SAINT PAUL MATTERS.

Another Cable Car and Motor Ordinance Was Passed by the Council Last Night,

After a Discussion in Which It is Alleged to be a Scheme to Boom Real Estate.

Two Men Fell in Market Hall and Were Seriously Injured--Street Sayings.

Round-Up of Local News on a Bright Autumn Day--Many Minor Happenings.

ORDINANCE NIGHT.

Another Cable Line Allowed the Street Railway Company--Work of the Council.

It was ordinance night at the city council last evening, and Clerk Prendergast read and re-read ordinances until his voice was husky. Estimate No. 8 on the Robert street bridge, amounting to $8,891, was allowed and a warrant ordered drawn in favor of the Morse Bridge company for that amount. The following improvements were ordered: Opening and extending Mississippi street, from Broadway to Nash; sewer on Jackson street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets. The directors of St. Luke's hospital were granted permission to erect a hospital building at the corner of Prairie and Douglass streets. The board of health recommended the opening of an alley in block 92, Arch's subdivision of Lyman Dayton's addition, and the construction of a sewer on Eighth street, between Robert and Jackson streets. The necessary orders were sent to the board of public works for the same.

An ordinance, authorizing the Minnesota & Northwestern Railway company to erect a wooden bridge over its tracks on State street, a wooden bridge 30 feet in width, with 18 feet roadway and 6 feet sidewalks on each side, was passed under a suspension of the rules. The bridge, in five years, is to be replaced with a bridge such as the council shall direct, and the ordinance is to be accepted within sixty days after its passage. The ordinance granting the St. Paul Heat and Power company the right to erect buildings for storing natural gas and to lay pipes, etc., was passed. The ordinance gives the company the exclusive right for fifteen years, at the end of which time the city shall have the right to purchase the plant, the amount to be agreed upon by commissioners. The privileges granted in the ordinance are not to be operative in any manner until the company shall satisfy the council that natural gas has been discovered in such reasonable quantities as will furnish a supply, which shall be made and demonstrated before Jan. 1, 1888. The ordinance granting the St. Paul City Railway company the right to maintain and operate a cable line was read and approved. There was a deal of discussion over certain sections of the ordinance, especially to a section which provided that in case any of the streets over which the line was to run should not be graded or bridged prior to July 1, 1887, the company was to have four months (exclusive of the winter months) after the grading and bridging to complete the line. Ald. Starkey said this was wrong. The scheme was a

REAL ESTATE SPECULATION

from beginning to end, and the council had no right to call upon the property owners to pay for the grading of streets which were to be opened, not for the benefit of the public, but simply that the road could be built. The proper way to do was to wait until the property owners asked for the grading. Ald. Kerr said the property was owned by four or five persons, and they were interested more than the city was. The line would help build up the city, and he had been informed the company would not accept the ordinance if the section was stricken out. He had labored long and earnestly in preparing the ordinance, had finally secured the three-cent fare from 6 to 7 o'clock in the morning and evening, and hoped the ordinance would pass as read. Ald. Smith said he could not vote for the ordinance unless the section regarding the substitution at some future time of an electric motor for cable cars, was stricken out. The people in his section wanted a cable line, but no electric motor. The two sections debated were ordered stricken out and the ordinance then passed.

It gives the company the right to construct, operate and maintain a motor or railway line, to be operated by steam, cable, electricity, pneumatic or any pow besides animal power. The cable line to be constructed within the following limits, viz: On West Seventh street, from Seven corners westerly to Ramsey street; thence on Ramsey street to Oakland street; thence on Oakland street to Grand avenue; thence on Grand avenue to Victoria street. The motor line shall be constructed, from Victoria street on Grand avenue to Macalester avenue; thence northerly on Macalester avenue, when extended to Leslie avenue, when extended; and thence westerly along Leslie avenue, when extended, to Cleveland avenue; thence across Cleveland avenue on Leslie avenue, when extended, 1,320 feet, more or less, to the west line of the east half of the northeast quarter of section 5, township 28, of range 23; and thence north or northwesterly to the foot of the first line of hills east of the bank of the Mississippi river and nearly parallel thereto; thence along the foot of said line of hills to the west limits of said city; provided, that the said line shall not be located at any point nearer than 600 feet to the top of the bank of the Mississippi river.

The company is to have the cable line in operation on or before Nov. 1, 1889, and the motor line shall be in operation by Nov. 1, 1887. After five years from the completion of the motor the company shall discontinue the use of steam in operating the motors, whenever the council order it, and thereafter shall use cable or other power.

An ordinance granting the street railway company the right to lay a double track on Robert street, from Seventh street to the bridge, was passed. A resolution authorizing the appropriation of $15,000, to be expended by the carnival directors

AT THE ICE PALACE,

brought Col. Allen before the council as a committee from the directors. Col. Allen said there was no doubt that the ice palace last year was of vast benefit to the city and business men. The directors this year had about $8,000 on hand, and as it was intended to make the thing free, the directors would ask the city for about $15,000. He asked that a special committee from the council be appointed to meet with the carnival directors. The matter was referred to the committee on ways and means. The special committee to whom was referred the purchasing of hay and wood markets submitted a report in favor of establishing four markets at the following points: one in the Third or Fourth ward, in the vicinity of Rice street; one in the First district of the Fourth ward, in the vicinity of West Seventh street; one in the First or Fifth wards, in the vicinity of Mississippi street, and one in the Sixth ward. The committee selected lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 4, Robertson & Vanetten's addition as a site for a market in the northern part of the city, but has not made selections for any of the other proposed markets, and ask further time for that purpose. The resolution vacating Greenbrier avenue, between Margaret and Minnehaha streets, caused a deal of discussion. John D. O'Brien, J. J. Lemon, F. P. Wright and W. E. Ladd appearing and protesting against the vacation on behalf of the property owners and the Dayton's Bluff union. The talk, however, had seemingly no effect, for the resolution was passed by a vote of 12 to 1, Ald. Starkey voting in the negative. Thomas Brennan was awarded the contract for furnishing the city with lumber for the ensuing year. The figures in the bid were, all pine lumber, 18 feet and under, $11.50 per 1,000 feet; pine, 20 and 22 feet, $12.50; oak, 20 feet and under, $22; common stock, 1 and 4x4 feet long, $25; all lumber surfaced one side, $1 per thousand extra. The communication from the fire commissioners, relative to the sale of the engine house property on St. Peter street and the purchase of a lot on another location, was referred to the fire committee and aldermen of the Fourth ward.

FELL TWENTY-TWO FEET.

Two Men Frescoing Market Hall Injured--The Staging Breaks.

Richard Bishop and B. W. Williams, two workmen employed to fresco the ceiling of Market hall, were seriously injured yesterday afternoon by the breaking of a scaffold on which they were at work. The men fell twenty-two feet. Williams, who lives at 361 Franklin street, had two ribs broken and his left hip dislocated. Bishop, who resides at 311 Oak street, had both wrists dislocated and was severely bruised about the head. The injured workmen were removed to their homes in the patrol wagon. John Sheppard, the contractor, says the accident was caused by the supports being not properly nailed.

SIDEWALK ETCHINGS.

Mr. Gilman stood behind a pile of trunks in the rotunda of the Merchants yesterday with his broad-brimmed hat tipped on the back of his head, a frown on his brow and carelessly marked 107, 104 and 102 on a brick-colored grip-sack as he hummed to himself the following words:

"I may be right,
Or I may be wrong,
But, as near as I can figger,
Within the lofty pile of wood,
There's a portly sort of nigger."

***

The actor strode forth from behind the scenes with his hair combed pompadour and his cold, sallow face pointed straight at a St. Paul audience. Asking the professor to give him the key, he sang; sang long and loud with a voice full of soul and ham sandwich, and the song he sung was, "Don't Leave Your Mother, Tom." Just as the last notes were dying away, the solemn tones of a deep-voiced chestnut bell rang out over the audience and grated harshly on the open-faced ears of the singer as he faded away into the wings. Again he came forth with symptoms of typhoid fever on his cheeks and a quick, narrow step. Halting at the footlights he bent his brow and looked out over the sea of faces and in slow, measured tones delivered himself of this bit of biography:

"My dear friends, the chestnut bell is only worn by sheep, calves and cattle. This is the first time I ever sang in a stockyard."

***

A man and his wife were passing a Third street dry goods store yesterday. At the door hung a sign, "Stamping done here." The woman read it, and with inherent curiosity said to her husband:

"John, do you see that sign up there?"

"Yes," replied John, looking up.

"What does it mean?"

"What does it mean?" repeated John, scratching the back of his head.

"Yes."

"That's a dry goods store, you know."

"I know it is."

"Well, that sign just informs the public what the clerks do when people built your way come in and pull over the entire stock of goods, ask the price of everything and leave without buying."

"Oh!"

Crusaders Entertained.

Crusaders' hall, corner of Wabasha and Sixth streets, was crowded last evening, the occasion being a musical and literary entertainment, given by the society. The programme began with a piano solo, "Come back to Erin," by Miss A. Zenzius, which was followed by a short address by George Reddington. Miss Mattie Haggerty rendered "Coming Through the Rye" in a way to elicit the applause of the audience, and Miss Hester Butler gave the temperance recitation, "The Drink," being followed by a violin solo by Matthew White. Father Mahoney gave an address on temperance. C. F. Morrow sang "The King's Kiss," and the temperance parody on "The Raven" was read by C. G. Carter. After some remarks by Father John Shanley the entertainment closed with "Good-Bye, Old Cabin Home," by the society glee club.

Another Chautauqua Circle.

A Chautauqua Literary and Scientific circle was organized at the office of Lawton Bros., on the West side, last evening, starting out with a membership of seventeen. E. P. Penniman, state secretary, was present and conducted the organization. C. S. Schurman was chosen president, Miss Hawthorne, vice president, and C. B. Lawton, secretary and treasurer. It was decided not to select a name until the next meeting, which will be held a week from last evening.

He Owns No Slaughter House.

Martin Delaney, who sent in a petition to the city council last night for permission to build a slaughter house on the river bank near Western avenue, said yesterday to a GLOBE reporter that if any city official had charged him with running a slaughter house there or anywhere else without the necessary permission it was an error on the part of the official. He said he had not owned a slaughter house anywhere for six years, and never owned one at the place indicated.

Married in Court.

Richard Stahl, musical director for the company now playing "We, Us & Co." at the Grand opera house, and Miss Bertie Crawford, who appears in the play as "Bertie Clifford" were married yesterday afternoon. A license was procurred at the office of the clerk of the district court and the couple, accompanied by two young gentlemen as witnesses, went to the municipal court, where Judge Cory performed the ceremony in his private room.

The Ware Not Called For.

Oliver Irvine, the colored coachman arrested by Detective John O'Connor on suspicion of having stolen a lot of silverware, was arraigned in court yesterday and his case continued to Saturday. No one called yesterday to identify the tableware which Irvine had sold.

GLOBULES.

Reported at the health office yesterday: diphtheria at 1012 East Seventh street; births, 4, deaths, 2.

Isaac M. Stetson has sued the Northwestern Masonic Aid association for $557.35, for services rendered as general solicitor.

A campfire will be held at Garfield Post hall, 183 East Sixth street, Thursday evening, Sept. 23, the date having been changed from that heretofore published.

Emmet Roche has brought suit for $10,000 damages against Paul Fritzche, for maliciously causing him to be arrested and imprisoned on a charge of robbery.

Mat Kaminietz, who was charged with running a liquor stand at the fair grounds without a license, was discharged by United States Commissioner Cardozo yesterday.

The case of R. J. Diamond, who was fined $50 in the municipal court for selling liquor in the restricted portion of the Seventh ward, has been appealed to the supreme court.

A force of men were put to work yesterday on the excavations for the approaches to the Third street bridge. City Engineer Rundlett says the bridge will be open for travel January 1, 1887.

The directors of the Winter Carnival association will hold a meeting at the Ryan hotel this afternoon at 5 o'clock. Among other matters of importance to be decided will be the location of the ice palace.

Henry Schenk has brought suit for $2,110, costs and damages, for being thrown out of Herman Kogler's saloon on Dakota avenue by the bartender, Charles Richter. Both Kogler and Richter are made defendants.

The McCormick Harvester company has purchased an acre and a quarter of land at the Minnesota Transfer for the construction of a large warehouse, to be used as a distributing headquarters for their Northwestern trade.

Judge Wilkin filed an order overruling the demurrer to the complaint in the case of Joseph Silk vs. Charles G. Ainsworth. He also overrules the demurrer to the complaint in the case of Arnold Kalman vs. John W. Gregg et al.

A cream-colored damsel, Kittie White by name, had Joseph Giesenhaup arrested for larceny. Kittie is an inmate of a colored bagnio and claimed that Joseph had robbed her of a $5 note. The evidence was to the effect that Joseph had never been in the resort and he was honorably discharged.

Lieut. F. M. M. Beall, signal corps U. S. A., commenced an inspection of the signal service of St. Paul yesterday. He is much pleased to find the efforts of the service are so highly appreciated by the people of Minnesota, and believes that, with the assistance of the Minnesota state weather service, the daily predictions and cold wave warnings can be sent to the principal towns throughout the state.

PERSONALS.

City Editor Hubbell, of the Winona Republican, was in the city yesterday.

Adjt. Gen. McCarthy returned yesterday, after an absence in Michigan of several weeks. He is much improved in health.

St. Paul Real Estate.

There were thirty-four real estate transfers filed yesterday.

E R Kellette to F R McManigal, lts 1 and 2, Dyer's rearr lt 3, blk 11, Macalester Park	$1,350
P J Kerst to C I McCarthy and J G Donnelly, w ½ w ½ ne ¼ se ¼, sec 9, town 28, range 23	10,500
M Sumbards to D W Clark, lt 12, blk 22, Syndicate Add No. 5	450
G Adams to E H Bucklin, lt 8, blk 11, Holcomb's add	1,250
E C Varney to L H Haas Trusted, lt 29, rearr blk 1, A E Ramsey's add	450
Wm Schauer to A Krauke, lt 6, blk 4, Stinson's Rice St add	450
C Ackerman to C F Brown, lts 9 and 10, blk 1, Bryant's add	1,800
E Coghlan to M Wurst, lt 22, blk 8, Hersey Wolsey add	500
D C Robert to W E Carpenter et al, lts 36 and 37, blk 6, Clarke's add	1,200
E Chassen et al to Otto Miller, tract in blk 27, Mackubin & Marshall's add	10,000
F L Schurmeier to William Lindeke, ⅔ blk 4, Central Park	17,000
A Oppenheimer et al to William Schnellmann, lt 24, ½ blk 1, Syndicate Add No 2	675
J W Lohmann to W R Ladd, lt 22, blk 2, Schurmeier & Evans' add	1,050
C Ash to A G Bell, lt 4, blk 2, Messerle & Eschbach's add	1,100
J Seebich to P Haupt, lts 21 and 22, blk 4, Holcombe's add	2,400
J Wheeler to The Edison Electric Light company, lts 1 and 2, blk 1, Bazille & Guerins' add	14,000
P Olsen to G Nelson, lt 27, blk 2, Lockwood's add	4,487
M M Kellogg to W George, lt 3, blk 23, Mackubin & Marshall's add	900
P Rogers et al to Bristol et al, lts 29 and 30, blk 10, Eastville Heights add	1,000
William O'Brien to E G Scott et al, lt 15, blk 6, Ninninger & Donnelly's add	2,600
H Sahlgaard et al to McCluer & Bristol, lts 21 to 28, blk 10, Eastville Heights add	8,500
T A Beaumlott to H Flospeter, part of w ½ sw ¼ sec 34, town 30, range 22	2,450
T Flaspeter to A Beaunlott, lt 23, subd blk 106, L Dayton's add	1,300
P T Kavanagh et al to A Johnson, lt 20, blk 7, Overbrook	505
M Hansen to A Aamodt, e'ly 90 ft lt 17, McKenty's out lots	1,340
J Linden to R J Bennett, lts 10 and 11, blk 1, Manson & Simonton's add	3,500
J Tuttle to G O Ostergren et al, lt 1, blk 12, Jackson & Biddwell's add	1,000
D S Inman to D Ash, lts 7 and 8, blk 2, Lake View Park	200
M Connelly to D S Inman, lts 7 and 8, blk 2, Lake View Park add	150
R Schiffmann to M Egan, lt 23, blk 109, Schiffmann's subd blk 109, L Dayton's add	800
J R Weide to A E Erickson, lt 8, J R Weide's subd blk 27, Arlington Hills add	700
D S B Johnston Land Mortgage company to G H Biggs, lts 10 and 11, blk 4, Oakland Park add	1,000
F B Clarke to K Kennelly, lts 7 and 8, blk 6, Clarke's add	1,300
Wm Le Fevre to Wm Ott, lt 25, blk 5, Stinson's Rice Street add	550
Total	$86,967

BUILDING PERMITS.

Eleven permits to build were issued yesterday, as follows:

Martin Egan, 1-story frame dwelling, Beech st, bet Cypress and Earl	$1,000
Henry Kroning, 1½-story frame dwelling, Charles st, bet Grotto and St Albans	1,000
Herman Onken, 2-story frame dwelling and barn, Cook st, bet McMenemy and Mississippi	1,500
John Hilgoth, 1½-story frame dwelling, Charles st, bet Kent and Mackubin	700
Seven minor permits	1,400
Total	$5,600

MINNESOTA'S UNIVERSITY.

Its Affairs Discussed Before the State Board of Regents.

President Northrop's Views on Some Departments of the College.

The state board of regents were at the capitol yesterday morning at 10:30 a. m., the full board being present. President Northrop made a report which showed an increase in students, an enlarged force of teachers, an addition to the library and apparatus, the erection of a commodius building for the college of mechanical arts and the physical laboratory, the reorganization of the college of agriculture, and the organization and successful working of a past graduate department. The high schools are increasing in their support of the university, and soon the preparatory department will be abandoned. The number of graduates in '85 were 19, in '86, 22. The total number of graduates since '73 is 243. The number of students admitted in '84-5, 73; registered, 76. Admitted in '85-6, 143; registered, 50. High school certificates presented in '84-5, 161; in '85-6, 339. President Northrop reported the general plan of the new science hall, the specifications of which will be presented at the next meeting. The body then adjourned till Thursday, Sept. 30, at 10 a. m.

The report of President Northrop, which was a lengthy one, says that since the last biennial report no change has been made in the membership of the board at the university, in the faculty, however, a number of changes have occurred. Since the last report forty-one degrees have been conferred.

Seventy-two women have graduated with honor during the past two years. There was a slight increase in the attendance in '84-'85 over the year '83-'84, and in the year of '85 and '86 the attendance had increased nearly a hundred. In the year '85-'86 there were 143 applicants admitted and 50 rejected. An observatory is needed, and it is recommended that it be built as soon as possible; a library building is also badly needed. The president said in his report that he was sure the state of Minnesota would not be behind Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska in providing the necessary buildings for the accommodation of its state university. It was recommended that there be a

PROFESSOR OF VETERINARY

science and a professor of botany provided for at an early day. The college of agriculture, as now organized, offers an opportunity to the sons of farmers, with a good common school education, to begin at once the work of securing not only a scientific knowledge of agriculture, but a general education which will be of the greatest service in fitting them for the duties of citizenship. The agricultural course, as now prescribed, happily combines the two processes—discipline and the acquisition of technical knowledge. If the college shall receive the generous support of the people it will amply meet the wants of the people for agricultural education. In regard to the college of medicine, he said:

I am not satisfied with the present condition of the college of medicine. I have no fault to find with the faculty. They are gentlemen of learning in their profession, and well fitted, I have no doubt, to give instructions in their several branches of learning. But they do not give instruction, and under the present plan of organization they cannot. Year by year we announce for the edification of all students who may be thinking of entering our college of medicine, 'no instruction is offered in this college. The faculty is an examining body solely.' I am clearly of the opinion that the college of medicine should either be made more, or be made less. It is to be hoped that some plan may be devised by which the university may be able to give instructions in medical science and do something, as I think it ought, to elevate that science in the state. Whatever plan may be devised, I should hope it would be one that would unite in its support the medical profession in the state and would secure the hearty co-operation of the professors in the various medical colleges of the state, who are already engaged in giving instructions in the science of medicine. In connection with this subject, I desire to put on record my very decided opinion that when such college is established, fees should be charged to the students, fees large enough to pay the salaries of the professors, and thus the state would be relieved in a large degree of the expense for what, though serviceable to the state, is yet in the main a matter of personal advantage to the students and prospective doctors of medicine. The improvement in the character of the high schools of the state, the manifest desire of school boards and principals to improve the standing of their schools and to make them first-class, and the fact that a respectable number of students now enter the university as freshmen, all give the assurance that the necessity for maintaining in the university a sub-freshman or preparatory class is passing away.

A Beautiful Present.

The Virgin Salt company, of New Haven, Conn., to introduce virgin salt into every family are making this grand offer: A crazy patchwork block, enameled in twelve beautiful colors, and containing the latest fancy stitches, on a large photographed card having a beautiful gold mounted ideal portrait in the center, given away with every 10 cent package of Virgin salt. Virgin salt has no equal for household purposes. It is the cleanest, purest and whitest salt ever seen or used. Remember that a large package only costs 10 cents, with the above present. Ask your grocer for it.

$4.75

Buys an elegant hanging lamp, with dome shade and prisms. H. L. Wheat & Co., 380 Wabasha street.

It is Awful

The way Wheat is selling Rogers Bros.' plated ware. Just think, a set of knives and forks for $5.

Decorated Glassware.

Something new, just received by H. L. Wheat & Co., 380 Wabasha street.

THE CONCLAVE BEGUN.

Commencement of the Twenty-third Triennial Meeting of the Knights Templars at St. Louis.

The Grand Master and His Representative Make their Reports of Three Years' Work.

A Satisfactory Financial Exhibit--Important New Legislation Proposed.

The Great Parade Dispensed With on Account of the Heavy Rain.

The Knights Templars.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 21.—This was the first day of the twenty-third triennial conclave of the Knights Templars of America. The streets were handsomely decorated, but the grand parade failed to come off because of rain. The grand encampment began its session at 12:30, being presided over by Sir Knight Charles Roome, of New York City, R. E. D. G. M., in the absence of Sir Knight Robert Enoch Withers, who was too ill to leave his room. In the public meeting Mayor Francis delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the city, which was responded to by Deputy Grand Master Roome. On behalf of the Missouri grand commandery, an address of welcome was presented by Sir Knight Joseph S. Browne, grand commander, and also briefly responded to by Deputy Grand Master Roome. At the conclusion of these preliminaries at 1 o'clock the encampment went into secret session to listen to the addresses and reports of officers.

IN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The first business was the reading of the report of Grand Master Withers. This report covered only that period from his appointment in 1883 to June 1, 1885, at which time his acceptance of the consul generalship to Hong Kong necessitated the delegation of the powers of grand master to Charles W. Roome, deputy grand master. After reciting routine proceedings, reference is made under the discussion of foreign relations to the questions at issue with the great priory of Canada, which was finally referred to a special committee appointed to-day. The report states that Joseph H. Drummond has prepared a digest of the decisions of the grand master as approved and modified by the grand encampment, and the decisions of the grand encampment. In 1883 and 1884, thirteen commanderies were constituted, chiefly in the Northwestern states and territories,

DAKOTA COMING IN

for the largest share. The country is congratulated on the completion of the Washington monument, while the fact is deplored that so few contributions have been received for the monument to Garfield. The grand master recommends the substitution of the past grand master for the deputy grand master on the printing committee and the employment of a private secretary for the grand master. He also recommends that the bonds of the grand treasurer and grand recorder be reduced to the amount of $10,000 each. The report closes with general felicitations on the progress of the order. Following the report of Grand Master Withers, Gen. Roome, of New York, deputy and acting grand master, submitted the report of his stewardship, extending from May 12, 1885, up to the present time. Before proceeding to the details of his report, Gen. Roome noted the death of twenty-four members of the grand encampment since their last meeting and the erection of eleven new commanderies. The report then proceeds to discuss the Canada question mentioned in Grand Master Withers' report, and insists upon it that the Scotch encampment antedates the sovereign great priory and that they are therefore not bound to be governed by it. He recommends that the present encampment make no effort to try to bring about a settlement of that question. The deputy grand master reports

THE FOLLOWING DECISIONS:

made by him during his term of office, an appellate body cannot assume original jurisdiction. In the case of the Anderson (Ind.) commandery chartered by the Grand commandery against the protest of the Muncie commandery, the acting master holds that an appeal from the action of the grand commander may be presented, and that the latter should cause the conclaves of the new commandery to cease, pending action of the grand encampment. A similar decision was rendered in the case of the Charlotte (Mich.) commandery, which was chartered without the consent of Lansing, No. 25, the nearest commandery. The acting grand master also holds that a commandery has the right to receive and act upon the report as a committee to which had been referred the question of the formation of a new commandery after its dispensation had been returned, and until the grand encampment had decided to grant or refuse a charter. Upon the question of a revision of the ritual, the acting grand master says: "A copy of the report of the committee on ritual has been furnished me. While it would be manifestly improper for me to indulge in any detailed criticism in this place, I am free to state my surprise that it should be in most respects not altered at all.

A MERE CHANGE OF WORDS

without any change in the intent and meaning, I do not consider of sufficient importance to arrest the adoption of a standard form, and the removal of this question from debate, and I trust that you will devote your time only to such matters in regard to which an honest difference of opinion may exist." The report of Grand Recorder Thomas Parvin is rather voluminous. It opens with a discussion of the printing question and censures grand commanders for failures to report and the printing committee for a lack of energy in the matter of printing and distributing important documents, notifications of meetings, etc. By reason of the failure to issue proper summons certain amendments, etc., to the code could not be acted upon at the last conclave, and this fact is commented upon in a sharp manner. The grand recorder

DEFENDS HIMSELF

against informal charges of a neglect of duty in failing to issue these summons, holding that he is only authorized to issue such summons when so ordered by the grand master, and recommends that the question of authority in this connection be definitely settled. The grand recorder also makes the following recommendations: That all commanderies holding their charters direct from the grand emcampment be required to elect their officers at the state conclave in May; that the grand encampment adopt some uniform drill, and the printing of a new edition of the constitution. Grand Treasurer John Wermons, of New York, submitted a report for the years 1883 to 1886, in connection with the grand recorder's report. The receipts were $20,361, disbursements $9,557, balance to new account $10,804. The revenues of the grand encampment have been steadily increasing, as have also the members of subordinate commanderies. From long experience and observance, and from a close analysis of the sources of income, the treasurer ventures the prediction that the income of the grand encampment will be sufficient to

MEET ALL EXPENSES

and leave a liberal margin of increase. Previous to the reading of the reports, the reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with. A resolution was adopted permitting Knights to attend the meetings of the encampment even though not in full uniform, as required by the rules. It was decided after to-day to hold two sessions daily. The following committees were appointed:

On Doings of Grand Officers—H. L. Palmer, of Wisconsin, chairman; James P. Homer, of Louisiana; E. W. Patock, of Indiana; C. C. Danforth, of New Hampshire, and George Scott, of New Jersey.

On Finance—James Sonley, of Texas, chairman; H. T. Graves, of California; George S. Taylor, of Vermont; Harry Birkett, of Minnesota; John F. Hallock, of Tennessee.

On Dispensations and New Commanderies—Joseph H. Bensenburg, of Wisconsin, chairman; William T. Lawrence, of Michigan; C. E. Stanley, of Ohio; G. H. Burnham, of Massachussetts, and J. L. Baird, of Wyoming.

On Credentials—John L. White, of Illinois, chairman; Peyton L. Coles, of Virginia; G. W. Walgrove of New York.

On Grievances and Appeals—W. H. Innes, of Michigan, chairman; C. E. Meyer, of Pennsylvania; W. B. Issaacs, of Virginia; J. O. Shaw, of Maine; Norman T. Cassett, of Illinois.

On Templar Jurisprudence—James H. Hopkins, of Pennsylvania, chairman; A. T. C. Pierson, of Minnesota; J. D. Adams, of Arkansas; Enoch T. Carson, of Ohio; H. W. Robert, of Iowa.

On Location of Next Conclave—W. G. Moore, D. C., chairman; Peter Forester, of New York; C. C. Hutchinson, of Massachusetts and Rhode Island; George Dairs, of West Virginia; Thomas Ballantyne, of Georgia.

After referring reports of district commanders to the committee, the encampment adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

CONSIDERABLE ANNOYANCE

was caused by the noise of the machinery in the Exposition building, and it was decided to get a new hall for future meetings, unless the machinery could be stopped during the sessions. In conjunction with the meeting of the grand encampment will be that of the order of the Eastern Star. The local chapters have made great preparations for the entertainment of the grand chapter, which meets to-morrow. To-morrow night the nobles of Moolah temple, nobility of the Mystic Shrine, of St. Louis, will, in conjunction with Medina temple, of Chicago, celebrate the last feast of the old year, the day of Arafat at Mecca. The celebration will be on a magnificent scale, the military exercises being conducted under the auspices of Medina temple, assisted by the Imperial Grand Potentate Sam Briggs, of Cleveland, and other members of the imperial council. There is a large number of candidates for admission, the order having only recently been introduced in St. Louis.

The Odd Fellows.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 21.—The following officers for the ensuing year were elected to-day by the Sovereign Grand Lodge Odd Fellows:

Grand sire, John H. White, New York; deputy grand sire, C. O. Underwood, Kentucky; grand secretary, T. A. Ross, New Jersey; grand treasurer, A. Shepard, Pennsylvania.

In the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows to-day Representative Underwood, of Kentucky, from the committee of Patriarchs, militant degree, presented an exhaustive report, which was referred to the finance committee. Representative Kadle, of Missouri, on behalf of his jurisdiction, invited the Sovereign Grand lodge to hold the session of 1888 in St. Louis. Representative Wilkinson, of Missouri, addressed the grand lodge on the subject, when the invitation was referred to the session of the grand lodge. The hour for special order having arrived the jurisdictions were called, and a large amount of business was presented and referred to the several standing committees. A resolution was offered to permit the state grand instructors to be present at this session to inspect the secret journal. After considerable discussion the matter was referred to the committee on the state of the order. Representative Gibson, of Colorado, presented an invitation to the grand lodge to hold the session of 1887 in Denver. The invitation was accepted.

REMOVAL!

BIG REDUCTION
This Week,
—AT—
Pannell's
IN
FALL AND WINTER
UNDERWEAR!
HATS, CAPS,
AND
Gents' Furnishings!
Before Removal to 412 Jackson street. Now is your opportunity at
167 East Seventh Street.

Change of Street Grades

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Sept. 21, 1886.

Notice is hereby given that the Common Council of the City of St. Paul, at their meeting to be held on Tuesday, the 19th day of October, A. D. 1886, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, will consider and may order a change of grade on the following streets, between the points named, viz:

PALACE STREET,
From Webster to Oneida streets;
ERIE STREET,
From Jefferson avenue to Cascade street;
LISBON STREET,
From Garfield street to Pleasant avenue;
EDGERTON STREET,
From Minnehaha to York streets;
ANN STREET,
From West Seventh to Von Minden streets;
BEECH STREET,
From Cypress to Earl streets;
FRANK STREET,
From Seventh to Reaney streets;
ONEIDA STREET,
From Seventh to Cascade streets;
EARL STREET,
From Minnehaha to Margaret streets;
YANKEE STREET,
From West Seventh to Dousman streets,

All in accordance with and as indicated by the red line on the profiles thereof, and as reported upon as being necessary and proper by the Board of Public Works of said city, under date of Sept. 15, 1886, which said reports were adopted by the said Common Council at their meeting held on 16th inst.

The profiles indicating the proposed changes are on file and can be seen at this office.

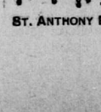
By order of Common Council.
THOS. A. PRENDERGAST, City Clerk.
sep22-4w-wed&sat

NOYES BROS. & CUTLER,
IMPORTERS AND
Wholesale Druggists,
68 and 70 Sibley street, corner Fifth,
ST. PAUL, - - - - MINN

Notice of Dissolution of Copartnership.

Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing under the name of Mohr & Thomssen, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All demands will be made upon and all debts paid to Henry Mohr who will continue the business at the old stand, No. 182 Concord street.

HENRY MOHR,
265-67 HERMAN D. THOMSSEN.


The Peerless Extension Table.
Made only of selected kiln-dried Ash, Oak, Birch or Walnut. Patented slide. Removable Legs. The handsomest and strongest table in the market. Send for descriptive circular to
The St. Anthony Furniture Co.,
ST. ANTHONY PARK, RAMSEY CO., MINNESOTA.

CAN'T STOP!

Did you never have a similar experience? The momentum being so great that it's almost impossible to stop. THE BOSTON has acquired such a momentum that it's impossible to stop it. Its popularity has increased to such an extent that of it it can truly be said, it's the people's popular clothing house. These chilly days are harbingers of what's in store for us. It's just the best time now to select your winter suit. You may not actually need it at present, but our assortment is now as large as it will be, and that's saying a good deal. Three ordinary clothing houses could not contain such an enormous stock as is here under one roof waiting your pleasure. Trousers are deserving of special mention. They receive more wear than coats and vests, wear out sooner, three pair of Trousers often being worn out to one coat and vest. Our assortment of Trousers is worthy an inspection by gentlemen wishing fashionable legwear. Overcoats, both fall and winter, are here by the thousand for you. Those winter overcoats we spoke of that were left over from last year is each one a bargain. They are all precisely as good as any made this year, only we don't like to have one or two overcoats of a kind on hand. It will be to your interest to see if you can be fitted from these bargains in winter overcoats. Some especially choice fall overcoats came in last week. They are Meltons in diffferent colors, and sell for $10, $14 and $16.

BOSTON
One-Price Clothing House,
Corner Third and Robert Streets, St. Paul.
JOSEPH McKEY & CO.

AN OPEN LETTER!

In reply to numerous inquiries regarding the Ernest Gabler & Bro. Pianos, we beg to say that they are STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS, and yet sold at a medium price. We offer them at from $300 upwards, on the very liberal terms of $10 PER MONTH Hundreds are taking advantage of this offer and we advise all in need of a FIRST-CLASS Piano at a LOW PRICE and on EASY TERMS, to write us at once for catalogue and full particulars.

W. J. DYER & BRO.,
148 & 150 East Third Street, ST. PAUL. 408 & 410 Nicollet Avenue. MINNEAPOLIS.

GENTS' SHOES,
Laced, Button and Congress,
ONLY $3.50 A PAIR, Seamless.
These are CUSTOM-MADE, and not to be compared with the so-called $3.50 Eastern-made shoes sold throughout the country. Over 2,000 pairs sold by us this season. Every pair warranted.
SCHLIEK & CO., 89 EAST THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL.

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY,
STAUNTON, VA.
Miss Mary J. Baldwin, Prin.,
Opens 1st September, 1886. Closes June, 1887. Unsurpassed location, buildings, grounds, appointments. Full corps teachers; unrivaled advantages in Music, Languages, Elocution, Art, Bookkeeping, Physical Culture, Board, etc., with full English Course $250 per entire session. For full particulars apply to Principal for Catalogue.

TESTIMONAY OF
MICHIGAN ARCHITECT
SAGINAW, Mich., Aug. 19, 1886—I have used the
Hall's Sheathing Lath
In the construction of private dwellings and public buildings, with very satisfactory results, and cheerfully recommend its use where warmth and solidity of walls is desired. It is also entitled to merit on ceilings where the builder desires to deaden the upper floors, as it forms a floor for the material. Where extra warmth is required, it may be used as an outside sheathing, with grooves inward and plaster between the studding, affording also additional fire protection.
F. W. HOLLISTER, Architect.
E. T. SUMWALT, Lumber Dealer, Gilfillan Block, St. Paul. Agent for the Northwest and Southwest.

ASK FOR THE
W. L. DOUGLAS
Best material, perfect fit, equals any $5 or $6 shoe, every pair warranted. Take none unless stamped "W. L. Douglas' $3.00 Shoe, Warranted." Congress, Button and Lace. Boys ask for the W. L. Douglas' $2.00 Shoe. Same styles as the $3.00 Shoe. If you cannot get these shoes from dealers, send address on postal card to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.
$3. SILK STITCHED BEST KID BEST TANNERY CALF BOTTOM SEWED
For Sale by
CINCINNATI SHOE CO.,
173 East Seventh Street, St. Paul

STEAM HEATING!
WE WISH TO INTRODUCE OUR
PATENT BOILERS
In St. Paul and vicinity, and will make
VERY LOW PRICES
FOR THIS SEASON.
Plans and specifications furnished for public and private buildings. We also manufacture Valves for Steam, Water and Gas Works, Brass Castings, etc.
HOLLAND & THOMPSON,
Works—West St. Paul.
Office—173 Minnesota Street.

CHEAPEST BOOK STORE
IN THE NORTHWEST!
NEW AND OLD BOOKS.
Libraries and Parcels of Books bought. Send for catalogue.
R. F. LEASK &