Daily St. Paul Globe.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOUR GAMES AHEAD.

Chicago Wins the Second Game from New York and Will Secure the Pennant.

Both Teams Play an Almost Faultless Game, it Being Won by Hard Batting.

Sporting Circles in New York Become Gloomy and Quite Disheartened.

The Winners Arrange to Battle With the American Association Champions.

Another Victory for Chicago.

Special to the Globe.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—The league base ball championship for the year of our lord 1885 was played for to-day, and Chicago won it. Barring almost impossible accidents and a continuation of improbable events, the pennant will fly over the Congress street grounds next year, for by winning to-day's game the White Stockings have placed themselves four ahead of New York, and with only six more games to play it is impossible that this lead can be lost. Any one who doubts the popularity of base ball should have seen the crowd at the game to-day. There were people everywhere, and every species of the genus amateur as developed by Chicago civilization was represented. It was a noisy and hilarious crowd, and at the end a most complacent and satisfied crowd, and the region it was in rang more exuberant than yesterday, and this due to the fact that it was larger by over 11,000 people passed the turnstiles. It was not the championship game for? and the contest was worthy of an attendance. A better one has seldom been seen. New York played an almost perfect fielding game, but one error being permitted to them, and whatever runs Chicago made she had to earn. But the White Stockings

MADE THE HITS NECESSARY,

to earn them, and when an occasional error would give the visitors a lift, sharp playing and skillful fielding could always be relied upon to stop the threatened run. At the end of the game to-night New York is almost without friends. Here and there a big bluff is made by some New Yorker, who, finding no money covered and odds furnished, will draws. Chicagoans, who last night were careful of a Hippodrome and cannot risk their money, emboldened by the outcome of to-day's game, are frantically looking for takers on the final result, which is success. Bets are freely made on even money that New York will win the remaining two games of the series, and plenty of local enthusiasts are found who will cover any amount on such a result. Never before has the ball fever run so much, and now that the White Stockings are certain winners, the "I told you so" crowd are too happy to rest. The New Yorkers are quiet, and have little to say. Manager Mutrie mourns the loss of one game, and wishes now he hadn't put such a prize to any pitcher in the Chicagos.

THE GAME.

Ground was kept clear of the field and any possible interference by the outfielders, and no ground rules were necessary. Chicagos scored their runs in the second, seventh innings, both of which were earned. The first was made by Anson, but from Dairymple, but followed by a base hit by Gore, bringing in Dalrymple. In the seventh inning, with two out, Pfeffer scored a clear home run over the field fence. Then the New Yorkers scored their run in the ninth inning, when the shadows were thickening very fast, on two successive throws to Anson, on first base from the infield, who was unable to distinguish the ball and failed to get it. The game was a splendid contest in every way and up to the ninth inning was perfectly played, whatever errors occurred being credited on the Chicago side to the batteries. The contest was exciting at every point and the score was tied in the ninth, that a clean base hit at four or five stages of the game would have turned the game in another direction. Five men on the New York side died on bases for the record of a clean hit, while Chicago had only one. Keefe, for the New York, pitched a good game, and was batted for five hits with a total of nine bases, while the Chicago batsmen confined themselves to as many totals. Clener fielding exhibited by the team

WAS NOT POSSIBLE,

the outfield plays being remarkable, but on the part of the Chicagos errors occurred until the game, when they were excusable and unavoidable. O'Rourke was playing at second base, and put out from Flint. Ewing struck out to Gore, made a double play with the assistance of Anson, putting both Connor and Ewing out. For the Chicagos, Dalrymple and Gore both made base hits, but in succession thrown out, in trying to steal second base. Kelly finished the inning out. Gillespie made a base hit, second, but was doubled with Dorgan on the latter's hit to Burns and Richardson went out to first base. Chicago went out in one, two, three order in the third inning, Keefe struck out, Gerhardt made a base hit and reached second on an error. O'Rourke and Connor retired by going out at first. Chicago again went out in one, two, three order. In the fourth inning New York went out in the same way on in-field hits to first base. In the fourth inning for Chicago, Dalrymple and Gore made one and two-base hits, successively, Dalrymple scoring; Kelly, Anson and Pfeffer all went out on flies. In the fifth inning Richardson went out to Burns, Keefe made a base hit and reached third on a passed ball and bad throw, but Gerhardt and Ward struck out. Chicago went out one, two, three. In the sixth Connor

MADE A BASE HIT

after O'Rourke had gone out, but Ewing and Gillespie were fielded out at the finish. Chicago went out one, two, three in succession. New York did the same in the seventh inning. For Chicago, Pfeffer scored a home run after Kelly and Anson had gone out on flies to the outfield. In the eighth inning Gerhardt struck out, Ward reached first on an error of Anson's, O'Rourke made a long drive to left field, but Dalrymple handled it. Ward stole second by a scratch and was caught trying to steal third on a pitched ball. Chicago went out in succession. In the ninth inning Connor was given first base on balls, Ewing struck out, Gillespie reached first base on a strike to Pfeffer, who threw to Anson, who could not see the ball, and Connor reached third base. Dorgan struck to Burns, who put Gillespie out at second, but on Pfeffer's throw to Anson, who again failed to get the ball, Connor ran home and Dorgan reached second. Richardson struck to Clarkson, who started to run with the ball, but stopped and threw it to Anson and the game was ended.

BIG GAMES EXPECTED.

Chicago now has a lead of four games over New York and is practically assured the championship, as only five games remain to be played this season. On this expectation an important series of games has been arranged between the Chicagos and St. Louis Browns to decide the supremacy between the champion clubs of the league and American association. A purse of $1,000 is to be made up by equal contributions from the two clubs, and the players of the clubs winning a majority of the games in the series are to receive the purse. The first game occurs in Chicago Oct. 15, and the second in St. Louis Oct. 16. In each of these games the players of the home team will be given the entire gate receipts. Then will follow games in Cincinnati, Louisville, Philadelphia, Washington, Indianapolis and possibly other cities. The following is the score in detail:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	1B	TB	PO	A	E
Dalrymple, lf	3	1	2	3	2	0	0
Gore, c f	3	0	2	2	1	0	0
Kelly, r.f	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Anson, 1 b	3	0	0	0	10	2	3
Pfeffer, 2 b	3	1	1	4	3	5	2
William'n, 3 b	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Burns, s s	3	0	0	0	2	4	0
Clarkson, p	3	0	0	0	1	11	3
Flint, c	3	0	0	0	6	2	2
Total	27	2	5	9	27	24	10

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	1B	TB	PO	A	E
O'Rourke, c f	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Connor, 1 b	2	1	1	1	7	1	0
Ewing, c	4	0	0	0	10	1	1
Gillespie, l f	4	0	2	2	2	0	0
Dorgan, r f	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Richard'n, 3 b	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
Keefe, p	3	0	1	1	0	8	0
Gerhardt, 2 b	3	0	1	1	2	3	0
Ward, s s	3	0	0	0	1	1	0
Total	30	1	5	5	24	15	1

BY INNINGS.

Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	*	2
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

Earned runs, Chicago 2; home run, Pfeffer 1; two-base hits, Dalrymple; passed bases, Flint 1, Ewing 1; first base on balls, New York 3; first base on errors, New York 3; struck out by Clarkson 7, by Keefe 7; double plays, Pfeffer and Anson, Burns, Pfeffer and Anson; umpire, Curry.

FEELING IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The New York public which is interested in base ball recognize to-night that their representatives now at Chicago have no chance for the league championship. The second defeat of the New York club at Chicago cast no little gloom over the sporting public this evening, though the chance after Tuesday's game was frail indeed. The various newspapers posted bulletins as the game progressed, but the subject matter was disspiriting, and at the close large numbers of people dispersed dejectedly.

Buffalo and Boston.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Boston won from Buffalo again to-day, though they were outbatted, but their superior team work and better base running gave them the victory. The game was characterized by some pretty work on both sides and it was the first time since the Bisons became demoralized that they did anything like good playing.

Boston	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	1—5
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0—3

Detroit and Providence.

DETROIT, Sept. 30.—To-day's game between the Rhode Islanders and Wolverines was without any special features. Bunched hits and superior play won the game for the home nine. Shaw went into pitch but was hit hard and retired, being reported sick. Seward was put in and pitched a very strong game.

Detroit	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	*	8.
Providence	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	0—5.

Lost One in Nine.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 30.—The home team played a miserable fielding game to-day, and were easily defeated by the Philadelphias. The work of Huly and Sutcliffe, the battery of the Maroons, was particularly bad. Both sides batted freely. While the visitors were taking their ninth inning, Umpire Gatney called the game on account of darkness. The contest was devoid of interest, there being no good play on either side.

St Louis	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	9—3
Philadelphia	0	1	2	0	1	1	2	1	—8

American Association.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Athletic	1	1	0	[illegible]	3	0	0	—5	
Pittsburg	0	0	0	[illegible]	0	0	2	—2	

AT BALTIMORE.

Baltimore	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—	1
Louisville	1	0	1	2	2	7	2	—	15

AT NEW YORK.

Metropolitan	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	—3	
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	

AT BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn	0	1	3	0	0	2	7	0	—13
St. Louis	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	—5

Mystic Park Stallion Race.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 30.—All the conditions were favorable for the great stallion race at Mystic park this afternoon. The day was perfect and the track in fine condition and fully 8,000 persons witnessed the trotting. Of seven horses entered, Don Carlos and Almont Gift were drawn, leaving but five startars, King Almont, Westmont, Pilot Knox, Montgomery and King Wilkes. Pool selling was prohibited, but many private bets were made. Pilot Knox was the favorite before the race at $25 to $30 against the field. The judges were B. D. Whitcomb of Boston, D. C. Robinson of Springfield, and S. Armstrong of Rushville, Ind. For the first heat they were sent away well together, Pilot Knox quickly shot to the front, and at the quarter was leading, with King Wilkes a length behind and King Almont two lengths in the rear of Wilkes, Montgomery and Westmont trailing. The relative positions were maintained till the half mile was passed, when Pilot Knox widened the gap two lengths between himself and King Wilkes, but the latter quickly shortened this distance again to a length. Pilot Knox kept his advantage to the finish. In the second heat Westmont was drawn on account of lameness. They went off well bunched. Pilot Knox showed the way, with King Wilkes second, Montgomery third and King Almont fourth. At the quarter King Wilkes was making a warm fight for first place, being nearly abreast of the leader, who, however, drew away from him, and at the half mile was leading by over a length. He maintained his advantage to the end and won by a length. In the third heat Pilot Knox led slightly at the quarter. At the half mile he led by a length, with King Wilkes and Montgomery neck and neck for second place and King Almont several lengths behind. From the half mile Montgomery slowly but surely gained upon Wilkes, and on the home stretch by a magnificent spurt passed him and was pressing Pilot Knox hotly for first place. Pilot Knox, however, held his lead and came under the wire a neck ahead of Montgomery, with King Wilkes four lengths behind Montgomery and King Almont far in the rear. Summary: Special stallion race for Spirit of the Times cup, valued at $1,000, with an added purse of $7,125:

J. H. May's (Augusta, Me.) s. Pilot Knox	1	1	1
R. B. Conklin's (Greenport, L. I.) s. King Wilkes	2	2	2
M. S. Smith's (Ionia, Mich.) b. s. Montgomery	3	3	2
A. J. Weeks' (Syracuse, N. Y.) b. s. King Almont	4	4	4
J. H. Page's (Wyoming territory) b. s. Westmont	5	dr.	

Heats.	Quarter.	Half.	Three-qrs.	Mile
First	:35½	1:10	1:45½	2:19¾
Second	:37	1:10	1:45	2:20½
Third	:36½	1:10¾	1:45½	2:20

Brighton Beach Races.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—At Brighton Beach to-day there was considerable dissatisfaction at the starting of Mr. Caldwell, and the actions of the jockeys in one or two instances were criticised as smacking of jobbery. They will doubtless be inquired into.

First Race—For maidens two years old; five-sevenths of a mile. It was won by Blue Day by one-half a length, Queen of Hearts second, Laura Garrison third. Time, 1:03½.

Second Race—Selling race, three-fourths of a mile, was won by Ben Thompson by one and one-half lengths, Balthazar second, Weasel third. Time, 1:15¾.

Third Race—For all ages, to carry 105 pounds one mile. This deserves mention as the most brilliant race of the season, Little Minch and Tom Martin running as a team till in the stretch, when Tom got his head in front and won, Little Minch second, Ferg Kyle third. Time, 1:41¾.

Fourth Race—For all ages, handicap, one and one half miles, was won by Barnum by one-half a length, Ten Strike second, Nettie third. Time, 2:36½.

Fifth Race—Handicap steeplechase, long course, was won by Dangerfield by fifty lengths, Ecuador second, Perilous third. Time, 1:53¾. Mutuals paid $248.75. In this race Griffin, the rider of Sun Star, the favorite, slid off after the first leap.

Chester Park Races.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 30.—Chester Park races, second day. Summary, 2:15 pacing, $800, divided (unfinished).

Mike Wilkes	1	2	3	1
Jewel	3	1	2	0
Little Mack	2	3	1	5
Silver Tail	4	4	4	0
Billy S	5	5	5	—

Time, 2:17, 2:18, 2:19¾, 2:20.

2:30 class, trotting, $800, divided—

J. J. Douglass	1	2	1	1
Endymion	2	1	2	2
Innis	7	3	4	3
Protection	8	7	3	4
Belle S	3	4	0	6
Almonte	4	5	0	5
J H W	5	4	5	7
Wade Hampton	6	8	6	dr

Time, 2:26¾, 2:27¼, 2:30, 2:30½.

Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 30.—It continues wet weather, with bad track and small attendance.

First Race—Purse $250, three-quarters of a mile: Moonshine and Red Girl were half a length apart to the head of the stretch, where Moonshine took the lead, Phil Lee second. Moonshine was not headed and won handily by three lengths, Phil Lee second, Red Girl third. Time, 1:21. The winner was sold at an advance of $200 to Milton Young.

Second Race—The great American stallion stakes, one and three-quarter miles. Lord Coleridge took the lead, Clay Pate second, Lepanto third. At the end of the first half mile Clay Pate went to the front, and increased his lead as he went, and was not headed and won in a canter by twenty lengths, Lepanto second, Spalding a very bad third. Time, 3:18.

Third Race—Purse $400, three-quarters of a mile heats. First heat: Forest led, Moonlight second. Forest was not headed, and won easily by two lengths, Moonlight second, Bettina a bad third, Susie P distanced. Time, 1:20.

Second heat: Forest led by one length at the start. He was not headed, and won easily by two lengths, Moonlight second, Bettina a poor third. Time, 1:21.

Fourth Race—Purse $400, one and five-eighths miles. At the start Virgie led, closely followed by Expert and Ultimatum, with no change back to the starting point, where Ultimatum went to the front. He was not headed, and won by five lengths, Virgie Hearne second, Expert a poor third. Time, 3:02.

All Confident of Winning.

Special to the Globe.

COHOES, N. Y., Sept. 30.—On the river opposite the city Hanlan and Lee and Courtney and Conley are in daily practice, the boats in which they will row, Oct. 13, lay side by side in the factory, being nearly finished. They are thirty-four inches by fourteen feet. Courtney and Hanlan often meet in the shop examining their boats, but "never speak as they pass by." Courtney would speak if he thought Hanlan would answer. Lee says: "The coming race will be a hard and close one, and it will be dead square, and the public can depend on it, so far as we are concerned. It will be the biggest race ever rowed." Hanlan says: "Lee and I are working pretty hard and we mean to win this race. We will start at a thirty-two stroke and probably keep that up during the race." "I am in splendid condition," said Courtney, "and am not even trained as reported. I feel confident that we will win. My partner, Conley, was never better than now."

Protection for Birds and Fish.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.—The second day of the Sportsmen's national convention at Elk's hall showed an increase in attendance of delegates. The committee on protection and propagation of fish reported that the catch of fish should be prohibited in public waters at the close of the season; that the prohibition seasons in all the states should be uniform so far as possible, viz.: For spring spawns, from Feb. 15 to Aug. 1; for fall spawns from Sept. 1 to April 1; that the fish commissioners of the various states should be the judges of what constituted the proper time. A resolution was adopted calling on congress to pass a law for the protection of fish in waters not controlled by state legislation. The committee adjourned until 5 p. m., after a majority and minority report had been supported by the committee having in charge the closing season for same.

At the afternoon session the resolutions relating to the protection of game, submitted by the committee on that subject, were taken up, and, after a good deal of discussion, adopted as they came from the committee, although there was a strong effort made to modify the limits of the close season as fixed by the committee. The report recommends that close and open seasons be adopted in all the states and territories east of the Rocky mountains for deer, wild turkeys, and all the game birds, also rabbits, and that the close of the season should

COVER THE BREEDING PERIOD,

and such additional time as is necessary to prevent the reduction of the present number of said animals and birds. They also believe that hunting deer with hounds should be prohibited at all seasons and in all states; that song and insectivorous birds should be protected the year round; that the robbing of nests of birds should be prohibited; that catching of birds by night should be forbidden by law; that no gun of larger calibre than No. 10 should be used in hunting any kind of game; that the twin interests of game and fish should be blended, and to the duties of fish commissioners should be added the protection of game; that game and fish wardens should be appointed by governors in each congressional district and deputy wardens in each county; that those officers should be under the direction of the game and fish commissioners and that they should have authority to prosecute all persons for the violation of the game and fish laws. The clause prohibiting the hunting of deer with hounds was stricken out and also the one protecting rabbits. The report of the committee on protecting fish was amended by the adoption of clauses prohibiting the use of dynamite and other explosives and poisons for the destruction of fish and for the offering of bounties for killing predatory fish, such as gars, dog fish and hard shell turtles. The committee of permanent organization submitted a plan for the organization of the national association for the protection of game and fish, the object of which shall be the bringing about of the enactment by congress and the several states and territories of uniform game laws and their better enforcement.

Miss Nevada's Wedding.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Misses Morris, Johnstone, Everest and Tifft of America will be Miss Nevada's bridesmaids. Mme. Nilsson has sent a telegram regretting her inability to attend the ceremony, owing to the recent tragedy at Stockholm. A brilliant gathering is expected. The bride and bridegroom will sail for America on Oct. 10. The wedding presents are splendid. The trousseau causes wonder and delight, and is the talk of the hour, being inspected by large crowds. The wedding cake has arrived from London. It is two yards high and weighs 150 pounds. It cost $600. The bride will hereafter be styled Mme. Palmer-Nevada.

Charles Broadwell, a cutter in the employ of Hutton & Son, manufacturers of flannels, Philadelphia, was arrested on the charge of stealing flannel to the aggregate of $15,000.

Fire to-night in the five-story block occupied by the Fairbanks Scale company and others, Baltimore, caused an aggregate loss of $85,000. Insurance not learned.

FURL THE BLOODY RAG.

John Sherman's Backers Compel Him to Abandon His War-Issues Campaign in Ohio.

Colored Men in Convention Repudiate the Republican Party and Give Reasons Therefor.

An Iowa Administration That Will Thunder Down the Ages as Wholly Inane.

Bay State Republicans Go Through the Motions in a Most Perfunctory Manner.

The Bloody Shirt to Be Furled.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—In spite of many denials to the contrary, it can be stated with directness that the Republicans are preparing to abandon their bloody shirt campaign in Ohio and make the tariff take its place. Senator Sherman, if not yet advised, ought to have been by this time, through the campaign committee, but leading Republicans in New York and Pennsylvania have protested against the war issues being made prominent, and the result is the halt is to be called. Those who have advised the withdrawal of the sectional issues notified the Ohio leaders that a canvass conducted on those issues to the finish would certainly lose Hamilton county and other cities having a commercial trade. What, however, has influenced Sherman & Co. to take the back track was the refusal of Eastern business men to contribute any money to the Ohio canvass so long as the campaign was waged upon issues which struck at the very breast of their commercial relations. It was here the shoe pinched. Mr. Sherman is now to yield a further agitation of war issues, not that he cares how much it may hurt business at Cincinnati, but only because by so doing he can get financial aid from the capitalists of the East.

Colored Men in Convention.

LYNCHBURGH, Va., Sept. 30.—The state convention of colored men assembled here to-day and J. B. Syphax of Alexandria was elected temporary chairman. M. V. Brentley of Richmond addressed the convention, saying this convention had not assembled as Republicans or Democrats, but as citizens of Virginia claiming the right of freemen. He hoped their deliberations would demonstrate they were worthy to be citizens. Convention adjourned until evening.

The convention reassembled at 8 p. m. R. B. Beckley was elected permanent chairman and N. V. Backhus secretary. The following address was presented amid great cheering:

To the colored people of Virginia: Whereas, We colored people of Virginia, believing as we do, that the time has come for us to call a halt in the unqualified support we have given the Republican party, do, here in convention assembled, solemnly declare ourselves politically independent in all matters which pertain to us as citizens and voters of this commonwealth. For twenty-five years we have adhered to our former political associates with unparalleled fidelity, because, in those dark days of reconstruction, the Republican party proved that it was the only party to which the colored man of the South could consistently ally himself. To that end the colored voters nobly responded, and raised to power and place, men who grew wealthy while administering the laws of the United States government in the Southern states. We feel ever grateful for what has been done, but now the time has come for us to think, act, vote and speak for ourselves, and especially so, since the Republicans have practically abandoned us in former campaigns and in all matters where the negro ought to have his recognition in proportion to voting strength and intelligence; we know, too, that many of our race have been murdered in the Southern states, but the causes which led to these sad occurrences, which have spilled our blood and created a bitter race antagonism which now retards our progress and makes it difficult for us to live in the land of our birth, are largely traceable to the mismanagement of the federal office-holders in our section. These foregoing reasons lead us to adopt such methods and so to demean ourselves as to make friends of those whose interests are in every way inimical to our own. We, therefore, appeal to the colored people of our native state to look well to the altered condition of affairs, and in the future to make such political alliances as will most advance our interests educationally, financially and politically. We feel sure that there is throughout the broad limits of the commonwealth a general disposition on the part of the white people to accord us all our rights before the law, and to meet us heartily in every advance we make for the upholding of our people. It behooves us then to so use our ballots in that we may drive out all discordant elements in Virginia, whether they be headed by natives or aliens to the states. We also condemn the raising of the race issue by any class of men who essay to lead the masses, because it can do nothing but prove detrimental to our cause and our interests. We therefore ask a hearty co-operation of our people in Virginia to the success of our government. We have cause to be thankful for the liberality of the present national administration to our people in the South. We also believe our relations to the state debt are such as to justify us in hoping that Virginia will be relieved from her present financial embarrassments by aid from the federal government, which will enable her better to provide for all the material interests of her citizens and bring about that universal good feeling which ought to exist between the two races.

The address was adopted and the convention adjourned sine die.

Mixed Iowa Politics.

Special to the Globe.

DES MOINES, Sept. 30.—If the Republicans fail to carry the state in November, or if the majority is greatly reduced, they will have Gov. Sherman to thank for the result. The state has had one bad and one or two indifferent administrations before, but it has never had a governor go out of office so cordially and unanimously despised as Sherman will be when he surrenders the mantle of Grimes, Kirkwood and Gear to his successor next January. The failure of the Republican state convention to say a single word in praise or defense of the conduct of state affairs for the last four years arose neither from oversight nor from the desire to avoid indirectly touching upon the controversy between the governor and the deposed auditor. The committee on resolutions was controlled by Clarkson, and nothing could have pleased Blaine's postmaster general better than a quasi indorsement of himself in the form of a plank in the platform commending his government of the state through Sherman. He was denied that satisfaction because there was nothing to say. The administration has been thoroughly bad, and the convention, judging from the private expressions of delegates, might easily have been provoked to say so. Many Republican newspapers have not hesitated to give expression to the popular feeling on this subject ever since the campaign opened, and the frequent assertion that, if elected,

LARRABEE WILL BE GOVERNOR,

is a biting satire on Sherman, who has surrendered every gubernatorial prerogative to Clarkson. The Iowa boss would not be an ideal governor in his own name, but acting through a pliable agent upon whom he could shift the responsibility for his more questionable acts, he has saddled upon his party a record which many Republicans believe to be an almost insuperable obstacle to success this year. The Republican managers are conducting the canvass with the evident intention of escaping responsibility for Sherman's shortcomings, and diverting public attention from other troublesome issues and their success, judging from surface indications here at the capital, and in the more public channels of information elsewhere, has been considerable. Senator Larrabee has proven a shrewd and prudent, if not a very bold or resourceful leader. The campaign has been conducted on lines marked out by him at a meeting of the state central committee held in Des Moines during the state fair. He then advised that a policy of silence be adopted as to all questions on which the party is divided, and that a general advance be made against the fusion lines upon the bloody-shirt issue. His advice has been followed to the letter by all the manageable elements of the party.

Bay State Republicans.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 30.—The Massachusetts Republican convention met in the city hall here this morning. Hon. A. W. Beard was chosen temporary chairman and Col. J. J. Whipple temporary secretary, after which Mr. Beard addressed the convention. Committees on credentials, resolutions and permanent organization were then appointed. Hon. G. F. Hoar was elected permanent president, and made a lengthy address, in which he welcomed back those who had wandered from the party in the past and ridiculed those who charged the Republican party with waving the "bloody shirt," and especially defended John Sherman from such a charge. He reviewed the policies of the two parties during the past twenty-five years and stated the only piece of legislation which the Democratic party had originated and carried through was the Bland silver bill. He commended some of the acts of President Cleveland and many of his words in regard to civil service reform, but said an administration must be judged by its acts, not by its words.

After vigorously denying that it was the Republican party which was waving the bloody shirt, the speaker proceeded to give the ancient rag a whirl or two and then subsided.

THE NOMINATIONS.

Gov. Robinson was renominated for governor, Oliver Ames for lieutenant governor and Hon. Henry B. Pierce for secretary of state, by acclamation. Hon. A. W. Beard of Boston was nominated for state treasurer and receiver general. Hon. Charles P. Ladd was renominated for auditor and Edgar L. Sherman for attorney general received a unanimous vote.

The platform reaffirms the principles of the Republican party generally, and then proceeds to demand the prompt enactment by congress of a bankrupt law, and the immediate suspension of the coinage of silver into overvalued dollars, and the vigorous enforcement of the Edmunds law in Utah. The civil service act is heartily indorsed, and the repeal of the four-years tenure law is demanded. Any reforms, revisions or reductions on the customs duties which will benefit our labor or our industries is favored, while any legislation that will lessen the evils of intemperance is advocated. The labor element is given the usual reference, and the platform winds up with a plea for the candidates nominated.

PLANNING FOR BATTLE.

The Porte Mobilizing the Forces and Preparing for War.

Much Excitement in the East and Peace Thought Impossible.

A Skirmish.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 30.—Yesterday Turkish troops fired on the Roumelian outposts at Mustopha Pasha, a town in Roumelia, twenty miles northwest of Adrianople. The outposts were immediately reinforced and a skirmish ensued in which the Turks were defeated and forced to retreat, carrying with them a number of wounded. The indications point to active war preparations by the porte. Eighty battalions of the first-class reserves are being mobilized in the districts bordering on the Black Sea, at points which will facilitate their transportation for duty in Roumelia in the event of the sultan being compelled to order extreme measures to settle the Roumelian difficulty. The transportation department is actively engaged in furnishing means for the concentration of troops at the most available points for an advance on Roumelia. Three battalians of infantry and a company of artillery stationed on the Island of Crete have been ordered to Adrianople. Four iron clads are actively preparing for sea, but there are only 600 tons of coal available and their departure may possibly be delayed on that account.

CONSIDERABLE CONSTERNATION

prevails in official circles over an important discovery just made by Alib Sabib Pasha, the new minister of war. Immediately on being installed in his new position, Alib Sabib Pasha ordered all the various department commanders to report the strength of their respective commands and their present condition, and detailed several officers to inspect the various posts. Their reports have been received, and show that under Ghazi Osman Pasha, the late minister of war, who was dismissed on Sept. 25, the army was almost entirely neglected, and the large sums of money voted for military purposes were used in other ways than those for which they were designated. The inquiry has revealed that the Adrianople army, which was supposed to be 15,000 strong, contains not half that number of men. The soldiers are but half uniformed and shoeless. The cavalry is unable to march, owing to a lack of horses and the necessary accoutrements. Four hundred horses and 2,000 men, who have been fully equipped, are under orders to march at an hour's notice.

THE AMBASSADORS.

The meeting of the ambassadors to consider the Roumelian question is expected to be held here to-morrow with Count Carti, the Italian ambassador, presiding.

A BATTLE IN PROGRESS.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—During the last two days heavy artillery firing has been heard in the direction of Pristina and Djakaro. It is believed that a desperate fight has been raging between the Turks and the Arnents. Bashi-Bazouks have sacked and burned several villages in Eastern Roumelia.

WAR EXPECTED.

VIENNA, Sept. 30.—A Servian loan has been concluded in this city, the revenue government tobacco monopoly having been given as security for the same. It is the opinion here that war is inevitable. Business on the bourse is flat.

A $2,000,000 Fire.

IQUIQUE, Peru, Sept. 30.—A large fire occurred in the principal square here last night, and the most important quarter of the town was destroyed, very few of the commercial establishments escaping. The postoffice and water side buildings were not destroyed. The loss is estimated at $2,000,000.

Fighting the Immoral Traffic.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30.—England and Belgium entertain favorably Holland's proposal for a treaty for the mutual prevention of traffic in young girls for immoral purposes. Holland has notified Germany that a number of German agents are endeavoring to recruit young girls in Germany for the keepers of Dutch brothels.

Foreign Flashes.

Prince Alexander has ordered a number of armed bands of Bulgarians, who were preparing to invade Macedonia, to return to Bulgaria.

Returns from the cholera infected districts of Spain report 556 new cases and 297 deaths yesterday.

The victims of the flood at False Point number 300. Many vessels were wrecked there.

The tenants on the estates of Sir Rowland Blennerhassets in Killarney, have agreed to purchase their holdings at a price equal to fourteen years rental.

Gladstone's physician states that Gladstone's throat is now in a condition that will allow him to deliver speeches.

British military manoeuvers on an extensive scale will be held in Lahore, India, in December. Twenty-six thousand troops will take part in the movements.

The Bank of Philippopolis has closed its doors. General anarchy prevails in commercial circles.

SOCIETY ALL AGOG.

The Beautiful and Willful Miss Harwood Creates a Great Social Sensation in New Haven.

Father, Home, Lover and the Altar Abandoned for the Hero of a Day on Mount Desert.

Gen. Sherman and Editor McCullagh Fighting the War Over in St. Louis.

Playwright Bartley Campbell a Physical and Financial Wreck--Bob Toombs Dying.

The Willful Blonde's Choice.

Special to the Globe.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 30.—Yale College town is ablaze with excitement to-night over the following notice in the local press: Married—In Jersey City, Sept. 29, by the Rev. Frederick E. Mortimer of St. Mark's church, Truman Hemingway of New York and Honora J., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Harwood, rector of Trinity church in New Haven. A year ago Miss Harwood visited at Mr. Desert, and while there she made many new acquaintances among the young men who frequented the place. Among them two paid her distinguished attention. They were Mr. Hemingway of New York and Mr. Arthur Pruyn of Albany, son of the late Hon. J. L. V. Pruyn. They were both young and gifted with many attractive qualities. Pruyn was wealthy, being reported to have an even million in his own right. Hemingway on the other hand was poor. Dr. Harwood, who is the most prominent Episcopal rector in Connecticut, objected to Pruyn, who at that time was persistent in his suit and succeeded in engaging himself to Miss Harwood. The match was broken off, and since then the Harwoods have been in Europe, and Pruyn followed Miss Honora.

HE RENEWED HIS SUIT,

and having corrected the objectionable features in his life, Dr. Harwood consented to the marriage, and the parties came home last month to prepare for it. Great preparations were made for the wedding, which was to have taken place in Trinity church next Wednesday. The invitations were issued, the ushers were selected, the wedding costumes made. The wedding promised to be the most brilliant and notable that has taken place in this city for years. Dr. Harwood was to conduct the ceremony. The groom had lavished many presents on his bride, and other presents were pouring in, over 500 invitations were issued. A few days ago Miss Honora went to New York to visit friends, and while there she met Mr. Hemingway. They met several times, and yesterday were quietly married at the residence of the Episcopal clergyman named in the marriage notice in Jersey City. The bride then dispatched copies of her marriage certificate to her parents in this city and her betrothed in Albany, together with the announcement that she and her husband were to sail for Europe on the same steamer, Werra, of the Bremen line, to-day. They have gone and Dr. Harwood's family are prostrated with grief. He declined to see anyone to-night. The young lady is handsome, a blonde, aged 20, and a society favorite. Hemingway has recently inherited a pretty little fortune. Her friends now say she loved him all the time, and that the wealthier marriage was distasteful to her.

General Sherman and MaCulagh

Special to the Globe.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 30.—The violent language in which Gen. Sherman refers to war correspondents, denouncing them as spies and scalawags, and particularly his assault on Editor McCullagh, are the almost exclusive subjects of comment here. Ever since the war he has embraced every opportunity to give McCullagh a slap. Two years ago in a Washington interview the subject of war correspondents came up and McCullagh's name was mentioned as a successful one.

"What do you think of him?" was asked.

"Well, I will tell you," replied the general; "McCullagh may be a good correspondent, but I wouldn't hang my overcoat on the rack if he was in the house."

Since then McCullagh has delivered many a shaft at the general. Recently when the general refused the presidency of the Grant Monument association on the ground that he did not belong to the city or state, but to the nation, McCullagh responded that what the general meant was not that he belonged to the nation but that the nation belonged him. Mr. McCullagh was seen to-night and asked what he thought of the general's criticism.

"I don't think much of it," he replied. "Sherman is a privileged character and can say what he pleases. He is in his dotage and rapidly developing into a garrulous old ass. Every word regarding war correspondents is a lie. His talk about writing at long range is very applicable to himself, for most of his fighting was done at long range. At short range he was beaten. His denunciation of war correspondents is in keeping with his denunciation of Grant and his plans before Vicksburg. His talk about correspondents furnishing information to the enemy is nonsense. He is retired on a good salary, and, as I said before, is a privileged character."

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