

THE DEEDS OF DEMONS.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Blow Up a Passenger Train on a Pennsylvania Railroad.

Blackmailing New York Detectives Attempt to Fasten Criminality on an Injured Husband.

An East Saginaw Mariner Successfully Resists a Raid by Night Prowlers.

Arrestment of the New York Bootleggers--A New England Mian's Awful Crime.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 11.--Upon the arrival at Dubois, Pa., of the Pullman train to-day, the car inspector, while passengers were getting on and off the cars at the depot, discovered three dynamite bombs and caps fastened under the springs of the rear coach. The bombs were carefully moved and there were pale faces among the passengers when they learned the terrible fate they had so narrowly escaped. The train starts from Puxunatuney every morning, and it is undoubtedly at that place that the bombs were placed under the springs as it only made short stops between there and Dubois. It is twenty miles from the place of starting and how it was possible for a train to run that distance over short curves with that amount of dynamite and caps under the springs of a coach is a mystery. The train passengers were in a panic. Suspicion points directly to no person as the perpetrator of the deed. The matter will be thoroughly investigated.

BLACKMAILING DETECTIVES.

Details of Another Outrageous Case Engineered by Boundaries in Human Form.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.--The case of Andrew Whitman, charged with conspiracy, was called before Judge Brady in the court of oyer and terminer today. With Whitman were indicted Charles W. Bolles, a lawyer, and Samuel J. Lowell, a private detective. The victim was Charles B. Sears, of Buffalo. About a year ago Sears sued his wife for divorce in a court in this city. He also sued a member of the firm of Claffin & Co., of this city, named Barnes for criminal conversation with his wife, claiming that she had been seduced by the detective who she met in this city Feb. 10, last. May Thatcher, and that they registered at a hotel as C. C. Sears and wife. They afterwards got the girl to go to Lawyer Bolles' office and make affidavit that she was enceinte.

THE BEER WAS POISONED.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Nov. 11.--On the evening of Oct. 20 El Lalonde, of Muirkirk, was dragged from his bed by a masked mob and tarred and feathered. Lalonde had been separated from his wife for some time previous, and had only returned from Michigan a few days before the outrage. On the following day Lalonde came to his wife for treatment, but has steadily grown worse so that last evening his wife's statement was taken, as his death was hourly expected. Officers visited Muirkirk later in the evening and arrested Mrs. Lalonde, the victim's wife, and Mark Mann, the woman being held as an accessory. Mann and Lalonde were taken before the injured man and positively identified as being among the party who assaulted him. They were committed. Other arrests will follow.

A MURDER MYSTERY.

A Man Found Hanging by the Neck on Board His Sloop.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 11.--A little over a month ago the mutilated remains of Richard Laocock were found floating in the bay, with every indication that a horrible murder had been committed, but a horror to the lack of evidence. The suspected individual was not found. Late Tuesday another murder, relatively of the same order, was discovered off Pelican island, a small strip of land near this city. The victim in this case was one Jim Phillips, a man of about 60 years. For the past twenty years he has been employed on the bay, and latterly took charge of one of Musgrove's sloops. Last Friday he sailed from Galveston on the regular course of business. He was alone on his little vessel. A fisherman, Tuesday last, boarded Phillips sloop, which lay at anchor near the shore, and discovered the body of Phillips.

UNION PRESBYTERIANS.

They Differ on the Question of Church Music, but Keep Their Tempers.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 11.--When the anti-organ convention of United Presbyterians met this morning the resolutions and plan of organization presented by the committee on resolutions were taken up and discussed at great length. The convention then went into committee of the whole and adopted the resolutions. The chief of the renewal of the covenant of the church was also adopted. The drift of the discussion was to urge the people of the church to stand by the old doctrine, despite the sneers of those favoring the innovations. The first business of the afternoon session was the presentation of the following resolution by Hon. James Dawson, of Keokuk, Ia.: Resolved, That in the event of accomplishing nothing by the joint conference convened at this place, the resolution adopted yesterday, and no relief is given by the next general assembly on the question now disturbing the peace and harmony of the church, the members of the United Presbyterian church in this city will be bound to take such steps as will enable us to maintain the principles of the United Presbyterian church as expressed in its constitution.

THE NEW YORK "BOODLERS."

They Appear in Court and Secure a Continuance Until Monday.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.--In obedience to summons served on them yesterday, "Jake" Sharp, "Jim" Richmond, James W. Foshy and Thomas B. Kerr appeared in the court of general sessions to-day to plead to the indictment against them for bribery in the Broadway railway matter. The court room was well filled with spectators and friends of the accused railway magnates. Mr. Richmond was accompanied by Judge Fullerton, Judge Homer A. Nelson and Frank J. Duplaine, who are engaged for his defense. They took seats near the defendant's railing and chatted quietly. Sharp, Foshy and Kerr were accompanied by their lawyers, John H. Strahan and John W. Bird. The cases were called. Sharp's being first. Albert Stiekney arose to represent him, and stated that he was prepared to enter a plea for his client, but before doing so he desired leave to withdraw the plea to be entered and enter another demurrer to the indictment, or make a motion concerning the case. He desired a REASONABLE TIME to decide upon the steps to be taken. District Attorney Martine stated that the defendant had considerable time to examine into the case. In response to Recorder Smyth's query, Mr. Stiekney responded: "Ten days." This case, your honor, contains more intricate facts than ordinary cases." Recorder Smyth, after some argument, gave the defendant until

THEY FLED FOR LIFE.

Frightful Explosion Yesterday Afternoon in a Philadelphia Cigar Box Manufactory.

One Person Killed and Fifteen Others Injured as a Result of the Accident.

The Responsibility for the Disaster Said to Rest With the Engineer.

A Nightwatchman in an Edmore, Mich., Shingle Mill Burned to Death.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.--An explosion occurred in the cigar box manufactory of Henry H. Shep & Co., Nos. 174 to 178 Broad street, this afternoon. The explosion blew out the roof, and injured a number of young men, women and girls and imperiling the lives of over a hundred more. The manufactory is a three-story brick structure, with a depth of 150 feet. It was crowded with a number of sheds for storing the cigars, and in the manufacture of cigar boxes. The first and second floors were used as a planing mill and carpenter shop, and on the third floor were employed about twenty-five girls in pasting paper linings in the boxes. Just before the explosion occurred the steam engine, which was used for the purpose of throwing a large amount of water on the fire under the boiler from the sawdust bin, which was located a short distance off, and then started to the Randolph street front of the building. He stated he had been there but a few minutes when he was startled by a LOUD NOISE, which was followed by the upper portion of the rear wall falling out, and the screams of the women in the upper story. Bricks were flying in all directions, and in less than a minute the whole rear portion of the building appeared to be in flames. The greatest excitement existed among the men. Some of them ran for the stairway leading to the street, while others ran to the windows, and a few started to climb out, but they were prevented from jumping to the ground by their companions. During all of this time the flames were spreading from one floor to another, and crowds, attracted by the smoke and the screams of the women, blocked the street, but the excitement among them was so great that they appeared powerless to assist them. Finally several men, including a woman, succeeded in getting them all out. The excitement among the people was increased when the girls and young women appeared in the street, some bleeding and others badly burned. The fire burned stubbornly despite the efforts of the firemen to check the flames, and a remarkably hot and suffocating and inflammable character of the contents, the two upper stories of the factory and the shedding in the rear were ablaze. One girl, Carrie Bruner, aged 18, is missing. Following is a LIST OF THE INJURED: ELLA JACKER, aged 21, badly burned about face and hands. CARRIE MILLER, aged 18, burned about face. ELLA MULDER, aged 18, burned about face. MARY E. KRECHT, aged 15, face and body burned. MARY A. COOK, aged 19, burned about face, back and hands. JOHN POLLOCK, aged 17, injured about head by falling bricks. JOHN KRECHT, aged 17, hands badly burned. JOHN KLENGLHAFFER, aged 21, head cut and hands injured. GEORGE JIMMALL, aged 19 years, head and face cut. DAN FRIES, an old man, both head and face badly and arm cut.

THE AMERICAN SECULAR UNION.

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THE TURK CONGRESS.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 11.--The American Turk Congress finished its work this evening and most of the members left for their homes to-night. Following is the dispatch of Secretary B. G. Bruce to the New York World: The convention met at 10 o'clock to-day, and after a session continuing throughout the day passed upon the rules. Little, if any, changes were made in the majority of the rules. The weights were revised on two-year-olds to 110 lbs. and 115 pounds, was elected. Charles Gray, of St. Louis, was elected president for the coming year, and B. G. Bruce, secretary, and the congress adjourned, to meet at Lexington, Ky., the second Wednesday in November, 1887.

THE COKE MEN.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 11.--President Costello, of the Miners' Amalgamated association, left for the Connellsville coke regions last night to use his influence in averting a quarrel between the operators and the men. A demand has been formulated by the local executive board of the association and presented to the coke syndicate. If this demand should be denied the men threaten to strike. But the chances are against a lockout. Such action will be particularly severe upon the producers just at present, as the demand for coke at pay-coke furnaces is greater than the output. President Costello will investigate the grievances and secure, if possible, a peaceful solution of the problem.

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And Later on Furnish Information of a Decidedly Different Nature and Tenor.

Both the Packers and Strikers Are Probably Maintaining Their Former Attitudes.

Settlement of the Quarrel at Jersey City--Pennsylvania Coke Men.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.--The strike at the stock yards is at an end. Late this afternoon Mr. Barry, who has been on the ground ever since the strike was inaugurated, and who all day has been in consultation with Mr. Carleton, of Boston, of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor, announced that the order sending the men back to work will be issued. The men will go back on the packers' terms, viz., ten hours a day. What portion of the strikers will find employment is rather doubtful. At the end of the last strike the packers announced that none of the new men would be discharged to make room for those who left them, and that they were anxious to give the new hands permanent employment. But soon after the strike was over the new men left in droves, the explanation being given that the old men would make it so unpleasant for them that they could not stay in Packingtown. All the boardinghouses there, virtually boycotted the newcomers. Whether this experience will be repeated now or not is the question. The packers further state that they have made every arrangement to prevent it. All the boardinghouses that have been started for the new men by the packers will be maintained. It is further announced that the packers will require of every man in their employ a written guaranty that he will give the firm three or four days notice before leaving, and a money deposit will be required from every employee to cover his guaranty. This rule will apply to the men now at work as well to those engaged in the future.

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Yesterday's Proceedings at the Philadelphia Convention--Maine in the Lead.

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Philadelphia, Nov. 11.--The National Grange of Patrons of Husbandry opened the morning work of the second day's session with the continuation of the call of the roll of masters of state granges, who reported on the condition of state bodies under their supervision. The majority of the reports showed the state bodies to be in a flourishing condition. The best report was shown by the Master Granger of Maine, who exists the best organization and the largest increase in membership, as well as the best methods of carrying on the work of the order. A resolution was submitted that the vote be taken on the proposition to elect United States senators by the people. Upwards of 500 delegates were present, nearly half of them women. This afternoon Musical Fund hall was crowded by members of state and local granges to participate in the exercises including the welcome extended on the part of the state and city to the delegates. Fruits and flowers constituted the decoration. Worthy Master Darden opened the proceedings by introducing Hon. Leonard K. Howe, worthy state master of the Pennsylvania Grange, who is in a local application to the city of Philadelphia. Hon. B. C. Harrison, of Alabama, worthy master of the state, responded on behalf of the National Grange. Gov. Pattison was next introduced, and was cordially greeted. The vast majority of the delegates in place. The governor congratulated the members of the grange upon the progress of political government, and said that the Patrons of Husbandry are in advance of the progress made in political affairs.

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IN THE RING FOR 1886.

Blaine, Sherman and Cleveland, the Happy Trio Who Feel Sure of Nominations.

The Plumed Knight is Playing His Cards in a Way to Antagonize no One.

The Army of Defeated Democratic Congressmen Saying Hard Things About the President.

Congress Will Do Nothing But Pass Money Bills--No Tariff Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.--Senator John Sherman is in New York for a week. The presidential race which has afflicted him since 1880 is now after six years more active than ever. Mr. Sherman feels conscious that if Blaine is out of the way he is second choice. His activity in Ohio during the campaign just ended was to keep himself well to the front in his own state, so that he might not be overshadowed by Foraker, who wants second place on the presidential ticket. The frequent reports that Blaine is not a candidate recall similar declinations in advance of the convention made by Blaine's friends three years ago. No one believed them then, and few believe them now. Of one thing there is assurance, and that is if Blaine is not a candidate, it is solely because he feels the consequences that he cannot be elected. He has no desire to again go down ignominiously. Blaine is young yet in years. On the 31st of January next he will only be 56. If the labor movement continues to grow, and the man from Maine finds by his analysis of THE LABOR VOTE that it will draw largely from the Democratic strength, he will be a Richmond in the field. He is playing his cards at this time in a way to antagonize no one and to placate all his old enemies. The elections and their results have revived the chatter as to whether or not the Democrats will nominate Cleveland. It is an open secret that President Cleveland wants a renomination, and from his own stand-point of how to secure it he is working in and out of season. Weeks ago the drift seemed to be toward Blaine, but the Democrats are not so strong as he was stronger before the people than any other candidate. Those who then advocated him went on the principle that while he was not quite up to the demands of his party, it was better to take him and get a few more of the country than to pass the field at all. Since the elections, however, this feeling to a great extent has been toned down. The disappointments of the defeated congressmen are still fresh, and some of them will boldly ascribe the CAUSE OF THEIR DEFEAT to a want of a robust democratic policy on the part of the administration, but few feeling Congressman Kleiner, of Indiana, voiced to-day: The Democratic reverses, he said, are due principally to apathy. However, in different portions of the country, different views among the party leaders had much to do with it. Hard times played its part, too, but that which had most to do with the whole thing was the fact that the Democrats had not been as energetic enough in their appointments. In other words, the president's civil service policy has been a damper upon party enthusiasm. Mr. Cleveland will have no effect to change the president in his policy or purpose. He returned here from Boston radiant with enthusiasm. His reception there amounted, doubtless, to a demonstration. If the defeated Democratic representatives continue to lay in their dogmatic defeats they will find in due time feel the penalty of his displeasure. In his extreme hate he can even be revengeful. CLEVELAND'S SPEECH AT HARVARD. The speech made by the president at Harvard College, while it drew in its general features, showed on its face that the president had accidentally carried some newspaper which did not appreciate him. In some respects the president can justly criticize his treatment at the hands of newspaper correspondents. A few, and only a few, of them were so kind as to mention his family and social relations. Gossip is manufactured without relevancy to the truth. Mr. Cleveland, however, makes the mistake of visiting his condemnation upon the entire guild. Like the ban of "original sin" which is laid upon the "English glee," as he calls it, of a few who have neither character nor reputation. THE COMING SESSION OF CONGRESS. The winter here promises to be a quiet one politically. Congress will do nothing but pass money bills, and will pass the money bills. There will be no attempt at tariff legislation. The house may pass the Reagan inter-state commerce bill, but it will not become a law, because the senate will not pass it. At the last session the senate passed what is known as the Cullom bill, which was a compromise between the senate and the house. The bill will fail entirely. Dakota will not be admitted, its Republican majority being too large to add to the electoral college two years in advance of the time of its election. NEW JERSEY, CALIFORNIA AND INDIANA. Senator McPherson, of New Jersey, who left this morning for New York, says that the Democrats of New Jersey have, without doubt, a majority in the election. Two other suits were against Mrs. Spiers and her husband, respectively, for alleged libel in criticizing Miss Hull's motives in bringing the suit. The matter was compromised, but on what terms is unknown. A Case Compromised. DETROIT, Nov. 11.--The sensational cases of Miss Helena Hull against Mrs. Mable Spiers and Rev. W. J. Spiers were discontinued to-day. One case was for \$50,000 damages for assault and battery, Miss Hull charging that Mrs. Spiers beat her and caused her permanent disability. Two other suits were against Mrs. Spiers and her husband, respectively, for alleged libel in criticizing Miss Hull's motives in bringing the suit. The matter was compromised, but on what terms is unknown. A Cloak Man Assigns. CHICAGO, Nov. 11.--Joseph P. Long, a wholesale dealer in cloaks at Nos. 247 and 249 Monroe street, made an assignment this afternoon to Henry E. Brown. The liabilities are \$30,240, with thirty-two creditors in East New York, Philadelphia and Chicago represented. The assets consist of a stock of clothing and some real estate on the West side. The heaviest creditors are Morris & Co., of New York.

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Both the Packers and Strikers Are Probably Maintaining Their Former Attitudes.

Settlement of the Quarrel at Jersey City--Pennsylvania Coke Men.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.--The strike at the stock yards is at an end. Late this afternoon Mr. Barry, who has been on the ground ever since the strike was inaugurated, and who all day has been in consultation with Mr. Carleton, of Boston, of the general executive board of the Knights of Labor, announced that the order sending the men back to work will be issued. The men will go back on the packers' terms, viz., ten hours a day. What portion of the strikers will find employment is rather doubtful. At the end of the last strike the packers announced that none of the new men would be discharged to make room for those who left them, and that they were anxious to give the new hands permanent employment. But soon after the strike was over the new men left in droves, the explanation being given that the old men would make it so unpleasant for them that they could not stay in Packingtown. All the boardinghouses there, virtually boycotted the newcomers. Whether this experience will be repeated now or not is the question. The packers further state that they have made every arrangement to prevent it. All the boardinghouses that have been started for the new men by the packers will be maintained. It is further announced that the packers will require of every man in their employ a written guaranty that he will give the firm three or four days notice before leaving, and a money deposit will be required from every employee to cover his guaranty. This rule will apply to the men now at work as well to those engaged in the future.

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Yesterday's Proceedings at the Philadelphia Convention--Maine in the Lead.

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.--The National Grange of Patrons of Husbandry opened the morning work of the second day's session with the continuation of the call of the roll of masters of state granges, who reported on the condition of state bodies under their supervision. The majority of the reports showed the state bodies to be in a flourishing condition. The best report was shown by the Master Granger of Maine, who exists the best organization and the largest increase in membership, as well as the best methods of carrying on the work of the order. A resolution was submitted that the vote be taken on the proposition to elect United States senators by the people. Upwards of 500 delegates were present, nearly half of them women. This afternoon Musical Fund hall was crowded by members of state and local granges to participate in the exercises including the welcome extended on the part of the state and city to the delegates. Fruits and flowers constituted the decoration. Worthy Master Darden opened the proceedings by introducing Hon. Leonard K. Howe, worthy state master of the Pennsylvania Grange, who is in a local application to the city of Philadelphia. Hon. B. C. Harrison, of Alabama, worthy master of the state, responded on behalf of the National Grange. Gov. Pattison was next introduced, and was cordially greeted. The vast majority of the delegates in place. The governor congratulated the members of the grange upon the progress of political government, and said that the Patrons of Husbandry are in advance of the progress made in political affairs.

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.--The tenth annual congress of the American Secular Union, which was held at the Hotel Hamilton, of Saginaw, Mich., was announced to speak on "The Philosophy of Religion," but was delayed on his journey. Col. Robert G. Ingersoll instead interested the audience of 350 persons, including 15 delegates from various states. He was a most eloquent speaker, and his account of the non-arrival of Western delegates the business sessions were postponed. At the evening session Thaddeus B. Wakeman, a lawyer of this city, spoke upon "Liberty, Science and Humanity." One of his utterances was this: "The invention of the dynamite was a most wonderful miracle attributed to that little Hebrew are untruths." This was cheered.

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