A FLOUR CITY FRIDAY.

Gov. McGill Says Timothy Barrett Must Hang on the 13th of July.

Father McGolrick Going to Rome--A Testimonial to Marie Wellesley.

Conference Between Switchmen and Officers of the Manitoba Road.

A Girl Blows Out the Gas--Sale of the Nicollet House.

FOR TIM'S EXECUTION.

Gov. McGill Issues His Warrant For the Hanging of Tim Barrett.

Gov. McGill yesterday signed the warrant for the execution of Timothy Barrett, who was convicted of the murder of Thomas Tollefson. Barrett was found guilty Jan. 12 of this year, and sentenced by Judge Lochren to be hanged. The warrant is a simple affair, directed to Sheriff P. P. Swenson, of Hennepin county, who is instructed to see that its provisions are executed according to the law. The day named in the warrant for Barrett's execution is Friday, July 13, 1888, and the hour is to be between 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. The place is to be "such place in Hennepin county as the sheriff may direct."

THE COMPANY IS SATISFIED,

But the Switchmen Are Uncertain Whether to Be Pleased or Not.

A conference was held last evening at the office of C. H. Russell, general agent of the Manitoba railroad, between the switchmen employed in the local yards of the road and Division Superintendent Meyer, Agent Russell and Yardmaster Berry. There were about twenty-five switchmen present, and complaints were made by seven of them in regard to the discharge of certain union men and to the methods adopted by Berry in running the yard. It was shown that owing to the lack of work it became necessary to discharge a few men and that the most capable and efficient were kept and the inefficient discharged, regardless of whether they were union or non-union men. The complaints in regard to the manner of running the yard appeared to be rather trivial and seemed to be only a question of whether the yardmaster should require the work to be done in a proper manner or not. The conference lasted until about 10 o'clock, when all the complaints which had been made by the switchmen having been satisfactorily explained the meeting adjourned. The railway officials are satisfied that Mr. Berry is a thoroughly efficient and capable man for the position which he holds, and believes that the trouble has arisen through a mistaken idea that he was trying to weed out the union men in his employ.

TO GO TO ROME.

Father McGolrick's Trip Abroad ---Rumors of Promotion.

It is generally believed in Catholic circles that Rev. James McGolrick has been marked by the vatican for promotion, and that to that end he has been summoned to Rome. His people here hope the rumor is untrue if it will cause his removal from Minneapolis, as will probably be the case, if he is elevated to a bishopric. Father McGolrick will leave Minneapolis next Saturday for New York, whence he will sail May 26 on the Cephalonia for Europe. He will be accompanied on the voyage by William McMullen, treasurer of the Hennepin County Catholic Building and Loan association, and by C. T. Breslan, of the firm of Northrop, Breslan & Co. He will be gone about two months and will return in season for the annual orphan's fair, which will take place early in August. It is a difficult matter to obtain definite information regarding this trip and the object, but the belief is common that Father McGolrick is to go up. No member of the clergy in the Northwest stands higher than he, and if he should be raised to a bishop, the honor will be well bestowed.

AMUSEMENTS.

Miss Marie Wellesley Receives a Flattering Testimonial.

Miss Marie Wellesley, the leading lady at the People's theater, last night received a tribute to her popularity upon the occasion of her benefit, of which she may well be proud. The theater was crowded to the foyer with a large and fashionable audience and the piece, "Leah, the Forsaken," in which Miss Wellesley assumed the title role was given a highly satisfactory presentation. Miss Wellesley was enthusiastically greeted, and was several times called before the curtain, and at the close of each act was the recipient of floral offerings. Her portrayal of the character of Leah was decidedly creditable, especially in the passages which called for the display of her emotional powers. In the curse scene she was particularly strong. Edwin Barbour, as the apostate, both looked and acted the part well; and J. B. Brown, as Rudolph, was entirely satisfactory. The play will be repeated this afternoon and evening. To-morrow night, "The Governor."

The "She" matinee will commence at 2:30 p. m. to-day and everybody attending will be given a copy of the book. The engagement closes with to-night's performance.

Seats for J. K. Emmett are now on sale at the Grand. "Fritz" will appear Monday.

Fred Pelham, representing "May Blossom" is in the city. This play will be seen at the Grand the last half of the week.

MOST SINGULAR TALE.

A Young Girl's Gauzy Story--Probable Case of Mistaken Identity.

Isadore Gruenberg, a dapper young man of Jewish descent, was arraigned in the municipal court yesterday afternoon on a charge of bastardy, preferred by Miss Hannah Regman, a pretty, but decidedly unsophisticated country girl, nineteen years of age, with rosy, red cheeks and straight flaxen hair. She held in her arms a pretty, bright-eyed six-weeks-old baby, which laughed and cried alternately. In July last, she said, she was doing housework at a residence on the corner of Eighth street and Eighth avenue south. One night she was not feeling perfectly well and went to bed early. During the night she was awakened by a slight noise, but went to sleep again. A few moments later she was awakened by a young man, who had come into her room and got into her bed. This man was Isadore Gruenberg, she declared. She did not know his name then, however. When she found him in bed with her she was too frightened to speak, and so made no outcry when he accomplished his purpose. She said nothing of the occurrence, as she did not think any one would find it out, and as she did not want to leave her place. The next evening she was sitting in a rocking chair in her room when the same young man came in. Before she could say anything, he had taken advantage of her a second time. No one else had ever been intimate with her. The girl told her story through an interpreter, and several times, when a pretty plain question was fired at her, smiled quietly. Gruenberg, when placed on the stand, admitted that he had boarded at the house where the girl was working last July, but denied most emphatically that he had ever been in Hannah's bedroom, or had ever taken improper liberties with her. He had seen the girl out with a young man whose name he did not know, and that was as far as his acquaintance with her extended. Blackmail is claimed by Gruenberg's friends, and they are indignant that the case ever came into court. Guenberg was bound over to the district court under bonds of $200.

Judge Bailey, before whom the examination was held, said that he was free to admit that it struck him as a case of mistaken identity, and that if the matter were on trial, instead of on examination, he would dismiss it at once. It appears that there were two young fellows, greatly resembling Gruenberg, boarding at the house when the trouble occurred, and the judge is inclined to think that one of them is the parent of the babe.

MORRILL'S PLEASANTRY.

Woods, the Spiritualist, Threatens to Sue the Divine.

Rev. G. L. Morrill, the pugnacious divine who indulges himself freely in his fancy to express his opinions about people and things in general through the press, had a communication in Wednesday's Star-News in reference to the Eddy spiritualistic seance announced to be held last Sunday at the Washington rink, but which was postponed to-morrow night because of the rain. In it he spoke of the rink as being on this occasion "the resort of fast women and gentlemen outlaws," of the proposed entertainment as being an "infernal fake," and the spiritualists as "moral pariahs."

G. L. Woods, the well-known spiritualist, who resides at 401 Seventh avenue south, who was present at the rink, resents these severe reflections upon the character of the people who were present and the spiritualists as well. Yesterday he drove to the residence of Mr. Morrill and gave the reverend gentleman twenty-four hours' notice in which to make a written retraction for publication or be sued for libel. It doubtless was a very animated interview and at its conclusion Mr. Morrill said he would take legal advice. He has probably done so. At any rate, instead of retracting, has furnished another screed for publication which bears down harder than ever upon the spiritualists.

NOT FOR THE CELTS.

The Association Plan Abandoned and the Money Refunded.

The Celtic association has quietly dissolved and paid back the money turned in on stock subscriptions. It had been the idea to form an organization of Irish and Irish-Americans, get together $100,000 and erect a handsome building for the uses of the association. The movement started off with a boom and nearly every prominent citizen of that nationality lent his aid and encouragement. Stock was liberally taken and money began to flow into the coffers. Suddenly came the announcement of the abandonment of the organization, which was yesterday confirmed by an officer of the association:

"Yes, we have abandoned the plan," he said, "for the sensible reason that it was found to be impracticable. The way we were going it would have taken ten years to raise the money and under the circumstances it was not deemed advisable to go on. Our people here are not very rich, and the money would come in small amounts. Much as I should have liked to see such a building go up, I don't believe it would have been best to go on with the scheme. We dropped it and returned the money."

WANT SMITH TO RETURN

And Face the Music---More Talk of His Business.

It is reported that an effort is on foot to bring J. J. Smith back and effect a settlement with his creditors. The statement is made that there is no disposition to push any claims or to make trouble with him in a criminal way. The men whose money he secured on the strength of his proposed home and his acres at Faxon are all his friends and would not injure him, on the other hand, finding excuses and apologies for all he has done. It has been stated that he is square with the Crusaders, but it has been allowed to leak out that in handling funds between that organization and the Celtic association there has been a little shady work.

It is certain that Smith has fallen from grace. Heretofore he has been regarded as a sort of idol by the temperance men of his church and his work against blind pigs was held up as that of a pure and holy zealot; but the work is off and though he may now meet every dollar he can never occupy the proud pedestal on which he once stood. The enemies he made as an informer are gloating over his downfall and saying: "I told you so!"

THE OLD TRICK.

Miss Kate McKinney Blows Out the Gas at the Windsor.

Miss Kate McKinney, a guest at the Windsor hotel, had a narrow escape from death Thursday night. She went to the house in the morning and secured room 27. About 8 o'clock in the evening she went to her room. About 8:30 yesterday morning a strong smell of gas was noticed in the hall, and being traced to the room occupied by Miss McKinney, the door was forced. The girl was in bed and nearly dead from suffocation. Dr. Moore was called and succeeded in bringing to her senses the unconscious girl. Half an hour more and there would have been no use in working over her. The girl's home is at Montgomery, this state.

THE NICOLLET SOLD.

H. L. Rockfield, of Springfield, O., the New Proprietor.

H. B. Sherman has sold the lease, furniture and fixtures of the Nicollet house to H. L. Rockfield, of Springfield, O., who is to assume charge June 1. The ownership of the building is still retained by F. S. Gilson. Mr. and Mrs. Sherman expect to take up their residence at the Spring Brook farm, at Burnett Junction, Wis., shortly. Mr. Sherman being undecided as to whether he shall re-enter the hotel business.

Mr. Rockfield, the new proprietor, with his wife, has been in the city several weeks negotiating the purchase, and is said to be a successful and experienced man, having run and managed the Arcade hotel at Springfield and the Phillips house at Dayton. The terms of the sale have not been made public.

Y. M. C. A. Annual.

The annual meeting of the association will be held in the Dyer Music hall on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. All the members, subscribers and friends of the association are urged to be present at this meeting as reports of the work will be presented in brief reports by the chairman of the different committees. There is no meeting of the association at which one can get as much information about the work as at this one. The evening will be made doubly pleasant by several vocal selections, which will be given by Mrs. I. J. Covey and an address by Rev. R. N. McKraig. Ladies and gentlemen alike welcome. The public anniversary meeting of the association will be held in the Westminster church Wesdnesday evening, and will be addressed by Dr. Munhall, the Evangelist, who has closed his work in St. Paul, where he had such remarkable success. This will be the only opportunity of hearing him in this city.

THE ILL-SMELLING STREAM.

An Organization To Put Down Bassett's Creek.

Citizens living and owning property in the near vicinity of Bassett's creek are considerably worked up over the high water of that historic and ill-smelling stream. The recent rains have swollen the rivulet until it has overrun its banks and inundated many cellars for a long distance. It is claimed that obstructions exist between Second street and Washington avenue and the stream dammed up, and the feeling over it runs high. A circular was issued yesterday, calling a meeting for last night at Menage's hall to form an association and a good turn out resulted. Numerous speeches were made, and the alarm given that unless something was speedily done the overflow of filthy water would breed pestilence in the summer. It was stated that Engineer Rinker had a plan to straighten the creek, but it would require legislative sanction.

The preliminary steps for a permanent organization were taken and the meeting adjourned for a week. Park Commissioner Sutherland is an active worker and the interest taken is great.

TO-DAY'S CONVENTION.

At high noon to-day the Democrats of Hennepin county will hold a convention at the West side Turner hall to choose thirty-three delegates to the state convention at St. Paul May 17. Two meetings of delegates were held last night, both being of a caucus character, and both being in the secret order, but nothing of importance was developed. Yesterday the friends of Mayor Ames declared they had an easy majority of the delegates, and would control the convention. The few antis who could be found were not nearly so confident as on the day before, and from a threatening attitude had changed to saying everything would be well if the Ames people were not too lordly in their style. It was whispered that this argument was in general use: "Of course it is not so much to elect the mayor a delegate to St. Louis. That isn't the point. But if he is defeated for this, he will be knocked out for governor." Others said: "The entire state is looking to see what Hennepin county would do for Ames and we must show ourselves." Under this style of argument it was pretty generally conceded last night that the doctor would control the delegation.

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There has been nothing approaching a solution of the chairmanship question. The name of C. M. Foote was heard considerably as that of the Ames wing, but it had already been settled that Ames' friends preferred Titus Mareck. Foote and Mareck are both on the same platform and a choice would not be significant. Both are for Winston also, and for that matter the convention will be solid for the Fifth warder. It looks as though there might be three or four nominations for chairman, as there are several ideas expressed as to what should be implied in the election of a presiding officer.

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The idea that the convention will be as serene as a summer sky is given out on all hands, and every delegate wishes it understood he is for harmony. The desire for peace is so great that a lively fight for it may ensue. If the convention is not very one-sided for Ames, the probability is there will be a rumpus forced upon it. It will not be bitter, of course, but just a little lively. It will be, in its make-up, one of the best conventions the party ever held.

Third Ward Republicans.

There was an attendance of about thirty at the adjourned meeting of the Third Ward Republican club. G. L. Baker, the temporary chairman, called the meeting to order. A committee consisting of Hugh Wilson, M. Reilly and T. J. Geist was appointed to make nominations for officers and reported as follows: President, G. L. Baker; vice presidents, Hugh Wilson, V. Truesdell; secretary, C. P. Preston; treasurer, Robert Pratt; executive committee, G. L. Baker, C. P. Preston, Capt. B. Hunt, N. V. Beder. The nominations were accepted by acclamation. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and the meeting adjourned.

Two Omissions.

The name of R. E. Fischer was yesterday ommitted from the list of the park police, whose appointment will be recommended at to-day's meeting of the board of park commissioners.

W. J. Gavin was left out of the delegation from the Seventh precinct of the Fourth ward to to-day's Democratic county convention.

Killed on the Track.

A. Sargean, employed in the Kasota mill, was instantly killed by a Minneapolis & Pacific train, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenue north last evening. He was crossing the track with a plank on his shoulders when the train struck him. Deputy Coroner Spring was notified, and the body was taken to Connolly's morgue, where an inquest will be held to-day. Sargeant boarded at 2638 Second street north, and was formerly in the wood and coal business at 113 Washington avenue south.

Land and Labor Officials.

At the meeting of the Ninth Ward Land and Labor club at the Acme cooper shop last evening the following officers were elected: President, P. R. Champion; vice presidents, J. O. Malone and J. J. Dynan; secretary, Charles Teney; delegates to the central committee, P. R. Champion, J. O. Malone, M. Hamilton, J. J. Dynan, O. J. Gleason; committee on membership, J. J. Dynan, J. O. Malone and H. Hamilton.

MINOR COURT CASES.

Annie Watson, indicted for keeping a house of ill fame, had her case reset for June 28.

The cases of David Bryce, Carl Blake, John Fahey, Frank Shaw, Patrick Garrity, William A. Tanner, James Noble, Patrick Sullivan, George C. Savage and J. B. Flannigan, indicted for gambling, were called yesterday before Judge Hicks. The state's principal witness, R. B. Forrest, was absent and the cases were continued over until next Monday.

The St. Paul Harvester company has begun a suit against W. L. Keller et al. to recover $264.03 on a promissory note.

In the case of Mira Beals against Richard Foote to recover $274.53 on a promissory note, judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff for the amount claimed.

The jury in the case of Charles E. Milliken vs. Herman Goos to recover $389 on a promissory note returned a sealed verdict after court adjourned.

The cases of Hulderich Wagner, M. Mathey, J. M. Oliver and A. P. Dean, indicted for selling liquor without a license, were reset for May 15.

P. L. Knappen, indicted for keeping a gambling device, had his case reset for June 28.

The cases of A. W. Anderson, August Swanson, M. B. McConnell, Berg Martin and John Johnson, indicted for selling liquor on Sunday, were reset for May 14.

David Rafter, indicted for assault in second degree, had his case reset for June 28.

Severin Johnson has begun an action against Martin Johnson for a divorce on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment and adultery. The defendant was arrested and pleaded guilty to the crime of adultery on the 22d of last April and paid a fine of $60. The plaintiff states that he has property worth about $7,000, and asks for a large slice as alimony.

A COMMITTEE OF JOBBERS

Says Shotwell, Clerihew & Lothman Are Justified.

EX-PARTE TESTIMONY ONLY.

The Jobbers' Association Makes an Investigation and Declares the Girls in the Wrong.

The matter of the strike at Shotwell, Clerihew & Lothman's has assumed such proportions that the Jobbers' association determined to investigate it. Tuesday evening the association adopted the following:

Whersas, Some of the newspapers of our city have published articles in reference to one of our important mercantile and manufacturing enterprises, namely: Messrs. Shotwell, Clerihew & Lothman, which, if incorrect, are calculated to do them and our manufacturing and jobbing interests injustice; therefore, be it

Resolved, That this association appoint a committee of seven to investigate the manufacturing department of said firm; that said committee be empowered to formulate a report and to publish the same if they deem best.

The following were appointed as such committee, being nominated and elected by the meeting: D. M. Gilmore, Anthony Kelly, O. J. Griffith, S. P. Farrington, A. R. Miller, T. B. Janney, W. J. Dean.

WHY NOT ARBITRATE?

On Wednesday afternoon the committee visited the factory, and at a meeting yesterday submitted a report exonerating the firm and laying the burden on the girls. If their report be true, why did the firm refuse the request of the girls to submit the matter to arbitration? This committee is undoubtedly fair-minded and willing to do what is exactly right, but the testimony they obtained was purely ex-parte. They got the position of the firm, but asked for no statement from the girls who are on a strike. Nor did they investigate H. B. Woodward, the superintendent, who is complained of as harsh, cruel and insulting. As a matter of news, the GLOBE prints the report, but prints it as the report of a committee which acted as a grand jury and took testimony of but one side. The public has heard the other and will be able to judge for itself. Following is

THE COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The factory, or work room, was first visited, which is on the fifth floor of the establishment, and is, in our judgment, a model room for the purpose for which it is used. All machines run by power. The room is about 80x150 feet, with ceiling twelve or fourteen feet high, and well lighted by windows on three sides. We then went through the salesroom, where the manufactured goods are sold. We were shown large lines of cheap shirts, which the firm stated were made last winter for June and July trade. The reasons given for making these goods in advance of the demand were as follows: Last year the average number of the operatives was one hundred. The business of the firm was steadily increasing, and they saw that during the busy season of this year they would need more machines; so the number of machines was increased, and to give new hands work to commence and also to give some others steady work during the dull season instead of stopping part of the factory. These common goods were made long before needed, at a loss to the firm of interest on money paid out, not only for making, but for the goods manufactured. The average number of operatives employed since January 1, 1888, has been eighty old and eighty new hands. We were also shown samples of different priced garments sent to the firm by Eastern manufacturers at a less cost than similar goods cost them to make. We examined these samples carefully, and also similar goods made by the firm, every item of cost being furnished us, and found the facts to be as stated.

LOOKING AT WAGES.

We then carefully examined the weekty wages earned by the operatives, which showed good wages earned by a large number and very small wages earned by others. Pursuing our investigations to ascertain the cause of this, we found girls beginning, knowing nothing about the work, and, as a matter of course, the cheapest work is given them to practice on. They must, as in other trades, first learn before they can expect to earn the wages of experienced hands, but, working by the piece, they are paid for all they do. We also found that only a small percentage of new hands stay long enough to become expert, part of them not having the patience to work until they are qualified to do better work, and could never fit themselves to earn good wages. These new hands are coming and going continually. All these causes tend to make the average wages look very small when an average is made of the wages of all girls working in the factory.

That the matter of wages and the chances for hands to improve may be better understood, we have selected different examples from the books of the firm. These amounts represent a week's wages, but do not take into account any time lost; as the work is done by the piece, a girl may be absent part of a day, a day or two days, and would thus earn much less for the week. One girl commenced in January of this year, knowing nothing of the work, and beginning on the cheapest shirts in sixteen weeks she worked her wages ug three grades. Her first week's wages was $1.13, the first five weeks an average of $2.22⅔, the the next six weeks an average of $2.62⅔, the next five weeks an average of $5.11⅓, one week in the last average earning $6.96.

Another new hand began Jan. 18, also on the cheapest shirts. The first six weeks her average was $3.62, the next six weeks $5.51. Another began on cheap overalls, making the first week $1.08. We took her weekly earnings for nineteen weeks and found a steady increase until the last three weeks her wages ranged as follows: $5.54, $6.05, $7.43.

THE WEEKLY AVERAGE

of ten "jean pant makers" from Sept. 1, 1887, to April 1, 1888, was $6.87, $7.03, $6.37, $7.70, $4.83, $6.93, $9, $8.73, $5.26, $8.40. These different averages on some class of work show very plainly that some girls can make more money than any other, or that some do not work as many hours per day. We give now the average for three consecutive weeks of seven girls called old hands, who have been at this kind of work three or four years: $4.30, $4.98, $3.58, $3.70, $5.24, $3.44, $5.26. In comparison we give for the same time the weekly average of ten girls on precisely the same kind of work: $6.33, $6.40, $8.73, $9, $8.40, $5.50, $5.90, $8.35, $8.89, $8.42; showing that all girls are not capable of earning the same wages. The consecutive week's average of five girls on duck coats show $11, $13.63, $12.56, $7, $6.56 (the smallest amount being the earnings of the chairman of the committee of strikers). Another member of the strikers' committee averaged per week in 1887 $9.28, but from Jan. 1 to April 1, 1888, on the same work at the same price her average has been $4.67; evidently her mind has been on something else than her work.

THE FIRM EXPLAINS.

The fine flannel shirts, reduced from 14 to 12 cents, they give the following explanation for This is a class of work never before made in this market, and until the girls could become familiar with the new work they paid 14 cents, although it was 2 cents more than they could afford to pay for them, and we were shown three consecutive week's work of six girls: $6.10, $6.10, $5.75, $5.75, $4.88, $4.88; also three consecutive weeks of the same six girls when the price paid was 12 cents: $5.89, $8.40, $6.37, $6.76, $6.57, $6.57. Fine shirt makers show an average of $6.50 per week.

Putting in shirt fronts, $5 per week; no allowance in any of these averages for lost time.

Average of thirteen cassimere pant makers for seven months, Sept. 1, 1887, to April 1, 1888, per week is as follows: $5.48, $6.79, $8.20, $8.42, $8.10, $6.85, $7, $7.37, $7.12, $7.90, $5.92, $8.89, $9.41; average, $7.57. Three consecutive weeks of five girls on cassimere pants at 18 cents: $5.47, $8.90, $9.29, $6.35, $6.71. Three consecutive weeks of the same five girls at 15 cents: $6.75, $9.42, $9.38, $5.16, $7.34. The foreman says the girl in the last average who only earned $5.16 did not work but little over half time.

In answer to our question why cassimere pants were reduced from 18 cents to 15 cents we were shown the

DIFFERENCE IN THE WORK,

which gives less work to the machine operator. When 18 cents was paid for machine work the finishing cost 75 cents per dozen, while since 15 cents has been paid for the machine work $1.20 per dozen has been paid for finishing. Before making these inquiries we were under the impression that 15 cents covered the entire cost of making a pair of pants, but the figures show that other work by hand brings the cost per pair to 35 and 40 cents. After these goods leave the cutter they pass through seven different hands before completion, and since the reduction to 15 cents these pants cost the firm 2 per cent more than formerly.

On different kinds of work we find the following averages for three consecutive weeks in March:

For thirty-two hands, $7.25. For fifty hands, $6.60. For sixty-four hands, $6.23. For seventy-seven hands, $5.73. For eighty hands, $5.63.

These figures indicate that an expert hand can make from $6 to $7.50 per week on the cheapest work made in the factory, and far more on the finer class of goods.

COMMITTEE CONCLUSIONS.

In view of the above, we are forced to the conclusion that much injustice has been done Messrs. Shotwell, Clerihew & Lothman, and that they are in no way responsible for this strike and do not merit the odium that some are trying to put upon them, and that the strikers have no just cause for complaint. Their workroom is large, light and airy; their wages, whilst small and unremunerative to the inexperienced beginners, of which they are assured before employment is given them, yet increase rapidly with experience and become quite remunerative to the expert.

We cannot but regard the whole matter as being extremely unfortunate, first to the firm, as their manufacturing department is much disorganized, not knowing whether they will be able to continue in this city with profit this branch of their business, or forced to seek another locality; second, unfortunate to the girls, many of whom quit work under

A PRESSURE OF SENTIMENT

worked up by a few, some of whom have returned to work, and have assured the committee that others are only deterred from applying to be reinstated by the idea that they may be ridiculed if they do so, or subjected to annoyances should the leaders of the strike again be received back. The committee has been assured by old hands that the charges of ungentlemanly conduct of language on the part of the superintendent are entirely groundless, they never having heard of any such charge until after this strike. Most of these girls are dependent upon their earnings for their support, hence, cannot afford to be idle and without income. Third, unfortunate to the city, as the manufacturing department of a large establishment, the pay roll of which department is now at the rate of $60,000 per annum and constantly increasing, may be compelled by the unfriendly action of some of our citizens, to suspend manufacturing, or remove this branch of their business elsewhere.

The Ministers Fail to Impress.

Rev. James McGolrick and Rev. W. Wilkeson made a trip to Shotwell, Clerihew & Lothman's yesterday, but finding the jobbers' committee had been there, desisted and attended the meeting of the latter. When the report was submitted, Mr. Wilkeson made a vigorious speech of an hour in behalf of the girls, but it was coldly received by the jobbers. It was very evident where the sympathy of the wholesalers lay.

Help Us Out of the "Woods."

To the Editor of the Globe.

My attention has just been called to an article by Mr. Woods in review of an inquiry of mine in the Tribune. Mr. Woods fails to answer my question. I am not an opponent of spiritualism. I wish to know if the managers of the coming seance in the rink have not told their friends that they proposed to sell the jays of this city? A word from them is of more value than a vague puff of spiritualism from Mr. Wood. Will the managers deny the statement? Can we hear from them? I make no charges. I ask for information. If Miss Eddy or Prof. Johnson are not in partnership, how does it happen that they are so familiar? Who will explain their relation? Yours inquiringly,

L. G. POWERS.

In the Swim.

Cashier Stewart, of the American Express company, must be interested in the American Assurity Company of New York, too, when he denies the fact that the company compels all employes to pay on an average of $25 a year. Why, he pays $40 a year himself.

AN EMPLOYE.

Additional Minneapolis News on Fourth Page.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Work on the Masonic temple will begin soon.

Two cases of contagious disease reported yesterday.

High water has caused some of the saw mills to shut down.

Next Tuesday the dog catcher starts out to capture unlicensed canines.

Bank clearings yesterday, $663,651.50; for the week, $3,836,797.67.

John O'Hair has returned to the city after spending some weeks at Delano.

Mrs. J. E. Hauser will give a reading in the Ninth ward Tuesday evening.

Father James McGolrick leaves on his trip to Ireland the 19th inst., accompanied by William McMullen.

The Irish-American club will have a musicale at its club rooms May 30, when Bishop Ireland will deliver an address.

A small blaze in a blacksmith shop on Maine street northeast, near Central avenue, called out the fire department last evening. No damage.

A number of veterans of the state militia met last evening at the office of N. F. Warner and decided to participate in Decoration day exercises.

Inspectors Kinney and Lawrence yesterday arrested Even Thompson with a lot of hardware, for which he could not account satisfactorily, in his possession.

Archbishop Ireland and Bishop Grace will assist in the dedication on the new church on the corner of Eighteenth avenue and Twenty-fourth street, May 20.

A live otter has been captured in Peterson's grocery store, on Hennepin avenue, and taken to the Dime museum. The animal came up through the store.

Otto S. Langum, who has served the county for a number of years past in the capacity of janitor of the county court house, was married last evening to Miss Henrietta L. Trott.

There was considerable speculation yesterday over the non-appearance of R. B. Forrest, who was wanted as a witness in the gambling cases. The sheriff could not find him with a subpœna, and the case had to go over.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Charles Peterson and Mary Stroman, Carl J. Elstrup and Hannah E. Evenson, C. G. Bryant and Helen A. Ames, William F. Eggers and Viola J. Williams, Otto S. Langum and Henrietta L. Trott.

Hon. James P. Pinkham will address the Eleventh Ward Prohibition club Sunday at 3:30 p. m., at Tollefsen's hall, corner Franklin and Fifteenth avenue south. Charlie Bray, of the State University Students' Prohibition club, will give "Prohibition, the Hope of Our Country."

Early last evening a telephone message was received at police headquarters stating that there was part of the body of a man out in the alleyway back of the Women's exchange, on Fourth street. The locality indicated and the adjacent neighborhood was thoroughly searched, but no body, or any trace of one, could be found.

M. Lara, the Nicollet avenue carpet man who was drawn as a juror to serve on the petit jury for the two weeks commencing Monday, May 9th, failed to put in an appearance yesterday when his name was called, and a deputy sheriff was sent in search of him armed with a warrant for his arrest. In short time the deputy returned with the missing juror, who was arraigned on the charge of contempt of court in being absent without permission. The court imposed a fine of $5.

Rea Will Orate.

WINFIELD, Kan., May 11.—President T. H. Seward has a letter from John P. Rea, grand commander of the national G. A. R., that he will be present and deliver an address on Grand Army day of the Winfield assembly, July 4.

WAYS OF THE WICKED.

Joseph Schwartz was fined $5 for assaulting Frank Rieger.

Albert Olson will be tried May 15 on a charge of obstructing the street.

Michael Moriarity pleaded guilty to the charge of vagrancy and was sent up for sixty days.

Ed L. Malone, charged with assaulting Charles Stromberg, was found guilty and fined $10.

James Flynn, charged by Patrolman Garvin with being disorderly, was found guilty and fined $10.

K. S. Morgan, charged with violating the health ordinance, was discharged from custody, the complaint against him being withdrawn.

Frederick Dort, Nels Nelson, J. P. Ellis, Alfred Peterson, W. J. Cosman, George Smith and P. Murphy pleaded guilty to being drunk and paid a fine of $5 each.

Remember the City Ticket Office

Of the Manitoba road is now located corner of Nicollet avenue and Third street.

LOCAL MENTION.

The National,

The only $2 per day house of the kind in the West. Complete in every way; all modern improvements; elevator services, etc., for passengers. C. A. Merrill, proprietor.

A Fortunate Canadian.

Isaac Ritchie, 48 Cumberland street north, Toronto, Canada, writes to the N. W. Mutual Endowment society that he received his $1,400 all right. He advises all his unmarried friends to join the society. Office, 426 Boston block.

A Prosperous Association.

The American Building and Loan association is meeting with remarkable success; 9,000 shares of stock have been sold during the last four months. This excelled the growth of any other similar organization in the United States. Rate of profit, 24 per cent. Now is the time to subscribe for stock. Home office, 208 Lumber exchange.

'The Philadelphia Lawyer."

The "Philadelphia Lawyer," who is proverbial for ability in solving knotty questions, is unrivaled in good conveyancing, and has made the titles in that city clearer than in any other in the Union. Yet Philadelphia has more generally adopted title insurance than any other city, and her title companies pay losses on titles which were deemed perfectly safe. The demand for such insurance is more imperative in Minneapolis, where the chances of error are increased by inexperienced conveyancing and rapid sales. We should profit by the experience of older cities.

Picture Frames.

W. & N. tube paint, 7 cents; five-inch gilt moulding, 48 cents a foot; four-inch, 35 cents a foot. See our frames and prices. Zesbaugh-Bintliff Manufacturing company, 308 First avenue south.

HOCHSTAETTER & CO.

Have Moved From Second Avenue South to 620 Nicollet,

Where they display a large and varied stock of parlor, chamber and kitchen furniture at bed-rock prices. Upholstering, repairing of furniture and feather renovating a specialty.

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS.

SITUATIONS OFFERED.

BOOKBINDER—Wanted, a bookbinder at Harrison & Smith's, 257 & 259 First av. south, Minneapolis. 133-34

SITUATIONS WANTED.

COACHMAN—Position wanted by a young man as coachman; thoroughly understands the business and can show good references on application. Address J. B., Globe, Minneapolis. 7

PERSONAL.

MADAME ANDREWS, CLAIRVOYANT, at 91 Fourth st. south; hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.; at home to ladies only; Sundays excepted. 129-135

MISCELLANEOUS.

ELEVENTH ST., 62, SOUTH—Rooms for rent; five unfurnished rooms, with bath. 133

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR Good City Property—A stock farm in Central Dakota; well equipped, well stocked and splendidly located, and wholly unincumbered. W. H. Young, proprietor, at Windsor hotel, Minneapolis, a short time. 131-35

FOR SALE—An old established harness business in Minneapolis; splendid location and paying business; sickness cause of selling. A. G. Schlener & Co., 1211 Washington av. north, Minneapolis. 132-138

MONEY TO LOAN on improved farms; long time; low interest. A. L. Straight & Co., 408 Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn. 133-134

ONE of the best $2 hotels in Minneapolis; $5,000 cash or good security; balance, $2,650 on time, 6 per cent. 554 Temple Court. 127-57

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA.
MINNEAPOLIS.
To-Night at 8. Matinee at 2:30 P. M.
SHE.
Everybody attending the matinee today will receive a copy of the book.

GRAND OPERA, MINNEAPOLIS,
Three Nights, Commencing Monday, May 14, Engagement of the Favorite Actor,
MR. J. K. EMMETT
In "FRITZ." Sale of seats now open. Coming—MAY BLOSSOM.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
LEAH, THE FORSAKEN.
2 p. m. GRAND FAMILY MATINEE. 2 p. m.
Sunday Eve. Grand Reproduction by Request, Sunday Eve
"THE GUV'NER!"
Prices—10c, 20c, 30c. Reserved Seats, 50c.
Matinee—10c, 20c. Reserved Seats, 30c.

JERUSALEM
ON THE DAY OF THE
CRUCIFIXION!
The greatest and most wonderful Cyclorama ever painted, 400 feet in circumference and 50 feet in height.
Endorsed by the CLERGY and PRESS.
On exhibition daily from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m. Fifth street, near Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS
ROLLER TOBOGGAN CHUTE
WASHINGTON RINK.
Corner Washington and Tenth Aves. North
Most Popular Sport in Existence.
And Especially Enjoyed by Ladies.
Open Every Evening (except Sunday) from 7:30 to 10:30. Matinees Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 2:30 to 5 p. m.
MUSIC BY MILLARD & THYLE'S BAND
Remember, this is the Fifth Chute ever built, and the only one west of Boston, Mass.
BEST OF ORDER MAINTAINED.
General Amission, 15 cents; Slide Tickets, 5 cents; Six Slides, 25 cents; Skates, 10 cents and 15 cents.

PLENTY OF GREAT BIG BARGAINS for all comers. What the
BIG BOSTON!
MINNEAPOLIS,
Advertises for, is to get the public to come into our stores; once there, Veni, vidi, vici does not exactly fit; it should read: you came, you saw, but we conquered. The wonderful cut in prices that we are making in our great
SACRIFICE SALE
conquers everybody, old, young, rich and poor. Who ever saw a magnificent stock of entirely new goods on which the original price was remarkably low, cut right down from that price 25 to 50 per cent, just at the beginning of the busy season. The BOSTON has made this cut, not because we wanted to do so, but because we had to. Come and see how 'tis yourself.

EGGS.
Eggs contain phosphorus, which is brain food, and sulphur, which performs a variety of functions in the economy. And they are the best of nutriment for children, for, in a compact form, they contain everything that is necessary for the growth of the youthful frame. The U T K Clothing House has everything in the way of Clothing for the frame of man or boy, and we especially call your attention to our large variety of Summer Underwear, Neckwear and Hosiery. U T K, Minneapolis.

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(FIRST FLOOR)
Kasota Building,
MINNEAPOLIS.
Choicest Corner in the City for a Tenement Row.
Street Paved and all Improvements in.
INVESTIGATE THIS AT ONCE.
We can make price and inducement. If you would invest in any kind of a bargain, let us show you our list.

C. C. WHITE,
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BOSTON BLOCK.
WANTED--10,000 Acres of land in Dakota to Exchange for Minneapolis houses and lots, and improved property.
Bargains in houses and lots worthy of consideration.

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CASCADE STEAM LAUNDRY — LARGEST & BEST — WEST OF CHICAGO — 316 2ND AVE SOUTH — MINNEAPOLIS MINN — YOU TRY US WILL LIKE US — J. R. PURCHASE PROP.

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FURNITURE AND CARPETS — BY MAIL!

You should send for our Illustrated Catalogue of FURNITURE and Samples of CARPETS.
All Goods Delivered Free within 100 miles of Minneapolis.
NEW ENGLAND FURNITURE AND CARPET COMPANY,
The Liberal House Furnishers,
Casino Building, Cor. 6th St. & 1st Av. S.
MINNEAPOLIS.

IT STANDS AT THE HEAD.