

MADE MERRY TOO SOON.

The People of Pierre Received News Regarding the Opening of the Sioux Reservation.

Which Was Found to be Bogus Only After the Town Had Been Painted Very Red.

Senator Sabin and Wife Entertain a Number of Minnesotans in Hospitable Style.

Fire at Cherokee, Ia.—An Ex-Claire Doctor's Death.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, Dak., March 3.—A flitting telegram purporting to be from Gov. Ordway at Washington, announcing the opening of the Sioux reservation, was delivered to Alderman Sims last night by some miscreant who entered the telegraph office and stealthily secured the necessary blanks.

It is said that the city was painted a bright carnation tint and a fraud was discovered before it was put into circulation. The weather is fine and trains are running on time, but the blockade still continues east of Lake Benton and no St. Paul or Minneapolis mail has been received here since Feb. 22.

The Sabins' Entertainment.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Mrs. Sabin gave an elegant luncheon yesterday of twenty-two covers, entertaining Mrs. Manning, Mrs. Stanley Matthews, Mrs. Warner, Mrs. Mahone, Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Williams and Mrs. Manderson. With the hostess were her guests, Miss Murphy and Miss Hutchins. There were twelve Minnesotans at the table, the others being Mrs. McMillan and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Langley, Mrs. Linton, Mrs. Morrison, Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Snyder and Mrs. Ogerman. The table was very attractively ornamented. In the center stood a tall jar filled with Anunciation lilies, flanked with silver candelabras, with pink carnations. A border of mallow, ran around the whole board, and on this in front of each guest was a handsome corsage bouquet tied with pink and olive ribbons alternately. After luncheon the ladies lingered over their coffee in the drawing room, which was prettily decorated with pink flowers. In the evening Senator Sabin gave a dinner to twenty-one gentlemen. They were Senators Manderson, Miller, Teller, Palmer, Evans, Hawley, Dolph, McMillen, Jones, Butler, Gray, and Senators Ellice, Farwell and Stewart. Guests included Messrs. Langdon, Newell, Rice, Wright and Commissioner Coleman.

Cherokee Fire Scorched.

Special to the Globe.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 3.—The town of Cherokee, Ia., was visited by a destructive fire this morning which destroyed the store of H. Kennedy & Co., loss \$18,000, insurance \$6,000; the store of R. Dick, loss \$10,000, insurance \$2,500; the brick block of C. H. Kellogg, loss \$18,000, insured for \$7,000; Dotted's bakery, no insurance; Dr. Lambrook's office, land office, A. R. Molyneux, fully insured; the sheriff's office, the Cherokee Democrat office, loss \$400; Steel & Bank, loss \$40,000. The following are the insurance companies and the risks carried: Liverpool, London & Globe, \$20,000; Northern, of Aberdeen, \$1,000; North British, of Edinburgh, \$200,000; Merchants, of Newark, \$8,000; State Mutual, \$8,000; Continental, \$4,500; Phoenix, \$4,000.

Wisconsin Legislature.

Special to the Globe.

MADISON, Wis., March 3.—The senate today adopted a joint resolution relative to the justices of the supreme court, and making the one who has been the longest continuous member of the court, or in case of two senior justices, the one whose term first expires ex-officio chief justice. Assembly bills were considered.

Fixing the fees of county surveyors at \$5 per day; permitting a child to be adopted by its own consent after reaching the age of 21 years; fixing architects and others for constructing any public building without fire-escapes and swinging doors; punishing keepers of houses of ill-fame by from one to three years in the state prison, and also punishing property owners who permit property to be used for purposes of prostitution. Bills were indefinitely postponed.

Providing for a prohibitory moult survey; abolishing farmers' institutes; prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors at fairs; prohibiting the leasing of convict labor and repealing the statute relative to it. A resolution prohibiting convict labor by constitutional amendment has passed the house, and it is understood that it will be sent to the people at the next general election. The assembly passed bills:

Making it a misdemeanor to practice dentistry without registering annually, and fixing penalties therefor; requiring that clerks of school districts shall, in taking census of pupils, report the names and ages of those between 4 and 20; authorizing the construction of a St. Croix county bridge in Polk county; permitting railroad trains to pass over crossings without stopping, provided other means of averting accidents are taken; punishing persons under 18 years of age from being a fine of \$5,000 or imprisonment of two years; authorizing the state board of health to receive the state board of charities and appropriating \$12,000 for such purposes. Bills were indefinitely postponed: Suppressing gambling; making the clerk of the circuit court of St. Croix county also the county clerk; punishing the selling of mortgaged property on which a loan rests; decreasing the one mill tax to one-half a mill.

A Doctor's Death.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., March 3.—Dr. Charles G. Strong, one of the best known and most popular physicians in the city, died this morning from Bright's disease, after a month's confinement. He leaves a young wife he married last fall.

Want No Fifth Ward.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, March 3.—At the board of directors meeting, held last evening, C. A. Morley, Esq., after the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Whereas, this board is informed by dispartments from St. Paul that a bill creating a Fifth ward in the city of Winona has passed both branches of the legislature; and Whereas, said measure has received no consideration by the city council; and Whereas, the power to create new wards is by the charter of this city properly vested in the city council; therefore,

Resolved, That this board is opposed to hasty action upon so important a matter, and does hereby request the committee to withhold approval of the same, that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to proceed at once to St. Paul and present this remonstrance to the governor.

President Horton appointed H. W. Lambert, W. H. Yale, M. G. Norton, Thomas Simpson and C. H. Berry as a committee to go to St. Paul and present the remonstrance to the governor. The bill to create the Fifth ward has occasioned considerable talk about the city and has met with most opposition.

A Suit for Damages.

Special to the Globe.

PHARIE DU CHEN, Wis., March 2.—Hon. Peter Doyle, of Milwaukee, ex-secretary of state, was here on legal business today. Mr. Doyle, as attorney for Michael O'Connell, of Mazomanie, Wis., a few days ago commenced an action against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company to recover the sum of \$20,000 for personal injuries sustained by O'Connell, who

SPENDING THE MONEY.

The Dakota Legislature Puts in Its Time Providing for the Public Institutions.

The Aggregate of the Amounts Appropriated Being Slightly Less Than \$285,000.

The Council Trying to Work Some More "Funny Business" on the Governor.

Who, Meanwhile, Fires in a Few Vetoes and Views Things With Complacency.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, Dak., March 3.—This has been appropriation day in good earnest in the council. Bills were passed appropriating an aggregate of \$284,000 for new structures to be erected in the territory, and they are only waiting for the signature of the governor to make them law. Yet this is but a slight sprinkling preceding a heavy shower that is to come. The appropriations provide as follows:

Normal school at Madison, dormitory, \$55,000; rent for place, \$30,000; university at Aberdeen, \$58,500; dormitory Grand Forks university, \$20,000; improvements at dead and dumb school, Sioux Falls, \$29,000; experimental farm and dormitory at Brookings, school, \$54,000; normal school at Spearfish, \$24,000; normal school at Springfield, \$30,000.

The bill will probably be sent to the governor to-morrow for his approval or veto separately, as he has intimated that omnibus bills will not be kindly treated. There were appointments sent in three days ago that have not yet been acted upon by the council, and it is anticipated that that body

WILL TAKE NO ACTION on them until the governor has returned these appropriation bills. There is no open fight between the council and executive, but the governor feels a trifle resentful over the independent course which he has not been able to give him the impression that he is under some obligations to them, but he has not shown any signs of weakening in his position up to the present time. There was a tilt in the council to-day between Grigsby and McCall, which has not been reported. It is supposed that the men who opposed his appropriation bill should be ashamed of themselves. McCall resented the insinuation, but was called down on a point of order by Smith, of Yankton. McCall started out to explain the matter, but he and would probably have done it had not been headed off. Dr. Collins' bill providing that the board of trustees of the North Dakota university should consist of four members instead of three, was passed over the governor's veto. Speaking of that university, it is whispered that the governor, Mr. Pierce is to be elected president of that institution.

A BATCH OF VETOS.

The governor is in a mood for vetoing, and he is swinging his pen with a freedom and vigor that the lawbreakers feel anything but pleasant and there are those among them who would like to give him a pointer or two for his own welfare, and their backbones lack the required amount of stiffness. Yesterday he sent in one and one-half vetoes, and he has not been so important in the past. He has not been so important in the past. He has not been so important in the past. He has not been so important in the past.

Reasons for vetoing two of the most important bills are given below:

One bill is for the purpose of requiring the return of the amount of premium or premiums realized upon the sale of bonds, the proceeds of which have been received by the state. The bill provides that the amount received from the sale of these bonds is in reality a premium upon the bonds, and that the state is entitled to receive the benefit of that credit. There is no injury done to these institutions in withholding the money, and to say the least, I think the precedent a bad one. The legislature has it in its power to make an appropriation sufficiently large to cover any loss of the state, and it is not the territory being allowed to return the amount of premium realized upon the sale of these bonds.

Another bill is for the purpose of spreading of noxious weeds in the territory of Dakota. The powers therein conferred in reference to the destruction of noxious weeds are not sufficient to drive the weeds out, and lead not only to great hardship, but likewise to great injustice to the owners of property. In a country like ours where vast quantities of land are owned by absentee owners, residents, and an actual settler is devoting his best energies towards the gradual improvement of his farm, I deem that it would be very unjust to say that he is to be held liable for the weeds which he has not had attention to the fact that the legislature of 1885 has already legislated upon this question.

ROUTINE WORK.

Petitions were received in the council today from Custer City for a prohibitory law from Ward county for a division of the Bismarck land district, and from Yankton for a law to regulate the sale of land. Bills appropriating \$20,000 for the normal school building at Springfield, and \$23,400 for the Sioux Falls deaf mute school, were passed. The following bills were introduced in the council:

Mathews, to appropriate funds for the maintenance of the Dakota Agricultural college for 1887 and 1888; also relating to the compensation of physicians and surgeons giving extra services in the territory, regulating the license of mail carriers, dealers and pool and billiard halls in incorporated cities; Higgins, by request, ratifying the acts of the committee on the land and loan associations and to provide for their further existence without incorporation.

FIGHTING USUARY.

In the house the usuary bill, fixing the rate of interest at 10 per cent., came up in committee of the whole and created considerable war discussion, in which the irrepressible Mentzer figured conspicuously. Fletcher amended the bill to read 12 per cent., and the amendment was adopted. The bill was passed as amended, as was the bill for the protection of game which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

Felows, for an act entitled an act to provide for the protection of game, which makes it unlawful to shoot grouse between Jan. 1 and Sept. 1, and ducks, brant and quail between May 1 and the September following. Bills were introduced in the house:

FROM FOREIGN FIELDS.

The Bulgarian Revolt Causes the Cease of Russia to Call a Council of War.

The Ameer of Afghanistan Getting His Subjects in Trim for an Expected Fight.

Dillon and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach Have a Tilt in the British Commons.

Big Attendance at the Queen's Drawing-Room.—The German Reichstag.

Special to the Globe.

BUCHAREST, March 3.—The leaders of the Silestria revolt did not cross the Danube, but passed into Dobruza. The garibon at Rutechuk is split into two factions. The government troops attacked the rebels sheltered in the barracks. Many have been killed and wounded. Nobody is allowed to leave Rutechuk.

VIENNA, March 3.—It is reported here that the czar has convoked a council of war to consider the Bulgarian revolt.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 3.—The commander at Silestria seized the government of the town Monday last. Troops from here, Rasgrad and Varna suppressed the revolt. With the exception of the killing of the commander, the affair was bloodless. Tuesday Maj. Ouzonoff, with a battalion of engineers surrounded the Rutechuk barracks, arrested all the officers and proclaimed Metropolitan Clement regent of Bulgaria. The inhabitants rose in arms against the insurgents. The fighting continued throughout Wednesday, when the insurgents attempted to retreat, but were stopped by the shore were compelled to abandon the boats and take refuge on an island, where they were finally captured. All the insurgents were found to be wounded, Maj. Ouzonoff and the rebels seriously as to necessitate their removal to a hospital. The authority of the regents was restored and the whole town is rejoicing to-night over the downfall of the rebels.

TURMOL IN AFGHANISTAN.

BOMBAY, March 3.—News is received from Afghanistan, through native sources, that the ameer is making strenuous efforts to raise a new army. All boys between the ages of 10 and 18 years are being drilled for military service, and all who have reached the age of 18 years are being enrolled in the army. The ameer has issued orders to all districts telling them to prepare for a holy war. The ameer from Lahore confirms the reports that the ameer is raising a new army in preparation for war. The telegram adds that the son of the fanatic Farah, Mushi-I-Alum, backed by the fanatic Farah, Inders, Utaks, Jokees, Kakars and others, has proclaimed himself ruler of Afghanistan, and has sent the ameer a defiant letter, threatening to attack him without delay.

A TILT IN THE COMMONS.

Dillon and Hicks-Beach Exchange Left-Handed Compliments.

LONDON, March 3.—In the commons to-night Dillon, commenting on the vote of £30,000 for the Irish police, pointed out that the claim was in addition to £62,500 already voted for extra pay and traveling expenses. The greater portion of this money had been spent in endeavoring to suppress public meetings and carrying on the work of evictions. The government has avoided indicating the sum spent on evictions. He said the English people know how their money was spent they would rise in rebellion against such a system. He was informed that the costs of the Woodford evictions amounted to £21,500, which is the total amount in dispute between the landlord and tenant was only £25. No amount of expenditure would ever suppress the plan of campaign or public meetings. He urged the government that meetings were prohibited, but bloodshed should follow the crime would be on the head of the government. [Hear, hear.] He had been accused of not denouncing crimes in Ireland. He had done better. He had appealed to the people to abstain from crime. It was the action of the government that led to the commission of outrages. He called on Sir John Beach, chief secretary for Ireland, to contend that the expenditures for the Irish police were necessary to maintain order. While agitators like Dillon and his friends incited the people to resist the law, the police were necessary to maintain order. The plan of campaign for which Dillon was largely responsible was a mere organized system of robbery [cheers]. Dillon appealed to the chair, asking if the expression was justifiable. The chairman replied that the expression did not impute robbery to the member. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said certain members of the Dublin jury recently refused to believe Dillon's own statement admitting that he was concerned in the plan of campaign. The house was now told the convictions could never be secured. The government intended to ask parliament for such changes in the law as would make it possible to obtain convictions. [Conservative cheers and cries from the Irish benches of "rightly or wrongly."] He protested against the doctrine of resistance to the law preached by Dillon, saying that if the law is not altered as he, Dillon, and his associates choose to dictate, they would not obey it. Dillon's speech to-night afforded additional proof of the necessity of giving further powers to the government if law and order were to be restored in Ireland. [Conservative cheers.]

The Queen's Drawing Room.

LONDON, March 3.—The first queen's jubilee drawing room was held to-day at Buckingham palace. Her majesty is in the enjoyment of the health and spirits, and took an hour's drive before the time appointed for the event. The attendance was greater than at any preceding affair of the kind during the long reign of the queen. The number of debutantes was unprecedented. It is said that the reception was the most brilliant they ever attended.

The German Reichstag.

BERLIN, March 3.—The new German reichstag was opened to-day. The emperor's speech was read from the throne. The foreign policy of the empire is continually directed to the maintenance of peace with all powers and especially with Germany's neighbors. If the present reichstag, without hesitation or division, gives unanimous expression to the resolve that the nation will put forth its full strength now and at all times against any attack upon our frontiers, such resolution, even before carried out, will materially strengthen the guarantees of peace and remove the doubts which the late parliamentary debates may have inspired.

Dreamed He Was Hobbed.

CANTON, Penn., March 3.—A remarkable case of excited imagination has just been exposed in this county. One of the wealthiest farmers in this region is M. S. Pasco. He has no faith in banks, and keeps as much as \$30,000 in a trunk in his house. This fact is well known to every one, and when Pasco announced that his house had been entered and \$6,000 stolen no one was surprised. The old man declared that chloroform had been used. He awoke and saw the burglar at work. He felt that he was under the influence of chloroform and fell back unconscious. He did not awake until morning, when he arose, counted his money and found himself \$6,000 short. He then gave the alarm. The county officers were reformed by detectives from Atlanta and a thorough search of the county was instituted, but without success. At last it was decided to put Mr. Pasco to a test. He was asked to count over his money, which he did, and the whole amount was found intact.

DEVINE IS DRUBBED.

A Quiet Five-Round Fight Fairly Won by Harris, the "Black Pearl."

Only Eighteen Persons Witnessed the Mill, None of Whom Were Policemen.

A Twelve-Round Prize Fight Takes Place in a Mansion on Long Island.

The Owner of the House Wakes Up, Protests, and Stops the Contest.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Englewood, N. J., is again agog over the shooting of Mrs. Charles W. Ward by her husband, the pastor of St. Paul's Episcopal church. It now appears that Mrs. Ward made a statement the morning after the shooting. The statement is quiet brief and contains a secret. It will only be used if a criminal action is begun or a suit for separation, if there is one. The statement gives the motives for the shooting as she believed them to be, and does not go back into the history of their marriage relations further than the night of the shooting. The truth is that on the night Mr. Ward quarreled with his wife.

"What were the circumstances of the quarrel?" was asked of one who had seen the scene. "I can say that they went to bed at the usual hour Monday evening. He was restless and worried about business affairs, and became impatient. He tried in vain to get quiet him, and not succeeding he finally refused to talk with him. About 2 o'clock in the morning he got up and said he was going to take some letters. He asked her to get up and go with him down stairs in the library. She refused, but he insisted. Hoping that he would be quiet as soon as the letters were off, she went upstairs and wrote some letters, and as fast as he wrote copied the letters.

HE FOUND PAUL with the way she did to work, and said the letters didn't suit him. "Then I'll not try to write them again," said she. "I know I cannot please you." But she turned and went upstairs again. She did not go back to bed. She went into the room of Miss Hall, her husband's cousin and housekeeper, where his children were sleeping. She took up a sofa bed, and lay down upon a sofa bed. Her husband soon came upstairs and asked her to get up to her, but she did not answer. Then he began to finish dressing and said: "I'm going to New York on the next train."

"If you go, I'll go home to New York and will not come back again to live with you." "What did you say?" said that again. "But he turned and went downstairs and refused to speak. Ward left the room and returned with a revolver, but she did not see it." "Did you say you would leave me?" "She remained silent and he repeated the question. Finally he said: "Answer before I go or I will kill you." "I'll go and be free." The rest of the story is familiar to all.

A Daring Robbery.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—A daring robbery was committed here this morning in broad daylight. At 7 o'clock Tate Brady, a clerk at W. Lewis' shoe store, had just opened the store when a stranger entered and purchased a pair of shoes, giving in payment a \$10 bill. Brady was compelled to open the safe in order to change the bill, and just as he was doing so the robber seized the money drawer, at the same time pointing a revolver at the clerk. Brady jumped to one side and drew his pistol, but before he could use it the robber fled, the ball passing through the clerk's ear. The shot was returned without effect and after a short scuffle the robber made his escape, getting away with only \$5 of money. During the scuffle Brady was seriously wounded.

THE FISHERY BILL.

Rejoicings at Gloucester.—The Canadians Beginning to Kick.

GLoucester, Mass., March 3.—At a meeting of the Gloucester board of trade, on receipt of the news of the passage of the retaliatory bill by congress, resolutions were adopted thanking the houses for their prompt recognition of the unjust aggression upon fishermen and the unanimous sentiment that responded to the appeal for their protection, conveying to the president the board's appreciation of his responsibility in the matter, and expressing its full faith in his firmness and judgment to so administer powers conferred upon him as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted, guns were fired and fireworks were displayed, while bands of music paraded the streets. On a line suspended from Grand Army hall were obliged to make way as to give every citizen assurance of protection. A dispatch received this afternoon stated that the president had signed the senate retaliatory bill caused great rejoicing. The news soon spread all over the city, and preparation was made to parade the buildings along the principal thoroughfares. On the hills at East Gloucester immense bonfires were lighted,