The Campaign Opens.

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VOL. X. SAINT PAUL, MINN. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 11, 1888. NO. 193.

IT'S ANYBODY'S PLUM

Twenty-Two Ballots Taken at Rochester, But Nobody Nominated.

Dunnell Within Five Votes of Leading the Forlorn Hope,

And His Friends Claim He Will Get the Coveted Forty To-Day,

Though There Is a Prospect That a Dark Horse Will Win.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, Minn., July 10.—The best element of the Republican party represented here, and entertaining bitter hostility to Dunnell, has been seeking to and fro for an untrammeled, unstained candidate. The object of the innumerable caucuses and attempted coalition between Mower, Winona, Fillmore and Freeborn counties has been to find one pure, strong man, who should represent the best that there is in Republicanism, and make against Judge Wilson, if not a winning, at least a straight party fight. They have vainly appealed to the popular Judge Start, a jurist who sits in his high position by the grace of Democratic votes, and who on the tariff question is honestly in accord with the best principles of the Democracy. He could not, would not, accept. They have sought out Judge Farmer and been sent away disconsolate by his declination. The two men who, under certain circumstances, might carry the district they have been forced to pass by, and to dwell in their deliberations upon others less popular and certain of defeat. The candidate that would unite the party is the only one who would stand any show of an election, and, unfortunately for Republican harmony, since Strait and Farmer declined, he can't be found. This morning was devoted to the sending out of "feelers" by the different factions. John A. Lovely, who had spent the night at Kasson, with his friend George Edgerton, arrived and immediately went into consultation with his Fillmore and Freeborn friends. Said he to the GLOBE: "I am out of politics. I was never cut out for a politician, and I accepted my defeat just as I made my fight, loyally. I am going to St. Paul to live, and my presence here is more as an onlooker than as an active participant." This is an emphatic statement from Mr. Lovely, but he was very lively this morning, and before noon it was known tha he was the leader of the anti-Dunnell forces. Dunnell himself was not present, and he was wise in this. His appearance on the ground would have provoked greater hostility than actually existed. He remained at Owatonna, while his son came down and watched the working of the wires. Capt. Mullen and Mr. Conkey were omnipresent, but during the morning made no perceptible gain over the local votes they held at night. The Winona delegation had to admit two proxies, they being ex-Gov. Yale and W. J. Utter, both of whom were accredited as Dunnell men, making the latter's strength on the delegation six to start with. All efforts to harmonize the Winona delegates failed, and they lost at the start the vantage of naming the nominee. Dunnell went into the convention in the lead, and apparently strong enough to command new votes on every ballot. His prospects for the nomination were bright despite the bitter opposition to him.

THE PRELIMINARIES.

Temporary Officers Chosen and Committees Named.

Specials to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, July 10.—It was Dr. A. C. Wedge, of Albert Lea, who at 2:10 called the delegates to order in Clark's opera house. The heat was intense, and fans prominent. John A. Lovely made the first speech, nominating Lafayette French, of Mower county, for temporary chairman. He was unanimously chosen. Mr. French is good-looking, and he has a grand voice. He began business at once. Senator Halverson, of Freeborn, was made temporary secretary. The following committees were appointed:

Committee on Credentials—George W. Rockwell, Fillmore; J. M. Dement, Steele; — Greer, Wabasha; Harlow Brown, Olmsted; J. C. Ross, Freeborn; A. E. Anderson, Dodge; Charles Gerrish, H. O. Bassford, Mower; J. J. Bondalie, Houston. On Resolutions—J. A. Tawney, Winona; C. G. Edwards, Fillmore; A. D. Moore, Mower; G. F. Potter, Houston; T. J. Hunt, Dodge; W. H. Fuller, Wabasha; E. Dunn, Olmsted; H. Birkett, Steele; John Whytock, Freeborn.

On Permanent Organization—H Blackmer, Freeborn. Thomas Stevenson, Dodge; T. Braken, Fillmore; G. W. Buffum, Steele; O. G. Langan, Houston; S. Van Sant, Winona; O. N. Ford, Wabasha; J. M. Huchins, Mower; J. J. Cassdy, Olmsted.

Of the committee on resolutions, Col. Edwards is an old Blaine Republican; but, singularly enough, on his own say-so, in favor of tariff reduction. Pottet, another of that committee, is a mild protectionist. Mr. Tawney, the chairman, two years ago was the representative of the labor element at the Kasson convention. A recess of thirty minutes was taken to permit the committees to prepare their reports. The committee on credentials admitted to seats the delegates whose names were given in Friday's GLOBE, with the proxies noted elsewhere. The temporary organization was made permanent. On motion of Mr. Kingsley, of Mower, it was voted that it would require a majority of all the delegates elected to nominate a candidate for congress.

DUNNELL LEADS,

But Doesn't Get Votes Enough to Be Nominated.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, July 10.—On motion of Mr. Weber, of Winona, the convention proceeded to take an informal ballot for congressman. The committee on resolutions was absent at this time, and a dispute arose as to how their votes should be cast. It was decided that the colleagues of the absentees should, on the consent of the absentees, cast their votes. Messrs. Truesdell, Rockwell and Greer were appointed tellers. The call had been scarcely made when John A. Lovely was on his feet distributing ballots, and they did not bear the name of Dunnell either. "On this ballot," remarked Mr. Lovely, "the Freeborn delegation is voting for Capt. Mullen and in good faith." Fillmore was the first to vote, casting her thirteen for Conkey solid. Winona voted six for Dunnell, and the other six scattering for Mullen, Sinclair and Braden, although the Fillmore men claimed Winona gave Conkey three. Thanks to no nominating speeches being made the ballot was quickly through. The vote was:

Dunnell....25	Mullen....18	Conkey....16
Sinclair.....1	Braden.....1	Daniels.....9
Start.....6		

Mr. Simpson, of Winona, before the first formal ballot was called, asked the convention to proceed to another informal ballot, thinking that thereby a fairer result would be arrived at. Gov. Yale replied in behalf of himself and part of his delegation that, having had one informal ballot, they were ready for business. He argued with Mr. Simpson that they were there to nominate a man to be elected and who would represent the district, not misrepresent it. "We don't want congressmen," announced Mr. Gale, "who declare for free lumber and free wool, and then who, because a few farmers in Minnesota raise flax, vote to keep the duty on it." Very adroitly then Mr. Yale got in a speech for Dunnell, and with extraordinary gall nominated him. He was greeted with hisses and cries of "shame," and when he mentioned Dunnell's name his voice was drowned in a tremendous cry of derision. Graf, of Fillmore, got the floor directly after Yale and without mentioning Dunnell's name, denounced him fiercely. "Our nominee," said Mr. Graf, "must be a pure man, an honest man and one who never bolted his party." [Cheers.] Further speech-making was shut off and Mr. Simpson carried his point. Another informal ballot was called for. The incident revealed a great many things. The fearful look of harmony in the Winona delegation stuck out like tail feathers on a shanghai rooster. The better element of the party on the floor gave full vent to its contempt for Dunnell and his methods. His nomination seemed practically impossible by the unfortunate speech of Gale. The Conkey and Mullen factions took great heart and a new grip. The second informal ballot was:

Conkey.....15	Mullen. ...21	Braden... 1
Start 5	Dunnell....34	

The nine votes given to Daniels changed to Dunnell and gave him his sudden gain in strength. On motion of Hale a third informal ballot was called:

Dunnell ..33	Mullen..... 22	Egill..... 1
Conkey....21	Braden..... 1	

The committee on resolutions reported that they could not present their platform until 8 in the evening. Mr. Gray, of Fillmore, therefore moved to adjourn until that hour. This he subsequently withdrew, and, on motion of Mr. Van Sant, of Winona, the first formal ballot was called. The other ballots had been tests. This was a tug of war. It resulted as follows:

Dunnell...35	Mullen....25	Conkey.....17

The small fry candidates that had been getting a vote here and there dropped out, and the fight settled between Dunnell, Mullen and Conkey. It required forty votes to nominate, and Dunnell was within five. The second formal ballot called resulted:

Dunnell.. 34	Conkey....18	Mullen.....26

On motion of Mr. Weber the convention then adjourned until 8 o'clock this evening.

THE PLATFORM.

On This Shaky Structure Must the Nominee Stand.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, Minn., July 10.—Coming down on the train from Kasson to Rochester, Lovely said: "If Dunnell is nominated he cannot carry Freeborn county," a statement that has been repeatedly heard during the progress of the convention, from Willmar, Mower and some of the Dodge delegates. The assertions of hostility to Dunnell were as broad and aggressive as those made against Strait at Red Wing. The interim between the afternoon adjournment and the evening session was spent in attempts on the part of the Dunnell men to break the ranks of the opposition, and efforts by the Conkey and the Mullen men to unite or draw out a new candidate. They finally made a half arrangement to drop a few votes to Nathaniel Kingsley, of Mower county, and one or two from Fillmore to J. A. Leonard, of Olmsted, hoping thereby to induce desertion from the Dunnell standard. The convention met again at 8, and, after having been out four hours in a useless wrestle with the tariff, the Chicago platform and their own varying opinions, brought in the following product, that, as some one commented, "was apparently spewed by Mr. Blaine." No criticism upon the document is necessary. Its halting sentences and contradictions run as follows. The platform is wired to you from the original manuscript, and any incoherency is attributable to the platform committee and no one else:

The Republicans of the First congressional district of Minnesota, through their delegates in convention assembled, do hereby adopt and enunciate the following declaration of principles:

Resolved, That we proclaim anew our unyielding adherence to the grand principles of the national Republican party, which for almost a quarter of a century safely guided the country through the perils of civil war, contentions of party strife and the snares and pitfalls of alternate financial prosperity and depression, so that under its masterly and patriotic leadership the name of the republic became illustrious throughout the world and the synonym for strength, security and freedom of its citizens all over our wide domain.

Resolved, That while we are most justly proud of a past record of unexampled political achievements and grandeur, we depend not upon this alone to animate us in the future, but confidently and with sincerity turn our thoughts and attention to the new problems of civil government, in the just and equitable solution of which the humblest citizen is interested as deeply as he whose fortune places him above the contingencies of a doubtful or too partial code of legislative enactments.

Resolved, That the result of the recent national Republican convention and the declaration of principles there enunciated by the representatives of the party, meet with our hearty approbation, and that we do hereby most solemnly and sincerely pledge to the candidates there placed in nomination for the offices of president and vice president our earnest, united and most enthusiastic support.

Resolved, That agriculture, being the foundation of our prosperity as a district, and should receive the first, if not the highest, consideration of those entrusted with the framing and passage of our laws affecting its welfare, that therefore we approve the law enacted by our last legislature and commend the course pursued by those entrusted with its execution, securing thereby a more just rate of transportation on all products of the soil and implements required in its cultivation, and we do most heartily recommend that the entire system of state and national control over railroads and their appurtenances be so amended, perfected and extended from time to time in compliance with the dictates of experience as to conduce to the highest attainable welfare of the people.

Resolved, That labor is the true basis and true developer of national wealth; that humanity has a claim upon our regard infinitely superior to that of capital, and that the toilers of America and their families, being the very bed-rock on which rests the superstructure of the nation's virtue, intelligence and freedom are entitled to claim the sympathetic consideration and cooperation of every department of our government. Entertaining this conviction, we insist that in the enactment of all laws, whether by congress or state legislature, due regard shall be had for the rights of all who earn their bread by the sweat of their brow; that taxation, both local and general, should be restricted to the lowest amounts required by an economical administration of public affairs; that wage-workers should be protected by legislation from the oppressive power of monopolies and corporations in whatever form it may find exercise; that the importation of foreign laborers under contract, thus creating a system of peonage at variance with the genius of our institutions, be prohibited by an act of congress, and that generally all existing laws not in harmony with an equal measure of justice and protection, alike to the employed and employer, be promptly repealed.

Resolved, That in the imposition of duties on foreign imports, we demand such revision of our tariff laws as will correct all inequalities therein, and relieve the taxpayers to the fullest possible extent without injury to the cause of American labor or menacing the prosperity of the great producing interests of the country, and we would respectfully invite the attention of the voters of this district to the fact that all revision of our tariff legislation of the war period has been effected by the Republican party, and we declare our implicit confidence in its ability and sincere purpose to effect in the future such reduction of our national revenues and readjusting of our tariff laws as will be most conducive to the varied industries and interests of the American people.

Resolved, that we heartily approve the system adopted by the Republican party in providing for the defenders of of our country, and in the payment of tiberal pensions, and we declare in favor of a policy for protecting and giving fostering care to these soldiers, their widows and orphans; that we denounce as unjust and iniquitable the course pursued by the president of indiscriminately vetoing private pension bills, calculated to relieve the wants and sufferings of these patriarchs who are justly entitled to the same.

Resolved, That we condemn the action of our present representative in congress in uniting with the Southern brigadiers in their opposition to and final defeat of the bill passed by the United States senate to refund to the several states of the Union the amount of the direct war tax to which they are each justly entitled, thus denying to the people of our state their just due to the extent of $108,000.

Resolved, That we pledge to the nominee of this convention our earnest, united and most loyal support, and we invite the hearty co-operation of all patriotic citizens, and especially workingmen, whose prosperity is seriously threatened by the free trade policy of the present administration.

This platform was largely the work of Chairman Tawney, and the debate over it is simply a question of its length and as to how the Chicago platform should be endorsed. The platform was adopted by a rising vote.

TWENTY-TWO BALLOTS.

The Convention Adjourns Without Naming a Candidate.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, July 10.—After the platform was adopted the third formal ballot was taken. It resulted as follows:

Dunnell ...35	Conkey....16	Mullen....27

The Kingsley-Leonard scheme was not sprung, but the Conkey men began to help Mullen out. The fourth formal ballot was:

Dunnell....35	Conkey....15	Mullen ...27

The fifth formal ballot:

Dunnell... 32	Mullen ...25	Conkey....13
Kingsley.... 8		

This was the ballot that hit Mr. Dunnell above his waistband, and made Yale turn yellow, but by the time the cheering was over the shade had turned to a light green.

Sixth formal ballot:

Dunnell. .33	Conkey....13	Mullen.....20
Kingsley ..11		

Seventh formal ballot:

Dunnell...35	Mullen..... 2	Conkey 13
Kinglsey.. 9		

Eighth formal ballot:

Dunnell...32	Mullen.....19	Conkey 13
Kingsley . 8	Sinclair.... 6	

The votes for Sinclair come from Winona. Ninth formal ballot:

Dunnell....32	Conkey....13	Sinclair....15
Mullen .. 10	Kingsley .. 8	

Tenth formal ballot:

Dunnell....32	Conkey....13	Sinclair ...17
Mullen..... 8	Kingsley... 8	

Eleventh ballot:

Dunnell....32	Conkey.....13	Mullen..... 7
Sinclair....17	Kingsley... 8	Leonard... 1

Twelfth ballot:

Dunnell....32	Mullen..... 7	Sinclair....14
Conkey.....13	Kingsley...10	Leonard... 1

The situation still was Dunnell against the field, and to defeat him a close coalition between Conkey and Mullen was necessary. There had been a time in the early evening balloting when Conkey could have nominated Mullen, but failed to seize the opportunity. Thirteenth ballot:

Dunnell....32	Mullen..... 7	Leonard... 2
Conkey....13	Sinclair....15	Kingsley... 8

Fourteenth ballot:

Dunnell....35	Conkey....13	Mullen.....7
Sinclair....14	Kingsley... 8	

Fifteenth ballot:

Dunnell....32	Conkey.....13	Mullen.....6
Sinclair....16	Kingsley... 8	Greer.....1
Leonard.... 2		

Sixteenth ballot:

Dunnell...34	Conkey.....13	Mullen.. ..16
Sinclair.... 6	Kingsley... 8	Greer..... 1

Seventeenth ballot:

Dunnell....31	Conkey.....13	Mullen.....10
Kingsley... 8	Sinclair.... 1	Leonard .. 2
O'Brien....12		

Mr. O'Brien rose and said that he thanked the gentlemen for their twelve votes, but he absolutely declined to accept the votes and would under no circumstances take the nomination. After him came Mr. Potter, who solemnly said: "Our Jim always means what he says." Eighteenth ballot:

Dunnell....33	Conkey....13	Miller.. ... 7
Kingsley...25		

NINETEENTH.

Dunnell....35	Miller..... 5	Kingsley...25
Conkey ...14	Greer..... 1	

TWENTIETH.

Dunnell....34	Conkey....13	Miller..... 3
Kingsley...20	Sinclair.... 8	

The Mower county fellows felt bad over Kingsley's loss of votes. He was formerly attorney of Fillmore county, and Gray, who cast the 12 Fillmore votes, was a bosom friend of his. Mower county knew that Gray could give these votes to Kingsley and make his nomination practically certain. Gray's failure to help Kingsley caused serious comment and much dissatisfaction. Twenty-first ballot:

Dunnell....33	Kingsley ...9	Sinclair.....6
Conkey.....22	Mullen.....8	

Twenty-second:

Dunnell....33	Kingsley....8	Sinclair.....6
Conkey.....23	Mullen 8	

A motion to adjourn by Mr. Weber until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock was carried by a call of counties, 42 to 36. The vote was as follows:

	To Adjourn.	Not To.
Dodge	3	3
Fillmore	13	0
Freeborn	9	0
Houston	0	7

Continued on Fifth Page.

DEVILS IN DISGUISE.

Indians Perpetrate a Fiendish Outrage Upon a St. Paul Girl.

Eighteen Winnebagoes Waylay Miss Thibedeaux and Ravish Her.

Cattle Thief Hunt Confesses and Peaches Upon His Pals.

An Incestuous Nebraskan May Be Lynched--Death From Trichina.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, Io., July 10.—Parties who came up from Winnebago agency, Neb., six miles below this city, to-day, tell of a terrible outrage committed there Sunday by a party of young Indian bucks. Saturday afternoon there arrived at the agency from St. Paul a pretty, young French woman named Leonora Thibedeaux, who came as a teacher in the schools of the agency. Owing to the crowded condition of the agency buildings and numerous cases of measles that are prevalent, the young woman found considerable difficulty in obtaining suitable quarters, but was finally assigned to a room in the agency building. Sunday evening the girl

STARTED OUT FOR A WALK,

and was watched by a crowd of young bucks, who were smitten with her charms. They followed her until some distance from headquarters, and then made a rush from the woods and seized her and, despite her struggles and cries, she was dragged to a clump of bushes and in turn

RAVISHED BY EIGHTEEN WINNEBAGOS,

who had conconcocted the devilish plot. She was left insensible, but regained consciousness during the night and dragged herself to the agency, where she made known what had occurred. She is in a critical condition, and, because of the darkness when she was assaulted and being an entire stranger, she can identify none of her assailants. The agency officials are making every endeavor possible to ascertain who the guilty parties are.

HUNT IS IN HOC.

A Cattle Thief Acknowledges His Guilt and Tells Who His Associates Are.

Special to the Globe.

MASON CITY, Io., July 10.—The cattle thief A. L. Hunt, alias "John Hall," was arrested to-day at McGregor, and at the time of his arrest had in his possession a shipping bill of a car load of cattle he had stolen on Sunday night from William Smith, of Rockwell. When questioned as to the theft he finally acknowledged his guilt and gave evidence which may lead to the arrest of an entire gang of cattle thieves which have been operating in the western part of this state, Northern Kansas and Eastern Nebraska. He gave as his immediate accomplice in this transaction one W. J. Wright, who for several years has circulated between Marshalltown, Creston and Sheffield.

RUINED HIS GRANDDAUGHTER

An Incestuous Nebraskan Who May Be Lynched.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, Io., July 10.—Eli Rouso, aged sixty, lives at Dakota City, Neb, just across the river from this place, and is charged with an awful crime. Some time ago his wife went to Washington Territory to take care of a son who was ill, and she has not yet returned. Rose Cannall, aged sixteen, a granddaughter, whose parents live at South Sioux City, was installed as housekeeper for her grandfather, and had been there but a few weeks when he accomplished her ruin. Since then Rouso has been seen in compromising positions with the girl, by several parties. The girl is now about to become a mother, and Rouso is preparing to emigrate to some place where his neighbors are likely to be less demonstrative than in his present home. Much indignation exists, and Rouso may be lynched by the excited populace.

Prominent in Winona.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., July 10.—Gen. C. H. Berry, of this city, whose appointment as associate justice of the supreme court of Idaho was announced yesterday, is a pioneer of Winona and is an able and highly respected attorney. He has been prominently identified with the interests of this city and of the entire state, and has long taken a deep interest in educational matters. He is at present attending the national conference of charities and corrections at Buffalo, and it is not known here whether he will accept the appointment or not.

Dakota Sunday Schools.

Special to the Globe.

MITCHELL, Dak., July 10.—The fourteenth annual convention of the Dakota Sunday School association will be held in this city, commencing on the 10th inst. and continuing three days. It is expected to be the most important and most largely attended convention known in the history of the organization. The meeting will be attended not only by all the territorial workers, but also by a number who have attained a national reputation in Sunday school work.

Purely Speculative.

Special to the Globe.

WHITE LAKE, Dak., July 10.—Great excitement exists here on account of the reported discovery of gold two and one-half miles south of this place. It was found upon digging a well. A number of experts have examined the find but are divided in opinion as to its merits. The particular place in which it was found is kept a profound secret and will be until the fact of its value is entirely established.

Prohibition Has Failed.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, July 9.—The county commissioners have granted the petition asking for a resubmission of the prohibition question in Hughes county. It will carry almost unanimously, as prohibition has been a dead failure during the past year.

To Compete With Jay's Line.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., July 10.—The Western District Telegraph company has arranged to string its wires in Duluth, and will soon commence operations. The company has a state charter, is in good hands and the scheme is looked upon with considerable favor as a business venture.

INTO THE JAWS OF DEATH.

An Aged Widow Accidentally Steps Before a Moving Train and Is Killed.

Special to the Globe.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., July 10.—Mrs. Margaret Lenfesby, an aged widow, was killed this morning by being run over at Eau Claire by the Wisconsin Central special train, which left this city at 7:30, carrying the Catholic Knights to Eau Claire. The railroad crossing on the South side was the scene of the fatal accident. The special had arrived at the crossing, made the usual stop and was waiting for the Omaha freight to pass, Mrs. Lenfesby being on the opposite side of the freight and not knowing of the waiting special. Immediately after the last car of the freight had passed she stepped on the crossing. The engineer did not notice her until she was within three feet of the cowcatcher. The air brakes were applied almost instantly, but too late to do any good. Mrs. Lenfesby was a resident of Eau Claire and about sixty years of age. Eight children survive her.

INTENT LACKING.

The Harkness Forgery Case Results in a Verdict of Acquittal—A Saloonist Must Settle.

Special to the Globe.

WATERTOWN, Dak., July 10.—For nearly two years the liquor question has been unsettled in this city and county. Recently the supreme court held that dealers must pay the full license to county and city, and in Judge Spencer's court to-day a test case was under consideration. It was the case of Codington County vs. Joseph Egermyer, for selling liquor without a license. The evidence was short, direct and to the point, and it took the jury about five minutes to make up its mind to a verdict of guilty. The celebrated forgery case of Harkness was up in court to-day, and the victim of a long and tedious prosecution was acquitted of any intent to commit forgery. This is the case that was on trial about a week ago, when the contempt cases grew out of the proceedings, involving the Huronite in considerable litigation for placing itself in contempt of court.

DEATH FROM TRICHINA.

The Second Fatality From the Same Cause at White Lake Within a Fortnight.

Special to the Globe.

WHITE LAKE, Dak., July 10.—Miss Lena Mueller, fourteen years of age, daughter of Edward Mueller, who lives about three miles northeast of this place, died this morning from the effects of trichina found in the pork she had eaten. Her father is now dangerously ill from eating of the same meat. This is the second child of this family that has died within the past two weeks of the same cause.

SHE SHOT TO KILL.

A Wyoming Woman Kills a Man in the Act of Ravishing Her Daughter.

Special to the Globe.

DOUGLAS, Wyo., July, 10,—Mrs. Elizabeth Simons yesterday afternoon shot and instantly killed William Dowling at Bury's ranch, near this city. Dowling was in the act of committing an outrage upon her eight year old daughter. Mrs. Simons was given a preliminary hearing to-day, and discharged amid cheers that were heard a mile away.

Want Another Vote.

Special to the Globe.

ELLENDALE, Dak., July 10.—The county commissioners of this county are now in session. They have decided to let the assessment on wheat in the elevators in this county on the 1st day of April stand, and allow the elevator companies to institute proceedings to set it aside if they so desire. The commissioners have been presented with a petition signed by more than 760 of the voters of this county asking to have the local option laws voted upon again this fall. Only one-third the number of votes cast at the last general election is required to insure its submission again this fall, while this petition contains considerably more than half the number of votes then cast.

Crushed by the Cars.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, Dak., July 10.—Arthur Blowhart, a young man whose parents live in State Center, Io., was crushed between the cross-bars of two freight cars at East Sioux Falls to-day. He died in an hour. His affianced, who was at his bed side when death came, is prostrated with grief. He had only been a brakeman for three weeks.

He Is an Old Offender.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, Dak., July 10.—Byron H. Craig, who was arrested here last night for an assault and battery, is the same man for whom a warrant was issued in January, 1887, charging him with assault with intent to commit rape upon a girl whom he was escorting home. The complaining witness is not in Sioux Falls, and it is not likely that any prosecution will be undertaken on the old count.

Investigating Leprosy.

Special to the Globe.

RED WING, July 10.—Dr. G. Armauer Hansen, of the leprosy hospital of Bergen, Norway, is in the city conferring with Dr. C. N. Hewitt, secretary of the state board of health. The doctor is visiting this country for the purpose of investigating the extent of leprosy here and its peculiarities. He has been spending several weeks at Norway, this county, with Dr. Christian Gronvold, who for many years was chairman of the leprosy committee of the state board of health.

Esculapians Elect Officers.

Special to the Globe.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., July 10.—The Inter-County Medical association held its annual meeting here to-day, about thirty physicians being present from various Wisconsin towns. The association adjourned to-night after electing the following officers: President, Dr. E. S. Hayes, Eau Claire; vice presidents, Dr. Trowbridge, of Hayward, and Dr. Fliesburg, of Hudson; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Epley, of New Richmond.

Contracts Awarded.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, Dak., July 10.—The contract for building 100 closed and 100 open stalls for the Agricultural society has been awarded to Deming & Callender. The stalls are for horses and cattle exhibited at the territorial exposition next September. Encouraging reports are received from North Dakota regarding the fair with prospects of great success.

DETESTS HER SPOUSE

Mrs. Norton Will Stick to the Man Who Led Her Astray.

She and Editor Moore Are Still Under Police Surveillance.

Maxwell's Attorneys Make Strong Pleas for Executive Clemency.

Murderer Deacons Ornaments a Gallows--Alice Kelly's Troubles Ended.

Special to the Globe.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 10.—Attorneys for Henry W. Moore and Mrs. John W. Norton this morning presented a petition to the district court for the release of the eloping couple on a writ of habeas corpus. The judge set 3 o'clock as the time for the hearing of the application, but when that hour arrived it was postponed until 6 o'clock, at which time Moore and Mrs. Norton appeared in court. The court room was crowded, even ladies turning out to get a glimpse of the runaway couple. Judge McLaughlin, attorney for Mr. Norton, stated to the court that no requisition had been obtained for Mrs. Norton, and that Mr. Norton would make no complaint against his wife. He asked, however, that the matter be allowed to remain in statu quo, so that Mrs. Norton would be held in custody until to-morrow at 10 o'clock, to which time the judge continued the hearing.

Judge McLaughlin, attorney for Mr. Norton, and Mrs. Caswell, an intimate friend of Mrs. Norton, arrived from St. Louis by the noon train and went directly to the Copeland hotel, where Mrs. Caswell, after some strong and bitter words to Mr. Moore, made an earnest appeal to Mrs. Norton to return to St. Louis. She said: "If you will go back to St. Louis with me you can return to your home, and Mr. Norton will

RECEIVE YOU WITH OPEN ARMS.

"If you don't want to live with him you can have the old home and Mr. Norton will stay at the hotel." At this Mrs. Norton broke into tears, and between her sobs declared that she would not return. "He will kill me if I go back," she said. "He threatened to take my life and I dare not go back. No, I will not go back. I will stay with him whom I love." Mrs. Caswell then threw her arms around Mrs. Norton and again pleaded with her to return, but she declared positively that she would not, and Mrs. Caswell then left her. Mrs. Norton received three telegrams from friends in Baltimore to-day offering her any assistance in their power to give. While Moore was out of the hotel this morning in charge of an officer, Mrs. Norton talked freely to a reporter and said some things which have caused much surprise and given rise to much doubt among many of Mr. Norton's friends. The madame is reported to have said: "I would never have left St. Louis with Mr. Moore had my husband not

THREATENED TO TAKE MY LIFE.

"When I went to my home Friday they told me that Norton would kill me, and it was in fear of my life that I left. No other woman but myself could have lived with him ten years, and I fairly worshiped him, but his treatment of me was that of a brute. He cursed me, he beat me and dragged me about like a dog, and yet I lived with him because I loved him, because I thought his heart would change. I don't believe there is a man in St. Louis who has the unbearable and uncontrollable temper that Norton has. At times he is like a madman. He never had cause to think of me as other than a loving and dutiful wife, for I was most devoted to him in every day of my life. When he was sick I never left his bedside, but watched him day after day and night after night until I was almost wasted away. Then those statements that Mr. Moore had been visiting our house daily are the most malicious lies. Why, he has not, during the three months we lived there, set foot within my house. Then those stories that we have stolen Mr. Norton's money are just simply awful. I have not 1 cent of Norton's money, and he knows it. He knows I have

NEVER HAD HIS MONEY.

"I have about $3,500 of my own money, which is all I have got, and our arrest on the charge of grand larceny in stealing $20,000 is preposterous." "Would you object to returning to St. Louis?" was asked of Mrs. Norton. "I don't want to go back if I can help it, for I am afraid of Norton, but if the officers say so we will, of course, go." "What will your friends there think of this escapade?" "I don't care much what they think of me. A great many of them have turned against me anyway. I am not living for the world so much now as for my own happiness. I am sorry we are in this trouble, but it will come out all right."

CHEATED THE HANGMAN.

Farmer Franklin Ends His Miserable Existence With a Bullet.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 10.—Elias Franklin, the farmer who shot James Brent yesterday because of Brent's alleged criminal intimacy with Mrs. Franklin, last night shot himself. After killing Brent, Franklin fled and was pursued by the sheriff with a posse. Franklin at night stopped at the residence of Dr. Cole, who could not give him lodging, but allowed him to sleep in the barn. The sheriff coming up was told Franklin was in the barn. Knowing Franklin was armed the sheriff posted his men to wait for day. Franklin hearing the noise, and, it is believed, supposing it was a mob after him, blew his brains out.

BATTLING FOR A LIFE.

Attorneys for Murderer Maxwell Pleading for Executive Clemency.

Special to the Globe.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 10.—At 9 o'clock this morning Attorney John I. Martin began the argument for a commutation of the sentence of Brooks, alias Maxwell, before Gov. Morehouse. He opened by reading "Maxwell's" petition for a commutation of his sentence, and followed by reading the remonstrances against granting it. Of these there were less than ninety. Then letters and petitions were presented asking for mercy. There were about 3,500 in all. They, like the remonstrances, were from all parts of the state and many from outside of it. The reasons assigned were various, many severely criticizing the trial, and the Dingenfelder episode came in for a good share of obloquy. Six of the jury that tried Maxwell signed one petition. At noon a recess was taken for lunch, the presentation having not yet been finished. Mr. Martin continued his argument this afternoon and at 6 o'clock announced that he was almost through with the petitions and letters. By unanimous consent this was laid over until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. Mr. Martin will then make a short speech and give way to Mr. Fountleroy. The case will probably be in the hands of the governor by noon. It is generally believed that if the governor refuses to interfere with the sentence of the court he will grant Brooks a respite of perhaps thirty days.

HE'S AN ANGEL NOW.

Murderer Deacons Furnishes Material for a Hemp Necktie Social.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 10.—Edward A. Deacons was hanged at 10:40 this morning. His neck was broken by the fall. Deacons was executed for the murder of Mrs. Ada Stone at East Rochester, on the evening of Aug. 16, 1887. Sheldon, or Deacons as he proved to be, was taken to Buffalo Sept. 6, and a few days later made a full confession to the chief of police and district attorney. Notwithstanding his confession, when placed on trial Deacons pleaded not guilty, but after a trial lasting eight days he was found guilty of murder in the first degree. The case was appealed but judgment was affirmed, and last June he was sentenced to be executed to-day. Deacons has at no time shown any signs of fear or repentance. His crime was committed because Mrs. Stone refused to give him food. Deacons slept none last night, but ate a hearty breakfast this morning, after which he chatted in a careless manner with his callers, but abused any newspaper men who appeared.

HER TROUBLES ARE ENDED.

Alice Kelly, An Insane Woman With an Unsavory Record, Murdered by an Unknown.

Special to the Globe.

OTTUMWA, Io., July 10.—Alice Kelly, a fine-looking woman, twenty-five or thirty years of age, was found dead at 7 o'clock this morning in the edge of the timber on the "old field," in the outskirts of the city. A horse and buggy standing hitched near attracted the attention of two passers-by, who found the body covered by a laprobe, the throat cut and head badly pounded. Lying near was a razor and an iron bolt a foot long. The woman Kelly's first appearance here was June 13, when she registered at Dick's hotel as hailing from Detroit, Mich. Two weeks later she left and went to a private boarding-house, and was arrested for jumping a board bill. She escaped on a point of law. Yesterday she left her boarding house, the proprietor refusing to keep her any longer, and went to the Revere house, where she took supper. About 7 o'clock last evening she engaged a buggy and drove alone to the green house, where she got a bouquet. An hour later she was seen on Third street alone in the buggy. This was the last seen of her. The nature of her wounds shows that she was murdered. She was a bright, bold woman, and the opinion prevails that the murder is the result of her attempting to blackmail some one. The woman has been here about a month, and gave Detroit, Mich. as her home. The woman Kelly was an insane creature who in her lifetime caused no end of trouble to the authorities of Michigan prisons and asylums. No sooner was she committed to a penal institution or asylum (and she served terms in half a dozen such places in Michigan) than she would trump up stories against the officials in whose charge she was, alleging that they had taken improper liberties with her. Finally she became so obnoxious even during her rational periods that the police of Detroit asked her to leave that city, which she did rather than go to prison as a vag, on which charge she was arrested. She had been married two or three times, separating from her several husbands while laboring under insanity.

A VICTIM OF FOUL PLAY.

Louisvillians Excited Over a Ghastly Find in the River.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 10.—The body of an unknown woman was found this morning in the river opposite the water works a mile above the city. The location and conditions were almost identical with those attending the finding of a man's body last night. The woman's throat was cut in the same way, the feet were bound together and a huge stone attached to the body as a sinker. The body had on a skirt, a basque and a pair of stockings, all of cheap material. It was that of a person about thirty years old, and had short brown hair. The features were so distorted by decomposition that they can afford little help in identification. Both eyes are washed out. The coroner held an inquest on the bodies this morning, but deueloped no new facts. A farmer reported in Jeffersonville this morning that a man and his wife were missing from a shanty boat lying near Charlestown landing on the Indiana side, fourteen miles above the city, and Sheriff Shay, of Jeffersonville, has gone up to vestigate.

A TENNESSEE VENDETTA.

It Culminates in the Killing of Five Persons Who Went Gunning for Each Other.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 10.—Laurel Fork meeting house, in Whitley county, near Jellico, Tenn., was the scene Sunday of a terrible tragedy. It was a collision between the Rose and Fuston clans while services were in progress. Just as the minister of the little church was announcing his