Daily Globe.

VOL. VII. ST. PAUL, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 28, 1885. NO. 240

HARMLESS HAWKEYES.

Larrabee, Hull and Beck the Chosen Standard Bearers Named by Iowa Republicans.

Prohibition, Protection and the Bloody Shirt Leading Issues in the Platform Adopted.

Anthony Keiley, Home From Europe, Gives the Reasons of His Rejection Abroad.

Ex-Minister Young Indicates the Method to Prevent Chinese Immigration--Political.

Iowa Republicans.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 27.—The Republican state convention assembled at 9 o'clock this morning. Hon. P. M. Sutton was elected permanent chairman, who made a speech, urging the solidification of the party. An informal ballot for governor was taken, resulting: Larrabee, 708; Hull, 374; necessary to a choice, 543. Larrabee was decided the nominee by acclamation. The ballot for lieutenant governor resulted in a unanimous vote for Hull. For supreme court judge, the present incumbent, Judge Beck, was renominated.

The committee on resolutions then reported the platform. The minority report on the temperance question, favoring local option for counties where Prohibition was not enforced, called out a spirited discussion by representatives of the river towns and interior counties. The roll of counties was called and the minority report was lost by a vote of 821 to 250. The platform was then adopted. Senator Larrabee was introduced to the convention and he accepted the nomination in a brief speech.

THE PLATFORM BEGINS

by waving the bloody shirt in a vigorous manner. The alleged disfranchisement of the negro is resolved upon, Cleveland appointments are criticised, the pension laws should be changed so as to increase pensions, the tariff for revenue only policy is arraigned and the dear laboring man receives more than the usual supply of taffy. A state board of arbitration is advocated to settle disputes between capital and labor. The platform then proceeds:

We demand that the public domain, including the forfeited and unearned lands within the limits of grants made to railroads or other corporations, shall be disposed of only to actual settlers in limited quantities provided by law and bona fide settlers on unearned lands within the limits of the Sioux City & St. Paul Railway company shall have their rights amply and speedily provided for by the prompt enactment of laws to effect that result.

We oppose any change in the laws of currency and finance that will increase the burdens of the debtor class. We favor such practical improvements of natural waterways as shall secure the element of competition in the transportation of the country. The Republican party of Iowa, while steadily upholding the right and duty of the state to regulate the traffic of liquor by such methods as will suppress most of its evils, has never made the support of prohibition a test of party fealty. It pledged its honor to enact and afterwards did enact laws which the people of Iowa, at a non-partisan election fairly held, had ordered by an

UNQUESTIONED MAJORITY

that came alike from votes Republican and Democrats. We declare now for a fair and thorough trial of that law that it may have time to demonstrate its efficiency or prove its inefficiency before repealed to give way to some other honest and earnest method in the line of finding the true and successful system of dealing with the liquor traffic. We arraign and condemn the Democratic party of Iowa for declaring for a $250 license compulsory on every community, regardless of local opinion; for legalizing again in Iowa the sale of whisky and all other alcoholic liquors, and for removing all restrictions from saloons, giving freedom in the liquor traffic that has not existed in Iowa for thirty years. We hold steadily to the doctrine of the control and regulation of railways by the people as first established by the Republican law in Iowa, which was finally approved by the supreme court of the United States. This principle gives to the general assembly power to regulate state commerce, and to congress the regulation of interstate commerce. Under Republican rule and Republican methods the cost of transporting produce has been decreased from 3 cents per ton per mile in 1870, to 8 mills per ton per mile in 1885. We are opposed to all unjust and

ARBITRARY DISCRIMINATIONS,

pooling and combinations, which prevent legitimate competition or work injustice to communities or individuals in the state. The full measure of prosperity for the agricultural, manufacturing, commercial and mining interests of our state depends upon the just and impartial service of the great railway systems operating within its borders and holding their corporate privileges under its statutes, and any policy of railway management designed to embarrass the single industry of our commonwealth for the direct benefit of corresponding interests elsewhere is a fit subject for legislative inquiry and correction. We favor the creation by congress of a national committee for the supervision and regulation of interstate commerce. We favor the election of railroad commissioners by the people. The importance of the live stock and dairy interests of the state are such as to call for additional legislation for the better protection of their interests. We need further state and national legislation more effectually to stop the spread of the cattle plague and provide for its eradication. We favor such legislation as will keep litigation with corporations doing business in this state in our state courts. We indorse the action of the Grand Army of the Republic asking that the legislature, at its next session, pass a bill and make an appropriation for the establishment and maintenance within the state of Iowa a home for our disabled volunteers, soldiers and sailors.

Much Dissatisfaction.

Special to the Globe.

DAVENPORT, Aug. 27.—The Republicans of Scott county are dissatisfied with the ticket put in nomination to-day. They have great confidence in Larrabee and feel that his sentiments on the liquor question coincide with theirs. In fact, they really believe that the entire ticket smacks of the anti-Prohibition faith. The temperance plank adopted by the convention receives no approval here, and the action of Mr. Waterman of this city in making a minority report on various questions was received with general satisfaction. Judge Beck's renomination is considered a rebuke to the Clarkson regency. Democrats feels jubilant over the prospects of what they term a grand old victory. A prominent Democratic politician remarked that the chances for a Democratic victory were never better in the history of the party in Iowa. The fight of the river delegates for a license plank receives approbation. Republicans here feel that they have little influence in the workings of the party. Every measure they favored seemed to be squelched by the back counties, and it would not be surprising if they repudiated this treatment by increasing the Democratic majority in these parts. Great interest was taken here in the Brown-Sherman matter. The sentiment prevails that Brown has been wronged, and that Sherman should have been censured. The Democrats say that this quarrel is but a warning to Republicans of their coming defeat.

State Committee Chairman.

DES MOINES, Ia., Aug. 27.—The Republican state central committee organized this evening for the campaign, electing as chairman Charles Beardsley, late fourth auditor of the United States treasury.

Don't Like His Record.

Special to the Globe.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Aug. 27.—The action of the state Republican convention meets with the approval of the Republicans, and also of the Democrats, as the latter party think they can beat the ticket with Whiting as their leader. Larrabee is strong in this city and district, although his record on prohibition some of his leading followers cannot endure. He is the strongest man the party could nominate, his great strength lying in all the northwestern counties of the state. Hull for lieutenant governor and Beck for judge are also acceptable to the party. The ticket, as a whole, meets with favor, and the work of the convention is generally approved.

A Strong Ticket.

Special to the Globe.

BURLINGTON, Aug. 27.—Interviews with leading Republicans in Burlington indicate very general satisfaction with the ticket. The impression that Larrabee was the strongest man for governor, and that the ticket is greatly strengthened by the nomination of Capt. Hull for lieutenant governor and Mr. Akers, candidate for superintendent of public schools, are soldiers, and it is expected their names will secure to the ticket the bulk of the soldiers' vote.

Anthony Quite Angry.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Anthony M. Keiley, who was appointed minister to Italy, but afterwards transferred to Vinnna and rejected by the Austrian government, arrived here yesterday with his family on the steamer Rhynland. In an interview yesterday Mr. Keiley said: "Any government, according to international law, from the fact of its sovereignty, has a perfect right to receive or reject whoever may be appointed as minister to it. International courtesy, even, does not require an explanation. But when a government assigns reasons for rejection it must be judged by the strength of these reasons. It is almost impossible for any American to understand how a man can be rejected as a minister to a civilized government because his wife is a Jewess, as my wife is. That is the reason, so the newspapers say, which the Austrian government assigned for my rejection. That was the only objection made that I know of. It is an object I cannot remove,

AND I NEVER WOULD

if I could. For the Austrian government to give such a reason to a government founded on the principles of this government is an anarchism and is scandalous. It affects the United States and insults the nineteenth century. Italy is a growing and strong neighbor of Austria. It gains with rapid steps on its neighbor and Austria fears to offend it. After my appointment to Italy I was informed that the views I had expressed about the action of the Sardinian prince in 1871 in violating the papal territory would make my reception at the Roman court cold and seriously impair my relations with the Italian government. I hold the same views now that I did then and my beliefs on questions of right and wrong cannot be changed to get an office. There is no doubt that the present government is the

CHOICE OF THE PEOPLE

of Italy. The fact that it is their choice has convinced me that it is the proper government. But the question of the dominion of the pope is distinct. The arbitrament settled that, but not the right of it. The two provinces of Austria that adjoin Italy are known as the Italian provinces. They are peopled with Italians. Their sentiments are Italian, and their feelings and desires impel them to unite with Italy. Austria knows this and tried to unite them to herself by doing what would please the people of these provinces. She wishes more for the friendship of Italy than for the alliance and friendship of the United States. What I shall do now I do not know. I was city attorney of Richmond before I was appointed. I resigned, sold my library and my house. Now I am broken up root and branch."

WHAT BAYARD SAYS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—When asked if Mr. Keiley made a report to the state department Secretary Bayard said: "No, Mr. Keiley has no report to make. He has not been recalled. He still is United States minister to Austria. His return from Europe is entirely on his own motion. We have not asked him to come back here. The government since making the appointment has been entirely passive in the matter. Mr. Keily's position as United States minister to Austria remains unaltered, and the United States government remains passive, entirely passive." "And you have not arranged to replace Mr. Keily by any other man to represent this government at Vienna?" "We have not thought of such a thing. The matter remains entirely unchanged since Mr. Keily received his appointment. Mr. Keily is stopping with the secretary."

Chinese Immigration.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—John Russell Young, ex-minister to China, in an interview yesterday said: "The emigration question is not understood in America. Immigration from China comes from one point alone—Canton. Canton is a city of 1,000,000, the center of the vast province, the most southern port in China. Within seven hours of Canton by river is Hong Kong. Hong Kong is a British settlement as much under the British flag as is Cork or Liverpool. All the traffic in the way of immigration to America comes from Hong Kong mainly through British houses. There is no stipulation treaty and there can be none to justify us in asking the Chinese government to prevent Chinamen going from Canton to Hong Kong. There they are free from Chinese influence. If the American government wishes to reach the immigration question it will have to go to Lord Salisbury and ask him to so instruct his government in Hong Kong as that there may be no immigration. The British governor general at Hong Kong, whose guest I have been, said he was perfectly willing, if the American government wished it, to stop the immigration. but I had no instructions. There is nothing in the record to show that China has ever endeavored to evade the treaty. On the contrary, she has enforced it even more stringently than any request of ours calls for. The Chinese do not care for emigration. They would stop the whole thing to-morrow. They do not, of course, like the idea of other nationalities being accepted and they being excluded, but that is a question of pride on their part.

Tilden Enjoying Good Health.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Conflicting reports have been recently circulated in regard to the health of ex-Gov. Tilden and his influence in politics. This morning Charles E. Simmons, Tilden's physician, called upon him and found him at breakfast. The ex-governor was enjoying his meal, and as he showed every manifestation of fair health and good spirit Dr. Simmons left and drove with his daughter to the 8:30 o'clock train for New York. There was no appreciable change in Mr. Tilden's condition. He had no complaints to make regarding his sleep and appetite and his appearance gave every encouragement to the physician.

Iowa Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—A large number of fourth-class postmasters were appointed, including the following in Iowa: At Kingston, James W. Gilson; Gravitz, Samuel Robinson; Morning Sun, W. A. McCormick; Winfield, John W. Hanna; Pleasant Grove, James P. Minard; Danville, Alice M. Wright; Bonaparte, W. A. Packer; Brighton, Thomas Buck; Steamboat Rock, Henry Suckins; Estherville, Peter Johnson.

More Letter Carriers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The acting postmaster general has authorized the appointment of four additional letter carriers at St. Paul, and the same number at Minneapolis.

There is a corner in August cotton in New York. The shorts were badly squeezed yesterday, there being a jump of the August twenty-eight points at one time.

THROUGH A BRIDGE.

A Train on the Natchez, Jackson & Columbus Road Goes Into a Bayou With Serious Results.

Three Persons Instantly Killed and Nine More or Less Injured in the Wreck —List of Casualties.

Reports Still Coming in of the Heavy Loss to Shipping From the Recent Cyclone.

Belief That the Crew of a Pilot Boat Were Lost--Much Wreckage Discovered.

Into a Bayou.

NATCHEZ, Miss., Aug. 27.—A portion of to-day's incoming passenger train on the Natchez, Jackson & Columbus railroad went through Big Bayou Pierre bridge this morning. The train ran off the track at the east end of the bridge and after bumping over the cross-ties went into the bayou near the west end of the structure, the locomotive, tender, baggage, mail and smoking cars all going down. The first-class coach remained on the track. The following is a list of the casualties. Killed instantly:

POWELL.
FIREMAN JOHN MCCLUTCHY.
ROBERT PERRY.

Dangerously injured—
MAIL AGENT O. A. ROUSON of Leland.
MAIL AGENT W. T. BARCLAY of Leland.

Slightly injured—
EXPRESS MESSENGER J. A. LANE.
BRAKEMAN E. T. COCHRAN.
R. H. TULLY of Lafayette.
R. W. CAMPBELL of Lafayette.
JAMES WING, newsboy, of Vidalia.
HENRY RECKER, of Cincinnati.
J. B. ZIEGAL.

Cyclone Damage.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 27.—The damage to wharves will probably reach half a million dollars, but large gangs of hands are at work and in a few days sufficient accommodations for all possible business will be provided. There is even now no interruption or any additional expense to shippers. A heavy rain yesterday afternoon aggravated the annoyances to persons whose roofs were blown off, but will not increase materially the general loss. The total loss of the phosphate companies in and around the city is estimated at $35,000. The reports from Georgetown say that rice is not seriously injured. A Norwegian, John Lanstock, and a German, John Meyerhoff, went shrimping Monday. Their boat was capsized and Lanstock was drowned. Late last evening the Italian bark, Marina, Capt. Rugier, arrived at the bar. The captain came to the city on a tug and reported that fifty miles from Charleston the vessel was struck by a gale and lost masts and sails and rigging. One seaman was washed overboard and drowned.

BUILDING UP AGAIN.

The city is ringing with the sound of hammers and piledrivers, and the work of repairing and rebuilding is proceeding with great rapidity.

WRECKAGE.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 27.—Capt. Amrogel of the steamer City of Palattka, from Charleston, which arrived here this morning, reports passing twenty or thirty large vessels totally dismasted, the result of the recent gales. None of them, however, asked for assistance and he did not go near enough to ascertain their names. They were all making some headway under small improvised sails. He also reports finding the hull of the Charleston pilot boat, John Stoddard, totally dismasted and full of water of the mouth of the North Edisto river, bearing west-northwest, hanging at anchor. He went close up to her, but found no one, and he has every reason to believe that her entire crew is lost. The ocean from Charleston to St. Johns is covered with drift stuff from vessels.

Three Children Poisoned.

PORTLAND, Or., Aug. 27.—Three children were poisoned to death at Fossil, Gillam county, yesterday, through carelessness. A three-year-old son of John White got hold of a can of concentrated lye and drank some of the contents, dying before medical aid could be secured. Within half an hour of this accident the Rev. James Young, who lives across the street from White, gave two of his children an overdose of medicine containing laudanum, and both died inside of an hour. All three children were buried at the same time.

Ten Bodies Recovered.

ROME, Aug. 27.—The fireworks factory at Civith-Vecchia, which took fire yesterday, is still burning. Ten bodies have been recovered from the ruins.

Explosion of Nitro-Glycerine.

BRADFORD, Pa., Aug. 27.—An explosion of 3,000 pounds of nitro-glycerine at Roberts & Son's factory this morning completely wrecked the building and shook houses for miles around. Two employes were thrown some distance, but miraculously escaped with a few slight bruises. The loss will reach several thousand dollars.

TALKING ABOUT SCIENCE.

The Meeting at Ann Arbor a Very Successful One.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Aug. 27.—Previous to the morning meeting of the different sections of the Association for the Advancement of Science this morning the botanical section met and considered four propositions which the president stated at the start. These were uniformity in the use of English names of fungi and other lower orders of plants; uniformity in the pronunciation of scientific names; distribution of labor of the publication of papers of the society and the relation of botanists to the national herbarium and the furtherance of the objects was made the work of the committee. Prof. R. V. Riley of Washington spoke on the new methods of counteracting ravages of locusts or so-called grasshoppers. This method is the use of poison, which proved satisfactory under certain limitations. It consists of arsenic, sugar, bran and water. He believes the threatened danger from locusts will not be as bad as formerly, on account of the increased population in the west preventing insects being massed. Henry E. Alwood read a paper on the relative value of human foods; C. Reemelin read a technical paper on city government; a paper by Edward Atkinson on insurance against loss by fire; geology of Ann Arbor, by Alexander Winchell; rapidity of calculation, by Stephen S. Haight; the spectre of some sources of invisible heat, by Prof. S. P. Langley; the chemical behavior of iron in the magnetic field, by E. S. Nichols; the electrical furnace and the reduction of oxides of boron silicion alumienium and other metals by carbon, by C. F. Mabrey. In section D the committee reported as to the best methods of teaching mechanical engineering, following which there was a general discussion of the subject. In section E a paper was read by L. E. Hicks on the structure and relations of the Dakota group, in which he gave arithmetical statements of the strata and composition of that region. In section F C. F. Riley read a paper on song notes of the periodical locusts and how they are produced, and some popular fallacies and new facts regarding the seventeen-year locusts. The mechanical injury to trees by cold was treated by J. J. Burell of Champaign, Ill. In section H the papers on the anthropological section were as follows: The Remains at Sanjuan Feotihnacan, by Amos W. Butler of Brookville, Ind.; Significance of Florate to the Iroquois, by Mrs. Erminnie A. Smith of Jersey City, and a supposed natural alley of copper and silver from the north shore of Lake Superior, in Minnesota, by N. H. Winchell of Minneapolis, Minn. The Ann Arbor meeting is not numerically equal to some of the former, but the proportion of fellows present is very large, showing that the quality of the convention is very superior to those preceding. The fellows and members comprise the membership of the association, the former being selected for special attainments in their department. To-night the Washtenaw county court house was brilliantly decorated for the reception to scientists. Over the main entrance were the letters "A. A. A. S." formed with electric light lamps. Within the building were flags and bunting, tastefully draped, and upon the walls were the names of the former and the present leaders in science.

Denial of Pension Frauds.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Mr. Dickerson, late superintendent of the pension building, arrived in the city to-night and denies most emphatically that there is any foundation for the charge made against him. He says that he has bills in his possession for every foot of lumber, every yard of carpet, and every piece of furniture in the house on Colonial beach. He defies proof of any of the allegations against him. He says that the trouble is that the new officials do not know where to find the materials, and that he will, when called upon, point them out to them. The new officials, he says, have neglected to enquire of him the whereabouts of the materials, and if they will ask him he will show them where everything can be found. It is stated that Mr. Dickerson was in no way employed in the construction of the new pension building and had no connection with the pension office pay roll. The reports concerning the irregularities appear to have been considerably magnified.

REGARDING THOSE ISLANDS.

Germany Willing to Arbitrate the Question of Her Rights,

But Spain Deems the Carolines Her Property and Hesitates.

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—Count Von Haizfeldt, German secretary of state, on the 24th inst. wrote to Count de Benomar, Spanish ambassador to Berlin, that Germany, in occupying the Caroline islands, had no intention to prejudice any anterior rights which Spain might possess therein, and if an examination into the question of Spanish rights to the Carolines should produce no mutual understanding, Germany would be still perfectly disposed to appeal the dispute to the good offices of some friendly to both disputants. German official circles here are sanguine that a method of calm adjustment of the Carolines difficulty, based on the facts of the case, will be reached and will prevent a rupture of the relations between Germany and Spain. Allowance is made for the difficulty of the situation in which the question places King Alphonso, for it is believed among German diplomats that the Radicals, the Republicans and the Federalists, supported by the French party in Spain, have commenced to ferment an anti-German feeling among the Spanish people.

The Caroline islands not seized by Germany will be occupied by Spain directly. Spanish troops arrive at Yay, the principal islands of the group. Anti-German meetings continue in the provinces.

Fleeing From Cholera.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 27.—There was a sudden increase in the mortality in this city to-day, eighty-five deaths being reported, forty-three of which were caused by cholera. A panic is hourly expected. Since the outbreak of the epidemic 6,000 persons have fled from this city.

GIBRALTAR, Aug. 27.—Five new cases of cholera and two deaths occurred to-day just outside of Gibraltar and the cholera panic has been revived in this vicinity.

MADRID, Aug. 27.—There were 4,777 new cases of cholera and 1,498 deaths from the disease reported throughout Spain yesterday.

TOULON, Aug. 27.—All the theaters here have closed and the hotels and shops are closing. The people are dependent. Twelve new cases of cholera and six deaths from the disease were reported at Tulon to-day. Several deaths from cholera have occurred at Lancon, Cornillon, St. Chan, Chamas, Graus and Bonne. At Bonne a member of the chamber of deputies and the mayor of the town died of the disease. Seventeen persons died here yesterday from cholera.

Troubles of a Czar.

KREMSIER, Aug. 27.—Emperor Joseph yesterday conferred the order of the Grand Cross of St. Stephen upon the Grand Duke George II., son of the czar, and also appointed him to a lieutenancy in the imperial Austrian uhlans. The grand duke is in his 16th year, and was an eye witness of the whole pageant at Kremsier. He asserts that despite the efforts to make it appear that no dread of personal violence to the czar was entertained, Alexander was alert and uneasy, and he added to the secret precautions arranged for his safety more than one device of his own. He was pale and careworn during his entire stay and he himself suggested several precautions to the Austrian authorities. A few unimportant arrests were made during his stay. The czar owns a large mastiff, possessed of uncommon strength and intelligence. The mastiff has been carefully trained as a body guard and is well known in St. Petersburg and Moscow. He watches beside his master's couch every night. This dog accompanied the czar to and from Kremseir.

Minister Cox Well Received.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 27.—United States Minister Cox, in presenting his credentials yesterday, assured the sultan that the policy of the United States was to not interfere at all in the affairs of other countries, and that this policy had been found most advantageous and would be always maintained. The sultan, in the private interview accorded yesterday to Mr. Cox, at which were also present Mr. G. H. Heap, secretary of the American legation, and Commander Ludlow of the United States ship Squinnebaug, presented the minister with a set of valuable Turkish jewelry. He also gave him a number of rare Oriental books for Mr. Abram Hewitt, and a set of others for the national library at Washington.

More Eviction Trouble.

DUBLIN, Aug. 27.—Magistrate Bodkin and 100 police went to Bally Farrisa, County Killarney, to-day to evict some tenants. When they arrived the chapel bell was tolled and 2,000 persons assembled and attacked the officers, preventing them from accomplishing the evictions. The police were compelled to charge the mob with bayonets, and fierce encounters ensued, many on both sides being stoned and stabbed.

Foreign Flashes.

The Earl of Devon has offered to sell his tenants their holdings under the provisions of the land purchase bill. The tenants will hold a meeting to consider the offer.

An expulsion of Polish subjects from Austria has begun. All classes alike are expelled.

Agrarian outrages are increasing fearfully in Kerry county, Ireland. Every day cases of moonlight work of incendiarism and of hamstringing cattle are reported. Up to date no arrests have been made.

The Sunbeam, with Mr. Gladstone and party on board, arrived at Aalesund, Norway. Mr. Gladstone is much improved in health and spirits and his voice is stronger. He will start on his homeward journey at once, returning by way of the Shetland islands.

In the region of the Missouri river a movement is on foot to organize an elevator & transportation company to ship the grain down to St. Louis. Many of the boats that have been used to haul freight for the Black Hills trade will be utilized.

JOHN L.'S JOURNEY.

The Pugilist Reaches Cincinnati to Learn That His Meeting With McCaffrey May Be Prevented.

Second Day on the Milwaukee Race Track --A Rider Seriously Injured at Mason City.

Horse Flesh at Saratoga, Brighton Beach and Other Points--Hanlan and Lee Victorious.

Detroit Knocks Chicago Out and New York Beats Boston In a Hard Fight.

Sullivan's Condition.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, appeared at Southtown yesterday, preparatory to leaving for Cincinnati in the evening. The sunburnt complexion and reduced abnormal proportions indicated that he had managed to get rid of considerable superfluous flesh. His weight is still several pounds over his usual fighting avoirdupois and his fists are not as hard as on other occasions. The champion said he felt satisfied with his condition and expressed confidence that he could whip McCaffrey just as he pleased, in one, two or three rounds.

HE WONT PARALYZE HIM.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 27.—John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, passed through the city this morning on his way to Cincinnati. He reported himself in excellent condition and said: "I wont paralyze McCaffrey, but merely intend to reduce his swelled head."

TO BE STOPPED.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 27.—John L. Sullivan arrived this afternoon and went directly to a hotel to avoid the crowd. The Law and Order league and the agent for the suppression of vice have consulted a lawyer, who says that the contest is clearly contrary to law. He has been directed to take the necessary steps to stop it.

Brighton Beah Races.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The weather at Brighton Beach today- was fine and the track fast.

First Race—For non-winners, selling race, one mile; won by Hickory Jim by a neck, Bonnie Australian second, Joe Howell third. Time, 1:44¼.

Second Race—Selling race, three-quarter mile; won by Uberts by half a length, Binion second, Shelby Basner third. Time, 1:17¼.

Third Race—For three-year-olds and upwards, three-quarter mile; won by Pericles by two and one-half lengths, Jouquieta second, King Fan third. Time, 1:16¼.

Fourth Race—For four-year-olds and upwards, to carry five pounds below the scale, one and one-quarter miles; won by Olivette by a half length, Tony Foster second, Tattler third. Time, 2:12¼.

Fifth Race—For all ages, to carry 100 pounds one and one-eighth miles; won by Dutch Roller by a neck, High Flight second, Logan third. Time, 1:57.

Sixth Race—Light welter weights, one mile; won by Walter H by four lengths, Three Cheers second, Judge Griffiths third. Time, 1:45.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, Aug. 27.—Eighth regular day of the second race meeting:

First race, three-quarters of a mile, for two-year-old non-winners since July 20; Mamie Hunt won. Time, 1:20½.

In the second race, one mile and a furlong, with non-winning and maiden allowances; Col. Sprague won, with Koskiusko second and Bessie third. Time. 1:59.

Third race. for the "relief stakes," for three-year-olds, one mile and five furlongs; Rapid won, Irish Pat second and Hopedale third. Time, 2:57¼.

In the fifth race, one mile, the starters were Una B, Vesta, Huron, Heartsease and Roger Eastman. The race was won Heartsease, with Una B second and Huron third. Time, 1:48.

In the sixth the race was one mile and a half, the starters Bennett, Bettler and Vola. Bennett won easily, with Vola second. Time, 2:44¼.

Trotting at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 27.—The result of the Wisconsin Horse-breeders' Association's second day's races was as follows:

Compromise Stakes, for Four-year-olds, Unfinished yesterday—

Indigo	1	1	1
Lyda	2	2	3
Hope	3	3	2

Time, 2:41, 2:43, 2:46½.

2:29 Class, Trotting, Purse $500—

Razor B	1	1	1
Belle S	2	3	3
First Call	3	5	2
Sorrel Ned	4	2	5
Dove Eye	5	4	4

Time, 2:28, 2:29, 2:29½.

Chicago Horseman Stake, $340, for Three-year-olds Owned by Members—

Grace H	1	1
John H H	2	2

Time, 3:20, 3:20.

Reciprocal Stake, $270, for Five-year-olds—

Magna Wilkes	1	1	1
Lyda	2	2	2

Time, 2:46, 2:47½.

Springfield Races.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Aug. 27.—For the the second day's eard of the trotting races at Hampden Park, the track was in fair condition. About 200 persons were present.

The 2:27 class—

Bessie Sheridan	2	3	1	1	1
Alice	1	1	2	5	2
Bijou	3	2	7	2	3
Lady Bonner	6	5	4	3	4
Aunter	4	7	3	4	5
Electric	7	4	6	7	6
Ulva	8	8	5	6	7
Lady Kensett	5	6	Dist.		

Time, 2:28, 2:25¾, 2:25½, 2:27, 2:27½.

The 2:18 class, pacers—

Joe Braden	6	1	4	1	1
Marlaine	1	2	5	2	3
Toledo Girl	2	5	1	3	2
Cohannet	3	3	2	4	5
Messina Boy	4	4	3	5	4
Tommy Lynn	5	Dist.			

Time, 2:18, 2:18, 2:21¾, 2:18, 2:20¾.

The 2:23 class was postponed until to-morrow.

East Saginaw Races.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Aug. 27.—Second day, summer meeting.

2:34 Trotting Class, Purse $400—

Spotted Beauty	1	1	1
Fancy	2	2	2
Lady M	3	3	5
Huron Boy	4	5	3
Jessie B	5	4	4

Time, 2:30¼, 2:30½, 2:29¼.

2:23 Trotting Class, Purse $300—

Jim Early	1	2	2	1
Mollie Harris	2	1	1	2
Lady Brownell	3	3	3	3

Time, 2:29, 2:28¾, 2:29, 2:25¾, 2:26.

English Racing.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—This was the third day of the York August meeting. The race for the great Yorkshire vase was won by J. W. Lowther's chestnut colt King Monmouth by a length. Lord Roseberry's filly Ciphollina was second and Lord Falmouth's chestnut filly Armida a bad third. There were five starters.

Mason City Races.

Special to the Globe.

MASON CITY, Ia., Aug. 27.—In the free-for-all stallion trotting race to-day, B. P. Kirk's Blackbird was an easy winner, taking the first two heats. Time, 3:01 and 3:02.

The running race was won by Merrill. The rider of Roxie, in the last heat, was thrown and thought to be very seriously injured.

Hanlan and Lee Win.

GENEVA, N. Y., Aug. 27.—For the final heat in the professional sculling race here to-day the starters were Hanlan, McKay, Hamm and Hosmer; distance, three miles with a turn. Hanlan had the lead throughout and won by a length. Time, 21:38½. McKay was second.

In the consolation race, Dabinett, Hosmer, Ten Eyck and Lee were the contestants. Lee won. Time, 21:48. Ten Eyck was second.

Base Ball.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—The home team was shut out to-day from making runs by the visitors, who played a magnificent game during nine innings. Chicago seemed to be disabled in hitting Weidman's twisters, and it was evident from the beginning of the game that the Detroiters were in good condition. Gore made a bad error in holding the ball and letting a man to his base. The fielding seemed to be the feature of the game, not a ball being muffed on either side. The attendance was light.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Detroit	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two-base hits, Anson, Burns and Thompson; passed ball, Flint; first base on balls, Chicago 1; first base on errors, Chicago 1, Detroit 2; struck out, by Clarkson 3, by Weidman 11; double plays, Donnelly and Kellogg, McQuery and McGuire, Pfeffer and Anson. Umpire, Gaffney.

AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A well-contested ten-inning game was played to-day between the New York and Boston clubs. The local club won after a long fight. One thousand five hundred people were present, and the closing innings kept them in a constant roar. Keefe pitched good, the Boston players being retired in one-two-three order up to the seventh inning. The following is the score:

New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—2
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1

Earned runs, New York 1; three-base hit, Dorgan; passed balls, Gunning 2; wild pitches, Whitney 1; first base on balls, Boston 1, New York 2; first base on errors, New York 2; struck out, Boston 6; double plays, Wise, Morrill and Sutton; umpire, Ferguson.

AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 27.—Buffalos again easily defeated the Maroons to-day, outplaying them at all points. Kirby was very effective up to the sixth inning, but was hit very hard after that. The following is the score:

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0—5

Earned runs, St. Louis 1, Buffalo 3; two-base hits, Crowley 2, Brouthers, Rome, White, Myers; three-base hit, McKinnon; first base on balls, off Kirby 2, off Conway 1; struck out, by Kirby 4, by Conway 5; double plays, Stearns and Brouthers, Glasscock, Dunlap and McKinnon, Glasscock and Dunlap; umpire, Sullivan.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—Ferguson pitched in excellent form to-day, the champions making only three hits, and ten of them striking out. The visitors only got two men beyond second. Difficult fly-catches by Radford, Start and Fogarty were the fielding features. Attendance 1,862. The following is the score:

Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—3
Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Earned runs, Philadelphia 1; two-base hits, Manning and Hines; passed balls, Dailey 1; wild pitches, Radbourne 3; first base on balls, off Radbourne 3, off Ferguson 1; first base on errors, Philadelphia 2, Providence 1; struck out, by Ferguson 10, by Radbourne 2; umpire, Currie.

AT LOUISVILLE.

Louisville	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—6
St. Louis	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0—3

AT CINCINNATI.

Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	3	0	2	2	*—8
Cincinnati	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2

AT BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0—4
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0—2

A Disagreement.

Special to the Globe.

MASON CITY, Ia. Aug. 27.—The shooting tournament closed to-day, occasioned by a disagreement with the managers of the Driving Park association.

Lacrosse.

The game of lacrosse played yesterday between the St. Paul and Winona teams was won by St. Paul, 3 against 1. The Winona club played a good, strong game. It was organized last fall and the members of that organization never had a stick in their hands until that time. The Winonas have excellent material in their club, and with proper training and drilling will make a strong team.

Bust Up the Pools.

Special to the Globe.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 27.—The United States committee on interstate commerce, consisting of Senator Shelby M. Cullum of Illinois, chairman, and Senators Orvill H. Platt of Connecticut, Warner Miller of New York, Arthur P. Gorman of Maryland and Isham G. Harris of Tennessee are in session at the United States hotel, reviewing and arranging the 1,500 printed pages of testimony taken at their meetings at New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Des Moines, Minneapolis and St. Paul and discussing the points to be made in their report next winter. They have examined a great many witnesses, as may be inferred from the amount of evidence taken, but comparatively few railroad men have availed themselves of the invitation to make their views and wishes known. At Omaha the anti-monopolists appeared in force and the farmers did the same thing at Des Moines. They will probably consume the greater part of the week preparing their report. While nothing is yet definitely known as to its recommendations the impression is quite strong that they will suggest the active exercise by congress of the constitutional power to regulate commerce between the states in the prevention of unjust freight discrimination in pools and consolidations.

Actor McCullough's Condition.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Dr. Erwin Keller of Hot Springs, Ark., who was John McCullough's physician at the springs some years ago, and Capt. William Conner paid a visit to the old actor at Bloomingale asylum to-day. Although