SAINT PAUL MATTERS.

J. D. Martin, on Trial for His Life, Tells His Whereabouts When Buck Moore Was Murdered.

His Nerve Does Not Fail Him in the Ordeal Nor Beneath Judge Egan's Lash.

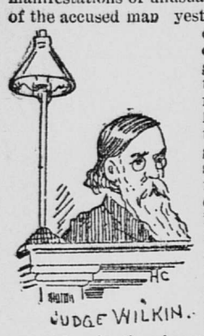
An Innocent Man From the Country Who Traded Watches and Found Himself Swindled.

Immigrants Who Came to the North-West Last Year--West Side Ice Rink.

A MAN OF GREAT NERVE.

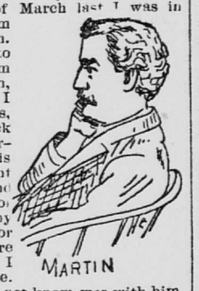
J. D. Martin Tells the Story of His Whereabouts the Night Buck Moore Was Killed--A Veritable Stoic.

There were more incidents in the trial of J. D. Martin for murder, that called for manifestations of unusual nerve on the part of the accused man yesterday than have occurred on any day since the beginning of the trial. Martin rather went beyond his own record in this respect, and gave the many spectators that filled the room an exhibition of stoicism that would have aroused the admiration of a Spartan. It was about the most interesting day of the trial for the man who, for the nine months that he has been under arrest, has never given the public a syllable as to his whereabouts at the time of the killing of Buchanan Moore, was put upon the witness stand. It was the climax of the trial up to date, when in his bottle green suit, his face thin and his eyes fierce, but his features calm, he left his chair beside his counsel and with a half weak, half firm step walked up to take the oath, and tell in behalf of his own life where he was and what he was doing during the hours prior to the discovery of his partner in pen 40 at the stock yards with his throat cut. Martin talked in a quiet, firm tone, and answered all questions put to him.



MARTIN'S STORY.

"I am 30 years old, and live in Lee county, Iowa," he said in answer to questions. "From the 1st to the 9th of March last I was in Burlington, and from there I went to Salem. On March 10 I went to Mt. Pleasant, and from there to Burlington, and from Burlington I came to Minneapolis, leaving at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. I arrived in Minneapolis at 7:50 on the night before the murder, and went to the Windsor hotel, stopping on my way at a restaurant for some supper. Before I reached the hotel I met Buchanan Moore. Some one whom I do not know was with him. Moore spoke to me first, and we talked together for a few moments. Then I went to the hotel, registered my name as J. Martin, and was in bed in an hour from my arrival. I had been sick four days. It was after breakfast when I got up next day, and I got breakfast at a restaurant. About 10 o'clock I went to the office of the Brunswick & Balke Billiard company, where I remained until nearly noon, and then I went to East Minneapolis to look at some billiard tables. After dinner I went to the dime museum and was there probably an hour. I talked with a furniture dealer awhile, and at 4 o'clock bought a ticket and came down to the Transfer. I rode part of the way from the station to the Davis hotel on the rear of an engine and then walked to the house, registered and got supper. I knew Davis and Billy Ryan, and Ryan was with me at supper. We talked awhile about horses. We went across the street and had a cigar, and Ryan started for St. Paul. After he went away I talked with a stockman probably half an hour. Then I went to the Merriam Park station, intending to go back to Minneapolis, but found there was no train at 8 o'clock and that I could not go until 11 o'clock. I stayed there half an hour or so and went back to the Davis hotel, calling first at the house opposite, supposing it was a public house.



I SHOOK DICE

with Davis just before he went to bed. I stayed at the house until about train time and remember to have seen a party playing cards. I went to the Merriam Park station and saw a wounded man there. I stayed until the train to Minneapolis came, but it stopped only a moment and I did not catch it. Moore was sitting with his head down and blood all over his face. I heard some one say he was a stock man from the Transfer."

"Why didn't you recognize that he was Buchanan Moore?" asked Mr. Ryan.

"Because I supposed Moore was in Dakota at that time and it didn't occur to me to examine the man," was the reply.

"I never was at the Golden Eagle clothing store in Minneapolis until the detective took me there and I never bought any overalls in Minneapolis. I don't remember washing my hands at Davis' in the evening or not. I stayed there that night, was searched by Officer Kline and went to pen 40 and saw the pool of blood next morning. Shortly after that I was arrested. I don't know that there was any blood on my overshoes. I put them on before going to the stock pen in the morning. I was not up among the stock pens the night Moore was killed. I was not arrested that night, but Officer Kline told me I was all right. I was not confined in the room at the Davis house."

This in substance was his story. He spoke of the blood and seeing the dead man as calmly as he recited the fact that he went to the dime museum. Mr. Ryan took the knife found near the scene of the murder and asked Martin to look at it. He took the knife and opened it coolly, examining the blades that were still stained with Buck Moore's blood.

"Did you ever own that?" was asked.

"No, sir," said Martin.

"Will you swear to that?"

"I will swear to it; that's what I will," was the reply.

"Did Frank Scougale ever borrow that from you?"

"No, sir."

"Did you ever have a white-handled knife?"

"Mrs. Martin had one. After little Mabel was born I carried it sometimes, for she liked to play with it."

Only once, and then incidentally, apparently did it come out that

MRS. MARTIN HAD DIED

since Martin has been in jail. Martin was the one to mention it.

"Are you a married man?" asked his attorney.

"Mrs. Martin died while I have been kept here," said the prisoner, dropping his eyes and speaking in a little lower tone.

The little daughter of Martin was in the court room, playing about the floor, until Judge Egan arose and picked her up and told one of the Christian ladies who brought in the little one that it must not be allowed there. Judge Egan did not cross-examine Martin. He simply asked him when he saw Buck Moore previous to seeing him in Minneapolis. Martin said about six months before in Burlington, and then came from the witness' chair with the same look that he had taken it.

Owen N. Rushfelt, A. C. Wilmot, F. C. Fernald and Matt Farmer and H. J. Curtiss were called in rebuttal to testify as to the good reputation of Frank Scougale, and A. H. Gray was called to impeach the testimony of Witness Dickey.

At this point the taking of the testimony was closed, and Mr. Ryan read a series of charges touching the duties of juries in cases where the prosecution relies on circumstantial evidence. Mr. Ryan said in opening that the prosecution had shown no motive for the killing on the part of Martin. At the conclusion of Mr. Ryan's reading, Judge Egan

BEGAN SUMMING UP

for the prosecution. The sheriff brought out the relics of the murder—the overalls, Buck Moore's coat, the bloody knife, etc., and placed them in sight of the jury.

In opening, Judge Egan said there was as a rule too much oratory, word painting, as the glamour of electric lights, thrown around the summing up before juries in murder trials. The great fact was that a murder, cold blooded, swift and sure, had been committed. It was the duty of the state to leave no stone unturned to bring the guilty party to justice.

After some preliminary review of the case, during which Martin sat with his eyes to the floor, Judge Egan struck an expressive key and said: "Whom does the state charge as being the assassin? That man there," pointing to Martin. "That man there, who will not look me in the eye," he continued, raising his voice and leveling his fore finger at the accused man. Martin changed color, but slightly, and kept his eyes upon the floor. Shaking his finger and raising his voice still more, "Who will not look me in the eye," Judge Egan repeated. Mr. Ryan turned to look at Martin, who then raised his eyes to meet those of the prosecuting attorney. "Under pressure you look at me when your counsel prompts you," said the judge. Only for a moment Martin looked at the judge and then let his eyes fall on the floor, and wrinkles came into his forehead.

"Oh, great God," said Judge Egan, later. "Oh, great God," raising his voice again, and looking at the prisoner. "You came to Minneapolis and you had no baggage. You followed your victim. You knew he was there. You followed him well. Oh, great heaven, is there no justice in this world, or in the next."

Martin did not wince under the severe lashing that the counsel for the state gave him. Before completing his summing up Judge Egan asked court to adjourn, as his throat was not in condition to allow him to speak. Accordingly court adjourned until to day at 10 o'clock. It is pretty certain that the jury will be sent out before court adjourns to-night.

HE WAS ROPED IN.

A Guileless Stranger Taken in by a Slick Young Man Who Wanted to Attend His Father's Funeral.

"You see, I guess I've been roped in," stammered an honest looking countryman, addressing Chief Detective O'Connor. And then he produced an alleged gold watch, out of which the crystal dropped as he opened it, and a chain big enough to pull stakes with, that "shone like burn shed brass." The deluded man's name was Dunn, and he came to St. Paul from a rural town in the state early yesterday morning, on business. He had a shrewd eye, and looked as if he might be good at a horse trade, but he couldn't see through the little game they played on him in a mock auction house down on Sibley street, near the union depot, yesterday. Having finished the business which occasioned his trip, Mr. Dunn took himself down to the depot intending to take the 5 o'clock train for his home. Attracted by the sound of the auctioneer's voice he strolled over to 291 Sibley street, just opposite the depot, and was looking on in an innocent way when a well-appearing young man walked in and declared with tears and sobs that he had just got a telegram calling him to the old homestead for his father's funeral and he was without a cent to take him there. Then he produced a watch from his pocket and with many endearing glances at it and sidelooks at the countryman explained that it was a present from his mother, was solid gold and had cost $125. With choking voice he inquired how much the auctioneer could let him have on it. The sympathetic countryman became interested in the young man with hard luck and drew a little closer. Then the auctioneer took the watch and carefully examined it, said it was a first-class bargain at $100, but they weren't taking anything that way now. A few more

CONVULSIVE SOBS,

and the young man begged the auctioneer to consider how hard up he was. But the auctioneer only sighed and remained imperturbable. Then the appaeling gaze of the young man whose father had just died was turned about the room and fell upon the inquisitive face of the countryman. The latter wore in his vest pocket a silver timepiece, and the slick young man remarked to him: "Maybe you'd like to buy this watch cheap? or perhaps you'd trade with a little to boot?" After some dickering and the assurance from a proprietor of the joint that it was a good trade, Mr. Dunn made a compromise on $30 to boot. It occurred to him that it would be well to see a jeweler and have his confirmation on the value of the watch. This he did, and was exceeding wroth and not a little surprised to hear that the watch was no good, and the whole outfit wouldn't bring $15. He ran for a policeman, but the slick young man had disappeared, and then he came to the headquarters with this story. The police know the place, and the mayor has once or twice revoked the auctioneer's license on similar complaints, when it has been relicensed under another man's name, the present incumbent being Webber.

HOW THE STRANGERS COME.

Extracts From Agent Johnson's Annual Report.

A. E. Johnson, Northwestern immigration agent, has published his annual review of immigration for the year 1886. Out of a total of 425,000 emigrants coming to this country in 1886, 6,000 came to the Northwest. Mr. Johnson in his review says:

The continental emigration, which usually constitutes one-half of the total and which has as its ports of embarkation, Bremen, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Antwerp and Havre, has decreased fully 25 per cent. during 1886, as compared with 1885. In looking for the immediate causes of this marked decline in the continental emigration, it will be found primary in the phenomenal low ocean emigrant rates which prevailed during the greater part of 1885.

It is to be observed that a larger percentage of Germans, Austrians and Hungarians have proceeded direct to the West and Northwest during the present year than heretofore. The Castle Garden records confirm this, although large numbers of emigrants arrive booked only to New York and consequently appear as having New York for destination, while in reality the emigrant may go direct to Minnesota or Dakota by the first outgoing emigrant train.

The arrival of Russian emigrants at the port of New York has increased from 12,000 in 1884, 16,000 in 1885, to 22,000 in 1886. A large majority of the Russian emigrants are actual, experienced farmers, for whom the large cities have no temptation, and whose sole purpose in emigrating to the United States is

TO SECURE A HOMESTEAD,

and very naturally he proceeds directly to his proposed destination in the West. It is to be regretted that the Northwest, especially Northwestern Minnesota and Northern Dakota, where the best agricultural lands are yet plenty at minimum prices, and even free, does not receive a share of this very desirable Russian emigration.

A very marked increase is shown in the Italian emigration this year as compared with last. In 1885 there landed at Castle Garden 16,000 Italians, and this year the number will reach nearly 27,000. The present outlook is that the Italian emigration will develop larger volumes the coming year, and possibly culminate in 1888. This, however, will depend largely on the condition of the labor market in the United States, as the Italian emigrants are chiefly laborers, to whom the larger current wages in America, as compared with their native land, is an inducement and in fact the sole inducement.

The English, Irish and Scotch emigration for 1886 will not vary materially from 100,000 in round numbers, against 109,000 for 1885—of this England and Ireland contribute 45 per cent. each and Scotland 10 per cent. That a large per centage of British emigration constitutes a most desirable element is undeniable.

There arrived in the United States during 1882 Scandinavian emigrants as follows: Swedes 64,000, Norwegians 29,000, Danes 11,000, total 104,000. Since 1882 this emigration has steadily diminished until 1885, when the total from the three Scandinavian countries reached only 40,000. This year, however, there will be an increase of 15,000 over last year, and the present outlook is that Scandinavian emigration will continue to increase during 1887, and it would not be surprising to see the figure reach 75,000. Whether the increase be continued beyond 1887 depends entirely on the situation in America,

PARTICULARLY IN THE NORTHWEST,

the destination of the largest share of Scandinavian emigration, as well as the conditions in Sweden, Norway and Denmark.

The total amount of foreign emigrants to the United States for the past six years is as follows: 1881, 670,000; 1882, 788,000; 1883, 600,000; 1884, 518,000; 1885, 395,000; 1886, 425,000. The year 1885 witnessed the lowest point in five years, and we may now confidently expect an increase for several years, unless some unforeseen important causes interfere. The total for the next year may be estimated at 500,000.

The number of prepaid emigrant passage tickets sold in Minnesota and Dakota during 1886, was approximately 15,000, which is a correct indication that 60,000 European emigrants reached Minnesota and Dakota last year. With the very prosperous year just closed, and the assurance of continued activity and demand for labor, at good wages, together with the favorable advices, which the great majority of these 60,000 emigrants undoubtedly are sending back to the old country, there is every reason to expect a material increase for 1887. The regular fall excursions from the Northwest to Sweden, Norway and Denmark have been freely patronized by the best class of Scandinavian farmers in Minnesota and Dakota, who avail themselves of the very low rates of round trip tickets, and when the farm work is finished in the autumn, and make a journey to the old home, spending the winter there and returning in early spring. That fifteen hundred such settlers as are now spending the winter in Scandinavia exert a favorable influence for emigration to the Northwest is unquestionable, and these Scandinavian excursions promise to become very popular and attractive.

WEST SIDE ALACE RINK.

Preparations for a Grand Opening on Saturday Evening Next--Some Recent Changes.

The contractors of the West side ice palace rink expect to finish the outside walls to-day, and think they will have the inside finished on Friday and be ready for a grand opening on Saturday evening next. The main tower will be about sixty feet high. Material changes will be made in the slide, which will be trimmed with evergreens, as will also the top of the walls of the palace. The walls of the palace are not laid on the ice of the river, as many believe, but are laid on a solid foundation on the sandbar, and there is no danger of the walls sinking.

The inside furnishing will be very artistic and convenient. A large warming room is being erected on the east side, next to the ice wall, which is made of tamarack logs from Pine City, and is being built in old-fashioned log cabin style, with a large fire place. Other rooms for the convenience of patrons of the rink are in process of erection, prominent among which is a bar. Preparations are being perfected for a grand opening with processions by the toboggan clubs, fireworks, base ball on skates, music, etc., etc.

CARNIVAL NOTES.

The annual election of the Kuveenaw Snow Shoe club was held at Dr. Woolway's office last evening, and the following officers were elected: President, Dr. C. H. Woolway; vice president, J. L. Brigham; secretary, D. Hanley; treasurer, F. W. Overman; captain, Ed Twohy; lieutenant, J. T. Twohy. On account of the increased membership of the club, a committee was appointed to secure a club room. A special meeting was called for Thursday evening, at which time a five-mile tramp will be taken.

The Little Crow Toboggan club will meet in the armory on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present, and also any other boys who wish to join the club.

The Dayton's Bluff Toboggan club will hold a meeting at Schornstein's hall this evening at 8 o'clock. It is earnestly desired that all those wishing to join the club will attend.

The St. George's Snow Shoe club will take a tramp to Woodruff's hall, Merriam Park, this evening. During the evening the club will be presented with a banner.

The Columbia Snow Shoe club has 131 active members, and the membership is rapidly increasing.

The Seven Corners Snow Shoe club will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock at the club headquarters.

CHANGES AT THE CAPITOL.

The Old Rapidly Going Out and the New Coming in to Fill Their Places.

It was a very interesting day at the capitol building yesterday, and the crowd of senators, representatives and others about the corridors made it a great deal livelier than usual. Added to this was the going out of the old officers and the coming in of the new, and any one familiar with the officers in days past suddenly discovered he was a stranger. The state canvassing board met again in the morning and signed the documents, issuing certificates of election to the new officers as declared elected by the figures published yesterday. Later in the day all the incoming officers filed their oath of office with the secretary of state, Gov. McGill qualifying before Chief Justice Gilfillan. Before noon Col. Hans Matson assumed the duties of secretary of state, and his assistants were installed as follows: Assistant secretary of state, H. Stockenstrom, St. Paul; chief clerk, Major Victor Hjortsberg. H. A. Norton, of Minneapolis, has the position of recording clerk temporarily. At 2 o'clock Sam Nichols turned over the office of clerk of the supreme court to his successor, J. D. Jones, who has appointed James L. Helm, of Rock county, his deputy. Attorney General M. E. Clapp also took possession of his office, and H. W. Childs, of Fergus Falls, sat down in the chair of assistant attorney general. Col. Bobletter will not assume

THE DUTY OF TREASURER

until to-morrow and it is understood that no changes will be made in the clerical force of the office. Auditor Braden simply stayed where he was and will not make any changes in his clerks. Gov. McGill will be inaugurated at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

At 4 o'clock Gov. Hubbard's staff paid him an official call and gave him a good caning. The fine gold-headed cane bears his monogram and also the words "Gov. L. F. Hubbard, from his staff." The staff includes the following gentlemen:

Brig. Gen. C. M. MacCarthy, of St. Paul, adjutant general; Brig. Gen. J. R. King, of St. Paul, inspector general; Brig. Gen. H. G. Hicks, of Minneapolis, judge advocate general; Brig. Gen. Thomas P. Wilson, of St. Paul, quartermaster general; Brig. Gen. J. P. Rea, of Minneapolis, commissary general; Brig. Gen. J. H. Murphy, M. D., of St. Paul, surgeon general; Rt. Rev. John Ireland, D. D., of St. Paul, chaplain; Col. James Compton, of Fergus Falls, Col. Christian Brandt, of St. Paul, aides-de camp; Lieut. Col. M. M. Williams, assistant quartermaster general.

All except Judge Rea, Bishop Ireland and Col. Compton were present, as was also Mrs. Hubbard. Col. Hicks made the presentation speech, in which he referred to Gov. Hubbard's career as a soldier and the always friendly feeling existing between him and all the members of his staff. Gov. Hubbard responded with considerable feeling, saying that while he was glad to lay down the burden of office he regretted the breaking of personal ties, and hoped the good feeling among them would always continue. About noon a delegation of the Union League of Minneapolis waited on Gov. McGill and presented their congratulations. All the afternoon Gov. McGill and his private secretary, Mr. Moore, were closeted at the former's residence preparing the inaugural address.

THE COUNCIL.

A Quantity of Routine Work Ground Through the Aldermanic Mill.

All the aldermen were present at the council meeting last evening. Petitions were presented from all the citizens' unions asking the council to procure the passage of a law allowing the payment of assessments in installments. Ex-Mayor O'Brien addressed the council briefly in behalf of the property owners on Minnehaha street, between Ash and Mississippi, who unanimously petition for the grading of those two blocks. He said there was not a man on the street but run the risk of his life and of the lives of his family by living on the street. Ald. Dowlan presented a preliminary order for the work, which was carried.

The committee on streets and corporation attorney reported in favor of abating all assessments against all property actually in use for railroad purposes, which was adopted. On recommendation of the committee on claims, Joseph Vance was paid $2,600 for injuries received in settlement of his claim, in consequence of a fall on a slippery sidewalk. Under suspension of the rules, the American District Telegraph company was granted, by ordinance, the right to erect poles, etc., the company agreeing to place call boxes, in all public buildings within two miles of the central office. The city officers were also authorized to execute a contract with the Edison Electric Light company regarding the placing of city wires on the company's poles. A resolution of Ald. Kerr was adopted, authorizing the sprinkling of sidewalks in the central part of the city

WITH SAND

during the winter. Col. Kerr explained that the city engineer estimated the total cost at not exceeding $2,000. The streets are: Third, Seventh, St. Peter, Wabasha, Robert and Jackson. The GLOBE was elected the official newspaper for 1887. The Windsor Toboggan club was authorized to construct a toboggan slide on Ramsey street hill. The Dayton Bluff Toboggan club was given permission to build a slide on Hoffman avenue, from Euclid to Third street. When the report from the committee on streets in favor of vacating Sherburne avenue came up, C. N. Bell desired to take part in the matter. He said it was a quiet arrangement for a petition to vacate one side of a street. Sherburne avenue was 80 feet wide, and some of the lots ran parallel with the street. Here was a petition for vacating 20 feet on one side of a street, by which each lot owner would secure about $1,500. He said the law required the council to take evidence in the matter, and he desired to appear for the defendants, as it were. He did not believe that a street had ever been legally vacated, because evidence had not been taken. He appeared for owners on the south side of the street, who had not signed the petition. On motion of Ald. Dowlan, the matter was postponed until the next regular meeting of the council. The plat of Como Heights addition was approved. The following improvements were ordered made:

Grading Prior avenue, from St. Anthony avenue to Minnehaha street; constructing a sewer on Dakota avenue, from the bridge to Congress street, and on Plato avenue, from Starkey street to Dakota avenue; constructing a sewer on Carroll street, from Western avenue to Rice street; grading Arundel street, from Carroll street to Minnehaha street; constructing a bridge on Sixth street, from Brook street to Hoffman avenue.

FINCH-HERSEY.

Marriage in Stillwater of Mr. Sherman Finch and Miss Jennie A. Hersey.

One of the most notable society events which has transpired in a long time in Stillwater occurred last evening in the marriage of Sherman Finch, of St. Paul, to Miss Jennie A. Hersey, of that city. The happy event took place at 6:30 p. m., in the presence of the relatives of both parties and invited guests, at the residence of the bride's parents, Col. R. F. and Mrs. Hersey, Dr. E. S. Thomas, of St. Paul's church, St. Paul, officiating. The bride wore a dress of white satin, with train trimmed with pearl bead fringe, and long white veil, a pearl necklace about her neck being the only ornament. The house was very elaborately decorated with cut flowers. A splendid collation was served immediately after the ceremony. The scene presented at the residence was a most brilliant one, the spacious rooms being well filled. The presents were of a wide variety, embracing silver in almost endless quantities and of elaborate finish, statuary, Dresden, Royal Worcester, engravings, etc. The uncle of the bride, Ed Hersey, gave a check for $1,000. The bridal party left in the evening for New York, where they will remain a month, returning to take up their residence at the Portland, St. Paul. The groom, who is a nephew of George R. Finch, and who has long held an important situation with the firm of Auerbach, Finch & Van Slyck, was handsomely remembered by the gentlemen with whom he has been associated, as well as his many other city friends.

Army Rifle Practice.

Lieut. R. F. Bates, inspector of rifle practice in the department of Dakota, has submitted his report for 1886, which is published in an order of the department. The report contains a tabulated summary of the work of the year and some important recommendations. Lieut. Bates thinks more attention should be given to skirmish firing and less to known distance firing; that qualification for two successive years as sharpshooter or three as marksman be sufficient to excuse a soldier from known distance firing, and that some similar standard be adopted for skirmish firing. He recommends, among other points, that a suitable silver medal be given the soldier making the highest aggregate score for the year, and that distinguished marksmen be given a medal, badge or ribbon to be worn on occasions of ceremony.

Merited Success and Enlargement!

The name of Griggs & Co., grocers since 1875, has been one of the well-known firms of our growing city, as is announced in another column. This firm, heretofore composed of J. W. Griggs, Jr., and E. W. Dike, has taken into partnership D. D. Dexter, of Boston, who has recently moved to our city to connect himself with this house. It may be well to state that they are doing a business unlike any this side of Chicago—supplying families, hotels, large farms, ranches, etc., with all kinds of groceries when they wish to purchase in quantity and obtain wholesale rates. That there is a call for goods in this way is evidenced by their rapidly increasing trade. This is a cash house and they claim to give better value for the money than can be had this side of Chicago.

Annual Election.

The annual election of the St. Paul Real Estate board took place at the headquarters, 51 East Fourth street; Union block, yesterday, resulting in the selection of the following officers: H. S. Fairchild, president; James Middleton, vice president; James H. Davidson, secretary; S. Lee Davis, secretary; board of directors, William M. Bushnell, Thomas Cochran, Jr., James H. Davidson, S. Lee Davis, H. S. Fairchild George H. Hazzard, James Middleton, E. S. Norton, E. Simonton; executive committee, William M. Bushnell, E. Simonton, E. S. Norton; committee on reference, James Luiden, C. S. Moore, W. P. Hilliard; committee on membership, T. B. Hubbell, H. M. Bristol, Lane K. Stone, O. F. Sherwood, H. A. Cambell, D. H. Michaud, Rush B. Wheeler; committee on valuation, George H. Hazzard, James Middleton, J. J. Watson, E. Rice, Jr., S. Lee Davis; committee on arbitration, James H. Davidson, Thomas Cochran, Jr., E. Simonton.

GLOBULES.

Seven keepers of houses of ill fame paid fines of $100 each yesterday.

Thirty-five births and five deaths were reported at the health office yesterday.

John Woolard was arrested on the West side last night for stealing a coon skin robe.

Henry Miller, charged with stealing $35 from his room-mate, August Schuasse, was held to the grand jury by Judge Cory.

The annual report of City Comptroller Roche shows the total receipts for the year ended Nov. 1 to be $3,046,914.59, and the total expenditures to be $2,905,021.43.

Mathilda Brown, 16 years of age, was sent to the House of the Good Shepherd for ninety days, on complaint of her father. She admitted having stolen sums of money amounting to $30 from her father's purse.

Acker corps No. 7, Woman's Relief Corps, auxiliary to Acker Post, G. A. R., will hold regular meetings on the second and fourth Thursdays of each month hereafter at the hall, northwest corner Third and Exchange streets.

A twelfth night party will be given to the children of the Church of St. John the Evangelist at the school house on Mackubin street this evening from 7 to 10 o'clock. The twelfth night cake will be cut, the king and queen chosen, who will reign over the festivities in royal fashion.

The celebration of the eighteenth anniversary of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence society, of St. Paul, will be held at Market hall on Tuesday evening, Jan. 11, 1887. Rev. James T. Cleary, president of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America and national lecturer, will address the meeting. Several other prominent temperance advocates will also speak, on the occasion. The Great Western band will furnish music. Special invitations have been sent to the members of the legislature and other prominent persons.

At the annual meeting of the Pacific Congregational church the treasurer reported all bills paid, with a small balance in the treasury. The following officers were elected: Trustees, J. T. Millimann and N. Anderson; treasurer, T. M. Fuble; clerk, C. W. Clark; deacons, Wm. Fasott, W. R. Nicoll, H. R. Searle and Thomas Gifford; Sunday school officers, superintendent, W. C. Davis; assistant superintendent, C. W. Clark; treasurer, T. M. Fowble; secretary, Laura Fasott; librarians, George S. Britt and Villie Nicoll. The pastor and his wife were surprised by a purse of $50.

Additional St. Paul News on the Sixth and Eighth Pages.

PERSONALS.

Representatives M. H. Quigley, H. H. Dickmann and S. B. Beatty are stopping at the Clarendon.

W. M. Todd, formerly of Redwood Falls and ex-editor of the Redwood Reveille, is in the city as a candidate for deputy insurance commissioner.

Changed Firm in the Meat Business.

At the old established meat market of George W. Wentworth, 381 Robert street, James W. Barwise has just been admitted to partnership and the firm name now is G. W. Wentworth & Co. They are putting up a large refrigerator building this winter, and are increasing their wholesale as well retail business. They are both old timers. Mr. Barwise has been with P. J. Schmitz for years.

SALE TO-DAY

Silks, Cloaks, Velvets, Shawls, Dress Goods, Flannel, Blankets, Comfortables, Hosiery, Underwear, Muslins, Sheetings, Buttons, Corsets, Fans, Notions of all kinds,

—AT—

Extreme Low Figures!

GUSTAVE HEINEMANN

N. W. CORNER

Seventh & Jackson Sts.,

ST. PAUL.

In order to reduce my Stock of Winter Goods, I now offer for the next thirty days all

Seal Caps

AND OTHER

FUR CAPS

At Prices very near to

Actual Cost!

All Men's Winter

UNDERWEAR

At a reduction of

20%

On the Price of Every Suit.

H. L. Benedict,

HATTER & FURNISHER,

420 WABASHA ST.,

THIRD DOOR BELOW SEVENTH.

ST. PAUL.

BEST TEETH $8.00

Cullum's Painless Method Of Tooth Extraction

Filling, $1, up.

Cor. Seventh and Wabasha, St. Paul.

NOYES BROS. & CUTLER,

IMPORTERS AND

Wholesale Druggists,

68 and 70 Sibley street, corner Fifth,

ST. PAUL. - - - - MINN

NOTICE.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 1, 1887.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Paul Investment company will be held at G. A. R. hall, No. 183 East Sixth street, between Jackson and Sibley, Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1887, at 7:30 p. m.

GEORGE C. FUTVOYE, Secretary.

Fine for non-attendance, $1.

Saint Paul Ice Palace & Winter Carnival.

OPENS JANUARY 17, 1887.

NOT A DROP LEFT!

Rather tough on the other fellow; not a drop left for him. Our holiday business has been so enormous, so much larger than ever before that, to tell the truth, we haven't had time to find out just where we are. We are doing more business after the holidays than we were before, which proves that the people appreciate our goods and prices. As soon as possible we shall commence our 32nd Semi-Annual Red Figure Sale. You all know what that means.

We close at 6:30 now, every evening except Saturday.

Boston One-Price Clothing House,

Corner Third and Robert Streets, St. Paul.

JOSEPH McKEY & CO.

ARTHUR H. ROGERS,

Real Estate and Loans,

REMOVED

TO

No. 391 Jackson St., Bank of Minnesota Building,

GROUND FLOOR.

Large List of Special Bargains in Business Property.

COME AND SEE ME.

NOTHING

SO APPROPRIATE FOR A

Christmas Present as a Piano!

REMEMBER, we sell a First-class new Upright Piano at

$10 PER MONTH!

Our stock is the largest in the city and comprises among others the MATCHLESS STEINWAY, the world-renowned WEBER, BEHR BROS. and GABLER PIANOS.

Old Pianos and Organs taken in Exchange.

Minneapolis. W. J. DYER & BRO. St. Paul

PRIZES!

Holders of the tickets bearing the following numbers will please present them and obtain the gifts:

159, 385, 272, 34, 844, 757, 174, 842, 371, 654.

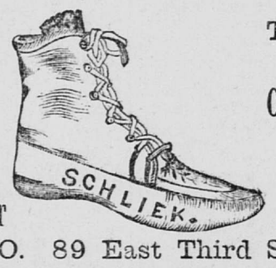
Edward H. Biggs,

DRUGGIST,

114 EAST THIRD STREET, ST. PAUL, MINN.

MOCCASINS.

IMPORTED FROM CANADA.



The Only Genuine Canadian Moccasins IN THE CITY.

Three Thousand Pair Just Received.

SCHLIEK & CO. 89 East Third Street, St. Paul

E. A. BROWN, HIGH ART JEWELRY.

111 East Third Street, St. Paul.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND SILVERWARE.

Expert Repairing a Specialty.

CARNIVAL CLUBS

Gallick's Patent Quilted Rubber Bottom

Moccasins

Keep the feet dry, are easy to the feet and are by all odds the finest Moccasin you can wear. We can put these bottoms on the ones you have now if desired. For Children and Ladies they are far superior to the rubber overshoe.

Call and see samples of these moccasins ready for wear.

THE MOCCASIN RUBBER CO.,

440 Jackson Street.

The Peerless Extension Table.

Made only of selected kiln-dried Ash, Oak, Birch or Walnut. Patented slide. Removable Legs. The handsomest and strongest table in the market. Send for descriptive circular to

The St. Anthony Furniture Co.,

ST. ANTHONY PARK. RAMSEY CO., MINNESOTA.

Foundry Company

MANUFACTURERS OF

ARCHITECTURAL IRON WORK.

Founders, Machinists, Blacksmiths and Pattern-makers. Send for cuts of columns. Works on St. P., M. & M. R. R., near Como avenue. Office 118 E. Fourth street, St. Paul.

O. M. POWER, Secretary and Treasurer.

A NUMBER OF

MINNESOTA CHIEF ENGINES,

SEPARATORS AND HORSE POWERS

Only used a few days and just as good as new,

For Sale Cheap for Cash

Or Good Security.

E. S. BROWN, Receiver, Stillwater, Min.