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BY LEWIS BAKER.

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TO-DAY'S WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Indications—For Iowa: Threatening weather and rain; northeasterly winds, becoming variable, followed by colder during Thursday night. For Wisconsin: Rain; preceded in northern portion by fair; winds shifting to northerly; colder in northwest portion; stationary temperature in southeast portion. For Minnesota: Light rain or snow; colder in southeast portion; stationary temperature in northwest portion; northerly winds. For Dakota: Light snow; stationary temperature; northerly winds.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

Place of Observation.	Height of Barometer.	Exposed Thermometer	Place of Observation.	Height of Barometer.	Exposed Thermometer	
St. Paul	30.14	46	Ft. Buford	30.38	28	
Ft. Sully	30.24	34	Ft. Custer	30.38	32	
Ft. Totten	30.22	28	Helena	30.34	34	
Duluth	30.16	42	Minnedosa	30.22	26	
La Crosse	30.18	44	Fort Garry	.....	...	
Huron	30.18	34	Medicine H.	30.32	22	
Moorhead	30.22	32	Calgary	30.24	28	
St. Vincent	30.22	30	Q'Appelle	30.26	26	
Bismarck	30.26	30	Edmonton	29.72	20	

WHERE are we? And how did we get there?

THE Britishers are jubilant. SACKVILLE WEST has been avenged.

THE campaign was an exceptionally clean one. The public demanded that it should be.

THERE were some things saved in the wreck. Texas is still Democratic by a good working majority.

Now that the political convulsion is subsided, it may be well to remember that the Andover controversy is not dead.

ANYHOW, the country is safe, and the flag will float in the zephyrs and sunlight, whoever looks through postoffice windows.

A GENIUS of the Wooden Nutmeg State has invented an elastic hat. Whether it is designed for campaign patriots or dudes is not stated.

PEOPLE in Indiana who were kept alive by the doctors in order to vote can now depart to ABRAHAM'S bosom, assured that the country is safe.

RAMSEY county Democrats did pretty well after all. They didn't get everything they wanted, but, considering the landslide all around, they did remarkably well.

IF THE Republicans have both houses of the next congress, as they claim, there will be an opportunity to test their professions of a desire to reform the tariff.

MR. BLAINE said sugar might be counted a luxury. It has seemed rather a necessity to sweeten the political cups served so inhospitably to many the past day or two.

THE sun shone just as bright as ever yesterday, and it is believed the planet did not swerve in its orbit, unlike many erratic individuals upon it, who were exhilarated by prosy figures.

THE surprises scattered about Tuesday were often more real than cheerful. The twin cities, and especially the element by the falls, contributed an unwelcome volume to the unexpected.

BELVA LOCKWOOD was one of the fortunate ones. She expected nothing, and got it. That she is a woman with a level head, is shown by her statement that a woman who pets a pug dog isn't civilized.

THE magnificent bequest of $4,000,000 by SAMUEL J. TILDEN for a public library will stand, and will be a grander monument to the great statesman than would have the occupancy of the presidential chair.

THERE is one consolation for those who may rotate into the struggles of private life as a sequence of the voting Tuesday—the potato crop is the largest ever grown in the United States. It is estimated over 216,000,000 bushels.

IT IS generally easy after the election to see where a little more of the right kind of effort would have changed the result. But ocular humidity over the diffusion of the lacteal fluid, so to speak, does not materially relieve the situation.

THE Chicago papers were fulsome in their obituary sketches of Long JOHN WENTWORTH. If they had waited till his will was read, with no bequests for the city which had always taken pride in him, perhaps their praise would have been of a milder stamp.

AMONG the modern devices for the introduction of which into use a company has been formed, is one for supplying cold just as heat is supplied. The process is by volatizing ammonia. A good many, however, find all the refrigeration desired in a class of election returns that are very abundant just now.

AMONG the election bets in Indiana was that of the young lady who, having no money to put up, staked herself against $100. If the young man lost, he was to pay her the money. If she lost, she was to marry him. Whether that was an even bet or with odds, probably the other party to it was the best judge.

THE case of the Wisconsin editor HENRY is being cited as an instance of rare courage in remarrying his divorced wife. The fact that he was a veteran editor may by some ingenuity be made explanatory. But, if it was a courageous act, what should be said of the man in the East who led his mother-in-law to the altar?

SOME preacher took for his subject last Sunday, ABSALOM, with the text, "And the mule that was under him went away." ABSALOM was an aspiring politician, but the well-eared animal left him suspended in discomfort. It is possible there are men of political aspiration now who feel a good deal as if a mule had gone out from under them.

IT MAY be a good time to say that in success or defeat the Democratic party keeps step to the music. Other parties come and go, but the rock-ribbed old party that looks back to JEFFERSON, JACKSON and TILDEN as great landmarks may anon sway a trifle in the popular tempest like the sturdy oak, but swings back unscathed; the tallest monument in the world, in the fierce heat of a Washington summer sun, expands and deviates from the perpendicular, but it returns with the fading light and stands as immutable as the fame of him whose name it bears; the burning sands of the desert at times obscure the pyramids of the untraced ages, but they stand unmoved. The Democratic party has survived the assaults of enemies without and treachery within, but it stands as indestructible as the government and the free institutions it seeks to conserve and perpetuate.

THE AGONY IS OVER.

The jig is up. The returns contained in our news columns this morning leave but little room to doubt the election of the national Republican ticket by such a decided electoral vote as to remove all possibility of a contest. It will be construed into a popular indorsement of the high tariff doctrine promulgated by the Chicago platform, and the Republican party will be entitled to credit for all the benefits that may accrue to the country from a perpetuation of that policy. On the other hand, if the land should fall a prey to hastening ills because of a continuation of this policy, the Republican party will be held responsible, and will have to answer to the people four years hence.

While it didn't go our way, still it is a gratification that the popular verdict has been so pronounced and so decisive. If the majority of the voters of the states want Republican ideas put into practice in the administration of the government, it is better for all interests that the Republican party should have unobstructed control of all departments of the government. Then there can be no possible excuse for not fulfilling to the letter all Republican promises made in the campaign. If the party fails to keep its promises, or if the promises when kept work disadvantageously to our national interests, then it will be that much better for the Democrats four years hence.

THE STATE.

EPHRAIM is joined to his idols, Notwithstanding the vital interest the people of Minnesota had in securing tariff reform, partisan prejudice was too strong to admit of a thoughtful consideration of the subject. As a result HARRISON and MORTON have carried the state by a plurality in the neighborhood of 18,000. The Republican candidate for governor goes in by a less plurality, but by one sufficiently large to admit of no contest. The Republicans have succeeded in regaining all the ground they lost in the congressional elections two years ago, as the returns indicate that Minnesota will be represented in the next house of representatives by a solid Republican delegation. As a matter of course, the legislature will be Republican, and a Republican senator elected to succeed Mr. SABIN. Thus it will be seen that if there are mistakes made during the next state administration, the Democrats will not be held responsible for them.

TOGETHER ONCE MORE.

It is better to have fought and lost than not to have fought at all, particularly when a principle was at stake. We have met the enemy, and we are theirs. It was a landslide all around, and when there is no ground left to stand on what is the use trying to stand up?

Naturally, the first thing the general public will inquire about will be the causes which led to the result, when, as a matter of fact, explanations are not at all necessary. There may have been one cause, there may have been another, or there may have been a combination of causes; but whatever may be the explanation, it doesn't change the fact. The corporations are mainly responsible for it. Their vast power was concentrated in the doubtful states, and the cause of the people went down under it. That is the long and short of it.

The thing to do now is to make the best of what has happened. We have been promised an unprecedented business boom in case HARRISON were elected and the high tariff policy maintained. Now let us have it. Let the Democrats go to work and help our Republican friends to bring it about. No good will be accomplished by sitting down to grieve over a defeat that can not be reversed. The proper thing to do is to laugh at misfortune, and, turning our attention from politics to the material interests of the country, endeavor to inaugurate that era of prosperity which was promised if the manufacturing interests were to remain undisturbed. If we are to continue to pay high taxes on everything we eat and wear, it behooves us to give an impetus to industrial life in order that business may be set a-booming, and we can have a chance to make enough to pay these high taxes.

The GLOBE'S advice to its Democratic readers is to turn their faces to the front and let the dead past bury its dead. For the next four years we will have no politics, except among the comparatively few who are scrambling for the offices that drop from the lap of patronage. The rest of us, Republicans and Democrats, will be standing hand to hand, shoulder to shoulder, in the wiser and nobler struggle for national prosperity and individual happiness.

THE COUNTRY IS SAFE.

The country is safe, no matter who is elected. It was a gratifying feature of the late political campaign that it was unusually free from bitterness, and was conducted on a plane of decency that has not heretofore been characteristic of American politics. It was also observable that business was less disturbed than is its wont in years when a national election is pending. These conditions were partially due to the exceedingly clean administration which President CLEVELAND had given the country the last four years. Another reason for it was in the confidence which prevailed among the masses in the conservatism of latter-day politics, and the consequent impression that, whichever party succeeded, the finances of the country would remain on a stable basis, and that its business interests would be protected.

The GLOBE is not one of those who believe that because their party meets with reverses a wreck of worlds will be sure to follow. While we believed that the policy of tariff reform advocated by the national Democracy is the true one for the government to pursue, we do not believe that our glorious institutions will be wrecked because the opposite is to be perpetuated. We still think that in good time the majority of the American people will learn to think as we do, and that this policy will ultimately prevail. But, whether our thoughts coincide with the thoughts of the majority or do not, we shall always gracefully submit to the majority rule, and guided alone by a desire to uphold and promote the dignity and welfare of this great nation, without regard to who may be its president or what party shall be in control of the various departments of government. We are sure that this feeling actuates the great body of the Democratic voters, and that in the future, as in the past, they shall continue to hold country above party, whether it shall be BENJAMIN HARRISON or GROVER CLEVELAND who will occupy the executive office for the next four years

LET REASON SWAY.

By the advocacy of the doctrine of prohibition most men stamp themselves as enthusiasts. Their role is that of an emotional actor, who for his success appeals less to the reason and more to the sensibilities of his audience. And for this reason ante-election claims by Prohibition leaders have become notoriously inaccurate. To the practical student of the situation they mean no more than that So and So, eminent in Prohibition councils, has been inspired from some mysterious source to declare that his party will sweep the country at such and such a time. The claim, based not upon an actual canvass or study of the field, but upon what So and So, eminent etc., desires to be the case, is worthless. It serves only to mislead those who, through lack of experience, do not know better.

Until the Prohibition leaders come off of their high horses and campaign by practical and legitimate methods, they and those who count upon them will suffer just such grievous disappointments as they are experiencing to-day. The enthusiast must supplant imagination with reason and cold figures. It will then be possible to accredit to the third party its due strength and to say with some show of accuracy what it may expect. On the part of the Prohibitionists it is unfair to their fellow men to carry further the process of claiming 1,000,000 before election and thanking God after for 100,000. The descent from the highest to the lowest is too rapid and nerve-destroying. The gray matter that it destroys in both of the old parties is unquestionably enormous. Morally and physically it is pernicious, and to be condemned. Like HYPATIA'S philosophical porter, Prohibition calculators must come down from Parnassus to the "hog bucket" of solid, irrefutable facts.

THE PROHIBITION VOTE.

The returns so far in from Minnesota indicate that the Prohibition vote, in proportion to the year as compared with 1886, has barely held its own. This in truth is a positive loss. For the party, after perfecting the strongest organization that it has ever had in the state, to no more than hold its own, or at the best run a few votes ahead, is actual retrogression. It indicates failure to reach the increased population of the state over 1886; to capture the floating vote, or to draw appreciable numbers from either of the old parties. The anticipated vote of 30,000 fades from sight, and leaves only the cold reality of a failure. The reason for this can hardly be in the cause itself, and certainly not in the candidates named. The tickets nominated were exceptionally pure; the theories championed never had before so many able advocates in the field. But the Republican party's plan of policy was to annihilate the third party vote, and in this it was eminently successful. In every congressional district pressure of the strongest kind was brought to bear. Every argument that might bring back to the ranks a recreant Republican was used. The state was scoured by special agents, whose business was to ascertain Prohibition strength, and when it was found, to apply to it all the machinery of politics which disintegrates. The result was what might have been expected. Cold calculation played with enthusiasm and won.

THE OLD ROMAN.

The Old Roman went through the contest in splendid shape in spite of his years, and stands higher than ever in popular estimation. He is younger than GLADSTONE, and shows little abatement of physical vigor and none of mental strength. There is hardly a more pitiable sight than that of a man dying at the top. This is often the case where those in advanced age give up the activities that have become a second nature, for the rest supposed to be desirable in the fading years of life. It is better to keep all the faculties in active exercise until the break comes, than to rust out by disuse.

BEFORE AND AFTER.

There is no more distasteful sort of literature than the party papers now coming to hand, printed just before the election, and full of glowing assurances that the obdurate ballot swingers have made a mockery. They suggest the patent medicine illuminations that sometimes adorn newspaper interiors of before taking and after taking remedial nostrums. The curious, and those who find anything cheerful in the returns, may take a sort of morbid interest in comparing the predictions with the cold figures.

UNPOPULAR AT HOME.

It is a peculiar fact that this was an election year when prophets were without honor at their own homes. Buffalo went back on GROVER CLEVELAND and BENJAMIN HARRISON was beaten out of his boots in his own town. It will also be observed that Ramsey county gave Mr. MERRIAM a black eye, while Hennepin slightly discolored both of Mr. WILSON'S optics. The "Old Roman" seems to have been the only man who successfully held down his home precinct.

DESERVED HIS FATE.

Wolverines String a Brute to a Tree.

GRAYLING, Mich., Nov. 7.—Arch Pelon, who assaulted an old lady of sixty years Monday morning and another in the afternoon, a young married lady of eighteen, was arrested and placed in jail, Sheriff McCullough fearing trouble, and as the jail was not safe, secreted him in a house in the village. About midnight masked men found him and took him out to a grove, thirty rods from the jail, tied a plank to two trees, threw the rope over and drew him up. The brute screamed all the way and begged hard for his life, but without avail. He was found about 3 a.m. with handcuffs on and shackles on his feet. Probably fifty men engaged in the execution. He was buried at 9 a.m., and an inquest will be held Friday.

Florida's Scourge.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 7.—Thirty-four new cases for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 p. m. to-day: Three deaths. Total cases 4,392; total deaths 370.

WE'RE WHIPPED.

Continued from First Page.

THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

NEVADA.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nov. 7.—Forty-two precincts in the state of Nevada out of 172 give Harrison 3,147, Cleveland 2,534. Three of the precincts given are incomplete, and give count only up to 2 a. m. The 42 precincts above mentioned in 1884 gave Blaine 3,166, Cleveland 2,534. Returns from 35 precincts in Nevada give Cassidy, Dem., 1,683, and Barton, Rep., for congress, 1,984.

OREGON.

JUST LIKE LAST JUNE.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 7.—Returns from the more remote sections of this state are coming in very slowly. However, sufficient have already been received to place Harrison's majority much larger than Hermann's (congressman). At the election last June Hermann's majority was 7,407 over Gearin. The very latest and most authentic news justifies the estimate of between 7,000 and 8,000. Some sanguine Republicans place Harrison's majority even higher. Returns show a very large vote polled everywhere. By to-morrow complete returns will be received from all portions of the state.

AT THE CAPITAL.

GROVER IS NOT WORRYING.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—The President and Mrs. Cleveland remained at the White house last night. Just before 12 to-day Mrs. Cleveland drove out to Oak View. The president remained in and received several callers. He held his usual reception in the East room. He was agreeable to about sixty people there. Col. Lamont seemed to regard the thing as settled. He was not especially disposed to speculate on the cause of the result. Money he mentioned as one thing. He was surprised at Kings county. He declared that Gov. Hill had done all he could for the ticket, and that the votes he got that Cleveland did not were from the Republican liquor interests, and not to be controlled by any one. He did not think that the result in the city pointed to much trading. In the departments there is a deep depression and a keen suppression. The Democrats are in dumps. The Republican hold-over clerks are suppressing their feeling lest it burst out too soon.

WORKINGMEN WERE WHEEDLED.

Secretary Whitney, in an interview to-day, said: "Well, we've nothing to congratulate ourselves upon. The loss of New York to the Democrats was caused by the fact that the workingmen had not been properly educated as to the tariff. The question has not been properly presented to them, and they were made to believe that the Democrats were free traders, instead of mere tariff reductionists."

NOT DUE TO THE TARIFF.

Associate Justice Lamar was seen soon after leaving the White house today. The president, he said, admitted that the news thus far received looked very unfavorable. "Do you think the tariff issue is responsible for the Democratic defeat?"

"No, I do not, said Justice Lamar, and I do not know to what to attribute his defeat."

NEW IS NERVY.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—A private dispatch from John C. New, just received in Washington, states that Indiana is surely Republican, and that the congressional position is still undetermined, with a probability of one or two Republican losses.

THE EAST.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—The congressmen in this state show that the turns will stand 21 Republicans against 7 Democrats, as follows: First district, Henry Bingham, Rep.; Second, Charles O'Neill, Rep.; Third, Samuel J. Randall, Dem.; Fourth, William D. Kelley, Rep.; Fifth, A. C. Harmer, Rep.; Sixth, Smedley Darlington, Rep.; Seventh, Robert M. Yardley, Rep.; Eighth, William Mutchler, Dem.; Ninth, D. D. Brunner, Dem.; Tenth, Marriot Brosius, Rep.; Eleventh, Joseph A. Scranton, Rep.; Twelfth, F. S. Osborne, Rep.; Thirteenth, James B. Reilly, Dem.; Fourteenth, J. W. Rife, Rep.; Fifteenth, M. B. Wright, Rep.; Sixteenth, H. C. McCormick, Rep.; Seventeenth, Charles R. Buckalew, Dem.; Eighteenth, E. E. Atkinson, Rep.; Nineteenth, Levi Maish, Dem.; Twentieth, Edward Scull, Rep.; Twenty-first, Samuel A. Craig, Rep.; Twenty-second, John Dalzell, Rep.; Twenty-third, Thomas M. Bayne, Rep.; Twenty-fourth, J. W. Ray, Rep.; Twenty-fifth, Charles C. Townsend, Rep.; Twenty-sixth, William C. Culberson, Rep.; Twenty-seventh, Lewis F. Watson, Rep.; Twenty-eighth, James A. Kerr, Dem.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—Returns from every county in the state show a plurality for Harrison of 72,948, a democratic gain of 8,071 as compared with the vote for president in 1884. One Republican congressman gained.

NEW JERSEY.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 7.—Passaic county complete gives Harrison 9,986, Cleveland 8,975, Fisk 289, a Republican loss of 863 since 1884.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 7.—The congressional delegation of New Jersey may now be given in full, thus: First district, C. R. Bergen, Rep.; Second, James Buchanan, Rep.; Third, J. Geisenhainer, Dem.; Fourth, Fowler, Dem.; Fifth, C. D. Beckwith, Rep.; Sixth, Herman Lehlbach, Rep.; Seventh, William McAdoo, Dem.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 7.—The state legislature will stand Democrats, 31; Republicans, 27; in doubt, 2. Democratic majority on joint ballot, not including doubtful districts, 5.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., Nov. 7.—In Hudson county Cleveland's majority is 8,100. McAdoo, Dem., for congress has 6,087 majority.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 7.—Middlesex county's final count gives Cleveland 5,793, Harrison 4,937, Fisk 89.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Nov 7.—Union county complete gives Cleveland 6,718, Harrison 5,767, Fisk 264; Cleveland's plurality, 951. For congress, in the Third district, Geisenhainer, Dem., 7,528; Kean, Rep., 6,820; Park, Pro., 265. Geisenhainer's plurality, 899.

BELVIDERE, N. J., Nov. 7.—The latest returns from the Fourth congressional district give Voorhees (Rep.) 107 plurality.

ASBURY, N. J., Nov. 7.—Monmouth county gives a Democratic majority of 15. The Democrats elect all of their candidates for the assembly, gaining one district in the Third.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 7.—Kent county has gone Democratic and the legislative ticket is elected by 169 plurality. This insures the election of a Democratic senator to succeed Saulsbury.

NEW ENGLAND.

CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 7.—The Republicans celebrated their national victory by firing a salute of 100 guns this afternoon and a monster procession this evening, the characteristics of which were music and fireworks and general enthusiasm.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 7.—Every town in the fourth congressional district heard from. The figures now elect Miles, Republican, by 8 plurality in vote of 41,964. Previous returns gave the district to Mr. Seymour the present member. Connecticut will thus gain two Republican congressmen instead of one as previously reported.

Special to the Globe.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 7.—Every town in the Fourth congressional district is now heard from, and the figures elect Miles, Republican, by 8 plurality in a vote of 41,964. Previous returns gave the district to Seymour, the present member. If Miles is elected there will be a gain of two Republican congressmen from Connecticut instead of one. Those elected, according to the Courant's figures, are Simonds, Rep., Wilcox, Dem., Russell, Rep., Miles, Rep. From the Courant'seturns the total vote of the state is 153,670 for president. Cleveland has 74,854, Harrison 74,520, Prohibition 4,105, Labor 191. This makes Cleveland's plurality only 334. A change of 163 votes would have given the state to Harrison.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 7.—Complete returns give Cleveland 74,904, Harrison 74,519, Fisk 4,181; Cleveland's plurality 385. For governor, Morris, Dem., 74,944; Bulkley, Rep., 73,426; Camp, Pro., 4,130. For congress, Wilcox defeats Lines in the Second district by 885 plurality. Russell, Rep., is returned from the Third district. In the Fourth district E. W. Seymour, Dem., is elected by a plurality of 293. The state senate stands 8 Democrats and 18 Republicans, the house 105 Democrats and 144 Republicans, a Republican majority on joint ballot of 49 against 29 in 1887. The legislature will elect Bulkley as governor.

Special to the Globe.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 7.—There is no truth in the report that an error in New Haven will change the result in Connecticut. The state goes for Cleveland by about 350.

VERMONT.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Nov. 7.—Eighty-nine towns in Vermont gave Harrison 39,721, Cleveland 14,896, Fisk 1,204. The same towns in 1884 gave Blaine 34,323, Cleveland 15,020, St. John 1,529, Butler 615. Republican majority over all 23,587, a net gain of 6,428, against a majority of 17,159 four years ago.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—All but two towns in the state are heard from, and give Harrison 183,447, Cleveland 151,990, Fisk 8,641. The same towns in 1884 gave Blaine 146,613, Cleveland 122,254, Butler 24,376, St. John 9,916.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 7.—Returns from all but twenty-four towns and wards in the state give Harrison 43,169, Cleveland 40,421, Fisk 1,552. The Republicans have 33 majority on joint ballot, being the same as in 1886.

CONCORD, N. H. Nov. 7.—The state (24 towns and wards missing) give Harrison 43,168, Cleveland 40,421, Fisk 1,552. Goodell, Rep., for governor, 42,198; Amsden, Dem., 41,040; Carr, Pro., 1,524. Goodell's plurality will be about 750, leaving no choice, as a majority is required. The legislature will doubtless elect Goodell, as it is Republican. The vote is the largest ever cast in the state. Nute, Republican, is elected to congress in the First district by about 500, and Moore, Republican, in the Second by about 1,000. The Republicans will have 38 majority on joint ballot in the legislature—the same as in 1886.

THE SOUTH.

VIRGINIA.

STAUNTON, Va., Nov. 7.—Rockbridge county gives 10 Republican, Alleghany 230 majority. Returns from the Tenth district indicate a close result, with the chances in favor of Yost, Rep., for congress.

Cumberland county gives Harrison 467 majority, and Yost, for congress, 472 majority.

Augusta county and the city of Staunton give Cleveland 1,024; Tucker, for congress, 843.

HARRISONBURG, Va., Nov. 7.—Returns from the Seventh district show O'Farrel, Dem., is elected over Roller, Rep., for congress, by 3,000 majority. Harrison gains 1,000 over Blaine's vote.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Nov. 7.—The total vote of Warwick county, Cleveland 386, Harrison 774; Bowden for congress the same.

WINCHESTER, Va., Nov. 7.—Frederick county official, 961 majority for Cleveland, 887 majority for O'Farrell, Dem., for congress. Winchester official, 52 majority for Harrison, 23 majority for Roller, Rep., for congress.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Nov. 7.—Bedford county gives Cleveland 1,157 majority.

Edmunds, Dem., for congress in the Sixth district is elected.

PETERSBURG, Va., Nov. 7.—Bunsarck county gives Harrison 250 majority, Langston's majority over Venable 101. Arnold got only 225 votes in the county.

NEGROES WANT BLOOD.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 7.—A riot occurred in Portsmouth, Va., to-night, between whites and blacks. Four hundred negroes marched through the streets, singing "Hang Grover Cleveland on a Sour Apple Tree." They encountered a party of whites and a free fight occurred. Between forty and fifty pistol shots were fired and three white men wounded, two of them seriously. The negroes were finally dispersed and the city is under military protection. One hundred special policemen have been sworn in to preserve order, as more trouble is anticipated. Both classes are well armed.

LEXINGTON, Va., Nov. 7.—Harry St. George Tucker, Democratic candidate for congress in the Tenth district, in a speech here to-night, said: "Returns from the districts which he had from reliable sources, gave him the strongest reason to claim his election over Yost by 1,000.

STAUNTON, Va., Nov. 7.—Half of Highland county gives Yost, Rep., for congress 63 majority. Nelson county is reported 350 Democratic.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 7.—Twenty-two counties, casting half the vote of the state, show Republican gains of 2,454. The same relative gain through the rest of the state would make it Republican by 700. This is from the chairman of the state Republican committee.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 7.—Atkinson, Rep., was elected over Pendleton, Dem., for congress in the First district by 600 majority.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 7.—Fourteen counties out of 54, casting one-third of the vote of the state, show Republican gains of 1,662. If corresponding gains are made in the rest of the state it will give 600 Republican majority.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 7.—It is pretty well assured that the legislature will be Republican. A. F. Kinson, Rep., is elected to congress in the First district; Jackson, Dem., in the Fourth. The Second and Third are in doubt. Both state committees claim the election of governor, and the fight is very close. The state ticket may be split. This city gives Cleveland 7 majority, a Republican gain of 118.

ALABAMA.

SELMA, Ala., Nov. 7.—Louis W. Turpin (Dem.) is elected to congress from this, Fourth, district.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 7.—Returns are coming in slowly, but there is no doubt that Alabama has re-elected a full Democratic congressional delegation.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, S. C. Nov. 7.—The only serious opposition to the Democrats for congressman was in the Seventh district. Elliott (Dem.) is elected by about 2,000 majority.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 7.—Catchings, Democrat, third congressional district has been re-elected.

LOUISIANA.

Special to the Globe.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 7.—Nearly complete returns from the Second congressional district show the election of Coleman, Republican, by 300 majority.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 7.—The official returns from the Second congressional district, except two small precincts on the gulf coast, give Coleman, Rep., 574 majority. The two unreported precincts will probably reduce the majority 40 votes. The state will probably give Cleveland 30,000 majority.

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MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6.—The full returns from all the counties in the state, as collected by the Sun, are as follows: Cleveland's total vote 107,740, Harrison 102,234, Fisk 4,832; Cleveland's plurality 5,506, against 11,118 in 1884. In the Fifth district the Republicans claim to have elected Mudd to congress by a plurality of 36.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 7.—Ewart, Rep., in the Ninth district, for congress, is elected.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 7.—Pamlico, Stokes, Iredell and Jackson counties go Democratic. David, Yadkin, Greene and Watauga counties go Republican. Returns from 412 precincts out of 1,100 give Cleveland a gain of 430. A telegram just received from the First district, says that Skinner (Dem.) is elected to congress by 1,000 majority. The Democrats carry the legislature. The Republicans have almost certainly elected congressmen from the Second and Fifth districts. Returns indicate a large Democratic majority in the legislature, which elects a successor to Senator Ransom. The returns also indicate the election of eight Democratic congressmen.

TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 7.—With nearly complete returns from this, the Third, congressional district, the Republicans confidently believe that Evans, Rep., is elected to congress by 300 or 400 majority. The Democrats, however, do not admit Bate's defeat. The excitement is intense and business is practically suspended. The attempts upon colored men attempting to vote the Democratic ticket in this city, by colored Republicans, was bold. Men were bodily carried away from the polls, colored women taking a conspicuous part. Those supposed to be Democrats were afraid to go to the polls. There was no serious disturbance, however.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 7.—R. Clay Evans, Rep., defeats Creed F. Bates, Dem., for congress from the Third congressional district of Tennessee. Evans' majority is 86. This is the first Republican congressman ever elected from the district.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 7.—Nearly every county in West Tennessee show large Democratic gains. Congressman James Phelan, of this (the Tenth) district, re-elected by over 7,000 majority. He carried every county in his district and ran considerably ahead of both the national and state tickets. The success of the Democratic legislative ticket in this county insures the re-election of Senator Isham G. Harris.

FLORIDA.

Special to the Globe.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 7. — Returns from the state are coming in very slowly, complete returns having been received from but two counties, Escambia and Jefferson. Escambia gives Cleveland 400 majority, a gain of 315 over 1884. Jefferson county gives Cleveland a majority of 12. The Second congressional district is still in doubt. The whole state is closer than was at first supposed.

FEVER CUT NO FIGURE.

Special to the Globe.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Nov. 7.—Florida gives Cleveland electors and Democratic state ticket a majority of something less than 5,000. Returns from precincts in the Second district come in very slowly. Baker, Bradford, Brevardt, Hamilton, Lake, Madison, Marion and Orange counties give safe Democratic majorities. A careful estimate places Bullock's (Dem.) majority for congress in the Second district at 1,033, though the Republicans still claim it. Nine counties elect Republican officers. This city and county (Duval) are largely Republican.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 6.—Unofficial returns from twenty-six out of the forty-five counties in Florida indicate a Democratic majority of 3,380.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 7.—The returns from two-thirds of the state indicate Cleveland's majority will be 25,000. The reduced majority is owing to a very light vote throughout the state. The Democratic candidates for congress in all the districts are elected, their majorities ranging from 2,000 to 5,000.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 7.—Chatham county gives Cleveland a plurality of 2,566. Lester is elected to congress from the First district.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Nov. 7.—Full returns from the Fourth congressional district give a Democratic majority of 7,000; Grimes, Dem., for congress defeated Bethune, Rep., by about the same majority.

MISSOURI.

Special to the Globe.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 7.—The Democratic committee has complete and incomplete returns from about 50 of the 114 counties in this state, which indicate that Cleveland will have a plurality of 30,000 in the state, and that Francis, Dem., for governor, will have a plurality of 14,000. These returns embrace the vote of St. Louis. Kansas City and all other large cities in the state. Returns from 59 towns and precincts outside of St. Louis and Kansas City, one county and two wards of Moberly, give Cleveland 15,014, Harrison 11,693, Francis, Dem., for governer, 14,526; Kimball, Rep., for governor, 12,002. Kimball seems to be running well with Francis in the state, and this evening the Republican state committee is claiming his election by a safe plurality.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 7.—The Democrats claim the election of Tarnsey, Dem., in the Fifth congressional district by 2,000. This is a Democratic gain, as the seat is now occupied by Major Warner, Rep. This county was hotly contested, a mixed ticket being elected.

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TEXAS.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 7.—Returns in from 16 out of 18 precincts in the county show a Democratic majority for Ross, governor, and a slight decrease in the Democratic state ticket as compared with 1886. For congress Crain's majority in this county is reduced from about 4,000 in 1886 to 1,200.

THE TERRITORIES.

DAKOTA.

Aurora County.

Special to the Globe.

WHITE LANE, Nov. 7.—J. C. Ryan, of this place, Democratic candidate for the territorial council, is elected over his opponent by a majority in the districtt of 141. As far as known, the Republicans elect a full county ticket, excepting the probate judge, Harden, who ran far ahead of his ticket in this county.

Bottineau County.

Special to the Globe.

BOTTINEAU, Dak. Nov. 7.—Delegate to congress: Harden 425, Mathews 305. Council: Cameron 351, Wallace 376. Assembly: Michie 329, Bdlake 332, McHugh 373, Bertman 381. Vote for delegate in 1884, 442. Republican majority 48, Democratic majority this year 120.

Brown County.

Special to the Globe.

ABERDEEN, Dak., Nov. 7.—Mathews carries Brown county by about 700 majority over Harden. Returns from 36 precincts with three to hear from give Mathews 2,119 and Harden 1,443. The entire Republican county ticket is elected by a majority ranging from 300 to 1,000.

Codington County.

Special to the Globe.

WATERTOWN, Nov. 7.—Republicans are holding a jubilee here, and during the hilarity Mathew Biercheit, of Kranzburg, had his arm and collar-bone broken. G. A. Mathews, for delegate, 375 majority; M. H. Cooper, for council, 300 majority.

Davison County.

MITCHELL, Dak., Nov. 7.—Davison county gives Mathews, Rep., 271 majority over Harden, Dem.; gives Sullivan, Rep., for the council 184 over Ryan. Powell, Rep., for representative, 134 over Johnson; Green, Rep., for representative, 251 over Doty. Green and Powell carry Aurora over Doty and Johnson by 60 and 30 respectively. The result of this is that Powell and Green are successful in the districts, but Sullivan probably defeated. Mathews' majority in Aurora county is 50. Harden, Dem., carries Brule county by 65.

Day County.

Special to the Globe.

ANDOVER, Nov. 7.—The Republican ticket was elected, with the exception of treasurer. So far it is a tie between Harden and Mathews. Harden will receive a majority without a doubt. The Republicans are celebrating to-night with music and bonfires.

Deuel County.

Special to the Globe.

CLEAR LAKE, Dak., Nov. 7.—Mathews' majority in Deuel county about 110, compared with Gifford's vote of 86 is a gain of 500 for Harden, county voted wet.

Dickey County.

Special to the Globe.

OAKES, Dak., Nov. 7.—Dickey county elects every Republican for county and legislature. Mathews carries the county by 600 over Harden. Local option carried by a heavy vote.

Faulk County.

Special to the Globe.

FAULKTON, Dak., Nov. 7.—Mathews, Republican delegate to congress, received 630 votes; Harden, Dem., 264; Cramer, Pro., 64. For councilman, Woolhiser, Rep.,