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BY LEWIS BAKER.

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—For Michigan and Wisconsin: Snow or rain; warmer; northeasterly winds, becoming variable. For Minnesota and Iowa: Fair and warmer; variable winds. For Kansas, Nebraska, Dakota and Colorado: Fair and warmer; variable winds, becoming southerly.

The following observations were made at 6:48 p. m., local time:

Place of Observation.	Height of Barometer.	Exposed Thermometer	Place of Observation.	Height of Barometer.	Exposed Thermometer
St. Paul	30.04	40	Ft. Buford	29.86	46
Ft. Sully	29.92	50	Ft. Custer	29.92	50
Ft. Totten	29.80	48	Helena	29.96	46
Duluth	30.06	42	Minnedosa	29.68	44
La Crosse	30.10	38	Fort Garry	29.86	40
Huron	30.00	38	Medicine H.	29.70	46
Moorhead	29.94	42	Calgary	29.86	40
St. Vincent	29.80	42	Q'Appelle	29.76	40
Bismarck	29.86	52	Edmonton	29.40	46

REGISTER to-day.

DON'T forget to register to-day.

JUST two weeks more until the election.

ONLY one more day for registering after to-day.

CONGRESSMAN RICE will come home to-day to receive the welcome plaudit, "Well done, good and faithful servant."

AMID all of the hurly-burly of the political fight in Indiana, New York and elsewhere, LEVI P. MORTON is conspicuous by his absence.

MR. BLAINE'S domestic troubles are private affairs, with which the public have no right to interfere. It would probably have been better if he hadn't interfered with his son's affairs.

WITHIN a fortnight of the election, and yet no signs of excitement at the White house. The man of destiny sits there as calm and unmoved as he sat at the post of duty at Albany four years ago.

THE battle grows fiercer as the contest approaches the close. And yet though the rifts in the smoke that arises from the battle field it is observable that honest old Tariff Reform still has the better of the twin giants, Trust and Monopoly.

IN 1870, in a speech on the proposed reduction of the revenue, Senator ALLISON, of Iowa, then a member of the house, favored free wool, and even woolen goods. Answering the argument of certain tariff advocates, he said:

I will say with regard to the duty on wool and woolens that I regard it not as an intentional fraud, but as operating as though it were a fraud upon the great body of the people of the United States. I allude to the woolen tariff, a law the effect of which has been to materially injure the sheep husbandry of this country. In a single county in the state of Iowa, between 1867 and 1869, the number of sheep was reduced from 22,000 to about 18,000 in two years, and what is true of this county is true to a greater or less extent of other counties in Iowa, and during this time the price of wool has been constantly depreciated.

GOOD AUTHORITY.

Some time since, from the bench of the supreme court of the United States, Justice MILLER, a Republican, in the decision of a case involving the general principle of legislative taxation, said:

Beyond a cavil, there can be no lawful tax which is not laid for a public purpose—to lay with one hand the power of the government on the property of the citizen, and with the other bestow it upon favored individuals to aid private enterprises and build up private fortune is none the less robbery because it is done under the forms of the law and is called taxation.

No more concise definition of the abuses of tariff taxation can be given. It is not the assertion of a Democratic newspaper, nor of a Democratic orator, but the deliberate utterance of the highest judicial authority in the land. It is, however, a condensed statement of Democratic doctrine, though made by a Republican. The effect of a high tariff is to "aid private enterprises" and to "build up private fortunes," and to do this, under the forms of law, Judge MILLER says, is wholly illegal. A tariff for anything but revenue is clearly unconstitutional, as well as unfair and oppressive, except to the few whom it is designed to favor. There is not a single sentence in the federal constitution which permits the levying of tariff or any other taxes for "protection" only. If there is, point it out.

MERRIAM'S EXTREMITY.

The energetic manner with which the Republican newspapers of the state are commencing the work of flinging dirt at Hon. EUGENE M. WILSON is a sure indication that they are beginning to realize Mr. MERRIAM is not having a walk-over in the gubernatorial race. It is a question, however, whether the mud-flinging tactics resorted to by the MERRIAM managers at the eleventh hour of the canvass will avail the purposes in view. In the first place, Mr. WILSON is too clean a man to be injured by defamation. His personal history is a part, and one of the brightest parts, of the history of the state of Minnesota. His reputation for ability and integrity is too well established to be disturbed by campaign slanders. His military services in behalf of the state and of the Union at a crisis in the history of both have not been forgotten. Nor will they be. Consequently, nothing can be done in the way of weakening Mr. WILSON'S candidacy by such dirty assaults as the Minneapolis Tribune and the state papers who take their key from that organ are indulging in against Mr. WILSON.

It is not for the purpose of defending or vindicating Mr. WILSON that the GLOBE refers to this matter, because he needs neither defense nor vindication in the presence of the people of this state. We allude to it simply to call attention to the fact that the Republican managers have at last been brought to realize the folly of relying on the power of money to force a candidate upon an unwilling people. It may be a comparatively easy matter to buy conventions, but it is a difficult task to buy the people of a state in a body. Those who have watched the state canvass have expressed surprise that there should be so little evidence of excitement; and yet, if they have looked into the situation carefully, they could not fail to observe that, while there was a marked absence of excitement on the surface, yet underneath there has been a strong and determined current of public sentiment condemnatory of the methods employed by the MERRIAM managers in this campaign. The voters are not saying much, but they have been keeping up a deal of thinking. There has been a great revolution going on in the public mind, and it will find expression on the day of election.

It is now evident that the Republican managers have discovered the drift of public sentiment in this direction, and in their wild desperation are attempting to check it by methods which are most likely to help it along. If there had been anything in Mr. WILSON'S character or record that was vulnerable, it would have been assailed long ago. The very fact that this mud-slinging campaign is opened up on the eve of the election is convincing proof that Mr. MERRIAM is in the last ditch, with only one round of ammunition left.

REGISTER.

For the information of voters who may desire to register, the GLOBE publishes this morning a full list of the polling precincts in this city and county, in order that the voters may know where to find the place that they are to be registered. As has been previously explained in these columns, each voter is required to be registered at the precinct where he is entitled to vote.

Again we urge upon every voter to register. The opportunity will be afforded to-day.

Next Tuesday is the only remaining day for registering, and, as something may occur to prevent you from registering that day, make a sure thing of it by going up to your voting precinct to-day and have your name placed on the list of voters.

The GLOBE appeals especially to the Democrats of Ramsey county to give this matter their attention, for our Republican friends are already bestirring themselves.

MR. RICE AT HOME.

Hon. EDMUND RICE will reach home to-day, and the Democrats of this city propose to tender him a reception tonight worthy of their faithful representative. Mr. RICE has made a record in congress of which his constituents have a right to feel proud. His first service in the national congress happened to be during the longest term known in the history of the American congress, and yet, with one single exception, when he was called home by a severe domestic affliction, Mr. RICE has remained steadfast at the post of duty and has continuously devoted his abilities to promoting the welfare of the district he represented. This district has never had a more faithful representative than EDMUND RICE, nor one who has been more industrious in looking after the public interests. He merits the demonstration that will be given in his honor to-night, and equally merits the still more pronounced testimonial that will be awarded him at the polls two weeks from to-day.

BETTING ON ELECTIONS.

There is an evil under the sun that SOLOMON failed to list in his catalogue of wicked things, but is none the less conspicuous in this day and generation. We refer to the evil of betting on elections, which has become so general in this country that it is the exception to find a man in a presidential year who has not risked money on the result. Those who bet on elections, and their name is legion, do not do it in a wicked spirit, nor do they do it with any idea of the complete demoralization they are producing. The evil effects of this indiscriminate and universal practice of betting on elections are observable in two respects.

In the first, place it is an open and direct violation of the law. Whatever tends to create disrespect for law is revolutionary in effect and subversive of good government. If the law is bad it ought to be repealed, but as long as it is in existence every good citizen must realize the importance of observing it.

Still another and, perhaps, the most dangerous consequence of this evil, is to be observed in the tendency to degrade the electoral franchise. In 1877 we had a memorable illustration of the danger to be dreaded in this direction, and the same danger is liable to occur any presidential year. Where immense stakes have been placed on the result of an election, and nearly everybody in the whole country is an interested party, we can readily see the demoralizing effects of this pernicious practice.

How to put a stop to a practice comparatively innocent in the minds of those who indulge in it, and yet so fraught with danger to our institutions, is a question now perplexing to our lawmakers. In New York there is a statute making a bet on an election a disqualification at the polls, and yet it is palpably a dead letter. There is just as much betting now as before the law went into operation, and no one seems disposed to take the initiative in enforcing its penalties.

THE AMERICAN ANTONY.

That was a queer scene at CHARLIE SQUIRES' funeral in Chicago yesterday, as it is described in our news columns this morning, and yet there is a great lesson in it. The reference made by the eloquent preacher who delivered the funeral oration to the operations of the civil service law, as exhibited in Mr. SQUIRES' case, had an exciting effect on the mourners—somewhat similar to that which MARC ANTONY produced on the Roman rabble when he delivered his celebrated oration over CÆSAR'S dead body. In this instance the gaping wounds inflicted by civil service tomfoolery stirred the Chicago commons to mutiny. The solemnity of the surroundings was no restraint upon the deep emotion in their hearts when it was brought to their attention that CHARLIE SQUIRES, one of the best known and one of the most popular men in the Lake City, had not only been degraded, but had been killed outright by the operation of a system which ignores merit in government employes and reduces the civil service to a senseless piece of mechanism.

THE STATE PRESS.

His Reward.

Fairmount News.

It comes to us over the grapevine that Mr. Donnelly, if elected to the legislature in his district, will be rewarded for his support of Mr. Merriam by the speakership of the house, and Mr. Olson will then have his pick from all the plums in the gift of the speaker. This is much more likely than to suppose the Republicans will trust Mr. Donnelly in the United States senate vice Mr. Sabin.

The Point Stated.

Morris Sun.

Democrats do not begrudge Merriam his wealth. Such is not the nature of their fight against the Republican candidate, but they wish the people to know that the Republican state convention (not the Republican party) had a higher appreciation of the wealth of Merriam than the train experience and statesmanlike qualifications of ex-Gov. Pillsbury.

Not Up to the Mark.

St. Cloud Times.

The Merriamites circulated around among the delegates when they assembled, and whispered in their ears that it "would not do nominate a Dutchman for governor." Among Scheffer's strong supporters was Capt. Burger, of St. Paul, a Germann and old soldier. Not long ago the captain was nominated for treasurer of Ramsey county by the Republicans. The Pioneer now demands that Burger be withdrawn from the ticket, as he does not come up to the aristocratic kid-gloved ideas of the Merriam crowd.

Both Should Withdraw.

St. Peter Herald.

The Pioneer Press holds that Burger, the Republican candidate for treasurer in Ramsey county, should withdraw. Burger in turn thinks Merriam is not a fit man for the head of the ticket and that he should withdraw. There is an evident lack of harmony there that will force the people to the conclusion that both of these with their colleagues should withdraw.

A Dunnell Kicker.

Spring Valley Vidette.

On the face of the struggle the situation is decidedly mixed. The Dunnell managers ostensibly imagine that the winning tactics are to loaf around the Republican state central committee at St. Paul, bloviate upon the entire solidity of the district for Dunnell, and between foaming beakers and cigar fumes they elect Dunnell almost unanimously.

Tut! Tut! It Retorts.

St. Peter Tribune.

Tut! tut! The Pioneer Press, the organ which has been so bitterly denouncing certain Republican papers for not being hidebound partisans under all circumstances, has itself bolted a Republican nomination, and in half a column editorial refuses to support the Ramsey county nominee for county treasurer.

The Golden Calf.

St. Vincent New Era.

They kicked this white man out and set up in his place money bags Merriam, and the boodlers are sprawling before this golden calf—for a consideration; and as they pocket chinck, demand that you shall vote for the political assassin of Andrew McGill, Minnesota's purest governor.

The Medicine Needed.

Mankato Democrat.

The Sauk Rapids Sentinel, a Republican paper which bolted Merriam's nomination, is now pulling on the line harmoniously. It is a singular coincidence to note that that paper has put in a power press. The St. Peter Tribune became "convinced" at the same time. Don't the Jackson Republic need a dose of the same kind of medicine?

Not Saying a Word.

Grant Herald.

Neither McGill, Scheffer nor Gilman are saying a word in favor of Merriam's election. Why? Simply because they feel that money nominated Merriam. The fact that Merriam's competitors in the nominating convention are all of one mind, that "boodle" was used, will convince many others of the fact.

Kicking at Scheffer.

Graceville Transcript.

Hon. Albert Scheffer told the voters at the Herman mass meeting to vote for Hall for the legislature. The honorable gentleman had best attend to matters at home, and not attempt to instruct the voters of this district, even if he is a candidate for United States senator.

Not That Style.

Litchfield Independent.

Lithographs of Merriam were posted all over town yesterday. This was a bad move of his backers, as people can see just what kind of a chap he is. No man that parts his hair in the middle and wears a corset will ever be governor of Minnesota.

Too Dudish.

Chaska Herald.

Lithographic pictures of would-be Governor Merriam, adorn every business place in our village, and every child on the street has one to play with. He is too "utterly dudish" looking, however, to prove a taking card with the sturdy yeomanry of this county.

Republican Credit.

Graceville Transcript.

One of the peculiarities of the state campaign is that nine-tenths of the speakers on both sides are from the Flour City. The fact that some of them are not "ward bummers," is a credit to the Republican party.

Can't Go Dunnell.

Chatfield Democrat.

The Albert Lea Standard, edited by H. Day, formerly of this county, the most influential paper in Freeborn county and Republican in politics, repudiates Mr. Dunnell and comes out boldly for Mr. Wilson.

STOLEN SMILES.

An electric girl in Iowa can hold a 300-pound man in a chair with all ease. Almost any pretty girl can hold a man of any size on a chair, or even on a piano stool, whether she's electric or not, and she needn't even so much as put her hands on him.—Portland Oregonian.

Magistrate—Madam, your husband charges you with assault.

Madam—Yes, your honor; I asked him if he would ever cease to love me, and he was so slow in answering that I hit him with a mop. I'm only a woman, your honor (tears), and a woman's life without love is a mere blight.—Life.

Samaritan—I see you have a card in your window, "Help Wanted."

"Yes, sir: I put that there."

Samaritan—My poor friend, why don't you pocket your pride and go at once to the overseers of the poor?—Lowell Courier.

"What's the matter, Johnny?" asked one of the neighbors' boys, as his companion came out of the alley gate. "Ain't finished your dinner a'ready, have ye?"

"Nop."

"Didn't you get any?"

"Yep; but I didn't stay to finish it."

"What made ye leave so soon?"

"Well, I said something at the table and everybody but pa laughed."—Merchant Traveler.

Railroad President (Transcontinental Blizzard Line)—See here, what's become of that pamphlet you promised to get out to attract immigration to the great and glorious Northwest?

Assistant—You remember, sir, that the photographer who was sent over the route last fall to get views for the illustration died on the way.

"Yes, he froze to death, but I told you to send another one out last July."

"I did; but he died, too."

"Eh! What of?"

"He starved to death in a railroad restaurant."

EDMUND RICE'S GENEROSITY.

The Venerable Statesman a Veritable Abou Ben Adhem.

ABOU BEN ADHEM.

Abou Ben Adhem (may his tribe increase!)
Awoke one night from a dream of peace,
And saw within the moonlight in his room,
Making it rich and like a lily in bloom,
An angel writing in a book of gold.
Exceeding peace had made Ben Adhem bold,
And to the presence in his room he said:
"What writest thou?" The vision raised its head,
And with a look made of all sweet accord
Answered: "The names of those who love the Lord."
"And mine is one?" said Abou. "Nay, not so,"
Replied the angel. Abou spoke more low,
But cheerly still, and said: "I pray thee, then,
Write me as one who loves his fellow men."
The angel wrote and vanished.
The next night
It came again with a great wakening light
And showed the names whom love of God had blest,
And lo! Ben Adhem's name led all the rest.
—Leigh Hunt.

Once on a time (so a story commences), many years ago, when Edmund Rice was president of the St. Paul & Pacific Railroad company, I was in his office trying to arrange with him for right of way across my claim, where Elevator B now stands. We were interrupted by the appearance of a poor woman, who said she was far from home and friends; had come here to find employment at better wages than were paid in the East, but was taken sick and had been unable to leave her bed for two months until now, and was just able to be out for the first time; wanted to go to her friends in Michigan, but had no money. Her pale, thin, anxious face, and every rag on her poor body vouched for the truth of her story. Mr. Rice put his hand in his pocket and took out something, which I could not see from his manner of holding it, and dropped it into the woman's hand. I saw her look of surprise as she gazed at the $20 gold coin in her hand, and she said: "Haven't you made a mistake, sir?" To which Mr. Rice replied: "It will take more than that to get you home, will it not?" at which she began to be choked, but answered "Yes," while tears ran down her face; when he said: "Well, then, there's no mistake, my good woman," and, after thanking him as well as she could for her tears, she left, and that was the last I ever saw or heard of her.

When Mr. Rice was candidate for mayor of this city several years ago, I asked his permission to tell this story, but he earnestly forbid, saying "That will help sustain one of the very charges they are making against me—that I have given away all my own money and will give away all the city's money, if I am elected." As the reason does not operate now, I tell it without his knowledge or consent, and only add that if Edmund Rice doesn't get a seat near the throne in the next world Gabriel will make a mistake. H.

Harrison Hates the Irish.

New York Star.

At a great meeting at Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 13, the facts regarding Harrison's brutal attack on Irish-Americans were thoroughly ventilated. It was proved by evidence read to the assemblage that at Bloomington in 1876 Harrison ridiculed and insulted the Irish, and said: "If it were not for them we would not need half our penitentiaries, which are almost full of them. They are only good to shovel dirt and grade railways, for which they receive more than they are worth, as they are no acquisition to the American people." That he did say this is proved by affidavits of William Condon, Sr., Michael F. Purcell, Robert Sanders and John A. Wilson, who were present at the meeting. Their sworn testimony is corroborated by the statement of ex-Mayor Trotter, who, although not recalling the exact words used by Harrison at that time, does remember hearing him abuse the Irish, substantially as stated. James D. Mellinger also remembers the substance of what Harrison said, and declares: "I am positive that his words against the Irish were as severe as Mr. Condon reports." The meeting was held at Durley hall Nov. 2, 1870.

WILL GO IT ALONE.

Bev. W. H. Noyes Will Do Missionary Work Regardless of the American Board.

Special to the Globe.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Rev. W. H. Noyes, who two years ago was rejected as a foreign missionary by the American board because of his liberal views, was to-night ordained as a missionary by a council of local Congregational churches by a vote of 25 to 1. The Berkeley Street church will pay all Mr. Noyes' expenses. He will represent the churches taking part in the council, but an effort will be make to have the American board indorse him. There was some opposition in sanctioning the idea of one church maintaining a missionary outside of the board, but Mr. Noyes passed such a satisfactory examination and seemed so well fitted for missionary work that the council determined to ordain him in the exceptional way described.

ALL ARE FRAUDS.

Chinamen Landed on Writs of Habeas Corpus Are Barred Out by the Exclusion Act.

Special to the Globe.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—United States District Attorney Carey concluded the examination this morning of the fifty-one Chinamen who were released from the steamer Belgic on writs of habeas corpus last week on pleas of being merchants and not laborers. District Attorney Carey says he is satisfied all the men with possibly one exception, are frauds, and are barred out by the exclusion act. Judge Sawyer will hear the cases next Wednesday, and in the meantime the Chinese will remain in the county jail.

He Wanted to Die.

"Well," remarked Joseph Knowles last evening as he entered Fred Reeve's drug store, corner Third avenue southeast and Ninth street, Minneapolis, "I have lived long enough and now want to die. I have just taken a big dose of morphine." With that he pulled a bottle from his pocket and essayed to take another drink, but was prevented by the druggist. In a few moments he fell to the floor. Ipecac was administered and the patrol wagon sent for. He was removed to the City hospital and cared for. He will probably recover. Knowles is a young man, a brother of Dr. Knowles, a former resident of this city. Knowles had been in the city a few days and was out of work.

It Satisfies the Slope.

San Francisco Examine.

President Cleveland has given us a law that the slave dealers cannot climb over, crawl under or break down. The Scott bill, which was framed by the president's express desire and formulates his ideas upon the subject, is by far the best anti-Chinese measure that ever came to a vote in either house of congress.

Steamers Stranded.

Special to the Globe.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22.—The steamer Paris C. Brown is aground at Choctaw, five miles above Arkansas City, and will probably be a total loss. The steamer Golden Rule is aground above Helena. The passengers of both have been taken safely to Greenvilli, Miss.

Clark's Contract.

Special to the Globe.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 22.—John H. Clark will endeavor to stop Mike Haley, middle-weight in three rounds at Ashland to-night for $75 and 22 per cent of the gate money.

Speed's New Situation.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—John Gilmer Speed, managing editor of the New York World before its present proprietorship, has become the editor of the American Magazine.

Cut Her Babe's Throat.

ELDORADO, Kan., Oct. 22.—While insane Mrs. Hardin Lusk cut her babe's throat from ear to ear in bed last night.

Made Melancholy Music.

FARGO, Dak., Oct. 22.—This morning Maxcy Bros.' music house made an assignment to Fred Sweatt.

MARINE MATTERS.

PORT OF ASHLAND.

Special to the Globe.

ASHLAND, Wis., Oct. 22.—Cleared: Morley, Onoko, Johnson, Spenser, Ewen, Trimble, ore, Lake Erie ports.

PORT OF DULUTH

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 22.—Arrived: Gladstone, R. Mills, Jim Fiske, Jr., Fremont. Departed: India Nyack to Buffalo; Siberia to Ashland; Ossifrage to Port Arthur. Cool, cloudy; wind northeasterly.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Anchoria, from Glasgow; State of Georgia, from Glasgow.

Boston—Arrived: Catalonia, from Liverpool.

Southampton—Arrived: Eider, from New York, and proceeded for Bremen.

Havre—Arrived: La Normandie, from New York.

Queenstown—Arrived: City of Chicago, from New York, for Liverpool.

Glasgow—Arrived: State of Indiana, from New York.

Copenhagen—Arrived, Slavonia from New York.

London—Off the Lizard, Main from New York for Bremen; arrived, Roxburgh from Baltimore. Passed Brow Head, City of Chicago.

Antwerp—Arrived, Hermann from New York.

Swansea—Sailed, Elgenshire for New Orleans.

Galvaston—Arrived, Driffield from Liverpool. Sailed, Clara Pedro and Thomas Turnbull for Liverpool; Queen for Havre.

Hamburg—Arrived, Belgravia from New York.

WILSON AT HIS BEST.

Enthusiastic Crowds Mark His Progress Through the State.

Republican Strongholds Being Successfully Invaded by Democrats.

Judge MacDonald Pierces the Senate's Sham Tariff Measure.

Camp Fires of the Campaign Blazing From Northwestern Hilltops.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Oct. 22.—The muddy streets and unfavorable weather would not permit the grand open air demonstration planned for to-night by the Democrats on the occasion of Hon. Eugene Wilson's visit, but the reception given him at the Opera house could not have been heartier or shown more plainly the intense interest the people here are taking in the present campaign. The Opera house was packed with an audience attentive, interested, and best of all enthusiastic. Shortly after 8 o'clock Mr. Wilson came upon the platform with a score or more of the leading Democrats and influential citizens of Winona and was greeted with great applause. L. C. Brown, chairman of the county committee, in a breif speech then introduced the next governor.

Without the palaver with which speakers are prone to use in opening a political speech, Mr. Wilson at once struck the keynote of the campaign, and for the next ninety minutes held the closest attention by his explanation of the tariff and the gross injustice of the present high protective system. He disclaimed the existence of such an issue as protection vs. free trade. His reference to Cleveland was the signal for wild applause, and when Allen G. Thurman's name was mentioned the same expression of confidence and good will was shown. An exhaustive review of the last Republican convention and platform followed, and the policy of the Republicans in favoring free whisky, tobacco and oleomargerine rather than reduce the tax on the necessities of life was severely denounced. The Mills bill and the tariff bill of the Republican senate were contrasted, Mr. Wilson claimed the latter has only been framed as a campaign document, and would never be passed.

He said the people of the United States did not ask for free trade, but for fair trade. The only article in the free list of the senate bill which interested Minnesota was free ice. The objections to Cleveland by the Republicans were then humorously portrayed and an eulogy of the chief magistrate followed, which again set the audience off. The state ticket then came in for his attention. He came to plead the cause of Democracy; to argue it both to the Democrats and to the Republicans, and he urged them to organize for the next two weeks. He closed, amid loud applause, after speaking an hour and a half.

Chris Gallagher was then introduced, and captured the audience by his eloquence and humorous points. Stories always prefacing some telling argument were received with great favor, and the audience listened another hour and a half with interest unabated to his remarks. He spoke of the efforts of such men as Finnerty to deliver the Irish vote to Harrison, and declared the Irish could not be delivered. There were no Irish, no Germans in this country to be delivered over in a body to any party, but all belonged to one grand class of American citizens. After an eloquent talk he approached the state ticket, and the mention of the Democratic nominee for governor was the signal for another outburst of applause. When he mentioned Merriam some deluded person started to applaud, but was speedily suppressed by the cries of the Wilson men. Chris then commenced a deserved eulogy on Congressman Wilson and the judge's home friends went wild with enthusiasm, giving round after round of deafening applause before the speaker could continue. The meeting did an immense amount of good, leaving an effect upon all that will be practically demonstrated at the polls two weeks hence.

FAVORED BY FARMERS.

Triumphal Progress of Our Next Governor.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CHARLES, Minn., Oct. 22.—Hon. Eugene E. Wilson addressed a large audience here this afternoon, and, notwithstanding the busy season and bad weather, the crowd was largely made up of farmers. The tariff question formed the principal part of the speech, and its clear exposition made many votes in this Republican stronghold. Mr. Wilson's speech was a strong plea for the support of the national, state and congressional tickets on the principles of the Democratic platform that he ably supported as against the Chicago platform, which he compared with it. He devoted over fifteen minutes to the Mills bill and its effects if it becomes a law, and said the bill which the Republicans had introduced into the senate was nothing more than a campaign affair, which would be thrown aside after election.

DUNNELL DONE FOR.

Odds Offered on Judge Wilson's Re-Election.

Special to the Globe.

PLAINVIEW, Minn., Oct. 22.—The campaign in Olmsted and Wabasha counties has reached fever heat. Both parties are now running special trains from adjacent towns to their meetings; torch-light processions are the order also, and the battle will wind up about Nov. 3d with roast ox at Rochester. To-night Congressman Wilson spoke at Plainview to an immense audience. Special trains were run on the Northwestern roads. There came from Viola, Chester and Elgin 200 able-bodied voters, and from Rochester 150, all carrying torches. There were in Plainview at the time Congressman Wilson began to speak at least 1,000 people, and his reception was little less than an ovation. Plainview is in Wabasha county and in the heart of the territory where Dunnell is making his final effort. Olmsted and Wabasha counties are where his all is now at stake. In Wabasha he hopes to reduce Wilson's majority of 800, and in Olmsted county he will attempt to carry every town. There are in neither a single indication that he will succeed. The Wabasha and Olmsted Democrats are united and are not conceding an inch of ground now claimed by the enemy. The indications are at the present time that Judge Wilson will carry Wabasha county by 1,000 majority and Olmsted by not less than 200. His strongest supporters in Olmsted confidently expect this. Dunnell, to get any aid from Olmsted, must carry it completely in the face of Judge Wilson's majority of 450 in 1886. In Rochester to-day bets of $25 to $20 are freely offered that Wilson will carry the county.

Repentant Republicans.

Special to the Globe.

LAKE CITY, Minn., Oct. 22.—Hon. H. L. Smith addressed an enthusiastic Democratic meeting at the Academy of Music this evening. He made a very eloquent address for Cleveland and tariff reform. There is a goodly number of Republicans in Lake City who will vote the straight Democratic ticket for the first time at the ensuing election. W. Rogers, a life-long Republican and capitalist, is betting that the straight Democratic ticket will have a majority in the city.

IMPORTED TORCHBEARERS

Fail to Work Up Enthusiasm for Hod Taylor.

Special to the Globe.

RIVER FALLS, Wis., Oct. 22.—There was a Republican rally at River Falls this evening. Hod Taylor's special train was advertised to arrive at 7:30, but did not get in until nearly 8 o'clock. Long before that time several citizens gathered about the depot, anxiously awaiting its arrival. The most noticeable features of the parade were the torchbearers, voters of 1892, and six old men who voted for William Henry in 1840. All told there were twenty-three lighted torches, and not one of these was carried by a voter. Even a large bonfire built in front of the Democratic headquarters, hired for the occasion, failed to attract more than a crowd of boys. About 300 people listened to Hod Taylor while he told the same story that he has told in every campaign and on every Fourth of July since the war. The Democrats are more enthusiastic than ever, as Hod's blow-out with imported torchbearers, the occasion looked forward to by local Republicans, failed to elicit as much enthusiasm as an ordinary Democratic caucus. Hod's opponent for the senate, Hon. John D. Putnam, of this city, is engaged in a thorough canvass of the district, and his election is almost certain.

CONFLICTING DATES.

Cold Water Against a Protective Tariff.

Special to the Globe.

PRESTON, Minn., Oct. 22.—The campaign is becoming interesting in this region. Last Saturday posters were put up here announcing a Prohibition rally on the 30th inst. at the Court house hall. To-day the Republicans came out with a full sheet poster announcing a meeting for the same date at the Opera house, and that an excursion train would be run from Caledonia for the occasion. The cold water speakers are Hugh Harrison and Rev. Mr. Vibbert, and the Republican orators are C. K. Davis and W. R. Merriam. The Prohibitionists will be aided by singing by the crack quartette of Dodge county, and both parties will have torch light processions. The Republicans are making a tremendous effort, and their energies are centered in booming Dunnell.

FOND OF FRUIT.

Young Car Robbers Caught in the Act.

Special to the Globe.

GRAND FORKS, Dak., Oct. 22.—This morning three boys were arrested who were caught stealing grapes from Minneapolis & Manitoba cars yesterday afternoon. Agent Weeks detected them when they had eight baskets out of the car. Pilfering has been going on all the summer, but it has been impossible to detect any one. The boys arrested implicate about twenty others belonging to some of the best families in the city. The boys evidently had the business down to a system. It is not known that they sold any, but it is suspected that older persons got possession of most of the goods. The prisoners were held in jail all day, and were released by their parents settling. Some of them may be sent to the reform school.

PROHIBITION PREACHERS.

Chicago's Last Convention a Big Drunk.

Special to the Globe.

SAUK CENTER, Minn., Oct. 22.—The Prohibition county convention was held here this afternoon and placed a new set of county officers in the field. The Prohibition vote in this county will be light, though larger than 1884. A good house greeted the Prohibition speakers at their rally at the Opera house to-night. The first speaker was J. D. Scott, of Duluth, and he brought forward many strong points to support his position as a Prohibitionist. Rev. James P. Pinkham, of Minneapolis, chairman of the Prohibition state central committee, advanced the idea that the tariff did not affect the prices of labor and characterized the national Republican convention at Chicago as a big drunk.

Dakota County for MacDonald.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, Minn., Oct. 22.—Hon. John L. MacDonald spoke upon the chief issues of the campaign at the court house this evening. The reception tendered him was worthy the able statesman and honored citizen. His presentation of facts upon the tariff question and statements throughout were most convincing and carried with them conviction. It is conceded here that Mr. MacDonald will carry Dakota county by storm.

Large Prohibition Vote.

Special to the Globe.

MONTEVIDEO, Minn., Oct. 22.—The Prohibitionists held a rally to-night that eclipses anything ever seen it this town. Rev. John H. Hector, of California, spoke for two hours and a half, and every seat was occupied, about 200 people standing. The Prohibitionists claim they will poll over 250 votes in Chippewa county.

Disappointed Donnelly.

Special to the Globe.

FERGUS FALLS, Oct. 22.—Great preparations were made for Ignatius Donnelly's two speeches in this city to-day, but in point of attendance they were failures, owing to the raw, disagreeable weather. No meeting was held this afternoon. Despite much advertising the attendance was so small that Donnelly would not talk.

Talked in Three Tongues.

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Oct. 22.—The Democrats of the Fourth ward had a rousing meeting to-night, speeches being made by Martin Trawicky, candidate for the legislature, in Polish; H. C. Fuhrman, candidate for the legislature, in German, and Hon. P. Fitzpatrick, nominee for county attorney, in English.

Enthusiastic Tariff Reformers.

Special to the Globe.

EVANSVILLE, Minn., Oct. 22.—A tariff reform meeting was held to-night at the skating rink, and was largely attended. Those present listened attentively to a well-rendered address by William Borgen, of St. Paul. Much enthusiasm was manifested for Cleveland, Wilson and Canning.

Disliked Being Hounded.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The coroner's jury in the case of Antonio Flaccomio, the Italian found mysteriously murdered at Cooper union on the night of Oct. 14, rendered a verdict to-day that Flaccomio came to his death at the hands of Carlo Quarteraro, and that Vincenzo Quarteraro was an accessory to the crime. Carlo Quarteraro is still at large. Vincenzo, his brother, to-day surrendered himself to Inspector Byrnes, whose detectives have been shadowing the Italian for four days. He surrendered to avoid being hounded by the detectives.

Switchmen Go On a Strike.

Special to the Globe.

PEUBLO, Col., Oct. 22.—All the switchmen and yardmen in the employ of the Denver & Rio Grande railway at this point, struck this morning and the freight business was greatly interfered with, the cause is said to be grievances which the men have against D. D. Thompson, superintendent of trains service. They unite in asking for Thompson's removal, which is understood will settle the strike.

Denham's Big Deficit.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The liabilities of Shoe Dealer George H. Denham are $211,200.

TALLY ONE FOR WATER

There Is No Flaw in the Prohibition Law of Iowa.

Its Constitutionality Is Affirmed by the United States Supreme Court.

Eye-Openers Are Now at a Premium in the Hawkeye State.

Surgeon General Moore Submits Some Statistics--Aberdeen's New Bank.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The supreme court to-day rendered a decision in the celebrated case of John S. Kidd, plaintiff in error, vs. I. E. Pearson and S. J. Loughran. Kidd was an Iowa distiller who claimed that under the state prohibition law the state officers could not prevent the manufacture of intoxicating liquor for export into another state. He sought to restrain the state officers from closing up his distillery. He claimed that he was licensed by the board of supervisors of Polk county to sell liquor for mechanical, medicinal, culinary and sacramental purposes during the period of the alleged violations of the law. His business in the sale of liquor for other purposes without the state he claimed came under the head of interstate commerce, controlable only by congress, and the state law if it sought to prevent that commerce came in conflict with the constitution of the United States. He also claimed that the statute legalized the manufacture of alcohol for certain purposes, and thus recognized the fact that it was a legitimate article of commerce and not per se a nuisance. Judge Lamar read the opinion of the court, which was long and comprehensive. He said that it was of the genius and character of the whole government that its action should apply to those external things which affected more than one of the states, but not to those things which were completely within a state. The manufacture of liquor within the state of Iowa was no less a business within that state because the manufacturer intended exporting it. It was clearly within the power of the state to regulate the manufacture of liquor within its limits, whether for domestic or for foreign consumption. The petitioner, said the court, made a grave error in saying that the statute authorized the manufacture of alcohol. The law contained a sweeping prohibition and all that saved it from complete abolition were the exceptions in favor of alcohol used for mechanical, medicinal, culinary and sacramental purposes. The decision of the supreme court of Iowa is affirmed.

A BRACE OF IMPORTANT DECISIONS.

The court also to-day rendered a decision in the celebrated color-blindness case. The Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway company was fined in the state courts of Alabama for employing a conductor who had not been examined for color-blindness, as required by the laws of the state. The company sought to prove the law unconstitutional. The supreme court, through Justice Field, hold that if, as has been previously affirmed by the court, the state has the right to examine railroad employes for general fitness, it may also examine them as to their fitness in one particular. The judgment of the lower court is affirmed. In the case of The Western Union Telegraph Company vs. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the United States sup