CHICAGO'S RICH MEN.

Many Millionaires of the Wicked City, and the Way They Live.

Phil Armour's Interest in St. Paul Stock and the Size of His Pile.

George Pullman, With His Six Millions, Is Hated by the Anarchists.

Marshall Field Carries Thirty Millions in His Inside Pocket.

CHICAGO Letter—Just how rich Phil Armour is he himself declares he has no idea. It is certain, however, that he can "clean up," as the Western phrase is, not less than $25,000,000. He carries more business in his head than any two men in Chicago. He lives in a very modest house on Prairie avenue. Every night, winter and summer, he goes to bed promptly at 9 o'clock. It doesn't make any difference what is going on in the house. If there is company, he excuses himself. If his wife is giving a reception, she has to receive alone after 9 o'clock. Every morning, winter and summer, he is taking his breakfast at 6 o'clock, and at 7, before any of his clerks appear, he is at his desk hard at work upon his immense correspondence. Nevertheless, for a man worth $25,000,000, Mr. Armour is exceedingly companionable, and when he sits down with a little company after dinner at his home he is a jolly good soul. He is one of the most charitable rich men in America. His gifts aggregate about $400,000 a year, and there is not a public charity of any kind in Chicago that does not receive his unsolicited check. Very few people know this, and he does not like to have it known. He is a Republican, but he cares a great deal more about the price of St. Paul stock than he does about a century of Republican politics. He is a heavy holder of St. Paul, and is credited with the intention of moving the shops and headquarters of that enormous system from Milwaukee to some place in the suburbs of Chicago and building up a model town like Pullman.

Pullman, however, as a matter of fact, is anything but a blooming success as a model town. The people are in a chronic state of irritability and complaint making about the alleged hardships they labor under. The philanthropic gentlemen who helped George M. Pullman plan the model town drew up a set of cast iron rules about things which would be excellent if the inhabitants were machines, but are entirely unsuited to men and women. As the entire place is owned by the Pullman company, there is no chance for the employes of the big shops to get away from its control. The residents say that the company is the very worst of landlords, too. Most of the houses were hastily and poorly built, and it is harder to get the company to make any repairs than it is to induce a Chrystie street (New York) landlord to put a new knob on the door.

A strange, silent, austere sort of man is George M. Pullman, after whom this town was named. When he appeared in court the other day to press his suit about the vestibule train against his old rival, the Wagner company, he seemed as nervous and excited as a schoolboy about to speak his first piece. He flits about from Chicago to New York and then to Washington in an uncertain way that is rather puzzling to those who come here to do business with him. His home on Prairie avenue is one of the finest in the West. The summer residence he is building on Pullman island, in the St. Lawrence, will be one of the curiosities to the visitors to the Thousand islands when it is finished. Certainly there will be nothing like it in this country. Mr. Pullman's wealth is estimated at $6,000,000. He is cordially hated by the anarchists and is not nearly as popular as Phil Armour.

When Armour was just getting his pork-packing business well started, a good many years ago, there was in his cutting department a sturdy-limbed, bright-faced young Irishman, whose duty it was to split hog carcasses lengthwise with a big cleaver. Mr. Armour used to inspect the works pretty closely, and he was particularly well pleased with the energy and vim with which the young man whacked away with his cleaver. He made him the leader of his gang, and finally foreman of the cutting department. The young man was industrious and hard-working in every position, until his employer made him the superintendent and gave him an interest in his business. Now he is recognized as Mr. Armour's partner, and is worth $2,000,000. His name is Michael Cudahy. He lives on Michigan avenue in a much handsomer house than his old employer's. The Cudahys are leaders in Chicago's best society.

Potter Palmer, the millionaire hotel-keeper, lives in an immense green-stone turreted and towered castle on the lake shore, near Lincoln park. His wife and the eldest daughter of A. J. Snell, who was murdered by a burglar, divide the glory of being called the most beautiful women in Chicago. He is about twenty years her elder. He owns $5,000,000 worth of real estate, and his big hotel is said to bring him in $500,000 a year. He pays very little attention to it, and it practically runs itself on its reputation. It is the Democratic headquarters, and during a political campaign it is a sight to see. They pack about 4,000 people into it during a convention. Mr. Palmer used to be a prominent Democratic politician, but he told an interviewer the other day that he had lost all interest in politics and didn't care a rap who was president. It is noticed, however, that he went down to Washington to assist in the effort to get the Democratic convention here, and that the Democratic Central committee fully expect this year the donation of $10,000 which he has not failed to give it every year for a very long time. In some campaigns it has been about all the funds it has had.

Marshall Field is the richest man in Chicago. He made his money in the dry goods business, and he is probably the most successful merchant in that trade since A. T. Stewart. He is worth $30,000,000. The great stone pile occupied by his wholesale department made President Cleveland stare very long and hard when he saw it for the first time last fall. Mr. Field was an object of peculiar hatred to the anarchists, and he had a mortal dread of them. When he built the wholesale building he had them particularly in mind, and the structure looks much like a big, gloomy fortress. The story of his quarrel with his old partner, L. Z. Leiter, is very familiar. When they parted, Mr. Field took the retail business and Mr. Leiter took the five-story iron block in which it is conducted. Lately Mr. Field has bought all the ground adjoining the store and when his lease from Leiter expires he will have a much bigger building of his own to move into. Mr. Leiter continues to live in Mr. Blaine's Mansion in Washington, and Chicago sees him no more. He is worth $10,000,000, and like Mr. Field he is a Democrat.

It is not hard work to count a hundred persons in Chicago who are worth a million dollars or more. Pork packing has made most of it.

The Morning After.

Judge.

Clara—How did you enjoy yourself at the ball last night, Emmy?

Emma (hoarsely)—Never enjoyed myself so much in all my life. I'm sure I've caught my death of cold and will be laid up with pneumonia. I wouldn't have missed it for anything.

The mystic letters B. P. O. E. are, as every member has discovered immediately upon entrance, synonomous with great good fellowship and geniality. The technical meaning reads Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, but the more popular term classes those who have been initiated into the mysteries of the order as the "Best People On Earth." In a wordy sense the definition is very apt. They are good fellows without the slightest doubt, and must be good fellows before they can become Elks. In support of this a section relating to qualifications: "No person shall be initiated into the order unless he be a white male of good moral character, who shall be bodily and mentally in good health, and who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and be able to earn the means necessary to the support of himself and family." One cannot become an Elk merely by presenting an application. Before the lodge doors are opened to him, a committee examines into his character, and upon their report a ballot is taken. Thus it is seen that every Elk, before he becomes such, is a gentleman, a man of character, and possessed of the ability to support himself and family. The order was organized for pleasure, and it will be quite difficult to find an Elk who will say that the order has belied the purpose for which it was created. For good, genuine, wholesome

FAT-PRODUCING FUN,

the Elks lead every organization under the sun. If there be a skeptic let him ask a neighbor who has received an invitation to a "social session of the Elks," whether he will accept or not.

The order was originally instituted in New York city solely in the interests of theatrical people, and continued so for many years, until one outsider was taken in and then another, until to-day men of other professions and business pursuits outnumber the "footlight favorites" five to one. Some of the most prominent public people of the age, and all of the finished actors, wear the insignia of "B. P. O. E." Lodges have sprung up in all parts of the Union, many of them composed of wealthy, influential people, though others may not be so fortunate. Many lodge rooms are veritable palaces, for it is an order that a man will throw his money into and seldom leave. These same lodge rooms have witnessed some of the finest dramatic efforts, and heard many eloquent impromptu speeches from statesmen and men of the leading worldly professions. The influence of the Elk lodge room will loosen the thickest tongue on earth, and thicken the "loosest" one. "But this is by the way." Omaha boasts of the finest class of members and wealthiest lodge in the order. The claim, it is said, has good foundation. New York, Chicago, Detroit, Milwaukee, Cincinnati, and other leading cities, are not at all averse to singing the praises of the B. P. O. E. in their respective limits.

As the membership throughout the country steadily increased, and the fame of the order became more generally known, it was decided that St. Paul should have a finger in the pie.

Accordingly twenty-three gentlemen expressed their desire to organize a lodge, and Dec. 5, 1886, Dr. Quinlan and ten members of the Chicago lodge arrived in St. Paul to start the ball rolling. Later trains brought members from the Omaha and Fond du Lac lodges, and Old Boreas blew his merriest. In the evening

THE ST. PAUL LODGE

was installed with the following charter members:

Dr. A. J. Stone, C. S. Bartram, L. N. Scott, E. S. Gorman, B. W. Armstrong, C. S. Fee, J. I. Hazzard, H. C. Hope, Dr. J. A. Quinn, C. E. Robb, P. A. Rockwell, Ehle Allen, L. D. Powers, Samuel H. Kneass, L. B. Little, Stanley Proudfit, J. S. McCullough, George J. Symonds, Channing Paine, George H. Moffett, L. D. Wilkes, Fred V. Doty and C. M. Schultz.

The first board of officers was as follows:

Exalted Ruler	Dr. A. J Stone
Esteemed Leading Knight	C. S. Bartram
Esteemed Loyal Knight	L. N. Scott
Esteemed Lecturing Knight	E. S. Gorman
Secretary	Bas W Armstrong
Treasurer	C. S. Fee
Esquire	J. I. Hazzard
Inner Guard	H. C. Hope
Chaplain	Dr. J. A. Quinn
Tyler	C. E. Robb
Trustees	P. A. Rockwell, C. M. Schultz, Ehle Allen

The rise of this lodge has been rapid and the membership to-day will reach between seventy-five and eighty. It would have been five times as large had the members been willing to take in every Tom, Dick and Harry that made application. The lodge has been exclusive and events have shown that this course has resulted beneficially. The membership is composed almost entirely of professional and railroad men, and it is openly asserted that the St. Paul lodge boasts a better class of men than any other lodge of Elks in existence. A glance at the roster leaves no room for dispute. At present they are occupying the Knights of Pythias hall on East Fifth street, and have ever since their organization. In this room some of the brightest lights of the theatrical profession have been most delightfully entertained, and have always repeated their visits when opportunity offered. Frequent social sessions are held, at which each member and visitor is supposed to contribute a song, recitation or humorous story, and thus the programme is arranged. As some of the brightest efforts of one's life are made on the spur of the moment, so it is at a social session of Elks, where one has no chance to study over his piece and make it dry and tedious. The present board of officers is as follows:

Exalted Ruler	Judge E. Stone Gorman.
Esteemed Leading Kt.	Chief John Black
Esteemed Royal Kt.	W. B. Kaiser
Esteemed Lecturing Kt.	J. S. McCullough
Secretary	Samuel Kneass
Treasurer	William Pease
Esquire	J. I. Hazzard
Tyler	James McAffee
Inner Guard	James F. Pond
Trustees	F. A. Rockwell, Long, C. M. Schultz

THE SOCIAL SESSION.

J. I. Hazzard and Billy Keyser sing duets. Mr. Hazzard has had large experience in social sessions.

R. A. Rockwell is one of the most regular of all in attending meetings.

Sam Kneass is as quiet in the lodge room as he is on the streets or in his office.

Judge Gorman, the exalted ruler, presides with the same dignity that characterizes him in the court.

Harry Wheat is the most enthusiastic of all the Elks.

Baz Armstrong tells the same story at each social session. It's a good story, too.

C. S. Bartram is so enthusiastic an Elk that he wears two Elk badges all the time.

L. D. Wilkes is the finest musician in the lodge, though when it comes to singing, Jack Whalen is a good second.

Chief John Black attends all social sessions.

J. S. McCullough is said to pay his dues in advance just as a matter of business.

Senator E. W. Durant, of Stillwater, is an old-time Elk—a member of Chicago Lodge No. 4. He sometimes presides at social sessions.

L. N. Scott is the only actor that belongs to St. Paul lodge.

Dr. Quinn was once tendered a vote of thanks for his efficient services as chaplain.

Flats to let ads. in the GLOBE are seen by the most people.

FAIRIES FIVE CENTS EACH.

How the Pretty Cigarette Photographs Are Procured.

GOOD SHAPES AND FACES.

The Modus Operandi of the Wily Photographer--Chorus Girls Captivated by the Camera.

"I WILL have your portrait circulated in millions," said a New York photographer to a young lady, fashionably attired in a new spring rig, while he urged her to pose once more for a cigarette picture.

It is rarely now that the festive cigarette fiend would purchase any brand that did not supply a phograph of a maiden in unmaidenly costume with every five-cent box of cigarettes. To supply this demand for youthful satisfaction some cigarette firms still furnish a fairy with every ten cigarettes.

The origin of this plan was the issue simply of an advertising scheme which should attract customers and increase the sales. As a novelty it was successful, as an institution it has become permanent.

The result was attained by putting in fanciful stage costumes vain women desirous of being remembered in the dreams of any and every man.

Such women were not hard to find at first. When the negatives of prominent actresses taken in some reputable gallery were seized upon and recopied, the sale increased a thousand fold.

Burlesque beauties could be had by the score for 5 cents apiece. The likenesses were fairly good, but the greatest art in the whole affair was displayed in the posing and arrangement of draperies.

Many actresses began to raise strenuous objections to these pictures, especially the more prominent members of the profession; but no law had been provided to prevent copying photographs. The profession proper, however, have succeeded to a large extent in crushing the further circulation of prototypes.

The present difficulty of obtaining figurantes for the cigarette pictures has led to strange complications in the search made by photographers for subjects.

"One dozen pictures free, my dear, taken just as you like them," says the seductive photographer to the proposed young lady.

She consents, perhaps, and at a time appointed visits the gallery and is shown a dressing room.

"You will find the costume inside," says the assistant.

"Where?" inquires the young lady, looking vaguely round the room, barren of all furniture except a long mirror and two chairs.

"There it is," replies the assistant, touching the back of a chair.

Upon nearer approach the young lady discovers a pair of skin tights, a jersey, armless and almost bodiless, and she asys, hesitating. "Er—well—but the rest of it?"

"That s all," answers the assistant as he closes the door.

The young lady usually accepts the situation—sometimes out of pure novelty and curiosity, at others because she is used to the airy garments of the stage-grotto or the fairy cave.

The cigarette manufacturers have a contract with one, two or more local photographers to supply them with the bijou portraits mounted on cards, paying them so much per hundred. That relieves manufacturers of all responsibility and causes an interesting competition among the photographers for subjects.

As a photographer is generally a man careful of his reputation, he engages young men to secure subjects for his cigarette pictures. The young man receives $1 commission on every new face and form obtained, the photographer retaining the option of rejecting anything insufficiently seductive for the cigarette smoker.

The reporter shadowed one of these hirelings once with the following result:

"We want good shapes and pretty faces," admonished the photographer, and with a "trust-me" sort of wink the young man started out on his rounds.

He did not begin work until after the theaters were out; then he stationed himself at the stage door and intercepted chorus girls as they came out.

When the vain little stage butterfly, alive to the advantages of being advertised among the men and being remembered in the dreams of dude cigarette smokers, is offered the favored opportunity she accepts freely.

A chorus girl is the most successful subject to obtain. She has overcome all prudery, and, costume or no costume, her smile is unblemished by any sense of shyness.

They are, most of them, painted prettily, and afterwards flattered by the "touching up" of the photographer.

Another class of girls are the shop and cash girls, who are dazzled by the sight of pretty costumes provided by the photographer.

"Nothing Like Them"

Is the verdict of all who take Ayer's Pills. Prompt and effective in their action, they leave no ill-effects, and may be administered to old or young. Herbert Elwell, of East Saginaw, Mich., says: "I was a great sufferer from Constipation, Headache, and General Debility. My skin was yellow, and I had constant pain in my side and back. Other medicines failing, I took three boxes of Ayer's Pills and am cured."

"I was severely afflicted with Dyspepsia and Enlargement of the Liver, most of the time being unable to retain any solid food. Three boxes of Ayer's Pills cured me."—Lucius Alexander, Marblehead, Mass.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

Notice to Bidders

COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Minn., May 10, 1888.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until

Monday, June 4, 1888,

At 2 p. m., for the

Fresco Painting of the Council Chamber

In the Ramsey County Court House and City Hall. Bidders will receive all information desired at the office of the architect, E. P. Bassford, Room 58, Gilfillan block, St. Paul, Minn. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved. Mark bids: "Proposals for Fresco Painting," and address to

M. F. KAIN,
Secretary Court House and City Hall Special Commissioners.

ALLEN'S COUGH BALSAM

The most delightful and effective Cough Balsam made. Elegant for children. Will burst up an old and deep-seated Cough quicker than any other remedy. A fine thing in Consumption and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. All genuine bears this signature: [signature]

St. Paul, Minn. Druggist & Chemist

A Good Name

At home is a tower of strength abroad. This is fully verified by the history of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has a reputation at home unequalled by any other medicine. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, whole neighborhoods are taking it at the same time, and the druggists of Lowell say they sell more of Hood's Sarsaparilla than of all other Sarsaparillas or blood purifiers. The same wonderful success is extending all over the country as the peculiar merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla becomes known. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, all Humors, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, That Tired Feeling, Loss of Appetite, and all diseases or affections caused or promoted by impure blood or low state of the system. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

SOME DOCTORS

honestly admit that they can't cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Others say they can but—don't. Athlophoros says nothing but—*cures*. That's the secret of its success. Years of trial have *proved* it to be a *quick, safe, sure* cure.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 3, 1887
In my own family Athlophoros was used as a last resort, the user having suffered from rheumatism for years and having been treated for the disease by different physicians in this State and Massachusetts without even temporary relief. Upon my recommendation scores of people have used this remedy with the same results claimed for it. C. H. WILSON.

Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 3, 1888.
Athlophoros has completely cured me of nervous headache, and I feel thankful for all the good it has done me. MRS. LOUISE CHERRY.

Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N.Y.

Public Notice!

Found running at large within the city of St. Paul, in violation of the ordinances of said city in relation to impounding animals, and taken up by the Poundmaster of said city, on the 20th day of May, 1888, and not redeemed, the hereinafter described animal.

Now, therefore, in accordance with law, I will sell at public auction, in front of the public pound, on Eagle street, in the Fourth Ward of said city, on the 20th day of May, 1888, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to the highest bidder for cash,

One Bay Horse, roan neck.

Dated May 24, 1888.

JOHN CUNNIFF,
Policeman and Acting Poundmaster.
146-148

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have agreed to associate, and do hereby associate ourselves together for the purpose of becoming a body corporate under and by virtue of the provisions of title two (2) of chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of the State of Minnesota and the acts amendatory thereof, and to that end and for that purpose have adopted and do hereby adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation:

Article 1—The name of the corporation shall be "The D. D. Lamble Dental and Surgical Instrument Company," and the general nature of its business shall be the manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in all kinds of dental and surgical instruments, appliances, supplies and merchandise, with full power and authority to acquire, hold, manage, control and dispose of any and all kinds of property, of whatsoever kind or nature, and to transact all business and do any and all acts and things whatsoever, necessary, proper, convenient, desirable or incidental to the carrying on of the business above mentioned, or to the conducting or management of any of the business of said corporation.

The principal place of transacting the business of said corporation shall be at the city of St. Paul, county of Ramsey, state of Minnesota.

Art. 2—The time of the commencement of said corpotation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, A. D. 1888, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty years.

Art. 3—The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be forty thousand ($40,000) dollars, and shall be paid in in money or its equivalent in merchandise or other property, as the board of directors may order or agree upon at the time of the issuance and delivery of the certificates of said stock.

Art. 4—The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of fifteen thousand ($15,000) dollars.

Art. 5—The names and place of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are: David D. Lamble, William E. Hall, William L. Wight, all residing in the city of St. Paul, county of Ramsey, state of Minnesota.

Art. 6—The government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of three directors, all of whom shall be elected from and by the stockholders at the annual meeting of such stockholders, to be held at St. Paul, Minnesota, on the first Monday of July of each year, or at such other time or meeting as the stockholders may hereafter by resolution or by-law prescribe.

The following named persons shall constitute the first board of directors, viz: David D. Lambte, William E. Hall, William L. Wight, and shall hold their office until their successors are elected and qualified. Said first board of directors may adopt such by-laws as they deem proper for the government of said corporation, which by-laws shall remain in force until by-laws shall be adopted by the stockholders at a regular meeting or a special meeting thereof, called for that purpose.

The officers of said corporation shall consist of a president, secretary and treasurer, and such other officers as may hereafter be prescribed by the by-laws. All officers shall be elected in such manner, at such times, for such periods, and shall perform such duties as may be prescribed by the by-laws.

Until their successors are elected and qualified, David D. Lamble shall be president and treasurer, and William L. Wight secretary of said corporation.

Art. 7—The corporate stock of said corporation shall be divided into four hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each.

No sale, transfer or other disposition of any of the shares of said capital stock shall at any time be made by the owner or holder thereof unless he shall first give notice in writing to the secretary or president of said corporation of his desire to sell, transfer, or dispose of the same; and said corporation shall, for a period of thirty (30) days after the receipt of such notice, have the prior right to purchase said stock, if the board of directors shall so elect, at its then actual value.

Provided, however, that the board of directors may by resolution waive such right to purchase said stock. Any sale or transfer to persons other than to said corporation, of any of the stock of said corporation contrary to the provisions of these articles, or before the expiration of thirty (30) days from the receipt by said corporation of the notice above specified—unless the right of said corporation to purchase said stock shall be waived as herein provided—shall be absolutely null and void.

In witness hereof we have hereunto set our names and affixed our seals, this 25th day of May, 1888.

DAVID D. LAMBIE, [Seal.]
WM. E. HALL, [Seal.]
WM. L. WIGHT. [Seal.]

In presence of—
A. D. CONDIT,
H. C. ELLER.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } COUNTY OF RAMSEY, }

On this 25th day of May, A. D. 1888, before me, a notary public in and for said county and state, personally appeared David D. Lambie, Wm. E. Hall, and William Wight, to me well known to be the same persons who signed and executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and they duly acknowledged that they signed and executed the same as their free act and deed.

A. D. CONDIT,
Notary Public, Ramsey County, Minn.
[Notarial Seal.]

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } DEPARTMENT OF STATE, }

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1888, at 12 o'clock M., and was duly recorded in Book U of Incorporations, on page ——

H. MATTSON, Secretary of State.
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CANDY! SEND $1, $2, or $3 for a box of MACK'S fine Home-made CANDY. 100 East Seventh Street, St. Paul.

Confirmation of Assessment for Opening, Widening and Extending Milton Street.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., May 22, 1888.

The assessment of benefits, damages, costs and expenses arising from opening, widening and extension of Milton street, to a width of sixty feet, from St. Clair street to the right of way of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota, having been completed by the Board of Public Works in and for said city, said Board will meet at their office in said city at 2 p. m., on the 7th day of June, A. D. 1888, to hear objections (if any) to said assessment, at which time and place, unless sufficient cause is shown to the contrary, said assessment will be confirmed by said Board.

The following is a list of the supposed owners' names, a description of the property benefited or damaged and the amounts assessed against the same, to-wit:

Supposed owner and description.	Benefits.	Damages.	Balance to owner.	Balance to city.
Henry Kraushaar. All of that part of the following described land not already condemned or dedicated for public use, lying within the lines of Milton street, in Haldeman's addition to St. Paul, produced southerly to Pleasant avenue, taken for Milton street, to-wit: Commencing on northerly line of NW ¼ of section 1, town 28, range 23, 7.43 chains W'ly from ¼ post; thence S'ly 3.67 chains; thence W'ly 3.17 chains; thence N'ly 3.67 chains; thence E'ly 3.17 chains to beginning, except St. Clair street, being in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota		$1 00		
Same. Commencing on northerly line of NW ¼ of section 1, town 28, range 23, 7.43 chains W'ly from ¼ post; thence S'ly 3.67 chains; thence W'ly 3.17 chains; thence N'ly 3.67 chains; thence E'ly 3.17 chains to beginning, except St. Clair street, and part taken for Milton street, being in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota	$55 00		$0 00	$54 00
Same. For buildings and improvements situated upon the following described property, if abandoned to the city or if removed from within the lines of Milton street in Haldeman's addition to St. Paul, produced southerly to Pleasant avenue, to wit: Commencing on N'ly line of NW ¼ of section 1, town 28, range 23, 7.43 chains W'ly from ¼ post; thence S'ly 3.67 chains; thence W'ly 3.17 chains; thence N'ly 3.67 chains; thence E'ly 3.17 chains to beginning, except St. Clair street, being in the city of St. Paul, Minnesota	$0 00	$300 00	$300 00	$0 00

Ridgewood Park Addition to St. Paul.

Supposed owner and description.	Lot.	Block.	Benefits.	Damages.	Balance to owner.	Balance to city.
Adam C Kidd	4	6	$33 00	$0 00	$0 00	$33 00
Same	5	6	33 00	0 00	0 00	33 00
Same	22	7	44 00	0 00	0 00	44 00
Same	23	7	33 00	0 00	0 00	33 00
Same	26	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	25	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	24	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	23	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	22	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	21	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	20	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	19	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	18	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	17	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00
Same	16	8	11 00	0 00	0 00	11 00

All objections to said assessment must be made in writing and filed with the Clerk of said Board at least one day prior to said meeting.

R. L. GORMAN, President.
Official: W. F. ERWIN, Clerk Board of Public Works. 147-148

CONTRACT WORK.

Street Sprinkling.

OFFICE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., May 15, 1888.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the city of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 12 m. on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1888, for the sprinkling of such streets, avenues, levees, lanes, alleys, parks, or other public grounds as may be ordered sprinkled in Sprinkling Districts No. 1, 7, 8 and 10, by the Common Council of said city, for the season ending November 15, 1888, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of $3,000 must accompany each bid.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. L. GORMAN, President.
Official: W. F. ERWIN, Clerk Board Public Works.
138-148

CONTRACT WORK.

Grading Oakley Avenue and Other Streets.

OFFICE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23, 1888.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the city of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 12 m. on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, for the grading of Oakley avenue, from Prior avenue to Lynnhurst avenue; Waltham avenue, from Prior avenue to Bremer avenue; Lynnhurst avenue east and Lynnhurst avenue west, from University avenue to Feronia avenue, and street south of Lake Iris, connecting Lynnhurst avenue east and Lynnhurst avenue west, in said city, said improvements to be made under one contract; according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent of the gross amount bid must accompany each bid.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. L. GORMAN, President.
Official: W. F. ERWIN, Clerk Board of Public Works.
145-155

CONTRACT WORK.

Grading Burns Avenue.

OFFICE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23, 1888.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the city of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 12 m. on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, for grading Burns avenue to a full width, from Mound street to Bock street (produced south), in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent of the gross amount bid must accompany each bid.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids

R. L. GORMAN, President.
Official: W. F. ERWIN, Clerk Board of Public Works.
145-155

CONTRACT WORK.

Grading Bremer Avenue.

OFFICE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CITY OF ST. PAUL, Minn., May 23, 1888.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the city of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 12 m. on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1888, for grading Bremer avenue, from St. Anthony avenue to University avenue, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent of the gross amount bid must accompany each bid.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. L. GORMAN, President.
Official: W. F. ERWIN, Clerk Board of Public Works.
145-155

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Michael Defiel, Vice President. C. A. Hawks, Asst. Cashier

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LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Room 3, Exchange Bldg., SIOUX CITY, Iowa. Reference—Ed. Haakinson, Sec. Union Stock Yards Co.; A. S. Garretson, Cashier Sioux National Bank; F. T. Evans, D. T. Hedges, Sioux City; Albert Scheffer, Pres. Commercial National Bank, St. Paul, Minn.

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† 9 10 AM	9 45 AM	New Richmond, Superior and Duluth	6 05 PM	† 6 45 PM
* 9 00 PM	9 40 PM	New Richmond, Superior and Duluth	6 55 AM	* 7 35 AM
† 9 10 AM	9 45 AM	Ashland, Washburn, Bayfield and Watersmeet	6 05 PM	† 6 45 PM
* 9 00 PM	9 40 PM	Ashland, Washburn, Bayfield and Escanaba	6 55 AM	* 7 35 AM
* 2 20 PM