





THE SUNDAY GLOBE

(TO-MORROW)

Will be the Best Paper Ever Issued in the Northwest. It Will Be

BRIGHT, ENTERTAINING, SPICY, AND AT THE SAME TIME CLEAN AND WHOLESOME.

were ill. He remained until June 2. when he started for Wa-delai, leaving seventy men encamped on the heights to the right of Aruwhimi

commanding a view of the surrounding country. Mr. Stanley believed that it would take him two months to reach! Wadeli. The steamer Stanley sustained some injury to its engines and was to return on June 3 to Leopoldville for repairs, and then return to Aurwhimi, taking the stores at Stanley post and the men left.

Missing Officers.

BERLIN, July 22.—The garrison at Metz is in a state of excitement over the

prolonged absence of a party of German

officers belonging to the garrison, who started to attend the national fete at Nancy and have not since been heard

and the men left.

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VOL. IX.

SAINT PAUL, MINN., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1887 .-- TWELVE PAGES.

BOUND TO SEE THE WEST.

The President Fully Resolved to Visit St. Paul and Other Inland Commercial Centers.

The Time for the Trip Not Yet Decided On, But it Will Probably be This Fall.

A St. Louis Delegation to Visit the Waite House Next Monday With a Formal Invitation.

The Rights of Aliens as Set Forth in an Opinion by Attorney General Garland.

Special to the Globe.

Washington, July 22.—The mayor of St. Louis has telegraphed President Cleveland asking if he would receive a delegation from that city, who would come here to extend an invitation to the Grand Army men have gone. The president replied that he would be here on Monday to receive the delegation. on Monday to receive the designation. The president, of course, has known for some time of the determination on the part of the St. Louis people to urge him to make a western tour, notwithstanding his declination to attend the Grand Army remains, and that he has been considering the matter, but has not yet decided. the matter, but has not yet decided whether or not he will go. Other invi-tations from Western cities to make them a yisit are on the way, or will soon them a visit are on the way, or will soon reach him, notably one from the citizens of Kansas City, who are desirous of having him pay a visit to the National Agricultural exposition, which opens there early this fall, and it is thought quite probable he will make up his mind to make quite an extended Western trip after his Southern trip to Atlanta.

Another telegram says: "The poli-Another telegram says: "The politicians who are coming here from St. Louis to urge the president to take a 'Western trip will find that their visit is

unnecessary. There is no doubt that the president has ALREADY DETERMINED ALREADY DETERMINED to take an extended trip through the Western states in the early future. The date has not yet been fixed. If he goes early he will probably visit first Chicago, then Milwaukee, St. Paul and Minneapolis, returning to Washington by way of Omaha, Atchison, Kansas City and St. Louis. If the trip is taken later the route will be reversed, so as to visit St. Louis first and then Kansas City, Atchison, Omaha, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Milwaukee, returning home direct from Chicago. The ing home direct from Chicago. The president hopes to be able to make this trip in daylig t so as to see the country and observe the great progress of the West. It is his intention to meet the people of the Western states as presi-dent of the whole country and not as the representative of one party. This is the way which he talks with those to whom he has expressed his views on the sub-The president and Mrs. Cleveland

dence during the remainder of the sum-

THE RIGHTS OF ALIENS. Their Power to Hold Property in the United States Defined.

Washington, July 22.—The following is the text of tue attorney general's opinion with regard to the act to restrict. ownership of real estate in the territo-

ownership of real estate in the territories to American citizens:

Department of Justice, Washington, May 20.—To the President. Sir: A reply to your inquiries must be derived from an interpretation of the act of March 3, 1887,entiled "An act to restrict the ownership of real estate in the territories to American citizens, and so forth." The inquiries are: First, was the act intended to apply and does it apply to mines? Second, can aliens lawfully acquire, own and hold shares of stock issued by an American corporation which is the owner of mineral lands in the territories? Third, would the advancement of money by aliens for the purpose of developing mining properties be lawfully under the act? Fourth, can aliens lawfully contract with American owners for working mines or making any proper use of mineral lands for a more constant. working mines or making any proper use of mineral lands for a term of years. The first section of the act forbids aliens who have not declared their intention to become citizens of the United States and alien corporations "to hereafter acquire, hold or own reai estate, or any interest therein in the territories of the United States or in the District of Columbia," except in the cases enumerated in the exceptional proviso to the section. The second section forbids the holding or acquiring by any foreign corporation or association of more than 20 per cent. of the stock in any company. The third section forbids corporations other than railway, canal or turnpike cumpanies to hereafter acquired, or limits railway, canal and turnpike cumpanies in their acquisition to such lands as may be necessary to the proper operation of their roads, canals and turnpikes. The fourth section provides for forfeiture of the property for violations of the provisio s of the act. The property forbidden to be acquired, held or owned in the first section is "real estate, or any interest therein." The term "real estate" is very comprehensive. It includes hands and every estate that may be inherited which is annexed to, arises out of, or is exercisable therein. This term embraces agricultural, mineral desert and timber lands and town sites alike. The plurase, "any interest therein," is somewhat ambignous. It might bear the construction that a lease for years is an interest in real estate. It admits of another construction, viz: That the words "any interest therein" must refer to any interest in real estate, that a lease for years or any estate less than a freehold in land is not real estate, but a chattel real, and is so known in the law; that the word "therein" refers to what in law is known as real estate, and as a lease for years in not so known in the law; that the word "therein" refers to what is known as rea

oes not deny the right of American owner borrow money from aliens not to seen a sale or a future loan the alien creditor could not at such sale become a purchaser. I therefore rely to the inquiries submitted as follows: First, as mines are real estate, the act does not apply to them. Second, as stock in a corporation is personally an alien, can lawfully have, own and hold shares of stock issued by an American corporation, which is now the owner of mineral lands in territories; but if the holding by aliens exceeds 20 per cent, such corporation can neither acquire, hold, own nor hereafter acquire real estate while more than 20 per cent, is held and owned by aliens. Third—Under the act, the advancement of money hereafter by aliens for the purpose of developing mining property is lawful, but no interest in the real estate can be acquired by such advancement, nor would an alien have the right to purchase the real estate nor any interest therein on a loan made since the passage of the act, even if sold on his own security or lien. Fourth—Aliens may lawfully contract with American owners to work mines by personal contracts, for hire or by bona fide leases for a resonable time. I am, sir, with great respect,

A. H. GARLAND.

Attorney General.

Testing the Atlanta. Washington, July 22. - Secretary Whitney, in speaking of the guns of the new cruiser Atlanta, said she is meant for a fighting ship and must be further tested. He therefore appointed to-day the following board of officers to test her capacity for carrying heavy guns: Commander Goodrich, Lieut. A. R. Conden, Naval Coustructor Hichbon, and Constructor Varal Constructor bon and Assistant Naval Constructor Nixon. This board will accompany the Atlanta on an extended cruise and subject her guns to a severe test on a cruise sufficiently long to test her in all sorts of wind and weather, and in a word, to put her to tests which will determine whether she is thoroughly fitted for naval warfare. The Atlanta will put to sea within a week or two.

Washington, July 22.—The treasury department has decided that animals of high grade and value imported from high grade and value imported from Scotland or other distant countries for breeding purposes are entitled to free entry under the tariff law, notwithstanding the fact that they may be intended for sale. This ruling reverses a decision of the collector of customs at Detroit, Mich., who assessed duty on ten valuable horses imported from Scotland on the ground that the provisions of the bill for animals imported for breeding purposes did not apply in cases breeding purposes did not apply in cases where the animals are intended to be

A Gain in Cash.

Washington, July 22.—The receipts of the United States since July 1 have been \$23,525,388 and the expenditures \$22,795,441, being a net gain to date of

A KENTUCKY BOYCOTT. Chilly Reception of Officers Trying to Collect Taxes.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 22.—United States Marshal Gross and his large force of deputies, who left Tuesday to levy on property of residents of Taylor county, Ky., for refusal to pay tax.

railroad bonds, has been boycotted by the hotels of Campbellville, which refused to entertain him. He, with his force, eneamped in the open air, and is not making much progress in levying on property. All the stores are closed up and most of the personal property has been removed and the live stock has been taken out of the country. Several houses were levied upon in the absence of something better. A large crowd of people accompanied the officers, but introduction of new ones. From her account it appears that these heartless of something better. A large crowd of people accompanied the officers, but forced to promote the name, who were in the habit of seducing young children and paying old hands for the introduction of new ones. From her account it appears that these heartless rufiians take the greatest precaution against discovery." A prominent city detective confirmed to the reporter the foregoing statement.

The editor of the Qepublican when in congress voted to exclude the Chinese; why single out the Hungarian? What does it matter to the American work ingman who it is that takes his situation away from him and does the work for less pay? I would a have a Hungarian take means are found and label it the Powderly plan. Statesmanship of the highest or der will be required to handle this problem. The editor of the Qepublican when in congress voted to exclude the Chinese; why single out the Hungarian? What does it matter to the American work in the note.

The distinct of the personal property has been removed and the live stock has been removed and the live stock has been removed and the live stock has been removed and the live are entitled to the name, who were in the habit of seducing young children and paying old hands for the introduction of new ones. From her account it appears that these heartless problems are a plan for the regulation of the manes and addresses of several men, if the name, who were in the habit of seducing young children and paying old hands for the re people seem determined not to pay taxes, and a general boycott of the officers seems imminent, as the neighboring towns have said they would no take care of any stock levied on in Tay-

Assaulted His Daughters. PITTSBURG, Pa., July 22.—The jury in the case of William Oakley, of Windsor, charged with incest with his two daugh ters, Alfreda and Isadore, returned a ters, Alfreda and Isadore, returned a verdict of guilty to-day. Oakley made a short speech, claiming that his case had been prejudiced. In passing sentence Judge Dewey said that Oakley had been convicted of the most inhuman and gross crime known, and could not expect sympathy from the court. He then sentenced the prisoner to seven years at hard labor on each of the two indictments.

The Coke Strike.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 22.—Specials from the coke regions report that a large number of strikers resumed work to-day, but new complications have arisen which may prevent a settlement of the strike. At many of the works the strikers reported for duty this morning, but would not go to work unles the non-union workmen were discharged. The operators refused to concede this and the men returned to their homes.

Made an Assignment.

CHICAGO, July 22. - The Hanscom Printing company made an assignment this evening, with \$25,000 liabilities and nominally equal assets. No cause is assigned for the failure. This is the company in whose establishment were printed the famous forged ballots that vere instrumental in sending Joseph C. Mackin to the penitentiary.

The Excursion to Maplewood.

Waseca, July 22.-A large excursion party from Owatonna arrived in this city at 8 o'clock this morning and proceeded to Maplewood park, where a picnic was It consisted of the Owatonna fire department and other citizens, fully 200 in number. The Owatonna band was along and made fine music.

Waseca Assembly Closes. Special to the Globe.

Waseca, July 22.-The Waseca assembly of 1887 has passed into history. The great numbers of those who have been in attendance are taking their departure. Many also have concluded to remoin some time on the grounds. All are loud in their praise of the good work

In the Iron Region. special to the Globe.

DULUTH, July 22.—Work will be commenced in a few weeks at Two Harbors on the extension of the Minnesota Iron company's ore docks, which are to be lengthened 500 feet. The Duluth & fron range railroad has received seven new locomotives and a large number of ore, freight and passenger cars.

Troops Not Needed.

Special to the Globe.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 22.—Gov. Beaver has informed the sheriff of West Moreland county, who recently asked for troops to put down the Mammoth coke works rioters, that the emergency does not warrant the calling out of troops The sheriff telegraphed to-day that all not edizens or American corporations while such per cent of stock is so held and owned, no further acquisition can be made of real estate by such corporation. The act is quiet now.

TRAFFIC IN LITTLE GIRLS.

Some Horrible Revelations Made Public By the Chief of Police of Ottawa, Ont.

Prominent Men Engaged in the Ruin of Children Not Over Twelve Years of Age.

A Chicago Boodler Turns State's Evidence, and Tells How the People

An Opium Smuggling Case at San Francisco Which May Have Further

Press of this city has created a tremendous sensation by the publication of an interview with Chief of Police McVeity, in which he acknowledges that a precisely similar state of affairs exists in Ottawa to-day as the Pall Mall sorts of men are implicated, professional sorts of men are implicated, professional men civil servants, tradesmen and others. The children are enticed in some cases to chambers, in others into offices, and sometimes into stores. These men give them money whenever they want it. In one case a man gave a girl 86 to hush the matter up, and had to give another a similar sum because she knew of it. The children are mostly about eleven years old, and in many cases do not years old, and in many cases do not know the evil they are doing. When they get a little older

do? I cannot act without the consent of the parents. In this case the mother merely denied it and would make no inmerely denied it and would make no in-quiries. I was powerless, and let the matter drop. There are eases where mothers will take the matter up, and hav-ing their suspicions aroused, look into the reports and keep the children at home, but they wont prosecute. The press ought to take the matter up. There are some terrible stories to be told, and it will do good to call public attention to t. Quite recently two of these children were in court. One was not twelve, and he other, who is an old hand, is not yet fourteen. One of the victims is a bright, pretty looking girl of some thirteen summers, who cried pitifully as she told

mailing Was Done.

special to the Globe. CHICAGO, July 22.—After the opening speech for the defense in the big boodle ease to-day, the court took a short recess and then ex-Commissioner Charles F. Lynn was called as the first witness for the state. He testified that he and several of his colleagues accepted "commission" bribes from a number of contractors. He gave in detail the fraudulent transactions, and stated that there were secret meetings of the com-missioners at which plans were made for robbing the public in this way. Warden McGarigle, he stated, acted as collector of the "commissions" and paid to each member of the "combine" his share of the spoils. Lynn stated he had received about \$5,000 in all as his portion of the commissions extorted from contractors for supplies furnised to the county institutions. His damaging story, though not unexpected, created a sensation in court.

OPIUM SMUGGLING.

San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22-The case of the United States vs. Alfred Rhodus, who was charged with concealing and smuggling opium, and who is believed to be connected with a large band of smugglers, was before United States Commissioner Sawyer to-day. The defendant called a Chinaman, named Jonected with the order. Sing, who testified that he was a citizen of the United States, having been naturalized in Cincinnati; that he sold the 291 boxes alleged to contain opium to a friend of Mr. Rhodus for 30 cents each; that each box contained New Or-leans molasses; that the boxes contained no more opium than that which adhered to the sides of the boxes from which opium had been taken; that the contents of the boxes were an antidote for opium smoking. The witness ex-hibited a number of labels similar in all respects to those upon the seized boxes, and said they were printed in San Francisco. Commissioner Sawyer said that, in the absence of evidence show-ing that the boxes contained opium clandestinely imported, he would have to discharge the accused, which he did. After the dismissal of the case Rhodus called at a newspaper office and said he was engaged with a lot of rich smugglers who had tried, by conspiring against him in this case, to get him out of the way. He added that unless he got what he wanted from them he would divulge what he knew of their transactions and send a number of them

to fail.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 22.-The mony in the tally sheet cases. The general tendency of the testimony corroborated to some extent the evidence given yesterday by Perkins, the man who turned state's evidence. During who turned state's evidence. During the day Mr. Harley, an expert chemist, was called. He inspected the mutilated tally sheets and gave it as his opinion that figures had been crased by means of acids. He explained the method by which this could be done, and gave a practical illustration in the

resence of the jury. The statement in these dispatches last night that \$14,000 was raised for the purpose of corrupting the first grand jury that investigated these frauds, was not correct. The sum collected for that purpose was \$1,400.

A Brave Woman.

BRENHAM, Tex., July 22. - A lady.

Jake Sharp's Case.

A Procuress Sentenced.

NEW YORK, July 22.-Mrs. Dorothy

eight months. She practiced the trade

of a procuress under the guise of keeping an employment bureau.

POWDERLY HEARD FROM. He Has Something to Say on the Immigration Question.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 22.—Master

Workman Powderly has written another

letter on the immigration question. In a communication to Hon. John E. Bas-

rett, editor of the Scranton Truth, he

says: "In regard to the statement pub-

lished in the Scranton Pepublican, viz:

that my plan contemplates the exclusion of all foreigners except the few who come provided with sufficient means to

sustain themselves for a year, if neces-

sary, without employment, I desire to state that I never said that the emigrant should come provided with sufficient means to maintain himself for

a year if necessary. It is because so many of them are without employment and because many of them crowd our

citizens out of employment that I do not want the emigrant to come until he is sure of employment without robbing

another of it. That is the case in a nut-

another of it. That is the case in a nutshell. I am gathering statistics and data upon which to base a plan of dealing with the inportant question. Until that is done and I announce it as my plan neither the Republican nor any one else is authorized to promulgate a plan for the regulation of the imprigration and label it the Powderly

why single out the Hungarian? What does it matter to the American work ingman who it is that takes his situation away from him and does the work for less pay? I would as lief have a Hungarian take my situation as an Irishman or an Englishman. Both to me would be the same in the end, but the Hungarians and Chi-

nese do not vote and this makes a difference. I would shut every man and woman out who would deprive an

American citizen (native or naturalized

American citizen (native of naturalized) of his employment. It sounds very fine and it is certainly sentimental to say that this country is a home for the oppressed and that it is un-American to talk of keeping people away from our shores, but with 1,000,000 people out of employment and the number increasing

employment and the number increasing

with every move, it will soon be un christian as well as un-American to invite people here to starve them."

A Natural Gas Well.

Papaworth's residence, in the eastern

part of the village, this morning a ter

dirt were blown 100 feet into the air. Natural gas had been struck. The flow

was lighted, and a flame as large as a parrel ascended to a height of thirty feet. To-night the tap will be lighted

again, and later a meeting will be held

to determine what to do with the dis

Want to Secede.

LONDON, Ont., July 22.—The final ses-

sion of the district assembly of the

Knights of Labor was held last night.

body in the matter of jurisdiction, a resolution was passed urging secession from the United States grand assembly

and the formation of a general assembly

for Canada, the latter body to have complete and unrestricted powers to adjudi-

cate on all questions and business con

A Fresh Young Man.

season, undertook to break the montony

performed. On returning to the West

End hotel and just in front of the main

Arrested at Fargo.

Special to the Globe.
FARGO, Dak, July 22.—The police

Thomas Gauer, on a telegraphic request from Assistant Chief Herry, of Minneapolis, who is to come here to

The Yellow Fever.

KEY WEST, Fla., July 22.-Nine new

ases of yellow fever have developed

since yesterday, but no deaths have oc-

curred. As in previous reports during

the last two weeks, these new cases are mostly confined to children, of whom uearly 100 are and have been under

Dry Goods Imports.

New York, July 22.—The imports of dry goods at the port of New York for

the week ending to-day amounted to \$2,835,000. The total amount thrown on

treatment without any fatal results.

entrance the l

jured.

nce the horse reared, throwing his Mr. Work was only slighly in-

Howell, Mich., July 22.-While work-

NEW YORK, July 22.—The argument

Mrs. Telfer, was awakened by the fumes of chloroform and not wishing to frighten her daughter who had been sleeping in the room with her since the Gainesville tragedy, lay quiet for a minute, when Miss Nellie Telfer Gainesville tragedy, lay quiet for a minute, when Miss Nellie Telfer screamed out that there was some one in the room with chloroform, and awakened the whole family. A lady boarder in the house rushed out of the house to call an officer. As she was passing through the yard a burly negro sprang up from behind a bush and started to run. The lady overtook him at the fence, and ordered him to "hands up" or she would blow the top off his head. His hands came up, and marching him before her, she brought him to the house, where she and a young man held him until an officer came and cooducted him to jail. There was not a shooting iron of any descrip-

Were Robbed.

Developments.

Special to the Globe.
OTTAWA, Ont., July 22.—The Free was not a shooting iron of any description on the place. to make permanent the stay of proceedings in the case of Jacob Sharp, which was to have been hoard by Judge Potter Gazette two years ago showed to exist in London. Chief McVeity said: "All in the supreme court chambers to-day, has been adjourned until Tuesday next. Boarke Cochrane has been retained by Sharp to make the argument, and it was to give him time to make himself familiar with the case and prepare his briefs that the adjournment was granted. Horn was to-day sentenced to state prison for a term of three years and

THEY BECOME RECRUITERS, and receive money from these men for bringing them fresh children. The evil is very widespread in the city, and I mean to stop it if I can, but in most cases it is very difficult to obtain proof. Not long ago I was certain of it in the case of one child, and I informed her mother, but what could I do? I cannot ag without the consent of

her touchin taic. She said:

SHE WAS BETRAYED
by an Ottawa man in good position some
two years 2go.and gave a most revolting
account of her own history, as well as
those of some seven or eight of her associates. She was just beginning her
career as a recruiter, but fortunately for
herself it has been out short. She gave

An Informer Tells How the Black-

Lynn's cross-examination elicited nothing significant save that he was a church member. Lynn is a tall, gaunt-looking farmer. He gave his testimony in a cool, unconcerned manner and did not seem to shrink from the withering glances directed toward him by his twelve old colleagues.

Queer Conclusion of a Case at

Minneapolis, who is to come here to take him to Minneapolis on the early morning train. He is said to be ac-cused of highway robbery. Chief Wood will go to Minneapolis with them.

The Tally Sheet Case.

federal court room was erowded with people anxious to listen to the testiSHE'S STILL HEART WHOLE

Mile. Armaindo Denies the Report That She Would Like to Scratch Bicyclist Eck.

Because He Wedded Another Woman Instead of Joining Fortunes With Her.

An Actress Faints on the Stage at

Execution of a Train Wrecker at Ne-

to-day from Chippewa Falls and the rumor at once spread that she was after Eck's scalp for his marriage with Miss Carlisle. Armaindo denied the report to-night and said the news of Eck's marriage caused a feeling of surprise rather than of pain. She says she simply came here for pleasure. here for pleasure.

THE GALLOWS. Execution of a Train Wrecker at

Nebraska City. Nebraska City, Neb., July 22.— David Hoffman was hanged here to-day for wrecking a Missouri Pacific passenger train on the night of the 11th of January last, at Dunbar, a small station on the Missouri Pacific, ten miles west of this place. At the time of the wreck Engineer Dewitt was instantly killed, and a number of passengers were seriously injured. Hoffman ascended the scaffold with a firm tread. He made an effort to say something, but broke down. The trap was sprung at 10:24, and he was strangled to death in eight minutes. His body was cut down and turned over to the county coroner. His confederate in the train wrecking is serving a ten years' sentence in the penitentiary, having turned state's evidence. The militia company was called out to keep order, but everything passed off quiety.

order, but everything passed off quietly. Schellenberger, the fiendish child mur-derer; daring the hanging of Hoffman, was very restless, having heard the current rumor that a mob was being formed in the country to clear the jail, but up to the present the mob has failed to materialize, though some anxiety is felt as to what the day may bring forth.

Fainted on the Stage. pecial to the Globe. ALBERT LEA, Minn., July 22.-During the performance of the "Lady of Lyons" by the Stewart Dramatic company this evening, Mrs. Stewart, while playing the part of Pauline in the fourth playing the part of Fauthle in the fourth act, fainted away twice, and a physician being, alled, forbid her finishing the piece, and a farce was substituted. She was attacked with neuralgia of the heart, and absolute rest is necessary to

Two Places to Fill. pecial to the Globe. Washington, July 22.—The president received a letter this afternoon from Nelson, recently appointed registrar of the Fergus Falls land office, de-clining the position. Also a letter from Hon. M. Doran, enclosing the same, and recommending the appointment of P. O. Neber. Both documents were referred in regular order to the secretary of the in regular order to the secretary of the interior to make up a new case for an appointment. Appointment Clerk Hassler says the papers were received from the White house just as the department closed. The case will be made up to-morrow ready for the action of Secretary Lamar, who will return on Monday. In assumed, as there will be a cabinet meetasmuch as there will be a cabinet meeting Tuesday the case will not likely be taken to the president before Wednesday or Thursday. No doubt Neber will day of Hudsday. An doubt Neber While be appointed as recommended. While here last Monday Hon. M. H. Day urged the appointment of Tom White to the Grand Forks receivership. Action was delayed in this case because Lamar was not in the city, Mr. White is endorsed by McCormack, Maratta, Church, all territorial Democrats and also by Doran territorial Democrats and also by Doran and Kelly, of Minnesota. His appoint-ment is likely to be make at the same time as Neber's, at Fergus Falls.

nen were digging a well at Walter They Have No Claim. Washington, July 22.—On the 7th inst. the secretary of the interior in the case of the Fort Boise hay reservation. decided that the land in reservation in excess of 640 acres, the amount limited After a lengthy discussion on the sub-ject of the separation of the Canadian Knights of Labor from the American

by law, was illegally reserved, and de-cided it open to entry and settlement. Since the promulgation of that decision, and in the belief that the ruling of the secretary in that case applied to the Fort Ellis military reservation in Mon-tana, containing 36,000 acres, a large number of settlers have entered upor and asserted claims to the land in the latter reservation. Acting Secretary Muldrew to-day in a letter to the custo-dian of Fort Ellis decides that the law of 1853, limiting military reservations to 640 acres, applied to the territory of Oregon as then constituted, its eastern boundary being the "summit of the Rocky mountains." and as Fort Ellis is east of the boundary line it does not come within the purview of the statute limiting the area of military reserva-tions. Settlers will be notified that their claims have no foundation in law.

The Dakota Editors.

Long Branch, July 22.—George Work, son of Frank Work, who has Special to the Globe.
MILBANK, Dak., July 22.—At a pubbeen stopping at the Elberon hotel this season, undertook to break the moniony yesterday by riding his horse up six steps and into the West End bar room, where he and his horse had several drinks together. He then went to the Stowl hotel, where the same antics were lic meeting of citizens held this evening in pursuance of a call issued by Mayor Glenn, it was unanimously resolved to invite the Dakota Press association, which meets on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week at Big Stone City on the shore of the lake, to visit Milbank on its return on Friday afternoon when a public reception and bannoon, when a public reception and ban-quet will be tendered at the opera house. Committees were appointed to carry out the details of the reception. Milbank proposes to make the vacation a pleasant one for the quill drivers of the Da-kota prairies." this morning arrested a man said to be

Seriously Injured.

Special to the Globe.
CHATFIELD, Minn., July 22.—S. M Oustine, the leading banker of this place, was seriously injured last night by falling from a window at his residence. He was discovered by his mother after he had fallen and help was called and he was taken into the house. called and he was taken into the house. His collar bone is broken and he is suffering from internal injuries. He is still unconscious, and it is not known how the accident occurred, but the supposition is that he was reading by the window and fell asleep, or else stepped to the window for air and lost his balance. The distance to the ground is about effect. ance. The distance about fifteen feet.

of Duluth, in the hands of the printer, on the basis of two and one-half people to each name indicates a population of about 36,000.

INDIAN OUTBREAKS. In the Northwest Territory Most of Them on Paper.

Special to the Globe

Moose Jaw, N. W. T., July 22.-Like the States Canada must have the regusemi-annual Indian scare. The ball opened this year at Broadview, the par-Execution of a Train Wrecker at Nebraska City, Neb.—Scenes at the Gallows.

An Actress Paints on the Stage at Albert Lea-General Northwestern News.

An Actress Paints on the Stage at Albert Lea-General Northwestern News.

Special to the Globe.

OMAHA, Neb., July 22.—M'lle Armainßo, the lady bieyelist, arrived to-day from Chippewa Falls and the rumor at once spread that she was after Eck's sealn for his marriage with Miss. ticulars of which were published in the some two or three miles from the noble some two or three innes from the noble red men and that the red men were firing at gophers. The cows, in the meantine, are probably roaming over the prairie at their own sweet will. Since the great Riel rebellion it takes but little to create a first-class Modo scare in the Northwest territory. To keep up with the times Swift Current scare in the Northwest territory. To keep up with the times Swift Current also had an attack of an Indian-out-break fever, it being reported at that point that the great unwashed chief, Pie-a-pot, who figured so largely in the recent Riel rebellion, and who was ob-liged to remove himself to the United States in order to saye his scaln had liged to remove himself to the United States in order to save his scalp, had gathered himself together and once more turned his face to the North in general, and Swift Current in particular. Fifty odd mounted police were immediately ordered to Swift Current, at which point they remained until more authentic reports proved that Pic-a-pot was still in the States, hoeing potatoes for a Montana ranchman at 50 cents per day and boarding himself. The country is still safe.

try is still safe. Stabbed. Special to the Globe.
HASTINGS, Minn., July 22.—Nicholas Wagner was stabbed last night with a knife by Albert Roman in the left breast, the blade striking the rib next to the last and glancing off. He also rethe last and glancing off. He also re-ceived another severe cut across the left groin, causing the muscles to expand, besides three or four slight wounds upon the legs. From the cuts upon his clothing and body Roman must have used the knife not less than five times. Dr. J. C. Fitch dressed Wagner's wounds and says that in all probability wounds, and says that in all probability nothing serious will arise, but that he will be laid up some days. Shortly after the affray Policemen Nolan and Schultz arrested Roman and placed him in jail, and he will be given a hearing in the police court before Justice O'Brien next Friday at 10 a. m. What motive Roman had for stabbing Wagner is yet to be determined.

A Large Yield. Special to the Globe.
PIPESTONE, Minn., July 22.—The crop of small grain in this county are coming on finely, and our farmers will all be in the harvest field in the course of a few days. While the yield will not be what was expected at the beginning of the season, it is thought it will be the largest had here for several years. The owers the past few days have helped everything out. Corn and vege-tables are also doing finely, and if the frost holds off the best crop of corn ever raised in the county will be harvested this fall. Binding twine is very scarce, and it is feared considerable grain will have to be bound by hand.

Parties of Ladies.

special to the Globe. DULUTH, July 22.-From twenty to fifty ladies, in parties of three and upward, without any male escort, are arriving on every passenger boat from Buffalo and Chicago. A large party from Washington.three from New York, two from Albany, two from Cleveland, five from Philadelphia, one from Baltimore and three from Detroit were among the groups from the larger cities arriving since Sunday. One or two ladies in each party act as treasurer of the funds and pay all bills.

The Breweries-Dropped Dead. Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, July 22.—Applications were made to-day for injunctions re-straining the two breweries of the city from disposing of the product illegally in Iowa. The hearing will be held July Mrs. Charles Eberhardt, an old res dent, dropped dead of heart disease this forenoon. Her husband is proprietor of the Columbia house, in front of which Haddock was murdered, and she was ounted on as a witness in the trial.

Mr. Hamilton's Funeral. Special to the Globe.

MANKATO, Minn., July 22.—The funeral of Henry Hamilton, who died last Tuesday morning of acute peritonitis, after a brief illness of only three days, occurred at 5 o'clock this afternoon. H was the youngest son of Henry M. Ham-ilton, proprietor of the Mankato house. The funeral was one of the largest ever The funeral was one of the largest ever

A Gospel Army Rumpus.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, July 22.—The Gospel army folks failed to materialize last evening. The major arrived in the city from Minneapolis last evening, and announced that Capt. Hallelujah Shiner, who has been in town several days making arrangements, had no authority to do so and he was dismissed. The major has now taken the matter personally in hand, and will open up the conflict in a a few days.

A Child Killed.

Special to the Globe,
Winona, July 22.--A fourteen-yearold child of Joseph Burzezinski was run over and killed by a wood team on the corner of Fourth and Chatfield streets while playing in the street. The wagon came on to the little boy suddenly from around a corner, and killed him in-stantly. The driver of the wood wagon did not stop after running over the child, and it has not yet been ascer-tained who is responsible for the sad accident.

An Unsuccessful Hunt.

ecial to the Globe. BLACK RIVER FALLS, Wis., July 22. -The sheriff and a posse of about twelve duputies have been searching all day through the surrounding country for the three prisoners who broke jail here last night, but so far have been unable to find any trace of them.

Drowned. Special to the Globe.

TRACY, Minn., July 22 .- Oscar Carlson, a son of a farmer near Lake Sarah, was drowned in Lake Shetek yesterday Duluth's Population.

Special to the Globe.

Duluth, July 22.—A careful compilation of figures in the new city directory was drowned in Lake Sheetek yesterlay with Deceased was twenty years of age. The body was recovered to-day and will be buried to morrow.

Toute is most rapidly and easily made. LISBON, July 22.—A dispatch from which which will be covered to-day and will be buried to morrow.

A NEW FOE FOR GERMANY.

The Colorado Beetle Arrives and Anneunces His Intention of Making a Permanent Stay.

Hitherto Fertile Fields Rendered Desolate by the Unwelcome Visitor From America.

Gen. Boulanger's Alleged Complicity in a Plot to Put the Orleanists in Power.

of. The officers were attired in civil-ians clothes and could not be recognized as German soldiers. It is supposed they were arrested while watching the British Workmen Call on Lord Salisbury --- The Bulgarian Crisis--- General review, or that they became involved in a quarrel or fight, brought about by the discovery of their nationality. Foreign News.

GEN. BOULANGER.

Reasons Why He Would Not Join

LONDON, July 22 .- The stories con-

eerning Gen Boulanger's temptation to

head a monarchist coup de etat which

have been floating about for the last

few days are multiplying rapidly, and

abound in variety as well as in number.

popularity, and may ultimately work his destruction as a figure in French politics, and possibly a powerful agent in the French army. The sugges-

tion that the monarchists would choose Boulanger of all the men in France as their military leaeer in an attempt to re-

store the forever-fallen monarchy, is prima facie ridiculous, and the infer-ence is that the stories of Boulanger's patriotic refusal to lend himself to the

Orleanist cause originated with Bou-langer himself, or with some over-zeal-ous an injudicious friend acting in his

behalf. Anyway, the stories have over

shot the mark. Aside from patriotic considerations, however, there is one other reason why Boulanger may have

rejected such overtures, if he did reject them, and that is the utter hopelessness of the monarchist cause. The days of French kings are over. There may be

another empire, but a monarchy never

THE BRITISH WORKMAN.

He Finds Lord Salisbury a Sym-

pathizer With His Sorrows.

LONDON, July 22 .- The deputation of

workmen that called on Lord Salisbury

to-day to demand protection to the

British commercial interests against the

system observed by certain foreign

countries of conferring bounties and

subsidies was the most representative

body of genuine workmen that ever ap-

proached the English prime minister on

a similar errand, or indeed upon any

pretext, and the premier was not slow to recognize the fact. The deputation was received with the utmost considera-

tion, and the undoubted importance of

their mission was given due attention. In replying to the statement of the grievances presented by the deputation.

Lord Salisbury entered into the spirit of indignation manifested by his visitors, and indicated in the plainest possible

manner his thorough appreciation of the disadvantage to which British workmen

are subjected by the pernicious system in vogue abroad, and against which

there are now no legitimate measures available. His unhesitating advice to Englishmen to return blow for blow de-

Englishmen to return blow for blow denotes that the leader of the conserva-

tive party is at last convinced of the importance of mitigating the condition of the laboring classes and that the strong arm of the govern-ment is to be lifted in their behalf in

their contest against foreign incursions into the precincts of English labor, ren-dering competition impossible. The indignation of British workmen against

un alleged illegitimate foreign policy, Lord Salisbury said, was not only justi-fiable but quite natural, and if the pro-

posed European conference upon the subject of the complaints should fail to provide means of relief the government, he declared, would itself apply a remedy which he had every confidence would

Explorer Stanley.

BRUSSELS, July 22.-Gov. Janssen, of

the Congo Free state, July 20, tele-

graphed Gen. Strauch, administrator

eneral of the interior department of

the state's central government, here as

prove effective.

By Cable to the Globe.

the Orleanists.

By Cable to the Globe.

An Irish Conference. By Cable to the Globe. DUBLIN, July 22 .- A. J. Balfour, LONDON, July 22 .- While England chief secretary for Ireland, has arrived has her share of trans-Atlantic disturbhere, and all of the division magistrates and leading county officials in Ireland have been summoned here, for the purpose of consultation as to the condition of the country and the application of the crimes act. The lord lieutenant, Mr. Balfour, Lord Ashbourne, lord chancellor of Ireland, and Gen. Sir Redvers H. Buller, under secretary for Ireland, will hold a conference on the subject of the coercion bill and its enforcement to-morrow. here, and all of the division magistrates ers in the shape of wild west shows, American actresses and ladies frantic to be presented at court or noticed by the Prince of Wales, the agriculturists of a portion of Germany are lamenting over a more serious American invasion in the presence of the long dreaded Colorado beetle, which now seems to have come to stay, while the residents of the territory not yet attacked await its adcome to stay, while the residents of the territory not yet attacked await its advent with, fear and trembling, an American gentleman who arrived here to-day from East Saxony says that the beetle has fairly gained a foothold at last despite the efforts which the German government has used for the last decade to keep the dreaded pest from its domains. In previous years heroic measures were used. In fields where the beetle had made its appearance the crops were appraised, to be afterwards paid for by the government. The vines were pulled together, drenched with petroleum and destroyed by fire. The seaports were made objects of especial precation and the mails were carefully watched, as persons in America frequently sent to relatives or friends specimens of the ten lined and seemingly ten-lived insects as curiosities. In the face of all these efforis to keep him out, however, the insect has eluded the embargo and taken up his residence in Germany. The German farmer lacks the presistence of the service of the ten in the part of the ten in the service of the ten in the part of the ten in the service Closed a Railway. St. Petersburg, July 22.—In obedience to the edict of the ezar the frontier station on the line dividing frontier station on the line dividing West Prussia and Russian Poland, where goods are unleaded and transferred in the transit over the railway connecting Warsaw and Thora, West Prussia, has been demolished, and the tracks, shed and railway bridges removed, thus virtually closing the railway. Severe Criticism. London, July 22.—The Daily News, commenting on the Tanner incident,

says:

Never has the just influence of the chair been used in a bolder or more efficacious manner. The government stands convicted on the highest judicial authority of having tried to inflict upon an Irish member a punishment unprecedented and unjust. For Tanner's language, however, there is no possible excuse. It was as offensive as it was idiotic. has eluded the embargo and taken up his residence in Germany. The German farmer lacks the persistency and ingenuity of the American granger, and being accustomed to rely upon the government for protection in such an emergency, in most cases folds his hands in despair as he contemplates the havoe wrought by this latest infliction. The damage to the crops will be serious this season and may be ruinous next year. As the beetle made his way across the Atlantic leisurely, he will doubtless in h's own good time appear to the dwellers on the shores of the Mediterreanean, the Caspian and the Pacific. The Bulgarian Crisis.

BUCHAREST, July 25.—Russian and Bulgarian agents who arrived here to day reaffirm the statement that M. Radoslavoff, late prime minister of Bulgaria, is a prisoner at Vienna, charged with treason. Armed bands of marauders overrun Bulgaria, and the country is in a state of terrorism.

The Afghan Boundary. St. Petersburg, July 22.—The protocals of the final agreement of the joint Afghan boundary commission were signed to-day.

Export Duties Abolished. Madrid, July 22.—It is learned from in authentic source that the Spanish government has decided to abolish the export duties on Cuban sugar, molasses

and spirits. The Chambers Adjourn. Paris, July 22.-In the chambers of deputies to-day M. Flouquet, president of the chamber, read the decree closing

the session and the chamber adjourned. Lost in a Cyclone. London, July 22.-News is received here that the British ship Firth of Alva,

has been lost in a cyclone off the coast of Java, and that twenty-five persons, all on board, perished.

TELEGRAPH LITIGATION

Involving the Old Bankers & Merchants' Lines. New York, July 22.—Judge Barrett to-day rendered a decision in the case of Townsend, Cox & Co. against Edward S. Stokes, the United Lines Telegraph company, Dwight Townsend, John Anderson, George Turnbull, Edward Sallenger and the Farmers' Loan & Trust company. The suit grew out of the pur-chase of the Bankers & Merchants' Telegraph company by Mr. Stokes about two years ago. The plaintiffs claim that at the time of the sale they heid \$731,000 worth of the general mortgage bonds of the company. They only as-sented to the sale on the understanding that the sale was for the protection of the bondt olders' interests. They assert that the reorganization committee of the bondholders afterwards agreed with Mr. Stokes to allow the United Lines company to become the possessor of \$1,000,000 worth of the securities of the Bankers & Merchants company. In consequence they asked the court to decide that Mr. Stokes bought the Bankers & Merchants company for the benefit of the bondholders and not for his personal benefit; that not Mr. Stokes be required to ount for his administration as trustee of the reorganization committee of the bondholders; that a receiver be ap-pointed and that the Farmers' Loan pointed and that the rarmers Loan and Trust company be enjoined from disposing of the Bankers & Merchants securities in its possession. Judge Bar-rett denied the application for a re-ceiver, because it is unnecessary, but says that Mr. Stokes unquestionably represented the reorganization compitrepresented the reorganization committee in the purchase of the Bankers & Merchants' Telegraph company. Judge Barrett grants an injunction pending the suit against the securities in possession of the Trust company.

Killed by Lightning. NEW YORK, July 22 .- A bolt of lightning struck a small row boat in Princess bay, Staten Island, during the squall this afternoon, and instantly killed Michael J. Dixon and John P. Ryan, of this city. Dixon was a well known ice

this city. Dixon was a well known ice cream manufacturer, and Ryan was the proprietor of an ice cream saloon.

The stroke knocked the bodies of both out of the boat. Mr. Dixon's body has not been found. Ryan's body was found hanging to the row lock, having caught by the waist band of the trousers. Isaac P. Smith, a court officer of the city, was in a beat of ferroman. in a boat a few rods away. He says he did not see the lightning, but felt a blow on his forehead and was stunned. On recovering he looked around and saw Dixon and Ryan's boat empty and sunk near the water's edge. He pulled the boat and Ryan's body toward shore until relieved by men who came to his

Would Be Worth the Money.

the state's central government, here as follows: "Send me 600 pieces stuff. Stanley started July 2 to Wadelai." This dispatch was sent from St. Thomas, and Gen. Strauch says he considers the tenor of the message shows that Janssen in ordering the pieces relied on the expedition making regular progress. News of Stanley's arrival at Aruwimi was dispatched by an English officer whom Stanley left in charge of the camp there, and this news was taken to Leopoldville and from there to Boma by express, from which place the route is most rapidly and easily made.

LISBON, July 22.—A dispatch from pecial to the Globe. FARGO, July 22 .- The Red River Valley Racing association proposes to have a four days' fall meeting with \$3,000 premiums in case Fargo will put up \$1,000, which it will no doubt do. It would be worth many times that amount to the city, especially the saloons and livery men.