TWO ANOKA BRAVES.

Colleague Eastman Scores Our Irascible Jared Benson.

The Libel Law Agitates the Minds of Sensitive Senators.

The City of Minneapolis to Have a New Police Commission Soon.

Bobbie Dunn Starts a Rather Decided Reform in State Printing.

"Does the state ever have a pay day?" inquired Representative Brush, yesterday, unintentionally revealing that of the 103 members he was the only one who, since the session opened, had not drawn a cent from the state. Unfamiliarity with the modus operandi and a surplus in his private pocketbook had led Mr. Brush into this very uncommon legislative error.

BENSON'S SARCASM.

"I—bow—down—with—profound—respect—to—the—age—and—experience—of—the—gentlemen—from—Mille—Lacs—(Dunn)—and—Anoka—(Eastman)."

The best of modern naval guns could hardly have hurled their deadly contents with more force than did Jared Benson deliver the sentence at the devoted heads of Representatives Dunn and Eastman. The morning session of the house had scarcely got under way when Representatives Eastman and Dunn called up a resolution of the day previous, calling for the appropriation of $1,000 for the publication of legislative manuals.

Mr. Eastman made the point: "With this house employing forty-six clerks at a cost to the state of $23,690, it seems like absurd folly to economize on the publication of legislative manuals costing but $1,000, and which gives each member copies for the edification of his constituents. If we desire true economy let us reduce some of our own expenses."

Mr. Dunn felt the same way, which led Mr. Benson to make the above remark and to ironically amend by authorizing the publication of 10,000 copies for educational purposes.

"If we were all as educated and experienced as the gentleman from Anoka," said Mr. Dunn, "we would not need these manuals."

The Benson amendment was lost and the Eastman motion carried, the junior member from Anoka winning by a handsome head. The resolution requires stereotype plates of the matter in the manual which is republished each session to be preserved, so that the state is saved that much in composition.

DISGRACE TO JOURNALISM.

Newspapers That Can Be Bought for a Consideration.

The sentiment of legislators towards country weekly newspapers is not particularly appreciative. This was emphasized at yesterday's session of the senate, when Senator Day's bill to include weekly newspapers within the provisions of the libel law was defeated. The bill was up for its third reading. Senator Day's wish is to give those newspapers an opportunity to retract any libelous statements appearing in their columns. Senator Edwards did not, at any time, favor the present libel law, but was of opinion that the same privileges should be extended to weekly newspapers as were afforded their daily contemporaries. At the same time he said: "There are certain newspapers, weekly and daily, a disgrace to the state and to journalism. The statement will not be contradicted that there are papers—only a few, I am glad to say—that can be hired for a small consideration to willfully traduce any citizen of the state, or boom their columns in advocacy of measures which the editors conscientiously believe to be wrong."

Senator Brown is not favorably disposed to weekly newspapers, "whose editors create a public sentiment against a man and damn him to death."

YEAS.

Bowen,	Compton,	Hoard,
Buckman,	Daniels,	Johnson, M.,
Burkhart,	Eaton,	Kellar,
Clausen,	Edwards,	Truax,
Child,	Hall,	Wallmark.—17.
Clough,	Halvorsen	

NAYS.

Brown,	Johnson, T,	Sampson.
Clark,	Lende,	Ward—10.
Crandall,	Nachbar,	
Hixson,	Oswald,	

The bill was thus defeated, it taking twenty-four votes to pass any bill. Senator Day was called out of the chamber during the discussion, and was absent when the vote was taken. He proposes to call up the bill on some future day.

MORE MONEY WANTED.

A Modest Request From the State Public School.

Senator Crandall introduced a bill to appropriate money for the state public school at Owatonna. The items are:

New wings, $30,000; coal houses, $5,000; cottage, $5,000; plumbing, $1,500; steam heating, $2,400; electric lighting, $1,250; furniture, $4,000; labor, $150; horse barn, $1,000; cooling room, $350; grading walks and trees, $750; vegetable cellars, $500; water mains, etc, $1,000; fire pump, $800; cows, $250; extraordinary repairs, $1,000; current expenses, 1890, $22,812; current expenses, 1891, $23,725.

This appropriation takes in the cost of completing the school and current expenses for the ensuing two years. It is within $100,000, but not very much. "Some one will get left," was Senator Nachbar's reference to the bill as it went over to the finance committee.

TAX ASSESSMENT.

To Cover the Negligence of County Auditor.

Senator Hall came forward with a bill to amend the act for the "assessment of taxes upon property for years theretofore omitted." The act is to be amended so as to read, section 113, that: "If any real or personal property shall be omitted in the assessment for any year or years, and the property shall thereby escape taxation, when such omission shall be discovered the county auditor shall enter such property on the assessment and the books for the year or years omitted, which are within six years, inclusive of the then current year, and so assess the same and extend all arrearages of taxes properly accruing against such property for such years, and the same shall be extended against such property on the tax list for the current year."

THE GOVERNOR'S STAFF.

Gov. Merriam yesterday announced the following members of his military staff: Brig. Gen. John H. Mullen, adjutant general; Brig. Gen. J. J. Schaeffel, inspector general; Brig. Gen. T. P. Wilson, quartermaster general; Brig. Gen. D. W. Hand, surgeon general; Brig. Gen. Lindberg, commissary general; Brig. Gen. E. W. Huffcutt, judge advocate general: Lieut. Col. C. S. Bunker, assistant adjutant general; Lieut. Col. Soren Liston, assistant quartermaster general; Lieut. Col. G. A. Whitney, assistant inspector general; Lieut. Col. E. Paige Morris, assistant judge advocate general; Lieut. Col. M. J. Daniels, assistant commissary general; Lieut. Col. A. C. Weage, assistant surgeon general; ex-Col. James Compton, aide-de-camp; Col. W. E. Haskell, aide-de-camp; Col. John Ireland, chaplain; Maj. S. E. Olson, additional aide-de-camp; Maj. C. L. West, additional aid-de-camp; Maj. John G. Nelson, Maj. William E. Lee, Capt. N. B. Fulmer, Capt. Joseph Eckstein, Capt. Charles F. Tryon, additional aides-de-camp.

HOUSE BILLS.

Ramsey County Measures—Short Line Fares Threatened.

The great Ramsey county bill of the day was the one introduced by Representative Williams, regulating the fares of short lines and motor roads operating between cities of more than 100,000 inhabitants and which are not more than twenty-five miles apart. This bill makes the fare one way 1½ cents per mile. The obvious purport of the bill is to force the reduction of short line fares between St. Paul and Minneapolis. If it passes the fare one way will be 15 cents, and if round-trip tickets are sold, 25 cents. The bill goes for consideration to a special committee of the Ramsey and Hennepin county delegations.

Mr. Willrich introduced a bill authorizing St. Paul to issue bonds to the amount of $50,000 for the purchase of a site for the erection of a fire-proof public library building. A bill was also introduced regulating the publication of annual reports by the board of county commissioners. Representative Smith introduced three bills, one to define the rights of owners of notes and bonds; a second to make the state offer a reward of $500 for the discovery of parties committing arson; a third to make public nuisances not now punishable a misdemeanor.

MINNEAPOLIS POLICE.

Representative Davenport introduced the following Minneapolis bill yesterday:

"Chapter 6, of the charter of the city of Minneapolis, relating to the appointment and control of the police, is amended as follows:

"There is hereby created and established a board of police commissioners in which all of the powers, etc., relative to the control of the police are rested. It shall have control of all books, records, stations, etc; full authority to appoint and remove at pleasure all members of the police force, etc.

"The board shall consist of three members, of which the mayor shall be one, ex-officio, and president of the board. Within twenty days after the passage and approval of this act the judges of the district court of Hennepin county shall appoint the police commissioners, who, with the mayor, constitute the commission.

"Both of said commissioners shall not be selected from the same political party. The terms of the commissioners shall be four years, provided that the term of one of the commissioners, first selected, shall expire in January, 1891, and the other in January, 1890. In December, 1890, and biennially thereafter, the judges shall select one police commissioner for the term of four years. The present commission holds over until the appointment of this new one."

STATE PRINTING BOARD.

Representative Dunn introduced an elaborate bill for the reformation and regulation of the state printing system. It proposes to make economy a bright star in this direction. Some of the features of the bill are:

"The secretary of state, state treasurer and state auditor shall be ex-officio commissioners of public printing. The printing is divided into five classes, to be let in separate contracts. Class 1, all legislative printing included under bills, resolutions, etc.; class 2, journals of the senate and house; class 3, legislative manual; class 4, general and special laws; class 5, executive department printing, etc.

Bids for this work shall be advertised for biennially in the month of May.

MAXIMUM PRICES.

Composition—Class 1, 50 cents; class 2, 3, 4, 60 cents; class 5, 60 cents.

Presswork, folding and pasting, stitching, binding and ruling rates are quoted ad libitum. Bonds of bidders are fixed at $8,000. A superintendent of printing is created, at a salary of $1,500 per year."

PINKERTONS ON TOP.

The Pinkertons are not to be doomed! Yesterday the senate judiciary committee decided to indefinitely postpone Senator Bowen's bill, the object of which was to prevent any outside people exercising police powers in the state—in other words, an edict that "No Pinkertons need apply." This is the second time the judiciary committee has had the bill before them, and the first time they recommended it favorably to the senate. It reached the third reading stage, when the first opposition came from Senator Brown and it was recommitted to the judiciary committee. Senator Bowen says he will move to have the bill considered by the committee of the whole.

CRITICISES DR. SMITH.

Temperance Workers Who Resent His Attacks on Mr. Woolley.

Several of the temperance workers of St. Paul resent the strictures of Rev. S. G. Smith upon John G. Woolley in the following manner:

ST. PAUL, Feb. 8, 1889.—As a believer in Christianity, I would like to call attention to some of Rev. S. G. Smith's remarks, which he made before the temperance committee at the house of representatives last Wednesday afternoon. Not because we may differ in political views, or because I have any special interest in Mr. Woolley, as I never saw him before last Tuesday, but because I cannot endure the idea of the unbelieving public thinking or believing that Mr. Smith voiced the sentiments of the Christian church of to-day. Mr. Smith offered as a preface to his speech as follows: "It is not my intention to attack anyone in my remarks, this is the time for cool and deliberate consideration of the question without malice." And yet before the echo of these words had died away, Mr. Smith made a personal attack upon Mr. Woolley, and gave way to his feelings in words and terms not becoming a gentleman, much less a minister of the gospel. And this was after he had had twenty-four hours' time in which to reflect and answer Mr. Woolley's argument. Did Mr. Woolley call any persons knaves and fools or make any personal attacks? Mr. Smith says that he would have cured Mr. Woolley by putting him to work breaking stones on the streets for thirty days the first time he got drunk in public. I wonder if Mr. Smith gets this from the gospel he preaches. At the time Peter came to his Lord and asked how often he should forgive his brother, if Mr. Smith had been present he would have said: "Put him to breaking stones on the street for thirty days for the first offense." This is the way Mr. Smith would have treated such men as John B. Gough. Mr. Woolley and thousands of others who have done a great work for reform. Were these men clothed in their right minds through the influence of a stonepile, among thieves, robbers, sellers of liquor to drunkards and minors and otherwise willfully breakers of our laws? Have we Christians been mistaken in believing that the only thing that will cure a drunkard is the grace of God? As I grow older my experience and observation teaches me to be more charitable toward the men (and there are thousands of them), who experience more anguish, torture and pain in twenty-four hours fighting this demon of appetite than Mr. Smith or I will experience in a lifetime. And most of these very men either inherited their appetite or received their first taste while studying under one of Mr. Smith's sacred altars that teaches that it is no crime (or wrong) to take an occasional glass of liquor (in private). Has Christianity so declined that a minister of the gospel who, on the Sabbath day, preaches the glories of Salvation and of sins forgiven, blotted out and forgotten, can go before an intelligent public on a work day and with impunity hold up to the scorn and ridicule of the people the man who has accepted his gospel, and has truly reformed and is doing a good work among his fellow men, that he, Smith, may try to strengthen his political position? I do not think so, and refute the insinuation thus thrust upon Christianity. I would that there were more of these "newly washed up" Christians, whose washing up is not so far in antiquity that they have forgotton the first principles of Christianity, which is charity.

FAIR PLAY.

FRIDAYISMS.

Representative Keyes introduced a bill of interest to Winona people. It provides that railroad companies running on streets in cities shall pay for all the damages caused by excavations, depreciation in the value of property and injury to property on that side of the street farthest removed from the right of way.

By request, Representative Davenport introduced a bill yesterday to repeal the horse thief bounty law; also another to make the elective and appointive officers of Hennepin county testify in the courts without receiving witness fees.

Where railroad companies run through the principal streets of any city, town or village in the state, Senator Bowen presented a bill to make them liable for full damages to property owners on either side of the street.

Senator Goodrich is sick an unable to attend to his legislative duties. His position as chairman of the judiciary committee is very ably filled by Senator Ives, who is one of the best judges of law in the state.

Twelve citizens of Swift county were massacred by Sioux Indians in 1862, and Senator Hoard is moving to have their burial lot purchased by the state and a memorial erected thereon.

To compel railroad corporations to fence their lines "hog tight and sheep tight, instead of cow tight," is the object of a bill introduced by Senator Halvorsen.

Representative Crossfield desires the school law amended so as to make the time of payments from the state fund fall on March 1 and Oct. 1.

Representative Hay's bill to regulate the fees of witnesses in criminal cases fixes them at $1 per day and 6 cents per mile for travel.

Representative Dunn introduced a small local bill yesterday defining the county commissioner districts of Mille Lacs county.

Representative Fleming in a bill yesterday made a good moral character one of the grounds for admission to the legal bar.

Senator Nachbar has a bill to legalize the insertion of legal and county notices six months after their establishment.

Representative H. F. Stevens has introduced a bill providing for the inspection and classification of boilers.

Representative Hoyt secured the passage of a bill amending the charter of the city of Red Wing.

Prof. Folwell was too ill yesterday to address the house on single tax.

The state experimental farm will be visted by legislators to-day.

WILL BE HELD VERY SOON.

Secretary Bayard Discusses the Proposed Conference on Samoan Affairs and Its Objects.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 8.—Secretary Bayard said to a representative of the Sun to-day that a date for the meeting of the proposed conference had not been determined as yet. It will doubtless be held very soon, as the administration is now very near the close of its official life. The points to be contended for by this country will be the pacification of Samoa, the restoration of the autonomy of the islands and the protection of American interests. There is reasonable ground for hoping that these will be secured. It would be very unfortunate if personal spite or partisan jealousy should succeed in throwing any obstacles in the way of so desirable a consummation. Prince Bismarck has shown a disposition to settle the matter amicably. He and his son, Count Herbert, have gone out of their way to make the friendliest professions, and Mr. Bayard, of course, can only take them at their word and meet them in a similar spirit. If he were to follow the advice of Mr. Sewall and others and instruct Admiral Kimberly to threaten the German ironclads with his wooden fleet, all hope of a peaceful settlement would vanish, and we would be face to face with a war over an issue which we could not raise with any honor to ourselves and about which not one American in ten thousand cares a penny. The administration might well say:

"SAVE ME FROM MY FRIENDS,"

in view of the extraordiaary conduct of two of its appointees, Mr. Sewall, late consul-general to Samoa, and Mr. Bates, who was sent out as commissioner to collect information. Mr. Bayard refused to make any comment upon the bitter attack of Mr. Sewall in an interview with an Associated Press reporter. It may be stated that the department, in asking for Mr. Sewall's resignation, was not actuated, as he asserts, by resentment because of his adverse testimony before the senate committee on foreign relations, but by the conclusion that to send Mr. Sewall back to Samoa, in view of his notorious hostility to Mr. Bayard's views as to what ought to be done, would be for the secretary of state to stultify himself. There is also another view of the matter. Mr. Sewall has expressed himself in bitter terms toward Germany, and to send an avowed enemy of Germany to Samoa on the eve of the proposed conference to settle the Samoan difficulties would be a slap in the face to Bismarck. Incidentally it may be stated that Mr. Sewall, in a published interview, says he would not refuse the consul-generalship if it were tendered him by the Harrison administration. Mr. Bates has a grievance. Part of his report on Samoa was omitted from the documents sent to the senate; consequently some of

HIS LABOR WAS WASTED.

At the state department it is explained that he was sent out to gather facts and not opinions, and that the part of his report which was put into the editorial waste basket in the secretary's office was an argument to prove that this country ought to establish a protectorate over Samoa. As the reports of all the commissioners representing Germany, England and the United States were communicated to their respective governments, it was thought best to omit this portion of Mr. Bates' report as not being germain to the diplomatic negotiations. Consequently, as it had no official status, it was not sent to the senate.

ARMY CHANGES.

A General Shaking Up of Staff Departments Expected.

Special to the Globe.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Information emanates from reliable source that March 1 will witness a very general shaking up of the staff departments throughout the army. The recent death of Inspector General Jones, coupled with important changes contemplated in the quartermaster's and subsistence departments, has suggested to Gen. Schofield and the secretary of war the expediency of anticipating the retirement of Adj. Gen. R. C. Drum, who goes out May 28 next, and Lieut. Col. Benjamin C. Card, of the quartermaster's department, who will be retired on Friday next, the 15th inst., so that all prospective changes may be made at once and permanency of details secured. In the meantime the city is full of army officers, recent arrivals, each one of whom is a candidate for recognition in the shuffle soon to be made.

Beck at Old Point Comfort.

FORT MONROE, Va., Feb. 8.—Senator Beck arrived here to-day much improved in health. He expects to remain about a month.

MORRISSY AGAINST HAWES

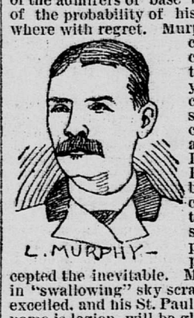
The Two First Basemen May Exchange Cities.

TWO THOUSAND INVOLVED.

Kilrain to Meet Jem Smith and the Spider to Tackle Frank Murphy.

For several days letters have been passing between Manager Barnes and the president of the Milwaukee association in reference to the transfer of Tom Morrissy to Milwaukee and Billy Hawes to St. Paul. When seen last night Mr. Barnes said the matter was still under consideration, and it was not yet certain that the deal would be consummated, but he stated, with a wink, that he was to get a large pot of money for allowing Morrissy to depart from St. Paul. It was learned elsewhere that the swap involves Hawes and $2,000 on one side and Morrissy on the other. Though in selecting a ball player a shrewd manager would probably choose Morrissy before Hawes, the difference between the two men is not $2,000. Big Tom doubtless covers the initial bag with greater accuracy than the Milwaukean, and drives the ball further when he hits it, but from this point Hawes leads. The latter is an expert in securing short safe hits, and when he lands on first is pretty sure to hustle around to third, if given half a chance. A study of the score sheets shows that Hawes' percentage of runs off hits is extraordinarily large. It is not apparent that St. Paul would get much the worst of the deal on an exchange without boot. However, Morrissy was a great favorite here, and most of the admirers of base ball will learn of the probability of his playing elsewhere with regret.

Murphy has finally concluded to come in out of the wet, and yesterday his contract, duly signed, was received by Manager Barnes. It is understood Patrick has been a little inclined to protest at a cut in salary, but has pocketed his pride and accepted the inevitable. Murphy's work in "swallowing" sky scrapers is seldom excelled, and his St. Paul friends, whose name is legion, will be glad to welcome him at the spring opening.



MURPHY AND WEIR MATCHED

They Agree to Fight in Boston for the Featherweight Championship of the World.

Special to the Globe.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 8.—The long-deferred fight between Ike Weir, the Belfast Spider, and Frank Murphy, of Birmingham, Eng., for the featherweight championship of the world, has finally been decided. The men met to-night and agreed. The fight comes off in Boston, in the West end gymnasium. Two-ounce gloves for twenty rounds, with the privilege of extending, which is practically to a finish, for $1,000 a side, the men to begin training at once. The betting has already started, odds being given $100 to $80 in favor of the Spider. It is not definitely settled, but an effort is being made to persuade Sullivan to act as referee.

Had Their Skates On.

MONTREAL, Feb. 8.—The fancy skating tournament at Victoria rink was the attraction for carnival visitors this morning. The entries were Louis and Abe Rubenstein, of Montreal, and D. E. Rubenstein, of New York. Louis Rubenstein won, Phillips second. Among the spectators was the governor general, who afterwards proceeded to McGill university, where he was presented with an address.

Brynan Signs With Des Moines.

Special to the Globe.

DES MOINES, Ia., Feb. 8.—Manager Hart has signed Pitcher Brynan to play with Des Moines this season, and a catcher named Cody, of whom little is known here among ball men. Brynan opened last season with the Chicago league club. The other players signed so far are Sam Smith, first base, Jake Kenyon, catcher, and E. T. Meudenhall, fielder and all around player.

The Caledonian Medal.

The Thistle Curling club plays next week for the Caledonian medal. Six rinks have been chosen. Each rink is to play five games and the rink which makes the largest score in the five games will receive the medal. The first game is to occur next Monday night. The club will give an entertainment the 19th of March as the closing act of the season. The Caledonian club has offered them the use of Curtis hall for the occasion, which is to be an auspicious one.

Chip of the Old Block.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 8.—Ed Kelly and Hugh McManus, two middleweights, fought twenty-five rounds, Queensberry rules, with two-ounce gloves, for $500 a side and $500 gate money, at Florissant, fourteen miles west of here, last night and Kelly won. The latter is a son of Tom Kelly, the old pugilist.

Victoria's Proposed Regatta.

VICTORIA, B. C., Feb. 8.—Mayor Grant has telegraphed the oarsman, Albert Hamm, at Oakland, Cal., that arrangements have been made to hold a regatta here on the Queen's birthday. All the crack oarsmen are expected to participate, including O'Connor and Hanlon.

Celebrated Billiardists.

Carter and Ives, the celebrated billiardists, will give exhibitions at the Standard billiard hall Monday and Tuesday evenings at 8 p. m. They will appear in the billiard hall on the first floor, and the entertainment will be free.

Ross Defeats Daly.

Special to the Globe.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—The wrestling match between Ross and Daly to-day, for $2,000 and the championship, was won by Ross, who secured the second, third and fifth falls.

Baxter Breaks a Record.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—At a pole-vaulting contest here to-night, H. H. Baxter, of the New York Athletic club, vaulted eleven feet three inches, breaking the best indoor record made by himself in Philadelphia in 1886 by ten and one-fourth inches. The best outdoor record of America is eleven feet five inches.

Sailors Badly Frost-Bitten.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 8.—Capt. McKenney, of Gloucester, and crew of the schooner M. Robins, wrecked yesterday on this coast, were brought here to-day by a revenue cutter. They lost everything, and were badly frost-bitten. The loss on vessel and cargo of cod is $10,000.

SPRINGER MUST SURRENDER.

Republican Senators Insist in Their Disagreement Upon the Omnibus Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—A full caucus of Republican senators was held this morning, at which was discussed the election investigation resolutions and the admission of territories. As to the former it was decied the committee on privileges and elections should examine into the several propositions now pending and determine which of them, if any, shall be adopted. The report of Senator Evarts on the Texas outrages, recently reported to the senate, will be discussed as opportunity offers. Upon the territorial question it was decided to sustain the senatorial conferees in their disagreement upon the omnibus bill, which proposes to admit the two Dakotas, Montana and New Mexico.

FAILED FOR A MILLION.

The Pacific Guano Company Goes Under, and Its Selling Agents Follow Suit.

WOODS HOLL, Mass., Feb. 8.—The works of the Pacific Guano company here were attached yesterday by the Lynn Institution for Savings, and they have assigned to John C. Ropes, of Boston. Liabilities about $1,000,000. The company's headquarters are at Boston, and besides the works here, they have mines at Beafort, S. C., and works at Charleston, S. C. The selling agents of the company are Glidden & Co., of Boston, who are indorsers of their paper to a large amount. John C. Ropes is of the firm of Ropes, Gray & Loring. A member of the firm says the Guano company assigned as the Lynn Savings bank had become alarmed and had attached property. Mr. Ropes is temporary assignee, and a meeting of creditors will be called to-day, when a permanent assignee will be appointed. He says: "I don't believe the company to be insolvent; the capital stock is $1,000,000. Messrs. Glidden & Co. have not as yet assigned, but will do so today. Technicalities only prevented an assignment yesterday."

MISFORTUNES NEVER COME SINGLY.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—Glidden & Curtis, selling agents of the Pacific Guano company, and of the Ohio and Western Coal company, have assigned to John C. Ropes for the benefit of their creditors. Their liabilities are quite heavy and largely indorsements on the paper of the guano company. They have loaned that company large sums in addition to their indorsements. A meeting of creditors will be held soon. The firm, it is said, have indorsed the paper of the Ohio and Western Coal company, a corporation with a capital of $5,000,000, Mr. Glidden being the president. While it is thought they will pay all their obligations, it is probable they will be placed in the hands of a receiver to protect all creditors. The creditors of the Pacific Guano company will be notified this afternoon of the appointment of an assignee. The business of the guano company during the past two years has been bad, and they are said to have lost considerable, but the present season has been good, and they were about recovering their losses. The company has a capital of $1,000,000, with a capacity for a large business. The fertilizers on hand are mostly sold in the South to planters, who give notes on them. The liabilities of Glidden & Curtis and the Pacific Guano company are mostly to savings banks and trust companies, although the Boston banks hold quite an amount.

PROPERTY IN CHARLESTON ATTACHED.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 8.—The assignment of the Pacific Guano company created a sensation in business circles here, although no one in Charleston is affected by the failure. The business of the company here has been good, and the failure is not attributed to local losses. The company kept no account in any Charleston bank. For the past seven or eight years the company has been in litigation with the state for royalty due on phosphate rock mined in streams at Chisolm's island, belonging to the state. The state won the suit, and obtained judgment for $54,000, and the case will come up for a rehearing at Beaufort next week. To-day counsel for the state attached the property of the company at Chisolm's island and the works at Charleston for $54,000. Attachments were also issued to-day on the property of the company in Charleston by Baring Bros., of London, for $15,000; Kidder, Peabody & Co., of New York, for $25,000, and the Link Belt and Machine company, of Chicago, for $2,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The bucket shops of Holman, Sprague & Skidmore, on New street, suspended this morning.

MENACE TO THE MARKET.

Old Producers Pledge Themselves Not to Unload Stock Held in Trust.

OIL CITY, Pa., Feb. 8.—The executive and advisory boards of the Producers' Protective association finished their labors at the Arlington to-day. The business of the session is given in the subjoined resolution:

Whereas, It is constantly brought to the knowledge of the executive and advisory boards that the 3,500,000 barrels of oil held by the executive board for producers, under the contract made with the Standard Oil company, is declared to be a standing menace to the market and a cause of a much lower price than the situation warrants; Now, therefore, in the interest of the producing business and in order to obtain something near a remunerative price for the current production, be it

Resolved, That no part of said oil will be sold upon the market before May 1, 1889, below $1 per barrel, and prior to said date not to exceed 500,000 barrels in any current month, and that in amounts, as may be agreed jointly by the executive and advisory boards.

T. W. PHILLIPS, Chairman.

The above resolution was adopted by the executive and advisory boards.

RUCKER IS A ROWDY.

He Slaps an Editor and Is Lodged in Jail.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 8.—Judge Rucker, who achieved some fame through his newspaper controversy with Senator Blackburn, engaged in an encounter today in Jones' saloon, which resulted in his being lodged in jail on a charge of "carrying concealed weapons and disturbance." Col. John Arkins, of the News, Chief of Police Grady and Senator-elect Wolcott were standing at the bar, when Judge Rucker entered, and, without saying a word, walked up to Arkins and struck him in the face with the palm of his hand. While Arkins was recovering from his astonishment, Judge Rucker backed off and put his hand, so it is said, on his revolver. Chief Grady then arrested Rucker, and, after disarming him, took his distinguished prisoner to the city jail. The trouble grew out of some disparaging comments on Rucker's ability as a fighter made by Arkins to a New York reporter during the progress of the Blackburn-Rucker controversy.

HYPPOLITE HONORED.

The Insurgent Haytian General Saluted by a Yankee War Ship.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Advices by the steamer Ozama, which arrived from Hayti to-day, are to the effect that Gen. Hyppolite was on Jan. 30 formally saluted by the United States steamer Atlanta while he was being rowed to that vessel in a small boat. Minister Preston announced today that he had received a dispatch informing him that the representatives of the French government had officially recognized Gen. Legitime as the president of the Haytian republic.

If you want to hire a tenement read The Globe "Want" Columns.

THE RAILROAD WORLD.

THE DEAL IS CLOSED.

Consolidation of the Bee Line and the Big Four.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The negotiations which have been pending for some days between Cornelius Vanderbilt and Pierrepont Morgan for a consolidation of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis (known as the Bee line) and the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago road, generally called the Big Four, have been successfully closed, and the details will probably be given out to-morrow. There has been some competition between the two companies, but this has been so slight as not to be a factor in the negotiations. The real reason is that the officers of the Big Four desired to extend their lines to St. Louis, and they find necessary links in the leased roads of the Bee line. What the terms of the agreement are cannot yet be definitely ascertained, but it is believed to include an exchange of stock. It is understood that the parties behind the deal are also working for an arrangement with the Cleveland, St. Louis & Kansas City road, which is now constructing a bridge across the Mississippi at Alton, but the officers of that road prefer to remain independent, and it is not likely that they will agree to give any system exclusive connections.

Playing One Against the Other.

SIOUX CITY, Io., Feb. 8.—The management of the Des Moines & Northwestern railroad has made a preparation to extend the Fonda Narrow Gauge line to this city. It is proposed to make the road standard gauge and extend it to Ida Grove if Sioux City parties, who own the right of way, etc., for the Sioux City & Northeastern will build a line on their survey from this city to Ida Grove. The proposition will be considered if present negotiations to induce the Winona & Southeastern to abandon its Omaha line and build in here are fruitless. There is good prospect now that the Winona line will build to this place.

A Combine Against Chicago.

Special to the Globe.

ASHLAND, Wis., Feb. 8.—The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad has virtually entered into a combine with Ashland lumbermen and others by which lumber can be shipped through from Ashland to Boston and laid down there at such prices as to exclude Chicago competition. It is expected that a spur road will be built to Ashland soon. The scheme is a big one and looks feasible enough. Agents of the South Shore road were in the city to-day interviewing prominent lumbermen.

Union Pacific Appointments.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 8.—Vice President Holcombe, of the Union Pacific railroad, to-day issued a circular appointing C. S. Mellen, ex-assistant general manager, to the position of traffic manager. E. Dickinson becomes assistant general freight agent, vice H. A. Johnson, resigned; E. L. Lomax, general passenger agent, vice Tebbets, promoted, and T. W. Lee, assistant general passenger agent, vice Lomax, promoted. The first two changes will take effect Feb. 10 and the remainder March 1.

Will Tap the C. P. R.

Special to the Globe.

SPOKANE FALLS, Feb. 8.—A railroad from this city, to connect with the Canadian Pacific at the Columbia, will be built at an early date. D. C. Corbin, a well-known railroad magnate, will build the line, backed by the people of Spokane.

Dan Lamont's New Job.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—An evening paper says that after March 4 Col. Daniel S. Lamont, private secretary to President Cleveland, will assume the position of general passenger agent of the New York Central railroad made vacant by the recent death of Henry C. Monett.

DOINGS AT DULUTH.

Matters of Moment in and About the Zenith City.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 8.—This week's bank clearings amount to $2,315,164, an increase of 92 per cent over last year's corresponding week.

Duluth will have a third division of uniform rank Knights of Pythias. Syracuse lodge will organize it Saturday night.

Archbishop Ireland will preach here at Sacred Heart and St. Clement's churches to-morrow.

Maj. Quinn has received from the secretary of war the approval of the new harbor lines at Marquette, which were recommended by a board of engineers, composed of Maj. Allen, of St. Paul; Maj. Davis, of Milwaukee; and Maj. Quinn. These lines allow the extension of the locks and give ample anchorage room for the commerce of Marquette. The Ashland and Marquette harbor contracts will be ready to let in the spring. Maj. Quinn is authority for the statement that the Terminal railway may bridge the canal and also the harbor between

Rice's and Minnesota Points without interference from the government, which has no jurisdiction over navigable waters within a state. This is a great relief to Duluth people, and the bridges will now undoubtedly be built as soon as companies can be incorporated.

Fire destroyed a small house to-night which belonged to Robert Osborne, and in which were $1,200 worth of lumbermen's supplies. Insurance $600.

Boiler Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk received notice to-day that their offices would henceforth be under civil service control.

The board of trade to-day memorialized the state legislature to favor the Duluth & Winnipeg road in the matter of the contested land grant. The memorial declares that any other action would be discrimination against the northern part of the state, and an unjust and unfair policy as affecting the general public.

The Pisen Pie Woman.

"I kin on'y jist remember one piece ob de wo'," said Miss Delia Johnson to her mistress. When she said wo' she meant war. "But, pshaw, what's the use'n a po' ignorant culler'd woman tell-in' you 'bout dat? You see, I lived in Virginia, whar it was sojers, sojers, sojers, an' notting but sojers, till you got sicken tired ob seeing 'em; bofe sides was always a-coming an' a eating up eberything, on'y de rebels had de mos' stummick, an' once ole marsa was glad 'nough to get some food from de Northerners, 'cause de rebs had eat him a'most outen housen home.

"Well, all I kin remember 'bout de wo' is de pisen pie woman. What? Lor' sakes! Yo' don' mean to tell Delia yo' never heern ob de pisen pie woman? Yer see, she used to make pisen pies an' sell 'em to de sojers—but, pshaw, you done read de whole 'saction in de newspapers. No? Well, she used to sell de pisen pies, an' she kill off thousan's and thousan's ob sojers. Dat happened jist whar I wuz, clus to ole marsa's plantations. I don' jist 'zackly remember which kine ob sojers 'twuz she used to kill wid de pisen pies, but it don' matter. Anyhow, she kill 'em by de thousan'. Well, dem sojers—pshaw, you done re'd 'bout it in de papers. Really? Well, anyhow de sojers done dig a big pit und dey covered it all ober wid limbs an' branches and dey done lay for de ole woman. 'Long she come wid her basket full of pisen pies, jist like she always done, an' she fell in de pit an' de sojers done take logs and poun' her to a slow, lingerin' death."

"What! You didn't read 'bout dat? Well, dat air am de fust time a po' ignant cullud woman like me ever done tole a white lady anything she didn't know befo'."

McDonald's Windfall.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—John H. McDonald, an unassuming young man of twenty-three, the ticket taker at the World's Museum, here, has inherited $100,000 under the will of his uncle, Lieut. Gov. James H. McDonald, of Escanaba, Mich. who was killed in a railway accident, Jan. 26, leaving about $4,000,000.

TRIBUTES TO A TRAVELER.

Knights of the Grip Deplore a Comrade's Death.

The traveling salesmen of the Northwest met at the Merchants yesterday morning to take action on the death of J. P. McHugh. Deceased was a member in good standing of the association, and died at Milton, Dak., Feb. 6. A large number of his former friends and associates were present as Mr. McHugh was justly popular and loved for his many good traits of charater and sterling uprightness. A committee was appointed to draft resolutions of sympathy and submitted the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, in his wisdom, Almighty God has taken from our midst our beloved friend and colleague, J. P. McHugh, in a manner unusually sad; be it

Resolved, That in Phil we recognize a pure, true and honorable man and faithful and loving friend, and that we deeply deplore and grieve at his loss; that we will always hold his memory in our hearts with feelings of the highest esteem and love; also that we extend to his wife and family our heartfelt sympathy in this, their great sorrow.

Be it further resolved, That we forward copies of the above resolutions to them and have the same published in the daily papers of St. Paul, Minneapolis and Hastings.

The members of the association took the 3 o'clock train for Hastings, where the funeral took place an hour later. Deceased was only thirty-seven years of age, and leaves a wife and one child to morn his loss.

ST. PAUL REAL ESTATE.

Twenty-three deeds were recorded yesterday, with a total consideration of $30,885, as follows:

J Fairchild to E B Smith, lt 27, blk 2, Fairchild & Browne's	$1,050
J F Tucker to A M Maxfield, north 50 feet lts 1 and 2, blk 37, White Bear	425
A E Leaman to J A Haussner, lt 15, blk 60, White Bear	1,200
P C Hayes to F W Schulze, lt 15, blk 12, Smith's subd Stinson's	2,800
H Pennington to G Webster, lt 9, blk 16, Sylvan Park	650
L W Jregson to N Pothen s ½ lt 14, blk 2, Watson's subd C B 1 of Stinson, Brown & Ramsey's	500
B F Schurmeier to G Peterson, 150 feet lt 14 and 15, Weide's subd of blk 35, Arlington Hills	1,600
C O'Connor to W H Johnston, lt 11, blk 13, Eastville Heights	600
J V Louis to same, lt 10, blk 13, Eastville Heights	600
W Holcomb to