

GREY'S MINISTERS GO.

The Brissot Ministry, Smarting Under the Tonquin Credit Affair, Resigns in a Body.

A Reluctant Acceptance by the President and M. De Freycinet Asked to Form a Ministry.

Congratulatory Telegrams Pouring in on President Grey - Talk About His Re-election.

Mr. Gladstone Tenders Thanks to His Many Friends Through the Press Association.

The Brissot Ministry Resigns.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—After a short session of the cabinet to-day, Premier Brissot called upon President Grey and announced the resignations of the whole cabinet. M. Brissot, replying to the president, said that he desired to retire from political life for a year in order to take a much-needed rest. The government's majority on the Tonquin credit was too small, he said, for a stable government, and the result of the Paris elections was a further reason for resigning. The French government will send a permanent agent to Corea in January, with power to negotiate a treaty with that country. President Grey again summoned M. Brissot to continue in office. M. Brissot was obdurate, however. The president then requested M. De Freycinet to form a cabinet, and the latter promised to give a definite reply to-morrow. It is generally expected that the president will accept the resignation of the Brissot ministry, and that he will hold also the foreign and colonial portfolios and will organize protectorates over Madagascar and Tonquin. M. Ferry had a long conference to-day with M. Grey. M. De Freycinet received 68 votes, M. De Freycinet 14 and M. Ferry 3. It is supposed that M. Brissot's withdrawal from political life is only temporary and that he will eventually have his chances for the presidency. President Grey has accepted the resignation of the ministry. There was a lively scene in the chamber of deputies. Several members charged that an accurate record of the present of the Tonquin credit was made. Shouts of "har," "swindler," were raised in all parts of the chamber. Eventually the official record was voted to be correct. The uproar was repeated in the lobbies and at least two duels are likely to result from the controversy.

AN ASSURANCE OF PEACE.

BERLIN, Dec. 29.—The German press hailed with pleasure the announcement of President Grey's re-election, which they regard as an assurance of peace between France and Germany.

Gladstone Thanks His Friends.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Mr. Gladstone has requested the press associations to convey to his friends his thanks for the many hundreds of congratulatory letters and telegrams received by him on the occasion of the anniversary of his birth. He also wishes to express his appreciation of the beautiful gifts and tokens which have been showered upon him from every class and quarter, and which in many cases accompanied by the most touching expressions of regard and affection. Mr. Gladstone says it would be absolutely impossible to answer the many friendly communications and presents he has received and he desires to express his gratification through the medium of the press. Among the congratulatory telegrams received by Mr. Gladstone was one from the Prince of Wales. Herbert Gladstone presented his father with a bust of the Earl of Beaconsfield. Among the other presents were an American axe and a bust of Archibald.

The King of Bavaria's Bankruptcy.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Pesther Lloyd says that the king of Bavaria's most urgent creditors are a Stuttgart furnisher and artists, who claim each 40,000 marks, expenses for luxuries, which were the cause of the king's bankruptcy. The family wish to abdicate, but Prince Bismarck and Emperor William will probably not allow them to do so.

The Germans Don't Like It.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Chronicle this morning has a dispatch from Berlin according to which it appears that the recent allocation of Pope Leo XIII has not been received with favor at the German capital. The tone of the allocation, it is thought, shows that the pretensions of the Vatican have been encouraged by the deference which was shown to it in asking the pope to arbitrate between Spain and Germany in the Caroline affair.

Grey's Government.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—President Grey has received dispatches from all the European powers, and also one from the Prince of Wales, congratulating him on his election to the presidency. M. Grey will not send a message to the chamber of deputies. M. Grey and the cabinet ministers urge M. Brissot, the prime minister, to remain in office, declaring to the chamber that the government suffered no defeat by the closeness of the recent vote in the Tonquin credit. M. Grey will not accept the resignation of M. Brissot.

Conservative Measures.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A cabinet council will be held on Sunday next for the purpose of discussing the drafts of bills which the government intends to lay before parliament in the coming session. It is reported that Mr. Gladstone has decided to await the production of the Conservative local government measure before divulging his own scheme. He is so much irritated by the cool reception given the published account of his project by the Liberals and private individuals that he will never again accept office.

Foreign Flashes.

The English government has instructed Gen. Spink, commander of the troops in Egypt, to limit operations to clearing the country between Wadyhalfa and Corosno of the Bedouins. The government desires to meet parliament with a declaration that it has no designs looking to the reconquest of the Sudan.

Negotiations are proceeding between England and China for a rearrangement of the boundary line between China and Burma. England is willing to cede to China a strip of territory approaching Bhama on condition that it will be well protected by police and that China adopts a lower tariff.

Miss Minnie Palmer opened an engagement at the Strand theater, London, Monday evening, appearing in "My Sweetheart." The verdict of the critics is that her acting has improved. The novelties introduced in the play were successful.

Lord Randolph Churchill, secretary of state for Ireland, is in Ireland. It is thought that his visit is for the purpose of obtaining information as to the condition of the country to be used at a cabinet council to be held shortly.

Baron De Courcel, the French ambassador, and Count Herbert Bismarck, German ambassador to the French, have signed a protocol defining the boundaries of the French and German territories in West Africa.

The London Standard, commenting on the question of home rule for Ireland, says: "The government will resist to its utmost ability any scheme for an Irish parliament control of the police in Ireland."

The London Standard says, Gen. Booth in beginning the Salvationists for the sum of \$30

TWO TIMELY TOPICS.

Silver Suspension and the Tariff Promise Plenty of Discussion in Congress This Winter.

The President and Speaker Carlisle Looking the Field Over with a View to Silver Compromise.

Pinkerton's Detectives Appear to Be Going to the White House for New Year's Only.

Gossip on Committee Appointments --Mr. Cleveland to Contribute to the Hendricks Fund.

Silver and the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The president and the speaker of the house held a number of conferences lately upon the silver question. Mr. Carlisle is said by his friends to believe that the present silver coinage should be suspended, but he does not expect that arbitrary suspension can be carried through. Too many members have committed themselves to the line of opposition to the suspension of the coinage of silver to now turn abruptly about simply for the purpose of being in accord with the president's policy. The vote of last spring committed many members who are in the present house. Nearly everything accomplished in politics or legislation is a compromise. So the natural outcome of the present agitation in congress will be something of this kind. It is understood that the recent conferences between the president and speaker have resulted in a compromise. The president is beginning to realize more than he did when he wrote the message the strength of the silver feeling in the West. It is possible he will favor the compromise, but he does not think that a compromise is practicable. It is thought by some of the house leaders on the Democratic side that a proposition limiting coinage to a certain

FIXED AMOUNT,

which will permit coinage to go on for some time, may be passed. The way here proposed is coupled with additional features to facilitate the getting out of silver already coined, would undoubtedly meet with favor in the house and senate. The financial question promises to take precedence in the coming session. It will take some time for the ways and means committee to mature a new tariff measure, as it is not believed Mr. Morrison intends to reintroduce his horizontal tariff bill. That measure was said at the time of its discussion to have been expedient. The committee now has plenty of time, and in view of the large number of tariff reformers in the house, it will be natural to procure a careful bill which will not be so wide as the horizontal cut of last year. The measure is much simpler in form, and there is a greater pressure behind it to have it settled in some sort of way than there is back of the tariff. The business people of the country would be very well satisfied if there was no tariff agitation. The postponement of this question, but they are very much in earnest about the financial question, and will continue to be so as long as the treasury continues to heap silver in its vaults, holding over the business of the uncertain future of a constant menace.

HE EXPECTS NO LEGISLATION.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 29.—Ex-Senator McDonald, who has just returned from Washington, expresses the belief that there will be no legislation on the silver question this session, and that the house is largely opposed to suspension of silver coinage.

PROTECTING THE PRESIDENT.

The Pinkerton Detectives Apparently Called for New Year's Day.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Few knew it, but among those who did quite an excitement was created through an intercepted telegram sent to the president of the United States, stating in words to this effect: "Pinkerton's men to Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, Washington, D. C.: Five of Pinkerton's detectives left here this morning on a rumor of your threatened departure for New Year's day. A reporter called at the headquarters of the metropolitan police force to ascertain if the police chief was advised of any attempt on the life of the president. Maj. Dye, the commandant of the force, was not on duty. The chief of police, however, and the officer in charge of the police force for the night stated that he had not been advised of any extraordinary precautions necessary to insure

THE PRESIDENT'S SAFETY.

"But," he said, "I do not think the fact that five of Pinkerton's men are in the city here is evidence of any danger threatened the president. My opinion is they are ordered here to do duty at the White house on New Year's day."

"Is the president on that day subjected to any special danger?" was asked.

"Five," he answered. "Grover Cleveland, the president receives the public promiscuously. He cannot be a respecter of persons. Anybody can approach him. I imagine that in Washington, O. O. Brown, president of the K. K. K., or those who have his personal safety at heart, have concluded that the surveillance at the White house was not enough to insure the safety of the president, and for this reason the Pinkerton force of five men have been ordered here as an additional precaution."

"How many men of the metropolitan police are regularly detailed to the White house for continuous duty?" was asked.

"Then when the Pinkerton relay reaches here, how many men will be on hand to protect the president New Year's day?"

Last night a second telegram was sent the president. It was to this effect:

Philadelphia, Dec. 28.—To Grover Cleveland, executive mansion, Washington, D. C.: Pinkerton's papers report that a force of Pinkerton's detectives have been ordered to Washington for the protection of the president.

This dispatch was taken to the president. The president was not accessible to callers, but he wrote on the back of the telegram: "It is a fabrication. No detectives have been ordered here."

In spite of this statement the chances are that an extra force of skilled detectives have been ordered here to do duty on New Year's day. The president recognizes that it is to be a trial to his worth and services inasmuch as the doors will be open to the general public. The fact that two men have been within a week apprehended in an attempt to force an entrance into the White house by the rear entrance, has doubtless constrained him to take precautions of a most extraordinary character to insure his personal safety on the date of his first public reception to the people.

THE PRESIDENT WILL ASSIST.

Mr. Cleveland Will Contribute to the Hendricks Monument Fund.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Last evening Senator Voorhees received the following letter from the president:

My Dear Sir: I understand that a movement is on foot to erect a monument to the memory of the late vice president, and that it is to be a tribute to his worth and services on the part of his friends and associates. This project is so fitting and appropriate that it seems to me that it must meet with general approval. My relations with Mr. Hendricks, both personal and official, were such that it would be a source of much satisfaction to me to see this great work promptly begun, and at the proper time I hope I may be allowed to aid in the undertaking. Yours sincerely, GROVER CLEVELAND.

In reply to the president's communication, the senator wrote as follows:

Washington, Dec. 29.—Mr. President: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of

your highly esteemed favor of yesterday.

On behalf of the immediate personal friends of the late vice president, and of the great body of the people of Indiana, I feel authorized to tender you the very grateful and sincere thanks which I feel it a timely interest in a monument so honorable to his memory, and so well deserved by his public services and his private virtues. Permit me to assure you that no act on your part, in the midst of your present labors for the public good, will be longer cherished or more highly prized by the people of Indiana than the monument which in their efforts to erect a monument to his fame. With the highest respect and warmest personal regards, I am very faithfully yours, D. W. VOORHEES.

CARLISLE'S COMMITTEES.

He is Said to Have Them Nearly Ready for Announcement.

Special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The report that Mr. Morrison is willing to waive his claims to the chairmanship of the committee on ways and means is credited by very few members of congress. On the contrary it is believed that the necessity of selecting the strongest men from the Democratic side to offset Reed, Hiseock, McKinlay and Kelley will force the speaker to related Morrison to the head of the ways and means, and may require the transfer of Tucker of Virginia from the chairmanship of the judiciary committee to the second place on the ways and means. The Republican members of the old ways and means committee are well equipped for fighting the battle for high protection, and are the best debaters on the Republican side. It is conjectured that the new situations caused by the revision of the rules may lead the speaker to Reed and Hiseock to other committees, but that will not lessen the importance of having the best talent available to support the tariff reform movement.

"Next to Carlisle himself," said a tariff reformer, "the most important man in congress, with Morrison, Tucker, Brockenridge (Arkansas) and Mills (Texas) we shall favor the compromise. We have no means to make the Democratic part of the committee what it will need to be if Mr. Carlisle gives the protectionists as good a show as he gave them in the House of Representatives."

AT THE CAPITOL.

To-day, where Mr. Carlisle was in consultation at different times with Holman and Morrison, the gossip about the commission was in the air. The influence of the speaker's influence to the House of Representatives in favor of putting young Pary Belmont at the head of foreign affairs, and that the speaker was perplexed by the sharp competition between Curtin and Belmont through their friends. It is said that the speaker has completed all of the committees except the most important ones, and is beginning to get things in such shape that he can see his way clear to an announcement of the full list of the congress next week. Still he has not yet made up his mind to spare the time to take a trip to Boston to share with the party of congress men who left here to-day the hospitality of the Merchants' club of that city, although it was specially desired by the president. It is believed that nearly 200 members of congress in the city.

A \$10,000,000 Bond Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The secretary of the treasury has issued a call for \$10,000,000 of 3 per cent. bonds, the principal and accrued interest of which will be paid on Feb. 1, 1886, and interest thereon will cease on that date. All of the bonds of this loan will be called by the original numbers only. The three million of bonds to be issued on Feb. 1, 1886, of the above described bonds will not be paid by checks forwarded to the holders of the bonds, but will be paid with the principal to the holder of the bonds originally included in the numbers have been transferred or exchanged into other denominations of "water," the original numbers being cancelled and leaving outstanding the apparent amount above stated. The provision of law governing the order in which the bonds shall be called is as follows: "Then, in order of priority, the bonds shall be called under this act, and then substituted shall first be called in, and in order of payment shall be called until all shall have been paid. Then, in order of priority, the bonds shall be assigned to the secretary of the treasury for redemption. Assignments must be dated and properly acknowledged, as in and to the order of the secretary of the treasury. Where checks on payment are desired in favor of any one but the payee, the bonds should be assigned to the 'Secretary of the Treasury.' Here insert the name of the person or persons to whose order the check should be made payable, and the Secretary of the Treasury."

To Search for the Amethyst.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The secretary of the treasury to-day received a telegram from Capt. Hooper of the revenue steamer Rush at San Francisco, stating that after a consultation with Capt. Healey of the Corwin, he had decided to undertake the search for the missing whaler Amethyst. The whaler was last seen on the 15th of August, and was believed to be somewhere in the Aleutian islands, or whether he should push northward, following the ice pack as it broke up in the spring. Secretary Manning replied as follows: "Take the necessary supplies and proceed at once. Obtain necessary information as to the whaler and use your judgment as to the number of men to be sent. It is believed at the department that the Rush will be able to sail from San Francisco for Behring's sea on Thursday next."

A MURDERER BURNED.

A Georgia Hired Criminal Who Killed Miss Boyer.

MOBILE, Ala., Dec. 29.—Details of the burning of the negro murderer Reed by a mob near Gaines town yesterday show it to have been a most horrible affair. Reed was arrested and placed in jail Saturday, charged with the murder of Miss Boyer, whose body was found, horribly mutilated, lying on the road Friday. Sunday he confessed the crime, but he did not intend to kill her, but that his gun went off accidentally and wounded her, and he then, fearing that she would inform on him before dying, beat out her brains with the stock of his gun. He was bled high one among them applied the torch. As the flames shot upward the negro gave a shriek of agony. The crowd, seeing the smoke and flames enveloping him, did not wish him to die so easily. They scattered the brands and the man was seen writhing in agony. Once more a pile of white wood was constructed and the flames sprang up briskly, scorching the negro terribly. Before they became fatal, however, they were again subdued, and again the doomed and wretched man was seen convulsed and writhed in pain. The third time the pile was lighted it was allowed to do its work, and the body of Reed was completely reduced to ashes. The crowd then dispersed to their homes. This is the second incident of the kind at the same place.

More Trouble Expected.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 29.—Everything has been quiet among the Poles to-day. A large number of Poles attended the inquest of John Laviski, the Pole who was shot Christmas day, but no trouble ensued. The inquest was adjourned till to-morrow. A doubt is expressed but that the verdict will be murder by some person or persons unknown. To-night there was presented for the consideration of the aldermen a petition from the followers of Father Kolosinski, asking the city to interfere and compel the bishop to reinstate that priest. It was tabled. It is reported that Kolosinski's emissaries have been among the Polish

THEY BOILED HIS BODY.

An Atrocious Murder Committed in Indiana Five Years Ago Just Coming to Light.

The American Consul at Leipzig Prevents the Consumption of a Bigamous Marriage.

A Mob of Georgia Fiends Incarnate Pile Wood About a Negro and Burn Him.

Boiled His Body.

VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 29.—John B. Bunch, a prosperous young farmer, near Shoales, Martin county, disappeared mysteriously about five years ago, and although every effort was made, no trace of his whereabouts was ever found. The matter has been completely forgotten until Sunday, when the superintendent of the Martin county poor house was sent for by one of the inmates, a Mrs. Archer, who informed him that Bunch was murdered by her husband, his brothers Thomas and Martin, and John Lynch and George Cook. She said the Archer were desperate lawless men, who were engaged in horse-stealing and other lawless acts; that they had frequently endeavored to induce Bunch to join them, but to no avail, and they finally determined to get rid of him as a dangerous man. She said that her husband, John B. Archer, invited Bunch down to the banks of Lost river and murdered him with a bowie knife, put him in the boiler of the engine of an old portable saw mill, and boiled his body for two days and nights, and then took out the bones and placed them in a grave beneath a coffin. Here the body of Bunch was allowed to rest but a few days when it was again taken out and placed somewhere else, Mrs. Archer knowing no where. Her confession, as made before the prosecuting attorney, implicated all of the above named men, and warrants were made out for their arrest. Sheriff Podgett, of Martin county, advised her to place the body in a coffin and proceeded to a farm about five miles south, where Archer was working. Archer was making rails. Podgett showed him the warrant, when Archer declared he would not go, and went to the house, got his gun, and ordered the men to get out. Archer with gun, and frightened the officers away. Sheriff Podgett has now taken eleven men, and proposes to have Archer and his companions, dead or alive. Archer says that her husband deserted her shortly after the murder, and that poverty drove her to the poor house. The affair has created a sensation.

A BIGAMOUS MUSIC TEACHER.

How a Prompt Consul Saved a Mississippi Girl.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Mr. Dubois, consul at Leipzig, has informally reported to the state department an interesting case. He received a letter of inquiry from Van Manning, of Mississippi, some weeks ago. This letter said one C. B. Wright, a music teacher, who was a graduate of the conservatory at Leipzig, was then employed as a music teacher in a prominent seminary for young ladies in Mississippi. No gentleman teacher is employed there, but he is married. Wright, who was a native of Connecticut, represented that he was married, and was able to satisfy the principal of the school of that fact. After he had been employed there for some time he informed one of the young ladies of the school that he was not married, and that he had merely represented himself as married in order to get employment in the school. The young lady was infatuated with him and became engaged to the married man. Her father opposed the marriage, and she went to Van Manning to look up the principal of the school. They believed Wright was married. YOUNG GIRL WAS HEADSTRONG, and, although closely guarded, was certain to run away unless evidence could be quickly produced that he was a married man. Mr. Dubois, who had the original paper man, responded to this request for information with the alacrity of a veteran reporter. He looked up Mr. Wright's record and found that he had a wife and two children in Leipzig. The circumstances and was obliged to support herself on 24 cents a day as a corset maker. He procured her marriage certificate, giving her an official copy in exchange, and also received several of her husband's letters. This was done within twenty-four hours after the receipt of the letter from Van Manning. The information reached the Mississippi family just in time to break off the contemplated marriage. The young lady threw over the music teacher at once, and she was married to the principal of the school. Wright was promptly dismissed from his position, but to avoid scandal, no publication was made in Mississippi. It is now understood that Wright is employed in some place in the West as a music teacher.

Robbed in Mexico.

St. Louis, Dec. 29.—News has just reached here from Jannance, Mex., of a robbery which took place a few days ago in the state of Chihuahua. It appears that John N. Heppen, a former mayor of Memphis, Tenn., but now manager of the Guadalupe Celva Mining company of Memphis, left the mine with two servants for Parral. When about fifty miles from Parral he was captured by robbers and all his personal effects, including mules and outfit and gold and silver bullion valued at \$5,400 were stolen. Mr. Heppen was not injured. A party has started from Parral in pursuit of the robbers.

Severed His Jugular.

SNOW HILL, Md., Dec. 29.—Samuel Blake was stabbed and almost instantly killed late last night by Ernest Brattan, near Girdle Tree Hill, Worcester county. Brattan was escorting a girl from a party, when Blake made an insulting remark and struck Brattan. The latter drew a knife and stabbed his opponent in the neck, severing the jugular vein. He made no effort to escape and was lodged in jail.

Justifiable Homicide.

VICKSBURG, Dec. 29.—The steamer Will S. Hayes passed up last night. A short distance above Natchez Floyd Hicks, a negro roanabout, made a murderous attack on John Winn, the mate. Capt. W. G. Floyd intervened, when the negro turned on him with a knife. Capt. Floyd drew his revolver and fired on Hicks. The ball entered his head and killed him instantly. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide. Winn was still in a critical condition when the boat left.

Crucial Cullings.

Yesterday morning at Pittsburg, James Kain, a desperate character, shot and almost instantly killed John Wright, a colored man, because the latter accidentally ran against him on the street. Alfred Painter, proprietor of the Hotel Windsor, Toledo, who was shot through the abdomen Monday afternoon by Henry A. Miller, died yesterday evening. Miller is in jail. On Sunday afternoon at Stickney Prairie, Tex., Deputy Sheriff Davis was killed by a mob of desperadoes who were out for disturbing a Christmas entertainment. Edward Livermore, a Wall street broker, was arrested Monday by the sheriff, under an execution against his person, and is now in jail.

Minor Mishaps.

While making connection with the natural gas, it was recently struck at Kittingan, Pa., James K. Myler, Charles Neale and Henry Colwell were severely burned by an explosion of the gas. It is thought Myler is fatally injured. Advice from points along the New England coast report heavy winds and high tides and the stranding and wrecking of many small coasting vessels. Chesapeake Bay reported there were a few lives lost. The body of Cadet Reinhard, who was accidentally killed at Oxford, Ind., on Sunday, reached Baltimore yesterday. The body was sent to Indiana. He was the only son of Judge Reinhard. The steamer Gellert, from Hamburg, which arrived at New York Monday night, reports, Dec. 27, at 11 a. m., having rescued seven men from the wrecked schooner Ivanhoe of Gloucester. James Turner, a nephew of United States Senator Brown, was run over by a freight train in the Western & Atlantic railroad yards, Atlanta, Monday night and ground to pieces. Fred Cosgrove, aged 35, employed at a furnace in Niles, O., was overcome by gas yesterday morning and fell twenty-five feet, striking on his head and breaking his neck. A fire at the Peacock coal mine, near Mineral Ridge, O., destroyed all the buildings, causing a loss of \$10,000 and throwing 100 men out of employment. The schooner Orphan Boy is doubtless a total wreck, but it was reported that eight men were on board or lost. The Gulf City Oil Mills, Mobile, exploded yesterday. Three negroes were killed.

HURLED TO ETERNITY.

Ten Men Meet Death in a Terrible Oil Works Explosion in the City of Mobile.

A Conflagration in Mississippi Licks Up Over \$300,000 Worth of Goods and Buildings.

By the Overturning of a Skiff in the Kentucky River Four Persons are Drowned.

Ten Men Badly Burned in a Pennsylvania Explosion—Other Accidents.

Ten Men Killed.

MOBILE, Ala., Dec. 29.—This morning one of the boilers of the Gulf City Oil works exploded with terrific force, blowing out the east and west walls of the building and destroying the adjoining sheds. At the time of the explosion J. S. Staunton of Social, Ga., the foreman, and twenty-four colored hands were at work. A crowd soon collected and began extricating the wounded, whose cries could be heard from all parts of the city. When the work was finished it was found that ten men were killed or injured, as follows: ISRAEL BARABY, fatally scalded; has since died. ARCHER HICKS, fireman, fatally injured. T. P. JONES, fatally scalded. MORRIS WALLACE, WILLIS BLACK, DANIEL WATSON, GEORGE CHASTEN, burned to death, their charred bodies being found in the debris. RICHARD HUNTER and WILLIAM BORDEN were also severely injured. The explosion is attributed to lack of water in the boiler. It occurred just after midnight. The whistle had just been blown for lunch or the casualties might have been greater.

A \$300,000 Fire.

GREENVILLE, Miss., Dec. 29.—A cottonseed oil mill, owned by W. and H. Stead & Co. of England was burned this morning. The building was 400 feet long, and with right gear. The contents were valued at \$130,000. The loss is estimated at \$280,000. The fire started in the mill, and flames spread to eight or ten dwellings adjoining, and they, together with 3,300 bales of cotton in the yard, were consumed. The total loss is estimated at \$300,000. The insurance is believed to be less than \$100,000. The ownership of the cotton was divided between a considerable number of firms and individuals.

The Cleopatra's Captain's Story.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—The captain of the Cleopatra, wrecked off Gloucester, Mass., most of her crew being rescued, tells the following story: We sailed from Boston Dec. 22. I had a crew of eighteen men. Everything went well with us until we were struck by a hurricane on Saturday. The vessel was dismasted and thrown on her beam ends. When the vessel went over fourteen men were washed overboard and of the four left one was dashed on the rocks. Eleven of the fourteen succeeded in swimming back to the vessel when she righted, and the other three were so badly wrecked that the water poured into their boots, cracks, and all hands were kept busy at the pumps to keep her afloat until our signals of distress were sighted. Each of the crew was badly bruised. They carry the marks with them yet in the shape of black eyes, bruised faces and sprained arms. To-day the vessel was sighted, and all waterlogged and spoiled, and I do not know what would have become of us had not our signals been seen by the Lord Gough.

Burned by an Explosion.

KITTINGAN, Pa., Dec. 29.—At a gas well being drilled for the Kittingan Iron company, three miles from Kittingan, an explosion occurred about noon to-day, in which ten men were burned. The cause of the explosion is unknown. Detective Stevenson, who was but a few rods away, extinguished the fire. The bodies of the men, which had been fifteen feet away from the derrick, immediately after the explosion. He thinks the gas ignited from that, while others say it caught from a spark thrown from a piece of iron which was being sledged. The explosion was so strong that it forced the gauge. A sheet of flame enveloped everything in the vicinity and burned the derrick and rigging. Those burned were Charles T. Nealer, superintendent, and Henry Caldwell, treasurer of the Kittingan Iron company; George Miller, contractor; Andy Stefer, test dresser; George Knapp and Frank Kiskander, drillers; John C. Doty, watchman; the two Lamb boys and one boy unknown. The attending physicians fear some of the injured will not survive.

Down an Embankment.

CHESTER, Pa., Dec. 29.—An axle of a freight locomotive at Chester Creek railroad broke at Mt. Alto on Monday morning and derailed the entire train, throwing it down a steep embankment. James Rambo, the engineer, of Philadelphia was crushed to death beneath the tender. George Mott, brakeman, of Chester was so badly injured that he cannot recover, and A. C. Williams, conductor, of Chester, was so badly injured that he will probably never be able to walk. The train was on its way to Philadelphia. The track was torn up for fifty yards, the cars piled high upon each other and the fields strewn with merchandise.

The Work of a Crank.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 29.—A special to the Evening Journal from Gunderland station says: A letter signed John R. Swift, and dated Sept. 17, has been found near Indian Ladder. The writer says that he murdered a man named Hailey and threw the body into a hole. He also says he secured a cash of \$10,000 in gold and bills, which he gives to the finder of the letter. The letter states that Swift and Hailey committed robbery in Knowersville last summer.

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SNOW HILL, Md., Dec. 29.—Samuel Blake was stabbed and almost instantly killed late last night by Ernest Brattan, near Girdle Tree Hill, Worcester county. Brattan was escorting a girl from a party, when Blake made an insulting remark and struck Brattan. The latter drew a knife and stabbed his opponent in the neck, severing the jugular vein. He made no effort to escape and was lodged in jail.

Justifiable Homicide.

VICKSBURG, Dec. 29.—The steamer Will S. Hayes passed up last night. A short distance above Natchez Floyd Hicks, a negro roanabout, made a murderous attack on John Winn, the mate. Capt. W. G. Floyd intervened, when the negro turned on him with a knife. Capt. Floyd drew his revolver and fired on Hicks. The ball entered his head and killed him instantly. A coroner's jury rendered a verdict of justifiable homicide. Winn was still in a critical condition when the boat left.

Crucial Cullings.

Yesterday morning at Pittsburg, James Kain, a desperate character, shot and almost instantly killed John Wright, a colored man, because the latter accidentally ran against him on the street. Alfred Painter, proprietor of the Hotel Windsor, Toledo, who was shot through the abdomen Monday afternoon by Henry A. Miller, died yesterday evening. Miller is in jail. On Sunday afternoon at Stickney Prairie, Tex., Deputy Sheriff Davis was killed by a mob of desperadoes who were out for disturbing a Christmas entertainment. Edward Livermore, a Wall street broker, was arrested Monday by the sheriff, under an execution against his person, and is now in jail.

Minor Mishaps.

While making connection with the natural gas, it was recently struck at Kittingan, Pa., James K. Myler, Charles Neale and Henry Colwell were severely burned by an explosion of the gas. It is thought Myler is fatally injured. Advice from points along the New England coast report heavy winds and high tides and the stranding and wrecking of many small coasting vessels. Chesapeake Bay reported there were a few lives lost. The body of Cadet Reinhard, who was accidentally killed at Oxford, Ind., on Sunday, reached Baltimore yesterday. The body was sent to Indiana. He was the only son of Judge Reinhard. The steamer Gellert, from Hamburg, which arrived at New York Monday night, reports, Dec. 27