# ST. PAUL MATTERS.

With the Advice of Mr. Hutchinson of Montreal, Central Park is Selected as a Site for the Ice Palace.

Flax Culture and Linen Manufacture in Minnesota Said to be Possible Industries.

Resolutions in Honor of Hendricks--A Continued Interest in the Advent Missions.

Special Delivery Not Wholly Satisfactory--Y. M. C. A. Matters--G. A. R. Fair--Local Briefs.

## CENTRAL PARK SELECTED

### By the Carnival Directors as a Site for the Ice Palace.

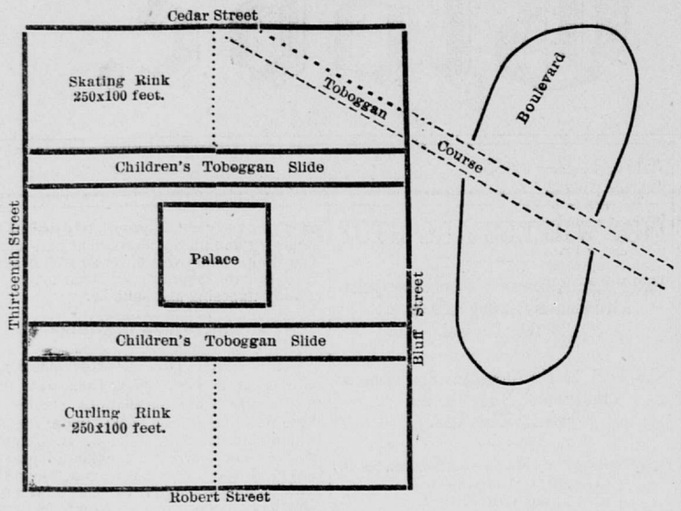
A rather tall man, with a full, rough beard and sharp eyes, was to be seen in company with the directors of the winter carnival and ice palace as they made the rounds of several sites proposed for the palace yesterday. He was Mr. L. H. Hutchinson of Montreal, a man who, under the gentle instructions of the directors, could know more and say less about ice palaces than any man who has been in St. Paul for some time. He is the gentleman

L. H. HUTCHINSON.

who has the plans for the Montreal palace, that could not be used because of the smallpox there, and has had a good deal of experience, not only in making and studying plans, but in constructing palaces and arranging for the courses and grounds for the carnival sports. He is familiar with all the details and came to St. Paul on purpose to give the local men points on the proposed carnival. At the hint of the director Mr. Hutchinson did not give out any freely to the reporters except in a general way to boom the enterprise of the city and predict a big success, the city, the men behind the scheme and the weather being all in favor of success. Promptly on his arrival he was at once taken in tow by the directors and the several proposed sites duly examined. Central park, Smith park and the upper island were visited and carefully examined.

IT WILL BE IN CENTRAL PARK.

In the evening Mr. Hutchinson, with the plans of the Montreal palace, met the directors at headquarters in the Ryan, and a general and lengthy discussion of the various sites was indulged in, with closed doors. It had been thought, before examination, that Central park was not suited for the palace, because of the trees, which would be in the way of the construction. Ald. Van Slyke, however, had made several accurate measurements during the day and last night presented them. It was found that a piece of land 705x500 feet dimensions could be utilized by taking in a strip on two sides of the park, and that a clear space in the corners of this rectangle, about 200x100 feet, level enough for curling or skating could be secured. It was also shown at last night's meeting that beginning at a point on the hill a course for tobogganing could be had running down across a corner of the park to Cedar street. It was also found by Ald. Van Slyke that the space in about the center of the park, where there are no trees, was large enough to admit the palace. The other places examined have their merits, but for being centrally located, and admitting of the grouping of so many of the attractions, the tobogganing, the curling and the skating, Central park was the more desirable, nothing being lacking except the track for cutter racing. Mr. Hutchinson advised the selection of Central park, and after nearly all the directors had expressed themselves a vote was taken, which resulted unanimously in the selection of Central park. The space to be known as the ice palace grounds will take in a considerable space on two sides of the park, as shown by the accompanying diagram.




The grounds are bounded by Bluff, Robert, Thirteenth and Cedar streets. On the north side of the park, where a sort of boulevard already exists, there will be a drive for cutters, but not in the regular carnival course, which will have to be located elsewhere. Across the park run two driveways, or paths, each fifty feet in width, and Mr. Hutchinson suggested that these be used for toboggan slides, exclusively for children, and the suggestion was at once adopted by the directors as a good one.

PLANS A LITTLE CHANGED.

The plans brought from Montreal, and those prepared in St. Paul, were examined and discussed at some length, and it was decided that several changes should be made from those heretofore made public. Just what these would be, was not fully settled and the directors had little to say as to what they might be. They would be settled this morning. Mr. Hanson, the secretary, said he was authorized to say that the building would be even more imposing than by the early plans, by reason of more massive towers, and possibly by a slight increase in dimensions.

The directors will settle the changes today and before to-night the exact appearance of the palace will be known.

## MINNESOTA FLAX.

### An Expert Says it Can be Raised and Worked to Advantage.

Mr. E. A. Hartshorn of Troy, N. Y., president of the Cable flax mills there and for many years a practical flax spinner, is stopping at the Ryan. In a casual conversation with a GLOBE reporter yesterday, Mr. Hartshorn said that the flax fibre now wasted in Minnesota was valuable and could be made a source of considerable revenue, being far superior in strength and durability. "The native word for jute, in India, is equivalent to our word 'humbug,'" said he: "Its cheapness is its principal recommendation. It can be sold so cheap because it is grown and cleaned by cheap labor. The Indian farmer is quite content with 8 or 9 cents per day, and can live on rice at a daily cost of less than 2 cents. Hence it is quite possible for us to purchase good, clean jute at 2¼ and 3½ cents a pound in New York, all freight, duty and insurance paid. At these prices it is not strange that the Minnesota farmer makes the most money out of his flax fibre by burning it up."

"But will our flax fibre really make valuable goods?"

"Most certainly it will, if labor is put upon it. For twines, cordage, burlap, toweling, crash, carpeting and many other purposes it is perfectly adapted. It is only a question of labor cost in putting it into use. There are two ways by which we can immediately utilize our flax fibre and increase our linen industry. One is for American laborers to work as cheaply as European and Asiatic people, and the other is to impose a larger tax upon flax and jute and the products therefrom.

THE FIRST PLAN

I regard as impossible and altogether suicidal to the best interests of the country, and the second as entirely feasible and humane. We are paying about three times as much for labor as British, Scotch and Irish spinners, and France, Germany and Russia has labor still cheaper than Great Britain. About half our working people are from Scotland and Ireland and the balance native American, but all are paid the same wages for the same service. Those coming from Europe get about three times their former wages the first day they enter mills in this country. They earn more and expend more for rent, food, clothing and luxuries, and that makes business better here than in Europe. We don't want cheaper labor on this side the Atlantic. We can reach the linen question by another and better method. Let European manufacturers be given to understand that we are determined to raise flax and make linen goods in the United States and they will transfer their machinery rapidly to this country. St. Paul and Minneapolis would be very suitable points for the manufacture of coarse linen goods from domestic fibre."

"Upon what do you base your opinion concerning the coming of European flax machinery to this country?"

"Upon several. Linen thread makers have already established mills here, and others are about doing so. The Dundee (Scotland) Advertiser of Nov. 11, 1885, in an article headed 'Decay of the Leeds Flax Trade,' gives a sketch of the decay of the flax industry in Leeds and neighborhood, and a vivid dissolving during the last forty years. It says the business has not gone to Dundee or Belfast, nor has the demand for linen goods declined, but that the business has gone to France, Germany and Russia. The article closes with the following significant sentence: 'It is currently reported in town that Messrs. Marshall are establishing large flax mills in America.'"

"How is it that we can compete with India in wheat and not in flax and jute?"

Because flax and jute culture requires more labor than wheat. But let the farmers of Minnesota understand that cheap labor in India will soon be felt in wheat as flax. The railroad system of interior India is now completed, and it is only a question of time—a very few years—when Indian wheat, if untaxed, will be sold in the New York and Boston markets at a less price than Minnesota wheat. It will not be a question of exporting to European ports, but a question of supplying the Atlantic seaboard cities of the United States. England now boasts that it costs less to transport Indian wheat to Liverpool than to freight Minnesota wheat to New York, Boston or New Orleans. It therefore only remains for India to go on increasing her wheat acreage, which she is rapidly doing, and she will drive American wheat out of Europe and Indian wheat into America."

## THE CITY COUNCIL.

### Resolutions of Respect for the Late Vice President.

Last evening the city council held a regular meeting, but none of the ordinary business was transacted. All that was done was to receive and have read the mayor's communication in relation to the death of Vice President Hendricks, adopt the series of resolutions found below and adjourn till to-morrow (Thursday) evening. The following is the

MAYOR'S LETTER.

To the Honorable, the President and Common Council of the City of St. Paul: The death of Thomas A. Hendricks, vice president of the United States, having occurred since your last meeting, I issued a proclamation, a copy of which I inclose, directing that the public buildings should be draped in mourning and flags placed at half-mast for thirty days and the bells tolled for one hour on the day of his funeral. He was much endeared to the people. He believed in them, and they in him, and they will deeply deplore his loss. He was an able, consistent and honest statesman. He was true to his convictions and in every way worthy of the many honors bestowed upon him. As a member of congress, commissioner of the general land office, governor of Indiana, United States senator and vice president he discharged his duties with great wisdom and distinguished ability. The purity of his character was no less exalted. I am deeply moved by his death and am constrained to recommend that your honorable body give expression to the sentiments you entertain in such manner as you deem suitable to the occasion. EDMUND RICE, Mayor.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The following are the resolutions offered by the president of the council, Hon. R. A. Smith, and adopted by the council unanimously:

The common council of the city of St. Paul gratefully remembers the steadfast friendship to the people of Minnesota, both in his private and public life, exhibited for more than a quarter of a century by the Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, and desiring to pay tribute to the illustrious dead, and as an expression of the sentiment of this body, have unanimously

Resolved, That we are profoundly grieved at the death of Vice President Hendricks, who was an able statesman, a true patriot, a faithful public servant and a genuine representative of the highest type of the American citizen.

Resolved, That, as a friend and defender of liberty and free government he never was surpassed in the history of our country.

Resolved, That we mourn with the nation in this great public loss, and that we deeply sympathize with Mrs. Hendricks in her irreparable calamity in the sudden and unexpected death of her beloved and illustrious husband, whose memory will never die to those who love civil liberty and Republican government as exemplified in the United States.

Resolved, That these resolutions be entered upon the journal of this body, and an engrossed copy thereof be signed by the mayor and city clerk and forwarded to the family of the deceased.

## THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

### Provisions for Foundlings--A Tribute to Hendricks.

At the meeting of the county commissioners yesterday there were present Commissioners Bell, Hazzard, Rice, Konantz, Kirwin, Mitsch and Schneider. Reports of public officers were read and accepted. The board of control reported:

| | |
|---|---|
| Expenses for poor | $2,740 72 |
| County two-thirds | 2,499 82 |
| City one-third | 1,249 90 |

The county's share was ordered paid.

The county treasurer submitted the following balance sheet, under date of Dec. 1:

| | Dr. |
|---|---|
| State of Minnesota | $3,128 60 |
| County road and bridge fund | 2,611 54 |
| County school fund | 2,273 94 |
| City of St. Paul | 21,121 33 |
| Committee on county buildings' contingent fund | 441 20 |
| School text-book fund | 420 59 |
| West St. Paul back-tax account | 3,674 42 |
| White Bear village | 36 62 |
| White Bear town | 171 47 |
| All school districts | 4,192 98 |
| Taxes and redemptions | 8,556 31 |
| Total | $46,628 50 |
| | Cr. |
| County revenue fund | $2,675 31 |
| County poor fund | 855 68 |
| County interest fund | 2,457 01 |
| Tax refunded | 493 00 |
| Cash on hand | 40,147 50 |
| Total | $46,628 50 |

The committee on printing reported that the publication of the proceedings could be somewhat reduced by following suggestions made by the expert on printing. The sum of $5,000 was ordered to be borrowed to satisfy contracts for improvements made on the new poor farm. Interest to the amount of $530.83 was ordered paid to the German American bank of St. Paul, the same being for moneys loaned. The sum of $2,499.82 was appropriated for the support of the poor during November. McCarthy & Donnelly's bid for the burial of paupers was accepted. The November bills were allowed, and several routine matters were disposed of.

A resolution was adopted instructing the board of control to provide and care for the foundlings of Ramsey county, until further notice, at the new poor house, but report all bills and expenses attending the same separately; and inviting the ladies of St. Paul who have had plans for the care of the foundlings under consideration to appoint from their number a committee of five, whose duty it shall be to co-operate with the board of control, under its direction, in the execution of these resolutions. The following resolution was offered by Mr. Hazzard and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, In his infinite wisdom it has pleased Almighty God to remove suddenly and unexpectedly from earth the patriot and statesman, Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, vice president of the United States;

Resolved, That in his death the people mourn the loss of a true friend, a pure statesman, an eloquent and able defender of the constitution, and a powerful advocate of human rights.

Resolved, That in this sudden death we are again taught the lesson that he who holds the sea in the hollow of his hand is no respecter of persons.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of this board and copies thereof be furnished for publication.

## THE ADVENT MISSION.

### Addresses Delivered at the Church of the Good Shepherd.

The interest in the mission still continues. Another large congregation was in attendance last night. Bishop Whipple and the Revs. Gilfillan and Graves were the speakers, the rector, Rev. Mr. Pope, and the Rev. George C. Tanner of Owatonna being present. The subject for the evening was the Malignity of Sin. Mr. Gilfillan showed that different sins are leagued together, and that a person in freeing himself from one sin is apt to find himself confronted with another, which must be likewise eradicated. He dwelt on the sin of profanity, and related a wretched night which he had once passed in a strange city. Having retired for the night at a hotel, he was awakened by the most terrible noises which he had ever heard. It seems the jail was not far distant from the hotel and the drunken wretches who were locked up there were making night hideous with their blasphemy. Mr. Gilfillan's address was full of interest.

Mr. Graves followed on the same subject, dividing it into two heads: The mystery of sin and the slavery of sin. He spoke of vanity as being one of the prevailing sins. People think vanity is a very trivial sin, a mere foible, but physicians tell us that a large proportion of insane people become so by indulging in the sin of vanity until it has gained complete control over them. Bishop Whipple followed on the same subject. He said people seem to think that if they can barely secure God's forgiveness at the last moment of their lives that is sufficient. They need something else than that. Supposing, he said, that I could gather every thief, gambler and sinful woman in this city, could gather them all together to-night in some large hall, and supposing that I could say to them "My friends, I have got amnesty from God for all of you. There will be no more penalty for your sins." I would like to ask you, would the crowd be any better by obtaining peace merely because the penalties were taken away? No, no. The sin itself must be washed away. They must do like Mary Magdalene and go to Christ, Who is the only One who can present them spotless to the Father.

The services to-day will be holy communion 7 a. m., regular morning service 9 a. m., instruction service 3:30 p. m., evening service and addresses 7:30 p. m.

## SHE LEAVES HER HOME.

### A Lady on Dayton's Bluff Deserts Her Husband.

For twenty-five years Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hartman have lived together under marital vows, and in the eye of the public their life has been free from the traditional dark clouds that drift across the matrimonial sky ever and anon. Mr. Hartman is a member of the grocery firm of Fanning & Hartman, doing a big business on the corner of Seventh and Locust streets. At No. 244 Maria avenue he recently built a fine house and lavishly furnished it from the profits of his business. The neighbors were surprised last Thursday when Mrs. Hartman took her fifteen-year-old daughter, Matilda, and went to the house of her sister, Mrs. A. W. Comnick, 705 Ravine street, announcing that she had left the house of her husband never to return. She stated that he had drunk intemperately of late and had rendered living with him very uncomfortable. Yesterday afternoon Hartman went to the Comnick residence to see his daughter, and was told by the lady that the girl was not there. Last evening about 8:30 o'clock, together with his son, a young man, he went to the house again. While the son went to the door Hartman stood by the fence. He had been there hardly a minute when, according to his story, an officer caught him by the collar and told him to go home, as Mrs. Comnick had asked him (the officer) to protect her property. Hartman refused to go home, but left the house without seeing his daughter, and he says that to-day he will swear out a warrant to recover her, and when he gets the girl in his possession he will institute proceedings for a divorce. Mr. Hartman said last night that his wife had no reason for leaving him, and that he had always treated her with the utmost respect, but his greatest desire was to get his daughter.

## TEMPERANCE WORK.

### Highly Successful Meeting of the Father Mathew T. A. Society.

The Father Mathew Total Abstinence society held a rally at its hall under the cathedral last evening which spoke eloquently of the prosperous condition of the work. The hall was packed and the exercises were unusually interesting. A piano solo by Miss Schley was followed by a few opening remarks by H. Tracy. Another entertaining song was succeeded by the appearance on the rostrum of J. B. Brisbin, who said the Irish had more considerations to prompt them to temperance work, than any other people on the globe. There was the wise and potential dominating influence of the Catholic church, that gave the highest assurances of success. There is no cause dominated by the church that is not for the welfare of man and that will not ultimately triumph. Everything good in the nature and efforts of man laid hold on this foundation of religion. Another instance that animates Irishmen in this work is patriotism. The very virtues of the Irish character, the traits which have placed her sons in the front ranks the world over, have at the same time been its weakness, and the evil of intemperance had been its curse. The Irish are more bound together in this work by personal considerations than any other people. But great progress was being made, and to-day the Irish were the most temperate class in St. Paul. You see the Irish saloons, not gone, but going. The Catholic church had become a great and growing influence in this and other lines of effort, and mankind is bowing down to its power for good. He paid a high tribute to the work and methods of Bishop Ireland and his coajutors. Their methods are those of reason and practicability, not of sentimental impossibility, and closed with an argument in favor of high license.

A quartet, by Misses Folk, Carroll, Boloner and Chalifon, was sung and encored.

T. D. O'Brien followed with a neat address. He thought more effective work could be done by laboring for the societies than by preaching temperance in the abstract. To him the evils of intemperance seemed a twice-told tale. He spent a part of his time every day in the municipal court, where he had a temperance sermon every morning. Liquor is nearly always at the bottom of the misery, crime and strife there portrayed. It is to these societies that is due the fact that the spirit of temperance is kept alive. Their influence is necessary to individual abstinence and persistence therein. Of the thousands of convictions he had seen in the municipal court in the last five or six years, not one had been a member of the Father Mathew society, to his knowledge. He closed with an appeal for labor in behalf of increased membership, for the interests of the cause itself and of the society.

P. J. Fortune, with his witty remarks and song, convulsed the house and was recalled.

Father Shanley made a few extemporaneous and effective remarks. He had passed many pleasant evenings in that hall, but never felt more pleased than on this occasion, for he felt that the society was renewing its youth and vigor. He predicted some rousing and interesting meetings for the coming winter that would receive more than local notice. There were in Minnesota eighty total abstinence societies connected with the work of this diocese, each looking toward the labors of this organization, and it must be boomed. He indulged in some pleasing reminiscences of what he termed the palmy days of the society, when, some years ago, the membership was over three hundred, and the meetings were so full of spirit that the table was a mess of pulverized pine through the constant and vigorous use of the gavel. As an illustration of the results of abstinence he said that every married member of the society was enjoying health and a comfortable, happy home.

## M'MANUS' REPLY.

### The Health Inspector Denies the Odorless Company's Allegations.

St. Paul, Dec. 1—To the Editor of the GLOBE—Sir: After a residence in this city of over twenty-eight years, and after filling several official positions, I am accused for the first time of illegal and wrongful acts. My accusers are Mrs. Anna R. Mintzer and Mr. Donaldson, the latter being superintendent and manager of a scavenger company. The principal accusation is that I attempted to collect from Mrs. Mintzer and to appropriate to my own use certain funds due from her to the "Odorless Excavating company."

My old friends and general acquaintances will, I am sure, require no answer to these slanders on my part, but the reading public, to whom these charges have been made known through your influential journal, is so largely composed of those whom we have lately acquired as citizens, that I think it proper to say publicly and with emphasis that there is not the slightest truth in the accusations to which I have referred. Your obedient servant, PATRICK MCMANUS.

### The Diamond Jo Warehouse.

An ordinance to aid in the improvement of the public levee, and to foster and encourage the river business in St. Paul, has been prepared, and would have been submitted to the council last night but for the fact that no business was transacted. The ordinance gives permission to the Diamond Jo line of steamers to erect a wooden warehouse, one-story high, and 200 feet long by 40 wide, on the levee, commencing at the westerly end of the river warehouse, now between Jackson and Sibley streets, and extending thence west 200 feet. It is to be so constructed as to leave a covered, butopen, passageway from Jackson street to the river 30 feet wide. It is to be used only for the transfer of goods, and not for the purpose of trade. All boats arriving are to be allowed to discharge or receive cargo and passengers free of charge. Any steamboat corporation or company now or hereafter organized, operating a line on the Mississippi river, is entitled to use the warehouse with the Diamond Jo line upon such terms and conditions as the common council of St. Paul may declare to be just. It will be offered at the meeting of the council to-morrow night.

### The Special Delivery.

The rapid delivery does not seem to have proved to be as popular in St. Paul as it was expected it would. During the month of November the St. Paul office received from other places 609 letters; local letters deposited for delivery, 292; total compensation to messengers, $71.92; average compensation to messengers, $16.96; total number of trips by messengers, 656; average time of delivery of letters after arrival, 29 minutes, 7 seconds; mailed here to go to other places, 324; special-delivery stamps sold, $67.10. There was a falling off of 59 letters from the preceding month. The sale of special delivery stamps in October amounted to $115.50 and in November to $67.10, showing during the month of November a decrease of $48.40. The postoffice people do not regard the result of the past two months as a conclusive settlement of the matter as to whether or not the project will or will not in the end prove successful. They seem to think that partly through curiosity people bought more freely of stamps in October than they really required, and that they have some left over. They feel confident that the month of December will surpass that of October, and that ultimately the project will prove a success.

### Grand Army Fair.

Garfield post opened a fair at its hall on Jackson street last evening. The crowd for the opening night was quite large as was also the number of chances taken. The hall is very neatly fixed up and the tables are quite elegant with their display of choice goods. The most beautiful piece of work is a crazy-quilt, which will be given to the person holding the lucky ticket at a quarter. On the stage of the hall is a Gypsy camp, where Miss Eva Evans, the Gypsy queen tells fortunes at so much a head, Miss Emma Jenkins being doorkeeper. The tables are presided over by Mesdames Dougan, Milham, Johnson, Jenkins, Jackson, Gordon, Evans and Haupt. Mrs. Crocker and Miss Shiere have charge of the refreshment table, and Miss E. Hunter of the Jacob's well. Miss Ida Evans assists at one of the tables. To-night a fur coat will be raffled off to the most popular G. A. R. man, and an easy chair will be presented to the most popular member. The fair will wind up this evening with a dance.

### The Dairy Convention at Red Wing.

The annual Minnesota butter, cheese and dairy stock convention for this year will be held at Red Wing on the 15th and 16th of this month. Among the addresses arranged for on the program are: The Past and Present of Dairying in Minnesota, by H. C. Howard, assistant dairy commissioner; The Breeding and Feeding of Dairy Stock, by O. C. Gregg; The Cow in Diversified Farming, F. Davis; Adulterated Dairy Products and the Law, W. C. Rice, dairy commissioner; Our Dairy Market, H. G. Potter; The Cheese Industry, A. Johnson. Gov. Hubbard, Norman J. Colman, United States commissioner of agriculture, and a number of representative dairymen will be present and take part in the discussions. About $150 will be distributed in premiums for dairy displays and treatises. Ten dollars each will be given for the best treatises on the following topics: The Manufacture of Creamery Butter, The Manufacture of Dairy Butter (by a lady), Handling a Herd of Dairy Cows, Making Cheese.

### At the Grand.

Tom Keene played "Hamlet" at the Grand last night to an audience which was again vexatiously small. It was the same splendid impersonation we are so familiar with. The special scenery was all that was promised, the best of its kind ever seen in this house. Mr. Keene will repeat "Hamlet" this afternoon and play "Othello" this evening.

### The Attorney's Report.

Since the date of my last report I have settled right of way claims amounting to $412.17, deeds and contracts for which have been taken. Suit for damages of Wilson & Rogers vs. The Water Board was decided in favor of the defendant. The suit of James B. Powers vs. The Water Board is still undecided. The legal expenses for the department for the year have been $455.48.

S. P. FOLSOM, Attorney.

## GLOBULES.

With the exception of the health office, the city offices were closed yesterday.

The inventory of the real estate of the late Beriah Magoffin was filed yesterday, and foots up $35,000.

A meeting of the officers of the snowshoe club will be held at the club's headquarters at Hotel Ryan to-night at 8 p. m.

The Saint Paul Medical college building is now nearly completed, and will be well worth a visit from all interested soon.

George Morgan, who was arrested Monday night for beating his wife, was given ten days in the workhouse yesterday.

Joseph Reiseiger, charged with assault "with intent to do great bodily harm," withdrew his plea of not guilty and plead guilty.

Martin Wiand, the man who drove over the son of Thomas Malloy, breaking his leg, was fined $25 in the municipal court yesterday.

The jury in the case of Sarah A. Golden against Fred Richter and Henry Nachtsheim returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $1,103.45.

Carolina Kibure had Christian H. Newhouse arrested for seduction. The wound was healed by Judge Cory uniting the pair in marriage.

The postoffice and United States courts were closed yesterday most of the day, out of respect for the memory of the late vice president of the United States.

Charles Bauman and Andrew Oslund were committed to the state prison yesterday by the sheriff of Sibley county for 2 years and 2 years and 6 months respectively.

Mr. D. B. Finch yesterday morning returned from North Branch, bringing with him an enormous buck that he had shot but a few moments before he left for St. Paul.

Joseph Shambo, the man arrested Monday night suspected of having made the assault on Mrs. Berwanger, was identified as the man by the woman yesterday and he will have a hearing to-day.

There is no truth in the rumor that Tom Karl never intended to sing in the "Stabat Mater" on Sunday night. He had contracted a severe cold which utterly incapacitated him taking the part."

The city engineer yesterday made his report for the month of November. The total estimates allowed on contracts was $120,269.96. The pay roll on street and sewer work amounted to $9,430.70.

G. S. Bellows, the man charged with embezzling $200 worth of property at the Ryan, was arraigned in the municipal court yesterday and the case was continued till Dec. 5. Bail was fixed at $1,200, which Bellows failed to furnish.

Reported at the health office yesterday: Diptheria, 196 West Fifth street and 811 Farquier; scarlet fever, 550 Stillwater street, 471 Marshall avenue and 629 Whithall street. Vaccinations six, marriages three, births ten and deaths three.

Mrs. S. G. Nichols of the School of Domestic Economy, connected with the Iowa Agricultural college, gave a free lesson on soups and bread-making at the rooms of the Gospel Temperance union yesterday afternoon to a large number of ladies.

The adjutant general's report for November was submitted yesterday showing the following pension statement: Twelve original applications, 14 for increase, 2 widows', total 28, of which 15 were allowed. These carry a monthly pension of $111 and back pension of $5,908.

In response to inquiry the attorney general decides that a meeting of a board of county commissioners called with one day's notice is legal if the commissioners are all present, although the required notice is ten days. The standing provision of ten days is merely to allow time for notice and assembly, and if all are present the object of the law is accomplished.

Articles were filed yesterday incorporating the United States Trust, Mortgage and Indenture company of Minneapolis; capital $1,000,000, divided into 10,000 shares of $100. Those appearing as incorporators are S. H. Baker, Willis Baker, Isaac D. Alger, J. T. Elwell, R. F. Hurlburt, F. L. Straw, J. P. Gilmore, H. E. Blaisdell, J. E. Badger, Charles P. Silloway, F. C. Penney, J. L. Dobbin, Thomas S. King, Arthur A. Camp, W. M. Barrows.

When Miss Agnes Huntington reached her suite of apartments in the West hotel, Minneapolis, Monday afternoon, she found a fountain of beautiful fresh flowers smiling upon her. From a gilded basket representing a sheaf of wheat the roses and posies bloomed and shed their fragrance. A card concealed in the bouquet bore the following inscription: "Miss Agnes Huntington, with the love and gratitude of the ladies of the First M. E. church, St. Paul."

A suit has been brought against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road by John Lund, to recover $10,000 damages for injury by one of the agents of the road. The plaintiff says in his complaint that he was at work last July as a common laborer for the Milwaukee road, under the control of a section boss of the above road, and that while obeying the orders of the section boss he was run into and struck by a moving train, owned and operated by the defendant, and very severely injured. His leg and breast bone were broken, and he was otherwise greatly injured. He therefore asks $10,000, with costs.

### Additional local on the Eighth Page.

## PERSONALS.

B. M. Van Alstein of Princeton and Sheriff Bray of Sibley county visited the capitol yesterday.

At the Ryan yesterday: W. D. Barclay, Winnepeg; A. J. Amos, Wadena; Dr. S. F. Clements, Faribault; W. J. Anderson, Livingston, Mont.; Mrs. C. E. Philbrook, Brainerd; Dr. Charles Merry, Stillwater; S. W. Scranton, Morris; C. R. Cook and wife, Northfield.

At the Merchant: M. J. Flynn, Duluth; H. D. Hinley, Hillsboro, Dak.; Henry Keller, Sauk Center; A. G. Sexton, Cokato; J. H. Upham, Duluth; T. H. Caufield, Lake Park; P. A. McCarthy, Morris; Charles W. Blend, Jamestown; S. A. Gray, St. Cloud; Isaac Staples, Stillwater; C. F. Rogers and wife, Lake City; J. B. McLean, Lake City; John G. Brady, Sitka, Alaska; Dr. Stephen Arnold, Wabasha; B. A. Knapp, Beaver Falls.

AT CHICAGO.

Special to the Globe.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—Miss Baker, J. W. Cochran, Minneapolis, are at the Sherman.

A. J. Hill and wife, Faribault; George Graham and wife, Red Wing; E. T. White, Yankton, are at the Palmer.

R. R. Briggs, Moorhead; Senator D. M. Sabin and wife, Stillwater; Senator J. B. Gilfillan and family, Minneapolis; R. Warner, St. Paul, are at the Grand Pacific.

### Popular Excursions to California.

Three more first-class excursions will be run over the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway in December, as follows:

The first, leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis Dec. 14, going via Omaha, Kansas City and the great Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway.

The second, leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis Dec. 15, going by way of Omaha, Kansas City and the Missouri Pacific railway, through the Indian Territory to Dallas and Fort Worth, thence through the Pan Handle of Texas to El Paso and Los Angeles.

The third, leaving St. Paul and Minneapolis Dec. 17, going via Omaha and the Union Pacific railway to Denver and Salt Lake, and thence on through Sacramento, reaching Los Angeles Christmas eve.

Pullman sleepers the entire distance on each excursion. For rates and full information call at No. 159 East Third street, St. Paul, No. 13 Nicollet house block, Minneapolis, or address T. W. Teasdale, general passenger agent, St. Paul.

### Supreme Court.

OCTOBER TERM.

William H. Weibeler, appellant, vs. James Sullivan, treasurer of Scott county, respondent; argued and submitted.

P. O. Rondquist, respondent, vs. S. Higham and W. H. Higham, copartners, etc., appellants; submitted on briefs.

Adolph L. Singer and Charles Schoenman, copartners, etc., respondents, vs. A. H. Brockamp, appellant: submitted on briefs.

George Green, respondent, vs. The Knife Falls Boom Company, appellant: argued and submitted.

In the matter of Even J. Jones and Edwin J. Jones, late co-partners as E. J. Jones & Son, insolvents. (D. B. Rudd, O. C. Green, partners as Rudd & Green, and C. P. Maginnis, Sheriff, etc.), appellants, vs. Smith & Wyman and Farnham & Lovejoy, petitioners: application for reargument denied, and stay of proceedings vacated.

### Imported Cigars for Holidays.

Adam Fetsch, the pioneer cigar and tobacconist, East Third, has just received a shipment of 28,000 from Julian Alveriz, Cuba, $1,070.20 being the amount paid to the custom house here, averaging nearly $40 per 1,000 duty.

Gen. Grant's fourth and last war paper will be printed in the February number of the Century. An article on Gen. Pope's campaign against Lee, by Gen. Longstreet, will be included in the same issue.


CUMBEY, SPAULDING & HAWKINS,
30 AND 33 EAST THIRD ST.
ST. PAUL,
Are receiving daily a very Fine Line of
Christmas and Holiday Goods.
Go early and get your choice before they are all gone. They are also receiving the finest line of Candy ever brought to this market.

FOR GENTLEMEN
UNDERWEAR!
MERINO, WHITE AND COLORED! 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50.
All-Wool, White, Red and Striped! $1, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.
Camel's Hair, $1 to $2.25.
FUR CAPS, $1.75 to $16.
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420 WABASHA STREET.
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The best Piano in the market on the easiest terms.
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The Mutual Guarantee Endowment association of St. Paul, Minn., issues policies to both sexes in sums from $1,000 to $5,000, payable to the insured in five equal installments during life, or one-fifth of the original policy payable at death, should that occur before all life installments have been paid. This plan secures an income to the insured in their old age, at a rate within reach of all. Officers are: Mark D. Flower, president; Hermann Trott, secretary; William Bickel, treasurer; H. W. Busse, superintendent of agencies, and Dr. William Richeson, medical director. Home office of association in Germania bank building, corner Fifth and Wabasha streets, St. Paul, Minn.; Minneapolis office, room 87, No. 327 Hennepin avenue.
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Have nearly one thousand acres of land in the interurban district, along the lines of railroads, in the direct course of St. Paul's greatest growth. Being owners they are able to sell on most liberal terms and at moderate prices. Those in search of either large or small tracts for their personal use or for speculative purposes should call and see maps and learn particulars.
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We are sole agents for over
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Adjoining shops, which we are selling rapidly from $250 to $400 each on easy payments. There will be 1,500 men employed at these shops, thereby putting a population of over 5,000 inhabitants in that vicinity, including tradesmen, employes and their families. A rapid advance is sure to follow in the value of these lots. Call on or address
Bacon & Coleman, 325 Jackson Street.

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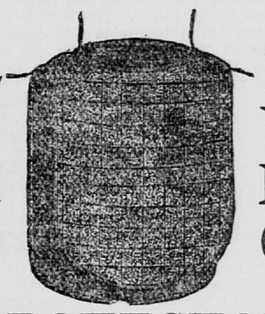
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The LUNG AND CHEST PROTECTOR herewith illustrated is one of the most useful garments, and one which every man, woman and child in this climate should wear. It is an impossibility that any person wearing it should "catch cold," or have an attack of pneumonia, bronchitis, or other acute throat or lung diseases. They also prevent and cure that most troublesome and loathsome complaint so prevalent in this region, Catarrh. For heart troubles, rheumatism, neuralgia and kindred complaints they are excellent and highly commended by all physicians.
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Cure of a sufferer for fourteen years from neuralgia of the heart. Mrs. E. F. Truman, Clay Center, Kan.
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Neither of us have had a cold since commencing to wear the lung protector.—C. M. Welch, Topeka, Kan.
Given up to die by the doctors—Cured by the lung protector.—J. H. Packard, Hill City, Tenn.
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They will wear any service for three years. Are worn over the underclothing.
In ordering mention whether for lady or gent; if stout or slender. Sent by mail upon receipt of price, or by express, C. O. D., with privilege of examination.
Address MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO., 89 Madison St., Chicago, Ill.


## CONTRACT WORK.

Grading Mendota Street.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 24, 1885.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 12 m. on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1885, for the grading of Mendota street, from Hudson Avenue to Minnehaha street, in said city, according to