WHO READS THE GLOBE?
NOT THE
Lone Settler in Oregon,
BUT OVER
50,000 CITIZENS
OF
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

Daily ST. PAUL Globe.

The Want Columns,
The Society Page,
The Advertisements
OF THE SUNDAY GLOBE
Show That It Is the Favorite
IN THE TWIN CITIES.

VOL. X. SAINT PAUL, MINN., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1888. NO. 291.

NOBLEST OF THEM ALL

The Old Roman's Trip Through Indiana One Continuous Ovation.

His Homely Utterances Strike a Responsive Chord in Hoosier Hearts.

Receptions Such as Might Have Been Accorded to a Conquering Hero.

To-Day He Will Give a Talk That Will Settle Harrison.

Special to the Globe.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 16.—Judge Thurman's trip from Indianapolis to this city to-day was one continuous ovation. At every cross-road, junction point, hamlet, village and town there were crowds in waiting, and from the one city to the other his reception was one as might have been accorded to a conquering hero rather than to a warrior who had yet to fight and win his battle. The departure was made over the Lake Erie & Western road at 1:10, Judge Thurman being accompanied by his son Allen, Gov. Gray, Edmond Everett Bell, of New York; Judge Zollars, of the supreme court of the state, with Senator Bell and Dr. Hoag, the two latter a special reception committee from the Democracy of Fort Wayne. At Castleton, Noblesville and Cicero large crowds had gathered, and at each place the judge appeared upon the platform of the car and extended his thanks for the welcome. At Arcadia a special stop had been arranged for by the local committee, mainly owing to the fact that Gen. Harrison and Mr. Blaine, both of whom had passed through the place during the present campaign, had excused themselves from making speeches.

NEARLY THE ENTIRE TOWN

with a couple of bands and an abundance of flags turned out at the depot and gave the old Roman an enthusiastic reception. In response he made a brief address of thanks, and in introducing Gov. Gray took occasion to say:

My Friends: At the close of the American revolution, or a little time after that, Gen. Washington made a visit to Massachusetts, and old John Hancock was governor of that state, and old Hancock said that no man worshiped Washington like he, or more than he did, but that no man should take precedence of him in the state of Massachusetts. Now, I can not take precedence of the noble governor of this state of Indiana, and I ask you to give three cheers for Gov. Gray.

The cheers were given with a will, and Gov. Gray remarked:

All I have to say, my friends, is this: Don't permit such a thing to stain the escutcheon of the Democracy of Indiana as for it to fail to cast its vote on the 6th day of November for the grand man, the best that you have ever had the privilege to vote for in your lives, who has served his country long and well, and stands before the people to-day having deservedly won that title which you all know—the honest Roman—of the public men of our country.

The governor closed with an admonition for Domocratic wives to see that their husbands turned out promptly and voted. Among the banners in the crowd was one with pictures of Cleveland and Thurman with mottoes under them. This caught Judge Thurman's eye, and when Gov. Gray cotinued he pointed to it, saying, "There is the best thing I have seen yet. 'Give us four years more of honest government.' That is the thing; that is the banner; under that

YOU WILL MARCH TO VICTORY."

Atlanta cheered for Thurman and Gray. As the train pulled out, one enthusiastic shouted: "Now, holler agin," and they did so. Four or five hundred people stood in the rain at Tipton and cheered enthusiastically. Judge Thurman's response was:

My friends, I am very much obliged to you for your welcome, but, of course, you do not expect me to make a speech. I am husbanding my voice and taking care of it as much as I can so as to make a big talk, which the Indians call a long talk, up here at Fort Wayne, and now you have been so kind as to give three cheers for me, I ask you to give three cheers for your noble Governor—Gov. Gray. [Cheers.]

Gov. Gray spoke briefly, and when the train started a number in the crowd asked the judge if he would stand at the door, so that all could see him. He replied quickly: "Yes, if they think I am worth looking at." At Kokomo a crowd of 1,500, on the tops of freight cars, on the platform and on the track, cheered again and again. Judge Thurman simply had time to thank them before the train started. Another crowd, equally as large, and every bit as enthusiastic, greeted the judge at Peru, where the private car was coupled to the Wabash train. Judge Thurman and Gov. Gray both spoke briefly, the Judge excusing himself by saying: "Day after to-morrow I will speak to you until you are tired of me," but several in the crowd promptly yelled out "You can't do it." When Wabash was reached a crowd of 1,000 cheered the sight of the judge, who introduced Gov. Gray, and they shouted more than ever. Five hundred Andrews people and as many more at Huntington showed their Democracy by hearty applause at sight of the judge. Several thousand people were at the Fort Wayne depot headed by the Hendricks' club and a band, and gave a most enthusiastic greeting. The party were at once taken in charge and taken to the Fort Wayne hotel, where another large crowd was in waiting and gave them a warm welcome. The judge retired to supper at once, while the crowd outside kept together and called for different favorites, who were in turn greeted by them. The judge is in good health, and is expecting a big time tomorrow.

THANKS AWFULLY.

Mayor Hewitt Accepts the Citizen's Renomination for Mayor and Roasts Tammany.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—Mayor Hewitt, in a letter to the citizen's committee accepts their re-nomination for the mayoralty, which he says, has been ratified by the county Democracy. He says that in order to test the sincerity of Tammany's lamentation over a divided local contest, he will now renew his offer to withdraw in favor of a union candidate, to be named by citizens and indorsed by both Democratic organizations. In the course of his letter Mr. Hewitt declares that Tammany does not represent the Democracy. It is an irresponsible organization of chronic office seekers, and exists for no other purpose than to furnish spoils for its leaders. It is a dangerous secret society, and its methods are opposed to Democratic ideas and institutions. After the downfall of Tweed many leading Democrats, including Gov. Tilden, Mr. Belmont Mr. Barlow, Winthrop Chanler and others, took possession of the organization with a view to its reformation. For a short period they succeeded in introducing

GENUINE DEMOCRATIC METHODS.

But its followers rebelled and the inherent vice of a secret organization soon asserted itself, and the control passed practically into the hands of a single man, whose will was law. The mayor goes on to show the evil effects of Tammany methods, which always subordinate state and national politics to the purpose of securing local office and patronage for its leaders and followers. The mayor reviews his term of office, and corrects many absurd accusations as to his views on public questions. He says he intends to vote the national and state Democratic tickets, but that politics ought to be divorced from local business administration, and he sees no reason why Republicans and all others who desire the city government to be honestly administered in the interest of the people and free from ring rules, should not support his candidacy. The proposal of the County Democracy for union upon local assembly and congressional Democratic nominations, has been rejected by Tammany hall.

LOYAL TO A MAN.

Gotham's Democracy is Working as a Unit for the Success of the National Ticket.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The local organizations, both the permanent ones and those formed for the campaign, are rivaling each other in demonstrating their loyalty to the national Democratic candidates, and their enthusiasm for the ticket. To the declarations of Mayor Hewitt, of the Young Men's Democratic club of the down town merchants' association, referred to in yesterday's dispatch, there is added the enthusiastic action of Tammany hall, expressed in its meeting to make arrangements for the great demonstration on next Friday evening. J. Fairfax McLaughlin, who opened the meeting, said: "The heart of Tammany Hall is centered on the first and paramount thing in this campaign, and that is the election of Grover Cleveland. Tammany hall will sacrifice every consideration as to local affairs in order to elect Grover Cleveland and Allen G. Thurman." The names of the state electors were called and that of Hon. Oswald Ottendorfer was greeted with enthusiasm that almost rivaled the cheer at the mention of Cleveland and Thurman.

Quiet as a Lamb.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Oct. 16.—Mr. Blaine, upon his arrival here this afternoon, was escorted by the reception committee, with a band of music, to the residence of Brown Broeckenbrough. He speaks to-morrow at the grand rally at the battle ground, where 20,000 people are expected. He will go direct from here to Chicago.

Nominated for Congress.

District.	Candidate.	Party.
XVIII New York...	S. B. Sandford	Dem
1 Rhode Island.	J. H. Lapham	Dem

A TURN FOR THE WORSE.

Yellow Jack Finds Fifty-Eight New Victims in Florida's Metropolis.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 16.—Official bulletins for the twenty-four hours ending at 5 p. m. to-day: New cases, 58; deaths, 2. Total cases to date, 3,627; total deaths, 318. Deaths—Edward Bell (colored), Theresa, daughter of Capt. W. C. Cooper, of Springfield suburb. Dr. Fairlee died at 9 o'clock to-night. He was a native of Scotland and a resident of Jacksonville since 1879. The visiting physicians have reconsidered their intention to resign in a body, and, after a communication from Dr. Neal Mitchell, have decided to continue their labors until such time as their services may be dispensed with in an orderly and proper manner.

SIX KILLED OUTRIGHT.

Another Frightful Casualty on the Lehigh Road.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 16.—Another terrible accident occurred on the Lehigh Valley railroad this morning. A construction train was unloading ties at the Tamand siding, near Lost Creek, on the Pottsville branch, when a fast Pennsylvania train came along and dashed into the construction cars. Of the forty Hungarians who were at work unloading ties, six were killed outright and twenty-six injured. A brakeman on the Pennsylvania train was killed outright. Twenty of the freight cars were wrecked. It was three hours before help could be procured, and during that time the injured lost so much blood that it is feared many of them will die. A special train carrying assistance arrived three hours after the accident and the men went to work dressing the wounds of the injured. The killed were horribly mangled. One man was cut into a dozen pieces and his remains were placed in a tool box. The names of four of the dead Hungarians have been ascertained as follows: Joseph Lovenski, Mike Cathlicki, Ludwig Piko, John Levenski. The other dead went by numbers. The brakeman's name is unknown.

ANTIGO SCORCHED.

A Disastrous Blaze in a Wisconsin Village—A Colliery on Fire.

ANTIGO, Wis., Oct. 16.—A. C. Clark's dry goods and notion store, W. Bowman's gun shop, W. J. Zahl's general store and the Ross W. Cross establishment were destroyed by fire at midnight. Loss, $15,000; insurance, $9,500.

STEAM BURSTS ITS BONDS.

YPSILANTI, Mich., Oct. 16.—The boiler of the Superior mill, of the Ypsilanti Paper company, exploded this morning, instantly killing Fireman John Slawson and injuring another fireman named Frank Sinkler. The total damage to the building will amount to about $5,000.

CASUALTY IN A COLLIERY.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Oct. 16.—The Cameron colliery, owned by the Mineral Mining & Railroad of Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire this morning. The fire originated from an explosion of gas. Loss about $75,000; insured. The colliery employed about one thousand men.

Killed by a Fellow Deserter.

Special to the Globe.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 16.—Privates Davis and Yarden, members of the Seventeenth infantry, stationed at Fort Russell, near this city, left the post on a hunting trip yesterday without leave. A squad sent in pursuit of the runaways came upon them crawling through the grass near a lake after ducks. An order to surrender startled both. Davis ran toward the water and was wading, when Yarden, in a nervous fright, discharged both barrels of his fowling piece. The charge took effect in Davis' back, killing him almost instantly. A military inquest is in progress.

Fell Into a Cellar.

Special to the Globe.

PRESTON, Minn., Oct. 16.—Mrs. Cody, fifty-two years old, fell into a cellar at a late hour last evening and fractured her right leg.

OATES TAKES LEAVE.

The Alabama Representative's Resolution to Adjourn is Side-Tracked.

Chinese Direct From the Frozen North Detained at Port Townsend.

Peculiar Petition Sent to the Senate by a Female Crank.

Treasury Officials Suggest a Double Counting System to Prevent Theft.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The only feature of the house proceedings to-day was the failure to agree upon a date for final adjournment of congress. The house concurred in senate amendment to the bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at La Crosse, Wis. Senate joint resolution for printing 50,000 copies of the report of the bureau of animal industry, and making appropriations therefor, was passed. Mr. Oates, of Alabama, called up his resolution for final adjournment, and after discussion it was further postponed until to-morrow. Mr. Plumb, of Illinois, called up the bill to settle the accounts of laborers under the eight-hour law. Mr. McMillin moved to adjourn, but the motion was defeated. Mr. Oates said he had failed to get the house to adjourn, and he would like to adjourn himself. He asked leave of absence for the remainder of the session, which was granted, as was also a similar request of Mr. Lanham, of Texas. The house then, at 1:10, adjourned until to-morrow.

FRESH FROM ALASKA.

Thirty Chinese Arrived at Port Townsend and Are Detained.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The following telegram was to-day received at the treasury department from the collector of customs at Port Townsend, W. T.:

American steamship Ancon from Alaska with thirty Chinese laborers just arrived at this port, but passed through foreign waters. Can the Chinese laborers be permitted to land? Wire answer.

[Signed] QUINCY A. BROOKS, Collector.

To this telegram Assistant Secretary Maynard replied as follows:

Telegram received. The department cannot answer until advised how the Chinese came to be in Alaska.

BLUE BLOOD IN HER VEINS.

A Female Crank Sends a Peculiar Petition to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Senator Frye presented to the senate to-day a strange petition. It is signed by "Marion Guild Walport," claiming to be the wife of Charles Stuart Walport, of Washington, a direct descendent of Lord Charles Stuart. In the petition Mrs. Walport asks congress to investigate an attempt which she says was made on her life in pursuance of a "horrible diplomatic intrigue, in which intrigue we have reason to believe certain foreign diplomats are implicated; our life having been secretly attempted in Washington, D. C., February, 1887, and an unsuccessful effort afterward made to cover the crime by assailing our reason." Mrs. Walport calls particular attention to an application made by her to President Cleveland in April last, and refused, for a delegation of workingmen who desired "to call his attention to this attack." Accompanying the petition is a paper giving the history of the antecedents of Mrs. Walport, in which it is claimed that she is descended from the Plantagenets.

SECURITY AGAINST STEALING.

Treasury Officials Recommend a System of Double Counting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Treasurer Hyatt, Register Rosecrans and Mr. Miller, chief of the loans and currency division, the commission appointed to investigate the money-counting system of the treasury department, have submitted their preliminary report to the secretary of the treasury. As a further security against theft, mismatched notes or other irregularities, the commission recommends a system of double counting, by which notes presented for redemption are to be examined after cancellation for notes incorrectly pieced, counterfeits and other irregularities. The notes are not to be destroyed until they have passed the two sets of counters, who are to be in separate cages. An assistant superintendent is to be appointed to handle the notes between the first counters and the revisors. Acting Secretary Thompson has approved the finding of the commission.

THEY NEVER GROW WEARY.

Senators for the Sake of Political Effect, Continue to Discuss Tariff.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The senate devoted the entire day to the discussion of the tariff question. Mr. Cockrell first took the floor in opposition to the senate substitute. He contrasted the positions of the two political parties as between ultra-section and moderate rates of duty. He quoted from speeches of Senators Allison and Wilson, of Iowa, in former years, in opposition to high protective tariff; denied that the Democratic party was a free trade party, and read from Mr. Blaine's "Twenty Years in Congress" to show that no proposition for the establishment of free trade had ever been seriously made in the United States. He charged that the tariff question was being kept open by the Republicans for trading purposes—that the fat might be fried out of the manufacturers interested. And rumor had it that the frying pan was not far from the finance committee room, that those who were there to testify might have an opportunity to contribute. The Republican senators were waiting for the Democrats to become tired and propose an adjournment. Then they would say that the Democratic party was responsible for the failure to pass a tariff bill. In connection with his speech Mr. Cockrell filed a letter from the commissioner of internal revenue saying that the removal of the duty to alcohol used in the arts would

LEAD TO EXTENSIVE FRAUDS

on the revenue. Mr. Allison said that this had not been the experience of England and Germany. Wood alcohol, he said, could not be demethyllated except by distillation. Mr. Vest said that he had seen in the office of the commissioner of internal revenue a machine costing $22, by which wood alcohol could be converted into pure whisky. If that were so, Mr. Allison said, then the senator from Missouri had a machine by which he could make whisky in a bureau drawer. Some amusement was caused by Mr. Vest's protest against Mr. Allison's allusions to him as the possessor of an illicit still. Mr. Spooner next spoke. He confined his remarks almost entirely to arguments on extracts from testimony taken before the English parliamentary committee, proving that the results of free trade in its home were not satisfactory. He said that there was a general depression on trade in England, resulting from free trade, and that the result of depression in agriculture was without a parallel. In contrast with this he presented the marvelous commercial growth of the United States under the system of protection. The house amendment to the joint resolution to protect the Washington tunnel was concurred in, and after a brief executive session the senate at 5:40 p. m. adjourned.

ESTIMATING THE SURPLUS.

The Treasury Department Furnishes Some Strong Arguments for Tariff Reform.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 16.—Acting Secretary Thompson, of the treasury, in speaking this afternoon in regard to the probable condition of the treasury of the end of the present fiscal year, said: "The appropriation bills having all been passed the present congress, some estimate can now be made of the probable surplus of revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, over the expenditures for the same year. Estimating one or two minor items, the amount in the aggregate is $306,000,000, with the estimated expenditures from the permanent annual appropriations, which are put at $115,640,798, making a total of $421,640,798. The total estimated revenues are $400,500,000, making an excess of revenue over the total of the appropriations of about $19,000,000; but this by no means represents the actual surplus of revenue for the current fiscal year. A careful estimate shows that of these appropriations which are specific and continuing appropriations there will be at least $57,000,000, which will not and cannot be properly expended during the fiscal year, which makes an actual surplus of $56,000,000, which is substantially the same amount estimated by the secretary in his annual report. But even this

DOES NOT FAIRLY REPRESENT

the surplus revenues for the fiscal year 1889, for in the appropriations above stated there is included the sum of about $18,000,000 for deficiencies in appropriations for 1888 and prior years, which should have been appropriated for at a prior session of congress and paid out of the surplus revenues of former years. This, added to the above sum of $56,000,000, increases the surplus revenues of 1889 to $74,000,000. This does not include the balances which will be covered into the treasury on the 30th of June, 1889, of unexpended appropriations of 1887 and prior years, which, according to careful estimates made, will not be less than $6,000,000. In the expenditures there is included nearly $48,000,000 for the sinking fund, which is really a part of the surplus revenues, and if added will make a total of $122,000,000 of revenue in excess of the actual and necessary expenditures of the government for the fiscal year 1889, which would make an actual increase of surplus at the end of this fiscal year of $104,000,000. The estimate of unexpended balances at the close of this fiscal year, given above, is extremely low compared with the actual balances which have remained unexpended in prior years. For instance, June 30, 1888, the unexpended balance of the appropriations for that year was $75,514,000 on the 30th of June, 1887; $84,371,895 for the fiscal year, which ended on that day, and for each of the years 1886 and 1885 it was over $73,000,000. The above statement has reference to excess of revenues for the present fiscal year over expenditures for the same time and is entirely

INDEPENDENT OF THE SURPLUS

now in the treasury, amounting to $97,934,305, including $24,347,548 of fractional coin. Any portion of this present surplus not expended within this fiscal year for the purchase of bonds must be added to the $104,000,000 to arrive at the actual surplus which will remain in the treasury on the 30th of June next. With respect to the probable revenues for the fiscal year 1889, the books of the treasury show that during the present fiscal year up to and including Oct. 15, the daily receipts have aggregated $113,986,566 as against $115,868,473 for the same period last year, a falling off of only $1,881,907, which may be more than made up by increased receipts during the remainder of the year, which decrease is not more than is usual during the few months immediately preceding a presidential election. There is therefore no reason to believe that the actual receipts for the fiscal year 1889 will fall below the estimated receipts. In view of the increased activity in all branches of business, it is believed that they will fully equal if not exceed the estimate."

STEVENSON'S SENTIMENTS.

The Governor of Idaho Reports to Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The governor of Idaho territory, Edward A. Stevenson, in his annual report to the secretary of the interior, states that the estimated population is 100,000. During the past year about 460,000 acres of public land have been entered under the various land laws. Wheat leads all the cereals in the annual production, and stock cattle is the most valuable of the live stock. The total production of gold, silver and lead is valued at $8,905,136, of which the gold was valued at $2,522,209 and the silver at $3,422,657. The governor recommends that the Indians in the territory be given their lands in severalty; that the people be given the right to vote for president and vice president of the United States; that the right to lease school and university lands for the benefit of the public schools be granted to the territory; that the mail facilities of the territory be increased, and that all crimes committed by Indians on reservations be tried in United States courts instead of in territorial courts.

Will Take No Chances.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 16.—The case of the North Carolina special tax bonds was called in the supreme court of the United States to-day. After the counsel on both sides had announced their readiness to proceed, the justices held an informal consultation. The chief justice then announced that the court desired a full bench to hear this case, as it involved a constitutional question. As Justice Matthews was ill, the court would adjourn the hearing for the present. Justice Miller then stated that there was another reason beside the illness of Judge Matthews. The court might be equally divided on the question involved, and that would not be satisfactory to either side. The argument was then adjourned for hearing before a full bench. The case of Bernard B. Hans vs. The State of Louisiana, involving a similar question, was disposed of in like manner.

SHORT IN HIS CASH.

L. H. Slonaker's Account With the Northwestern Road Will Not Balance.

Females Who Flooded Thompson With Liquor Grabbed by the Law.

Territorial Methodists in Conference Draft a New Marriage Law.

Assessor Sweet, of Billings, Died by the Hand of an Assassin.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX CITY, Io., Oct. 16.—About three months ago L. H. Slonaker came here from Ames to accept a situation as cashier in the Northwestern railroad freight office. He brought his family, and was apparently living entirely within his salary. Saturday evening he left home telling his wife that he was going to the Missouri valley, and would return next day. He did not appear Monday, and the agent of the company began to look into his accounts. He found $1,100 in cash in the safe, the receipt of the days' freight business. Diligent search by telegraph was made to find Slonaker, and work was begun on his books this morning. His affairs are in bad shape, and so far a shortage of about $4,000 has been discovered, which will probably be swelled to a much larger amount.

FEMALE RIOTERS.

The Law Grabs the Women Who Wasted Tanglefeg at Thompson.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, Dak., Oct. 16.—About twenty-five men, women and children were arrested at Thompson this morning, charged with rioting, the occasion being the recent outbreak against the saloons that have been running openly contrary to law. Twenty kegs of beer and other liquors was poured into the streets. The defendants were brought to this city and arraigned before Justice Devoy. Intense excitement prevailed all afternoon. The ladies of this city feel very indignant, and attended court in a body. Money was offered on every hand for the defense. The whisky shops have been running in defiance of the law until the people could stand it no longer. The readiness with which the prosecutions are made, while violators of the liquor law go free, is what causes the greatest excitement.

IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE?

The Methodist Conference at Jimtown Drafts a New Law for Submission to the Legislature.

Special to the Globe.

JAMESTOWN, Dak. Oct, 16.—The Methodist conference appointed a committee to prepare a new marriage law, for submission to the next legislature, and adjourned after Bishop Hurst had read the following list of appointments:

Fargo District—D. C. Plannette, presiding elder; Bismarck, J. M. Van Every; Casselton, S. N. Griffith; Cooperstown and Sanborn, Stephen Whitford; Elliott, E. S. Preston; Fargo, George S. White; Gladstone, Thomas Mitchell; Ashley, (to be supplied); Jamestown, (to be supplied); Jamestown circuit, John Deets; Lamoure, Whitman; Lisbon, C. O. Roehr; Mandan, C. S. Lane; Milnor, E. P. Lacelleo; Ripon, William M. Spoor; Monango, J. S. Monroe; Oakes, (to be supplied); Sheldon, (to be supplied); Sterling, (to be supplied); Tower City, P. A. Cook; Valley City, (to be supplied); Wahpeton, J. W. Mower; Winchester, A. R. Garry; York Colony, (to be supplied).

Grand Forks District—A. D. Foster, presiding elder; Acton, C. J. Baker; Ardock, W. R. Morrison; Drayton, H. P. Cooper; Emerado, to be supplied; Grafton, D. M. Parker; Grand Forks, H. G. Bilbie; Grandin, C. A. McNamara; Hamilton, W. J. Banton; Hillsboro, J. R. McConnehay; Hunter, H. C. Jeppcot; Mayville and Portland, D. C. Irwin; Minto, C. J. Yost; Pembina, C. H. Treglawny; St. Thomas, Jesse Carr; Walhalla, I. B. Parsons; Westpoint, T. H. Sheckler,

Northwest District—J. A. Hovis, presiding elder; Cando, E. W. Hines; Church's Ferry, A. J. Goodfriend; Cold Harbor, Richard Hockings; Devils Lake, E. P. Hall; Bottineau, F. W. Hawke; Edinburgh, G. W. Kliver; Hope, F. A. Shawkey; Hanna, C. G. Fairbanks; Inskster, S. F. Beer; Langdon, D. E. Baldwin; Lakota, S. W. Gordon; La Moure, J. H. Van Vliet; Michigan City, J. A. Bone; Milton, C. M. Rees and B. G. Sarvis; Minot, O. F. Green; New Rockford, T. W. Hudson; Park River, W. E. Loomis; Rugby Junction, James Draper; St. John, J. C. Struthers; Towner, J. A. Martin.

SWEET WAS SHOT.

What Was Thought to Be Suicide Proves an Assassination.

Special to the Globe.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 16.—A week ago news was received from Billings, Yellowstone county, that Lewis Sweet, assessor of the county, had committed suicide. Later developments prove that instead of taking his own life Sweet was assassinated. The position of the body when found showed that Sweet was undressing, preparing to retire; that the assassin fired through a screen window, six buckshot lodging in Sweet's heart. No cause is known for the crime, as Sweet was one of the most popular men in the county. The assassin left no trace and careful investigation has failed to give any clue. Gov. Leslie to-day offered $1,000 reward for the capture and conviction of the murderer.

FELLED WITH A HOE.

Dakota Farmers Fight Over a Dog With Serious Result.

Special to the Globe.

GRAFTON, Dak., Oct. 16.—Another attempt at murder occurred seven miles west of here to-day. A man named Averill was passing a neighbor's house and their dogs got to fighting, and Jaster's dog killed Averill's. This morning Averill drove to the house of Jaster and demanded pay for the dog. Jaster was cleaning out a hog trough with a hoe and Averill grabbed the hoe and knocked Jaster stiff and commenced pounding him. Mrs. Jaster rushed to the assistance of her husband and was cut in a terrible manner by the infuriated man. The attending physician reports her to-night in a very low condition. Averill has made his escape.

TOOTH-PULLERS IN COUNCIL.

The Southern Minnesota Dental Association in Session at Albert Lea.

Special to the Globe.

ALBERT LEA, Minn., Oct. 16.—The Southern Minnesota Dental association is in session here, the following being in attendance: C. H. Stearns, Zumbrota; C. H. Robinson, Wabasha; H. L. Chittenden, Northfield; D. F. McGraw, Mankato; T. E. Weeks, Minneapolis; L. P. Leonard, Waseca; M. M. Davidson, Waseca; L. W. Lyon, St. Paul; A. R. Begun, Cedar Falls, Io.; K. K. Fullerton, Waterloo, Io.; F. L. Barney, Prairie du Chien, Wis.; N. B. Patten, St. Peter; and the local dentists, W. W. Parker, L. A. Brown, A. C. Merrill and Ed McWhorton. The session to-day was very interesting, Dr. C. H. Stearns, president of the association, delivered the annual address D. F. McGraw read a paper on "Galvano-Electro Treatment as Applied to Dentistry." Dr. H. L. Chittenden next read a paper on "Nitrous Oxide Gas," and was followed by Dr. L. P. Leonard on "Diseases of the Antrum." An able and instructive discussion followed on each topic. This evening Dr. W. C. Merrill, the secretary, entertained the members at his office, where reports and discussions of special cases took place, and an interesting exhibition of models and apparatus was made by Dr. N. B. Patten. The session will last during to-morrow, when other members are expected to be present.

Stand by the Chamber.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, Oct. 16.—At a generally-attended meeting of citizens last evening, it was resolved by unanimous vote to stand by the chamber of commerce in the offer which it has made within the last week to manufacturers to induce them to remove to this city. These offers amount, in the aggregate, to $31,000 bonus and $11,000 loan, the whole to be secured by first lien on the manufacturer's plant for a period of ten years, the loans drawing 6 per cent interest. These propositions were made to the Columbus Knitting company, employing sixty people; R. D. Fleming, an Arkansas woolen manufacturer, who employs thirty-five men; George Reed, a Southern Minnesota woolen manufacturers, who employs about thirty hands; and William Reilly, a New York state shoe manufacturer, who employs 130 hands. The Columbus company and the Arkansas man will move immediately and the others before winter.

A Farmer's Serious Loss.

Special to the Globe.

HURON, Dak., Oct. 16.—At 9 o'clock this morning fire destroyed a fine residence, barn and other buildings on the farm of Frank Barlow, four miles east of Huron. It is supposed to have caught from a lantern left hanging in a granary. The house and buildings were among the best in the county, and nearly new. All the household effects were destroyed. Barlow in getting his horses out of the barn, was seriously burned about the face, neck and hands. All the live stock was saved, but the wagons, harness, machinery, etc., was destroyed. The grain and hay in stack was saved. Loss $5,000, insurance $650.

Prorogued for a Purpose.

Special to the Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., Oct. 16.—The legislature, which met to-day pursuant to adjournment, was prorogued, so that if a crisis arose, such as Canadian Pacific railway opposition to the Northern Pacific crossing their tracks, the house could be summoned to deal with the matter. Railway Commissioner Martin answered that the government had accepted the proposal of the Northern Pacific to extend their road into Souris or the southwestern portion of the province, the distance being seventy miles. The government will guarantee bonds to the extent of $5,000 per mile.

Was Offered a Bribe.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Oct. 16.—At the district court this afternoon, in the suit of John Odea vs. the City of Winona, to recover the balance due on contract for the recent Mankato avenue improvements, Ald. Hill, chairman of the street committee, testified that while the matter was before the council and the work was being objected to, Odea had offered him a bribe to withhold his objections. The matter created a decided sensation and the progress of the case will be interesting.

Uncle Sam's Court Opens.

Special to the Globe.

DES MOINES, Io., Oct. 16.—The United States circuit court opened in this city this morning, Judges Brewer and Love presiding, and Judge Shiras arriving in time for the afternoon session. The forenoon was devoted to routine proceedings. This afternoon the exception to the masters' report on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern road were taken up. It is a long, complicated and important case, involving the entire property.

Beer Famine in Iowa.

Special to the Globe.

DES MOINES, Io., Oct. 16.—Bottled beer has taken a sudden jump from 25 cents to 40 and 45 cents a bottle in Des Moines owing to the effect of the new prohibitory law which went into effect Oct. 1. There are very few places where it can be obtained, as the constables have captured nearly every clandestine shipment that has been made here. Whisky is just as plenty and cheap as ever, however.

Masons of High Degree.

Special to the Globe.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Io., Oct. 16.—The Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons in annual convention to-day elected H. C. McNeil, of Sioux City, grand high priest; F. H. Loring, Oskaloosa, deputy grand high priest; George A. Quimby, Shenandoah, grand king; R. J. Woolett, Marshalltown, grand scribe; Alf Wingate, Des Moines, grand secretary; and J. C. Parish, Emeritus, grand treasurer.

Crofoot Gets His Commision.

Special to the Globe.

HURON, Dak., Oct. 16.—The commission of Lewis W. Crofoot as associate justice of the Seventh judicial district, was received this afternoon. Judge Crofoot will qualify as soon as Judge Spencer returns. He will then go to Aberdeen with his family to reside.

Robbers' High Carnival.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, Dak., Oct. 16.—Burglars raided the Manitoba house about 5 o'clock this morning, securing $15 and a gold watch from John Dahlquist, the proprietor, $13 from two boarders who were occupying the same room. The latter state that they were awake in bed when a man, wearing a mask, entered the room, presented a cocked revolver, and proceeded to help himself to the cash. He then left the room and locked the door on the outside.

A Gusher at Freeborn.

ALBERT LEA, Minn., Oct. 16.—Word was received to-day from Superintendent Bowland, at Freeborn, that he had struck the best vein of gas, at a depth of fifty-four feet, that has yet been discovered at Freeborn, and that he was confident it was a good find. He intended to at once proceed to shut off the water and thoroughly investigate it.

GOBBLED BY GIANTS.

Mutrie's Big Men Win First Blood in the Championship Series.

It Was a Pitchers' Battle, King and Keefe Being Equally Effective.

Each Twirler Took Entire Charge After the Third Inning.

Tiernan Scored the Winning Run on a Rank Error by Lyons.

Special to the Globe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The first game of the world's championship series between the New Yorks and St. Louis Browns was played to-day and resulted in a victory for the league champions after a close and exciting game. Keefe and King were the pitchers, and both did finely. The fielding was also good, and the game was only won by the superior base running of the New Yorks. Both teams were blanked in the first inning. In the second for New York hits by Connor and Ward, a wild pitch and a long fly to center by Slattery scored New York's first run. The Browns tied the score in the first half of the third on Latham's base on balls, his steal of second and O'Neil's hit. In the last half of the third New York made the last and winning run. Tiernan got his base on balls and immediately made a break for second. Boyle threw low and hard to catch him, and the ball passed both Robinson and Lyons and Tiernan crossed the plate. The remainder of the game was almost a procession of outs, the hitting being light and errors few. Attendance, 7,000. Score:

NEW YORK.	A B	R	1 B	S B	P O	A	E
Tiernan, rf...	3	1	0	1	1	0	1
Ewing, c.....	3	0	0	2	9	1	1
Richards'n, 2d	3	0	0	0	1	1	1
Connor, 1b...	3	1	1	0	13	0	0
Ward, ss	3	0	1	0	3	3	0
Slattery, m..	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
O'Rourke, lf..	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
Whitney, 3b..	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Keefe, p.....	3	0	0	0	0	10	1
Totals.....	27	2	3	3	27	17	4

ST. LOUIS.	A B	R	1 B	S B	P O	A	E
Latham, 3b...	3	1	0	1	2	3	0
Robinson, 2b	4	0	1	2	0	2	0
O'Neill lf.....	4	0	1	0	2	0	0
Comiskey, 1b.	4	0	0	0	7	0	0
McCarthy, rf..	4	0	0	0	2	0	1
Lyons, m.....	4	0	0	0	5	1	1
White, ss.....	4	0	0	0	3	2	1
Boyle, c.....	3	0	1	0	3	0	2
King, p.....	3	0	0	0	0	3	0
Totals.....	33	1	3	3	24	11	5

New York	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	x—2
St. Louis	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Double plays, Lyons to Latham; first base on balls, Latham, Tiernan; first base on errors, New York 1, St. Louis 3; struck out, Robinson 2, O'Neil, Lyons, White 2, Boyle, King 2, Tiernan, Ewing, Keefe; passed balls, Boyle 1; wild pitches, King; time, 2:00. Umpires—Gaffney and Kelly.

CUNNINGHAM COLLAPSED.

Then the Brooklyns Went in and Pounded the Pigskin.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—In the closing game of the American association season at Washington park, Brooklyn, today, the Baltimores had the game won, but Cunningham weakened in the last inning and the home nine batted out five runs and won the game. Score:

BALTIMORE.	A B	R	1 B	S B	P O	A	E
Griffin, cf.....	4	0	1	0	0	0	0
Stovey, lf.....	3	0	0	0	0	1	0
Lyons, 3b.....	4	1	1	0	0	2	0
Larkin, 1b.....	4	1	1	0	9	0	1
Purcell, rf.....	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Bierbauer, 2b.	4	0	1	0	2