POLLIE PARROTT,
(The St. Paul Society Lady)
Views of St. Paul Bustles,
And Personal Points About
THE AMATEUR SWIMMERS,
Will be Features in
TO-MORROW'S GLOBE.

ST. PAUL Daily Globe.

THERE WILL BE AN
Interesting Illustrated Feature
ABOUT THE
ST. PAUL DOCTORS!
IN TO-MORROW'S GLOBE.
The Physician who Neglects to Get a Copy of the Paper Will Regret It.

VOL. IX. THE SAINT PAUL DAILY GLOBE: SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1887.---TWELVE PAGES. NO. 148.

MINNESOTA'S MILITIAMEN.

The Soldier Boys From the Twin Cities Making a Fine Record for Themselves at Washington.

General Expectation That Company D Will Carry off the Chief Laurels of the Encampment.

Capt. Bean Confident That His Men Will at Least Give Other Competitors a Close Call.

Tactical Excellence to Count for More Than Gorgeous Uniforms--The Rifle Shooting Contest.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The America's Cadet band, conducted by Private Colladay of the National Rifles, visited the treasury and war department to-day and serenaded Secretary Fairchild and Gen Sheridan. They afterwards called on Postmaster General Vilas who complimented them in a neat and interesting speech. At the request of Mr. Colladay, the postmaster general sat down and wrote for them the following autograph letter:

"OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL, WASHINGTON, D. C: The America's Cadet band, of Milwaukee, Wis., and Prof. Frank Hensler: Will you please accept the thanks of the postmaster general and officials of the postoffice department for the high compliment and pleasure given by your call and serenade. Thanks are rendered with peculiar pride and emotion. WM. F. VILAS.

The bright little boys played in the room of the postmaster general and again out on the street. Mr. Vilas came down outside to listen. The chief clerk of the postoffice department, Mr. Ray, then took them all to the Dairy lunch-room near by, and feasted the entire band. Then Colladay took them into the Corcoran art gallery and they played in the grand gallery. They are the pets of the camp and of the city. The rifle shooting at the 500 and 600-yard ranges began at 9 this morning. Chantler, of the First Minnesota, who is tenth on the list, made the best score, 43, at the 600-yard range, and would undoubtedly have held a better position but for an unfortunate accident yesterday, when he fired at the wrong target. As a rule the scores were very good. To-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be a team match at the 200 and 300-yard ranges. The teams are to be composed of officers of the regulars and militia. Chantler will enter, as he says, merely to show them what he can do under favorable circumstances.

PRIVATE FALK WINS A PRIZE,

being sixth on the list of winners. Lieut. S. S. Pague, U. S. A., called this afternoon and gave Capts. Bean and Amory several copies of his book on tactics for national guardsmen. In his opinion Company D will win first prize because they are tactical and not fancy. One who is in the confidence of the judges says Capt. Bean's men stand one hundred to one to win. Capt. Bean personally remarks: "We feel just as we did when we came, and our confidence is increased by seeing the others, and unless there is some unforseen accident we will win the first prize. Our uniforms are regulation and the judges will be prejudiced in our favor from the start, on that account alone. One of the regular army lieutenants says the marking will be tactical and that is what we crave. If this is the case, it is certain my company will win." Col. Blakely kept time for the companies on the drill ground today. He says: "There has not been a single company on the ground that excels the average drill of Capt. Bean's boys. The Lomax rifles put up $300 in the pool room that Bean will not be as high as themselves in the marking on competition. The money has all been covered by Minnesota men. The proprietors of the pool rooms are betting on D company." One of them says: "I have nearly $10,000 deposited on D company for first prize." C. H. Smith, J. Lynch and W. H. Hart have returned from New York. Lieut. Ahern commanded the individual drill this afternoon. Col. Lawson, of Fort Snelling, is still here on sick leave. He wants to be retired, and probably will be soon. The daughter of Hon. W. P. Clark, of St. Cloud, is at Mt. Vernon on a visit.

GOV. M'GILL AND STAFF,

accompanied by Judge Crowell, visited Arlington Heights, the cemetery, Ft. Myer, Georgetown Heights and the suburbs of the city, returning through Connecticut avenue and the principal streets, seeing the residences of notable men and taking especial interest in the celebrated Windom mansion. In the evening all called socially upon friends and met other distinguished persons. The governor says: "I expect Capt. Bean to win first prize, and shall be present to-morrow with the staff to witness the drill. I have just seen Bean, and he is very confident. The only fear I have is that there may be overconfidence, but Bean is an old soldier, and will be careful. I am unable to remain until the prizes are distributed Monday, and must leave for home to-morrow evening." Every Minnesotian in the city will be on the drill ground to see the competition. Gen. Seely says: "Others are here on a picnic, but the Minnesota men are in camp under military discipline. The others disobey orders fail to report properly for duty, and are on the streets too much, but the Minnesota men are in camp like soldiers. I have only seen two men of Company A on the street and not one of the D men. Col. Bobleter has issued orders for his battalion and been disobeyed by others. There seems to be no authority to compel obedience. The Minnesota men need no compulsion and are highly complimented for soldierly qualities by all."

The Star makes

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

There is not much prospect that there will be a very large representation from the troops of Camp Washington in the Decoratiod Day parade Monday, although camp will not be broken until Monday. Many of the commands will leave before that day. The Virginia troops will leave for home Saturday night, and it is probable that the Kentucky troops will leave Sunday. The other organizations, it is thought, will leave before Monday or be so engaged in preparations to leave that it will be inconvenient for them to take part in the procession. One of the staff officers, speaking to a Star reporter to-day, said that most of the soldiers were men who could not spare more than a week from their employment, and they were obliged to get back to their homes next Monday.

Gen. Ordway said to-day: "We do not order the troops to parade that day. They are simply invited. You see they have been worked hard while here, and it is very doubtful whether very many of them would feel like going out on parade, but the Minnesota troops will parade and assist in decorating." The camps of the Rhode Island, Irish-American battalion and of the Virginia brigade are separated only by a roadway. Last night there came near being

A RESUMPTION OF HOSTILITIES

between the North and South. A member of the Rhode Island battalion attempted to cross the Virginia line and got into an altercation with a guard and was quite badly handled. Subsequently some of the Rhode Islanders, intent apparently on avenging the wrongs of their comrade, made a demonstration on the Virginia camp, but were repulsed without loss on either side. There was a lively time along the line until early in the morning, but no casualties were reported. About a score of Minnesota men acted as peacemakers and separated the hot bloods, thus preventing the only possible disgraceful scene of the camp thus far. The Minnesota boys have been in camp for a week and have won daily encomiums from fellow-soldiers, officers of other commands and visitors generally. They have presented a most soldierly appearance, and their conduct outside as well as inside camp has been in every sense praiseworthy. Every man in the ranks has echoed the sentiment of Lieut. Ames, namely, that the honor and credit of the state, as well as the reputation of the cities, must be upheld by the citizen soldiery. Besides, as Capt. Amory says: "Our cities have been kind and considerate in all matters which interest the companies, and so long as we deserve their respect we will have their support and encouragement." Remarking upon the same subject Capt. Bean said: "You must have noticed that our boys are

RIVALS, BUT FRIENDS.

They always remember that they are in camp under military orders. Not one of the men of either Minnesota companies ever passes an officer, no matter what his rank, nor what command he belongs to, without giving him a military salute. This afternoon, one of the privates of Company A passed a colored officer of a Virginia company, and saluted him promptly and in soldier-like manner. You may have seen some of the men down town on leave, too, but you have never seen one of them with his coat unbuttened; no matter how hot the weather. Of course I wouldn't speak invidiously of any particular company or individual, but I will say that the members of these two companies are the only soldiers in this camp who always remember the little civilities and courtesies mentioned." Inquiry of Lieuts. Metz and Taylor elicited the fact that not one of the Minnesota men has been in the guard house for any offense whatever. Others have been less fortunate. The boys from other places have dallied with the wine when it was red in the cup, and it bit them and out-witted them, and tangled their legs and tongues, while it rattled their brains. The cities as well as the entire state will be proud of the boys, as well about these little things as about their drill standing. The boys have stamped themselves gentlemen and are bearing and wearing the title nobly and truly. Referring to the published statement that his company was too far away from the grand stand to be seen and applauded

CAPT. AMORY SAYS:

"My company came here to win a prize if possible, and not to win applause. When we want to hear cheering and clapping of hands, we do not need to travel so far to receive that meed. The people at home most generously applaud all of our efforts. So, when I took my company into the drill ground for competitive drill, I did it with the intention of showing the judges our best efforts. I put my men through the manual and the necessary manœuvres on the best ground in the enclosure. I considered the credit of my company and the home people rather than the evanescent crowd on the stand which might as likely deride an error and discourage as applaud a successful effort. In fact, the crowd was not considered at all. The judges were noncommittal, of course, but I saw plainly that they were pleased with us. The only thing that was not satisfactory either to myself or to my men was the firing by volleys with blank cartridges. That is something we are not accustomed to do. We have usually gone through the drill without cartridges. That, I believe, has usually been customary at competitive drills. When we were ordered to fire volleys with blank cartridges it annoyed me a little, but I knew that the men would do it creditably, and they did. But, inasmuch as we had never practiced that way, we did not of course do as well as other companies have done, who have been trained to that duty. I do not expect, and did not expect when I came, that our boys would take the first prize. But I did expect and I now expect that we will not be left entirely. We are simply determined to make a good record for ourselves in the field and in the city, and our people will be satisfied with us if we do our best. We are competing with crack companies, old prize winners, and do not expect to do the greatest things on the ground; hence we have been modest in our claims and expectations. But I want it thoroughly understood that in choosing the ground which I did for our competitive drill I made no mistake. The people on the grand stand may have been disappointed, but we are not here so much to please them as to please our home folks by doing our best in camp."

Between half past 2 and 4 o'clock a

COMPETITIVE BATTALION DRILL

took place, in which the Rhode Island, the Louisville legion and the Washington light infantry, ninety-six men each, participated. The practice throughout was pronounced good by competent judges and opinions are about equally divided as to the respective merits of the three organizations. Following the drill of the Louisville men their drum corps performed an interlude of a novel character—a silent drill. By far the most entertaining feature of the day's pageantry was the individual competitive drill—conducted on the country spelling match principle—which came next after the battalion competition. The sixty competitors were selected men, two from each company. At the very outset the line was broken by the judges who retired eight men for a failure to place their pieces against their toes at "order arms." The drill was exceedingly severe. Four keen-eyed army officers were on the look out for errors. Traps and pitfalls were set for the unwary, and orders came thicker and more abruptly as the work went on. The excitement rose to fever heat when only four men were left standing, to three of whom the prizes must fall. A Belknap riflemen was the first of these to go down, and the final struggle then lay between a San Antonio rifleman, a Washington Light infantryman and a sergeant of the Louisville legion. The eyes of the judges detected petty mistakes on the part of the two latter, and they directed the handsome, well-built Texan to step forward as the

WINNER OF THE FIRST PRIZE.

The contest between the remaining two resulted in giving the second prize to the Washingtonian and the third to the Louisville man. The victors are; Private H. G. Staacks, San Antonio rifles; Charles T. Conrad, Company B., Washington Light infantry, and Sergt. J. R. Waggner, Company A., Louisville legion. The Milwaukee Light battery gave a fine exhibition. The Virginia brigade followed with a gorgeous dress parade. The Lomax rifles and the Toledo cadets successively gave exhibition drills. The Lomax rifles were command during a portion of their work by Miss Mary C. Vass, of Mobile, the company's sponser, a young lady of queenly form, with a face of the noblest type of Southern beauty. The conduct of the Vicksburg Southerners and the Memphis Zouaves in dropping out of the procession on Wednesday is a frequent subject of discussion at Camp Washington, and to-day the Chicago Zouaves and the Keck Zouaves joined in a protest to the judges of the drill against the consideration of the drill of the Memphis men because of their action in that affair. The protest has been referred to the captain of the Memphis company for an explanation.

THE DAY'S PROGRAMME.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The weather was fair and cool, a westerly breeze prevailing, and the turf of the drill ground was in the best possible condition. An ominous bank of clouds upon the western horizon threatened possible disaster later in the day, and this fact served to limit the gathering of spectators to smaller numbers than yesterday. The following were the infantry corps assigned to competive drill to-day: Indianapolis Light infantry, Alexandria (Va.) Light infantry, Jackson Rifles, Jackson, Mich.; Molineaux rifles, Company Thirty-second, New York; Belknap Rifles, San Antonio, Tex.; San Antonio (Tex.) Rifles, Lomax Rifles, Mobile, Ala.; Sheridan Guards, Manchester, N. H. The Eldora (Io.) band furnished the music. The Indianapolis company came to the front at the stroke of 10 o'clock. Their marching and work in the manual were very good. One or two blunders on the part of individual members were noted, and one of their volleys was decidedly rattling, but the popular verdict upon their performance was, "decidedly above the average." The Alexandria boys exhibited abundant zeal and occasionally merited the plaudits of their friends in the stand. Their volley firing was exceedingly good. The Jackson Rifles came to the front at 11 o'clock

THEIR BEST WORK

was in the manual at arms. Their movements in company front were quite defective. One or two unfortunates in the ranks made conspicuous blunders and have probably impaired a record which might otherwise have been somewhat above the average. The Molineaux rifles were business looking fellows. It is difficult to specify either the excellences or the defects of their performance. As a whole it was not above the average. The performance of the Belknap rifles was excellent, and their work in the manual of arms superb. Their volley firing was superior to anything yet seen. During the drill the exercise of the gatling gun squad was in progress and inspection and drill were going on in a distant part of the ground. Though public attention was chiefly absorbed by the competing companies in the front the evolutions of the others added to the interest, the whole making a charming military picture. The San Antonio rifles acquitted themselves with credit. The Lomax rifles of Mobile came with a record of many victories in the field of competition, and much was expected of them. The public were not disappointed, and the popular verdict accords them a place beside the foremost of their predecessors. The Manchester company was the last on the list for to-day's competition. It made a good general result without conspicuous excellence or merits. The competitive

RIFLE PRACTICE

was completed this morning with firing at the 500 and 600 yard ranges. There were original entries from twenty-two states, thirty-eight competitors qualified at the short ranges and thirty completed full scores. The prizes are a gold medal and $100 to the first, silver medal and $75 each to the three next best, and bronze medals and $50 each to the four next best. The highest possible total score was 200 and the highest possible score at each range fifty. The scores of the eight prize-winners at the four ranges in the order of merit are as follows:

	200 yards.	300 yards.	500 yards.	600 yards.	Total.....
Pollard, Lieut., Washington Light Infantry corps.....	42	43	44	47	176
Chart, Capt., 2d Maryland..	40	40	46	41	167
Crossman, Private, Company C, Second Iowa.....	42	41	43	40	166
Mosing, Capt., Lt. Inf'y, Va.	39	40	45	41	165
Cash, Private, Company C, Washington infantry.....	39	41	44	40	164
Hobart, Lieut., Company D, First Michigan.....	38	40	45	38	161
Johnston, Private, Washington, Company F.....	42	41	43	35	161
Falk, Private, Company A, First Minnesota.....	39	42	38	40	160

THE REMAINING SCORES

range from 159 to 75. The other contestants in the order of their merit were as follows:

Nine, Bell, lieutenant Washington Continal; 10, Chantler, lieutenant Company D, First Minnesota; 11, Stoyer, private Company B, Second Maryland; 12, Dawson, private Company D, Louisville Legion; 13, Mountjoy, sergeat Pennsylviana State Fencibles; 14, Sohan, lieutenant Louisville Legion; 15, Browning, private Second Maryland; 16, blank; 17, Parsons, private Indianapolis Light infantry; 18, Erwin, private Company B, First Alabama; 19, Shield, lieutenant Company H, Eighth Illinois; 20, Morrill, lieutenant Company D, Second Maine; 21, Watson, private Company D, Louisville Legion; 22, Kohler, private Company H, Sixth Illinois; 23, Rawlers, captain Company B, Second Indiana; 24, Browning, private Company D, Second Maryland; 25, Stephens, private Company G, Third Virginia; 26, Garcelon, sergeant Company D, Second Maine; 27, Wyatt, private Light Infantry Blues, Virginia; 28, Smith, lieutenant Company A, Third Virginia; 29, Burge, sergeant Company A, Third Kentucky; 30, Crews, private Company A, Third Virginia.

AN ARMY CASE.

Maj. Runkle Wins in the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—In the supreme court the following decision was entered to-day: Nos. 259 and 269, Benjamin Runkle against the United States and the United States against Runkle. Appeals from the court of claims. The controversy in the case relates to the pay of Maj. P. B. Runkle, a retired army officer, who was tried by a court martial June 25, 1870, found guilty and dismissed from the service for violation of the act of congress of March 2, 1863, and for conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, but who was afterward, by order of President Hayes, dated Aug. 4, 1878, restored to the service. The court of claims found as conclusions of law on the facts of the case that the claimant was not entitled to longevity pay and that the United States is not entitled under the claim to recover the pay received by the claimant as a retired major, which accrued after Aug. 4, 1878, amounting to $1,439. From the judgment in accordance with these conclusions both parties appealed. As the sentence of the court martial involved the dismissal of Runkle from the army, it could not have become operative until approved by the president after the whole proceedings of the court martial had been laid before him. The most important question in the case, therefore, is whether that approval has been positively shown. If the sentence in dismissing Runkle from the service was not approved by President Grant, and if, as it positively appears, it was afterward disapproved by President Hayes, Runkle was never legally out of the service. This court holds, in a long opinion by Chief Justice Waite rsviewing all the papers and proceedings in the case, that it does not positively and distinctly appear that the proceedings of the court martial have ever, in fact, been approved or confirmed by the president of the United States, as the articles of war require, before the sentence could be carried into execution, and that consequently Maj. Runkie was never legally cashiered or dismissed from the army and is entitled to his longevity pay as well as that which he has already received for his regular pay.

A MAIDEN FOULLY SLAIN.

Horrible Butchery of a Young Girl in the Township of St. Olaf, Minn., by a Farm Laborer.

The Body Disemboweled and the Bleeding and Mangled Corpse Thrown Into a Hog Pen.

Suicide of a Wealthy Lad at Burlington, Io., Because of Disappointment in a Love Affair.

A Manitoba Youth Attacked and Devoured by Wolves While Sleeping---General Northwestern News.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., May 27.—A most horrible murder was committed in the township of St. Olaf yesterday, twenty miles from here. Lillie Field, a seventeen-year-old daughter of Mrs. A. W. Field, was found in a hog pen with her throat cut. The incision extended from her throat lengthwise, disemboweling her. Mrs. Field and son came to Fergus Falls early yesterday morning, leaving Lillie and a four-year-old brother at home with the hired man, Nels Olso Holong. About 10 o'clock the boy was sent to a neighbor's, and when he returned his sister and the man were not to be found. The object in committing the crime is not known. After the murder Holong took a rifle belonging to Mr. Field and fled, and has not been seen since. Holong is thirty years old, five feet five inches high, weighs 130 pounds, is of slight build, with smooth face, light brown hair and dark clothes. His parents live at Ridgeway station, near Decorah, Io.

FOR A WOMAN'S SAKE.

Suicide of a Wealthy Young Man at Burlington, Io.

Special to the Globe.

BURLINGTON, Io., May 27.—Fred H. Brooks committed suicide at the residence of his mother, in the southern suburbs of the city, about 6 o'clock last evening, by shooting himself through the heart with a revolver. He had spent the afternoon driving about the city with a young lady for whom he had shown a strong attachment, notwithstanding the generally accepted fact of her engagement to another gentleman of this city. It is presumed that she refused to listen to his suit, and this refusal is generally accepted as the cause of the deed. After leaving the lady at her home he drove to his own, gave his horse into the charge of the hostler and approached the house whistling and seemingly in good spirits. He saluted his mother and two sisters pleasantly, kissing them, and entered the house. A few moments after, as the family were assembling about the supper table a shot was heard. Hastening to his room he was found lying dead, his coat and vest off and his revolver beside him. A lead pencil, borrowed from his sister as he came in, was found lying by two notes, one addressed to his mother, in which he bade her farewell and begged her to forgive his rash act, and in which he stated that she understood its cause. The other was addressed to the young lady to whom he had been devoted. Young Brooks was not yet of age, but would soon have become so, and have entered into possession of over $100,000, the portion due him from the fine estate of his father, the late F. W. Brooks, well known as the former president of the National State bank. He was a young man of exceedingly bright promise, and both families stand high socially.

Killed by Wolves.

Special to the Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 29.—A report has been received that a boy named Escott Hamilton, herding cattle near Oak lake, lay down and went to sleep and was attacked and killed by wolves, large bands of which are said to exist in that neighborhood. Parties of searchers were looking for him three days before the cause of his disappearance was ascertained.

A "FRESH" CONSTABLE.

He Gets in Jail for Contempt of Court.

Special to the Globe.

DES MOINES, Io., May 27.—Judge Love delivered an opinion in the federal court in the contempt case against Constable Pierce for seizing a car load of beer belonging to Hurlbert, Hess & Co. The matter was exhaustively argued and the case was submitted to Judges Shiras and Love. The opinion consisted simply in a statement of facts which, upon all material points, were admitted both parties. The facts thus set forth were that Pierce seized the car load of beer Feb. 17 upon the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific railway track, and while it was in the custody of the officials of that road: that he seized the beer without a warrant, and it was not until about a half hour afterwards that he did obtain a warrant. On that point Judge Love held, Judge Shiras concurring in the opinion, that he acted without authority, and in seizing the goods from a railway in custody of the United States court committed an act of contempt. An order was entered directing Pierce to be incarcerated in jail until the beer is returned. The attorneys for Frank Pierce claim that he cannot turn the goods over, as they are in the custody of the state district court, and that an injunction will be issued to restrain the operation of the federal court decree. Pierce is now in the city jail. While in custody a case against him for assaulting a police officer was called in a justice court, and not appearing in person or by attorney his bond of $400 was forfeited and an order issued for his arrest.

THE SOLDIER DEAD.

How Memorial Day Will Be Observed in the Northwest.

Specials to the Globe.

OWATONNA, May 27.—Memorial service will be held in the Methodist church at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon, the memorial sermon to be delivered by Rev. W. Stanley, department chaplain, of Austin. James A. Goodwin Post No. 81, G. A. R., James A. Goodwin Camp No. 12, the Woman's Relief corps and the Sons of Veteran's Drum corps will meet at their respective halls on Sunday at 2:30 o'clock and march to the church in a body. The choir of the several churches will unite with Holden's quartette in furnishing the music. Preparations are being made for a fitting observance of Decoration day. Hon. J. A. Leonard, of Rochester, will deliver the oration. The Beethoven Quartette club will assist by vocal selections. The procession will leave Central park at 1:30 o'clock.

Special to the Globe.

MADELIA, May 27.—Decoration day will be observed here by closing business, and the G. A. R. post, Masonic, I. O. O. F. societies and others will take part in the ceremonies.

RED WING, May 27.—The A. Edwards Welch post, G. A. R., Colville camp, Sons of Veterans and the Woman's Relief corps will attend memorial services at the Methodist church Sunday evening, Rev. Dr. Turner officiating.

CHATFIELD, Minn., May 27.—The E. L. Kenney post, G. A. R., has made arrangements for Decoration day as follows: A procession will form in front of their hall and march to the graveyard, where they will decorate the soldiers' graves with appropriate ceremonies. Memorial exercises will be held Sunday, May 29, at the Methodist church. W. L. King will deliver the memorial address.

REDWOOD FALLS, Minn., May 27.—Decoration day will be celebrated here Monday under the auspices of John T. Marsh post, G. A. R. The post will attend service in a body at the Methodist church Sunday. Sermon by Rev. G. R. Geer. At 2 p. m. on Monday services will be held in the grove adjoining the Presbyterian church. The programme includes music, a poem and an address by Robert Stratton, of Minneapolis. The procession will then form and proceed to the cemetery. The graves will be decorated by the Broom brigade, under command of E. D. French.

THE KROLIK CASE.

Important Testimony on Behalf of the Defense.

Special to the Globe.

MANKATO, Minn., May 27.—In the Krolik case the entire forenoon was devoted to the cross-examination of Krolik. He went through it in good shape, creating a decided feeling in his favor by his straightforward and positive testimony. A number of other witnesses were examined, and several depositions read this afternoon. It appears from the depositions of John Daggett (one of the first men on the scene), that the gas fixtures were in their proper position when the fire was discovered. This knocks out about the only point left the prosecution. From the testimony of Mr. Holbrook it seems that even before an entrance into the store had been effected a man on the street cried out that the Jew had set his store on fire to get the insurance. This was taken up by the crowd, and Mr. Krolik was at once arrested. The report has, undoubtedly, worked him a great injustice, as his stock and fixtures were proven to have been worth nearly twice the amount of the insurance. To-morrow morning the lawyers will plead, W. W. Erwin, of St. Paul, for the defense and Mayor Pfau for the prosecution. A large number of ladies were in attendance this afternoon expecting to hear Mr. Erwin sum up. The case will probably go to the jury some time to-morrow afternoon.

ST. CLOUD NORMAL.

The Commencement Programme for Next Week.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, May 27.—The closing exercises of the St. Cloud normal school will commence on Monday evening in the rendition of a Shakespearian entertainment at the opera house by the graduating class. Eleven members of the graduating class have been selected to read essays, and they, together with their respective topics, are:

Nellie V. Clute—Salutatory—"The Practical."

Josephine Brower—"Meg Merrilies."

John C. Boehm—"The School Workshop."

William D. Ingalls—"The Normal School Problem."

Edith Pattison—"Sense Perception and Intuition."

Beulah Gilman—"Common Sense."

Henrietta Gilpatrick—"Education Values."

Evalyn Mattson—"Awakening."

Conrad M. Christianson—"Labor and Property."

Victoria B. Cumberland—"Doubt an Element in Progress."

Lida B. Earhart—"Scientific Temperance Instruction."—Valedictory.

The alumni association will hold its business meeting Tuesday afternoon at the school. In the evening the annual address before the association will be delivered by John E. Bradley, Ph. D., superintendent of Minneapolis schools, in Normal hall. The following are the members of the graduating class, which is the largest in the history of the school.

Advanced Course—Matilda Beuschlein, Minneapolis, Minn.; John C. Boehm, Rich Prairie, Minn.; Conrad M. Christianson, Hector Minn.; Victoria B. Cumberland, Mantorville, Minn.; Lida B. Earhart, Karns City, Penn.; Charlotte H. Getchell, St. Cloud, Minn., Edith S. Pattison, St. Cloud, Minn.; Amy M. Stone, Pine Island, Minn.

Elementary Course—Rose M. Apfeld, Sauk Centre, Minn.; Harry C. Bailey, Santiago, Minn.; Henrietta J. Barnes, Duluth, Minn.; Elizabeth Baxter, Chaska, Minn.; Josephine Brower, St. Cloud, Minn.; Nellie V. Clute, Grayity, Io.; Mary L. Connell, Saux Rapids, Minn.; Anna Fay, Prairie Depot, O.; Mabel A. Ferrin, St. Cloud, Minn.; Carrie A. Getchell, Brockway, Minn.; Beulah Gilman, St. Cloud, Minn.; Henrietta Gilpatrick, Royalton, Minn.; William D. Ingalls, St. Olaf, Minn.; Evalyn Mattson, Breckenridge, Minn.; Elizabeth Nessel, Rush City, Minn.; Clara D. Porter, Aitkin, Minn.; Anna M. Rank, Minneapolis, Minn.; Mary F. Smith, West Superior, Wis.; Laura E. Walker, Brainerd, Minn.; Martha Woolford, Sauk Centre, Minn.

Kindergartners—Leona Carrick, St. Cloud, Minn.; Virginia K. Hayward, St. Cloud, Minn.; Lillian P. Odlum, Minneapolis, Minn.

Hon. W. S. Pattee, Northfield, member of the state normal board, will deliver the address to the graduates, and present diplomas. The class will also be addressed by Gov. McGill. Rev. Edward Thwing, of Upingham schoo., England, at the request of the faculty, has composed the class song, which will be rendered by the class on Wednesday morning. The alumni reunion will take place at the Ladies' Home Wednesday evening at 3 o'clock.

The Homeopaths.

Special to the Globe.

OMAHA, Neb., May 27.—The Western Academy of Homeopathy concluded its convention to-day. At the closing session Dr. Kershaw, of St. Louis, read a paper on "Diphtheritic Paralysis;" Dr. Chamberlain one on "Neurosis as a Result of Eye Straining;" Dr. Harris one on "Lead Poisoning." Dr. J. P. Geffert, of Cincinnati, was expelled from the academy on the ground of being a quack. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Dr. J. M. Crawford, of Cincinnati, president; Dr. W. H. Caine, Stillwater, Minn., vice president; Dr. G. W. Foote, Galesburg, Ill., treasurer; Dr. C. J. Burger, Booneville, Mo., general secretary. Chicago was named as the next place of meeting.

Minnesota Law Cases.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The supreme court remands the appealed case of Dunn, of Albert Lea, vs. the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, to the United States circuit court, annulling the judgment of the state court. It also remands the case of Fuller & Burt, of Freeborn county, vs. Sheriff Larson, to the state court, denying the interpleader of the Thorn Wire Hedge company of Chicago.

An Old Soldier Drops Dead.

Special to the Globe.

MILBANK, Dak., May 27.—George W. Bartlett, city marshal and street comsioner, dropped suddenly dead this afternoon of heart disease. Mr. Bartlett was one of the pioneer settlers in this country, the first postmaster in Milbank and also a member of the first board of trustees when the town was incorporated. He was a member of the G. A. R. post, and belonged to the old First Minnesota and participated in the battle of Gettysburg. He leaves a family.

Probably Murdered.

Special to the Globe.

HUTCHINSON, Minn., May 27.—News has just reached here that while the Shephard boys were bathing this morning in Lake Preston, fourteen miles west from here, they caught the body of a man in a badly bloated condition and so disfigured as to be past all identity, but there were such marks as to lead to the supposition that the head was crushed before the body was placed in the water. It is also rumored that it is the body of old Dave Topliff, a well-known person of considerable means, who has not been seen around home the past week. Not a little interest is displayed in the mystery.

Drowned at Dubuque.

Special to the Globe.

DUBUQUE, Io., May 27.—Frank Branden, a youth of eigtheen years, was drowned to-day a mile below the city under singular circumstances. He was on the river with a skiff and went ashore, leaving the craft on the beach. When he returned he discovered that a passing raft steamer had washed the skiff afloat and sent it down stream. To regain it he stripped off to swim, became chilled and exhausted in the long struggle and was drowned. The body was recovered.

They Favor Prohibition.

OMAHA, Neb., May 27.—In the Presbyterian assembly to-day, the committee on temperance introduced the following resolution, which was almost unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this assembly reiterates and emphasizes the deliverance of the former assemblies with reference to the sin of intemperance, the unspeakable evil and wrong of the liquor traffic, the use of intoxicating drink as a beverage and the duty of all members of our churches to encourage and promote the cause of temperance in every legitimate way, and especially by the power of personal influence and example and by the strong arm of civil laws.

Looked Redwood Falls Over.

Special to the Globe.

REDWOOD FALLS, May 27.—The committee to locate the Minnesota Soldier's home visited here yesterday, arriving at noon from the east and remaining over one night. They were met at the train by a delegation of our citizens, given a drive about the city and shown three desirable sites. In the evening John S. Marsh post, G. A. R. gave the committee an informal reception at Dunnington's opera house.

Killed by the Cars.

Special to the Globe.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, Wis., May 27.—While the workingmen in Staner & Co.'s lumber yard were engaged in loading a flat car with slabs it was uncoupled from another car, and A. M. Novey stepped in between them to push the car along on the track. The remaining car followed and crushed him between the bumpers. He was injured internally and died at 5 p. m. He was a married man and leaves a wife and several children.

A Murderer Escapes.

Special to the Globe.

NELLSVILLE, Wis., May 27.—Daniel Allen, the murderer of Henry Wright, was found guilty at the March term of court and was granted a hearing for a new trial April 21, but owing to the absence of counsel for the defense the case was postponed till June 1. He broke jail at this place last night and made good his escape. Searching parties have been organized and are in hot pursuit. If found he will probably be lynched, as the people of this section are very indignant over the affair.

Took a Cool Hundred.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, May 27.—Calvin Robinson was arrested at Faribault by Officer Delaney for the larceny of $100 in cash from Mrs. Patrick Garvey, of Rosemount, for whom he had been working, and was committed by Justice Andrew Keegan to the next term of the district court. He was brought down to-day by Constable Thomas Devitt and turned over to Sheriff Connelly to await the action of the grand jury.

Deposits of Umber.

Special to the Globe.

ELLSWORTH, Wis., May 27.—Advices received from Knapp, on the northern boundary of this county, are to the effect that the prospectors for iron have discovered some very valuable deposits of umber of unusual purity. If the find is as good as reported, the mines are more valuable than though they were iron. The mining excitement prevails throughout the county.

A Female Ballot Box Stuffer.

MILWAUKEE, May 27.—Steps have been taken by the Racine election officers to institute legal proceedings against Rev. Olympia Brown Willis on the charge of attempting to stuff the ballot boxes. Mrs. Willis is the leader of the woman suffragists of Wisconsin. The inspectors claim that Mrs. Willis, when her vote was rejected, attempted to force her ticket into the ballot box and was only prevented by the superior strength of the inspectors.

Barns Burned.

Special to the Globe.

COKATO, May 27.—The barns of Henry Lake, a farmer living four miles north of this village, were destroyed by fire this afternoon, with a lot of farm machinery, two new farm wagons and about 300 bushels of oats. One heifer was in the stable at the time and was burned. The loss is about $1,000, with no insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Hanged Himself.

Special to the Globe.

MOORHEAD, Minn., May 27.—This morning the body of E. L. Hangober, a Norwegian about 40 years old, was found hanging from a tree on the bank of the river a little north of the town. An inquest decided the case to be one of suiside, cause unknown. He leaves a wife and two children, one in St. Paul.

Impure Milk.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, May 27.—State Dairy Commissioner Ives was in the city to-day and tested the milk sold by the local milk dealers. That of four of the dealers out of the six tested was found to be below the standard and the deficit must be remedied.

Killed Himself.

Special to the Globe.

MAIDEN ROCK, Wis., May 27.—An old man named O'Brien, aged ninety years, who has lived here for many years, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver.

House Burned.

Special to the Globe.

MONTGOMERY, Minn, May 27.—The house and furniture of Michael Dooley, three miles west of Kilkenny, burned to-day. Loss, $2,500.

A SHERIFF FALLS IN A FIT

The Leader of An Eviction Party in Ireland Suddenly Stricken Down With Epilepsy.

The Unexpected Event Leads to a Cessation of Hostilities Between the Tenants and the Officials.

Sixty-Eight Bodies So Far Recovered From the Ruins of the Opera Comique at Paris.

France Still Without a Cabinet---Demands That Boulanger Be Retained ---General Foreign News.

DUBLIN, May 27.—Evictions are being carried on at Bodyke, attended by exciting scenes. A fight occurred, and the police charged the people with batons. The sheriffs in command were seized with epilepsy. A truce was had at once, and was used by the people to strengthen their defenses. The persons to be evicted are all barricaded in their homes, and have plenty of friends along to assist in resisting the police. It is believed that severe fighting and even bloodshed are inevitable.

The Boynton evictions have been suspended.

THE PARIS HORROR.

Sixty-Eight Bodies so Far Taken From the Ruins.

PARIS, May 27.—The roll call of the attaches of the Opera Comique made today shows that seventeen actors and employes are missing, exclusive of the supernumeraries who are engaged nightly, of which there was no record kept. According to official report sixty bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the Opera Comique up to 7 o'clock this evening. The municipal council has voted 10,000 francs for the relief of the sufferers.

A later official report announces that sixty-eight bodies have been recovered. The work of searching the ruins continues to-night with the aid of electric lights. An English family of three are missing. Inquiries for missing friends are still being received.

The approaches to the burned theater are crowded with sight-seers. A pamphlet was vended on the streets to-day, the moral of which was that if there had been a series of ministers of fine arts with as high a sense of public duty as had been shown by Gen. Boulanger, the disaster would not have occurred. The pamphlet was eagerly bought and produced.

A VISIBLE EFFECT

upon the populace, which was heightened by the occasional passage of an ambulance containing a corpse. An audacious fire brand could have persuaded the crowd to do anything. All Paris turned out to witness the transfer of the corpses to the morgue. A gentleman who was mistaken for M. Berthelot was obliged to seek refuge from a throng indignant people, amid cries of "A La Seine." A Viennese financier named Desauer and his wife are among the victims. At the roll to-day of the Opera Comique company there was a distressing scene. The names of the dead were greeted with sobs and lamentations. M. Tasquin, who is to receive the cross of the legion of honor, for his heroic efforts to prevent a panic on the night of the disaster, was welcomed by his fellow artists with the greatest display of gratitude and affection. M. Carvalho, in expressing his thanks for the generosity of the theatrical world, begged to be excused from making a speech, as his feelings were too much harrowed by the frightful catastrophe. Mr. Stenackers to-day announced that the government would make a further appropriation for the relief of the sufferers. Mlles. Van Zandt and Nevada to-day cabled offers of their services in benefits, and similar offers