a resurrected two-year old, now, ranking as one of the greatest newspapers of the West, reflects much credit on the man who has developed it and is an honor to the city of St. Paul, the fast growing prosperity of which it shares .--- New York World.

VOL. IX.

SAINT PAUL, MINN., MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 8, 1887.

HE'S NOT AFTER HOLLAND.

A Little Reasoning Showing That the German Premier Doesn't Intend to Gobble Up the Dutch.

Bismarck is Not Preparing to Throw an Army of 150,000 Men Under the Walls of Antwerp.

But He is Laying Railroad Lines and Building Military Depots as a Menace to the French.

Affectionate Parting of William and Francis Joseph at Gastein--Davitt on Coercion.

By Cable to the Globe.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The sensation caused during the past few days by reports of Prince Bismarck's preparations to gobble up Holland has been an alarm-

ing one, but a reaction has already set in. It is beginning to be realized that Bismarck is not in the habit of carrying out his purposes in quite so openhanded and undiplematic a fashion. Several other considerations are also advanced to throw doubt upon the correctness of the theory that Germany is on the point of absorbing the country of dykes and inland seas. One of these
-perhaps the least weighty—is that Germany has always pursued a policy of autonomy. In forcibly acquiring Alsace-Loraine, she made citizens of the foreign-speaking population, it is true, but the territory had formerly been occupied by a German-speaking people, and the dialect there employed is in some portions of the province almost as much German as French to-day.

Bismarck himself is what you Americans might call a crank on this subject of autonomy, and he literally has no use for any territory as part of Germany where the mother tongue is not spoken, or at least where it cannot be substinor at least where it cannot be substituor at least where it cannot be substituted for the vernacular. The rigorous
enforcement of the use of the German
language in Holland is the outcome of
this tendency, and if it is found impossible to Germanize the people they are
RUTHLESSLY EXPELLED,
to be replaced by German colonists.
Alsace-Lorraine is also being re-Germanized as fast as practicable. The
annexation of Holland would graft upon
the German empire a people whom it

annexation of Holland would graft upon
the German empire a people whom it
would be impossible to Germanize for
centuries to come, though they sprang
originally from kindred stock. No man
has more individuality about him than
your Hollander, and, admitting that the
sturdy race could be conquered or awed
into submission by their powerful neighbor, they would not become amalgamated
with the German people. Holland with the German people. Holland would have to be administered as a province not as a part of Germany. This would introduce a discordant element in the German empire, whose great source of strength to day lies in the homogeneity of her people and the unity of their aims and efforts. Another unity of their abias and cilorts. Another consideration of more or less importance brought forward, is that Bismarck would not have Holland alone to deal with, but Belgium as well. The interests of Belgium would all lie in adping Holland to maintain independence, for, if Holland's nationality disappeared, Belgium would not long be able to Belgium would not long be able to maintain her footing as a separate state. The Belgians may not be to-day as Caesar called them in his commentaries, "The bravest fighters in Gaul," but they still have some capacity in that line, or had no longer ago than 1850, as

shows, and they are too well satisfied with their progress under self-government to consent without a struggle to any serious encroachment upon it. There are various other reasons for doubting that Prince Bismarck is engaged in such a startling enterprise as the conquest of the Netherlands, but the most convincing theory put forth to account for the strategic railways and military depots which have so suddenly loomed up on the Dutch frontier, is THEIR INDEPENDENCE loomed up on the Dutch frontier, is that they are not intended to enable Germany to "throw an army of 150,000 men under the walls of Antwerp at men under the walls of Antwerp at twenty-four hours' notice," as the Brus-sels Gazette said yesterday, but to add to the facilities of Germany for an attack upon France. This view is strength-ened by the fact that the place chosen for the concentration of troops is almost exactly at the point where the dividing line between Belgium and Helland strikes the German frontier. Holland strikes the German frontier, and is within reach of both. The Dutch and Belgian lines of railway, which would not only enable part of the German hosts to be massed at Antwerp, but, if necessary, at the Hague and a part also at points on the Franco-Belgian frontier. The troops sent to senters frontier. The troops sent to seaports could there be quickly transferred to German men-of-war and hurried through the channel to menace the poorly-de fended northern and western

FRONTIER OF FRANCE,
while those sent through Belgium could
co-operate with others advancing on
the Franco-German frontier proper, in
keeping the French army busy in the
eastern part of the country. A simultaneous attack could therefore be made
on three sides of France at remarkably taneous attack could therefore be made on three sides of France at remarkably short notice. The usefulness of this arrangement would be equally great as a mode of defense in case France should be the attacking party. Holland and Belgium, though demurring as a matter of course to the passage through their territory of large bodies of alien troops, would doubtless yield to an urgent request on Germany's part for such troops, would doubtless yield to an urgent request on Germany's part for such accommodation rather than run the risk of having war forced upon themselves. They have no particular affection for France, and it would be safer for them to incur her enmity than that of their more powerful eastern neighbor. It is altogether likely, therefore, that in establishing an elaborate rendezvous for troops near Maestricht Prince Bismarck is simply adding to his precautions is simply adding to his precautions against the possible chance for the success of French attempts at revenge, or is perfecting plans to sweep down upon the French at a favorable moment and place them hors du combat in order that Germany need live no longer in con-stant apprehension of danger from her

DENMARK ANXIOUS. Berlin, Aug. 7.—The Kolnische Zeitung, Krenz Zeitung and other journals attack the Danish government for declaring the neces ity for fortifying Copenhagen against Germany and warn Denmark that an alliance between Prance and Russia might lead to the conviction that the annexation of Dennark to Germany was a maritime necessity.

Emperors Embrace. GASTEIN, Aug. 7.--Emperor William and Emperor Francis Jeseph took a walk this morning. At noon Emperor Francis Joseph paid a visit to Emperor William at the Badeschloss. At the end of half an hour they bade each other farewell, cabracing at the top of the staircase. The German suite ac-

on the balcony till Emperor Francis Joseph disappeared from view, the crowd in the street in the meanwhile cheering. Emperor William will leave Gastein on Wednesday.

DISGRACEFUL RIOT. Irish National Foresters Attacked by Orangemen.

By Cable to the Globe. BELFAST, Aug. 7 .- A party of Irish National foresters made an excursion to day from Belfast to Port Rush, near the Gants Causeway, and the whole affray was an occasion of a disgraceful riot The excursionists made the trip in two The excursionists made the trip in two special trains, and when they landed in Port Rush, a large number of Orangemen, who learned that they were coming, met them at the depot. The Orangemen were well supplied with bottles, stones and all kinds of missiles and gave the visitors a warm reception at their arrival. Immediately a battle ensued and the air was filled with flying bottles and stones. The decent and peaceable inhabitants and the English and American tourists who were in the place fled ican tourists who were in the place flee ican tourists who were in the place fled for refuge to the houses and the mob soon had the streets to themselves. A vigorous effort on the part of the police, however, succeeded in finally cheeking the rioters and put them to rout. When the foresters were ready to return they found that the Orangemen all along the line of the railroad had been informed of the trouble and had turned out to make the return trip as uncomfortable as possireturn trip as uncomfortable as possible. Whenever there was a stop made the Orangemen stoned the train, breaking the windows and wounding some of the form of the train. ing the windows and wounding some of the foresters. The latter replied to their assailants by delivering a shower of bottles at them, and in a few cases pistols were used. A youth standing on the bridge at the Ballymoney station was shot and has since died. At Bally-money a Presbyterian minister and a youth were wounded, and the whole re-

youth were wounded, and the whole re-turn to Belfast was one continuous riot. The police had been warned before their arrival at Belfast and were ready for them, so that in Belfast there was no rioting. The affair will doubtless be taken notice of by the government The London Fire.

LONDON, Aug. 7.-Fire engines are still playing upon the ruins of Whitelev's establishment, which is completely gutted. The loss is estimated at from £300,000 to £500,000. Three bodies have been extricated from the ruins. It is believed that there are four more bodies buried in the ruins, as there were cries of distress heard after an explosion, which occurred while the fire was burning. Whiteley had the greatest difficulty in obtaining insur-ance. He offered high premiums without avail, the insurance companies con-ceiving that somebody had a spite against him. They were willing, how-ever, to insure his private residence and those of his employes.

To Pekin and Canton.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 7.—Count Metzre witz, with two Chinese special envoys, started for Washington to-day, having secured an imperial decree sanctioning the proposals of the railway and banking syndicate. Ratification of the contract in America is now all that remains to complete the transaction. The capi-tal of the proposed bank is to be 50,000,ooo taels, with power to increase the amount. A dozen leading American banks are to advance the funds required. The first work of the syndicate is to be the building of a railway between Pekin, Trentsin and Canton.

Must Influence Railways.

LONDON, Aug. 7 .- Mr. Smeaton, director of agriculture of the northwest provinces of India, has issued a note on the competition between India and American wheat. He says that India possesses means to compel America to withdraw her hostile tariff and open her markets to British industry, but is burdened by higher railway freight charges, excessive handling and ap-parently, though not really, inferior quality. He advises London merchants to use their influence with the railways.

Heavy Loss of Valuables.

Paris, Aug. 7.-Mme. Ellmini, while traveling in the country some distance from Paris, left the coach to relieve the horses upon reaching a hill. When she resumed her seat she discovered the loss of a valise containing valuables to the amount of \$160,000. Her maid attendant has been arrested on suspicion.

The Salic Law Again.

Angiers, Aug. 7.—A meeting was held here to-day between delegates from the legitimist and irreconcilable commissions. It was resolved to adhere to the Salic law and only recognize as the lawful sovereign Prince John, of

Too Late for the Funeral.

PARIS, Aug. 7 .- M. Paul de Roulde, who had intended to be present at the funeral of M. Katkoff, was arrested and detained on the Russian frontier while no passport. He was too late to attend the funeral.

Wont Accept Them.

ROME, Aug. 7.-It is officially an nounced that the king will not accept the resignation of the ministry. Cases of cholera are reported at Palexmo, Messina and Resing. There was five new cases and two deaths in Malta to-

Last of Its Kind.

DUBLIN, Aug. 7 .- Michael Davitt, speaking at Sligo to-day, said the coercion act now in force would be the last of its kind. The Irish people, he said, were too fond of doubting. Deeds, not words, were wanted. If the National league was proclaimed secret meetings would be held.

Like French Pictures. PARIS, Aug. 7:-An American dealer

has expended 2,000,000 francs for modern French pictures. The proceeds from the July sale of French pictures for America amounted to 5,000,000 francs. Kind to Their Employes.

BERLIN, Aug. 7 .- Herr Krupp be queathed \$250,000 for the benefit of his employes. His son Frederick has added \$225,000 to the fund. The town of Essen has voted \$15,000 for a statue to Herr

Supererogation. London, Aug. 7 .- It is reported that

abdicate the throne. An Earthquake. LONDON, Aug. 7.—A severe earth-quake shock throughout the island of Cyprus was felt to-day.

Prince Ferdinand will start for Bulgaria

to-morrow, where he intends to publicly

A Colored Editor's Troubles. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 7 .- S. B Turner, editor of the State Capital, the colored paper of this city, has had arrested the proprietors of a restaurant who refused to serve meals on Saturday

The Hawaiian King at the Helm in His Island Kingdom Simply to Do Others' Bidding.

> Gibson, the Deposed Premier, in San Francisco---He Says He Made the Trip for His Health.

A Great Many People Disappointed in Not Seeing More Collapses With the Wheat-Corner Smash

San Francisco Enjoying Itself Investigating Jury Bribery---Eastern Excursionists Well Looked After.

Special to the Globe SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7 .- Hawaiian affairs are again to the front, brought there this time by the arrival of information that King Kalakaua has signed the new constitution, and the visit of the deposed premier, William Gibson, to this city. The question of war or peace is now finally settled, and the pursuits of the farmer and the artisan promise to go on henceforth uninterruptedly. Kalakana's power and that of the native dynasty are believed to be forever broken. From an almost absolute monarch the king has been rele gated to the position of what is virtually an automatic great seal. His voice in the affairs of the kingdom will resemble nothing more completing than an echo. What the reorganized legislature decides to do he will simply give his assent thereto. There is little fear of his exercising the veto power. That the change is beneficial to the interests of island kindom is the general opinion. During the complications commerce was seriously interfered with. A new impetus will now be given to it. Entire confidence exists in the new ministry. Even the deposed premier, who is here, has nothing but good words for its members. There is still a cloud however. has nothing but good words for its members. There is still a cloud, however, over Hawaii. The rumor is again revived that the reform cabinet will repudiate the bonds on which \$1,000,000 was raised recently in London. Ex-Premier Gibson arrived yesterday, and takes the whole matter most philosophically. He coolly states he did not flee, but left to visit California for his health—some say a most wise move on his part. He states that he will return to his former home in about two weeks. He, no

sanitarian.

A HUGE BUBBLE,
the explosion of which was heard all round the world, burst here during the past week. There was so much noise made that everybody's morbid senses were highly gratified with the prospects of seeing the gory and mutilated remains of those struck by portions of the destroyed globule. They were sadly disappointed, however, as the pieces did not fly far, nor with much force. Those immediately interested were prepared for the break and had a life boat ready and used it to good advantage. Time, the healer for all sorrows, was called to their aid, and it served to bandage and conceal their served to bandage and conceal their wounds even more effectually than they themselves ever anticipated. Just who is hurt and how badly, is as yet as much a mystery as immediately after the collabse. The leaders, Dresbauch the collapse. The leaders, Dresbauch and Rosenfeld, have effected a settlement with their creditors, and the pro-duce exchange will probably re-open to-morrow. Its first session will proba-bly raise the curtain and show the dead and wounded, and some who are considered perfectly solvent may then go to pieces. If prices hold up all may go well. If, however, the bears get their paws on the market, we may look for another storm. At the close last week everybody appeared happy and con-tented. Some pessimists, however, have been poisoning the atmosphere with troublesome questions. "What if the bulls cannot fulfill their obligations in accordance with the terms of settle. in accordance with the terms of settle ment owing to the price of wheat tak-ing a plunge and seriously reducing assets?" they asked, and the question is left unanswered.

sanitarian.

is left unanswered.

JURY BRIBERS.

San Francisco is not to be targetbearer when it comes to any big sensation. If New York has its boodle aldermen and Chicago its boodle commissioners, this city has its jury bribers. Spirit
of public morality has apparently become fashionable. It spreads from New
York to Chicago, and has at last affected
San Francisco. For months there have
been rumblings and murmurs of proceedings to indict wealthy and promiceedings to indict wealthy and p nent persons of this city for jury brib-ing, and these have now materialized in indictments against Robert J. Morrow, a wealthy capitalist and late president of the Geary street cable, and James McCord, late superintendent of the Sut-ter street cable road, who became notoriously prominent during the cable car strikes and riots last winter. Once again it is a case of when rogues fall out honest men get their dues. These cases have been previously brought before the courts, but owing to some occult influence were dismissed with trivial fines. Recently, however. Frank Northey, who claims to have been pald by Morrow to bribe jurors in a case for damages against the Geary street road, fell out with his patron and brought suit against him for, as he boldly alleged in his complaint, services in bribing the jury. Thus again interest is renewed in the matter. The newspapers looked up the matter, and the result was the grand jury investigated it, and the public is now on the qui vive to witness developments, which are expected when the cases are tried. Other indictments riously prominent during the cable car the cases are tried. Other indictments are looked for, and now, that New York and Chicago have fought their battles and won, they will be able to look com-placently on 'Frisco's struggle for pub-

lie morality.
TOURISTS FROM THE EAST. Californians are eagerly expecting large numbers of Eastern excursionists this month. Twenty parties are expected within the next thirty days, and representative citizens of the Parepresentative citizens of the Pacific coast are prepared to extend them a cordial welcome
and every hospitality. The motive
is not an entirely unselfish one in making things agreeable for the visitors.
They expect bread east on the waters to
return to them a hundred fold, and they
will not be disappointed. Every person who visits the Pacific coast is sure
to become a walking advertisement of to become a walking advertisement of its advantages; for the capitalist as well as for the settler with modest means. Larger preparations have been made for the comfort of the visitors this year than ever before. YANKEES VS. CANNUCKS.

The competition for overland tea business seems to be intensifying, but the main contest is not so much as formerly between the transcontinental roads and other farewell, embracing at the top of the staircase. The German suite accompanied the Austrian emperor in a carriage. Emperor William remained the state civil rights law of 1885.

rate to 6 cents per pound, thinking thereby to offset the difference in time. Tea snipments up to date to New York KALAKAUA ONLY AN ECHO. are as follows: Transcontinental. 6,375,376 pounds; Suez canal, 3,880,944 pounds, thus showing a tremendous increase in shipments via the transcontinental routes from the corresponding period of last year.

THE WOMAN WINS.

Special to the Globe.

Her Male Opponents Unsuccess ful in Trying to Keep Her Out of an Office.

EAU CLAIRE, Aug. 7.-Mrs. A. A. Goff, of School District No. 2, town of Pleasant Valley, was elected treasurer of the district at the July school meeting by the votes of women, who turned out and exercised the franchise recently acquired by a constitutional amendment. So jealous were the male officers of the district that they determined to prevent Mrs. Goff from taking her office. Accordingly the clerk and director refused to receive or act upon Mrs. Goff's bond as treasurer claiming that bond as treasurer, claiming that the term of the incumbent, Peter McDonald, would not expire until 1889, he having been elected in 1886, The fact was that McDonald was elected fact was that McDonald was elected treasurer to fill a vacancy, the vacancy having been caused by his own failure to file a bond when previously elected. Mrs, Goff promptly began proceedings before the county judge, and the case was closed yesterday. An order of the court will issue Monday directing the reception of Mrs. Goff's bond by the unwilling male officers, and the plucky little woman will take her office and hold it the full term of three years.

HURD BOBS UP, And Will Take an Active Part in

the Ohio Campaign. Special to the Globe.
Tolepo, Aug. 7.—Frank P. Hurd is in the city for the first time since his defeat at the polis last fall. To the GLOBE representative he said: "I innumber of speeches. The tariff plank in the Democratic platform is an honest

tend to take an active part in the state campaign this fall, and shall make a declaration of principles and one upon which every friend of tariff reform can stand. The Sherman indorsement amounts to very little, and will have no amounts to very little, and will have no good effect so far as the senator is concerned. If it has any effect at all it will be to insure a divided delegation to the national convention, and as Sherman has already shown his hand his opponents will be able to exactly measure his strength before the real contest comes?

J. C. FLOOD DYING

And Mackay Flying Across the Continent---His Mission. home in about two weeks. He, no doubt, wants the unhealthful atmosphere to clear, as he is a thorough

pecial to the Globe. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7 .- The state ment is made here that J. C. Flood, president of the Nevada bank and parter of John Mackay, is dying. He has been confined to his bed for some days at his Menlo park residence, and is reat his Menlo park residence, and is reported as getting worse from an abscess in his head. Mackay is flying across the continent on a special train, but whether for for the purpose of attending the bedside of his dying partner or straightening out the complications caused by the recent wheat deal has not transpired. The belief is here that Mackay individually, and not the Nevada bank, has lost the \$6,000,000 sunk in the wheat market. in the wheat market

No Danger for Cleveland. Special to the Globe.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Col. William established the secret service of the treasury department; a man who knows all of the crooks and criminals of the country, says: "It is useless for any one to start any hue and cry of danger to Cleveland during his coming trip. The fellows who are lawless and would injure him if they could, merely with anarchical intent, are cowards. anarchical intent, are cowards. Herr Most and that class of agitators are afraid of their shadows. They make up with their mouths what they lack of courage in their hearts. They will incite others to do violent deeds, but they will always keep away from danger themselves. The president will be as cofe as the cars and in the cities he will themselves. The president will be as safe on the cars and in the cities he will visit as he would be in the White house or at Oak View. Some rude and ignor-ant fellows may shoot at him with their mouths, but with nothing else.

The Fight in Virginia.

special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- The leaders of the two great parties in Virginia, Senator Riddleberger and Hon. John S. Barbour, are in the city. They are enthusiastically claiming the old state for their respective parties in '88. Mr. Barbour redeemed the state from the Mahone rule in '83, and believes he can hold it in the Democratic column again. He was greatly disappointed and disgruntled when the legislature elected Hon. John W. Daniel to the senate instead of himself, after he had saved the state. But he is not sulking. Senator state. But he is not sulking. Senator Riddleberger is not now so much of a Republican as he is a Riddleberger man. He has but one object in life, and that is to prevent the election of Mahone as his successor in '88. He would rather see a Democrat in his seat than Mahone. It is believed that he and Mr. Barbo are working with that understanding. When it shall appear that Mahone is likely to succeed, Riddleberger will return to the Democratic party, openly.

Red Wing's Finances.

special to the Globe.

RED WING, Aug. 7.—City Clerk Willard presents the following statement of the city's finances for the past fiscal year:

year:
Total liabilities....
Total available assets
Total general assets
Total assets.
Assets over liabilities... ..\$145,572 26 ... 27,510 23 ... 161,225 00 ... 188,735 03 43,162 73 The total bonded indebtedness of the city is \$142,000. There is at present \$16,424.61 in the city treasury.

Waseca Feels the Benefit.

pecial to the Globe. WASECA, Minn., Aug. 7 .- Our busi ness men claim to feel greatly the benefits derived from the workings of the inter-state commerce law. The equalization of freight rates it is claimed render it possible for them to compete with points which heretofore owing to discrimination they were unable to con pete with.

An Advance in Wheat.

pecial to the Globe. WASECA, Aug. 7.-Wheat has re acted Minneapolis prices in this market. This is attributed by some to the fact that Walcott & Co., a well known commission firm of Minneapolis in connection with local parties have opened a warehouse here.

Died Away From Home. pecial to the Globe

ABERDEEN, Dak., Aug. 7 .- J. M Gill, a prominent citizen of Omaha, Neb., and superintendent of the Brush Electric Light company's agency there, died suddenly at the Sherman house to-day of heart disease. His remains will be taken back to Omaha.

HE MURDERED HIS FATHER. A Missouri Lad of Ten Years Admits Having Killed His Father for Having Punished Him.

> The Treasurer of Bismarck, Dak., Turns Up With Money Enough to Wipe Out His Shortage.

> Church Funds and is Too Intimate With Ladies of His Flock.

> Tough Young Michiganders Terrorize a Whole Community---General Round-Up of Crimes.

FULTON, Mo., Aug. 7 .- An inquest on the witness stand he admitted doing the shooting, and says he was persuaded to do so by his sister and a colored boy he had met on the 4th. He is but ten years old. He says his father didn't treat him right and whipped him for stealing away from home the night of the fourth The whipping was done in the morning and it seems the boy watched for a chance to murder his father. He did his work well.

Special to the Globe BISMARCK, Dak., Aug. 7 .- George E. Reed, ex-city treasurer, a shortage in whose accounts of \$3,000 was discovered, who disappeared about three months since, returned voluntarily this afternoon. Reed's return was predicted by his friends from the first. He lacked the moral courage to remain after the deficit was brought to light. Reed went first to the Block Hills thought to Now. first to the Black Hills, thence to New York, where he succeeded in receiving among his friends there the amount needed to make good the deficiency. He is now prepared to liquidate in full. No steps have yet been taken to institute criminal proceedings against him.

A Bad Preacher.

Special to the Glob ADRIAN, Mich., Aug. 7 .- Developments are made of financial irregularities on the part of Rev. J. P. Farmer, ties on the part of Rev. J. P. Farmer, pastor of the Baptist church at Hudson. He is charged with having appropriated at least \$1,000 of the funds raised for remodeling the church, and leaves, in addition, known debts to tradesmen and merchants of \$1,200 more. He is also suspected of undue intimacy with women in his flock. The reverend gentleman left Hudson last week, and his present whereabouts are unknown. He present whereabouts are unknown. He came from Penn Yan, N. Y., in 1884, and left an unsavery record there.

TOUGH YOUNG MEN Terrorize a Neighborhood of Christian Michigan People.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Aug. 7 .- The people in the township of Taymouth, this county, are in a state bordering on terror at the depredations of a gang of tough young men. A gang of six entered Mrs. Shaw's house Friday night and two men with revolvers covered the insecured, the family were forced to prepare supper for the party, and all ate as if it was the first meal that day. They repaid this by compelling their hotess to drink up all the milk left in the pitcher. Other similar outrages are pitcher. Other similiar outrages are reported and worse ones. Yesterday a farmer named Merrell came to town with the report that the gang raided his farm and killed, dressed and carried away the larger part of a young beef, and stole a horse.

real estate dealer, giving the name of J. S. Johnson, was arrested this morn-ing charged with obtaining money uning charged with obtaining money under false pretenses. He appeared in Omaha a few days ago and inserted an advertisement for a clerk who should put up \$150 as a guarntee of honesty. George Kuhlman was among the number accepted. Kuhlman thought it was a snide game and reported the matter to the police after making the deposit. When taken to the station several letters, showing him to be a con man and masher, were found on his person. One was from May on his person. One was from May Speders, Kansas City, a touching epistle of correspondence between her and Johnson, whom she had never met. Johnson was sent to jail for thirty days He is a man about fifty and is believed to be the man who, under the name of J. T. Clark, worked a St. Paul man a few weeks ago for \$300. He then had an office on Fifth street over the stock exchange.

Woolfosk's Victims Buried.

ecial to the Globe. G. Woolfosk were buried this morning. Four thousand people were present at the funeral, many of whom had followed eight hearses to Macon from the scene of the tragedy, thirteen miles from here. The procession started from the Woolfosk house at 6 o'clock this morning and arrived at Macon at 10 o'clock, followed by a long line of carriages and buggies, not one of which contained a person bearing the name of the victims. Mrs. Edwards, of Athens, Ga., a sister of the murderer, arrived here this morning. Her frantic grief brought tears to the eyes of many. It was deemed advisable to take the prisoner away from Macon, so the sheriff quietly took him to Atlanta at an early this mornine. He will be kept until his trial begins.

Eloped With the Minister. JANESVILLE, Minn., Aug. 7 .- Great excitement has been caused here by the elopement of Rev. D. Seymour, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, and Mrs. Fannie J. Henry, wife of the editor of the Argus. The lady has for years been the organist and a leading member of the church. She leaves a husband and two children, while Seymour deserts a wife and three children.

McGarigle's Escape.

KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 7 .- Two sailors of the schooner Edward Blake named of anything the sailors can say.

Special to the Globe. Quincy, Ill., Aug. 7 .- Yesterday Julius Albrecht, a murderer, who was confined in jail awaiting trial, com-

Michigan Minister Misappropriates

the body of Hersen Smith, who was assassinated four miles south of town friday was held yesterday. The evidence pointed to Smith's son as the murderer. When the boy was put on the witness stand he admitted doing the shooting and says he was persuaded to do

Will Pay in Full.

Kennedy Surrenders.

Is He J. T. Clark?

Special to the Globe.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 7.—An alleged

MACON, Ga., Aug. 7 .- The nine victims of the murderous hand of Thomas

and three children.

Yorron and Swanson, have gone to Chicago to give evidence regarding Mc-darigle's escape. They are wanted principally to connect Dr. St. John with the escape. Capt. Irving persists in the statement that Dr. St. John is in-nocent, and claims that he is not afraid A Murderer Murders Himself.

mitted suicide in his cell by cutting his throat with a razor which he had stolen from an inmate of the jail. Albrecht is the man who came here a few weeks ago from Jackson, Miss., to kill his divorced wife and her husband, and in shooting at the woman's husband he hit and killed young Martin Currier, a son of his wife by her present husband.

A Farmers' Feud.

Special to the Globe.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 7.-Charles Macard and Michael O'Hara, farmers, have quarreled for over a year about the possession of a piece of land. To-day Macard was at his father's house when O'Hara came along with a shot-gun on his shoulder, which he has habit-ually carried since the trouble. William Macard got a gun from the house and Charles crept down to the roadside and shot O'Hara, killing him instantly. The two Macards then came to town and gaye themselves up. gave themselves up.

With Fatal Effect.

Special to the Globe. CINCINNATI, Aug. 7.—In a drunken row on Front street, near Park, at 7:30 this evening, Thomas Hopkins, aged 22, an employe of the Ohio & Mississippi railroad, was shot twice by James Wherty, with fatal effect. The murderer is 23 years old, and is an employe of the Globe Rolling mill. He claims that Hopkins drew a razor on him, but the story is contradicted by eye-wit-nesses to the shooting.

Didn't Get Introduced. EATON RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 7 .- Frank Clark was shot last night by John Williams, and died this morning at 5 o'clock. Clark insisted on being introduced to a young woman with whom Williams at-tended the Salvation army meeting, but being refused, he assaulted Williams and was shot. Both men are members of respectable families, and of gener-ally quiet dispositions.

Severed the Jugular.

Special to the Globe. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 7 .- Green Foster and Will Ferguson, two convicts in the state penitentiary, quarreled over 2½ cents in a game of cards to-night at 6 o'clock, and Foster cut Ferguson in the left side of the neck with a long knife. The blow severed the jugular vein and the larynx, and Ferguson fell dead in the corridor.

Special to the Glob

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 7.—Jadice Kennedy, the slayer of "Cockie" Nuttles about a week ago, surrendered himself to Coroner Rendigs this evening, and was locked up in the county jail. Ken-nedy and Nuttles belonged to the no-torious Deer Creek gang. Since the killing Kennedy has managed to elude The Powder Exploded.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Aug. 7.-Last night a number of men and boys were collected on the public square engaged in firing anvils and discharging fire-works in honor of the victory of the anti-prohibitionists, when an accident

anti-prohibitionists, when an accident occurred that has resulted in two deaths, and in all probability another will follow. A keg of powder had been secured and one of the boys was seated thereon, when some one from the other side of the square fired a rocket, which struck the keg of powder, causing a terrific explosion. The boy was blown several feet in the air. He was burned on every part of his body and expired this morning. A boy of six years was burned so badly that he died this afternoon. Three other boys were terribly noon. Three other boys were terribly burned.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 7.-No more bodies have been recovered from the river where the launch accident occurred yesterday afternoon, and it is now believed hat nobody was drowned, as there have been no reports made of missing people. The inquest on the bodies of Eddie Zer-bel, the boy whose head was crushed and who was afterwards picked up out and who was atterwards pieced up our of the river, and Charles Walwiek, a young moulder, who died of his injuries shortly after being taken home, will be held later in the week. These are the only deaths to date, but Collins Finnister is so badly injured that he can live but a short time. Of the twenty or more per-

sons who were injured none others are likely to die. The scene of the accident was visited to-day by between 10,000 and 15,000 people. Sad Tidings. NEW YORK, Aug. 7 .- When Sherman W. Knevals, law partner of President Arthur, arrived from Europe by the Servia to-day he was met by the announcement that his only son, Russell W., twenty-five years old, was dead. Young Knevals was found dead in his bed this morning. He probably died from heart disease. Mr. Knevals, Sr. had been on a flying trip to Europe. Surrogate Rollins accompanied him, and when he first touched the whart he was told of the death of his mother, who told of the death of his mother, who died in New Hampshire a few days

A Drawing Card.

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 7.—Mrs. Cleveland entertained Collector Howland, of this port, at Marion last evenand, of this port, at Marion last evening. This morning, accompanied by Miss A. L. Dawes, and Gen. and Mrs. Greely, she attended the Congregational church at Marion and listened to a sermon by Rev. John Fuller, of Medway. Mrs. Cleveland wore a dark dress with lace sleeves. In the afternoon she took a long drive with her Uncle Harmon, returning too late to attend the services. at the Episcopal chapel. Her non-attendance caused much disappointment to the large congregation. Mrs. Cleveland's presence in Marion is attracting a great many visitors to the place from neighboring towns.

A Grand Army Man Missing. NEW YORK, Aug. 7 .- Col. John H. Cochrane, of Newark, N. J., a wellknown Grand Army man, has been missing since a week ago Friday. He, on that day, resigned a position with the New Jersey Central railroad, and said he was going to accept a clerkship at Washington, but he has not reached that city. He is forty-seven years old, and was mentioned for bravery in sev-eral battles of the war.

He Must Die.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Aug. 7.—John Burse, a young man of the town of Brunswick, was driving a team of horses and walking behind. The team ran away, and he clung to the lines and was dragged through two fences. A large splinter from a fence board was driven into his abdomen. Surgeons removed sixteen pieces of wood from the wound.

Hon. Alpheus Hardy Dead. Boston, Aug. 7.—Hon. Alpheus Hardy died to-day, aged seventy-two

He was a prominent importer vears. and noted for extensive charities. He took a prominent part in the support of the union, being a state senator at that the union, being a state senator time. He was prominent in mission and educational work.

THE WEATHER AND CROPS

A Considerable Excess of Caloric Discovered in the Agricultural Regions by the Signal Service.

Showers Noted in Minnesota and Other Northwestern States---The Drouth Injuring Growing Crops.

Reports From the Cotton Crop---A Deterioration in the General Average of About Four Points.

Flax Seed Shipped From the Northwest so Full of Weevil It Is Useless for Oil.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- The following is the weather crop bulletin of the signal office for the week ending Aug. 6: The weather has been warmer throughout the agricultural districts east of the Rocky mountains, but in the cotton region and at stations on the immediate Atlantic and Gulf coasts about the normal temperature has prevailed. In the Mississippi and Ohio valleys, the southern portion of the lake region, Pennsylvania and New York the daily average temperature was about five degrees above the normal. This excess of temperature has been augmented during the past four weeks, and in the sections above named the average daily temperature during that period was from four degrees to five degrees above the normal, while in the Gulf states, Northern New England and on the Pacific coast it has been slightly cooler than usual during the past month. During the season from Jan. 1 to Aug. 6 it has been slightly warmer than usual in the central valleys, and from Northern New England and New Jersey westward over the lake region, but it has been slightly cooler than usual in the South Atlantic and Gulf coasts, in Northern New England and near Lake

RAIN-FALL. There was also an excess of rain during the week in the Missouri valley and numerous showers occurred in Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota and near Lake Annesota and Dakota and hear Lake Superior. During the past four weeks the large seasonal deficiency in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and the southern portions of Wisconsin and Michigan has been increased. The drouth in this section has proved decidedly injurious to growing crops. Reports for the week ending Aug. 6 indicate that the weather has been favorable in the west portion of been favorable in the west portion of the cotton region from Central Alabama to Texas, but from Alabama eastward the rain has been greatly in excess, probably resulting in injury to growth in cotton in the low lands. Numerous showers occurred in Minnesota, Dakota, Iowa. Nebraska, Northwest Missouri and Northern Kansas, improving the condition of growing crops in these sec tions, but the drouth continues in the corn states east of the Mississippi, resulting in serious injury to all growing crops. The weather in New England and the Middle Atlantic states is generally reported as unfavorable, the wet weather retarding the harvest and inbeen favorable in the west portion of weather retarding the harvest and injuring grain, hay and potatoes. An excess of sunshine and temperature, combined with a slight excess of rainfall in Kentucky and Tennessee during the past week, has probably improved the condition of the tobacco crop.

DROUTH AND CHINCH BUGS Continue to Get in Their Work on

All Kinds of Crops.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—The following crop summary will appear in this week's issue of the Farmers' Review: The corn crop has materially suffered throughout West from the long continued drouth. Local rains have fallen in many localities since our reports reached us, but is questionable whether the damage to the crop can be repaired even damage to the crop can be repaired even by general rains. The crop in many parts of the West is in a most lament-able condition. Wisconsin, Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio, Minnesota and Dakota have suffered less than the other states. The winter wheat yield in the different states, according to the reports of our correspondents is as follows: of our correspondents, is as follows: Fifteen counties in Illinois, 18½ bushels; Wisconsin counties, 10 2-5; Michigan counties, 14 bushels; 12 Indiana counties, 14½ bushels; 10 Ohio counties, 14½ bushels; Larne county, Kentucky, reports the yield at 90 per cent. of an average, Webster county 50 per cent., and the others reporting 10 bushels; 11 Missouri counties 20 bushels, and 11 Kansas counties 12 bushels. The average yield of oats in the different states is as follows: Thirteen counties in Illinois, 35 bushels; 6 Wisconsin counties, 24 bushels; Michigan counties, 33 bushels; 14 Indiana counties, 68 bushels; 12 Ohio counties, 34 bushels; 11 Missouri counties, 34 3-5 bushels; 13 Kansas counties, 24 bushels; 16 Iowa counties, 35 bushels; 18 Minnesota counties, 35 bushels; 18 Minnesota counties, 35 bushels, and Dakota reports a good yield. The average condition of the crop as reported from the different states is as follows: Seventeen counties in Illinois report an average condition of 51 per cent. Damage by drouth and bugs is general gan counties, 33 bushels: 14 Indiana Damage by drouth and bugs is general throughout the state. The damage by drouth and insects has not been quite so severe in Wisconsin, and counties resevere in Wisconsin, and counties reporting place the average at 76 per cent. Fourteen counties in Indiana report an average condition of 54 per cent. Damage by drouth is general. Damage by drouth in Michigan is not general, and counties reporting place the average condition of the crop at 86 per cent. Benz county reports

by drouth, and the average condition of 110 per cent.; eleven Ohio counties give an average condition of 110 per cent. Eleven Ohio counties give an cent. Eleven Onio counties give an average of 80 per cent., with damage by drouth in every county reporting. Nine Missouri counties report an average of 80 per cent. with damage from drouth in every county reporting except Stoddart, where the condition of the crop is estimated at 90 per cent. of an average. The crop in Larn and Webster counties, Kentucky is in fine condition but in other in Larn and Webster counties, Ken-tucky, is in fine condition, but in other counties reporting it is only 50 per cent, of an average crop, the damage being from drouth. Kansas counties report the condition of the crop at 44 per cent: The drouth in the coun-ties reporting is general with the ex-ception of Cowley, where the average ites reporting is general with the exception of Cowley, where the average condition is 120 per cent. The crop in the east half of Ness county is good, but ruined by drouth in the west half. Chinch bugs have also damaged the Kansas crop. Sixteen counties in Iowa report the condition of the corn crop at 91 per cent. of an average. No damage by drouth or insects is reported by Cerro Gordo, Clarke, Jones, Kossuth and Woodbury counties. Twelye counties in Minnesota report an average of ties in Minnesota report an average of 88 per cent. The average reaches or passes 100 per cent. in Becker, Big Stone, Blue Earth and Sibley counties.

Eight counties in Nebraska report an average of 76 per cent. No damage by drouth or bugs has been experienced in Burt, Douglass and Howard counties, but has been severe in the other counties reporting. The corn crop in Dakota is still good, but some damage is reported from hail and insects. Potatoes. are suffering from the continued drouth.

Pastures are in a very bad condition, generally, but less so where local rains have fallen. The prospects for a crop of apples are very slim.

NO. 220.

THE COTTON CROP.

Falling Off in the General Average

Four Points. New Orleans, Aug. 7.—The monthly crop report of the New Orleans Cotton World, in continuation of the national cotton exchange statistical system, says: The month of July has brought some deterioration in crops, the general average having fallen four points, the figerage having fallen four points, the figures of condition being reduced to 90, against 85 last year, 79 the year before and 87 in 1884. The most unfavorable conditions have existed in Texas, where the protracted hot and dry spell has greatly lowered the June prospects, with further damage imminent. In the lower valley of the Mississippi there was an excess of moisture up to about the 20th, which prevented thor-

was an excess of moisture up to about the 20th, which prevented thorough cultivation in many localities, and caused too rank a growth of weeds, which has reduced the early fruitage. This has been more particularly the case in the bottoms. Worms have also appeared in many localities, and while no particular damage has yet been inflicted, serious loss is apprehended by some of our correspondents. In the upper portion of the valley the weather was more favorable and the June expectations were more nearly June expectations were more nearly maintained. There has been some abandonment of lands and deterioration of stands in working out, but the percentage of loss from this cause is smaller than usual. The condition by states is:

Per cent States.
 States.
 Cent States.
 Cent States.

 Virginia.
 93 Tennessee
 91

 North Carolina.
 96 Arkansas
 92

 South Carolina.
 94 Mississippi
 93

 Georgia.
 90 Louisiana
 89

 Florida.
 93 Texas
 85

 Alabama.
 90 Average of belt.
 90

Weevil in Flax Seed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—A local paper says: The flax seed inspector of the city has discovered that some of the city has discovered that some of the cars of flax seed received from the Northwest contain weevil to an alarming extent. If the seed is as numerously infested as the inspector says it will not make flax seed oil. The inspector thinks the weevil he found is of a new variety. Of this he is not certain and has submitted the matter to the scientific investigation of the Illinois state board of agriculture. The insect is not in the seed of this year's crop. but inin the seed of this year's crop, but in-fests the crop of last year. To what extent some of the new crop has been affected by contact is not known, but it is certain that none of the elevator people will accept the seed with the insect, for, once the pest is in the house,

it is hard to get out. FORCING THEM TO IT. An Iowa Saloon-Keeper's Sharp

Work With His Brothers. cial to the Globe DES MOINES, Io., Aug. 7 .- Clayton county, Iowa, is naturally Democratic. Gus Berman, the present sheriff, has been a saloon-keeper and is now a candidate for renomination. He is quite generally opposed by his German fellow citizens, some of whom are in the saloon business, but Berman has come boldly to the front with the proposition that if they don't support him he will close their places of business through the injunction feature of the prohibitory law. This has placed the saloon-keepers in a dilemma, and they are as yet undecided whether to support a candidate to whom they are opposed or accept the alternative of going out of

Places for the Soldiers Special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- Acting Secretary of the Interior H. L. Muldrow, says that there are sixty-seven more veterans of the late war in the employ of his department than there were when this administration was inaugurated. The same ratio obtains in the other departments. There are more old soldiers at the head of important bureaus than at any other time since the war. The Republicans gave places to soldiers, but they were subordinate positions. This administration has not only filled the minor offices with soldiers, but has appointed veterans to controlling chief clerkships. The Republicans gave the best places to strikers and ward burmers, upon whom they depended for fine political work. This administration gives the very best places to soldiers. The contrast is remarkably strong. ments. There are more old soldiers at

Looking for Cool Spots. Special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- The president, at Oak View, with the cabinet officers about him, has had a decidedly comfortable week. The change in the weather has made life in the suburbs quite tolerhas made life in the suburbs quite tolerable again. The coming week will probably see the last cabinet meeting of the heated season. Mr. Bayard is at Rehobeth beach; Mr. Garland has gone to Arkansas to be absent till October; Gen. Vilas is about to depart for a few weeks' visit to his family in Wisconsin, Mr. Whitney will go to Bar Harbor on Wednesday or Thursday for a month; Mr. Endicott will soon begin a vacation of two months in New England, and Mr. Lamar will doubtless find some place cooler than Washington in which to spend the remainder of the hot to spend the remainder of the weather.

They Like It. Special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Secretary Fairchild has already received a number of communications from holders of United States bonds, announcing their acceptance of the terms of the circular acceptance of the terms of the circular of the 3d inst. for prepayment of six months interest on the public debt with 2 per cent. rebate on and after the 15th inst. Many applications for copies of the circular and for blank forms of application for prepayment of interest have also been received. The applications already filed are for interest on bonds to the amount of \$83,100.

Stevenson at a Country Fair.

Special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- First Assistant Postmaster General Stevenson has accepted an invitation to delivery the annual address at an agricultura of the counties comprising the Fifth congressional district of Illinois, to be held at Woodstock. The address will be delivered on the 27th of September next, and will be devoted to a history of the material progress of Illinois, and the influence exerted by that state upon the development of the great West.

Loring Resigns.

Special to the Globe. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- Engineer-in-Chief Charles H. Loring has resigned as head of the bureau of steam engineering, navy department, and Chief Engineer George W. Melville, of Arctic exploration fame, has been appointed in his place.