MINNEAPOLIS

THE EXECUTIVE SESSION.

Why the executive session? The aldermen of the city council were elected to transact public business, and why should not public business be transacted in a public manner? Why is it then, when any matter of importance is referred to a committee for a recommendation likely to influence the action of the council, that the aldermen lock themselves up and take every precaution to prevent the public from learning what is being done, and is likely to be done; to head off discussion and check investigation?

Are not the aldermen doing themselves an injury, and perhaps creating needless suspicion and distrust? The board of education formerly held executive sessions, and barred newspaper representatives from its meetings. The result was that many of its actions were misjudged, and its members were subjected to criticism that did not improve their individual standing in the community. Now that the sessions of the board are open, and the public can learn how its affairs in this department are being conducted, the board does not seem to be seriously hampered in its actions, nor embarrassed by interference. The members get credit for devotion to their duties, and enjoy a confidence of the community never before reposed in them. The police commission, on the other hand, has been holding secret sessions, and the consideration in which it is held is apparent. One scandal after another has followed. Political, religious and nationality influences, and even corruption are generally ascribed to acts which may spring from worthier motives which would be approved if they were understood. As it is, the feeling against the board amounts to indignation and bitterness. Only the consciousness that its abolition would be a tacit admission of the unworthy purpose for which it was created keeps the Republicans from seeking the repeal of the act which foisted the commission upon Minneapolis. The board, as it is now constituted, cannot hope to win the respect even, let alone the favor, of the people of Minneapolis but if the light of day should be let in upon its star chamber sessions its transactions would not be open to the distrust that is so universally entertained.

WHY NOT DO IT?

The Republicans have captured the control of the city government at Minneapolis, practically for four years, and have so fixed it that unless there is then another such a complete political "flop" as was witnessed last fall their reign in power will be extended to at least six years.

The complexion of its council, its committees, the various boards and departments is so largely Republican that the presence of a Democratic representative is hardly discernible. Now that the Republicans have captured the city they can afford to legislate a little for its benefit instead of their own. There is no need of appealing to the legislature to thwart the will of the voters by robbing officials of the power they were elected to wield, of the creation of so-called non-partisan boards which are placed beyond the reach of popular condemnation or approval. The Republicans can afford to abolish the police commission, which has disorganized the important branch of the city government, placed in its charge. They can afford to redistrict the city with a view to obtaining a fair representation of ward interests instead of massing the Democrats so as to give them as few representatives in the local legislature as possible. They can afford to lessen the number of aldermen, and thus make the council less cumbersome and expensive. They can afford to ignore nationality and sectarian influences. They need not consider for some time yet political affairs in any of their actions. In fact, there are many things the Republicans can afford to do for the benefit of the people of Minneapolis. It will be several years before they need to resort to their characteristic tactics to influence public opinion, and in the meantime let there be a fair, common-sense and economical administration.

ALL SORTS.

A great many Minneapolis people seem to think local option would be a good thing if there were only enough liberty-loving American citizens in each and every city to make it a "wet" town when it came to a ballot.

The uproar of "The King's Fool" at the Washington rink was an amusement event that caused a sensation.

When the stock companies get to playing "A Dark Secret" with water that refuses to splash and boats that creak and get stuck at an interesting crisis, the calm sense of that trite saying, "The play's the thing," will be more apparent than ever.

A prominent Swedish-American, who was told that "Eileen Oge," the Irish drama running at the People's this week, was a Scandinavian play, bought a box and took his family Monday night, and now he treats on suspicion if any one mentions theater to him.

L. D. Welsh has gone to Chicago for the purpose of making "different arrangements" for obtaining quotations at his alleged "bucket shop" on First avenue south. Patience and perseverance are on record as overcoming everything but the Chicago board of trade, and if Brother Welsh succeeds in his venture the aforesaid p. and p. will be considered invincible.

Bill Nye and James Whitcomb Riley are billed for Monday evening at the Hennepin Avenue theater, and still the confidant joke carpenter of the Evening Journal goes gaily on, fearing neither competition nor remorse.

"Our Patsy's" right arm seems to have lost its cunning, and, following close upon this, comes the startling information that glove contests will no longer be allowed here. Surely Minneapolis would lose caste entirely but for Sig. Buffington's twenty-eight-story building scheme.

THE SLUGGER'S LAMENT.

It aint no use ter train yerself,
Ner git up muscle now;
I know'd we'd hev ter take ther shelf
Wen I seed that cussed row.

Bet yer neck it queered our game
When them fools got ter jawin',
Old Babb way layin' fer that same
Good chance ter put his paw in.

I knowed they'd bust the hull darned thing
If things wan't on the squar,
I sez ter Mike 'dey'el make us sing
If there's monkey work up thar,

We'd stan' the pressure, though, I guess,
If fights was all like that;
We've queered ther mayor and ther press,
Onr fakes is busted flat.

But then we hain't no cause ter kick,
Ner buf agin the town;
We've ketched the suckers purty slick,
And did 'em up quite brown.

I'll pack my bleedin' old valise
And sneak to California;
We can't buck agin perlice,
Our path is gettin thorny.

Who They Are.

The young ladies who eloped from Minneapolis during the holidays, and have honored their native city further by being arrested in Omaha for carrying the dress reform too far and parading the streets in male attire, were formerly residents of Eighth avenue northeast, and were in the employ of Hooker & Manley, cigar manufacturers. Their names were Louise and Rose De Jarles, instead of Lulu and Jennie De Gardes, as has been stated.

PUGS MUST PACK UP.

Mayor Babb Expresses Himself as Opposed to Public Slugging Matches,

And Will Do What He Can to Prevent Them in the Flour City.

The Parishioners of Dr. Chase Give Him a Farewell Reception.

A Man Charged With Being a Fence for the Boy Thieves.

Mayor Babb and Supt Brackett expressed themselves yesterday as being of the opinion that the spiritless glove contest between Cardiff and Fell, and the attending exhibition of rowdyism at the Washington rink Tuesday evening is the last that will take place in the city of Minneapolis. Supt. Brachett, however, stated plainly that the authorities have at present no power to prohibit the holding of any such exhibition and can only interfere when the contest becomes brutal or there is quarreling or disorderly conduct. He also intimated that but for the trouble and disgraceful row with which the fight on Tuesday night ended, the administration would not have interfered with future glove contests. The matter will be thoroughly considered now, however, and the probable end will be the prohibition of glove contests.

City Attorney Russell is now engaged in drafting an ordinance which will place the power to allow or forbid such contests in the hands of the mayor and superintendent of police, or put an end to them altogether. It is understood that an amendment to the penal code covering the case will also be introduced in the legislature.

DR. CHASE'S FAREWELL.

The Pastor of the First Baptist Church Tendered a Reception.

The members of the First Baptist church last evening gave a most pleasant farewell reception to the Rev. Dr. William T. Chase and family.

The great church was lighted throughout and opened for the entertainment of the many guests. Not only all the members of the church were there to join in the good wishes to Dr. Chase as he met them for the last time but also many from other churches

The tables were spread in the parlors up stairs and the company partook of the refreshments served there, after which they gathered in the lecture room below for a good social time.

Toward the close of the evening the party was called to order by J. C. Hoblett, master of ceremonies, to listen to remarks appropriate to the occasion, bidding the doctor godspeed in his new place of work and many good wishes for his life in the new home, as well as words showing the brotherly feeling of all who had been associated with him in his work in Minneapolis. Among those who spoke were J. C. Hoblet, Geo. A. Pillsbury, J. A. Woerton, S. G. Cook, Dr. Maybe and Dr. Burrell.

Dr. Chase responded to these speeches with words full of warmth and feeling, thanking those present for their kind wishes and regreting that he must part with the many kind friends he had made during his stay here.

The company joined in singing "Blessed Be the Tie That Binds," and then on the singing of the doxology the company broke up, many seeking the hand of Dr. Chase for a farewell shake.

Next Sunday the doctor preaches his farewell sermon, and Monday he leaves for his new home in Boston, where he is to preside in the Ruggles Street Baptist church.

THE BOY THIEVES.

A Man Who Is Supposed to Have Instigated Them.

Detective Hall thinks that, through the capture and confession of the six lads who have been stealing wheat from the Manitoba railroad, he has discovered a wretch who has been playing the Fagin act to a great extent, and who is the cause of these lads entering on a criminal career while still almost in their infancy. If the facts in the case are as they are now supposed, the man who has been buying the grain from the boys is as much worse than the boys themselves as can be imagined. His name is Oliver Shambow. He is an aged teamster, living at 209 Greeley avenue north. About thirty bushels of wheat were found in his possession, and the boys say he first suggested the idea of taking wheat from full cars, and told them he would pay twenty cents a bushel for all they could get. He will undoubtedly be under arrest before the court opens this morning, and in that case it is quite probable that the boys will be used as witnesses in an effort to convict him and then dismissed with a reprimand, although John Hogan, the eldest of the boys, who is fifteen years old, may be made to feel the strong arm of the law.

All the boys were arraigned yesterday and held for appearance this morning at 9 o'clock. Each was charged with stealing five bushels of wheat and all pleaded guilty. One of the lads, Johnnie Higgins, is only eight years old, and Johnnie Hallock, who squealed on his comrades, is not much older. Some of them went home with their parents, who agreed to bring them back in the morning.

A NICE MESS.

George Werner Is Engaged In a Dispute With the Law.

Judge Rea late yesterday afternoon issued a warrant for the arrest of George Werner, a well known man about town, and the warrant was placed in the hands of the sheriff to serve. It appears that Werner and his wife, Julia A. Werner, have not been living together for some time past, and that Mr. Werner has had the custody of their child, a pretty little girl. Yesterday morning Mrs. Werner swore out a writ of habeas corpus, in an endeavor to gain possession of the child. When this writ was served by a deputy sheriff Werner tore it from the officer's hands, tore it to pieces, and then trampled the fragments under foot. This was reported to Judge Rea, who at once issued an attachment for Werner.

The Chamber on Top.

Broker L. D. Welsh, charged by the Chicago board of trade with running a "bucket shop" and denied the quotations, as a member of the chamber of commerce telephoned the changes in the market to his office, using the telephone of the Scandinavian Elevator company. The elevator company denied him the use of the telephone, as all the tenants of the building are bound by the rules governing the chamber. Welsh is now in Chicago making other arrangements.

A New Lumber Company.

A lumber company was formed yesterday afternoon in Lumber Exchange. It was incorporated under the name of the Cottonwood Lumber company. The officers are as follows: President, Paul Blackman, of Minneapolis; vice president and superintendent, M. Norseth, of Cottonwood; secretary and treasurer, W. H. Curran, of this city.

The authorized capital is $10,000: the stock paid in cash $6,000. The headquarters will be at the offices in Lumber Exchange. A lumber yard is now established at Cottonwood and others will be located from time to time over the state. The three gentlemen mentioned are the ones principally interested. Mr. Backman has just come back from the logging camps of the state and says that logs will be very scarce next year.

TO CLASSIFY CRIMINALS.

The Grand Jury Makes a Sensible Report to the Court.

The Hennepin county grand jury finished up its labors yesterday afternoon and adjourned sine die. The main cases considered were the ones against the prisoners now in the county jail. The jury did not go into outside matters to any extent. The small boys charged with stealing from a store in South Minneapolis were ordered discharged, as no indictments were found against them. The jury paid a visit to the jail in the morning, and, after a careful inspection, announced that it was an outrage to lock small boys up with hardened criminals. The following report was made in reference to the matter: The grand jury would respectfully recommend that the jurisdiction of the municipal court of the city of Minneapolis be extended so as to enable that court to make final disposition of all cases of misdemeanor instead of binding them over to the grand jury, as is frequently done now for lack of jurisdiction in that court, thereby resulting in confining in the county jail of the supposed criminal for weeks and perhaps months before trial. Many of these cases are against boys under sixteen years of age, and they are confined in the county jail with older and confirmed criminals, much to their injury. In our judgment, all criminals under sixteen years of age should be confined in a separate compartment in the jail, and thereby avoid contamination from older and more incorrigible criminals. The jury finds that the jail has now thirteen boys in it as prisoners, ranging in age from nine to sixteen. Some of their cases have been disposed of to-day, but any other boys confined in the jail within the next ensuing few weeks will have to await the action of the next grand jury in April, before indictment or trial. The demoralizing influences of such confinement upon boys whose characters are yet unformed can readily be imagined, and should be remedied by extended jurisdiction of the municipal court, and separate confinement for criminals.

The grand jury would further recommend that a separate lever and bolt be furnished each water closet door in the county jail, so that the turnkey can close the closet from the outside corridor at the same time the cell doors are closed when he goes in to feed the prisoners, thus obviating the liability for such assaults as that upon Turnkey Riley.

DISTRICT COURT NOTES.

A Number of Interesting Items From the Temple of Justice.

William McKay, formerly employed as a switchman at Brainerd by the Northern Pacific Railroad company, began an action against the road yesterday to recover $3,000 for injuries received on Nov. 23, 1888. About 10 o'clock on the night of that day he was switching cars in the yard, when he was caught and badly crushed between two freight cars, which were sent up against him without any warning. He declares that the cars were defective and unfit for use.

The State Sash and Door Manufacturing company has begun suit against J. J. Evans and others to recover $937 for goods sold.

Emily C. Wilkins is made defendant in an action begun by Eugene J. Brown to recover $150 on a board and room rent bill.

The Layman will case remained on trial before Judge Rea again yesterday, and will probably continue for the remainder of the week. The time was occupied yesterday in taking medical testimony in regard to Mrs. Layman's mental condition at the time she made the much contested will. The case is attracting considerable attention.

Frances E. Uhlein, the daughter of Benedict Uhlein, deceased, has begun an action against Edward E. Uhlein, her brother, and Oscar von Kuster, his guardian, to have a division made in certain real estate, of which they are the joint owners.

John B. Waddick, who was suffering mentally from an overdose of whisky, was sent to the asylum yesterday by Judge von Schlegell.

The real estate suit of Saunders against Letcher, which has been on trial before Judge Young for several days, attracted a large crowd yesterday. No new points of any particular interest were introduced. The case will probably be concluded to-day.

A SAD CASE.

Hans C. Michaelson Sent to the Hospital for the Insane.

There was a sad scene in the probate court yesterday afternoon when Hans C. Michaelson, a well known Scandinavian residing at 1532 Fifteenth street south, was brought in by the police to be tried as to his sanity. He was accompanied by his daughter, a pretty young girl, dressed in black. During the examination Michaelson grew exceedingly violent, and it required the combined efforts of four big police officers to hold him. He offered to fight every one present, collectively or individually, and seemed sorry because his invitation was not accepted. Michaelson was released from the asylum two years ago. He owns considerable real estate here, and has a brother at Burkhardt, Wis.

THE MOTOR HIT HIM.

Peter Heffinger's Suit Against the Motor Company on Trial.

The suit of Peter Heffinger against the motor company to recover $4,850 damages for injuries received some time ago, was on trial before Judge Hicks yesterday. It seems that in October last Heffinger was at work putting in a sewer out on Nicollet avenue, when he was struck by a motor train and had his head cut, his hip crushed and his body generally bruised. In his complaint he states that he can do no work and is crippled for life. The plaintiff carried a big cane when he took his seat in the witness chair, and it was with difficulty that he moved at all. The case will be resumed this morning.

Naughty Lazarus.

Lazarus Sternberg is the Biblical name of a hard-looking little Israelite who was brought before Judge Mahoney yesterday on a charge of incorrigibility, preferred by his father, David Sternberg, a smiling Hebrew who resides on Washington and Eleventh avenues south. David said that his son had repeatedly run away from home, sometimes being gone a month or more, that he had lived at the newsboys' home, telling the people there that he had no home, and also that he was in the habit of "shooting craps" with depraved street boys and otherwise misbehaving himself in a manner very distressing to his parents. He will be sent to the reform school.

Starr-Burt.

Hon. J. S. Starr, of Peoria, Ill., and Miss Evelyn Burt were last evening united in marriage at the residence of Dr. P. S. Calkins, 1029 First avenue south, in the presence of about sixty friends. The residence was beautifully decorated with flowers in honor of the happy occasion. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Rev. M. D. Shutter, of the Church of the Redeemer. After a reception and refreshments the bridal party left for Peoria. The gifts were numerous and costly, testifying to the popularity of the bride at Minneapolis, where she has resided during the past few years, among them being a beautiful ice cream set from the Cecilian Opera company, of which she was a member.

Gen. Fisk claims to have a pleasant letter from Gen. Harrison, but, singularly enough, "he makes no disclosures in it regarding the composition of his cabinet."

AND NOW THEY KICK.

Workingmen Don't Fancy the Repeal of the Eight-Hour Law,

And Say They Will Renew the Attack to Re-Establish It in '90.

Their Aftersight Was Better Than Their Foresight Last Election.

Interviews With Prominent Labor Leaders--The Test Was Not a Fair One.

The city council, at its first meeting after it had been fairly organized for business, embraced the opportunity to knock out the eight-hour law, which has been distasteful to its leaders in the old council since its passage in April, 1887. The opinions of the following well known leaders of organized labor concerning the council's action in this connection may be interesting as foretelling of the merry time to come.

H. B. Martin—I think the abolition of the eight-hour system was bad policy. The city work can be done just as cheap if no cheaper on the eight-hour plan and the welfare of the whole country including all classes of people demands that it should be generally established. It benefits and protects unskilled labor and the weaker classes of laboring people generally, and it seems to me that it should be the aim of the state and city to protect such against the strong and powerful. Then too, the city and state ought always to take the lead in reforms of this kind, where the influence of one individual employer or corporation would scarcely be felt. The eight-hour system has been the recognized system in Australia for thirty-two years, and the thirty-second anniversary of its establishment has just been celebrated with great rejoicing. Long hours is the cause of creating the great army of unemployed laborers that we have in this country, and no government should assist in creating a class that is a menace to the welfare of the country, which that government is supposed to protect.

J. P. McGoughey—The action of the council will increase the determination of organized workingmen to establish eight hours as a day's labor, especially since the trades federation sent out notice to renew the attack. Ald. Barrows when he says that the eight-hour question was an issue in the last campaign, is either mistaken or he prevaricates. It will, however, be an issue in 1890.

Michael Mogan—With hotel waiters and saloon keepers as for men on sewer work, the eight-hour system could hardly be expected to accomplish the best results; but, even then, money was saved.

T. W. Brosnan—At Brainerd they tried the eight-hour system, and actually paid higher wages, and did the work for $150 less than the city engineer's estimate at ten hours a day.

J. F. Griffith—According to the City Engineer's Charter No. 10, a saving was made by the eight-hour system. Some of the aldermen allowed the men 15 cents extra for working the two hours additional, and this was calculated to have a deceiving effect.

Thomas A. Clark—The council has not given the eight-hour system a fair trial.

T. H. Lucas—Those whom the gods would destroy they first make mad. The action of the council will strengthen labor for the conflict of 1830. The workingmen can see from the course of the politicians what to expect in the future.

Ernest Grundman—The new council has not shown a desire to deal fairly. They should have given the workingmen an opportunity to be heard.

THE DEFENDANTS WIN.

The Peculiar Case of Milliken vs. Goss Decided at Last.

The somewhat peculiar suit of Charles C. Milliken against Herman Goss and others, to recover $389 on a promissory note, said to have been obtained by threats of imprisonment, came to an end in the district court yesterday afternoon, when the jury returned a verdict for the defendants. The court granted a stay of thirty days. The case was an interesting one in many particulars, as it was shown by several witnesses that a police officer had taken Goss to the office of Milliken's attorney, and there threatened him with imprisonment unless he signed the note. W. H. Place and B. J. McIntire, the attorneys for the defendants, feel considerably elated over the victory, and especially so as it is the first time a case of this kind has ever been tried in Hennepin county.

AFRAID OF WHALES.

These Elephants of the Sea Bothered Capt. Andrews More Than Storms.

Capt. William A. Andrews, whose trip of 1,555 miles in the little boat, the Dark Secret, which appears in the play of that name now on the boards at the Grand opera house, is an entertaining talker, and the yarns he reels off concerning his solitary voyage are decidedly interesting. Last evening he entertained a group of listeners for an hour at the GLOBE office, and in his quaint way related his experiences. The captain does not follow a seafaring life as a profession, being only an amateur sailor, and a piano-forte maker by trade. His trip in the Dark Secret was not his first attempt to cross the ocean in a sail boat, for it should be remembered that in 1878 with his brother he sailed from Boston to Paris in a cedar dory, called the Nautilus. That boat was four feet longer than the Dark Secret, which has a keel twelve feet long and has a mast eight feet high carrying a latteen sail. The first trip was made in forty-five days, but the voyage in the Secret lasted sixty-two days, twenty-eight days being passed before he could get by St. George's shoals on the Massachusetts coast and put out to sea. He started June 18, and had contracted to join the Dark Secret company Sept. 8, so this delay caused him to give up his voyage after he had sailed 1,555 miles of the 2,800, and return to New York on the Norwegian bark Nor. He proposes to make another attempt next June, and his boat, which is to be provided by the New York Herald, will be the same length, only a little narrower, and a little less in depth. His son, a youth of eighteen, is to accompany him. "It may seem rather strange to you," he said, "but my greatest danger was from whales--I can outride any storm, but it's another thing to guard against whales. Ships have often been sunk by them. A whale, you know, has some four or five hundred horsepower in his tail alone, and if one of 'em butts up against a ship, the ship's apt to know it. It' a good deal different whether you are hunting whales, too, or whether they are hunting you. A cow and two calves played around me all one afternoon and worried me half to death. I had to take an oar and paddle away from 'em. You see, I was afraid one of 'em might whish its tail around, and it would not be a dark secret as to what would become of me if they ever hit the boat. Sharks? Lots of 'em. Three of 'em followed me for quite a while. I got to feeding 'em with some pickled lamb's tongue I couldn't eat. They got pretty tame and came close to the boat. Then I took the can the tongue came in, put in it a signal torpedo I had to hail boats with, lighted it and tossed it overboard. One of the sharks swallowed it, and it exploded inside of him. That was the last of him."

One of the strangest experiences of the captain was the hearing of voices made by the sound of the waves. His little cabin was only six feet long, two feet three inches wide, and the sides of the boat acted like sounding boards when beaten by the waves. His greatest inconvenience was from water, the back part of the boat being open. His oilskins became worn out, and he suffered a great deal from being constantly wet. He says he was never sick but once, and that was after he had taken some medicine. Still, the strain on his constitution must have amounted to considerable, as he lost eighty-three pounds in weight during the sixty-two days he was at sea.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Yesterday's bank clearances were $603,789.99.

Helen Barry, the great English actress, will appear at the Grand next week.

Scarlet fever is reported from 209 South Twelfth street, and 1516 Harmon place.

The Street Railway Employes' Protective association will give a grand ball and oyster supper to-night.

The scarlet fever case reported yesterday at 2208 Portland avenue should have been 2208 Portland place.

To-morrow will be St. Paul night at the Grand, Minneapolis, and seats will be on sale at Manager Scott's office to-day.

The entire fire department, of 185 men, went to the city clerk's office yesterday and took their oath of office for the coming two years.

The veteran volunteer firemen have a banquet and dance to-night at Engine House No. 1, corner Third street and Sixth avenue south.

The regular meeting of George N. Morgan W. R. C. to be held at the post hall on Nicollet and Third street Friday evening, will discuss important matters.

The sale of reserved seats for the entertainment of Bill Nye and James Whitcomb Riley opens this morning at the Hennepin avenue theater box office.

Some amendments to the park ordinance are being made by Commissioners Boardman, Ingenhutt and Folwell to simplify the acquisition of lands for park purposes.

A civil service competitive examination for postal employes will be held in the council chamber on Feb. 5. Applications have been already filed in large numbers for positions as clerks and carriers.

The revenue of the Homeopathic Hospital "Patience" benefit is about $500. The friends of the institution expect to clear the entire debt by the grand concert to be given soon at the Washburn residence.

The Minneapolis Heating & Power company has filed articles of incorporation, with a capital stock of $500,000. The incorporators are W. H. Eustis, H. E. Fletcher, W. H. Dunwoody, John S. Pillsbury and A. J. Sawyer.

"The King's Fool" has made a big hit in Minneapolis. The Hennepin theater is crowded nightly. Special short line trains will be run for the accomodation of St. Paul parties, as the opera will not be produced in St. Paul.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Franz Sodergreen and Hedvig Ostling; W. Irving Kellem and Edith A. Snow; Walter W. Munger and Belle D. Hughes; Elmer E. Henderson and Marie Evitz; Charles S. Boucher and Augline Scott.

Articles incorporating the Minneapolis Heating and Power company were filed yesterday morning by William H. Eustis, Henry E. Fletcher, William H. Dunwood, John S. Pillsbury and Andrew J. Sawyer. The company has a capital stockof $500,000.

The buffalo scheme is again being agitated in Minneapolis. There is talk of forming a company with $100,000 capital. "Buffalo Jones'" herd will be placed on the 500-acre farm of Gilson & Elwell, near Fridley with the joint purpose of producing meat and fur, for which the half breeds are noted. The herd is valued at $50,000, the rent of the farm for five years, $25,000. The remaining stock will be placed on sale,

HOTEL PERSONALS.

The Windsor house had for guests last night G. S. Pease, editor of the Anoka Herald, and Hon. J. C. Orr, of Orr, Dak.

Prof. Edward Olson, president of the University of Dakota at Vermillion, was a guest at the West hotel last night.

From Mankato, last night, the Nicollet house had the following guests: E. B. Evans, C. E. Wise, G. C. Truesdell and E. I. Weaver.

The Windsor house had four visitors from Grand Forks last night in the persons of N. Brown and E. W., W K. and F. P. Nash. The last three gentlemen are extensive fruit dealers.

Charles C. Willson and wife, Rochester; J. H. James, Duluth; G. C. Wilin and Charles E. Sawyer and wife, Crookston; Mrs. Dr. Wellcome and Mrs. A. W. Mietce, Granite Falls, were among the guests at the West hotel last night.

C. H. Sproat, Grand Forks; O. I. Hamettin, Grafton, Dak.; J. D. Brady, Princeton; O. I. Gutzwiller, Delano; S. G. Clark, Steven's Point; W. L. Rebell, Litchfield; J. J. Alpin and Miss Grace Handman, Briton, Dak.; B. Lavalley and Fred Beard, Reynolds, Dak.; C. W. Culbertson, Argyle; J. H. Furloo, Sioux City; G. Young, J. J. Hughes and M. F. Williams, Grand Forks, were last night's guests at the Nicollet.

The Windsor house had among other guests last night, N. A. Lewis, a fruit dealer of Fargo; W. L. Bronson, Luverne; A. Adsit and wife, Lapata; George O. Blair, a hardware dealer of Waterville: Frank Derewaldt, a merchant of Thorp, Wis.; Gelbert Appelhot, Watertown, Dak.; Walter B. Lehucke, Stillwater; Herbert E. Whittiesey and H. C. Prescott, Faribault; Mrs. A. M. Kenyon and Max Alexander and wife, Owatonna, and John A. Buorlay, of Elizabeth.

ALL IN THE FAMILY.

President Colby, of the Wisconsin Central, Succeeded by His Brother.

MILWAUKEE, Jan. 23.—Charles L. Colby, who for ten years has been president of the Wisconsin Central Railway company, and who was also president of the Wisconsin Central company, to-day resigned both offices. He is succeeded as president of the Wisconsin Central Railway company by his brother, Joseph L, Colby, of this city. Edwin H. Abbott succeeds him as president of the Wisconsin Central company. The latter company operates the Wisconsin Central railroad and all of the allied lines which make up the Wisconsin Central company. Mr. Colby has also resigned from the boards of directors of both companies. Mr. Colby is not in the city, but at the general offices of the company it was learned that he has for more than a year contemplated taking a rest from active duties, and the present condition of the company's interests being now more favorable than ever before, give him the opportunity he desired.

SLY TICKET SELLERS.

The Wabash Maintains That It Has Not Cut Rates.

CHICAGO, Jan. 23.—The examination into the complaint made by the Kansas City local agents against the Wabash railway was taken up to-day by the chairman of the Western States Passenger association and the vice chairman of the Central Traffic association. This was done at the personal request of Receiver McNulta, who asserted positively on behalf of the Wabash that his instructions to his passenger department and the instructions given by the passenger department to the sub-agents throughout the country were such as to cut off all commissions to brokers Jan. 1. He said that no commissions had been paid or promised, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. It remains for the parties preferring the charges to submit the proofs, which they claim to have. The Chicago & Alton in the meantime deny the charges made against it by the general passenger agents of the Wabash.

Surveyors Complete Their Work.

Special to the Globe.

MASON CITY, Io., Jan. 23.—The engineers of the Winona & Southwestern railroad to-day completed their surveys between Osage and this city, and have broken camps. Of the five surveys they will adopt the most practical route, and ground will be broken as soon as the frost is out. Fifty miles are located in this direction from Winona. It will be necessary to push the work from now on in order to save some of the subsidies voted, which will lapse inside of a year. The line will connect here with the Mason City & Fort Dodge road, and will build from Fort Dodge to Omaha, making a through line from Green Bay to Omaha.

LOCAL MENTION.

See Here, My Friend,

When you ask me to "have something" with you, escort me to Linehan's, 23 Washington avenue south.

DIED.

ROLLIT—In Minneapolis, Wednesday, at 6 o'clock p. m., Elizabeth, widow of the late Rev. Charles Rollit, in the seventy-third year of her age.

All the Ladies

Who have given **Ayer's Hair Vigor** a trial are enthusiastic in its praise.

Mrs. J. J Burton, of Bangor, Maine, says: "I have been using Ayer's Hair Vigor with marvelous success. It restores the original color to gray hair, promotes a fresh growth, and keeps it strong and healthy. As a toilet article I have never found its equal."

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
MINNEAPOLIS.

TO-NIGHT AT 8,
And Saturday Matinee,
A DARK SECRET.

GRAND OPERA, MINNEAPOLIS

ONE WEEK, with Saturday matinee, Monday, Jan. 28. First American tour of the Distinguished English Actress,

HELEN BARRY,

SUPPORTED BY
FRANK MORDAUNT,
And a Powerful Dramatic Company, Under the Management of
—J. M. HILL.—

Miss Barry will appear as the Countess d'Autreval in her great London Success,

A Woman's Stratagem!

A Sparkling Comedy in three acts, adapted from the French of Eugene Scribe's Battailes des Dames, played by Miss Barry upwards of 500 times throughout Europe. New and beautiful scenery, especially designed for Miss Barry by George Heinman, of New York, together with appropriate properties, will be brought to Minneapolis.

Sale of seats opens Friday at Manager Scott's office in St. Paul, and the box office.

HENNEPIN AVENUE THEATER.

To-Night at 8. Greatest Success of all previous efforts,

THE KING'S FOOL.

Conried's English Comic Opera Co.

Also Viennese Lady Fencers.

Grand matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m. Admission, $1, 75c, 50c and 25c. Special trains on Short Line to accommodate St. Paul parties.

HA! HA! A BUTTON GONE!

Hennepin Av. Theater Monday Evening, Jan. 28.

BILL NYE
—AND—
JAMES W. RILEY.

Prices—$1, 75c, 50c, 25c. Reserved seats on sale at the box office.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.

TO-NIGHT!——TO-NIGHT!

Under the auspices of Division No. 4, Ancient Order of Hibernians, the great Irish drama,

"EILEEN OGE!"

By kind permission of Mr. W. J. Florence. Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c.

PENCE OPERA HOUSE.

Week of Jan. 20. The Laughable Historica Mormon Comedy

"Is Marriage a Failure?"

Or Niggs and His Thirteen Wives.
Scenes in Utah—Brigham Young.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Prices, 10c, 15c, 25c, 30c, and 50c.

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS.

Advertisements and subscriptions taken, and the GLOBE on sale at W. J. Hughes' drug store, corner Third avenue northeast and Monroe street, Minneapolis.

SITUATIONS OFFERED.

Male.

IMPERSONATOR—Wanted, impersonator and monologue entertainer. Call tomorrow, between 11 and 1, 329 First ave. north. 19-20

Female.

HOUSEWORK—Good girl for general housework. Call at 19 Tenth st. north.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a girl for general housework at 54 South Twelfth st. 15-16

HOUSEWORK—Situation wanted by a young Danish girl in small family. 2527 Fourteenth av. south. 4

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a girl for general housework. Apply at 413 Lyndale av. north. 4

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl for general housework. 1508 Park av. 4

HOUSEWORK — Wanted, competent woman for general housework at once. 417 Fifth st. south. 4

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, an experienced girl for general housework; good cook necessary; none other need apply; good wages. 1809 Vine place. 4

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, young girl about sixteen to assist in light housekeeping; good home; references required. Mrs. Jaffray, 617 Seventh av. south. 4

WASHERWOMAN—Wanted, woman to come each week to the house and take my washing; only a thorough washer need apply. No. 16 Tenth st. south. 4

NURSE—Wanted, an experienced nurse girl. 26 Eastman av. 4

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Male.

BUTTER MAKER—A man with some experience in making butter would like a position in a creamery; can give references if desired. Address Robt. W. Ludemann, general delivery, Minneapolis, Minn. 1

BAKER—A bread and cake baker wants a situation, day work; first-class references; long experience. Address D 35, Globe, Minneapolis. 24-25

COACHMAN—Situation wanted by a good coachman; understands thoroughly the care of horses and carriages; good references. Address Jacob Messikommer, Macalester, Minn. 5

SITUATION wanted by young Scandinavian man to work for board and go to school; understands the care of horses an cows. Address 1026 Fifth st. south. 1

SOLICITOR—By young man as solicitor or position of trust; speaks French, German and English; can give bonds. Address L. P., 16 First st. south, Minneapolis. 4

Female.

DRESSMAKING by the day; competent to cut and fit by the tailor system. Address Dressmaker, Globe, Minneapolis. 5

HOUSEWORK—A girl wants a place to do housework. Call at 424 Seventh av. south. 1

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted by experienced housekeeper; hotel preferred. Call or address Mrs. F., 217 Twelfth av. south, second floor. 1

HOUSEWORK—German girl wants washing, ironing or housecleaning by the day. 28 Fourth av. northeast. 1

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIN LOST—A garnet "M" pin on Jan. 1, between Turner hall and Fourth st. south; liberal reward for return to Globe office, 257 First av. south. 23-25

GRAND FINALE

—AT THE—

U T K CLOTHING HOUSE

CLOSING-OUT SALE.

Only three more days and our retail business is done. Special extra cut on everything. You can save a pile of money on every garment you buy from now till Saturday night. Fur Coats and Fur-Trimmed Coats and Fur Caps at just about half-price for cash. Call and examine the stock and see how much you can buy for a little money at the

U T K

Clothing House

CLOSING-OUT SALE!

MINNEAPOLIS.

P. S.—Parties owing us will confer a favor by calling and settling at once.

R., B. & CO.

A Chance!

The Assignee's Sale of the Entire Magnificent Stock of

WALRATH & CO.

307 NICOLLET AVENUE.

Crockery, Glassware, Silverware,
Fancy Goods, Bric-a-Brac, Chandeliers,
Library and Vase Lamps,

To Be Closed Out Within 30 Days at Less Than Cost Price.

R. O. COE, ASSIGNEE.

WE TAKE ACCOUNT OF STOCK

FEBRUARY 1,

Until which time we offer our entire stock of heavy-weight Clothing at

BLUE-FIGURE PRICES!

Which means, in many instances, COST, and less than cost price.

BIG BOSTON

Clothing Store,

MINNEAPOLIS, - - - MINN.

RICH AND POOR

Are Served Alike at the Salesrooms of the

MINNEAPOLIS PROVISION COMPANY,

9 and 11 South Third Street and 24 and 26 South First Street.

Capital and labor can meat here 4, 5 and 6 cents per pound for good cuts of Meat. Everybody invited. Country orders solicited. Hotels a specialty.

The Farmers and Mechanics' Savings Bank,

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

The Largest and Strongest Savings Bank in the Northwest.

PRESENT DEPOSIT, - - $2,800,000 | SURPLUS, - - - $150,000

5 per cent interest paid on all deposits left three or more months.

ALL CLASSES OF BONDS BOUGHT.

CLINTON MORRISON, President. THOMAS LOWRY, Vice President. E. H. MOULTON, Treasurer.