. Appleby of Minneapolis, harvester; Paul Hanson of St. Paul, automatic car brake; Andy S. Larson of Geneva, sleigh knee; Arthur Wales of Minneapolis, pipe organ.

Refused the Mail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—The Pacific Mail refused to-day to receive mails on the steamer Rio Janeiro, which sailed this afternoon for Yokohoma and Hong Kong. Merchants, anticipating the action, sent their letters aboard the steamer in government stamped envelopes.

Tariff Revision.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—An evening paper says that over 200 replies have been received at the treasury department to the circular letter calling for expressions of opinion from manufacturers and importers on the subject of tariff revision. As a rule, the contributions have contained more complaint of the ad valorem system than suggestion for its improvement.

Capital Chips.

C. W. Monington was to-day appointed chief clerk at the Mare Island navy yard, vice G. W. Simonton.

In regard to the allegation that the internal revenue bureau had discovered a large number of counterfeit beer stamps in use, the statement is made that some seizures of stamps were made in New York, Missouri and Arkansas, and that in each case when submitted to experts they were pronounced genuine.

JUSTICE MADE SURE.

Three Tramps in Indiana Enter the House of a Farmer and Receive Summary Punishment.

The Plucky Man Clubs Them Till Insensible and Later Prescribes One Hundred Lashes Each.

Shocking Accident in Louisiana in Which an Entire Family are Victims.

Three Brothers in Pennsylvania Meet Violent Deaths, all on the Same Day.

A Plucky Farmer.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 18.—The residence of Noah Lockabell, on a farm in Broad's valley, was entered by tramps Saturday night. Lockabell was awakened by the noise, sprang from his bed and closed with the one in the room. The burglar was reinforced by two others. Mr. Lockabell is a powerful man, and flung the captured burglar against the two others in such a manner as to bring the three to the floor. Then he went at them with a club. His wife brought the clothes line, and together they bound the tramps, sat down and waited for them to recover. When the tramps regained consciousness, Mr. Lockabell asked them which they preferred, to be taken to Crawfordsville and placed in jail, where they stood the chance of several years in the penitentiary, or to be led out one at a time and receive such a whipping as he would administer. They choose the latter, and the farmer took them out, severally, tied them to the gate post, and administered 100 lashes to each tramp with a large new rawhide wagon whip. Each stroke of the whip raised a huge welt on the back of the tramp, and when the operation was completed a pool of blood could be seen where they had stood. Their piteous cries for mercy called in the neighbors until quite a little audience had assembled to witness the castigation of No. 3. As all sympathized with the irate farmer, the performance went on until he had completed the hundred lashes.

Maxwell's Defense.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 18.—A letter is published here to-day, dated Sunny Bank, Hyde, Cheshire, England, July 13, 1885, and signed Samuel N. Brooks, which speaks of his son, S. M. Brooks, who was sent last January on a business trip to Ireland, and of whom no word had been received since. It had been learned, however, that he had the curate of an adjoining parish for a companion, and that they had indulged in various extravagances, and that Brooks' name had got mixed up with the St. Louis trunk tragedy, and also got mixed up with Dr. Maxwell. The letter shows great distress on the part of the writer and makes an urgent appeal for information in regard to the person concerned in the murder. A part of this letter was shown to Maxwell, and he recognized the signature as that of his father, and instructed the possessor of the letter to write his father and tell him that he was innocent of the murder of Preller, and that he had a good defense. In the course of a conversation Maxwell, or, as he is now pretty definitely indentified, Brooks, said that Preller was troubled with insomnia, and that he had prescribed chloroform for him on several occasions and with benefit. Preller, however, had heart disease, he said, and intimated that he had either taken or had administered to him on this occasion an overdose, with fatal result. This will be Brooks' defense when he comes to trial.

MAXWELL'S DENIAL.

Maxwell will publish a card denying in toto that he has given any reporter any outline or idea of his defense as published here this morning and referred to in a previous dispatch. He furthermore denies having acknowledged that his name is Brooks, and says no matter what is published he will not talk about his case or give any one any idea what his defense will be. The letter previously referred to, signed Samuel W. Brooks, is genuine, however. It was received here by John D. Nincel, a high officer in the Masonic order. Mr. Nincel has replied to it and is daily expecting another letter from the same person. Maxwell was placed in the sheriff's custody to-day and put in jail.

An Awful Death.

MARSHALL, Ill., Aug. 18.—One of the most horrible cases of suffering on record is reported from McKeen, six miles east of here. On the 6th of this month David Black aged 11, was thrown from a horse and his arm broken in two places. An unskilled physician set it, leaving one of the bones protruding through the flesh. Mortification set in and soon spread to the child's shoulders and body. The mortified arm was left exposed to the flies by some means, and last Wednesday worms began working at the flesh of the living boy. After suffering the most awful agonies for five days, and having his arm eaten entirely away by the worms, the sufferer died Sunday night, and the remains were buried at once. The surgeon has been warned to leave the country.

Cold-Blooded Murder.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—Mike Fitzgerald and Charles Scherman, two steamboat cooks, between whom a long-standing feud had existed, were between 9 and 10 o'clock to-night on the corner of Sixth and Market streets when, without speaking a word, Scherman drew a revolver and shot Fitzgerald in the side. Fitzgerald ran to the street and Scherman followed him and fired two more shots. Fitzgerald then fell to the ground, and Scherman stood over him and fired two more balls into him, one passing through his head, killing him instantly. Scherman was arrested. Fitzgerald was a "tough," and killed Pete Brady on the same corner five years ago. Scherman was regarded as a quiet and peaceable man.

Killing off the Reds.

FORT BOWIE, Ariz., Aug. 18.—Capt. Davis of the Fourth cavalry reports that Lieut. Day struck Geronimo's camp northeast of Nakavi on Aug. 7, and killed three bucks, a squaw and Geronimo's son, aged 13. He also captured fifteen women and children, and among them three wives and five children of Geronimo. Geronimo was wounded. Besides him only two other bucks and one squaw escaped. Everything in the camp was captured. On the 29th ult. Lieut Day ambushed a party of four Chiricahuas, killed two and captured all the horses and supplies.

An Illinois Murder.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 18.—A horrible murder occurred in Union county. The dead body of Lydia Burnett was found on the roadside, with the throat cut. Medical examination proved that the unfortunate girl had been outraged. A farm hand living in the vicinity has been arrested on suspicion.

Three Men Killed.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 18.—Six miles above here to-day a fishing boat containing a crew of eight men was struck by lightning. Three men were instantly killed and one badly injured. The killed were Charles Scofield, John Murphy and an unknown man.

Strange Fatality.

MARTIN'S VALLEY, Pa., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Sarah Truby of this place is an aged widow. Her son John, aged 34, worked on the East Branch railroad. Jason, another son aged 36, was an employe in the slate quarries. Wyman, a third son 38 years old, was a miller. They lived with their mother, having no families of their own. On Friday night last, while running to turn a switch, John fell into a cattle guard and broke his neck. On Saturday morning, before news of John's death reached home, Jason was drowned in a pit in the quarries, recent rains having filled it with water. James Whittaker arrived in the village at 9 o'clock on Saturday morning with the news of John Truby's death, and met William Jackson, who was bearing the tidings of Jason's fate at the same time. The two walked together where Wyman worked to break the news to him first. There was a crowd about the mill, and as the two messengers arrived on the scene men were carrying Wyman Truby's dead body out of the building. He had been suffocated in a grain bin. Less than twelve hours intervened between the death of the first brother and the last one. The news of the death of her three sons so prostrated Mrs. Truby that her life is despaired of. The three bodies will be buried in one grave.

A Terrible Accident.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 18.—A terrible accident is reported from Little Coillau, Terra Ben parish. A few days ago Emil Tierette was engaged in moulding bullets for his gun, preparatory to joining a number of his friends in target shooting. He asked his wife to fill his powder horn for him. She was some ten or twelve feet from the fire-place, where a few coals were smouldering. The task was but half completed when a gust of wind suddenly blowing through the open door sent a spark straight at the powder, which ignited and a terrible explosion followed. The roof of the dwelling was torn off and three children were instantly killed. The mother received such injuries that before an hour she, too, was dead, while the husband and father and two children were badly injured. The noise of the explosion brought a number of neighbors to the scene, when the bruised and blackened bodies of the whole family told the sad story of the fearful havoc wrought by the spark.

Another of Them.

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 18.—E. E. Knott, a real estate and insurance agent and a director of the Central Bank of Canada, has fled to New York, leaving large liabilities. He succeeded in borrowing several large sums of money before leaving, having been considered financially sound.

THOSE BARRELS.

The Government Threatened With Extensive Suits.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—In regard to the recent seizure of a large quantity of whisky shipped to this city from Peoria, Ill., which was alleged to have been put into fraudulently constructed barrels, with an intention of defrauding the government, it is learned that an order was received in this city to-day from Washington directing the release of all the whisky consigned by Messrs. Wollner Bros., and also that the consignments of the Manhattan Distillery company had been released by a compromise, whereby the distillery company are to pay the tax upon one gallon of whisky in each eighty-three barrels out of every 100 shipped by them, with the understanding that they would file a claim in the United States courts to recover the extra taxes so paid. The shipments of the Great Western Distilling company and Zell, Zweibacher & Co. are still detained, pending an investigation by the revenue officials. It is understood that there are upwards of 4,000 barrels of whisky which will be affected by the action of the government, and it is thought the entire matter will be compromised and then taken into the court. The wholesale liquor men of Philadelphia, representing a capital of $20,000,000, have addressed a letter to the revenue collector of this district concerning the alleged fraudulently constructed barrels, claiming the packages are regularly made and informing him that unless they are permitted to pursue their business without further interruption they will bring action against the government for damages sustained.

Mormons in Mexico.

Special to the Globe.

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 18.—The lands in Mexico upon which the Mormon leaders have decided to locate their proselytes and new recruits from Europe, are situated in the northern part of the state of Chihuahua, within fifty miles of the Arizona and New Mexican boundary line, a portion of the lands lying in Socorro. The new Canaan is a magnificent grazing country, well watered and susceptible of a high state of cultivation. The soil is virgin. It is said the Mormon section comprises about 1,000,000 acres, which they have contracted to purchase at very low figures. No money has passed yet, as the titles are being perfected, and the Mormons demand that the federal government shall confirm the legality of the title before they hand over the money. Arrangements are going forward, however, for the immediate settlement of the lands, and the vanguard of the Mormon army will arrive the first week in December from Utah. Brigham Young, Jr., while here recently, said that he was offered millions of acres of good land at a remarkably cheap price, and that Mexicans were offering every inducement to secure the Mormon colony, instead of assuming a hostile attitude toward the latter, as has been currently reported.

A Nice Boston Sensation.

Special to the Globe.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Application was made to the municipal court this afternoon for a warrant, charging Rev. W. W. Downs and Mrs. Annie Tabor with adultery. Mr. Downs, who has a wife and eight children, is pastor of the Bowden Square Baptist church, and the woman, who is young and pretty, is the wife of Frederick I. Tabor. Tabor says that, suspecting undue intimacy between the minister and his wife, he secured the services of two friends. They went to the house where she lives and broke in the bedroom door, finding positive evidence of criminality. Tabor's friends mounted guard, while he himself hurried to the nearest police station and two officers came and locked the pair up. To-day Tabor filed a bill for divorce. Downs says he went to Mrs. Tabor's house to assist her in packing up preparatory to her departure for her parents' home, and that he had removed his coat because the evening was warm.

New York Democrats.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The Democratic state committee, at its meeting here to-night, decided to hold the Democratic state convention in Saratoga, Thursday, Sept. 24. The state committee will assemble at the Grand Union hotel, its headquarters, on the evening previous. Resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Sidney P. Nichols of New York, Charles W. McCune of Buffalo and Edgar P. Apgar were adopted by a standing vote. John O'Brien was chosen chairman in place of Hon. Daniel Manning, resigned.

Slater Denies It.

PORTLAND, Or., Aug. 18.—Ex-Senator J. H. Slater in a card to-day denies that he wrote the letter to Cleveland concerning a certain federal appointment, which called out the president's now famous reply. Mr. Slater's card concludes: "I indorse and commend the letter of President Cleveland to whomsoever it may have been written and am glad it has been made public."

Prominent Politician Dead.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 18.—Deputy State Treasurer Edgar K. Apgar died at his resience in this city at 2:30 this afternoon of embolism of the brain and a trophy of the liver. Mr. Apgar was closely associated in a political way with Daniel Manning, and was one of the first to push the candidacy of Mr. Cleveland for both governor and president.

VICTORY FOR THE WEST

Freeland Beats Miss Woodford. But the Dwyers Match Her Again to Run To-Day.

Articles for the Sullivan-Ryan Fight Sent to John L. in Maine For His Signature.

Quakers Again Laid Out by the New Yorkers--Chicago, Boston and Buffalo Winners.

A Providence Man Uses Insulting Language and is Bounced--Saratoga Races.

Monmouth Races.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The attendance at Monmouth park to-day was the largest of the season except that of July 4. A representative gathering of Eastern and Western turfites had congregated to witness the decision of the question as to who owned the fastest horse of 1885, and the decision was in favor of the West. However the Dwyers were not satisfied and a match at a mile and a quarter for $2,500 a side, with $2,500 added, will be run off between Miss Woodford and Freeland tomorrow.

First Race—Free handicap, three quarters of a mile; Avalon won by a short head, Nora M second, Julietta Colt third. Time 1:15½. Mutuals paid $86.35.

Second Race—The moet and chariton stakes for two-year-olds, three-fourths of a mile; Florence Fonso won by two lengths, Koluiu second, Laura Garrison third. Time 1:16¾.

Third Race—The choice stakes, three-year-olds, one and one-half miles; Richmond won by a length, Wonda second, Long View third. Time 2:40.

Fourth Race—Free handicap, one and one-quarter miles; Sam Brown won as he liked, Elgin second, Barnes third. Time, 2:11¼.

Fifth Race—Sweepstakes for all ages of $1,000 each, with $2,000 added, one and one-quarter miles. Pools sold Freeland $100, Miss Woodford $75, Pontiac $55. Pontiac went to the front at once, leading all down the back stretch, Miss Woodford lapping Freeland. So they ran till the stretch, where Pontiac fell back and the others closed, and a magnificent race ensued up the stretch. Freeland won by a head, Pontiac being twelve lengths behind. Time, 2:09.

Sixth Race—For three-year-olds and upwards, selling race, seven furlongs; Little Mick won by four lengths, Queen Esther second, Torpedo third. Time, 1:29½.

Seventh Race—Handicap, one mile and a half over six hurdles; Tallyrand was never headed, winning with great ease by two lengths. Time, 2:50½.

Running at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 18.—The racing was continued here to-day. The weather is fine.

First Race—North Tennessee stakes, for two-year-olds, non-winning allowance, three-quarters of a mile; Kirkman won, Blue Stone second, Faince third.

Second Race—Free handicap sweepstake, one and one-half miles. Starters: Easter, Boatman, Valet, Lucky B, Favor, Euclid and Col. Sprague. Valet won, Col. Sprague second, Favor third. Time, 2:40. Mutuals paid $145.20.

Third Race—Congress hall stakes, non-winning allowances, heats of three-quarters of a mile; first heat won by Pearl Jennings, time, 1:16; second head won by Rapido, 1:16; third heat won by the California horse Rapido. Time, 1:17½.

Fourth Race—For all ages, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Strathspy, with Telie Moe second and Editor third. Time, 1:16½.

Fifth Race—Steeplechase handicap for all ages, two and one-quarter miles; won by Captain Curry, with Repeater second and Tarquin third. Time, 4:29.

Charter Oak Park Races.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 18.—The grand circuit races at Charter Oak park opened to-day. The weather was fine and the attendance good.

Class 2:19—

Billy Button	1	1	1
Adele Gould	2	2	3
Mambrino Sparkle	4	3	2
Lenna Swallow	3	4	4
Deneolion	5	5	dr
Capt. Emmons	Dis.		

Time, 2:18¾, 2:21½, 2:23½.

Free-for-all—

Jewel	1	1	2	3	1
Gossip, Jr.	3	2	1	1	2
Billy S.	4	3	3	2	3
Bessie M.	2	4	4	4	4

Time—2:17½, 2:14½, 2:17½, 2:17, 2:15¼.

The race in the 2:35 class was unfinished. Five heats were trotted, the first being won by Major, second by Kate Ishler, third by Jose S, fourth by Kate Ishler, and fifth by Jose S.

Time, 2:24¾, 2:25¼, 2:21¾, 2:25½, 2:28½.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The New York club again defeated the Philadelphia team to-day, about 1,600 spectators being present. Welch again pitched in fine form, while Dailey was batted freely. But for a muff of Ewing and Dorgan and a little wild pitching by Welch in the latter part of the game, the Philadelphias would have been Chicagoed. The feature of the game was the batting of the home players. The following is the score:

New York	2	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1—3

Earned runs, New York 5; two-base hits, Ewing and Gillespie; three-base hits, Ward, O'Rourke and Clement; passed balls, Ewing 1; Clement 1; wild pitches, Welch 1; Daily 1; first on balls, New York 2; Philadelphia 1; first on errors, New York 2, Philadelphia 3; struck out, New York 1, Philadelphia 1; double plays, Bastain, Myers and Farrar; umpire, Ferguson.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—With the bases full in the fifth inning, Gore made a drive for three bases, bringing in three runs and giving the Chicagos a winning lead, which they maintained to the close of the game. Kelly was injured in the sixth inning, and was relieved by Sunday. The visitors played a sharp fielding game, but the Chicagos bunched their hits and so won the game. The attendance was 3,000. The following is the score:

Chicago	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	*—9
St. Louis	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0—4

Earned runs, Chicago 6; two-base hit, McKinnon 1; three-base hit, Gore 1; passed ball, Flint 1; first base on balls, Chicago 3, St. Louis 2; first base on errors, Chicago 1, St. Louis 3; struck out, by Clarkson 2, by Boyle 1; double plays, Glasscock, Dunlap, McKinnon; umpire, Sullivan. Time, 1:45.

AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, Aug. 18—The home club started out in fine style, bunching five hits in the first inning and scoring thrice. To make up for this they bunched errors in the fourth and fifth and gave the visitors a lead which good playing could not overcome. Conway seemed nervous at first, but soon steadied down in good working order. Baldwin's arm still troubles him, but he did good work nevertheless. The following is the score:

Detroit	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—4
Buffalo	0	0	1	4	1	0	0	0	*—6

Earned runs, Detroit 2, Buffalo 2; home runs, Thompson and Brouthers; passed balls, McGuire 3, Rowe 2; wild pitch, Baldwin 1; first base on balls, off Conway 1; do on errors, Detroit 1, Buffalo 5; struck out by Baldwin 7, by Conway 4; double plays, Thompson and McQuery, Halpin and McQuery; force, Richardson and Brouther. Umpire, Gaffney.

AT PROVIDENCE.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 18.—Boston administered a crushing defeat to the Providence club to-day, The game was uninteresting and was characterized by very light batting by both nines and miserable fielding by the home club. Shaw received very poor support from Daily, Hines and Farrel, and their errors contributed more than anything else to the defeat. During the game Farrel, hearing some slighting remark about his play from some of the audience, used very abusive and objectionable language, and has been fined and laid off without pay. The following is the score:

Providence	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2—3
Boston	0	0	5	0	0	0	2	0	0—7

Earned runs, Providence 2; passed balls, Gunning 5, Daily 2; first base on balls, Boston 3, Providence 1; first base on errors, Boston 6, Providence 5; struck out, Boston 11, Providence 2; double plays, Wise and Morrill; umpire, Curry.

AT PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
St. Louis	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	*—3

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Athletic	3	0	2	4	5	2	2	1	2—21
Metropolitan	3	0	3	0	2	1	0	1	0—10

AT LOUISVILLE.

Louisville	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	3	0—9
Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2—7

AT BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn	0	1	0	4	0	0	3	0	0—8
Baltimore	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—3

Sullivan and Paddy Ryan.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—Jere Dunn of New York and A. C. Hall, Paddy Ryan's backer, arrived in this city to complete arrangements for a match between Ryan and Sullivan. They brought articles of agreement signed by Ryan. The articles are blank in those places where disputes are likely to arise and will be filled out to Sullivan's satisfaction. Dunn leaves to-day for Belfast, Me., to consult with Sullivan. The stakeholders will be selected from this city.

Another Challenge.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 18.—John Teemer, the oarsman, has challenged Jacob Gaudaur of St. Louis to row a three mile race for a purse of $2,000. Teemer to give Gaudaur one length the start.

OLD WORLE NOTES.

Lord Coleridge's Courtship.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—A special telegram to the Herald says: The unexpected marriage of Lord Coleridge has created considerable of a sensation in London, and has caused many inquiries and some unpleasant gossip concerning the bride's family. The Herald correspondent accordingly called on Mrs. Lawford, Lady Coleridge's mother, to get some details of the marriage and courtship. Mrs. Lawford gave the correspondent the details of the wedding, and with evident pride showed several photographs of her daughter, one of which was taken in New York during the visit there, which led to the engagement with Coleridge. Lady Coleridge is a blondd wita a rather pretty oval face, and is said to be musical in her tastes. She has a fine, well cultivated voice. Lady Coleridge is an old family friend of the Lawfods, and was a class-mate at Eton, of Col. Melville Lawford, of the Madras army, a relative of Lady Coleridge. Although this friendship had not been kept up of late years, it led to Miss Amy Augusta Jackson Lawford being placed under Lord Coleridg's protection on the voyage from New York two years ago, and the steamer acquaintance thus begun resulted in the engagement soon after landing.

The Cholera Record.

MADRID, Aug. 18.—Returns show that in the whole of Spain yesterday there were 4,830 now cases of cholera and 1,718 deaths.

AT MARSEILLES.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 18.—Twenty-seuen deaths from cholera were reported in Marseilles to-day. Twelve deaths from cholera occurred in Solon to-day and one in Aubagne. Henri Campoli, godson of the Count De Chambord, is dead. The cholera is spreading in the suburban villages. One whole family has died of cholera at St. Loup.

The Pot Still Boiling.

LIMA, Aug. 18.—On the 15th inst. the government troops occupying Conta, consisting of 350 infantry and 100 cavalry, were surprised by the rebel forces, numbering from 1,800 to 2,000 men, and said to be under the command of Gen. Cocerrer of Col Morols Bermudez. The battle lasted five hours, when the government troops had exhausted their ammunition and their mitrailleuse had been disabled. A bayonet charge was attempted, but without success, and they retreated in confusion. Lieut. Col. Bustomente, seeing that all was lost, shot himself. Losses on both sides were very considerable. Two hundred fugitives of the government forces have arrived at Lima and the environs.

Thirsting for Revenge.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—M. Rochefort in his article in the Intransigeant, urging France to demand from England reparation for the murder of Olivier Pain, also says that if the government fails to obtain the desired satisfaction, the friends of the dead man should make Lord Dions, the British embassador, an object for their revenge. In consequence of anarchist threats against the British embassy here, policemen have been guarding the embassy all day, and the doors were kept closed until evening. Threats are made to hold a demonstration of sympathy with Olivier Pain to-morrow.

IS IT PAIN?

BOMBAY, Aug. 18.—A man, apparently a Catholic priest, who recently arrived here from Cochin China, was arrested on suspicion of being a Russian spy. It is now believed he is Olivier Pain, although he denies it. Before his arrest he had visited the principal towns in Southern and Western India.

STILL ANOTHER.

CAIRO, Aug. 18.—A journalist in the Soudan was recently captured and taken before the British commander on suspicion ot being Olivier Pain, but was released when his identity had been established. This is believed to be the only basis for the story of the Paris Intransigeant. It has been intimated in the British camp that the capture of Pain for the sake of the papers in his possession would be rewarded, but it is said that Pain has never been seen.

England's Way Out.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Senator Edmunds and family arrived from Europe yesterday. In an interview last night the senator, in response to a question about the present condition in England, said: "It is depressed, very much depressed. I made inquiries wherever I went on that point and the reply was everywhere the same. The cause is undoubtedly overproduction. England has gone on manufacturing until she has glutted all her markets. There is already a wide feeling there that England can only save herself and prevent starvation or emigration among her working people by following the example of this country and by a protective tariff policy. Indeed, I think she will be compelled to do so."

Still Says He Didn't.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The constituents of Sir Charles Dilke, at a meeting to-day, resolved to accept Sir Charles' denial of the charges brought against him and to support him in the coming election.

Foreign Flashes.

William John Thorns, the antiquarian, and since 1883 deputy librarian of the house of lords, is dead. He was born in 1803.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the birthday of Emperor Francis Joseph of Hungary and anniversary of the battle of Gravelotte.

Mr. Ruskin is now out of danger.

Sir Francis Hincks died at Montreal of small-pox. He was at one time minister of finance.

Middleton's Reward

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug.